DAILY LEDGER.

1. QUINCY, MASS., THURSDAY, JANUARY 1, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

AXON HALL, QUINCY,

h, 8th and 9th, 1891,

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

NCY CITY HOSPITAL,

AND PRODUCTION

COOLIDGE AND SURETTE'S

Conic Opera,

PRISCILLA,

OR THE

PILGRIM'S PROXY,

Great Ca Fine Chorus!

Elaborate Appointments!

tumes by Raymond.

Special Scenery by Story.

Wigs and Makeups by Rothe.

- - - C. E ton.

Manager, - - - W. H. GOOD ton.

ning sale of Tickets at Durgin's e, Dec. 29th, at 10 A. M.

,2w—1,29th,6t

GRAND BALL.

Clerks Make a Success of 1st Annual.

Seventy-five Couples Participate in the Grand March.

Promenade Concert by American Band. Programme

It was the clerks' night off and they were in it for good time, and if appearances count for anything they had it. There was the grocery clerk, the provision clerk, the apothecary clerk, the dry goods clerk and in fact clerks of all kinds dressed in their best bib and tucker. The ladies! yes, they were there too, dressed in their silks and satins all determined to see the old year out and the new year in.

The occasion of this gathering was the first annual ball of the Quincy Mercantile Clerks' Association, an organization formed for the purpose of cementing more closely the bonds of friendship among this useful class of people, and to create a fund from which there shall be paid to members who become incapactiated from duty by sickness or accident a weekly benefit. The object is certainly a worthy one and it is not to be wondered at, that the many people who come in contact with them should encourage their efforts by patronizing their first attempt in the entertainment line which was held at the Coliseum Wednesday evening.

The first thing on the programme was a grand promenade concert by the American band, which renderded the following selections:

1. March, Halcyon, Reiger.
2. Overture, Southern Pastimes, Catlin.
3. "La Paloma," Missud.
4. Concert Waltz, Ninetta, Bennett.
5. Finale, Presto, Weigand.

The concert over, it was not many moments before the strains of the orchestra heralded the grand march which was led by Mr. Robert E. Foy, Chief Marshal, and Miss Jane Walsh, who wore a black fisher-net lace over a lemon colored silk with short sleeves and V neck with a corsage boquet of roses. Following in their wake, were the floor directors, aids and some seventy-five couples.

The order of sixteen numbers was entered into with that spirit which characterizes this class of laborers, and the festivities were not allowed to lag until the early morning hours gave warning that a new year was upon them and it was time they left, that an hours sleep might be had before entering upon the stearn duties of life once more.

The affair was a complete success and reflects great credit upon the managers, and a snug sum will doubtless be added to the treasury.

F. W. Monroe was floor director and was assisted by James Rapson, Joseph P. Prout, James F. Allen and the following aids: H. L. Boutin, J. L. Ferguson, A. A. Mitchie, James A. Mason, George H. Ferguson, Charles Milligan, W. G. Kain, A. F. Thompson, R. J. Foley, C. E. Twombly, E. J. Colbert, John Walsh, B. N. Pinkham, George Morrissey.

The committee of arrangements consisted of Robert E. Foy, chairman; Joseph P. Prout, A. I. Dixon, James Rapson, A. H. Kirwan, H. L. Boutin, G. H. Ferguson, E. J. Colbert.

At midnight, during a short intermission, Caterer Nash served a tempting supper in the upper hall.

The Q. M. C. B. A., which was organized last May, now has some forty-two members, and, although as yet a young organization, pays to its members who are incapacitated from duty by sickness or accident the sum of $5 per week for six weeks, and this, considering the length of time they have been organized, is doing remarkably well.

The present officers of the association are:

President,—Robert E. Foy.
Vice-President,—A. I. Dixon.
Treasurer,—James Rapson.
Financial Secretary,—Joseph P. Prout.
Secretary,—James F. Allen.

Encampment of Odd Fellows.

A preliminary meeting of Royal Purple degree Odd Fellows desirous of instituting an encampment in this city was held Wednesday evening at the hall of Mt. Wollaston Lodge. About twenty were present and talked over the subject informally. Mr. A. W. Stetson presided and Mr. C. F. Pettengill was secretary. All parts of the city and Braintree were represented. About forty Scarlet Degree members have signified their intention to join if an encampment was instituted. Committees were appointed to make inquiries as to expense, etc. The Grand Encampment meets about the middle of February, and it is hoped to secure the charter then.

FAXON LOYAL LEGION.

Each Member Receives Christmas Present from Henry H. Faxon.

The vestry of the Wollaston Congregational church was crowded with a happy company of young people on Wednesday evening. They were all members of the Faxon Loyal Legion, and this was the evening set apart by Mr. Faxon, on which they should receive the presents from him, for the noble work which they had done the past year in behalf of the great battle against intemperance. The children were all in hopes of meeting that modern representative of good old Saint Nick. They were disappointed. Mr. Faxon was unable to be present.

Wollaston is the banner temperance ward of the city, and well it might be, with such an active band of workers. Some time ago, Mrs. John N. Emerson, the superintendent, offered four prizes to the members of the Legion for those securing the largest number of honorary members. Albert Powell won the first prize, with a list of forty-one honorary members to his credit, Mabel Newcomb came second with twenty-four new names, Algie Burchstead third with eleven names, and Bennie Thomas and Fred Ramsey divide the honors of winning the fourth prize, each having ten new pledges.

Mrs. John N. Emerson is the Superintendent of the Legion, and she is assisted by Mrs. James R. Lovett, who has charge of the First Division; Miss Emma L. Osgood of the Second Division; Miss Mary F. Ela, secretary; Mr. Albert Powell, treasurer; and Miss Emma Burkman, organist.

The next meeting will be held in the vestry of the Congregational church on Saturday afternoon, January 10, at two o'clock, and at that place and time, on every fortnight thereafter. The work of the Loyal Legion is considerably hampered by the lack of blackboards, charts, maps, and singing books.

At Wednesday evening's entertainment one hundred and twelve presents were distributed. The program, which was in charge of Mrs. Emerson, was as follows:

Marching song, Loyal Legion.
Recitation, First Psalm, Legion.
Prayer, Mrs. Litchfield.
Recitation, "Soldier's of honor pledge," Legion.
Response, Mrs. Emerson.
Question, What is the name of *our* society,
Answer, "The Faxon Loyal Temperance Legion."
Question, What is our motto?
Answer, "Happy the state whose children learn in youth, to conquer evil with the sword of truth."
National motto "Tremble King Alcohol, we shall grow up."
Piano Duett, Bertha Nichols, Mabel Winship.
Recitation, Florence Stygins.
Reading, Grace Durgin.
Song, Mabel Nicholson.
Bone Solo, Sadie Tuckerman.
Recitation, "The Gambler's Wife." Albert Powell.
A story about the baby, Ethel Parker.
Violin solo, Beatrice Key.
Singing, "Temperance boys & girls are we." Legion.
Addresses,
Mrs. Helen G. Rice, State Supt. Massachusetts Loyal Temperance Legion.
Rev. Edward A. Robinson,
Rev. Luther Freeman,
Rev. Preston Gurney,
Rev. W. S. Key.
Presentation of presents.
Singing, "Onward we are marching with alcohol to fight," Legion.

Death of an Estimable Lady.

Mr. Rufus Foster and children today mourn the loss of an estimable wife and loving mother.

Shortly before Thanksgiving Mrs. Foster and her daughter Mary started for Colorado to surprise Mr. and Mrs. Warren F. Page, *nee* Susie C. Foster, and pass the holiday with them. It was a happy reunion. Soon, however, the great change in climate aggravated a heart trouble of Mrs. Foster's, and her Quincy friends learned she was seriously ill. It was decided to bring her home. She tarried on the way at Omaha and Chicago, reaching this city Tuesday evening. Her daughters accompanied her as far as Chicago and then returned. Ex-Councilman Frank B. Foster met his mother at Chicago and came home with her.

She rallied after reaching home, and early this morning, when Mr. Foster went to Boston, she was not considered dangerous, but was seized by a pain in the heart and expired shortly after nine o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Foster were among the most hospitable families in town, and had a very large circle of friends. The deceased was prominent in all progressive movements, especially those connected with the First church.

She was in her 60th year, and leaves a loving husband, two daughters and four sons, and grandchildren.

—Mayor French of Gloucester has not missed a meeting of any kind during the two and one-half years he has held the office.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive an Easy Chair or Gold Watch.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

The DAILY LEDGER today inaugurates a popularity contest among the wage earners of Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton. It was the intention to have confined the contest to employes in mercantile establishments, but in some cases it was difficult to draw the line, and therefore the more general qualification, wage earner, is used. This will allow stone cutters, quarrymen, polishers, bootmakers, laborers and others to enter, as well as clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, etc.

To the person receiving the most votes when the polls close, an easy chair or a gold watch will be presented.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000 will receive $1 as a prize.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

OUR MOTTO:

"RELIABILITY!"

"RELIABILITY!"

OUR MOTTO.

Electric Light Notice.

The Quincy Electric Light Company would notify their patrons using the Incandescent Lights, that it will be

SHUT OFF AT 12 P. M.,

Saturday, Jan. 3d, 1891,

for the purpose of connecting the new steam mains.

Per order,

GEORGE A. VOORHEES, Superintendent.

Jan. 1. 3t

Department.

OVERCOATS

AT

PRICES!

INCY

lothing Company.

MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

FLANDERS' TONIC

Tones up the Stomach. Makes the Brain Active

Purify your Blood with Flanders' Tonic. That Tired Feeling will be Unknown to those who use it.

A Boon to Overworked Men and Women!

If your Children are ailing, "no appetite," languid and without Strength, Flanders' Tonic will build them up.

TRY IT! TAKE NO OTHER!

WONDERFUL

ITS

P!

A Combination of Malt Calisaya and Hypophosphites. Tonic and Stimulant.

Guaranteed by all Druggists. $1

$1.00. Six Bottles for $5.00.

FLANDERS' MA RAKE PILLS beats them all. Price 2 Cents.

Physicians endorse it. Ask your druggist for it; if he cannot supply you, send to us. We prepay express charges upon receipt of pr Made only by

Tonic Co., Woburn, Mass., U. S.

BUSSELL'S

Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

BUCKWHEAT!

NOW IS THE SEASON FOR

Buckwheat Cakes and Maple Syrup.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF BOTH.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

We are the only Firm in this C at have CONFIDENCE Flour

WE HAVE A

FANCY HAXALL FLOUR

That Sells for less money. Give one of our kinds a Trial.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞ This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞ The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive [illegible] Gold.

☞ LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

$1.50

Will buy a FIRST-CLASS

Working Shoe

at

[illegible]ville

Saville & Jones'.

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND

ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

[illegible] SCAMMELL'S BUILDING,

[illegible]CY AVENUE.

3 mos

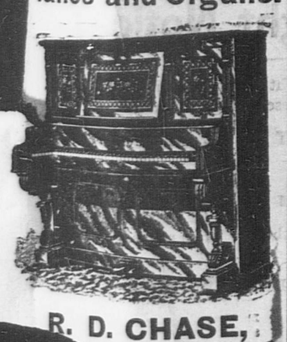
Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

HE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will e consultation the rest of the winter as city office, 24 West Dedham street, Bos-. He also treats by letter.

Boston, Nov. 5. tf

Pianos and Organs.



R. D. CHASE,

[illegible] Orange.

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

Six Prizes Offered.

L SERVICE.

Mails Close.

[illegible]	Boston,	7.15 A.M.
[illegible]	"	9.35 "
[illegible] P.M.	"	12.25 P.M.
3.40 "	"	4.40 "
5.15 "	"	6.00 "
6.30 "	"	8.00 "
[illegible]South	N. Y., South	
[illegible]West,	and West,	7.15 A.M.
[illegible]South	N. Y., South	
[illegible], 4.45 P.M.	and West,	7.55 P.M.
[illegible]d, 7.00 "	Cape Cod,	7.45 A.M
[illegible]y Point, 8.30 A.M.	"	3.15 P.M
" 4.15 P.M.	Quincy Point,	8.30 A.M
[illegible]hore, 6.30 "	"	5.00 P.M
	South Shore,	7.45 A.M

[illegible]veries.

[illegible] P.M. (12.30 P. [illegible] Delivery.)

Collections.

From Boxes at 5.45, 8.00 A.M. (Business Section 12.45) and 4.15 P.M.

[illegible] W. ADAMS, *Post*

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

— BY —

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

The Astor Residences.

Where the present Astor will affix his historic doorplate remains to be seen. At present he lives in a modest house almost under the shadow of the big mansion which he has torn down, and which was not the sort of house that would please a man of taste of today, having nothing but its size to recommend it. It is the custom of every Astor to build a new house upon coming into the family millions. The original John Jacob lived opposite our postoffice, his son lived in Washington square and the late John Jacob lived in the house now just torn down. The regular procession up town should take the present Astor up to the park and his son to Harlem.

A peculiarity of the Astor investments [illegible] that these Astor mansions [illegible] is [illegible] have always been built upon property which when bought was away out of town. The Astor estate now holds several blocks of lots on the Riverside drive, the superb avenue which runs along the bluff on the edge of the Hudson river from Seventy-second street to Harlem This line will unquestionably be some day the finest place for dwellings in the country, and it would not be surprising if the present Astor were to settle there himself. The view from anywhere along the drive takes in miles and miles of the noble Hudson. Foreigners say that there is nothing in Europe so superbly situated as our Riverside drive, yet because it is a mile away from the fashionable thoroughfare it is deserted.—New York Cor. Charleston News.

Cheap Incandescent Lamps.

It is reported that an English chemist has discovered a practical substitute for plantinum in the manufacture of incandescent lamps. If this be true, and the rumor is said by a reliable electrical journal to have substantial foundation, it is a discovery of great importance. At its present price plantinum forms one of the most expensive items in the manufacture of the incandescent lamp. In each sixteen candle power lamp there are from four to eight grains of plantinum.

Assuming an average of six grains per lamp, an ounce will be sufficient for eighty lamps. The demand for sixteen candle power lamps for 1891, based upon reliable data, will be 10,000,000 sixteen candle power lamps, which would give a demand for 125,000 ounces of platinum, which at present price ($14 to $17 per ounce) would amount to about $2,000,000. The probable income from these lamps will not amount to more than $6,000,000, while the cost of one item alone is one-third the total income. Hence it will be seen that a bona fide substitute for the platinum wire ought to mean a fortune for its discoverer.—New York Telegram.

Feared Being Buried Alive.

Abner L. Dunn, a veteran of the civil war, was buried at Burlington, Ia., the other day. He died several days ago at the age of 56, but in accordance with the request he had made the interment was deferred as long as possible. This was the second time Dunn had died, to all appearances. Several years ago, after a peculiar illness, the doctors pronounced him dead, and his body was placed in a casket. Shortly before the coffin was lowered into the grave Dunn showed signs of life, and in a few days was well and strong. The story of his experience was thrilling. He claimed that he was conscious of what was going on about him; understood the conversation; could even see the faces of his family as they bent over him; but could not speak or move. Afterward he had a dread of being buried alive, and it was for this reason that he made the request for delay.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Mr. Moore and His Island.

William J. Moore, a brick mason and contractor, has just received title from the West Jersey board of proprietors to an island which he discovered was without an owner. He values his find at [illegible],000.

The island is located in the thoroughfare, a stream of water that divides Atlantic City from the mainland, midway between the railroad bridge and the new found fishing grounds. It contains a trifle over fourteen acres. The title, which he now holds by virtue of having located the land and filed a survey with the board of proprietors, is transmitted from the estate of William Morris Cooper.

The cost of establishing his claim to this valuable piece of land was less than $150.—Cor. Philadelphia Press.

A new blacking brush is so made that the blacking may be located in its back and completely hidden from view when not in use, means also being provided for conveniently drawing the blacking out from the back of the brush.

GEN. F. E. SPINNER.

Old "Watch Dog" of the Treasury Crosses the Silent River.

WILL BE MOURNED BY MANY,

Especially the Female Employes of the Treasury Department—A Long, Active and Honest Business and Political Career Brought to a Close.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 1.—Gen. F. E. Spinner, ex-treasurer of the United States, died at 8:30 last evening.

The affliction which ended Gen. Spinner's death was borne by him with a touching spirit. In a letter written Dec. 6 last to a friend, he said:

I feel that you, like many other friends, have overestimated me. While all my life I have tried to perform my whole duty manfully, I feel that I have not always honestly come up to my conception of it, and therefore receive the promise of m[illegible] friends at a very heavy discount. [illegible]s cancer has eaten a broad channel across my nose, exposing both nostrils, through which orifices I breathe. I try to stand up sturdily against the pains that afflict me, and I am greatly sustained in the efforts by the sympathetic letters and newspaper notices that I receive from friends, and the hope that death may soon end all my sufferings.

The news of the death of Gen. Spinner will bring regrets to all who have ever known him either in a business or a social way, for he was a straightforward business man and a genial friend and companion. But none will feel more sincere sorrow over the news of his death than the women employed in the treasury department. For it was Gen. Spinner who broke down the barrier which prevented their performing clerical work for the government. This occurred during the war when the regular clerks were disappearing to enlist in the army, and it looked as if there were not going to be men enough to go around. Then it was that the chivalric Gen. Spinner suggested to President Lincoln that an opportunity be given women to take the men's places when possible. It is astonishing when we look at it to think of the opposition this idea met with. But Spinner gained his point, and the entree of women into the government service may be looked upon as a "war measure."

Gen. Spinner was born in German Flats (now Mohawk, N. Y.) in 1802. His father was a clergyman and the cashier of the Mohawk Valley bank for twenty years. He gave his son a practical education. He learned several trades and then embarked as a merchant and engaged in trade in Herkimer, N. Y., in 1824, and five years later became deputy sheriff of the county. He was active in the militia organization, and in 1834 had reached the grade of major general. Subsequently he became sheriff and later was a commissioner for building the state lunatic asylum at Utica. He held various local offices; was an [illegible] and deputy naval officer in the naval office at New York in 1845-9.

He was elected to the Thirty-fourth congress as an anti-slavery Democrat, and re-elected to the Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth congresses, though he was elected to the latter as a Republican. On March 16, 1861, President Lincoln appointed him treasurer of the United States, soon after which his wonderful autograph on the paper money became a welcome visitor to the households of the land. This signature, which we reproduce in fac-simile, will always remain one of the curiosities of chirography.

Gen. Spinner retired to private life July 1, 1875. When he did so all the wealth in the United States treasury till had to be counted. Then it was that a deficiency was discovered amounting to 1 cent. To account for this a memorable recounting took place, requiring days upon days until the missing cent was found, and the general retired from the treasury leaving balanced books.

On retiring from the office he went south for the benefit of his health, and for some years lived in camp at Pable Beach, Florida.

Frank Swain's New Year.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Jan. 1.—Hardly had the new year been ushered in when a horrible accident was reported as having occurred at the Dover street crossing on the Boston and Maine road, a young man named Frank Swain, employed at Jones' farm, being run over by freight 251. The engine and two cars passed over the body, severing both legs, and in order to extricate the body the men were obliged to jack the car up.

Nearing a Crisis.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—A caucus of Republican senators will be held next Monday to agree upon a program for the week, and to consider one or two proposed amendments to the new rule now pending. The new rule, if agreed to in its present form, will cut off debate on almost all amendments after the previous question has been ordered.

Stricken with Apoplexy.

NEW YORK, Jan. 1.—Brig. Gen. Isaac Van Dusen Reeve was stricken with apoplexy at noon yesterday at the house of his son-in-law, William T. Schley, and died two hours later, in his 78th year. He had been as well as ever apparently all the morning.

Death of a Veteran Actor.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 1.—Walter M. Leman, the veteran actor, died here. He was one of the stars in the old days at the California theatre under McCullough and Barton. He was 78 years old.

AFTER TEN MONTHS.

Tomb of Buried Miners Penetrated and Their Bodies Recovered.

WILKESBARRE, Jan. 1.—March 3 last eight miners were entombed in No. 3 shaft of the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre coal company's mine at South Wilkesbarre, and yesterday four bodies were recovered, or at least portions of four.

The relatives of the eight unfortunate men whose bodies have lain for nearly ten months in the mine will be denied the sad privilege of giving them Christian burial. Only fragmentary portions have been recovered, and it will be extremely difficult to identify the remains with any degree of certainty. Thus far four bodies have been taken out. Of these the remains of Frank Cull have been identified, mainly by means of the iron foot attached to one leg and a portion of a garment attached to another body leads to the belief that the remains are those of James O'Donnell. The workmen are bending every effort to remove the debris and may discover the remainder of the party soon. The bodies of the four victims were found just at the juncture of the gangway, which would have admitted of escape, and here the remains of the mules were also found, which is of itself evidence that the men were possibly overtaken by the fatal after damp.

LILY CHURCHILL'S EXPENSES

Will Have to Be Sawed Down Hereafter to the Tune of $50,000 a Year.

NEW YORK, Jan. 1.—Lily W. Churchill, the Duchess of Marlborough, and formerly the widow of millionaire Louis C. Hammersley, will have to curtail her expenses in future by $50,000 a year, the supreme court having decided that that sum must be applied to the payment of three judgments aggregating nearly $700,000 which were recovered against her recently. A suit was begun by John Jaffrey, who holds the judgments, to ascertain how much her ladyship required for her maintenance. The duchess answered that her net income did not exceed $135,000 and all of it was necessary for her expenses. William A. Duer was selected as referee and he finds that her gross annual income is $140,000 and her net income $130,000. The referee further finds that she will have a reasonable [illegible] after deducting $50,000 a year. [illegible] proved.

A BLASTING ACCIDENT

In Which Four Workmen are Killed and Four Probably Fatally Injured.

TROY, Jan. 1.—A gang of men were blasting the frozen earth in a cut on the [illegible] extension near the village of Stafford, four miles west of here, when an explosion occurred, killing Andrew Hunt and three Hungarian laborers and probably fatally injuring four other Hungarians. Dennis Sullivan, the foreman, had the fingers blown from one hand, his face filled with powder, and his eyesight probably ruined and he is otherwise injured.

A Duel—With the Usual Result.

VIENNA, Jan. 1.—Count Franz Daym, the Austrian embassador to Great Britain, and Count de Lutsow, secretary of the Austrian embassy in London, fought a duel near this city. Pistols were the weapons selected for the encounter. Several shots were exchanged without effect, neither of the men being hit. The quarrel which led to the duel originated in London and was caused by a dispute over the question as to which of the gentlemen's wives should have precedence on social and official occasions.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The dockers at Hull, Eng., are causing trouble.

France will begin the redemption of war bonds on Jan. 3.

The conversion scheme of the Argentine debt has gone through.

The mercury was from 35 to 60 below in eastern Maine yesterday.

A. E. Bateman & Co., bankers and brokers, New York, have failed.

The Rutland road has been re-leased to the Central Vermont for 999 years.

Admiral Aube of the French navy, formerly minister of marine, is dead.

The Worcester Times, a Prohibition organ, will discontinue its daily edition.

Thirteen buildings were burned at Pugwash, N. S. Loss $50,000; little insurance.

London papers regret the slaughter of squaws and pappooses in our Indian battles.

Mr. O'Brien, it is said, will surrender at an early day to the police to serve out his sentence.

It is estimated that 10,000 men will be thrown out of employment by the harvester combine.

Secretary Tracy is preparing a letter to Commander Reiter, U. S. N., on the killing of Barrundia.

There was a disastrous collision on the Iron Mountain railroad, but without serious injury to any of the passengers.

A New York yachtsman says if Lieut. Heun states the full demands of the English for a cup race, they can easily be met.

Secretary Windom approves the establishment at St. Albans, Vt., of a quarantine station for cattle imported from Canada.

Nothing is expected to come of the Parnell-O'Brien conference, as the deposed leader shows no disposition to yield in his demands.

The schooner Yale, stranded at the foot of Deal Lake, N. J., was hauled off and then grounded on a bar. She was afterward floated.

The report of Lady Randolph Churchill's illness is denied on the best authority, and it is stated that she is enjoying excellent health.

The Bismarck memoirs are expected to create a decided stir upon their publication, which the stubborn ex-chancellor refuses to forego,

December was the coldest month on record in Vermont for many years. The mercury did not rise above the freezing point during the month.

Professor Walter Balentine of the Maine State college will soon visit western colleges to study the various systems of instruction in agriculture.

Hon. Frank Hatton is recovering from a very serious sickness. His trouble was inflammatory rheumatism, which developed into rheumatic fever.

Bowdoin college library has just received a Christmas gift of $1000 from Rev. Elias Bond, D. D., of the class of 1837, who had previously given liberally to the college.

Twenty-three blast furnaces in Ohio are to be shut down in order to bring railroad and coke producers to better terms—a move that will throw 8000 to 10,000 men out of work.

The body of J. H. Powers of East Douglas, Mass., who has been missing since Monday, was found in the river near there. It is thought he walked off the ice and was drowned.

RECIPROCITY [illegible]

New Treaties Negot[illegible] with Brazil and Vene[illegible]

MANY OTHERS TO [illegible]LOW.

Southern Countries Appe[illegible]be Very Friendly Toward the Sch[illegible]Friends of the Election Bill are [illegible]Hopeful of Success.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—Two [illegible]ties have been negotiated by Secretary [illegible]e under the reciprocity clause of the [illegible]cKinley bill, and several others are [illegible]ay. The secretary labors under so[illegible] difficulties because of the form of the [illegible]rocity amendment, but the temper of [illegible] southern countries is so friendly that [illegible] difficulties do not seem insuperable. The treaties which have been concluded are those with Brazil and Venezuela. They have been transmitted by the ministers of those countries to their homegovernments for approval. A treaty with Spain regarding the trade with Cuba has not been completed, but negotiations are in progress and Secretary Blaine is hopeful of satisfactory results.

It is doubtful if much can be done at present with the Argentine Republic in view of the unsettled condition of her finances and the necessity for revenue under high customs duties. The question of revenue is proving an important one with most of the South American governments, but their representatives show a willingness to yield as much as possible with a view to secure free entry of their products into this country, and to admit the products of which we are most anxious to dispose into their own limits. Secretary Blaine is making the best use he can of the retaliatory power given him by the third section of the McKinley bill. He hopes to save the president the necessity of imposing duties again upon sugar, hides, tea and coffee. The

Mutual Rivalries of Southern Nations

are relied upon to open their doors to our products to save themselves from being distanced by other nations producing sugar, hides, tea and coffee. Spain, it is argued, could not afford to have the duty reimposed upon sugar from Cuba, when the beet sugar of Germany is gaining so fast upon the Cuban product in American markets. Hides from the Argentine Republic will become dutiable after Jan. 1, 1892, if no arrangement is made with that country for the mitigation of her present schedule of duties. This will be apt to call forth a vigorous protest from the leather manufacturers of New England.

It is claimed, however, by the friends of Secretary Blaine, that the imports of hides from the Argentine Republic are not large enough to seriously affect the price if hides from other countries remain free of duty. The total import for the fiscal year 1889 were $642,605 in goat skins and $3,106,565 in other hides from the Argentine Republic out of an aggregate importation into the United States of $7,668,472 in goat skins and $17,459,278 in other hides and skins.

The friends of the secretary of state imagine that cutting off the Argentine supply will still leave hides enough for the demands of our manufacturers and without any increase in price. The danger is great, however, that no treaty will be made with the Argentine Republic, and that New England manufacturers will find themselves, as next year draws to a close, at the mercy of a rising market.

The Figures of Our Trade

with the southern countries show only a slight benefit as yet from the efforts to promote reciprocal relations. Our exports are still far short of our imports, and show but small gains over the figures of 1889. The following table shows the comparative exports to different sections of the American continent for the fiscal years 1890 and 1886:

Sections.	1890.	1889.
Canada.....	$40,282,108	$41,607,561
Mexico.....	13,285,287	13,346,896
Cent. America...	5,296,478	4,325,923
South America..	38,772,648	35,021,017
Total.....	$97,970,989	$91,810,995

The following table shows the imports into the United States during the same sections:

Sections.	1890.	1889.
Canada.....	$39,042,977	$42,738,074
Mexico.....	22,690,915	21,253,601
Cent. America..	7,975,444	8,411,019
South America..	90,036,144	92,185,452
Total.....	$159,903,311	$164,732,211

THE ELECTION BILL.

Its Friends are Hopeful, While Its Opponents Predict Defeat.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—The outcropping of opposition to the election bill and the cloture rule, on the part of some of the silver senators, has caused some excitement. The friends of the election bill have been aware for some time that Teller, Wolcott and Stewart were hostile to the measure, but they did not believe they would openly attack it in the vigorous manner in which they did. Beside these three senators, none of the free silver advocates have declared their position. The friends of the election bill, however, are not disheartened and believe that what transpired will in the end benefit their cause.

It is proposed that conferences shall now be held for the purpose of ascertaining the exact number of Republicans who will be found in opposition. If it is discovered that there are enough to defeat the cloture proposition, the election bill may as well be abandoned. It is pretty well understood that there are six or eight Republican senators who are in sympathy with the position taken by the Colorado senators, but most of them have indicated their willingness to vote with their party on both propositions. Democrats are greatly elated over the proceedings, and word has gone along the line not to intermeddle in the Republican quarrel. The opponents of the election bill now regard its defeat as inevitable, but Senators Hoar, Edmunds, Hawley and Spooner are as firm as ever in their conviction that the bill will pass by means of the cloture rule.

Shook Hands with Two Thousand.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—The public reception of the president yesterday was attended by 2000 people, principally school teachers from New York, New Jersey and the New England states, on an excursion to Washington. The president shook each visitor by the hand.

Confirmed by the Senate.

WASHING[illegible] the senate in executive sess[illegible] nominat[illegible] nell, Bra[illegible] Waldobo[illegible] have[illegible]

D. E. WADSWORT[illegible]

WISH TO THANK THEIR

Customers and Friend[illegible]

FOR THE PATIENCE SHOWN DURING THE

RUSH THIS WEEK,

AND HOPE TO MERIT

The Same Good Will in the Futur[illegible] as in the Past.

OUR

Christmas Goods

Are nearly all sold, but what few are left we shall [illegible]ue to sell at a

Very Low Figure

UNTIL THEY ARE CLOSED

WE WISH YOU ALL

A Happy New Ye[illegible]

Quincy Co-operative S[illegible]

W. F. COLBY, Manage[illegible]

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and [illegible]

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BU[illegible]

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - Q[illegible]

Nov. 10.

COME RIGHT [illegible]

And select one of our Boxes of Cigars. [illegible] the City to select from

Cigars for the Ho[illegible]

Our Prices are fr[illegible]

ONE DOLLAR TO SEVEN DOLL[illegible]

GEO. F. WILSON

108 Hancock Street, Quincy, Mass.

BEST IN THE MARKET!

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sol[illegible]

C. PA[illegible]CH & S[illegible]

[FR[illegible]NK S. PATCH.]

C. S[illegible]

SMAL[illegible]

CHR[illegible]

G[illegible]

Whic[illegible]

Ext[illegible]

P[illegible]

If you w[illegible]

158 Ha[illegible]

QU[illegible]

Of [illegible]

The Ladies would will not break or [illegible]

"B. & [illegible]

We have al[illegible]

Saville[illegible]

LOST.—Betwee[illegible] and Pleasant [illegible]ight beaver boa, [illegible]ending. The finder [illegible]by leaving the s[illegible] street, or with P[illegible] A. D. [illegible]NIMA[illegible]

WA[illegible]

WANTED.—H[illegible] LEDGER eve[illegible] this office after 3 P[illegible]

WANTED.—A[illegible] housework b[illegible] good recommendat[illegible] street. Quincy, De[illegible]

THE ONLY [illegible]

To get[illegible]

Lebanon Over[illegible]

TO

Half [illegible] rooms; [illegible] station; Half house corne[illegible] Faxon avenue, eigh[illegible] Apply to Quincy, Dec. 29.

TO LET.—A la[illegible] suitable for doc[illegible] ther particulars enq[illegible] N. A. WILD, 58 Wa[illegible]

TO LET.—In F[illegible] nut St., opposi[illegible] church, desirable roo[illegible] able for Dressmaker, [illegible] at Bussell's Studio, [illegible]

FOR

FOR SALE.—Des[illegible] building lots in a[illegible] easy terms; also hou[illegible] To Let. GEORGE[illegible] Real Estate, Mor[illegible] Agents, Adams Build[illegible]

FOR

5 NICE SHOW C[illegible] TABLE, nearly [illegible] very low if purchased[illegible] Apply to JOSE[illegible] Quincy, Dec. 5.

BLANKE[illegible]

Canvas[illegible]

C. S. Hubbard

HAS A

SMALL QUANTITY

OF

CHRISTMAS GOODS

Which she will sell at

Extremely Low Prices !

If you want a Bargain

CALL AT

158 Hancock St., QUINCY.

Of Course

The Ladies would like a Rubber Shoe which will not break or slip at the heel. Try the

"B. & L. HOLDFAST."

We have all Widths and Sizes.

Saville & Jones.

LOST.

LOST,—Between East Braintree station and Pleasant street, South Quincy, a light beaver boa, short and flat, with tail ends. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at No. 11 Pleasant street or with Penniman, Quincy station. A. D. PENNIMAN. Quincy, Dec. 29-tf

WANTED.

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

WANTED,—A situation for general housework by a capable girl; can give good recommendations. Apply at 5 Wibird street. Quincy, Dec. 30. 3t*

THE ONLY PLACE IN QUINCY

To get the Famous

Lebanon Overalls and Jumpers

is at

SAVILLE & JONES'.

TO LET.

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.

Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms.

Apply to HENRY H. FAXON.
Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—A large unfurnished Room, suitable for doctor or lawyer. For further particulars enquire on the premises, of N. A. WILD, 58 Water street. Dec. 24—tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms To Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately.

Apply to
JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.
Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

BLANKET LINED Canvas Jackets

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree
M. K Pratt,	Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 1.

High water at 3.15 A. M. and 3.15 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.14; Sets at 4.22.
Moon rises 10.37 P. M.
Last quarter Jan. 3, 5.12 A. M.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting, Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

January 1.

A happy new year!

A cold spell—C-o-l-d.

This is leaf turning day.

Who will get the first vote?

Paul Revere Post install tonight.

Who is the most popular wage earner?

The Post Office at West Quincy has a new sign.

Mrs. Daniel Higgins is sojourning at Hyannis.

Mr. George Hinkley is at his home seriously ill.

The clerks had a delightful night for their grand ball.

It is about time to be thinking about a ball team for next year.

Misses Tebeau and Thomas, of Atlantic are reported as improving.

The popularity contest is inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER today.

Thomas Raynor of South Boston has taken a house on Squantum street.

Miss I. F. P. Emery has been confined to the house by illness, but is now convalescent.

The West Quincy Glee Club have in preparation a concert to be given at an early date.

The Young Ladies' Whist club meet Friday evening with Miss Maggie Badger at West Quincy.

Mr. J. Keast of Sunnapee, N. H., formerly of West Quincy, has been visiting here this week.

James Furlong formerly of this city, is to open a carriage repository on Fourth street, Fall River.

Woodbine lodge, Knights and Ladies of Honor of Wollaston watched the old year out and the new year in.

The coupon to be used in the voting contest makes its first appearance today on the second page of the DAILY LEDGER.

If you wish the DAILY LEDGER a Happy New Year, become a regular subscriber or advertiser and help to make it a success. It is something the city needs.

Miss Lillie and Mr. George Carter left home on New Year's day for Stockbridge, where they will spend the winter with their sister, Mrs. Frank Heath.

The Sunday school of the church of the Sacred Heart, held its Christmas festival and tree Tuesday evening. The exercises consisted of speaking and singing.

The Opera Priscilla has made an instantaneous hit wherever produced and the public can look for plenty of fun, and three evenings of delightful catchy music.

It is wonderful what an effect the new hall is having on the people of Atlantic. The old and the middle aged are renewing their youth, and the young are enjoying good times.

"Reliability" is the motto of A. G. Durgin, the druggist, and that together with liberal advertising is what has built up for him a very successful business in this city.

A decidedly jolly party of sixteen young people of Atlantic celebrated New Year's eve by a merry sleighing party, returning home before old Father Time had made his farewell to 1890.

The exceedingly funny and grotesque part of Hatebad Higgins, President of the Ancestral Relick and Antiquated Cevi-loom Co., limited, in the Opera Priscilla, as enacted by Mr. Dodd, seems to keep the audience in laughter whenever he is on the stage, which is the larger part of the time.

During the year 1890 there were 44 bell alarms of fire, two of which were false and 5 still alarms; of these 44 bell alarms Box 46 gave fifteen; box 26, seven; box 42, five; box 39, four; box 34, three; boxes 35 and 75, two each; and boxes 72, 71, 56, 37, 47 and 41, one each. The amount of hose used at these fires was 25,150 feet, and the number of pumping hours of the steamer was 69.

We have received from I. S. Johnson & Co., 33 Boylston House street, Boston, a "Memorandum Calendar" which is convenient to carry in the pocket. It not only has a calendar of the new year, but a great deal in rhyme from some compilers of accepted custom or peculiarity of each month. It will be sent free to any reader of the DAILY LEDGER, who will send their firm on a postal his name and

Charles F. Jones driver of the Steamer, was kicked by one of the horses today and seriously injured.

The firm of Leland, Rice & Co. of Boston is succeeded by Rice, Sayward & Whitten. Mr. W. S. Sayward is a resident of Wollaston.

Mrs. Rennie Bakeman and Miss Gilman of New York returned home on Monday, having spent the Christmas holidays with Mrs. Thomas Wells at Quincy Neck.

W. C. T. U. CONVENTION.

An Interesting Meeting Held in Congregational Church, Wollaston.

A goodly number of ladies and gentlemen availed themselves of the privilege of attending the annual convention of the Norfolk County W. C. T. union, held in the Congregational church, Wollaston, Wednesday.

The session opened with devotional exercises, conducted by Mrs. Raymond, county, president, after which Mr. Dodge of Weymouth, was introduced. He was once a slave of alcohol, but for three years a thoroughly reformed man and now actively engaged in rescuing others from the snare into which he had fallen, and leading them to the Saviour who alone is able to deliver from the power of the tempter.

During the few moments intervening before the formal opening of the convention, the audience was favored with an organ solo by the young and accomplished organist, Miss Minnie Prescott.

The address of welcome was given by Mrs. G. A. Litchfield of Wollaston, local president of W. C. T. U., which was very pleasantly responded to by Mrs. Raymond. Mrs. Litchfield said: One year ago we could not have given you this greeting. We were not then in existence; but now, though less than a year old, we have 83 enrolled names besides quite a number of honorary members, in full sympathy and unity with you and abundantly able to entertain you.

We wish it were June instead of December, that we might invite you to look upon the lovely view from our hill, but this is the day of work; and it gives me great pleasure to extend to you in behalf of the ladies of our union, a cordial Christian greeting. The next in order was the reading of the annual and quarterly reports of the secretary and treasurer, followed by the roll-call, to which most of the 29 organizations of Norfolk County responded.

After appointing a committee for the nomination of officers, Mrs. S. S. Fessenden, state president, in place of Miss E. S. Tobey, who resigned, that she might give herself wholly to evangelistic work, gave a very instructive and interesting address on the "National Prohibitory Amendment," postponing the parliamentary drill advertised in the programme until the afternoon session.

Listening to her earnest words, and realizing the amount of labor already accomplished, and the vast dimensions which the work has assumed, one could but feel that with such a band of earnest, working, praying women, relying upon the sure promises of God, success must certainly come, sooner or later. 11,000,000 signatures have already been obtained to petitions for the amendment, and sent to Washington, many of them those of drinking men, who would be grateful to see the saloons abolished and the temptations surrounding them removed.

At the close of Mrs. Fessenden's address, Mrs. Green of Hyde Park reported on "scientific instruction in the schools," and various other reports were listened to with interest; and after a short prayer by Miss Tobey the convention adjourned to the vestry where a bountiful collation was served to the guests by the ladies of the Wollaston W. C. T. U.

At 1.45 the afternoon session was opened by Miss Tobey with a Bible reading, after which Mrs. Whittier in a few well chosen words presented a choice boquet to each of the two presidents, to which both feelingly responded. At 2 P. M., election of officers, followed by a graphic description of the National convention at Atlanta in November, by our local president Mrs. G. A. Litchfield. She spoke of the wonderful ability of Miss Willard as a presiding officer, and of the grand work being done by the temperance women throughout the world. Of the many departments of Christian work in this great organization and related a touching incident which occurred in connection with the labors of Miss Jennie Smith among the railroad men. She also gave a deserved tribute to the people of Atlanta for the cordial welcome given to the delegates by the public officials of the city. At the close of her remarks, Mrs. Stevenson, superintendent of franchise, spoke a few eloquent and helpful words, and after the reports from the Young Woman's Temperance Unions, the audience listened to a finely rendered solo by Miss Grace W. Emery of Wollaston.

Miss Tobey's address on evangelistic labor was full of inspiration and help, especially to the young people just entering upon the work. But the interest of the meeting centered in the parliamentary drill given by Mrs. Fessenden at the close of the session. She was listened to with rapt attention and her scholarly words, on a subject too little understood by most of her hearers were very instructive. Every one felt she was the right person in the right place, and that the organization might well be proud of a president so eminently qualified to fulfil the duties of such a responsible position. After the collection the exercises closed with the doxology, and benediction by Rev. Mr. Freeman of Wollaston.

DIED.

O'BRIEN—In West Quincy, Thomas O'Brien, aged 60 years 6 days.

FOSTER—In Quincy, wife of [illegible] 6 months.

QUINCY COURT.

James Robinson is employed as an apprentice by Harry Prout, receiving the munificent sum of 85 cents per day. Wednesday morning Robinson went to Prout's house and asked for the money due him, which was about $3, but instead of paying him Prout made a savage attack on him, kicking him in the face and throwing him out of doors. Officer Furnald was notified, a warrant issued and in fifteen minutes Prout was before the court, which fined him $15. When Prout left the court room he was heard to threaten revenge upon Robinson the first time he met him.

Robinson's face was a hard looking sight being badly cut and covered with blood and the general feeling is that Prout got out of it easy.

Flora A. Cook, a ward of the town of Randolph, was sent to the industrial school for girls at Lancaster during minority.

Does Not Improve.

A Lowell item in today's Globe says, Miss Ruth Blackburn, who was seriously injured in the Quincy railroad disaster last August, does not improve as was expected. The bone of a portion of her spine is in a semi-jelly-like condition, that makes the least exertion or movement painful, and she suffers much pain.

First Church Social Club.

ENTERTAINMENT

— ON —

FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 2d, 1891,

— IN —

CHAPEL.

TEMPLE QUARTETTE:

MR. J. E. JOHNSON, First Tenor
MR. E. F. WEBBER, Second Tenor
MR. H. A. COOK, Baritone
MR. A. C. RIDER, Basso

PROGRAMME.

PART I.

Quartette, "Now Forward," Storch
Temple Quartette.
Piano Solo, Waltz—Chopin
Mr. Frank C. Gilbert.
Soprano Solo,—
a. "The Clover Blossoms," Mrs. Rogers
b. "Resolution," Edward Lassen
Miss May V. Hastings.
Masonic Chant,—
"Remember now thy Creator," Rhodes
Temple Quartette.
Recitation, "Aux Italiens," Owen Meredith
Miss Bessie L. Pratt.

PART II.

Tenor Solo, "Thy Blue Eyes," Bohm
Mr. Webber.
Quartette, "The Owl and Pussy," De Koven
Temple Quartette.
Violin Solo, "Air Varie," Charles Dancla
Miss Helen M. Slade.
Quartette, "Sleeping Peace," Rosewia
Temple Quartette.

Accompanist, Miss Mabel A. Shaw.

Admission to others than Members, - 50c

To Begin at 7.45 o'clock.

Jan.1 . . 2t

WEYMOUTH.

The funeral of Josiah Rice will be held from his late residence on Commercial street, Friday at 2 o'clock.

The Young Men's Social Club held one of their social parties at Masonic hall, East Weymouth, Wednesday evening. Tirrell's orchestra furnished the music for the dancing which was from 8 to 2.

Public installation of the officers of James L. Bates camp, S. of V., Friday evening.

Fire in the attic of Thomas Nash's house at Nash corner, Wednesday, damaged the building to the amount of $5.

Mrs. Henry B. Raymond and Mrs. William Hayden attended the annual convention of the Norfolk County W. C. T. Union at Wollaston, Wednesday, and the former was re-elected its president.

The officers elect of Crescent lodge I. O. O. F., will be installed this evening.

Messrs. J. C. Stevens, E. Q. S. Litchfield, George F. Farrar and M. Collyer, of Pilgrim lodge, Knights of Honor, took part in an exemplification of the installation work of the order before the board of grand officers, Wednesday evening.

—The Newton city government established on Monday evening an excess and deficiency account, to which may be transferred any unexpended balances.

For Most Popular Wage Earner

THE COUPON

APPEARS TODAY.

START IN EARLY

And Give Your Favorite a Lead

IN THE

POPULARITY CONTEST

MEN'S ARCTICS, - - - - 85 Cents.
LADIES' " - - - 65 "
BOYS' " - - - 65 "
MEN'S RUBBERS, - - 50 "

STORE

Once more [illegible] scene of a g[illegible] it being t[illegible] by the ab[illegible] The affair[illegible] Year's ev[illegible] lively and [illegible] brought [illegible] affa[illegible] p[illegible]

S.30 [illegible] selve[illegible] w[illegible]

prize, [illegible] dish. [illegible] ing[illegible]

[illegible] pathy of h[illegible] The[illegible]oby prize being t[illegible] Mrs. Louis Rinn.

Ice cream and cake were served, [illegible] which the floor was cleared for the [illegible] dance which was kept up into the "[illegible] sma' hours" of 1891.

Altogether it was the social event of t[illegible] season in Atlantic thus far, and the mem[illegible] bers of the Harmony Whist club were c[illegible] gratulated on its perfect success in e[illegible] way.

A Late Christmas Festival.

The Sunday School connected with the West Quincy M. E. church, held its Christmas festival Wednesday evening. There was a few short recitations by the scholars, addresses by the pastor, Jonas Shackley and J. Keast, of Sunapee, N. H., formerly superintendent of the Sunday School, and some excellent singing by the choir of St. Paul's church. A vote of thanks was extended by the school to Mr. Faxon for his generosity. Mr. Frost was presented with a gold ring from his class, and Rev. Mr. Lawford was presented by an unknown friend with a doll baby.

To Whom Ta[illegible]

Pierce, Charles F., [illegible] street,
Stable,
Land, 13,37[illegible]
Pierce, Charles L[illegible]
House on Ca[illegible]
Land,

Phillips, Mrs. Abi[illegible]
Land, 16,6[illegible]
Phillips, Hiram W[illegible]
Barn,
Land, 52,5[illegible]
Land on Howa[illegible]
Phillips, Mrs. Lorana. Ho[illegible] Howard street, 1,0[illegible]
Land, one-fourth acre, 300
Pierce, Thomas. House on Elm street, 1,700
Land, 12,140 feet, 1,000 38 [illegible]

WARD THREE.

Phillips, James. House on Roberts street, 800
Land, 7,[illegible]et, 225
Pierce, James [illegible]ouse on Granite street, 1,400
Stable, 300
Land, 1,[illegible]00 feet, 800
Pierce, John. House on Centre street, 1,100
Land, one-eighth acre, 200 19
Pietro, Adeline. Personal mortgage, 425 5
Pinel Bros. Stock in trade, 2,500
House on Granite street, 2,100
Shop, 600
Land, 11,600 feet, 800 31 60
Pinel, Walter. House on Granite street, 2,800
Land, 7,040 feet, 450 46 20

WARD FOUR.

Phalan, John. Bicycle, 75 1 02
Phalan, John. Store on Copeland street, 350 6 76
Phalan, Patrick, estate of. House on Common street, 700
Land, one-half acre, 600 17 68
Pickering, Mrs. Eliza. House on Common street, 400
Land, 60,000 feet, 250 8 84
Pierce, Rufus. Two houses, 200
House and barn on Woods street, 600
Land, 2 1-2 acres, 500 19 68
Pinel, Alfred. House and barn on Copeland street, [illegible]
Land, 22,727 feet, [illegible] 50

WARD [illegible]

Pfaffman, Martin. Two horses and [illegible]
House on Webster street,
Land, one-fourth acre,
Barn on Fenno street,
Land, 12 acres,
Phelan, N. D. Cow,
Phealan, Mrs. Mary T. House on South Warren avenue, 2,200
Land, 11,512 feet, 600 38 [illegible]
Pierce, William C. House on Arlington street, 1,800
Land, 5,000 feet, 350 31 24
Pike, Nathan. House on Central avenue, 3,000
Stable, 200
Land, one-half acre, 1,000 59 12
Pinkham, George F. Money, stocks, bonds and income, 1,500
Horse and carriages, 500
Two cows, 100
House on Warren avenue, 5,500
Stable, 900
Land, 62,455 feet, 4,400
House on Newport avenue, 2,000
Land, 5,000 feet, 350
House on Newport avenue, 2,500
Land, 5,000 feet, 350
House on Newport avenue, 2,500
Land, 5,000 feet, 350
House on Grand View and Lincoln streets, 3,500
Land, 6,072 feet, 6,000
House on Lincoln street, [illegible]
Land, 5,98[illegible] feet, 6,000
Land in section 6, 5,000 feet, 500
" " 6, [illegible],770 feet, 650
" " 6, 6,421 feet, 650
" " 1, 925 feet, 100
" " 1, 11,491 feet, 1,000
" " 1, 5,741 feet, 500
" " 6, 1 acre, 500
" " 1, 11,250 feet, 1,000
" " 6, 5,000 feet,
" " 5, 11,812 feet,
" " 5, 11,725 feet,
House on Grand [illegible]ew avenue,
Land, 25,800 feet,
Land, 10,017 feet,
Pinkham, Horace A. [illegible]
Stable,
Land, 22,8[illegible]
Pinkham, Is[illegible]
Land
Pinkha[illegible]
La[illegible]
Pickeri[illegible]

rsaries.

s of Local

1.

ION.

START TODAY!

—— to[——

A Prize of $10.00

Will be given to the Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS during January and February.

A Prize of $5.00

Will be given to the Newsboy making the second largest sale during the same period.

$5.00 will also be Given

g the above, who sells
the two months, an

.50 will be Given

o all other boys selling 2500 or more copies,
n average of 50 per day.

CAUTION!

Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

ys Will be Supplied at 1 1-2 Cents per Copy

BY THE FOLLOWING AGENTS:

BY CORAM	West Quincy.
E. KIMBALL	West Quincy.
MISS A. A. BARTLETT	Brewer's Corner.
MISS E. M. FREEMAN	Quincy Point.
F. WILDE	Wollaston.
MAS GURNEY	Atlantic.
& TISDALE	East Milton.
	Braintree.
	East Weymouth.

AT THE

Office.

Papers
e day

es, under the
ES.
1m

1891 JANUARY. 1891

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

MOON'S PHASES.

Third Quarter	3	5:12 a.m.	First Quarter	17	1:18 a.m.
New Moon	10	10:25 a.m.	Full Moon.	24	7:25 p.m.

MUST SERVE OUT HIS TERM.

The Executive Council Decides Against Granting Snelling a Pardon

BOSTON, Jan. 1.—At the meeting of the executive council the committee on pardons reported against the pardon of Samuel G. Snelling, former treasurer of the Lowell Bleachery company, and the report was accepted. Governor Brackett would have granted the pardon, had the matter reached him, on account of Mr. Snelling's ill health. Snelling was sentenced about five years ago to seven years' imprisonment for embezzlement of some $300,000 from the Lowell bleachery. The money was used for purchasing cotton goods, which were finished at the bleachery; the scheme did not prove successful and he could not return the money to the company, and although he claimed that he began the scheme with the full consent of the directors, the directors at the time of the trial declared that they had no knowledge of his use of the company's money.

ENDOWMENT INSURANCE.

The Empire State is Determined to Keep It Outside Her Borders.

ALBANY, Jan. 1.—In accordance with the opinion of the attorney general, the state insurance department has notified assessment insurance companies of other states which do business in this state that they must cease, if now doing so, to write endowment insurance in this state, and that each of such associations must file with the department, before its license can be again renewed, a certificate, under the corporate seal, stating that this order will be complied with. The department has also informed these assessment associations that it is rather doubtful if their licenses to do business in this state can be renewed at all if they write assessment insurance in other states. The assessment associations of this state are not allowed to write endowment insurance.

Failures for 1890.

NEW YORK, Jan. 1.—Bradstreet's report for the year 1890 show a total number of failures in the United States of 10,673, with actual assets of $92,775,625; general liabilities, $175,032,836, or a per cent. of assets to liabilities of 53.

Of these failures New York city had 548, with actual assets, $21,040,983; general liabilities, $36,708,413, or a per cent. of assets to liabilities of 57.

Canada had 1626 failures, with actual assets, $6,746,000; general liabilities, $12,482,000, or a per cent. of assets to liabilities of 54.

During the year 1889 there were 11,719 failures in the United States, with actual assets of $70,599,769; general liabilities, $140,359,490, or a per cent of assets to liabilities of 50.

Bank Robbers in Court.

CHICAGO, Jan. 1.—The South Chicago bank robbers were atrained before Judge Robbins, and the case was continued until Jan. 6. The court fixed bonds for Featherstone, alias Hennessy, Corbett and Mullen at $20,000 each, and those of Bennett, who shot Watchman O'Brien in the leg, at $15,000. Bennett and Corbett made a full confession to Chief Marsh concerning the particulars of the robbery. According to their story Featherstone and Mullen were the principals and they (Bennett and Corbett) tools.

Halifax Hotel Burned.

HALIFAX, Jan. 1.—A $50,000 fire occurred here last night. It originated in the basement of the Globe hotel, occupied by J. W. Salter as a clothing store, and Brown & Co., brewers, and within a few minutes the flames had possession of the three-story building, and the inmates barely escaped with their lives. The domestics were rescued from the upper windows. It is believed two or more lives were lost in the hotel fire.

Blizzard Out West.

CHICAGO, Jan. 1.—Telegraphic communication was pretty generally suspended throughout the west and southwest, a wet blanket of mist hundreds of miles in extent being succeeded by a blizzard, which overturned poles and snapped wires in all directions.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—Forecast for New England: Snow or rain; easterly winds; warmer.

SPECIAL BULLETIN.—A severe storm is central in eastern Kansas, which will cause general rains in the eastern portions of the United States, with snow in New England.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Latest Quotations of the New York and Boston Stock Markets—Dec. 31.

The Wall street market rallied and closed the year in good shape. It has been a remarkable year, the events of which are not likely to be repeated for a long time. The record of monetary stringency, financial embarrassment and depreciation in stock market values is most lugubrious. Now there is indication that the situation is improving. At last 1890 is over—the king of dismal years, of late, is dead. Welcome, 1891! There was a failure to-day; the year has been marked by failures, and perhaps it is fitting that the prevailing characteristic of this gloomy twelve months should be stamped on the last day thereof. A. E. Bateman's failure was announced, but it had no effect on the market. There were no large contracts, and it is thought that creditors are fully secured.

Boston trading was of slight volume, but prices were strong as a general thing.

The New York Market.

Atchison	28⅞	Nor. Pac. pref.	64
Central Pacific	28⅛	Oregon Trans.	11½
Chi & Northwest		Oregon Navi.	79
Del Lack & West	133	Pacific Mail	34
Del & Hudson	130⅝	Reading	32⅛
Illinois Central	97	Texas Pacific	13⅞
Lake Shore	106⅝	Union Pacific	48⅝
Missouri Pacific	60¾	Wabash St. L. & P.	9⅝
N. J. Central		do pref.	17

A Military Bear Forages.

The regimental bear of the Seventeenth lancers, which has recently come to England with his regiment, took furlough without permission and started out to inspect Shorncliffe, much to the alarm of the inhabitants. Bruin first supped off two chickens, and then walked over some cottage roofs, refusing flatly to return home for all the coaxing of his military keepers. The animal next made off across country, and while a search party were looking for him everywhere in despair he quietly returned to camp of his own accord.—London Letter.

Why the Red Flag Flew.

A red flag, flying from the rigging of the steamship Knutsford, which arrived at New York a few days ago from Liverpool, was an object of interest to all vessels that passed near her moorings in Gravesend bay. There were 14,000 pounds of dynamite stored in the hold of the Knutsford, and the least jar might have exploded the dangerous cargo and blown the vessel to pieces.—New York Letter.

A Serious Laughing Matter.

While laughing heartily Mrs. John Patterson, a colored woman of Brazil, Ind., ruptured the optic nerve of one eye, producing instant blindness in that organ. Physicians say that not a similar case is recorded in medical annals.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Apples That Cost $25 a Barrel.

Newtown pippin apples are now in market for shipping to England, and cost $25 a barrel. They are all selected and each apple is rolled in paper.—New York Evening Sun.

The Biggest Texas Wheat Field.

A company of capitalists has purchased 10,000 acres of land on the railroad at Vista, and will convert the entire body into one immense wheat field. Much of the land can be broken this winter. Twelve gang plows have been ordered, and the breaking of the land will commence as soon as these arrive. A wheat field 10,000 acres in extent is so far unknown in Texas.—Cor. San Antonio Express.

About the beginning of the century the London clearing house was established, while that which is the oldest in came into existence year's clearances of ation amounted to those of London

The will of been prob

1891 In Quincy.

Jan. 1. Old Colony; sec... South Shore Rail... Quincy Aurora established the second newspaper in Quincy.

Rev. Dr. Lunt started on a trip to the Holy Land.

—Old Colony reduced fares between Quincy and Boston to 20 cents single, and $1.70 for ten trip.

1872—Rev. S. G. Abbott became pastor of Wollaston Baptist Church.

1875—Corner stone of Methodist Church at Wollaston laid.

1878—Braintree Observer established.

1887—January wettest month of year.

1890—Free postal delivery established in Quincy; the district including the Centre and South.

1890—South Quincy post office discontinued.

World Wide.

January derives its name from Janus, an early Roman divinity, and was added to the Roman calendar by Numa, 713 B. C. He made it the first month because Janus was supposed to preside over the beginning of all business.

1498—Death of Louis XII, duke of Orleans, known as "the Father of his People," grandson of Charles V.

1651—Charles II crowned king of the Scots at Scone.

1729—Birth of Edmund Burke, English statesman; died 1797.

1751—The legal year in England was ordered to begin on this date instead of March 25.

1767—Birth of Maria Edgeworth, novelist; died 1849.

1776—American flag first used by Washington at Cambridge.

1781—Mutiny among the Pennsylvania troops, resulting from their necessities; on being relieved by congress they returned to duty.

1801—Union of Great Britain and Ireland formally consummated.

1801—Piazza, celebrated astronomer, discovered the asteroids series.

1808—Importation of slaves abolished.

1810—Birth of Charles Ellet at Bucks Manor, Pa., originator of steam ram fleet on Mississippi river.

1830—Tommaso Salvini, an Italian tragedian, born at Milan.

1852—Louis Napoleon installed as president of the French republic for ten years; he took up his residence in the Tuileries.

1863—Lincoln issued the emancipation proclamation.

1863—Galveston, Tex., captured by the Confederates; U. S. S. S. Harriet Lane destroyed.

1868—Osaka and Niogo, Japan, opened to European commerce.

1877—Centennial year begun with great demonstrations at Philadelphia.

1879—Resumption of specie payments.

PINE RIDGE INDIANS.

Three Thousand Braves Have Broken Away from the Agency.

ARE NOW ON THE WARPATH.

Alleged Friendly Indians Said to Have Joined the Hostile Forces — Plan of Redskins to Burn an Agency and Stampede the Troops—Hostiles Renew Depredations on the Border of Nebraska and Dakota.

OMAHA, Jan. 1.—Gen. Miles has left Chadron for Pine Ridge with a large force of cavalry. It is reported that the ranchers on White river have been pillaged, horses stolen and cattle killed. John Dyer, chief herder of the government herd, has abandoned his herd. Three ranchers are reported killed on White river. The Catholic mission near Chadron was burned by Indians yesterday morning. Gen. Brooke has ordered detachments there to guard the town. It is now snowing on the reservation and a blizzard is setting in. Ranchers are leaving their homes and flocking into Chadron. The loss of life and property is great. Three thousand Indians are rumored to have broken away from the agency and to have gone on the war path.

Troops have been detailed to patrol the section of country through which the Sioux bands on the warpath are expected to move.

Gen. Miles reports one officer and twenty-five men killed and two officers and thirty-four men wounded at the battle at Wounded Knee.

OMAHA, Jan. 1.—A Bee special from Rushville, Neb., says: Chief Two Strike and a large body of followers broke away from the agency during the day and started either for the Bad Lands or a point near Rosebud Agency. It is not definitely known which. Word has been sent to the commander of the troops at Rosebud to try and intercept the band. Other defections are momentarily expected, so much so that one well up in authority says that by morning he does not expect to see a single hostile remaining at Pine Ridge. That includes now nearly every able-bodied Indian except the police, some few Cheyennes and scouts. Red Cloud and all the lesser chiefs, except American Horse, have joined their brethren for the last great fight. The storm still rages and gives every advantage to the Indians, either for fighting or escaping to some safe retreat.

WHERE ARE THE FRIENDLIES?

A Growing Suspicion That Many Have Joined the Hostile Forces.

OMAHA, Jan. 1.—A special to The Bee from Rushville says: A blinding snowstorm which is fast assuming the proportions of a blizzard, began falling here and at the agency at 9 o'clock yesterday morning. Advices are that the desultory fight was kept up nearly all night at the late battle ground, within a few miles of the agency, until, by reason of the suspicious action of the alleged friendly Indians in camp near the agency, the troops were called in from the field.

It transpired late Tuesday evening that the large camp of friendlies, located south of the agency, is made up almost entirely of old men, squaws and children. The question is, what has become of the supposedly large number of friendly bucks located there until Tuesday?

A half-breed courier who was through that camp reports that nearly every able bodied Indian had quietly slipped away after dusk and joined the hostile forces. Friendly Indians at Pine Ridge now, he says, are principally squaws and those not able to fight. Everything is reported to be quiet now, both sides resting on their arms and each waiting some move from the opposing forces. That further fighting will occur there seems no doubt.

If the Indians should make an onslaught during the storm they would undoubtedly have a great advantage. The danger is that they will now break away to strongholds in the Bad Lands and will be reinforced by Rosebud, Standing Rock and other Indians.

Eight more dead soldiers have been brought in to the agency. The losses to the Indians are known to have been great, but definite numbers have not yet been ascertained. The two strangers who were murdered within two miles of the agency are now believed to be teamsters from Rushville. Indian signal lights were again plainly visible last night in Bough county, twenty miles north.

A SCOUT'S REPORT.

Indians Plan a Stampede of Troops and Massacre of Inhabitants.

OMAHA, Jan. 1.—A Bee special from Pine Ridge S. D., says:

Lieut. Herman Krantzorg, company A, Seventh cavalry, who was shot in the arm and side at Wounded Knee, is dead. Several others are near death, although most of the wounded are doing as well as could be expected. Francis Schettee, troop G, Seventh cavalry, is the name of the other soldier killed in the battle that took place six miles west of here. The Episcopal church has been turned into a hospital and contains thirty-three of the hostile Indians wounded and captured at Wounded Knee. Most of them are squaws and the majority of them will die.

In addition to Carr's command, the Seventeenth infantry and the cavalry at Rosebud will be here soon. Gen. Miles will also come. A scout just in said that the hostiles, reassured by the fact that the settlers quit the field, had planned to attack and burn the agency by fire arrows and then stampede the troops and massacre the inhabitants. The report was proved true to some extent, but the very heavy lines of pickets frustrated and stopped the hellish scheme. A terrific blizzard struck the agency at 7 o'clock yesterday morning. The air is blinding with snow and the mercury is falling rapidly.

DEPREDATIONS RENEWED.

Fighting Has Been Going on Two Days Along the Frontier.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 1.—Governor Thayer received a dispatch from Sheriff Dahlman at Chadrow, asking him to order the militia and send guns, as the ... have been fighting near them for ... days. He says the city is full of ... and now are no ...

all along the Nebraska and Dakota border.

Troops for Rushville.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Jan. 1.—Two battalions at Fort Douglas have been ordered to proceed to Rushville to reinforce the troops there. They consist of four companies of the Sixteenth and Twenty-first infantry, 320 men and twenty-two officers.

WALLS STOOD THE SHOCK.

One of Pawtucket's Famous Landmarks Gutted by Fire.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 1.—At 5 minutes past 10 o'clock last evening, some young men passing by the old Wilkinson & Greene mill, which is a landmark in Pawtucket, saw flames issuing from one of the upper stories. They yelled fire. The watchman ran out and found the upper portion of the historic building afire. At first the firemen tried to kill the fire from the low roof of a one-story annex to the old White mill, five feet distant. The firemen made such slow progress that the departments of this city and Central Falls and veteran firemen of Pawtucket were called upon to assist.

As the ancient mill was built of chip stone, with very thick walls, it was like fighting a fire inside of a safe. The result was that the interior was completely burned up, while the walls, from three to four feet thick, stand solidly. The building, which is a five-story one, has a wooden end, also a four-story extension of wood on the north. The total loss is $25,000; fully insured.

The mill was built in 1813 by Abraham and Isaac Wilkinson. It has lately been run by the Dexter Yarn company, manufacturers of cotton yarns, and has been known as the Dexter mill. The old White mill, another landmark, five feet distant, was protected from the flames. The building burned was 30 by 80 feet, and the wooden ell 60 by 70 feet.

DEATH OF COL. PAINE.

He Was a Gallant Soldier and Was Noted for Many Engineering Feats.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 1.—Col. W. H. Paine of New York, who was prominently connected with the construction of the Brooklyn bridge and the Hudson river canal, died suddenly of heart failure. Col. Paine did much valuable service in the Army of the Potomac and was a government officer for a long time. He was born in New Hampshire and was about 54 years old. He was connected directly with the laying of every principal grip cable in the United States. He was the first engineer who made a chain survey across the continent to the Pacific ocean.

A Boston Man's Gift.

THOMASTON, Me., Jan. 1.—Capt. Samuel Watts of Boston built, this season, a handsome brick block, costing over $30,000, containing three stores and above them a large hall. Adjoining the hall were a banquet room with kitchen, town office with fireproof vault, and hall, the rooms being furnished. All this he presented to the town. The halls were opened with a reception to Capt. Watts and family and a dedication ball, tendered by citizens, with an elaborate collation. Over 700 were present, many coming from various parts of the state, and from Boston.

Workmen Will Not Suffer.

AUBURN, N. Y., Jan. 1.—Thomas M. Osborne, president of the American Harvester company, denies the report that the "combine" of twenty-three harvester making companies is to discharge 10,000 men. None of the old manufactories are to be closed, he said. All will not be operated as manufacturers of machinery, however. The intention is to eventually manufacture all the paints, varnish, twine, etc., used in the business. One shop, for instance, will be used to manufacture paint, another twine, etc, so that none of these shall suffer.

Murder in the First Degree.

NEW MILFORD, Conn., Jan. 1.—Borjeson was found guilty of murder in the first degree. Sentence will be pronounced later.

Borjesen's crime was the murder of his sweetheart, a Swedish girl named Andersen. He entered her room early one morning in July last, and while she was sleeping cut her throat. He escaped to the woods, but was captured a few hours later by a searching party. Borjesen's defense was insanity.

Oil and Glue Works Destroyed.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Jan. 1.—Fire was discovered in the drying room of the extensive oil and glue factory of A.W. Dodd. The total value of the plant which was destroyed, consisting of a four-story factory several hundred feet in length, a large quantity of new machinery for manufacturing fish oils and liquid glue, with several hundred barrels of the manufactured articles stored therein, was $65,000 to $70,000, on which there was an insurance of $48,000.

Socialist Statesmen Will Meet.

BERLIN, Jan. 1.—Arrangements have been made for a meeting, on Jan. 12, of the Socialist members of the reichstag and others who are in sympathy with the aims of the Socialist party. Herr Liebknecht, the Socialist leader, will take a prominent part in the meeting. One of the projects which will be proposed by him is the founding of a college for the training of workmen.

Will Try to Save Lives.

HALIFAX, Jan. 1.—The American consul general has decided to bring to mainland, if possible, the crew of the American schooner Admiral, which was wrecked a few days ago at the Magdalen Islands. He has chartered the steamer Harlow to force her way through the ice and bring them to Halifax. There are doubts expressed as to whether this undertaking will prove successful.

Derby's Aspiration.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 1.—It has been settled that Derby will apply to the coming session of the legislature for a city charter consolidating the entire town. Ansonia and Derby will henceforth be known as the twin cities. Attorney W. L. Downs will have the matter in charge before the legislature.

A Total Wreck.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Jan. 1.—The schooner G. Stanley, from Two Rivers, for Boston, which put in here for a harbor in a gale, went ashore near Moose River. She is a total wreck. The crew were saved, but they lost everything they had on board the schooner.

Still a Secret.

PARIS, Jan. 1.—Messrs. ... Gill have returned here from ... They have warned their friends ... accept as true any statements ... read or hear as to the results of the ... ference with Mr. Parnell.

In Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1.—There were ... monious debates in the senate on the ... tion bill and Mr. Morgan's resolution ... concerning its contexts and meaning.

Be HONEST and chew FINZER'S OLD HONESTY CHEWING TOBACCO which is ONLY for Chewing and NOT for Smoking. The BEST chewing tobacco CANNOT be good for Smoking. OLD HONESTY is the BEST AND CHEAPEST TOBACCO made. Insist on having the GENUINE with the red H tin tag, made only by, John Finzer & Bros., Louisville, Ky.

"Little Monitor."

The Best School Shoe for Misses and Children

Saville & Jones.

Old Colony.

On and after Oct. 13, 1890. Trains Leave

QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.11, 6.55, 7.27, 7.33, 7.38, 7.52, 8.12, 8.34, 8.40, 9.18, 9.59, 10.38, 10.57 A. M.; 12.05, 1.02, 1 17, 1.42, 2.50, 4.00, 4.07, 4.48, 4.57, 5.33, 5.40, 6.14, 7.05, 7.10, 8.11, 9.06, 10.19, 10.24 P. M. **SUNDAY**—9.19, 9.31 A. M.; 1.46, 5.53, 6.15, 7.25, 8.14, 9.16, 11.01 P. M.

RETURN.—5.45, 6.45, 7.35, 9.40, 10.05, 11.02 A. M.; 12.50 M. 12[illegible]S 1.55, 2.30, 2.35, 3.26, 3.52, 4.12[illegible] 6.00, 6.05, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.45, 9.10, [illegible] 11.05, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY**—8.30, 9.00, 9.15, A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 5.45, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

WOLLASTON HEIGHTS FOR BOSTON.—6.14, 6.59, 7.37, 7.41, 8.15, 8.46, 9.21, 10.02, 11.00 A. M.; 12.08, 1.05, 1.45, 2.53, 4.11, 5.00, 5.43, 6.18, 7.14, 8.15, 9.09, 10.28 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.34 A. M.; 1.49, 6.19, 9.20, 11.04 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02, A. M.; 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.07, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR BOSTON.—6.18, 7.02, 7.16, 7.44, 8.05, 9.24, 10.04, 11.15 A. M.; 12.11, 1.22, 1.56, 2.56, 4.15, 5.48, 6.31, 7.12, 7.17, 8.18, 9.12, 10.31 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.37 A. M.; 1.52, 6.22, 9.23, 11.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 6.45, 7.35, 8.00, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02 A. M.; 12.02, 12.30, 1.15, 1.55, 2.25, 3.12, 4.18, 4.22, 4.42, 5.33, 5.40, 6.15, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

QUINCY ADAMS FOR BOSTON.—6.07, 6.51, 7.23, 7.35, 8.08, 9.15, 9.56, 10.54 A. M.; 12.02, 1.38, 2.46, 4.03, 5.37, 6.11, 7.07, 8.07, 9.03, 10.21 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.27 A. M.; 1.42, 6.11, 9.12, 10.57 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 9.40, 11.02 A. M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 3.12, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.00, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00 7 05, 10.00 P. M.

WEST QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.08, 7.05, 7.54, 9.11, 11.04 A. M.; 1.46, 3.45, 5.27, 6.20, 10.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25, 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

EAST MILTON FOR BOSTON—6.12, 7.09, 7.58, 9.15, 11.08 A. M.; 1.50, 3.55, 5.31, 6.24, 10.11 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR EAST MILTON AND WEST QUINCY.—6.48, 8.17, 10.00 A. M.; 12.50, 2.40, 4.42, 5.50, 6.42, 8.14 P. M.

GEO. L. CONNOR,
Gen'l Pass'r Agt.

J. R. KENDRICK.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 2. QUINCY, MASS. FRIDAY, JANUARY 2, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

FAXON HALL, QUINCY,

Jan. 7th, 8th and 9th, 1891,

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

QUINCY CITY HOSPTAL,

GRAND PRODUCTION

OF COOLIDGE AND SURETTS

Comic Opera,

PRISCILLA,

OR THE

PILGRIM'S PROXY,

Great Cast! Fine Chorus!

Elaborate Appointments!

Correct Costumes by Raymond.

Special Scenery by Story.

Wigs and Makeups by Rothe.

Director, - - - - - C. E. MACOMBER of Boston.

Stage Manager, - - - - W. H. DODD of Boston.

Opening sale of Tickets at Durgin's Drug Store, Dec. 29th, at 10 A. M.

Quincy, Dec. 27. p,2w—1,29th,6t

Bargains in Every Department.

at each p

SUITS and OVERCOATS

AT

LOWEST PRICES!

QUINCY

One Price Clothing Company.

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

FLANDERS' TONIC

s up the Stomach. Makes the Brain Active

fy your Blood with Flanders' Tonic. That Tired Feeling will be Unknown to those who use it.

Boon to Overworked Men and Women!

If your Children are ailing, "no appetite," languid and without Strength, Flanders' Tonic will build them up.

TRY IT! TAKE NO OTHER!

WONDERFUL IN ITS MAKE-UP!

A Combination of Malt Calisaya and Hypophosphites. Tonic and Stimulant.

Guaranteed by all Druggists.

$1.00. Six Bottles for $5.00.

FLANDERS' MANDRAKE PILLS beats them all. Price 25 Cents.

Physicians endorse it. Ask your druggist for it; if he cannot supply you, send direct to us. We prepay express charges upon receipt of price. Made only by

Flanders' Tonic Co., Woburn, Mass., U. S. A.

BOYS IN BLUE.

Paul Revere Officers Publicly Installed.

Mayor and Mayor-Elect Among Invited Guests.

A Turkey Supper Follows the Ceremonies.

A public installation of officers elect of Paul Revere Post 88, G. A. R., took place Thursday evening in Hancock hall. It was not public in the general sense of the word, but was more of a family gathering, the invited guests including only the members of Paul Revere Woman's Relief Corps, the Sons of Veterans, the Mayor, the Mayor-elect, and one or two prominent citizens.

The installing officer was Past Commander W. L. Gage of Braintree, assisted by Comrade Monk as officer of the day. The new officers, elective and appointive, are as follows:

Commander,—John D. Williams.
Senior Vice,—Charles L. Orne.
Junior Vice,—Franklin Curtis.
Surgeon,—H. C. Hallowell.
Chaplain,—W. P. Martin.
Quartermaster,—A. W. Gardner.
Officer of the Day,—Warren Dunbar.
Officer of the Guard,—W. J. Young.
Adjutant,—Horace O. Souther.
Sergeant Major,—W. W. Penniman.
Quartermaster Sergeant,—E. M. Litchfield.

Commander Williams briefly thanked the installing officers, and introduced Senior Vice Commander Orne as presiding officer. On the platform were Capt. Bowker, of the Sons of Veterans, and President Souther and Senior Vice President Crane, of the Relief Corps, and the other invited guests who will be introduced later.

Installing Officer Gage was first called upon, but with a few remarks he excused himself thinking he had talked enough.

Comrade Monk spoke of the fraternal feeling existing between the local Post and Post 87 of Braintree.

A. B. Barrows was introduced, and gave humorous account of Jim Bullseye's visit to the National Encampment at Boston. He also read two other selections during evening.

Mayor-elect Fairbanks made a pleasing speech. The Grand Army, he said, should have the moral support and sympathy of the citizens. It was an association bound to the past by patriotic ties. He well knew the arduous duties of officers of any organization, but the success depends on their skill and assiduity to manage. Comrades can encourage their officers by regular attendance.

E. E. Williamson said the happiest and most prosperous years of the country were since the war; and the people of today owe everything to the soldiers. He recalled the prominent part Quincy men took, and their great sufferings.

Letters of regrets were read from Rev. Edward Norton and Rev. H. E. Cotton, but one of the three ministers invited was present. In introducing Rev. D. M. Wilson the chairman alluded to an old saying that the ministers and ladies were responsible for the war. He said that might be so, for the ladies had a sense of what was right, which was shared in some measure by the ministers. They hailed the success of the war. The whole heart and soul to the G. A. R. was "comradeship." He regretted that he did not share that comradeship, but it was because he was not old enough. He then told of another boy and himself starting for the war armed with carving knives and a hatchet; they tramped from Dorchester to Charlestown, where they were unable to get food or shelter at night, but were finally cared for by the police and returned home the next day.

Mayor Porter gave some war history of 28 years ago, the battle of Murfreesboro, Tenn., and the critical situation. The soldiers, he said, need the cheering support of the people. The happiness and prosperity which the country enjoys we owe to them.

The gathering of 100 or more was then invited to the banquet hall, where a turkey supper was served under the direction of the Post's caterer, George H. Osborne. His suppers are always good and this was no exception.

W. C. T. U. Election.

The annual meeting of the W. C. T. Union was held Thursday afternoon. The following named persons were elected officers for the ensuing year:

President,—Mrs. A. A. Harlow.
Vice Presidents,—Mrs. Henry Barker and Mrs. Charles L. Pierce.
Secretary,—Mrs. Charles A. Spear.
Treasurer,—Miss L. A. Pierce.
Committee on Literature,—Mrs. Henry Barker and Mrs. Charles A. Spear.

Voted to meet first Thursday in each month.

—The Malden aldermen at their meeting Tuesday evening passed an order providing coasting should be allowed on certain in each ward during certain hours.

WATCH MEETING.

Reception, Entertainment and Supper at Christ's Church, New Year's Eve.

The Rector's Aid Association of Christ's church held a very successful watch meeting at midnight, New Year's eve, preceded by a reception, entertainment and supper. A very large number were present. During the evening a sleighing party from St. John's church, Hingham, called. Mrs. Frank F. Crane and Mrs. Elisha Packard were the committee in charge. The programme included:

Address, Rev. H. E. Cotton
Sketch of Work of Guild of R. A. A., Mrs. W. T. Babcock
Sketch of Work of Guild of K. D., Miss Minnie Maxim
Sketch of Work of Guild of S. C., Ella Peterson
Piano and Violin, Prof. Wrigley, J. E. Hanson, Wm. Osborne
Banjo Duet, Walter Craig, F. T. Bassick
Readings, Mrs. Babcock, Miss Jennie Fellows
Singing, Auxillary Choir
Recitation, Miss Mabel Oxford

Games, by Guild of Southern Cross assisted by Mrs. S. B. Duffield and Mrs. Ralph Crane
Closing Prayer and Doxology.

Manet Assembly.

At the meeting of Manet Assembly, No. 211, R. S. G. F., held Wednesday evening, the following officers were elected for ensuing year.

Ruler,—Chas. W. Johnson.
Instructor,—A. L. Merritt.
Counsellor,—Geo. E. Todd.
Past Ruler,—A. H. Gilson.
Secretary,—George H. Brown.
Financial Secretary,—James H. Webb.
Treasurer,—John H. Dinegan.
Prelate,—A. L. Litchfield.
Director,—E. J. Cummings.
Guard,—F. W. Munroe.
Sentry,—James E. Curtin,

An excellent oyster supper was served by Caterer Wales after the meeting.

Engineers Got Left.

A curiosity in the shape of a motion which was put by Councilman Green and seconded by Councilman Jones, passed by the Council at its last session, provides that the call men of Hose 2 and 4 and Chemical 2 shall have their pay increased from $25 to $37.50. That's all right, but how about the assistant engineer in the wards where some of these pieces of apparatus are located, who will still have to superintend these $37.50 call men on a $25 salary? It is a workingman's city with a vengeance that pays its call men more than it does its engineers.

WEYMOUTH.

Mr. J. M. Seavey, superintendent of R. G. Haskell & Co.'s shoe manufactory, has resigned his position to accept a more lucrative one with a western firm.

Mr. Nathan Tirrell of Lovell's corner has returned home from his western trip.

The following elective and appointive officers of Crescent lodge, No. 82, I. O. O.F., were installed Thursday evening by Walter W. Hersey, D. D. G. M., of Hingham, assisted by Arthur Hersey as G. Marshal; Bazgilia Lincoln as G. Warden; Edward Cowing as G. Secretary; Isaiah P. Pratt as G. P. Secretary; Frank W. Nash as G. Treasurer; Martin L. Stoddard as G. I. Guard.

N. G.,—George T. Magee.
V. G.,—E. Q. S. Litchfield.
Secretary,—Winslow M. Tirrell.
P. Secretary,—Shadrach S. Marden.
Treasurer,—Hiram E. Raymond.
Warden,—Charles D. Gibson.
Conductor,—Clarence W. Bates.
O. Guardian,—Charles G. Everett.
I. Guardian,—Arthur M. Hawes.
R. S. N. G.,—William E. Dizer.
L. S. N. G.,—George S. Simmons.
R. S. V. G.,—William T. Rice.
L. S. V. G.,—Rufus L. Osborne.
R. S. S.,—Wendell T. Dizer.
L. S. S.,—Harry P. Lovell.
Chaplain,—James M. Dunbar.
Organist,—James B. French.

After the installation ceremony the brothers adjourned to the banquet room and partook of a collation.

MILTON.

Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Osgood of Granite avenue kept open house Wednesday evening and watched the old year out and the new year in.

Milton division, Sons of Temperance, will hold a public installation at Washington hall next Tuesday evening.

Wednesday afternoon a horse owned by A. A. Brackett became frightened and ran down Adams street, throwing the driver out and fracturing his leg. The horse then jumped over Mr. Newcomb's fence and here ran into the field where he turned round and again went through the fence, smashing the sleigh into kindling wood and making the fence look as though it had been struck by a cyclone.

Miss Hattie Shields and Mr. John Kenny are on the sick list.

The Salvation Army holds forth Sunday afternoon in Washington hall.

There has been an enormous amount of travel through East Milton during the past week, many of whom were on their way to River street.

A cobweb party is to be held at Washington hall at an early date by West Quincy young men.

BUSSELL'S

Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

First Church Social Club.

ENTERTAINMENT

ON

FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 2d, 1891,

IN

CHAPEL.

TEMPLE QUARTETTE:

MR. J. E. JOHNSON, First Tenor
MR. E. F. WEBBER, Second Tenor
MR. H. A. COOK, Baritone
MR. A. C. RIDER, Basso

PROGRAMME.

PART I.

Quartette, "Now Forward," Storch
Temple Quartette.
Piano Solo, Waltz—Chopin
Mr. Frank C. Gilbert.
Soprano Solo,—
a. "The Clover Blossoms," Mrs. Rogers
b. "Resolution," Edward Lassen
Miss May V. Hastings.
Masonic Chant,—
"Remember now thy Creator," Rhodes
Temple Quartette.
Recitation, "Aux Italiens," Owen Meredith
Miss Bessie L. Pratt.

PART II.

Tenor Solo, "Thy Blue Eyes," Bohm
Mr. Webber.
Quartette, "The Owl and Pussy," Le Koven
Temple Quartette.
Violin Solo, "Air Varie," Charles Dancla
Miss Helen M. Slade.
Quartette, "Sleeping Peace," Rosewia
Temple Quartette.

Accompanist, Miss Mabel A. Shaw.

Admission to others than Members, - 50c

To Begin at 7.45 o'clock.

Jan.1. 2t

NICE FLORIDA ORANGES.

Parties Wishing to Purchase Nice Oranges

By the Box,

APPLY TO

I. M. HOLT, No. 31 So. Walnut St.

Quincy, Jan. 2.—3t 3—1w

CORSETS

Hosiery and Underwear,

AT

Reduced Prices.

We are ready to give you Great Bargains in all kinds of WINTER GOODS.

1 Lot Ladies' Gray mixed, ribbed Top Hose, worth 50c., 3 pair for $1.00.

1 Lot Children's Black all-wool for 19c.

Children's Gray Mixed, Scarlet Underwear.

We have a large of Ladies' and Children's Hoods which we shall sell at greatly reduced prices. Also Skirts in all kinds and sizes.

We have just received a lot of Cotton-Flannel Wrappers, all sizes, which we shall sell at $2.00. Ask to see them.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.,

Adams Building, Quincy.

Electric Light Notice.

The Quincy Electric Light Company would notify their patrons using the Incandescent Lights, that it will be

SHUT OFF AT 12 P. M.,

Saturday, Jan. 3d, 1891,

for the purpose of connecting the new steam mains.

Per order,

GEORGE A. VOORHEES, Superintendent.

Jan. 1. 3t

Mark Down!

OF

STATIONERY.

Our Fine Stationery, consisting of Boston Bond, Boston Linen, Bunker Hill Linen, Boston Bank Linen, Patchwork, Basket, and all other fine Paper the price of which has always been

20 and 25 Cents per Quire,

I will now give you your choice for

10 Cents per Quire, and

10 Cents per Bunch of Envelopes.

All packed in the Window in plain sight.

OUR MOTTO:

"RELIABILITY."

"RELIABILITY."

OUR MOTTO.

BUCKWHEAT!

NOW IS THE SEASON FOR

Buckwheat Cakes and Maple Syrup.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF BOTH.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

We are the only Firm in this City that have CONFIDENCE FLOUR.

WE HAVE A

FANCY HAXALL FLOUR

That Sells for less money. Give one of our kinds a Trial.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive an Easy Chair or Gold Watch.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business, of which they are not proprietor, or manager or one of the firm.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period can have his choice between a richly upholstered easy chair worth $25,or a gold watch valued at least $25. These will soon be purchased and put on exhibition in some prominent place.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

—BY—

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

Opening a Combination Lock.

Minnehaha, S. D., has just finished a new court house at a cost of $125,000. Over $10,000 worth of vaults were ordered in, and recently the company making the contract was notified that the safes could not be accepted. The understanding was that no one could open the vaults unless he had the combination or was an expert at safe blowing.

Last week Edward H. Saunders, a plumber, not over 17 years old, entered the county clerk's office while the clerk was endeavoring to open one of the new vaults. The combination had been lost, and finally the clerk gave up the job. Young Saunders, who was standing by, said he could open it. County Commissioner McKee offered to give Saunders $10 if he could open the safe. The proposition was accepted. The young lad placed his ear to the door, listened to the fall of the tumblers, and in a few moments the door swung open. Saunders was turned out of the room and the combination was changed. Another trial was given the young genius and again the door flew open. The chairman of the county commissioners has informed the safe company that their safes would not be accepted, and awaited their further orders.

Saunders has since opened a vault of the Hall make in one of the leading banks of the city as easily as if he knew the combination. In one of the letters that passed between the commissioners and the safe company the latter agree to forfeit $10,000 if the lad can open any vault without first knowing the combination.—Plumbers' Trade Journal.

Capt. Watts' Gift to Thomaston.

One of the most pathetic scenes witnessed in this state for a long time marked the exercises attending the presentation of the new building to the town of Thomaston, Me., by Capt. Samuel Watts. The old captain had a falling out with the town a number of years ago, and he cleared out, with all his taxable property, going to Boston. In later years his heart changed and he made the town the munificent gift. Said he, when he made his little speech:

"I am human. I have my likes and dislikes, which is applicable to most of mankind. I have lived to the age of more than threescore-and-ten—eight years more. Mr. Chairman and citizens of Thomaston, I say to one and all, I stand before you willing to forgive and ask to be forgiven. Mr. Chairman, I wish to say before taking my seat that my desire is, at the end of my earthly career, I shall be laid in yonder cemetery side by side where my wife and most of my children lie moldering in the dust." The brave old mariner said a few words more, and then had to give up, overcome by his emotions. The people of Thomaston are full of warm and affectionate words for him.—Boston Journal.

A Singular Partition.

A case which is believed by lawyers to have no parallel in legal history has just been brought out in the Norfolk county court at Dedham. The late R. W. Shapleigh, of Brooklyn, N. Y., died leaving an estate of $700,000 for thirty heirs, with no provision as to its disposal that would stand the test of the courts. There was found, however, in an old wallet a paper in his well known handwriting, but without his signature, which disposed of about half of the property to individuals, mostly nearest relatives. Some of these would not get a penny if the estate was settled by process of law. A family meeting was forthwith held, and it was agreed by all to abide by the apparent wishes of the late Mr. Shapleigh. They also decided to set apart a sum to maintain a cemetery at West Lebanon, Me., in which Mr. Shapleigh always had a deep personal interest. The lawyers say there was never such a case brought to their notice before.—Springfield Republican.

Trusting a Stranger.

A queer story is told about a Maine character who recently won an unenviable notoriety. While a well known Baptist clergyman, Rev. C. V. Hanson, was coming from Lewiston by train about a year ago, an elderly man in the same car inquired whether there was any one present going to Skowhegan. Mr. Hanson told him he resided there, whereat this man counted out $500, and gave the same to Mr. Hanson to deposit in the First National bank.

The circumstance passed from his mind until one day looking over his papers Mr. Hanson discovered by the receipt given him by Cashier Page that the man who intrusted him with the $500 was none other than Micah W. Norton, of New Portland. Either Norton is a pretty good reader of physiognomy or thinks he is.—Somerset Reporter.

TESTING THE LYMPH.

Experiments at the Massachusetts General Hospital

PROVE HIGHLY SATISFACTORY.

Patients Under Treatment Experience No Bad Results—They are All Doing Well and Will Be Inoculated Again in a Day or Two.

BOSTON, Jan. 2.—The discovery of Dr. Koch, the great German scientist, was tried for the first time in Boston at the Massachusetts general hospital yesterday morning. The lymph was administered by Dr. H. C. Ernst, professor of bacteriology at the Harvard medical school, and Dr. H. A. Beach, one of the visiting surgeons at the Massachusetts general hospital. There were present, also, Dr. Stone, assistant to Dr. Ernst; Dr. Tarbell, Dr. Shattuck, Dr. Warren, Dr. Potter of the hospital staff and W. C. Durkee, the inventor of the hypodermic syringe used by Dr. Beach.

The patients, after the operation, were placed by themselves in the hospital. Dr. Pratt was designated to give out information to the press, and at 9 p. m. last night, after the patients had been examined, he said:

"The inoculations were made this morning, as intended, and nine patients were treated; four for phthisis, two for lupus, two for tuberculosis of the elbow and one with tuberculosis of the tongue. Three of these patients were Dr. Porter's, three Dr. Tarbell's, one Dr. Warren's, one Dr. Beach's and one Dr. Shattuck's. These patients are so designated because they are in wards which are under the general care of these physicians, though these particular experiments are being conducted by Drs. Ernst and Beach.

"The inoculations demonstrated that the selection of the cases were all proper; that is, the reaction in each case was expected, proving them to be those of tuberculosis. If there had been no reaction, the chances were that the cases were not tuberculosis. The work this morning was in every way satisfactory, perfectly so. Up to the present time there have been

No Signs of Bad Results,

although ten hours have elapsed since the inoculations were performed between 11 and 11:30. The patients have been very comfortable. They have not been apparently excited or disturbed by the morning's work. None of them have had any great discomfort. In the phthisical cases there has been an elevation or rise in the temperature. Up to this time (9 p. m.), no temperature has risen above 102 4-10 Fahrenheit—the normal temperature is 98 4-10. The temperature has risen highest in the phthisical cases.

"The phthisical cases, in addition to the rise in temperature, have had marked increase in purulent expectoration—that is a symptom which we wished to see. It is an especially significant symptom. There has been in some cases a feeling of discomfort in the chest—a feeling of pain. There has been some dizziness and some nausea, but no vomiting. We have been speaking of the phthisical cases.

"Now in the case of the patients suffering from lupus, there has been the rise in temperature, and the disease appears to be more definitely outlined and marked.

"On the face, for instance, it seems to be more definitely outlined by red inflammation, then swelling, redness and a weeping over the surface of the lupus. In the case of the elbow there has been the elevation in the temperature—a localized pain in the part—in the elbow. In the case of the tuberculosis of the tongue there has been also elevation in the temperature, swelling and redness.

"The largest dose that was given was one milligramme—about one-sixty fifth part of a grain; the smallest dose given was about four-tenths of a milligramme. The milligramme is of the original solution—that is, the solution was diluted so it represented that proportion of the lymph. The reaction began, or was noted, in about three hours after the inoculation. As a rule you get the full reaction in about twelve hours. This is the rule, but of course there will be some variations. After that twelve hours the temperature returns to normal again.

The Next Inoculations

will be either Saturday or Sunday—that is, we shall skip a day.

"Dr. Ernst used his own lymph, brought by him from Berlin, where he has been investigating with Dr. Koch since the middle of November. Dr. Beach used the lymph which was received here recently. Dr. Ernst used a syringe which he brought from Berlin, similar to those used by Dr. Koch, and Dr. Beach used one invented and made here. The feeling with some of the patients, and I think with all, was that the discomfort or effect was not as bad as anticipated; in fact, some expressed themselves so. These patients have the regular hospital diet."

The doctor said it was very impressive to watch the patients and see just exactly the results expected, and he seemed to feel very much gratified and hopeful.

Another Point to Be Considered.

BERLIN, Jan. 2.—Dr. Koch, who has left Berlin for a short vacation, suddenly returned to the city. He was summoned back to attend a patient to whom by accident an overdose of the lymph had been administered. Dr. Koch administered to the patient strong anti-febriles which subdued his alarming symptoms, and now there are evidences of marked improvement in the patient's condition. This incident raises the question whether strong injections of the lymph may not sometimes prove advantageous.

The quantity of lymph injected was forty milligrams. During the interval of fever which followed the injection the sufferer's temperature reached 108 degrees fahrenheit.

Japan's Envoy Arrives.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 2.—Gonzo Taleno, the newly appointed minister from Japan, arrived with his family on the steamer City of Pekin last night and will at once proceed to Washington. Chinese advices state that Viceroy Li Hung Chang has been called to Pekin and has been made a member of the council of state and that his appointment as the minister of military affairs is probable.

Prince Bismarck is Out.

BERLIN, Jan. 2.—The Hamburger Nachrichten, while protesting against the presumption that all of its articles relative to Prince Bismarck are inspired, declares positively that the ex-chancellor will never again enter into official relations with Emperor William.

A PRISON ABLAZE.

Larger Part of Clinton Penitentiary Destroyed by Fire.

ALBANY, Jan. 2.—The central portion of Clinton prison, three stories high, with a basement, was burned yesterday, only the walls remaining. It contained the hospital, chapel, guard room and kitchen. Half of the roof of what is called the new hall, which is built west from the hospital in the form of a right angle, was also destroyed, as well as the old state shop. The total loss is estimated at $175,000. The factories and warden's house narrowly escaped destruction. All the inmates in the hospital were rescued and no loss of life is reported. The old hall which connects with the three-story building on the east was saved. There were 807 prisoners confined in Clinton prison on Dec. 1, and they were quartered in the old and new halls. An attempt on the part of the convicts to escape during the excitement was frustrated by the guards.

All the prison provisions were destroyed, and at 5 a. m., in response to a telephone message to Warden Fuller, his assistant clerk, John Farnsworth, left Plattsburg with a party on a special train loaded with provisions for the convicts. The apparatus which generates the steam for heating the building was completely destroyed. The thermometer at Plattsburg registered 13 degrees below zero, and it must have been several degrees lower at Clinton prison. The prison is situated in the town of Dannemora, Clinton county, about seventeen miles from Plattsburg, and the only ready means of extinguishing the fire was the use of the prison fire extinguishers.

TRAINS ARE RUNNING.

Indications That the Scottish Strikers are Losing Ground.

GLASGOW, Jan. 2.—At a meeting of the strikers a proposal from Dundee that the strikers approach the railroad companies with a view to a settlement of the strike and resumption of work while negotiations are pending was rejected. The North British Railway company, for the first time since the strike began, ran a full passenger service yesterday and the freight business showed evidence of improvement. The Caledonian company's freight traffic is heavy. An agreement will be made to deliver perishable vegetables, coal, ore, etc., delayed on account of the strike.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—A manifesto, signed by Messrs. Mann and Tillett, leaders of the trades unionists, declares that the Victoria dock strike was unauthorized, and orders the men to return to their work.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—The men employed on the Victoria dock have gone out on strike. Hitherto the dockmen have not been paid for the dinner hour, and the present movement is made for the purpose of compelling the employes to pay the men for the time they are absent at dinner.

Two thousand colliers employed in the mines in the vicinity of Merthyr Tydvil, Wales, have quit work on account of alleged grievances.

FIFTEEN GIRLS BURNED.

Sad Ending of a School Celebration in an English City.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—While a school fete was in progress at Wortley a string of Chinese lanterns with which the grounds were illuminated fell from their fastening upon the heads of a bevy of young girls. In a moment the dresses of several of the girls were ignited, and a scene of wild excitement ensued. Other pupils rushed to the rescue of their comrades and beat out the flames with their hands, but in doing this they suffered severely themselves, a number being badly burned on their hands and arms. Fifteen girls in all were more or less burned, and it is feared that some of them will not survive their injuries.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Forecast for Maine New Hampshire and Vermont: Snow and rain; warmer; winds shifting to southerly.

For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Threatening weather and rain; warmer; southerly winds, brisk to high on the coast.

Cautionary signals are displayed from Savannah section to Boston section.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Wallace County bank in Kansas has failed.

Italy is to surrender Gregoire, the Anarchist, to France.

A general strike of the stokers and coal trimmers at Himburg has begun.

Edward Brown, a Bath, Me., man, swung two nine-pound clubs continuously for 6h. 41m.

A New York man had his mother-in-law arrested, because she wouldn't let him hold the baby.

A dispatch from Shanghai announces the death of Prince Chun, the father of the Emperor of China.

Shoe manufacturers in Rochester, N. Y., have taken action which is expected to result in a resumption of work.

The St. Paul road has secured a temporary injunction against the Union Pacific in the Omaha bridge fight.

Beauchemin & Alain's five-story block in Montreal was burned with its contents. The loss is $100,000; insurance $30,000.

The shops of the Illinois steel works, except the blast furnace, have been shut down, throwing 1500 men out of work.

Nihilists have been convicted on evidence secured through the forced confession of one of their number, a young lady.

Mrs. Miles, the wife of the general, is the niece of Gen. and Senator Sherman, and a sister of Senator Cameron's wife.

Three families, numbering twenty persons, on Harrison avenue, were nearly suffocated in Boston by gas leaking from one of the pipes.

The Irrepressible (anti-Parnell organ) points to evidence showing that the lime-throwing incident was used to impress public opinion.

There is no decrease in Russia's expulsion of the Jews, thousands of families being on the move, and the work continuing uninterruptedly.

It is said that if German iron manufacturers want to keep the government trade they must make prices as low as the iron masters in other countries.

The seven-story brick building 241 to 247 Centre street, New York, occupied by various firms, was burned. The total loss on building and contents is estimated at $200,000.

A Washington dispatch says the crusade against the Canadian railroads has begun. They are to be brought under the authority of the interstate commerce commission.

The night mail between Boston and New York has been belated three times out of seven, but this is explained by the occurrence of snowstorms and the increase of holiday freight.

PROSPEROUS TIMES.

Report of the Granite State's Bank Commissioners

SHOWS BIG GROWTH OF BANKS.

Deposits in 1890 Show an Increase of More Than Five Millions in the Deposits—Where the Funds Have Been Invested.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 2.—The board of bank commissioners have issued their annual report on the institutions under their supervision, which include one state bank, seventy-two savings banks, three banks authorized to do a general banking business, seven trust companies, ten building and loan associations under the act of 1887, and one building and loan association under a special charter. Six new savings banks have been organized since the last report three having been chartered as savings banks proper and three as savings banks authorized to do a general banking business. Three new trust companies have been organized under charters granted by the legislature of 1889, making a total of nine additional savings banks and trust companies since the last report.

The total number of banks, trust companies and building and loan associations in the state is ninety-five, a second building and loan association having been recently organized in this city, too late, however, for examination by the commissioners. The aggregate deposits of the seventy-two savings banks, Sept. 30, 1890, were $65,727,019.04, an increase since the last report of $8,426,428.56, the largest increase ever made in a corresponding period in the history of the savings banks of New Hampshire. In addition the savings banks doing a general banking business, and the trust companies, showed on that date $1,045,208 66 of savings deposits, making a total of $66,772,227 70 savings deposits in the savings banks and trust companies of the state.

If the increase continues in the same ratio there will be, April 1, 1891, in the savings banks and trust companies, savings deposits, subject to taxation, to the amount of $70,000,000. The guaranty fund was $3,791,339.34; the surplus and interest were $2,379,046.30 and the total accumulations, $71,910,491.52. The total number of depositors was 159,782, and the average to each depositor was $411.35. If the deposits of the savings banks were equally divided among the population of the state, the division would give to each individual $175 in round numbers. The average last year to each depositor was $395.12, and to each inhabitant $161.41.

As the classification of their securities by the savings banks is not uniform, a comparative table is made from the examinatson papers of the commissioners, which show an increase in deposits of $5,394,425.72; guaranty fund, $503,608.42; surplus and increase, $207,956 80; total liabilities, $5,991,064.32; western farm loans, $1,508,552.79; western city loans, $1,111,905.90; local real estate, $650,004; personal security (local), $550,855.71; personal security (western), $602,959.44; collateral security (local), $151,727.88; collateral security (western), $468.85; miscellaneous bonds and stocks, $1,486,257.20; bank stock, $214,606.38; manufacturing stocks, $34,272.50; real estate purchased for the banks, $24,562 46; cash on hand and on deposit, $117,250.85; total resources, $5,991,064.32. Decrease — Miscellaneous indebtedness, $114,926.62; United States and state bonds, $3090.15; county, city, town and district bonds, $160,519.49; railroad bonds, $196,707; railroad stock, $30,797.40; miscellaneous investments, $38,957.69; real estate by foreclosure, $26,287.71.

The accumulations of the savings banks are invested as follows: In New Hampshire, $20,172,027.38; in New England, $21,998,213.71; out of New England, $46,720,549.78. Of the amount invested out of New England, $25,855,954.65 is in western loans and $20,864,595.13 is in United States, state, county, city, town, district, railroad and miscellaneous bonds and in railroad, bank, manufacturing and miscellaneous stocks.

The aggregate amount of home loans—real estate, personal and collateral—is $15,882,717.81, an increase since the last report of $1,352,587.59, or a little over 9 per cent. The increase in western loans—real estate, personal and collateral—is $3,223,886.98, or a little over 14 per cent. The last report showed an increase in home loans of 10 per cent., and in western loans of 4 per cent.

Spain Considering Reciprocity.

MADRID, Jan. 2.—Negotiations continue between the Spanish government and the delegates who came here recently in the interests of Cuba. The delegates urge the conclusion of a reciprocity treaty between Spain and the United States in regard to Cuba, but demand especially favored treatment for Cuba as regards tobacco. When the delegates have concluded their discussion of the subject with the government officials, Gen. E. Burd Grub, the American minister, will commence negotiations with the government on the same matter.

Suicide Suspected.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 2.—Medical Examiner White announces that the death of Kitty O'Neil, the 16-year-old girl who died in her father's arms suddenly a few days ago, was due to arsenical poisoning. It is thought that the girl committed suicide because of a slight quarrel with her mother.

Record of Fr. Zilliox.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 2.—Jacob Zilliox, DD., O. S. B., the abbot of St. Mary's priory, who was the youngest abbot in the world when appointed to the abbacy in 1885, died of consumption, aged 42 years. He was ordained a priest when only 23 years old, and at the age of 24 was made a doctor of divinity by Pope Pius IX.

Sensational Street Scene.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—James Kohler, a middle-aged German, while crazy drunk, ran amuck on Thirty-ninth street and stabbed four passers by with a butcher knife. He was arrested. None of his victims were severely injured.

Snowing in Iowa.

MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., Jan. 2.—A heavy snow storm prevailed here since 10 o'clock yesterday morning with a very high north wind. About twelve inches of snow has fallen and it is considerably drifted.

Bound, Gagged and Robbed.

OTTUMWA, Ia., Jan. 2.—O. D. Purdy, agent of the American Express company at Albia, was bound and gagged in his office and robbed of $600.

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Nov. 10 tf

COME RIGHT IN

And select one of our Boxes of Cigars. We have the largest stock in the City to select from of

Cigars for the Holiday Trade.

Our Prices are from

ONE DOLLAR TO SEVEN DOLLARS PER BOX.

GEO. F. WILSON & CO.,

108 Hancock Street, Quincy, Mass.

BEST IN THE MARKET!

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, July 9. tf

For Most Popular Wage Earner

THE COUPON

APPEARS TODAY.

START IN EARLY

And Give Your Favorite a Lead

IN THE

POPULARITY CONTEST

FOR THE

EASY CHAIR or GOLD WATCH

Valued at $25.00. Worth at least $25.00.

TO BE GIVEN BY THE

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

AT THE SAME TIME

HELP YOUR FAVORITE NEWSBOY

TO SELL THE MOST PAPERS.

ive Society.
Manager.
ish and Oysters
RICES.
RY BUTTER,
Market.
- - - QUINCY.
tf

HT IN
We have the largest stock in
from of
oliday Trade.
from
DOLLARS PER BOX.
ON & CO.,
Quincy, Mass.

MARKET!
O CASH
N OF THE
T COAL,
cal Coal sold.
& SON.
TCH.]
tf
Wage Earner
DUPON
TODAY.
EARLY
orite a Lead
CONTEST
OLD WATCH
Worth at least $25.00,
THE
LEDGER.
E TIME
TE NEWSBO
T PAPERS.

If you want to drink the Best Coffee, try our
Standard O. G. Java.
We have it blended and roasted expressly for us, and we grind it fresh as ordered.
Price 37c. per lb.
We have several grades that cost less and give good satisfaction, but nothing can beat the Standard O. G. Java Coffee.
PRATT & CURTIS,
25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

QUINCY CAFE,
Chestnut Street, Quincy.
Ice Cream and Sherbets.
MEALS AT ALL HOURS.
Catering for Large and Small Parties, under the personal attention of JOHN H. WALES.
Dec. 12. 1m

BOYS, ATTENTION.
START TODAY!
—to—
A Prize of $10.00
Will be given to the Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS during January and February.
A Prize of $5.00
Will be given to the Newsboy making the second largest sale during the same period.
$5.00 will also be Given
To each boy, including the above, who sells **5000 or more** copies in the two months, an average of 100 per day.
$2.50 will be Given
To all other boys selling 2500 or more copies, an average of 50 per day.
CAUTION!
Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.
—o—
Boys Will be Supplied at 1 1-2 Cents per Copy
BY THE FOLLOWING AGENTS:

HENRY CORAM	West Quincy.
F. E. KIMBALL	West Quincy.
MISS A. A. BARTLETT	Brewer's Corner.
MISS [illegible]	Quincy Point.
[illegible]	Wollaston.
THOM[illegible]EY	Atlantic.
KE[illegible]DALE	East Milton.
H[illegible]INTON	Braintree.
G[illegible]H. HUNT	East Weymouth.

OR AT THE
Daily Ledger Office.
—ii—
Boys or Agents wanting extra papers should give notice before 9 A. M. on the day of publication.

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 2.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1850—Quincy which had heretofore had but one mail a day secured an additional one today.
1850—Rev. Nelson Clark installed as pastor of the Evangelical Congregational Church.
1875—Atlantic depot robbed.
1885—First annual ball of Mt Wollaston Lodge, No. 80, I. O. O. F.
1886—Tide began to ebb at half flood tide.

World Wide.

GEN. WOLFE.

43—Death of Publius Ovidius Naso, Roman poet.
18—Death of Titus Livius, Roman historian.
1721—Birth of John Manners, marquis of Granby; died 1770.
1726—Birth of Gen. James Wolfe; fell at Quebec, 1759.
1797—Birth of Hugh Swinton Legare, of South Carolina, American statesman and man of letters.
1805—Death of Alexander, earl of Rosslyn, lord chancellor of England; born 1733.
1837—Death of Dr. John Mason Good, writer; born 1764.
1839—Death of the Duchess of Wurtemberg, daughter of Louis Philippe; a good sculptor.
1857—Death of Dr. Andrew Ure, Scottish chemist; born 1778.
1861—Death of William IV of Prussia; accession of William I.
1870—Death of ex-Governor John H. Clifford, of Massachusetts, aged 67.
1888—Gen. Isaac R. Trimble died at Baltimore; born 1803.
1888—Joel Parker, ex-governor of New Jersey, died at Trenton; born 1807.

Hiccoughs Extraordinary.

An inhabitant of Meriden, aged 45, a coach painter by trade, has had an attack of hiccough, the like of which has never been known. It lasted without interruption twelve days and nine hours. The doctors consider it very extraordinary that the man has survived, as in the opinion of Hippocrates—disputed by Galen, but generally accepted by the medical profession—no person can have the hiccough for nine days in succession without giving up the ghost with his last hiccough on the ninth day.—El Bilbaino.

A Peculiar Natural Phenomenon.

A curious phenomenon occurred Monday evening in the upper part of the city. About 10 o'clock the almost perfectly clear atmosphere gave way to a sublime-like fog, which settled down very suddenly in a distinct and seemingly solid stratum. The descent was rapid, and every portion of the cloud of vapor reached the earth at the same instant. The phenomenon continued only about five minutes, when the body lifted and disappeared heavenward as rapidly as it had descended.—Albany Argus.

The Story of a Tin Box.

Henry V. Tucker, of Westfield, Conn., lost a year ago a tin box containing $15,000 worth of securities. About the same time a farm hand disappeared, and the two events were supposed to bear an intimate relation. The other day Mr. Tucker found the tin box behind a grain bin in his barn, and it is said its contents were intact.—Philadelphia Ledger.

A Costly Cow.

To prove the ownership of a $15 cow the costs were $75 in Squire Schwab's court Monday afternoon. It took from 2 o'clock to 7 o'clock to examine the seventy-five witnesses. It seems that Frank Groneman, a West End dairyman, lost a cow, and found her in the stables of Fred Koester, his neighbor. A replevin of the animal followed, and the jury gave Groneman his cow, with $1 damages. The cow, covered with ribbons, was hauled in glory to the squire's office.—Cincinnati Times-Star.

A Timely Discovery.

A new insulating material, having all the properties of guttapercha, but with a higher dielectric resistance, is claimed by Dr. Purcell Taylor, of London. It is to be called "purcellite," and is said to be exceedingly tough and elastic, capable of being given any color, and of being made either flexible or rigid, and to be only one-fortieth as expensive as guttapercha.—Arkansaw Traveler.

A Big Sunflower.

The biggest sunflower on record has been raised this year by Mrs. Penchower, of Cloverdale, Colo. The stalk is 6 inches in diameter at the ground, it stands 12 feet high, and the flower measures 9 feet in circumference.—Omaha Bee.

An increase of 256 national banks in the United States is shown by the annual report of the comptroller of the currency during the twelve months which ended Sept. 30. This is the largest number in a single year since 1865. The aggregate capitalization of these new institutions is mostly in the growing regions of the northwest and southwest.

Hannibal Hamlin's extreme age has but slightly bent his tall form, and he still walks down the street with a swinging stride. He is usually attired in the old black swallow tail of ante-bellum style, and he has never discarded the stock and dicky of the old time statesman. His hat is the regulation silk article.

According to The Albany Express a young man arrived in Schenectady, N. Y., last summer seeking employment. For $100 he secured an option on a plot of ground, for which he was to pay $7,650 on Dec. 1. "He has sold one-half his property for $13,000."

A HOUSE WARMING.

Formal Opening of the New Offices of the United Press—General Manager Phillips Delivers an Address.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—The new offices of the United Press in The World building have been formally opened and visited by a large number of people. In concluding a brief address General Manager Phillips said: "A success, however, such as is represented by the United Press as you see it now is never achieved without a struggle of a much more serious character than most men realize. But whatever storms have threatened us in the past we forgot them long ago in the serene consciousness that above us skies were blue, and in the firm belief that prosperity had come into our household as a permanent, and, I need not add, as a most welcome guest. In this cheerful frame of mind, grown now to be especially sunny—encouraged by the victories we have already won and sanguine of even greater triumphs in the future—we welcome you to our new offices.

"Inasmuch as the United Press was the first to lease and operate wires in any general and comprehensive way, the first to report in extenso the proceedings of political conventions and other deliberative bodies in season for afternoon papers, and the first to do half a hundred new things abundantly worth the doing, so it has now perpetuated a consistent and progressive record by being the first to fortify the business of a press association with those modern aids and conveniences and to give it that environment of elegance and good taste which have become familiar to us in the appropriately equipped establishments of the great newspapers, from Boston to San Francisco.

"The proprietors of the towering and substantial monuments to nineteenth century journalism which we find scattered up and down the Pacific coast, as well as along the Atlantic seaboard, and which abound in the interior as plentifully as where the ocean's voice is heard, have certainly followed in a literal sense the heavenly message heard by Dr. Holmes, bidding him to

'Build thee more stately mansions,'

and following the example of these important factors of advanced civilization whose news requirements it is our province, in some measure, to supply, we, too, have learned the lesson which the story of The Chambered Nautilus teaches to all mankind."

In their new home the United Press have the most modern equipments, and surroundings that are almost luxurious.

FIGHT AMONG MINERS.

Row Started by Striking Hungarians Leads to a Bloody Riot.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 2.—The Hungarian furnacemen at the Edgar Thompson Steel works at Braddock, Pa., struck Wednesday night, and yesterday afternoon 200 of them, armed with clubs, picks and shovels, revolvers, bars of iron and every other conceivable weapon, attacked the 100 men remaining at work. The latter stood their ground and a bloody riot was the result. Men were knocked down, clubbed, bruised and unmercifully beaten. Michael Quinn, Andrew Kramer, John Neason and Patrick Briggs, all workmen, were seriously wounded and at least a dozen others more or less injured. Quinn's injuries may result fatally. The police could not quell the disturbance and the sheriff swore in 200 deputies. He will increase the number to 1000 if necessary. He ordered all the saloons in Braddock closed. The feeling against the Hungarians is very bitter and serious trouble is feared. Five of the rioters were arrested and lodged in jail in default of $1000 bail each.

NEW PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Four New England Cities Which May Be Favored Within a Short Time.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Taunton and Haverhill will probably get the necessary appropriation for their new public buildings in the sundry civil bill. There are too many of these buildings whose fate is at stake just now to make it safe for the committee on appropriations to refuse to appropriate. Every member who has a building to provide for will favor immediate appropriation.

Even if the house should refuse to appropriate in the first instance, the senate would probably make the appropriation. It is hardly conceivable that one of these bills will be treated differently from another. If one gets an appropriation they all will, and Taunton, Haverhill, Pawtucket and Lewiston will all see buildings begun within their limits within the coming year.

GEN. SPINNER'S BODY.

It Has Been Embalmed and is Now on the Way to His Old Home.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 2.—The body of Gen. F. E. Spinner was embalmed and sent north to Mohawk, N. Y., for interment. From the undertakers to the station the hearse was under the escort of a special detail of twelve men from O. M. Mitchell post, Grand Army, and was followed by about fifty Grand Army men and members of the Harrison and Morton club. In carriages following the hearse were James M. Schumacher, son-in-law of the deceased, Mayor Patrick McQuaid and other leading citizens. The hearse was draped with the American flag and emblems of mourning. At the late home of deceased memorial services were held. The flags on the public building and on the shipping have in general been at half-mast in respect to the memory of the ex-treasurer.

Parnell and Anti-Parnell.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 2.—While Edward Schoenrig was singing a song at the house of his friend Patrick McLaughlin, the refrain of which was to the effect that Parnell is the best friend Ireland ever had, Patrick Fitzgerald, another visitor, objected to the sentiment, and in the general melee which followed, Schoenrig received a compound fracture of the skull, which the physicians fear will prove fatal. Fitzgerald is in prison charged with inflicting the injuries.

Selectmen Summoned.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 2.—Coroner Mix is to thoroughly investigate the death of Mrs. Caroline Meramble, which was caused by exposure while she was being conveyed to the hospital in this city from Woodbury, a distance of twenty-eight miles, and he has summoned the three selectmen of Woodbury, C. E. Trowbridge, C. H. Miner and W. A. Strong, to come before him.

Disastrous Railway Collision.

MASON CITY, Ia., Jan. 2.—A wreck occurred on the Iowa Central, three miles [illegible] of Oskaloosa. A passenger train [illegible] at the rate of forty miles an hour [illegible] into a standing freight train. Engineer [illegible]ett was fatally injured and several pass[illegible]ol pupil of much[illegible] passenger cars were t[illegible]

EXCITEMENT IN CORK

Over the Refusal of the Use of a Cathedral

FOR A MAYOR'S INSTALLATION

Desperate Struggle Between the Clergy and Parnellites in Prospect—Report That Parnell Agrees to Retire if O'Brien is Put at the Head.

CORK, Jan. 2.—The feud existing between the Irish bishops and the Parnellites, which has been smouldering since the election in North Kilkenny, has again burst forth fiercely and the most bitter feeling prevails on both sides.

Mayor Horgan, an earnest supporter of Parnell and one of the gentlemen who is said to have been prominent in getting up the recent letter to Mr. O'Brien, signed by the mayor and five ex-mayors, was installed at the town hall as mayor of Cork yesterday amid a scene of intense enthusiasm on the part of the Parnellites. On the other hand the anti-Parnellites were conspicuous by their absence.

The absence of Mr. Parnell's opponents from the installation ceremonies did not in any way tend to dampen the enthusiasm of the Parnellites, who were out in strong force, owing, in addition to the fact that they designed to honor Mr. Horgan, to a rumor circulated early in the day that there was trouble brewing for the Parnellite mayor.

This trouble manifested itself when the arrangements were being made during the morning for the customary installation ceremonies at the Catholic cathedral, which has always formed part of the day's proceedings. The Parnellites were then informed, first by rumor and afterward as a positive fact, that the installation ceremonies at the cathedral must be abandoned as the bishop, Rt. Rev. T. A. O'Callahan, refused to receive the Parnellite mayor.

This information was greeted with many signs of indignation by the Parnellites, who are now convinced that the battle with the priesthood is only in its early stages, and that a long and desperate struggle for supremacy between themselves and the priests may be looked forward to throughout Ireland if Mr. Parnell remains at the head of his faction of the Irish party.

CONCERNING THE LEADERSHIP.

A Report That Parnell Will Retire if O'Brien Will Take His Place.

DUBLIN, Jan. 2.—It is understood here that William O'Brien has cabled John Dillon, now in New York, that Mr. Parnell consents to retire if Mr. O'Brien is made leader of the Irish party. It is further understood that the Boulogne conference adjourned in order to await Mr. Dillon's reply to this cable message. It is also reported that Mr. Dillon is consulting with several prominent friends of Ireland who reside in the United States, previous to answering the important question put to him after the close of the conference.

The Insuppressible, the organ of the McCarthyite faction of the Irish party, says: "Mr. Parnell wants no vindication resulting in the annulment of the O'Shea divorce. He intends to marry Mrs. O'Shea when the divorce is made absolute."

The announcement is made that the capital of the new paper of the McCarthyite section of the Irish party has been subscribed.

Mere Conjecture.

PARIS, Jan. 2.—William O'Brien is so annoyed by the false statements made by a news agency as to what did and what did not take place at the conference between the Irish leaders recently held at the Hotel Du Pouvre at Boulogne sur Mer, that he has issued the following statement over his own signature: "In consequence of rumors concerning my alleged views and impressions apropos of the conversation held with Mr. Parnell at Boulogne, I am obliged to again warn the public against crediting such statements, as they are either pure conjectures or fabrications."

Cheers for Parnell.

DUBLIN, Jan. 2.—Lord Mayor Meade was installed here yesterday amid a scene of considerable excitement. Messrs. Sexton and Healy were roundly hissed by the crowds present, and the mention of Mr. Parnell's name was cheered to the echo.

Mrs. O'Shea's Will Suit.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—A denial is given to the story that Mrs. O'Shea had compromised her will suit by accepting the sum of £50,000, and, on the contrary, it is stated that the case will be begun soon after Easter. It is also denied that Mr. Parnell either compiled or witnessed the will.

A Brilliant Gathering.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—New Year's day was observed according to the usual custom in official circles. Notwithstanding the rain, the melting snow and a deep London fog, the scenes at the White House were brilliant and animated. The members of the cabinet, the diplomatic corps, the justices of the supreme court, the army and navy, with their gay uniforms, were out in full force. It was noticeable that there were but few senators and representatives in attendance. The president and his household were in excellent spirits and greeted the guests with cordiality.

These Were Good Indians.

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 2.—Capt. Perry and crew of the American schooner Dare, who were wrecked on Vancouver Island, Dec. 20, have reached here, being brought by post Indians in canoes. The Dare left San Francisco for Tacoma, Dec. 8. The ship broke in two on the rocks. The captain and crew lashed themselves to the centre-board case and drifted ashore in an exhausted condition, where they were kindly cared for by the Indians.

King Menelek Seeks Peace.

ROME, Jan. 2.—The governor of Adowa sent a telegram to King Humbert in which he said it was the earnest desire of King Menelek of Abyssinia to increase and maintain the friendship existing between Ethiopia and Italy for the general advantage of both countries.

Colorado's Precious Metals.

DENVER, Jan. 2.—During 1890 Colorado mines produced $29,881,334, divided as follows: Silver, $20,259,900; gold, $4,512,136; lead, $4,749,852; copper, $359,400.

Mr. Blaine Owned It.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—A house in the extreme northwestern part of the city, owned by Hon. James G. Blaine and leased to Mr. Leiter of Chicago, was partially [illegible] yesterday.

THE INDIAN WAR.

Gen. Miles is in Command, Relieving Gen. Brooke—Burial of the Victims of the Wounded Knee Battle.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 2.—A dispatch to The State Journal from Pine Ridge says: "The Second infantry has received orders to pack their effects and be ready to move. It is rumored that Gen. Brooke has been relieved of his command and ordered home. Gen. Miles will take command in person and conduct all operations in the future. The funeral of the soldiers killed in Monday's battle occurred yesterday.

OMAHA, Jan. 2.—A special to The Bee from Pine Ridge Agency, says: Gen. Miles has assumed command of the forces here, relieving Gen. Brooke, who started into the field with the Second infantry, going by way of Oelrich's to a point some fifteen miles north of here.

A Pathetic Scene.

The funeral of thirty of the soldiers who were killed in the bloody encounter at Wounded Knee took place at Pine Ridge agency in a blinding storm. Fifteen wagons bore the rudely coffined dead, and the escort included the surviving members of company F, Seventh cavalry, to which the dead belonged. The burial was in the little cemetery on a hill overlooking the agency, the graves being in rows of six. After the reading of the funeral service by Rev. Mr. Cook, the Episcopal clergyman here, the bodies were lowered into the graves. The usual salute of guns was omitted on account of the threatening position of the Indians, while soft notes from the bugle amid the wail of the storm whispered the last loving good bye.

The remains of Capt. Wallace will be sent to Fort Riley, Kan., for interment. These of Capt. Mills, who was found dead in his tent from rheumatism of the heart, from which he has been a sufferer for a long time, were sent to Omaha.

Crazy Kickapoos.

HIAWATHA, Kan., Jan. 2.—The Kickapoo Indians began a ghost dance on their reservation near here on Sunday, and have been at it ever since. One of their number fell dead from exhaustion yesterday. No trouble is expected to result from their fanaticism.

THE MUDDLE IN THE SENATE.

The Vice President Makes a Decision Which Creates Excitement.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—A canvass of the Republican senators shows that only four of the number are pronounced against the cloture rule and election bill. They are the two senators from Colorado, Stewart of Nevada and Washburn of Minnesota. The other silver senators, though they do not think it wise or expedient to press the election bill or a change of the rule, will stand by the party and vote with the majority. It has been deemed advisable, however, before bringing up the the cloture rule, that a conference should be held to determine upon a line of action in pressing this measure.

There is still some uncertainty as to the vice president's attitude toward the proposed change of rules. His ruling that an appeal was debatable surprised the Republican leaders. If this ruling is to stand, the main points of the Republican plan falls to the ground. It is with a view of settling the matters of parliamentary procedure that the caucus is to be held. Unless an understanding can be arrived at and parliamentary means found to be used in enforcing the rule, it will be useless to proceed, and the whole program may as well be abandoned.

TROUBLE NOT ANTICIPATED,

But Portugal Will Be Ready to Meet England if Need Be.

LISBON, Jan. 2.—The newspaper O Tempo announces that Senhor A. J. Ennes, minister of marine and colonies, recently gave audience to forty officers who had enlisted for service in the projected East African expedition. The same journal also says that in replying to and expressing his thanks for a patriotic address with which the officers presented him, Senhor Ennes said he was gratified at their enthusiasm, but that there was no reason to believe that Portugal's relations with England had recently become less cordial. There was no cause for such belief, although the British East African company has entered Portuguese territory. There was hope that a struggle with the British company would be unnecessary, but O Tempo reports the minister as having added: "The modus vivendi with England expires in May, and we must be ready for every contingency."

A QUAKER CITY SOCIETY EVENT.

An Accomplished Young Lady Weds a Distinguished Japanese.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 2.—The marriage of Miss Mary Elkinton, the accomplished daughter of James S. Elkinton, a prominent member of the Society of Friends, and Inazo Nitobe, a young Japanese well known in social circles, took place at the Friends' meeting-house. A reception followed at the residence of William Elkinton, a brother of the bride. Mr. Nitobe is about 30 years old and his family is among the most distinguished and wealthy in Japan. For six years he has been traveling through Europe and America studying to fit himself to occupy an important government office. He is a graduate of Harvard college and of a German university. Mr. and Mrs. Nitobe will leave in a few days for San Francisco, from which port they will sail on Jan. 17 by steamer for Yokohama, Japan, their ultimate destination being Sapporo.

A Wonderful Performance.

AUBURN, N. Y., Jan. 2.—Frank Hudson of this city broke the world's record at jumping the rope, making 2000 skips without a break in 14m. 30s. The exhibition took place in the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium here in the presence of a number of local athletes and reporters. The best previous record was made by P. L. Sweeney of Newport, R. I., who made 1527 skips without a break.

Speedy Vengeance.

MARLIN, Tex., Jan. 2.—Mrs. J. Fisher, daughter of County Treasurer Miller, living near Lang Station, Falls county, was brutally assaulted and left for dead. Her assailant was a young negro whose object was robbery. A posse of 200 citizens captured the negro, who, confessing to the assault, was hanged on a tree.

Cyclone in Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 2.—A cyclone struck Deachi, a small town on the Shreveport and Houston railroad. The Masonic hall and postoffice and several stores were demolished. The Spencer house and a number of dwellings were more or less damaged. No lives were lost. The damage is estimated at $20,000.

The Boston city registrar issued 6028 intentions of marriage in 1890 as against 5802 in 1889 and 5506 in 1888. The number of marriage licenses issued during Christmas week in 1889 was 145 as against 153 in 1890.

"Little Monitor."
The Best School Shoe for Misses and Children.
Saville & Jones.

A PERFECT MAGAZINE.
A copy of the
BOSTON SUNDAY HERALD,
Exclusive of advertisements, contains twice as much reading matter as either Harper's, Scribner's or Century Magazines, of a quality equally as good, for the small price of five cents.
SEE *Saturday's Boston Herald for the contents of next Sunday's Herald.*
The ablest and cleanest Newspaper published in New England. No Objectionable News or Advertising.
Just the Paper for your Family to read.

Old Colony.

On and after Oct. 13, 1890. Trains Leave

QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.11, 6.55, 7.27, 7.33, 7.38, 7.52, 8.12, 8.34, 8.40, 9.18, 9.59, 10.38, 10.57 A. M.; 12.05, 1.02, 1.17, 1.42, 2.50, 4.00, 4.07, 4.48, 4.57, 5.33, 5.40, 6.14, 7.05, 7.10, 8.11, 9.06, 10.19, 10.24 P. M. **SUNDAY**—9.19, 9.31 A. M.; 1.46, 5.53, 6.15, 7.25, 8.14, 9.16, 11.01 P. M.

RETURN.—5.45, 6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 10.05, 11.02 A. M.; 12.00 M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.30, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4.42, 5.10, 5.33, 6.00, 6.07 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 8.15, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY**—8.30, 9.00, 9.15, A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 5.45, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

WOLLASTON HEIGHTS FOR BOSTON.—6.14, 6.59, 7.37, 7.41, 8.15, 8.46, 9.21, 10.02, 11.00 A. M.; 12.08, 1.05, 1.45, 2.53, 4.11, 5.00, 5.43, 6.18, 7.14, 8.15, 9.09, 10.28 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.34 A. M.; 1.49, 6.19, 9.20, 11.04 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02 A. M.; 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.07, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR BOSTON.—6.19, 7.02, 7.16, 7.44, 8.05, 9.24, 10.04, 11.15 A. M.; 12.11, 1.22, 1.56, 2.56, 4.15, 5.48, 6.31, 7.12, 7.17, 8.18, 9.12, 10.31 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.37 A. M.; 1.52, 6.22, 9.23, 11.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 6.45, 7.35, 8.00, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02 A. M.; 12.02, 12.30, 1.15, 1.55, 2.25, 3.12, 4.18, 4.22, 4.42, 5.33, 5.40, 6.15, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

QUINCY ADAMS FOR BOSTON.—6.07, 6.51, 7.23, 7.35, 8.08, 9.15, 9.56, 10.54 A. M.; 12.02, 1.38, 2.46, 4.03, 5.37, 6.11, 7.07, 8.07, 9.03, 10.21 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.27 A. M.; 1.42, 6.11, 9.12, 10.57 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 9.40, 11.02 A. M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 3.12, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.00, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

WEST QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.08, 7.05, 7.54, 9.11, 11.04 A. M.; 1.46, 3.45, 5.27, 6.20, 10.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25, 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

EAST MILTON FOR BOSTON—6.12, 7.09, 7.58, 9.15, 11.08 A. M.; 1.50, 3.55, 5.31, 6.24, 10.11 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR EAST MILTON AND WEST QUINCY.—6.48, 8.17, 10.00 A. M.; 12.50, 2.40, 4.42, 5.50, 6.42, 8.14 P. M.

GEO. L. CONNOR,
Gen'l Pass'r Agt.
J. R. KENDRICK,
General Manager.

N. CURTIS & CO.'S
Fine Shoes at
Saville & Jones'.

OLD PAPERS
—FOR SALE—
10 cts. a Hundred,
At the LEDGER OFFICE.

C. S. Hubbard

HAS A

SMALL QUANTITY

OF

CHRISTMAS GOODS

Which she will sell at

Extremely Low Prices !

If you want a Bargain

CALL AT

158 Hancock St., QUINCY.

Of Course

The Ladies would like a Rubber Shoe which will not break or slip at the heel. Try the

"B. & L. HOLDFAST."

We have all Widths and Sizes.

Saville & Jones.

LOST.

LOST,—Between East Braintree station and Pleasant street, South Quincy, a light beaver boa, short and flat, with tail ends. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at No. 11 Pleasant street, or with Penniman, Quincy station. A. D. PENNIMAN. Quincy, Dec. 29-tf

WANTED.

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

WANTED,—A situation for general housework by a capable girl; can give good recommendations. Apply at 5 Wibird street. Quincy, Dec. 30. 3t*

TO LET.

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.

Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms.

Apply to HENRY H. FAXON.
Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—A large unfurnished Room, suitable for doctor or lawyer. For further particulars enquire on the premises, of N. A. WILD, 58 Water street. Dec. 24—tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms To Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

FOR SALE CHEAP.

ONE Pair of Box Runners nearly new. Also one second-hand Pung in good repair. Apply to
CHARLES L. PRESCOTT,
North street.
Quincy, Jan. 2. pltf

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately.
Apply to
JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.
Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

BLANKET LINED
Canvas Jackets
— AT —
Saville & Jones'.

MORE BOYS WANTED
to sell the
QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.
See Prizes Offered.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree
M. K Pratt.	Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 2.

High water at 4.00 A. M. and 4.15 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.14; Sets at 4.23.
Moon rises 11.37 P. M.
Last quarter Jan. 3, 5.12 A. M.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

Warm rain !

Wheels are out !

Slippery walking !

The sleighing has received a set back.

F. Wilkins has been granted a pension.

Forty years ago Quincy had but one mail to and from Boston. What a change!

Mr. Miller, of the firm of Thomas & Miller, was caned last evening, the article being a gold-headed one, given him by his employes.

The inquest on the death of Martin Nichols of Cohasset who was killed by the cars Dec. 15, 1890, was held before Judge Humphrey this morning.

A party of some twenty well known West Quincy ladies and gentlemen participated in a sleighing party to Brighton, where supper was enjoyed.

Mr. and Mrs. Jonas Shackley celebrated the 37th anniversary of their marriage last evening by entertaining the members of the West Quincy Methodist social union.

Friends of Joseph Walker, formerly a resident of Water street in this city, have received intelligence of the death of his son Hugh a boy about twelve years of age.

If you notice one of our West Quincy business men with a black eye, do not imagine he has been fighting, for it was only a stick of wood which flew up and hit him.

At the meeting of Granite Commandery, No. 36, P. F. Y. B. O. held on Wednesday evening, Dec. 31st, there were six initiations, and five new applications for membership.

Those of our readers wishing to purchase nice oranges should call at the residence of I. M. Holt on Walnut street. They are large and sweet, direct from Mr. Holt's orange grove in Florida.

'Tis too bad the weather is so stormy, and many will be disappointed, who had expressed a wish to hear the Temple Quartette at the Unitarian chapel this evening. They are very fine singers, and it will well pay any one to go, who can conveniently.

The installation of the officers of Wollaston Lodge Knights of Honor by District Deputy Grand Dictator Hersey, will take place on Monday evening. After the installation, supper will be served in the Perry hall. Speeches will be made by all of the prominent members of that order, in Wollaston.

A very pleasant sociable was held in the new Baptist chapel, at Wollaston, on Thursday evening. The supper, which was served at seven o'clock, was followed after an hours social chat by a short entertainment consisting of a a flute solo, by Miss Ripley with a piano accompaniment by Miss Florence G. Olney, and a recitation by Miss Fannie Beckwith.

The Sunday school of St. Mary's church, West Quincy, celebrated Christmas Thursday. In the afternoon the younger scholars gathered at the church, and after an entertainment of a nature calculated to please, they were given presents. In the evening the older scholars gathered and they were also treated to an interesting entertainment, and received their Christmas gifts,

Funeral services over the remains of the late Edward L. Russell was held Thursday at 2.30 o'clock, at the residence of his parents on Winthrop avenue, Wollaston. Rev. Mr. Hornbroke of Newton and Rev. D. M. Wilson of Quincy, officiating. The services were attended by a large number of his friends and associates. There was a large display of floral pieces which were very handsome. The burial was at Mt. Wollaston cemetery.

MARRIED.

CAMERON—LOCKIE—In Boston, Dec. 31, by Rev. Jonathan Neal, Mr. William Cameron of Quincy to Miss Janet Lockie of Boston.

HAYDEN—CALDWELL—In East Milton Jan. 1, by Rev. Nathaniel Hunt, Mr. Samuel T. Hayden to Miss Lizzie M. Caldwell, both of Quincy Point.

DIED.

TURLEY—In Quincy, Jan. 1st, Mr. John F. Turley, aged 43 years, 11 months and 9 days.

CADEN—In Quincy, Jan. 1st, Mrs. Ann Caden, aged 72 years.

90 VOTES.

Nearly One-half for Henry W. Tirrell.

Who Takes the Lead in the Ledger Popularity Contest.

First Vote Received Was for George E Sanborn.

The interest in the LEDGER popularity contest is fully as great as was anticipated. There was an extra demand for the papers and while only 90 coupons have found their way back to the office it is safe to say 500 have been saved and will make their appearance later.

With one exception, that of Mr. H. W. Tirrell, the leader, the vote is scattering and is divided among 20 candidates, whose totals are from 1 to 5.

The first vote received was for Mr. George E. Sanborn, employed at the Boston Branch Grocery, which came at 3 P. M., shortly after the paper went to press.

Coupons may be forwarded by mail, brought in person, or deposited in the LEDGER news boxes, which are conveniently located in each village.

Mr. Henry W. Tirrell, the leader, is employed at the boot and shoe store of John Page. He is a popular young man and son of Mr. Quincy Tirrell, an ex-tax collector of Quincy. City Messenger Tirrell is his brother. Go in, Henry; you have got a good lead.

Today's summary includes all votes received previous to noon today, but hereafter votes received after 8 A. M. will not be included in the summary of that day.

NAME.	EMPLOYED AT	VOTE
Henry W. Tirrell,	John Page's	41
Miss Souther,	Quincy post-office	5
Frank W. Folsom,	Miller & Luce's	5
Galen V. Bowditch,	E. Packard & Co.'s	4
Miss McPhail,	J. F. Sheppard & Sons	4
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's	4
Robert Foy,	Pratt & Curtis'	3
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's	3
Henry A. Willey,	McDonnell & Sons	3
Miss Kittredge,	Quincy Point post-office	3
Miss Goodridge,	Miss C. S. Hubbard's	2
Frank Perkins,	C. W. Guy's	2
Miss Blake,	Clapp Bros	2
Wendell T. Dizer,	M. T. Dizer & Co., Weymouth	2
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's	1
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's	1
Miss McGovern,	Gas Light Co	1
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's	1
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's	1
Frank Revere,	John Hall's	1
George Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones	1

The standing of the newsboys will always be one day behind, as returns are not made until after the paper goes to press the following day. Tomorrow will be given the summary of Thursday's sales.

The coupon appears on the second page.

LADIES ENTERTAIN.

The Clan McGregor Literary and Debating Society Last Evening.

The members of the Clan McGregor Literary and Debating Society were entertained in a royal manner Thursday evening at Doble's hall, by the ladies.

The affair which was under the management of Miss L. Mason, was one of the most enjoyable of the season and reflects great credit upon Miss Mason for so successfully engineering it.

The festivities commenced at 7 o'clock by a short but interesting entertainment, the following being the programme:

Addresses of welcome, Miss L. Mason.
Song and chorus, "A Guid New Year," The ladies.
Piano Solo, Miss L. Mason.
Solo, Mrs. A. C. Smith.
Reading, Miss M, Ellis.
Duet, Misses B. and A. Smith.
Solo, Miss L. Mason.
Solo, Mrs. J. Smith.
Reading, Miss F. Mason.
Solo, Mrs. A. C. Smith.
Piano duet, Misses L. and F. Mason.
Duet, Misses B. and A. Smith.
Recitation, Miss L. Mason.
Chorus, America, Audience.

The entertainment over, an adjournment was made to the banquet room where one of Caterer Wales' best was enjoyed. Then the floor was cleared and dancing was in order. Miss M. Ellis officiating as floor directress, being ably assisted by Miss B. Smith and Miss Annie Smith.

At 11.30 o'clock the affair came to an end and ye lads and lasses left for home wishing each other many a happy New Year.

QUINCY COURT.

Charles Mangt, of Quincy, drunk, $10.

John J. Harris, Jr., of Quincy, charged with being drunk, was found not guilty and discharged.

Too Late to Contest.

It is now too late for any candidate at the recent city election to contest the election, the time limit of thirty days for petition having expired Thursday night. As the law is interpreted City Clerk Spear is at liberty to destroy the ballots, and will probably do so before the new City Council meets on Monday.

It would now appear that a new election in the case of both ties for Councilmen is inevitable, and it will be among the first business of the new Council to order a new election.

Good Braintree Scholars.

The pupils of Pond Primary school whose names are on the roll of honor for the month ending December 19, are as follows:

FOURTH GRADE.	THIRD GRADE.
Mabel Boyer,	Sadie Cullinan,
Mabel Mann,	Lulu Hollis,
Lillie Dustin,	Florence Killian.
Edith Jackson,	Mildred McGlauflin,
Ella Oliver,	Ellis Dyer,
Bernice Wright,	John Goodnow,
Lillie Hollis,	Ralph McGlauflin,
Gracie Holland,	Charlie Smart,
Clifton Bestick,	Harry C. Snow,
James Cuff,	Howard Saunders,
Eddie Dee.	Thurlow Torrey,
Harry S. Snow,	Dallas Willis.

Should be Good.

Quincy is justified in asking permission of the legislature to borrow $500,000 to establish new water works. Henry Faxon has not preached cold water in that town all these years in vain.—*Record.*

$1.50

Will buy a FIRST-CLASS

Working Shoe

at

Saville & Jones'.

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING, QUINCY AVENUE.

Nov. 13. 3 mos

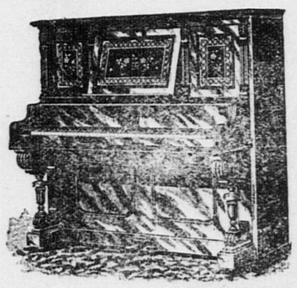
Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.

Boston, Nov. 5. tf

Pianos and Organs.



R. D. CHASE,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, - - Quincy.

Dec. 2). tf

THE ONLY PLACE IN QUINCY

To get the Famous

Lebanon Overalls and Jumpers

is at

SAVILLE & JONES'.

MAKE HENS LAY.

Sheridan's Condition Powder.

Nothing on earth will make hens lay like it. H... concentrated. One ounce is worth a pound ... other kind. Given in the food once daily ... diseases; worth its weight in gold to ... healthy. Testimonials Sent Free. Sold ... or sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps ... mail, $1.20. Six cans ex... S. JOHNSON & ... St., Boston

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another instalment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list includes all whose surname begins with "Pl" or "Po."

WARD ONE.

To Whom Taxed.		Value.	Tax.
Plumer, Thomas H.	Money, stocks, bonds and income,	$15,000	
	Carriage,	50	
	House on Hancock street,	2,700	
	Stable,	600	
	Store, (Furnald),	1,000	
	Block,	5,000	
	Land, 33,600 feet,	6,650	423 60
Pope, Ozias, heirs of.	House on Chestnut street,	1,000	
	Land, 16,610 feet,	2,000	40 80
Porter, Charles H.	Money, stocks, bonds and income,	2,000	
	Horse,	50	
	Carriages,	250	
	House on Hancock street,	3,000	
	Land, 15,502 feet,	1,700	
	House on Adams street,	4,000	
	Stable,	600	
	Land, 31,400 feet,	4,500	220 96
Porterfield, Mrs. B.	Stock in trade,	750	10 20

WARD TWO.

Pope, Susan and Sarah A.	House on Elm street,	700	
	House on Elm street,	2,100	
	Land, 33,070 feet,	2,300	69 36

WARD THREE.

* * * * * *

WARD FOUR.

Powell, Thomas, estate of.	House on Town hill,	700	
	House on Town hill,	1,000	
	Land, 16,330 feet,	1,000	36 72

WARD FIVE.

Polson, Richard.	Money, stocks, bonds and income,	500	
	House on Prospect street,	3,500	
	Land, 22,680 feet,	2,000	
	Land on Beach street, 10,307 feet,	400	
	Land on Beach street, 16,778 feet,	850	
	Land on Old Colony avenue, 9,899 feet,	600	
	Land on Old Colony avenue, 9,143 feet,	550	116 24

WARD SIX.

Pope, Everett M.	House on Billings street,	1,800	
	Land, 9,000 feet,	550	33 99
Pope, Mrs. Hannah C.	House on Sqantum street,	2,400	
	Stable,	800	
	Land, 5 acres,	3,500	
	Two houses on Squantum street,	1,400	
	Farm house and small house,	1,200	
	Barn,	400	
	Farming land, 24 1-2 acres,	8,500	
	House on Atlantic street,	2,000	
	Stable,	300	
	Land, 40,000 feet,	1,500	
	Stump meadow, 11 acres,	900	
	Hummock, 3 acres,	1,000	
	Salt marsh, 14 1-4 acres,	850	
	Salt marsh, 18 acres,	1,100	
	Factory building,	4,500	412 76
Pope, Holly K.	House on Squantum street,	2,500	
	Stable,	800	
	Land, 5 acres,	3,000	85 68
Pope, Mrs. Jane M.	Cow,	50	
	House on Squantum street,	700	
	Land, 4 acres,	1,000	
	House on Squantum street,	1,200	
	Land, 6 acres,	1,900	
	Barn,	1,000	
	Carriage,	100	
	Pasture, 25 acres,	4,400	140 76
Pope, Mrs. Rebecca C.	Land on Billings street, 9,835 feet,	6,000	8 16

MEN'S ARCTICS, - - - - 85 Cents.
LADIES' " - - - - 65 "
BOYS' " - - - - 65 "
MEN'S RUBBERS, - - - - 50 "

— AT —

JAMES O'DONOVAN'S NEW SHOE STORE,

94 HANCOCK STREET. TIRRELL'S BLOCK.

JOB PRINTING

At the Patriot Office.

PRAY FOR THE DEAD.

Oh! pray, pray for the dead!
Kneel in thought where the withered grasses
Rustling sway o'er a once bright head;
Summer dies, and the dying flowers
Sigh, "Remember your loved and dead!"
Fading, fluttering, whirling, falling,
Leaves come down with a sob of pain,
Come to cover the dear ones lying
Under the cold November rain;
Cold as clay when the soul has fled:
Oh! pray, pray for the dead!

Oh! pray, pray for the dead!
Every second death is calling,
Dear ones fall like the autumn leaves;
Where's the grove that has lost no garland?
Where's the home where no mourner grieves?
Grieves for those who, perhaps in anguish,
Barred from glory are doomed to roam,
Voiceless, helpless. Oh, you loved them!
Beg our Father to call them home,
Home from suffering, darkness, dread;
Oh! pray, pray for the dead!

Oh! pray, pray for the dead!
Pray for those whom the yawning billows
Swallowed down in their fearful wrath,
Those who, scorched by the breath of fever,
Fell like grass in the mower's path;
Those who dropped by the way unnoticed,
Those who died in the battle's din;
All are loved by our Lord, and holy,
All must suffer who stoop to sin;
Plead for rest for each weary head,
Oh! pray, pray for the dead!

Oh! pray, pray for the dead!
Buried friends, can we e'er forget you,
You who felt for our weal or woe?
God be with you, our silent sleepers,
Lying under the turf so low!
Useless, vain is our weak bewailing,
Vain are murmur and sob and tear;
What, oh, what can our grief avail you,
Lifeless dust that was once so dear?
Hark! a sigh from each lowly bed:
Oh! pray, pray for the dead!

—Michigan Catholic.

Not Taking Small Tips.

A gentleman who is not averse to tipping a waiter when he happens to have the requisite small change had a curious experience in a well patronized restaurant in Sixth avenue a few nights ago. He took his wife into the restaurant after the theatre and enjoyed refreshments, the cost of which footed up $1.95. He had not a penny of change, and he handed his waiter a two dollar bill with which to pay his check. Without waiting for the five cents change he started to leave the place. His wife and himself had got as far as the door when the waiter overtook them and tendered the gentleman a nickel. "Oh! keep that," said the man indifferently. "No, thank you, sir," said the waiter very politely, "I beg your pardon, but I cannot accept it."

"Why not?" said the gentleman somewhat impatiently.

"Because, sir, I am not allowed to take a tip of less than ten cents. The waiters here have a pool, and one of the rules is that no member of the pool shall take less than a dime by way of a tip." The gentleman, somewhat embarrassed, explained that the nickel was the only bit of change that he had, whereupon the waiter blandly remarked, "Oh, that is all right, sir; you can hand it to me the next time you come in."—New York Times.

Singular Ways of Office Seekers.

"It's a curious world," sighed a Georgia politician, as he knocked the ashes from his cigar and gazed thoughtfully out of the hotel window.

"In what way?" asked his companion.

"Well, politically," was the reply. "I know a dozen men in my county who have left home, wife, children, business, to run after a miserable county office which isn't worth $300 a year. And for such an office they are willing to pay $500!"

"By the way, colonel," said his companion, "what office are you running for now?"

"Coroner, sir," shouted the colonel with great enthusiasm, "and I'll have it if it costs me $1,000."—Atlanta Constitution.

Style in the Bedroom.

The latest fad of wealthy and fastidious ladies is a craze, not for crazy quilts, but silk sheets daintily embroidered. Sachets filled with some delicate perfume are fastened in the corners, and a flower corresponding to the one with which the sachets are filled is embroidered over the sheet. Old fashioned "puffs" or eiderdown quilts are filled inside with delicate perfumes, and one reclines not on but under a bed of roses. A new bedspread in marked contrast is made of coarse linen sheeting, embroidered all over in gold colored silk in bold, conventional designs, wrought in the longstem stitch known to our grandmothers.—New York Ledger.

Miss Ives.

Alice E. Ives, the author of the much discussed article on "The Domestic Purse Strings," has taken up her residence in this city. She is a bright little woman, with ideas and opinions of her own about social and political economics and other topics which are too knotty for most of our women. She is a rapid talker, talks well, and delivers an opinion with all the dignity of an august judge upon the woolsack. Miss Ives is a Detroiter, and won her literary spurs as a contributor to The Free Press and Journal of that city.—New York World.

It is claimed that the first silver mines worked in the United States by Europeans are situated in the mountains near Tucson, and although they are represented to have been so securely hidden by the Jesuits ere they were driven from the country that their location is now unknown, tradition says that some of them were marvelously rich.

Mr. Kirk Munroe lives in an earthly paradise which he discovered for himself at the extremity of Florida, almost at the very front gate of Cuba, and far from the haunts of tourists and winter settlers, who now threaten to follow him over a new railroad and turn his solitude into a fashionable settlement, to his great dismay.

When in his laboratory Edison usually wears a shabby gray coat that conceals his identity very effectively from the chance visitor. He is more powerfully built than most people would consider him to be. His head and neck are both unusually large, and his deep chest supports a pair of very broad sh...

PRAY FOR THE DEAD.

pray, pray for the dead!
eel in thought where the withered grasses
ling sway o'er a once bright head;
mmer dies, and the dying flowers
, "Remember your loved and dead!"
ding, fluttering, whirling, falling,
es come down with a sob of pain,
me to cover the dear ones lying
er the cold November rain;
ld as clay when the soul has fled:
! pray, pray for the dead!

pray, pray for the dead!
very second death is calling,
r ones fall like the autumn leaves;
There's the grove that has lost no garland?
ere's the home where no mourner grieves?
rieves for those who, perhaps in anguish,
red from glory are doomed to roam,
peiceless, helpless. Oh, you loved them!
our Father to call them home,
ome from suffering, darkness, dread;
h! pray, pray for the dead!

pray, pray for the dead!
ray for those whom the yawning billows
llowed down in their fearful wrath,
hose who, scorched by the breath of fever,
like grass in the mower's path;
hose who dropped by the way unnoticed,
ee who died in the battle's din;
ll are loved by our Lord, and holy.
must suffer who stoop to sin;
ead for rest for each weary head,
h: pray, pray for the dead!

pray, pray for the dead:
uried friends, can we e'er forget you.
who felt for our weal or woe?
od be with you, our silent sleepers,
ng under the turf so low!
seless, vain is our weak bewailing,
n are murmur and sob and tear;
What, oh, what can our grief avail you,
eless dust that was once so dear?
ark! a sigh from each lowly bed:
h! pray, pray for the dead!
—Michigan Catholic.

Not Taking Small Tips.

gentleman who is not averse to
ing a waiter when he happens to
the requisite small change had a
ous experience in a well patronized
urant in Sixth avenue a few nights
He took his wife into the restau-
after the theatre and enjoyed re
nments, the cost of which footed up
. He had not a penny of change,
he handed his waiter a two dollar
with which to pay his check. With-
waiting for the five cents change he
ed to leave the place. His wife and
self had got as far as the door when
waiter overtook them and tendered
gentleman a nickel. "Oh! keep
," said the man indifferently. "No,
k you, sir," said the waiter very
ely, "I beg your pardon, but I can-
accept it."
Why not?" said the gentleman some-
t impatiently.
Because, sir, I am not allowed to
a tip of less than ten cents. The
ers here have a pool, and one of the
s is that no member of the pool shall
less than a dime by way of a tip."
gentleman, somewhat embarrassed,
mined that the nickel was the only
of change that he had, whereupon
waiter blandly remarked, "Oh, that
l right, sir; you can hand it to me
next time you come in."—New York
es.

Singular Ways of Office Seekers.

It's a curious world," sighed a Georgia
tician, as he knocked the ashes from
igar and gazed thoughtfully out of
hotel window.
In what way?" asked his companion.
Well, politically," was the reply. "I
w a dozen men in my county who
e left home, wife, children, business,
n after a miserable county office
ch isn't worth $300 a year. And for
an office they are willing to pay
!"
By the way, colonel," said his com
on, "what office [illegible] you running for
?"
Coroner, sir," shouted the colonel
great enthusiasm, "and I'll have it
costs me $1,000."—Atlanta Con-
tion.

Style in the Bedroom.

he latest fad of wealthy and fastidi-
ladies is a craze, not for crazy quilts,
silk sheets daintily embroidered.
hets filled with some delicate per-
e are fastened in the corners, and a
er corresponding to the one with
ch the sachets are filled is embroid-
over the sheet. Old fashioned
ffs" or eiderdown quilts are filled
le with delicate perfumes, and one
ines not on but under a bed of roses.
ew bedspread in marked contrast is
le of coarse linen sheeting, embroid-
all over in gold colored silk in bold,
ventional designs, wrought in the
stem stitch known to our grand-
hers.—New York Ledger.

Miss Ives.

lice E. Ives, the author of the much
ussed article on "The Domestic Purse
ngs," has taken up her residence in
city. She is a bright little woman,
h ideas and opinions of her own about
al and political economics and other
cs which are too knotty for most of
women. She is a rapid talker, talks
, and delivers an opinion with all
dignity of an august judge upon the
slack. Miss Ives is a Detroiter, and
her literary spurs as a contributor
The Free Press and Journal of that
.—New York World.

t is claimed that the first silver mines
rked in the United States by Euro-
ns are situated in the mountains near
eson, and although they are repre-
ted to have been so securely hidden
the Jesuits as they were driven from
country that their location is now
known, tradition says that some of
m were marvelously rich.

Mr. Kirk Munroe lives in an earthly
radise which he discovered for himself
the extremity of Florida, almost at
very front gate of Cuba, and far
m the haunts of tourists and winter
tlers, who now threaten to follow him
r a new railroad and turn his soli-
le into a fashionable residence, to his
at dismay.

When in his laboratory Edison usually
ars a shabby gray coat that conceals
identity very effectively from the
ance visitor. He is more powerfully
lt than most people would consider
to be. His head and neck are both
usually large, and his deep chest sup-
rts a pair of very broad sh[illegible]

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 3. QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, JANUARY 3, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

FAXON HALL, QUINCY,

Jan. 7th, 8th and 9th, 1891,

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

QUINCY CITY HOSPITAL,

GRAND PRODUCTION

OF COOLIDGE AND SURETTE'S

Comic Opera,

PRISCILLA,

OR THE

PILGRIM'S PROXY,

Great Cast! Fine Chorus!

Elaborate Appointments!

CAST OF CHARACTERS.

PRISCILLA, the Pretty Pilgrim.....MRS. ALICE MAY BATES RICE
RESIGNATION, a Middle-aged Spinster.....MISS AUGUSTA BATES
BARBARA.....MRS. W. M. PACKARD
FAITH.....MISS MAY V. HASTINGS
PRUDENCE.....MISS GRACE PETTENGILL
MYLES STANDISH, the Doughty Captain.....DR. GEORGE B. RICE
JOHN ALDEN, the Friend in Need.....MR. J. C. BARTLETT
WILLIAM BRADFORD, Governor of New Plymouth....MR. EDWARD PRESTON
HATEBAD HIGGINS, Agent of the Good Ship Mayflower, and President of "Ancestral Relick and Antiquated Heirloom Co., limited"....MR. W. H. DODD
SQUANTO, a Reformed Red Man.....MR. EVERETT SIMMONS

ACT. I. Leyden street, Plymouth.
ACT. II. Exterior of Priscilla's Cottage, and view of Plymouth harbor, period about 1623.

Correct Costumes by Raymond.

Special Scenery by Story.

Wigs and Makeups by Rothe.

Director, - - - - C. E. MACOMBER of Boston.
Stage Manager, - - - - W. H. DODD of Boston.

☞ Opening sale of Tickets at Durgin's Drug Store, Dec. 29th, at 10 A. M.

Quincy, Dec. 27. p,2w—1,29th,6t

Bargains in Every Department.

SUITS and OVERCOATS

AT

LOWEST PRICES!

QUINCY

One Price Clothing Company.

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

JOB PRINTING

At the Patriot Office.

GOOD SHOWING.

Quincy's Valuation Increasing Rapidly.

11th Among 25 Cities in Amount of Increase in 1890.

Many Larger Cities Did Not Gain Half As Much as Did Quincy.

There is in the annual report of polls, property and taxes assessed May 1, 1890, as submitted by the Secretary of State to the Legislature, a table which is pleasing t Quincy. It is a summary, giving the increase in valuation of each city of the commonwealth, for the year ending May 1, 1890.

Quincy as we all know is among the smallest cities of Massachusetts, yet see where she stands in the table below:

Rank in Population.	City.	Increase in Valuation.
1,	Boston,	$26,608,056
2,	Worcester,	4,065,359
4,	Fall River,	3,632,767
10,	Somerville,	2,552,900
8,	Springfield,	2,420,058
5,	Cambridge,	2,339,125
3,	Lowell,	2,304,380
9,	New Bedford,	2,222,088
15,	Brockton,	1,715,059
17,	Newton,	1,504,352
22,	Quincy,	1,358,165
21,	Waltham,	1,252,384
18,	Malden,	1,113,937
11,	Holyoke,	877,875
7,	Lawrence,	835,276
14,	Haverhill,	704,380
6,	Lynn,	696,161
19,	Fitchburg,	665,438
13,	Chelsea,	608,489
20,	Gloucester,	551,635
16,	Taunton,	431,456
24,	Newburyport,	425,700
25,	Woburn,	225,843
12,	Salem,	122,639
23,	Northampton,	loss 300,402

The total increase in the cities of the State was $58,943,122. Very nearly one-half was in Boston.

The report also shows Norfolk County to be making rapid strides in wealth. Although among the smallest in population and fifth in valuation, the only counties to make a larger increase in valuation were Suffolk and Middlesex.

The report says of the tax rates that seven cities, 146 towns increased; 15 cities, 135 towns decreased; 3 cities, 45 towns unchanged. High rates, viz., $25.50 assessed in town of Shutesbury, county of Franklin, and town of Hawley, county of Franklin. Lowest rate, viz., $3.95 in town of Gosnold, county of Dukes county. Rate from $5 to $9.75 assessed in 37 towns; $10 to 14.80 in 8 cities, 160 towns; $15 to $19.75 in 17 cities, 112 towns; $20 to $22 in 15 towns.

Quincy was among the seven cities to have an increased rate in 1890, because in the preceding year it was remarkably low owing to the law limit. Yet the rate of $13.60 in this city was below the average in the state, and much below the average among the cities. Seventeen cities and 127 towns had tax rates of $15 and upwards, and in fifteen of these it was $20 or over.

Reception and Ball.

Prof. Banta's second reception and ball complimentary to his Quincy pupils, occurs on Wednesday evening Jan. 14, at Faxon hall. We note a few of his many successful pupils:

Misses Lillie Burnham as Topsy in Uncle Tom's Cabin, Georgia Cayvan of the New York Lyceum Theatre, Millie Smith with the Jed Prouty Combination, Grace Huntington of the Hollis Street Theatre, Boston, Louise Horner who danced at the Fireman's ball, Waltham, Dec. 5, Lillian Russell of the Boston Museum and Cora Beaudry, Ida Templeton, Clara Wilson, Mattie Gootes, Laura Dainty, Owen Russell, Flavia Colie, Goodwin and Sullivan, Annie Carrall, Fannie Kane, Katie Lee, Jessie LaFone, Frank Carter, Hattie Harvey, Harry Carlton, are all pupils of Prof. Banta of whom he may be proud.

Strange, but true, Prof. Banta taught dancing at the age of 14; when 12 years of age was on the stage. He has never taken a lesson from anyone and teaches everything in the shape of dancing. No one could do this without a natural talent, and with such a faculty it is the best to be had. Yet to be able to put out a challenge to any dancing master in the United States from $2,000 to $5,000 a side to a test with him in a public exhibition. This challenge has been out since Feb. 24, 1888."—*Boston Sunday Herald.*

TODAY'S COURT.

John Mounsey of Quincy drunk, $9.

The case of John Furlong of Weymouth, for assault on his mother, came up for sentence today, when he was found guilty and ordered to pay a fine of $9.

CHURCH IMPROVEMENTS.

The Baptist of Wollaston Expend $7,500 on Their Church Edifice.

Work was finished this week on the improvements of the Wollaston Baptist church property. The improvements have been extensive, costing $7,500, and include the building of a large chapel and the refurnishing of the church.

The chapel is a model building of its kind. The interior and exterior closely resemble the church in architectural features. It has a seating capacity of 250. Connected with the chapel, by sliding doors, is the primary department with its rows of minature chair. Leading from this room is a large kitchen with a mammoth gas stove in one corner and other kitchen furniture conveniently arranged. In the construction of the gallary a novel feature has been introduced. Instead of having the front of the gallery open, ground glass windows have been put in, so that when they are down the gallery is shut off from the chapel, making it into the ladies' parlor. This parlor is tastefully furnished and decorated, and is lighted by two polished brass chandeliers. The church auditorium has been entirely refurnished and recarpeted. The settees, which have been in use since the church was built, have been replaced with substantial pews, made of black birch, polished and heavily cushioned. The chapel and church are heated by a Smith & Anthony steam heater.

Would Be Efficient Postmaster.

There is talk of a change of postmaster at Boston and Mr. E. E. Williamson of Quincy is mentioned as the successor of Gen. Corse. No better appointment could be made, and if the administration had earlier recognized the young working element in the Republican party like Mr. Williamson, instead of appointing the old fossils who have managed to hold office every year the Republican party has been in power since its reorganization, the result in Massachusetts and other states at the elections last November might have been entirely different. We believe the time has come to call new men into the councils of the party and to get rid of the barnicles who have helped to weigh it down.

The appointment of such a man as Mr. Williamson as postmaster of Boston would be a political blessing to the party in Massachusetts and rouse up the young men to activity. He is a young, popular and aggressive Republican and has high executive ability, and would we are confident make an efficient postmaster as Boston has ever seen.—*Portsmouth Chronicle.*

Convention of King's Daughters.

At the convention of "The King's Daughters and Sons" to be held today at Christ church parish house, Elm street, the order of services will be as follows:

Devotional services at 2.30 P. M.
Address by Mrs. Charlotte S. Doolittle, state secretary.
Reports by respective secretaries.
Business meeting,—plans of work.
Tea from 5 to 6.
Evening service at 7.
Hymn,—All hail the power of Jesus name.
The Lord's prayer.
Collections.
Greeting by the Rector, Rev. H. E. Cotton.
Address on the title "In His name. Rev. Sherrard Billings.
Hymn,—Nearer my God to Thee.
Brief remarks by Rev. Edward Norton, Rev. D. M. Wilson, and Rev. Edward Robinson, on the work to be done.
Offertory.
Doxology.
Prayer and benediction.
The money which is asked for the offertory will go toward some object decided at the business meeting.

Week of Prayer.

Next week will be generally observed as the "Week of Prayer." The topics in the Congregational churches of Quincy will be as follows:

Monday,—Prayer that the church may understand and fulfil its mission. (1) In converting sinners: Luke 10: 17-24; Jas. 5: 19-20. (2) In character building: Col. 1: 28; Rev. 3: 1-13.

Tuesday,—Prayer for individual loyalty to Christ. (1) Personal love: John 21: 15-17; 2 Cor. 5: 13-21. (2) Willingness to serve: Phil. 3: 7-14.

Wednesday,—Prayer for the removal of hindrances. (1) From within—worldliness, inconsistency, lack of harmony: 1 Tim. 6: 3-12; 2 Thess. 3: 1-13. (2) From without—intemperance, Sabbath-breaking, licentiousness: Ex. 17: 8-16; Eph. 6: 12-20.

Thursday,—Prayer for the local church. (1) In instrumentalities: 1 Cor. 1: 20-29. (2) Its office-bearers: Heb. 13: 17-21. (3) Its membership, present and absent: Rom. 16: 1-16.

Friday,—Prayer for missions. (1) City evangelization: Luke 19: 41. (2) The rural districts: Acts 11: 19-26. (3) The foreign field: Matt. 28: 16. (4) Our seven societies: Isa. 60: 1-10; Rev. 19: 11-16.

Saturday,—Prayer that we may be laborers together with God. (1) Power from on high. (2) "Lord, send me:" Gen. 32: 24-30; Isa. 6: 1-8; Acts 4: 24-33.

The Centre Congregational church will not hold the Saturday evening meeting.

—Abner Smith, a young man of 17 years residing in Stoughton, was killed Friday by the accidental discharge of a gun. He was a high school pupil of much promise.

NEW LEADER.

George A. Voorhees Now in the Van.

H. W. Tirrell Now Has Over 100 Votes.

Many New Candidates Have Entered the Field With Many Votes.

The popularity contest among the wage-earners has received an impetus since yesterday's summary and is already getting exciting and interesting. A new leader, and an electric one, has come to the front, nearly 400 votes being cast for him yesterday. Mr. Voorhees is employed by the Electric Light and Power company, and has made many friends during his brief residence in this city. His friends are hustlers and mean business.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today.

Name	Employed at	Vote
Geo. A. Voorhees,	Electric light works.	395
Henry W. Tirrell,	John Page's	118
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's	70
Frank W. Munroe,	J. F. Merrill's	61
Fred Goss,	Whitney & Nash's	25
Mame Leary,	S. B. Little's	22
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's	17
W. H. Welch,	John E. Drake's	14
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's	12
Robert E. Foy,	Pratt & Curtis	6
Edward Preston,	Boynton & Russell	5
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's	5
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	5
Frank W. Folsom,	Miller & Luce's	5
Galen V. Bowditch,	E. Packard & Co.'s	4
Miss McPhail,	J. F. Sheppard & Sons	4
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's	4
James Cuffe,	French's stable	3
Robert Foy,	Pratt & Curtis'	3
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's	3
Henry A. Willey,	McDonnell & Sons	3
James M. Dunbar,	Strong & Carroll's, Weymouth	3
Miss Goodridge,	Miss C. S. Hubbard's	2
Frank Perkins,	C. W. Guy's	2
Miss Blake,	Clapp Bros	2
Wendell T. Dizer,	M. T. Dizer & Co., Weymouth	2
George Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones	1
Miss Litchfield,	C. B. Tilton's	1
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's	1
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's	1
Miss McGovern,	Gas Light Co	1
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's	1
Frank Revere,	John Hall's	1

Miss Souther, who stood second in Friday's list, thanks those who cast votes for her, but desires her name dropped from the list of contestants.

Miss Kittredge also desires that her name be dropped, and the request is granted.

Newsboys Prizes.

The newsboys starting from the LEDGER office sold about 400 papers on Thursday, the first day of the contest for the prize of $10 in gold. Charles Carter, whose route is toward Quincy Point, started in earnest for the prize, selling an even 100 giving a lead of 75. Eddie Hefferman is second and Robert McAuliffe third.

The returns of Friday's sales are not yet in, but the sales were much larger and the Carter boy probably has a closer rival than the summary below shows.

Charles Carter,	100
Eddie Heffernan,	25
Robert McAuliffe,	24
Willie Esson,	20
John Dackers,	20
James Giles,	20
Chris McAuliffe,	20
Gilbert Bovin,	16
Charles Walsh,	14
Arthur Pinel,	12
Frank Walsh,	10
Charles Baxter,	8
John Murphy,	8
John Ross,	6
Eddie McDonald,	6
Robert Kenney,	4

QUINCY POST OFFICE.

List of advertised letters Jan. 3:

Goda Anderson.
Cassie Borwie.
Solomon L. Bell.
Fred Bergeron.
Willie Bushy.
J. W. Currier.
M. R. Copp.
Con Dywire.
P. Doran.
Rundolf Halleman.
Thomas Halleran.
E. C. Harris.
Delia A. Keerman.
Minnie Luvney.
Alberta Mautin.
Alice McCarron.
James McDonald.
Lemuel G. Murray.
Emile Nowland.
Ellen O'Connor.
Ida Olsen.
D. Strathtree.
Alberta Samuelson.
Emma Tatro.
Robert White.

A Rich Calendar.

The prettiest calendar received at the DAILY LEDGER office this season is from J. F. Merrow & Co, proprietors of Boston's famous Revere House. The chariot race from Ben Hur is engraved thereon and also the Revere House. The figures on the pad are black and distinct. It is indeed an ornament.

—Athol had a thunder shower last night during which a barn was struck.

BEST YET!

Christians' Flour, $7 per Bbl.
Corrugated " $7 "

Extra Quality Tea (Oolong, Japan or English Breakfast,) 50c. lb.

We believe the above brands of Flour are the Best that are sold in this market.

We also believe that our 50 cent Tea is the Best sold for the money in New England.

In order to extend our sales in these Specialties, we make the following offer for a limited time only: To every Customer buying a barrel of either Flour, we will present a pound of Tea, and deliver free in any part of Quincy or adjoining towns. Positively no discount will be made on either the Flour or the Tea purchased separately. Orders by mail or telephone will be sent on day order is received.

J. F. Merrill,

Boston Branch Grocery.

Quincy, Jan. 3. 6t

Electric Light Notice.

The Quincy Electric Light Company would notify their patrons using the Incandescent Lights, that it will be

SHUT OFF AT 12 P. M.,

Saturday, Jan. 3d, 1891,

for the purpose of connecting the new steam mains.

Per order,
GEORGE A. VOORHEES, Superintendent.

Jan. 1. 3t

Mark Down!

OF

STATIONERY.

Our Fine Stationery, consisting of Boston Bond, Boston Linen, Bunker Hill Linen, Boston Bank Linen, Patchwork, Basket, and all other fine Paper the price of which has always been

20 and 25 Cents per Quire,

I will now give you your choice for

10 Cents per Quire, and

10 Cents per Bunch of Envelopes.

All packed in the Window in plain sight.

OUR MOTTO:

"RELIABILITY."

A. G. DURGIN'S
FAMILY MEDICINE & PRESCRIPTION STORE.
HANCOCK ST., QUINCY, MASS.

"RELIABILITY."

OUR MOTTO.

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive an Easy Chair or Gold Watch.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business, of which they are not proprietor, or manager or one of the firm.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period can have his choice between a richly upholstered easy chair worth $25, or a gold watch valued at least $25. These will soon be purchased and put on exhibition in some prominent place.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

—BY—

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

INAUGURATION DAY.

Incoming City Government Take Oath of Office Next Monday.

Very little or no stir is being made of the new city government inauguration, which will take place next Monday at 12 M.

The City Council of 1890 took no action, and Mayor Porter has not sent out invitations to past officials as in previous years. Some of the councilmen-elect may forget the day and hour.

The City Council provides in Section 10 that "the mayor-elect and the councilmen-elect shall annually, on the first Monday in January, at 12 o'clock at noon, meet and be sworn to the faithful discharge of their duties."

The Councilmen-elect are as follows. Those marked (*) are re-elected, and those with (**) have been members of the Council since the city government was inaugurated:

*E. W. HENRY BASS.
CHARLES M. BRYANT.
JOHN E. DRAKE.
*SILAS B. DUFFIELD.
*PETER T. FALLON.
CHARLES L. HAMMOND.
J. FRANCIS HAYWARD.
JOHN O. HOLDEN.
**FREDERICK L. JONES.
DANIEL C. LITTLE.
*GEORGE W. MORTON.
STEPHEN O. MOXON.
**THADDEUS H. NEWCOMB.
EDMUND POPE.
WILLIAM F. POWERS.
LESTER M. PRATT.
JOHN H. ROBERTS.
*CHARLES R. SHERMAN.
SAMUEL H. SPEAR.
**JAMES THOMPSON.
*WILLIAM H. WARNER.

Last year the mayor was sworn first, then the councilmen. Rev. Edward Norton offered prayer. The inaugural address of Mayor Porter followed, and the ceremonies were over. Mayor Porter did not have the honor of being escorted to the platform by a mayor, but Mayor Fairbanks will probably have that distinction.

Immediately after the inauguration the City Council of 1891 will meet and organize and probably draw seats.

PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES.

Mexican Government Bestirring Itself to Prevent the Spread of Smallpox.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 3.—For some months past an epidemic of smallpox has been raging along the Texas and Mexican borders, as well as several towns in the interior of Texas. Advices from San Antonio, Tex., state that the Mexican government has taken the matter in hand and sent a corps of physicians to Ouidad, Porforie Diaz, across from Eagle Pass, to vaccinate the people and isolate those stricken with the dread disease. Strict quarantine has been enforced on the American side, no one being allowed to cross the border from either side without a passport. Thirty days ago there were 400 cases in the Porforie Diaz, but by stringent quarantine and skillful medical attention they have been reduced to half that number. The Mexican government will use the soldiers to compel Mexicans to submit to vaccination if objection is made.

FINE POINTS TO SOLVE.

Interesting Case Under New Hampshire Prohibitory Law.

HAVERHILL, N. H., Jan. 3.—Frank Talbert was arrested in Enfield, N. H., Aug. 28, for brutal assault upon Oscar Collins and sentenced from the jail here to four years in the state prison. It is claimed that he was under the influence of liquor at the time, and that he procured it of A. R. Johnson of Enfield. Collins now brings suit under the civil damage clause of the prohibitory law against Johnson in the sum of $5000 on account of the injuries inflicted upon him by Talbert. Talbert's deposition has been taken at the prison at great length. The trial will be an interesting one and will be argued by leading criminal lawyers of the state at the March term.

Not Convicted.

BOSTON, Jan. 3.—The Kearney jury brought in a verdict of not guilty on the count charging him with the wilful and malicious shooting of the little Danvenport boy, and disagreed on the second, alleging gross negligence and carelessness. This action of the jury discharges the officer unless the district attorney chooses to bring another trial for the second count of the indictment. This he does not propose doing.

King Alcohol's Victim.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 3.—A Frenchman, whose name is supposed to be Albert Poisson, was found lying dead in a lonely spot on the road between Holyoke and Ludlow. A bottle partly filled with gin was also found, and Medical Examiner Beck, who made the autopsy, decided that death resulted from excessive use of liquor and exposure.

A BIG BLOCK ABLAZE.

Two of Gotham's Theatres Totally Destroyed by Fire.

MANY BUSINESS FIRMS SUFFER

Manager Harry Miner, Fanny Davenport and Hermann, the Magician, Lose Heavily—Large Hotel Narrowly Escapes Destruction.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The audience had left the Fifth Avenue theatre, corner of Broadway and Twenty-eighth street, at 11.20 last night. Harry C. Miner, the proprietor of the theatre, was the last person in the place. He said he had a foreboding that something was going to happen and took a look through the premises. Then he also went away. About midnight the theater was discovered to be on fire, apparently in the back part near the stage. Three alarms were turned in and firemen swarmed to the place and broke into the building by the various entrances. The fire had too much headway and soon broke through the roof, the whole interior being in flames. Fanny Davenport's scenery and costumes, used in the presentation of Cleopatra, made positively their last appearance and disappeared in a lurid transformation spectacle.

Then the fire spread to neighboring buildings, Hermann's theatre, where the master of the black art has been giving exhibitions, being one of them. Crook's spooting goods emporium was soon blazing, and six distinct explosions heard in the interior caused a stampede in the crowd that had gathered.

By 1 o'clock it looked as if the whole block might be swept away, and, the Fifth Avenue theatre being apparently doomed, the efforts of the firemen were devoted to saving adjoining property. A breeze fanned the flames, and at 1:30 o'clock the Gilsey building was threatened.

Harry Miner places his loss on the Fifth avenue theatre at $125,000. Magician Hermann says it cost him $65,000 to refit Dockstadter's theatre into the present Hermann's theatre. Besides losing all this he lost $25,000 worth of theatrical effects and costumes which he was unable to remove from the doomed structure.

At 12:50 a flaming brand borne on the strong northwest breeze fell on the roof of the Sturtevant house across Broadway, setting that hotel on fire. The guests were hustled out amidst great excitement and hurriedly conveyed to numerous near-by hotels. The firemen then put their hardest work on trying to save the hotel.

The Latest Report

is that Fanny Davenport's loss is about $50,000.

The fire in the Sturtevant house is under control. The upper portion of the hotel is, however, pretty badly damaged. It appears that the roof had been burning for fully fifteen minutes before it was discovered. The estimate of the total loss as near as can be learned is over $500,000.

Manager Harry Miner was early on the scene, as was also Professor Hermann. While the former saved nothing from the wreck, the professor and his wife worked like beavers. Mrs. Hermann saved her four pet doves, but her husband sorrowfully said that his favorite trick apparatus, worth $20,000, was lost to him forever.

The occupants of the stores on the west side of Broadway from Twenty-eighth to Twenty-ninth streets (the burned block) number from 1185 to 1203 and were as follows: No. 1185, J. J. Slater, shoes; 1187, side entrance to the Fifth Avenue theatre; 1189, the Cash Register company; 1191, J. B. Crook & Co., sporting goods; 1193, L. Swero, tailor; 1195, entrance to Hermann's theatre; 1197, A. E. Kirch, florist; 1199, J. B. White, jeweler; 1201, Weisman, florist and 1203, Hannan & Son, shoes. The goods in these stores are badly damaged by water and should the walls topple in, the salvage will be very small.

The series of explosions came from the Fifth Avenue theatre, it seemed, and were caused, probably, by bursting gas tanks. The first one came near doing serious injury to firemen and several reporters who were in the building. Several firemen, on the roofs of the burning buildings, also had narrow escapes during the fire.

There were some lively scenes in the Brower house, but there was no panic. At 5 o'clock the fire was still burning. The Fifth Avenue theatre was a complete wreck and Hermann's was not much better.

The Fifth Avenue Theatre

was a magnificent structure, and ranked among the best playhouses in this country for size, completeness, comfort and adaptability to the production of the most pretentious dramatic works. It was owned by the proprietor of the Gilsey house. Its present lessee is Harry C. Miner, who opened it this season after redecorating the premises and making extensive alterations. Before Mr. Miner took possession the lease was held Eugene Tompkins, and before him by John Stetson.

Directors Asked to Settle Claims.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 3.—A bill of complaint in equity was filed in Utica in an action brought by Frank M. Hayes, as receiver of the defunct First National bank of Auburn, against all of its directors, among whom are several of the wealthiest and most prominent men in Auburn. The action is brought to recover a balance of over $300,000 due to the depositors. The bill alleges the grossest negligence on the part of the officers and directors of the bank.

Newfoundland is Not Asleep.

HALIFAX, Jan. 3.—Advices received here from Newfoundland indicate that the excitement and indignation over England's renewal of the modus vivendi with France is still rife. The opposition press are printing dialogues representing the colonial representatives in conference with the British ministers and holding the former up to ridicule.

Lighter was "Automatic."

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 3.—Charles C. Blair of Ansonia was found dead in his bed, the cause of his death being asphyxiation by escaping gas. An examination showed that the gas had escaped from a burner to which there was an automatic lighting contrivance.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Forecast for New England: Light rain, probably changing to snow; colder; northwesterly winds.

Cautionary signals are displayed from New Haven to Eastport.

FUTURE OF HOME RULE.

The London Telegraph Says It is Defunct and Advises Gladstonians to Return to Ancient Ways of Liberalism.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The Daily Telegraph (Conservative) invites the followers of Mr. Gladstone to recognize manfully the distasteful fact that home rule for Ireland is defunct. The present policy of the Liberal party, The Telegraph thinks, is certain to give way to a different program, while the party itself at the same time will have to make new combinations.

"After the next election," says The Telegraph, "home rule will be scarcely represented in parliament, and will sink to the level of radical fads—socialism, total abstinence and the anti-vaccination craze. Crochet mongers we have among us, but as the English party, in the largest sense of the word, is co-extensive with the two great political connections which have divided parliament between them since the beginning of the constitution period, the home rule party has forever perished. The party going to the country on the home rule platform would court disaster.

The same paper urges the Gladstonians to "discard vain imaginings and to return to the ancient ways of Liberalism," and advocates the "rearranging of the parliamentary groups into a great National party on one side of the house of commons—a single compact phalanx of patriots with a common faith, in rational progress, tempered by loyalty toward order, good government and legislative honesty; on the other a minority of restless, powerless Irish separatists and English Socialists and those advocating headlong revolutionary changes, destruction, disorder and spoliation, either by act of parliament or by municipal decree.

THEY DESERVE IT.

Government Asked to Reward a Steamer's Officers for Heroism and Kindness.

HALIFAX, Jan. 3.—United States Consul General Frye has sent a dispatch to the American government, recommending that a reward be paid to the captain and officers of the British steamer Deer Hill for their heroic rescue of the captain and crew of the bark Angelia of Machias, Me. The Angelia was bound to Demerara from St. John, laden with lumber, when she was dismasted. The steamer rescued and took the wrecked seamen to St. Johns, N. F., and the captain refused to accept any compensation. The wrecked men were sent from St. Johns to Halifax by the American consul. They arrived here yesterday and were forwarded to their homes. The captain of the Angelia speaks in high terms of the treatment received from Capt. Bainbridge of the Deer Hill, and at his instance the recommendation to the American government is made.

Big Kick Will Probably Follow.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 3.—A special to The Tribune from Omaha, says: Although not yet formally issued, an order has been prepared at the Union Pacific headquarters for reduction of the clerks and general agents' salaries from 15 to 25 per cent. It is understood that the reduction in the case of higher officials will be even greater and that the salary of the company's general agent in New York will be cut down 50 per cent.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The schooner Ellie was picked up a floating wreck.

The schooner Yale has been hauled off the Jersey beach.

Portugal is seeking to place a loan with a French syndicate.

Emperor William is expected to visit Queen Victoria in July.

A Russian emigrant canvasser has been sentenced to imprisonment.

The report that Gen. Brooke was relieved and ordered home was false.

A telephone lineman was shocked to death while repairing wires in St. Louis.

Railroads in Kansas are blockaded with snow, many trains being stuck in huge drifts.

Judge Daniel Clark, judge of the United States district court for New Hampshire, is dead.

Davis Bros., music dealers, Savannah, Ga., have assigned. Liabilities $80,000, assets $75,000.

Nicolas Gutierrez, a Cuban savant and president of the Cuban Academy of Sciences, is dead.

Eight young ladies took the white veil of the Sisters of Mercy at the convent at Manchester, N. H.

Marshall Field & Co. of Chicago have begun a suit to test the constitutionality of the McKinley tariff act.

The lymph patients of the Massachusetts General hospital were progressing satisfactorily at last accounts.

Five men were instanly killed at Portsmouth, O., by the explosion of a cylinder head of the tow-boat Annie Roberts.

One who is interested in the movement to aid the Russian Jews says that it would be a mistake to send them to America.

In the tenth game in the chess match between Steinitz and Gunsberg, Steinitz won, making the score: Steinitz 4, Gunsberg 2, drawn 4.

The Queen Regent of Spain sent the pope, as a New Year's present, a cane, which, when taken by the handle, will rain a shower of gold at his feet.

Embezzler Gould is said to be practically in charge of the Maine state prison. Serious charges of mismanagement are made against Col. Allen, the warden.

The dry goods house established in Detroit by the late Zach Chandler has ceased to exist, the recent firm having been dissolved by mutual consent.

Henry B. Blue, the clerk who is charged with embezzling $17,345 from Perkins & Keith, was again in court in Boston. He was held in $25,000 for the grand jury.

A Delaware, Lackawanna and Western train was wrecked by an ice-bound switch. The passengers escaped with a shaking-up, but four trainmen were severely injured.

The works of the Ohio Buggy company at Columbus, O., were partly burned. The loss on stock and building is estimated from $50,000 to $75,000; insurance $115,000.

Frank R. Miller, proprietor of a paper mill at Montgomery, N. Y., has made an assignment. The liabilities are $80,000. Mr. Miller has another mill at Bridgeport, Conn.

Governor Waterman of California has signalized the closing days of his term by an astonishingly large number of pardons of convicts, some of them of the very worst character.

Admiral Mason S. Cooper of the Haytien navy, the oldest son of Rear Admiral George H. Cooper of the United States navy, died of erysipelas at his home in Brooklyn. He was 44 years old.

William Wainright, formerly assistant manager of the Grand Trunk railway, has been appointed to the position of assistant general manager of that road. It is understood that he will also fill the position of traffic manager.

UNCLE SAM'S CASH.

A Decrease of Over $16,000,000 in the Public Debt.

ESTIMATES FOR THIS YEAR.

Senator Ingalls' Chance of Re-election Thought to Be on the Wane—Judge Gresham's Ambition—The Old Dominion Club Case.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The public debt was reduced $11,605,397 during December. The total debt to-day, less cash in the treasury, is $862,430,541, and of this amount $619,019,740 is interest-bearing debt, made up mainly of $59,177,500 4 1-2 per cent. and $559,742,700 4 per cents now outstanding. The principal of the outstanding 4 and 4 1-2 per cents has been reduced $92,289,000 during the past calendar year, $49,830,200 4 1-2s and $42,450,800 4s having been purchased and redeemed during the twelve months. The net cash or surplus in the treasury to-day, including subsidiary coin, is $57,571,812, against about $53,000,000 on Jan. 1, 1890. Of the surplus to-day, national bank depositories hold $24,199,872, against about $41,000,000 a year ago.

Government receipts during December past aggregated $31,370,039, against $29,595,504 in December, 1889. Receipts from all sources from July 1 to Dec. 31, the first half of the current fiscal year, aggregated in round numbers $211,000,000, or $18,000,000 more than for the corresponding six months of 1889.

Customs receipts for the past six months aggregated $124,240,195, but for the next six months, the aggregate will fall, perhaps, $20,000,000 short of this amount. Fifteen millions of this will be due to the loss from sugar duties during the last quarter of the current fiscal year, and $5,000,000 from loss of revenue due to the extended free list of the present tariff law.

Indications, however, point to a customs revenue of $221,000,000 during the year. Internal revenue receipts during the past six months aggregated $75,022,785, but are likely to fall a little short of that during the last half of the fiscal year; but for the entire year are likely to reach $147,000,000, or $5,000,000 more than the secretary's estimate made last fall.

Receipts from miscellaneous sources during the first half of the current fiscal year were about $14,000,000, and will undoubtedly reach double that amount by the end of the year. So the indications are that government revenues for the current fiscal year will reach $393,000,000, against $403,000,000 during the preceding year, notwithstanding a prospective loss of $15,000,000 in sugar duty revenue under the new tariff after April 1.

Government Expenditures

during the past six months aggregated in round numbers $200,000,000, or $25,000,000 more than expenditures during the corresponding months of 1889. Of this increase in expenditures, compared with the first half of the preceding fiscal year, more than $11,000,000 is due to prepayment of interest on bonds redeemed, the payments for this account during the past six months having aggregated $29,834,588, against $18,662,020 during the first half of the preceding fiscal year.

For premiums on bonds purchased during the past six months the treasury has paid out $10,361,639, against $13,459,183, from July to December, inclusive, in 1889.

Pension payments during the past six months aggregated $60,001,970, against $61,280,063 during the first half of the preceding fiscal year.

SENATORIAL CONTESTS.

Ingalls' Chances Thought to Be Lessening—Judge Gresham a Candidate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Senator Plumb is in receipt of intelligence from Topeka, Kan., that there is a slight defection in the Republican ranks from Senator Ingalls, and that unless this can be counteracted, it will be difficult for him to succeed. The senator has been asked to come to Kansas and aid his colleague, but owing to the complications in the senate and the necessity for his presence, he sent word that it would be impossible for him to leave. He has, however, sent a strong appeal to the Republican members of the legislature to stand together and re-elect Mr. Ingalls. The solid Republicans of the senate say that the defeat of this distinguished senator at this time would be a great national loss.

Information received here from Springfield, Ills., by Senator Cullom, indicates that Judge Gresham is likely to become a formidable candidate for United States senator. The friends of Mr. Gresham claim that he can get two of the Alliance votes, which is all that is necessary to secure his election. Some doubt has been expressed whether Judge Gresham would leave the bench for a seat in the senate. The information received is to the effect that he will serve if elected. It is alleged that he is the only Republican who stands any show of election, and that neither Farwell nor Oglesby can unite the party.

THE CIVIL SERVICE LAW.

Case of Alleged Violation Certified by Chief Justice Bingham.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Chief Justice Bingham, in the criminal court, made an order certifying the case of C. A. Newton, indicted September last for violating the civil service law, to the court in general term to be heard in the first instance. Mr. Newton was an officer of the Old Dominion Republican club and is charged with having solicited from government employes contributions for political purposes. His counsel, Judge W. E. Simms of Virginia and A. K. Browne of this city, have filed a demurrer to the indictment, raising the points that the acts charged do not constitute an offense, and if the court should construe that the acts are an offense under the laws, then the law is unconstitutional.

Drummond and Brooks.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The secretary of the treasury has appointed A. J. Drummond of New York to be chief of the secret service division of the treasury. Mr. Drummond has had considerable experience in this branch of the service, having served in it continuously from 1871 to 1888, and is strongly endorsed for the position of chief. James J. Brooks, who was appointed assistant chief at the time of Mr. Bell's resignation several months ago and who has been acting as chief ever since that took effect, will retain his present office as assistant chief.

Taunton Made Happy.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The act providing for a public building at Taunton, Mass., has been approved by the president

BUCKWHEAT !

NOW IS THE SEASON FOR

Buckwheat Cakes and Maple Syrup.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF BOTH.

FLOUR ! FLOUR !

We are the only Firm in this City that have CONFIDENCE FLOUR.

WE HAVE A

FANCY HAXALL FLOUR

That Sells for less money. Give one of our kinds a Trial.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

MEN'S ARCTICS, - - - - 85 Cents.
LADIES' " - - - - 65 "
BOYS' " - - - - 65 "
MEN'S RUBBERS, - - - - 50 "

— AT —

JAMES O'DONOVAN'S NEW SHOE STORE,

94 HANCOCK STREET. TIRRELL'S BLOCK.

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Nov. 10.

COME RIGHT IN

And select one of our Boxes of Cigars. We have the largest stock in the City to select from of

Cigars for the Holiday Trade.

Our Prices are from

ONE DOLLAR TO SEVEN DOLLARS PER BOX.

GEO. F. WILSON & CO.,

108 Hancock Street, Quincy, Mass.

BEST IN THE MARKET !

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, July 9.

If you want to drink the Best Coffee, try our

Standard O. G. Java.

We have it blended and roasted expressly for us, and we grind it fresh as ordered.

Price 37c. per lb.

We have several grades that cost less and give good satisfaction, but nothing can beat the Standard O. G. Java Coffee.

PRATT & CURTIS,

25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

QUINCY CAFE,

Chestnut Street, Quincy.

Ice Cream and Sherbets.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

Catering for Large and Small Parties, under the personal attention of JOHN H. WALES.

Dec. 12. 1m

BOYS, ATTENTION.

START TODAY!

—to—

A Prize of $10.00

Will be given to the Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS during January and February.

A Prize of $5.00

Will be given to the Newsboy making the second largest sale during the same period.

$5.00 will also be Given

each boy, including the above, who sells **3000 or more** copies in the two months, an average of 100 per day.

$2.50 will be Given

To all other boys selling 2500 or more copies, an average of 50 per day.

CAUTION!

Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

—o—

Boys Will be Supplied at 1 1-2 Cents per Copy

BY THE FOLLOWING AGENTS:

HENRY CORAM	West Quincy.
F. E. KIMBALL	West Quincy.
MISS A. A. BARTLETT	Brewer's Corner.
MISS E. M. FREEMAN	Quincy Point.
C. F. WILDE	Wollaston.
THOMAS GURNEY	Atlantic.
KEMP & TISDALE	East Milton.
HENRY B. VINTON	Braintree.
GEORGE H. HUNT	East Weymouth.

OR AT THE

Daily Ledger Office.

—ii—

Boys or Agents wanting extra papers should give notice before 9 A. M. on the day of publication.

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 3.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1773—John Adams admitted to church.

1826—During the month of January this year the Legislature was petitioned for act of incorporation to construct railway from Quincy quarries to the Neponset river.

1873—It was in January of this year that Henry H. Faxon, the temperance advocate purchased the Hancock House notorious as a liquor resort, and closed it as a public house.

World Wide.

RACHEL.

106 B. C.—Birth of Marcus Tullius Cicero; died 43 B. C.

311—Death of St. Peter, bishop of Alexandria.

1641—Death of Jeremiah Horrox, celebrated astronomer; born 1619.

1670—Death of George Monk, duke of Albemarle; born 1608.

1740—Birth of Benedict Arnold, American general and traitor; died 1801.

1777—Battle of Princeton; British defeated.

1793—Birth of Lucretia Mott, celebrated philanthropist.

1795—Death of Josiah Wedgwood, potter; born 1730.

1803—Birth of Douglas Jerrold, humorist; died 1857.

1814—Robert Patton, patriot, died in New York city; born in Ireland in 1755.

1835—Birth of Larkin Mead, the sculptor.

1858—Death of Rachel, the celebrated actress, at Cannes, France; aged 38.

1878—Sofia captured by the Russians.

1868—Death of Gen. Edmund B. Alexander at Washington; born 1813.

1889—Eight persons killed, many injured and much property damaged by earthquake shocks in Nicaragua.

Tomorrow's Anniversaries,—Jan. 4.

1636—Grant of land to William Hutchinson at Mount Wollaston.

1636—Grant of land to Atherton Houghs at Mount Wollaston defined.

1800—Observed as a day of National fast.

World Wide.

J. W. DRAPER.

1762—England declared war against Spain. Havana and a large part of Cuba taken from the Spaniards.

1785—Birth of Jacob Louis Grimm, celebrated philosopher; died 1863.

1789—Birth of Benjamin Lundy, American abolitionist; died 1839.

1852—Death of Professor Moses Stuart, American divine and author; born 1780.

1853—Ericsson's ship propelled by Caloric, sailed down New York bay at the rate of 14 miles an hour.

1857—Death of George Carstensen, architect of the New York Crystal palace, at Copenhagen, Denmark.

1861—Northern states agitated over the secession of South Carolina; a general fast proclaimed.

1868—President Johnson censured and Gen. Sheridan thanked by the house of representatives.

1875—Disturbances in New Orleans; government troops eject Conservative members from the legislative assembly as not duly elected.

1877—Death of Commodore Vanderbilt.

1882—Died in New York Professor John William Draper, M. D., LL. D., aged 71 years.

To Grand Army Men.

RUTLAND, Vt., Jan. 3.—The following general order has been issued:

The commander-in-chief has selected as committee on transportation for the twenty-fifth encampment, to be held at Detroit next August: Comrades Russell A. Alger of Michigan, John W. Hurst of Illinois and Ira M. Hedges of New York.

J. H. GOULDING, Adjutant General.

A Mad Dog Scare.

POVIDENCE, Jan. 3.—The doctors at the Pasteaur institute in New York, to whom the body of a dog that bit a little girl on Mt. Pleasant was sent, say the animal was mad. Lilla Sweet, the patient, has been inoculated at the Pasteur institute. All the dogs on Mt. Pleasant will probably be shut up for eight weeks.

Five Sailors Drowned.

MOBILE, Ala., Jan. 3.—The British bark Topsy, Capt. Knight, from Kingston to Grand Cayman, went ashore on Cayman beach and is a total loss. The captain, two mates, one seaman and the cabin boy were lost. Some of the crew were rescued.

A Mid-Winter Thunder Storm.

ATHOL, Mass., Jan. 3.—A heavy thunder storm, lasting about fifteen minutes, occurred here. The barn of C. Bryant was struck by lightning, which also badly damaged telegraph wires.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Latest Quotations of the New York and Boston Stock Markets—Jan. 2.

It may be said that Wall street's first day in the new year has seen a buoyant market with advanced prices. The volume of business has been large and general improvement has been recorded in prices of active stocks with hardly an exception.

Boston trading likewise was active. It has been many days since transactions have been so large, and there were several features to attract attention.

The New York Market.

Atchison	29¾	Nor. Pac. pref	65⅛
Central Pacific	29	Oregon Trans	19½
Chi & Northwest	105⅞	Oregon Navi	79
Del Lack & West	132½	Pacific Mail	35⅝
Del & Hudson	135¾	Reading	34⅝
Illinois Central	96⅛	Texas Pacific	14⅞
Lake [illegible]	107⅝	Union Pacific	44
Missouri Pacific	61⅝	Wabash St. L. & P.	9½
N. J. Central	106½	do pref	17⅜
N. Y. Central	101½	Wheel & Lake Erie	69
Northern Pacific	22½	Western Union	76⅝

The Boston Market.

Aspinwall Land	8⅛	Fitchburg pref	....
Fremn's Bay Land	....	Flint & Pere Mar	23
Newport Land	1⅛	Maine Central	....
West End Land	82	Mexican Central	21¾
Atchison	29⅝	N Y & N E	33⅛
Atlantic & Pacific	5	do pref	110
Boston & Lowell	177	Old Colony	166½
Boston & Maine	200	Union Pacific	44
Boston A. Prov	253	Wisconsin Central	18½
Chicago, B & Q	91	American Bell Tel.	....
Central Mass.	18	Mexican	85
do pref	....	Erie Tel	47
Eastern	....	New England Tel.	52

The Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—FLOUR—Irregular; city mills $5 10 to 5 25; city mills patents $5 10 to 5 75; winter wheat, low grades, $3 40 to 3 90; do fair to fancy $3 90 to 5 00; do patents $4 40 to 5 40; Minnesota clear $4 10 to 4 85; do straights $4 35 to 5 10.

WHEAT—Dull; No 2 red $1 03¾ elevator; No 3 red 99½.

CORN—Dull; No 2, 59c, elevator.

OATS—Weaker; No 3, 49c; No 1, 51c; mixed western, 48 to 52c.

COFFEE—Rio quiet; fair cargoes 19¼c.

SUGAR—Raw quiet; refined steady.

THEY ASK FOR PEACE.

Hostile Indians Offer to Surrender Their Arms.

THE WHITES ARE SUSPICIOUS

That Their Repentance is Feigned—Troops Approaching the Enemy—Scout's Story Creates a Sensation at Pine Ridge—Nebraska's National Guard to Be Centered on the Frontier—Fr. Craft Places the Responsibility for the War on Government Agents.

OMAHA, Jan. 3.—The Bee's special from Rushville, says: It is definitely known that about 1100 hostiles are fortified near the mouth of White Clay creek, and that Gen. Brooke, with detachments of troops, is swinging round to the north of them. Gen. Carr is supposed to be approaching from the west and Gen. Miles will make a dash from the south. The force thus engaged is thought to be ample for the annihilating of the entire band unless some unforeseen complication or misfortune arises.

Embassadors from the hostile camp have again been suing for peace and offering to surrender arms. It is not known here whether terms will be granted or not; but the general opinion prevails that, in view of the actions of the rebels in slaughtering the troops while under the flag of truce, not much weight will be given their pretended repentance. That the hostiles have been largely enforced within the past two days there is no longer any doubt, and there seems reasonable ground for rumors that some Indians from other agencies or the British possessions have joined them.

A report has just reached here by courier that a foraging party of Indians from the main camp on White Clay attacked the ranch of Douglass Points, a few miles to the west, killed him and drove away his 400 head of cattle.

A great row is reported to have broken out in the camp of the hostiles, the contention being as to the advisability of surrendering. This, also, is not confirmed, but comes through a half-breed courier who claims to have just arrived from their camp. Except in case of unconditional surrender there will undoubtedly be a great battle before long.

Col. Henry has joined the Second infantry with his men and is all right. The Fort Douglass troops have arrived at Pine Ridge. The inhabitants of Rushville are calling for arms and are organizing a home guard. Five Red Cross ambulances have arrived at Pine Ridge.

A ranchman reports seeing a band of 100 Indians going southwest from the reservation at midnight. If true, this means trouble.

FOURTEEN SOLDIERS KILLED.

A Scout's Story of Conversation Which Took Place Between Hostiles.

A special to The Bee from Pine Ridge says:

A scout just in from the hostiles reports that fourteen cavalry horses, with saddles and equipments on, were brought into the hostile camp last night by young warriors. The scout heard the hostiles remark that there were fourteen soldiers less to fight, and the hostiles lost only two warriors in getting the fourteen cavalry horses, etc.

The scout's report has created a new sensation here, which is being followed up by increased activity around military headquarters. That the intelligence means that a battle or skirmish has taken place, in which Brooke's or Carr's command has lost men, there is little doubt.

Nebraska's Troops to the Front.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 3.—In response to the urgent appeals from inhabitants of northwestern Nebraska for protection against marauding bands of Indians, Governor Thayer telegraphed the commanders of militia at Fremont, Central City, Ord and Tekamah to leave on the first trains with their commands for the scene of action. These troops will be divided between the towns of Chadron, Gordon and Hay Springs. Gen. L. W. Colby, commanding the First brigade at Beatrice, Neb., has also been ordered to have his command ready to march on short notice. Should this brigade be ordered to move, practically the whole of Nebraska's national guard will be centered on the frontier.

AN IMPORTANT LETTER.

Fr. Craft Flames Government Agents for the Terrible Slaughter.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—The New York Freeman's Journal to-day publishes a letter from Fr. Craft, the Catholic Indian missionary, who was fatally shot through the lungs in the Indian fight on Monday. The letter is dated Dec. 30, and was mailed from Pine Ridge Agency, S. D.

Fr. Craft says that from the beginning of treaties with the Indians they have been disappointed, cheated, starved, deprived of their own customs and those of the whites, which they had fondly hoped to assume with the aid of the government, and in every way abused, mocked and discouraged. In their despair, Gen. Crook brought them hope. Their confidence in him led them to hope that he would be able to realize their hopes. His death was their death blow, and they so felt it.

Their fears and despair after Crook's death were increased by a further reduction of rations and a delay even of these. Mr. Leo, who took the census, made grave mistakes, counted less than the real numbers, and made false reports of prosperity that did not exist. The rations estimated for the reduced numbers were not sufficient for even half of these.

The Indians were more than ever in abject misery, starving without hope of redress, and without hope of living in any way. It is not to be wondered at that they believed in a Messiah and listened to every dreamer who promised hope.

Interested whites took advantage of this state of affairs, and howled for troops. These troops came. Interested whites again came to the Indians and persuaded them that the army had come to complete their destruction. The Indians did not fight, but ran away in fear and despair. Fr. Jatz calmed them and brought them back, and the prudence and kindness of Gen. Brooke convinced them of safety.

All this Indian trouble can be traced through all its phases to its true cause—starvation, abject misery and despair, the cause of which is the outrageous conduct of the Indian deportment for many years, culminating in the later blunders and cruelties of the present Commissioner Morgan.

The death of Sitting Bull was caused—If military reports of the facts and my knowledge of the situation agree, as they seem to—by the Indian agent, through a desire for notoriety, causing trouble in order to quiet it, and then interfering with the army, which alone had the means, the prudence and the confidence of the Indians necessary to properly manage such things.

GOES TO THE FEDERAL COURT.

The Omaha Bridge Squabble Has Led to Other Complications.

OMAHA, Jan. 3.—When the injunction case of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul vs. the Union Pacific to restrain the defendant from interfering with the running of plaintiff's trains over the Union Pacific bridge was called for hearing in court, the petition for removal to the federal court was granted and the hearing was set for Monday next.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 3.—The trouble between the Union Pacific and Rock Island roads, originating in Omaha, has reached Lincoln. Yesterday was the day set for the two corporations to begin jointly the use of the old Union Pacific passenger depot, which has recently undergone repairs at the Rock Island's expense, the Union Pacific, in the meantime occupying quarters with the B. and M. folks, and when the trouble began in Omaha Mr. John quietly turned the key in the new depot and refused admittance to all.

IN A PITIFUL PLIGHT.

All but Two of the Crew Aboard a Disabled Vessel Stricken with Fever.

PANAMA, Jan. 3.—The steamship Newport, which has arrived at Colon, reports that on Dec. 15, about fifteen miles north of Navassa, she fell in with the disabled barkentine James H. Hamlin of Halifax, from Santa Lucia. The captain, his daughter, who was a passenger on board, the first officer, boatswain and all hands but two sailors were down with fever. The second mate had died. The ship was in charge of a Jeremie pilot, the two sailors having two days before pulled thirteen miles to obtain assistance. Capt. Lima, of the steamer, lay by the ship for several hours, sending his doctor with ample medical stores and some delicacies and fresh provisions. Offers of other help were declined by the barkentine, as it was believed that the crew would be able to resume duty in a day or two.

Wine, Gas and Death.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Three unmarried sisters, Kate, Lizzie and Josephine Norton, aged respectively 22, 20 and 18 years, received calls in their flat in 127th street New Year's day. Among the guests was Harry Lyles, aged 27. Lyles drank too much wine and went to sleep on a sofa after the guests had gone. Yesterday morning Kate was found dead on the floor by the side of the lounge, asphyxiated by escaping gas, and Lyles was in a critical condition from the same cause. Lyles was taken to the hospital.

A Genuine Blizzard.

DENVER, Jan. 3.—A blizzard has been raging in Nebraska and Kansas during the past twenty-four hours, and the through trains of nearly all the through lines are blockaded by snow. Last night's trains were delayed and abandoned, in some instances, and all but one or two east-bound trains scheduled to leave the Union depot yesterday were abandoned. On the Burlington and Missouri the worst effect of the blizzard is felt west of Lincoln.

The Fayerweather Will Contest.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—Mrs. Fayerweather, whose husband, Daniel B. Fayerweather, after leaving $2,000,000 to colleges left about $1,500,000 each to three executors, has filed a petition for the appointment of a temporary administrator of the estate. In it she severely castigates two of the three executors, including the decedent's counsel, Thomas G. Ritch, but asks that the third, Justiss L. Bulkley, be made temporary administrator.

California Has the Shakes.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 3.—An earthquake was felt in different parts of the state yesterday. Professor E. S. Halden of Lick observatory at Mount Hamilton, telegraphs that the shock was the most severe that has occurred in northern California since the shock of 1868. Ceilings were cracked in the observatory and fell to the floor. The large telescope at the observatory, it is believed, was uninjured.

Science and Crime.

OTTAWA, Jan. 3.—Sir John Thompson has authorized the purchase of a photomicographic apparatus for the public service of Canada. This new invention, it is claimed, will faithfully reproduce the image on the retina of the eye, say of a murdered person, thus proving valuable in detecting crimes.

Needed in Washington.

ATCHISON, Kan., Jan. 3.—Senator Ingalls has left for Washington, notwithstanding the snow storm and delayed trains. His departure was hastened by an imperative telegram from Senators Edmunds and Hoar, that party necessity demanded his presence in the national capitol.

Three Men Killed and Many Injured.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 3.—Two passenger and express trains on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad collided near Harper's Ferry, instantly killing Engineer Rufus Gosnell of Baltimore and two firemen. Seventeen persons were more or less injured and several cars demolished.

Ward May Take Whitney's Place.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3.—There is every likelihood that John Ward will play third base for the New York club this season. Manager Day of the New Yorks says that if Ward signs he will release Whitney, as there are two or three clubs after him.

Coal Pit Disaster.

BERLIN, Jan. 3.—An explosion occurred in Heinrich Gustav coal pit at Langendreer, five miles from Bochum, Westphalia. Nine men were killed and ten others are not expected to survive their injuries.

Fog in the Sound.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 3.—Fog prevented the Newport and Fall River steamers from making their trips last night. The Richard Borden for Fall River proceeded as far as Field's Point, but was obliged to put back.

Noted Cuban Bandit Killed.

HAVANA, Jan. 3.—The famous bandit, Sixto Verela, has been killed in an encounter with troops. Another bandit was badly wounded, and the soldiers captured a quantity of arms and ammunition.

Four Perished.

CORSICANA, Tex., Jan. 3.—The Avenue hotel, a wood en structure, was burned last night, and one woman, two men and a boy perished in the flames.

THE KINGDOM DIVIDED.

LESSON I, FIRST QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, JAN. 4.

Text of the Lesson, I Kings xii, 1-17. Commit Verses, 12-14—Golden Text, Prov. xvi, 18—Commentary by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

[Compiled from Lesson Helper Quarterly by permission of H. S. Hoffman, publisher, Philadelphia.]

1. "Rehoboam—Shechem—all Israel—to make him King."

Such are the words and phrases in this verse demanding our attention; but let us remember that we are reading the word of the Lord, and the Holy Spirit in this word is ever bringing before us persons, places and events which show us God honored or dishonored, God manifest and glorified, or the adversary manifest and God despised. Rehoboam was, so far as we know, the only son of Solomon, and therefore heir to the throne. His name, according to Young, signifies "Freer of the people," but he proved to be a great oppressor.

2. "Jeroboam, the son of Nebat, who was yet in Egypt, heard of it."

The previous chapter gives the history of this widow's son, God's purpose concerning him and offer to him if he would walk in His ways and do right in His sight.

3. "Jeroboam and all the congregation of Israel came and spake unto Rehoboam."

This seems outwardly all fair and submissive, but Jeroboam cannot have forgotten the promise of the Lord by the prophet Ahijah (xi, 29-31), and he is only quietly awaiting the developments which shall give him the ten tribes for his kingdom.

4. "Thy father made our yoke grievous; make thou the grievous service * * * lighter, and we will serve thee."

This, too, seems fair and reasonable, and it looks as if all might be well with Rehoboam if he will only do right.

5. "Depart yet three days, then come again to me."

The third day in Scripture is the day of resurrection and life and deliverance (Hos. vi, 2; John ii, 19; Matt. xvi, 21), but only for such as follow on to know the Lord.

6. "And King Rehoboam consulted with the old men * * * and said, How do ye advise, that I may answer this people?"

"With the ancient is wisdom; and in length of days understanding." "Days should speak, and multitude of years should teach wisdom" (Job xii, 12; xxxii, 7). But if the king had consulted the "Ancient of days" (Dan. vii, 13) he would have found true wisdom, and the word "Ancient" in Job xii, 12, according to the margin of the next verse, refers to God and not to man.

7. "If thou wilt be a servant unto this people this day * * * and speak good words to them, then they will be thy servants forever."

If he would only seek the welfare and peace of his people, as did those kings who sought to do right in the sight of the Lord, and as did Mordecai (Esth. x, 3) at a later period, then all would be well. But this was not his spirit.

8. "But he forsook the counsel of the old men * * * and consulted with the young men."

The old men had stood before Solomon, his father, but these young men had grown up with himself and stood before him.

9. "And he said unto them, What counsel give ye?"

10. "My little finger shall be thicker than my father's loins."

This is part of the answer which the young men instructed him to give to the people. The loins are significant of strength as in Job xl, 16; Prov. xxxi, 17; but in the case of Solomon it was strength of oppression.

11. "My father hath chastised you with whips, but I will chastise you with scorpions."

So they would have him draw his people to him by encouraging him to act not as a shepherd of his people, but as a cruel taskmaster, a veritable Egyptian Pharaoh.

12. "So Jeroboam and all the people came to Rehoboam the third day as the king had appointed."

It is a dark day for Israel. They are to hear no comforting words; their yoke is not to be lightened nor their service made easier. And yet this man was king on the throne of David, ruling over the Lord's people.

13. "And the king answered the people roughly."

"Roughly" is the same word that in verse 4 is translated "grievous." Joseph also spoke "roughly" to his brethren (Gen. xlii, 7, 30), but in his case it was only outward roughness, yet well deserved, while back of it there was forgiveness and love.

14. "And spake to them after the counsel of the young men."

Wicked counsellors are a great curse, and are all in the service, for the time at least, of the first wicked counselor, who in the garden led Adam and Eve astray. It is bad enough when friends give evil counsel, but how much worse when one's own mother is the evil counselor (Gen. xxvii, 13; II Chron. xxii, 3).

15. "The cause was from the Lord."

Back of all these apparently ordinary circumstances God was working. He cannot do evil, but He often permits evil to take its course, and yet overrules all for the good of His people. Again in verse 24 we read concerning the conduct of Rehoboam and its results, "This thing is from me." It is a fearful thing to refuse to obey God and walk in the truth, for that lays us open to the possibility of His sending us strong delusion that we should believe a lie (II Thess. ii, 11). There is much in the Bible about evil from the Lord, as in the following texts: Judg. ix, 23; xiv, 4; I Sam. ii, 25; xvi, 14; II Chron. xviii, 22; xxii, 7; Isa. xix, 14; xlv, 7; Amos iii, 6; but it will always be found that the person or persons have deliberately turned away from God, and the evil that overtakes them is the result of their own doings, which God permits to come to them because they will not have His love and care (I Kings xi, 11).

16. "All Israel saw that the king hearkened not unto them."

Then they departed to their tents and made Jeroboam their king; there was none that followed the house of David but the tribe of Judah only. And when Rehoboam would have gone forth to subdue the rebels God by His servant forbade him, and he had to be content to have it so (vs. 20-24). Thus the highly privileged nation were divided because of their sins, and to this day they have never been as a whole nation reunited. We shall see as we go on in our studies that the revolting tribes grew worse and worse, wandering farther and farther from God, until after more than 200 years their iniquity came to a head and they went into captivity, from which they have not yet returned.

17. "But as for the children of Israel which dwelt in the cities of Judah, Rehoboam reigned over them."

Not for his sake, nor Solomon's, but for David's sake was this one tribe left him (xi, 13, 36); and because the scepter should not depart from Judah till Shiloh should come (Gen. xlix, 10).

NICE FLORIDA ORANGES.

Parties Wishing to Purchase Nice Oranges

By the Box,

APPLY TO

I. M. HOLT, No. 31 So. Walnut St.

Quincy, Jan. 2.—3t 3—1w

"Little Monitor."

The Best School Shoe for Misses and Children.

Saville & Jones.

MILKMAID BRAND CONDENSED MILK

Nothing better for babies. Full Cream. Full Weigh

Best on Earth.

For sale by

J. F. Merrill,

QUINCY, MASS.

Oct. 4. Sat—3mos

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND

ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING,

QUINCY AVENUE.

Nov. 13. 3 mos

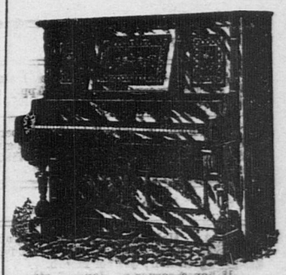
Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.

Boston, Nov. 5. tf

Pianos and Organs.



R. D. CHASE,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, - - Quincy.

Dec. 2). tf

THE ONLY PLACE IN QUINCY

To get the Famous

Lebanon Overalls and Jumpers

is at

SAVILLE & JONES'.

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

N. CURTIS & CO.'S

Fine Shoes at

Saville & Jones'.

New Outing Flannels, 10c. and 12 1-2c. per Yard, at Miss C. S. Hubbard's,

58 HANCOCK STREET QUINCY. 58

Of Course

The Ladies would like a Rubber Shoe which will not break or slip at the heel. Try the

"B. & L. HOLDFAST."

We have all Widths and Sizes.

Saville & Jones.

WANTED.

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

WANTED,—A situation for general housework by a capable girl; can give good recommendations. Apply at 5 Wibird street. Quincy, Dec. 30. 7t*

TO LET.

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.

Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms.

Apply to HENRY H. FAXON.
Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—A large unfurnished Room, suitable for doctor or lawyer. For further particulars enquire on the premises, of N. A. WILD, 58 Water street. Dec. 24—tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms To Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

FOR SALE CHEAP.

ONE Pair of Box Runners nearly new. Also one second-hand Pung in good repair. Apply to

CHARLES L. PRESCOTT,
North street.
Quincy, Jan. 2. pltf

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately.

Apply to
JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.
Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

BLANKET LINED Canvas Jackets

—AT—

Saville & Jones'.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Doran's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree
M. K Pratt,	Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 3.

High water at 4.45 A. M. and 5.00 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.14; Sets at 4.24.
Moon rises 4.45 A. M.
Last quarter Jan. 3, 5.12 A. M.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

The public schools will re-open on Monday.

T. P. Donahoe is visiting with his aunt at West Quincy.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Rufus Foster will be held on Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. John Caven, who has been west for the past six months, has returned home.

The funeral of Thomas O'Brien was held in St. Mary's church this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Adams and daughter, Beatrice, are visiting in Milford, N. H.

John Pope of Marthas Vineyard, formerly of Atlantic, was in town a few days this week.

Spiritualist meeting on Sunday evening. Mrs. Kate R. Stiles of Boston will speak at 7 o'clock.

The Atlantic Social club held a meeting last evening to finish up the business left over from their last meeting.

An essay on the "Songs of Scotland," will be given by Mr. J. Bremner, at the meeting of the Clan McGregor literary and debating society this evening.

The Shea & Williams Combination company, who postponed the entertainment to have been given at Music hall, Atlantic, December 30, will appear next Tuesday evening.

James Connell has on exhibition at his fruit store a pair of long reach skates, which he will give to the boy bringing him the most DAILY LEDGER blank coupons before Feb. 1.

John L. Miller writes that the item in Friday's LEDGER which credited him with having been presented with a gold headed cane by his employes was not a fact, and that the LEDGER man was either wilfully or otherwise misinformed.

The city of Quincy has four cases to defend in the Norfolk Civil Court which convenes next Tuesday, viz: Claims for damages by Charles H. Loring, Patrick Brennan, Isaac Shute and Charlotte W. Shute.

The Young Ladies' Whist Club met last evening with Miss Maggie Badger at West Quincy and as one of the members expressed herself it was a "fine time," after a few games a collation was served, the prominent dish being figs.

A Newton item in Friday's Globe says: Mr. and Mrs. George P. Welch and son, who have been stopping at Newton Centre, return to their home in Cleveland, O., today. Mrs. Welch and son were injured in the Quincy wreck, but have recovered from their injuries.

Mr. and Mrs. John Marshal gave a New Year's party at their residence, Atlantic, Thursday. In the afternoon the Masters and Misses were present and had a good time playing games and the like, and in the evening the fathers and mothers of the young people were present and made merry.

The State Board of Education has held its annual election. Hon. John W. Dickinson is secretary. Mr. G. I. Aldrich of this city was assigned as follows: On the board of visitors to the Normal schools at Bridgewater and Salem; on the Finance Committee; on the Committee on Schools and School-houses.

The story of Miles Standish' courtship is one that has always interested the lovers of poetry and tradition, and the fact that it is to be given in Quincy for the benefit of the City Hospital, will certainly insure good houses. The story which has been arranged in the opera by Mr. Surrette, will be told by some of our best singers assisted by the finest Boston talent. When it was played last winter in the neighboring towns, the houses which greeted the production were crowded every night. Its fame has preceded it; and we predict that there will be few here who will miss the treat, and those few will be very sorry.

One of Hodges' drivers who spells his name Newcomb, met with an experience Thursday which he will not soon forget. He had occasion to go to a cake drawer, and opening it part way, thrust his hand in it. He however quickly drew it and began jumping up and down shouting and pounding his arm in a manner very suggestive of a Sioux war dance. His friends rushed to his assistance, and when he had become quieted it was discovered that a large rat had gone up his sleeve and bit him twice on the arm and that the pounding he had been doing had smashed the head of his ratship into a jelly.

Quincy court, No. 76, M. C. O. F., are to hold a grand promenade concert and ball at Guy's coliseum, Tuesday evening, March 31.

Mr. William T. Curtis, who died the first of the week, was previous to November first, a member of the local Assembly of Good Fellows, and had he but remained long enough to pay the assessments of November and December which amounted to about $3, his widow would have received $3000.

Entertainment.

The entertainment of the First Church Social Club at the chapel last evening was well attended, although many were doubtless kept away by the severeness of the weather. The programme, which was an excellent one, consisted of several selections by the Temple quartette of Boston, piano solo by Mr. Frank C. Gilbert of Quincy, recitation by Miss Bessie L. Pratt of Quincy, tenor solo by Mr. E. F. Webber, violin solo by Miss Helen M. Slade.

The several numbers on the programme were well rendered and received repeated encores, the accompanist, Miss Mabel A. Shaw received her share. Miss Mary V. Hastings, who was announced for a soprano solo, was unovoidably absent, her number on the programme being filled by the quartette. The platform looked very pretty, trimed as it was with potted plants and candles.

Wollaston Methodists.

The special services which have been held in the Methodist church, Wollaston, during this week, have been well attended and full of interest; the watch night service being especially interesting and helpful.

Rev. Mr. Freeman will preach on Sunday as usual.

Next week, meetings will be held on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings. Extra help is expected.

Rev. Mr. Freeman made over one hundred calls on New Year's day.

The Christmas concert given in the M. E. church, Wollaston, last Sunday evening was first class in every respect, a large audience being present to enjoy the exercises. Although the walking was very bad, ninety were present at the Sunday school on Sunday. The collection was between five and six dollars. Several new scholars joined the school.

Missionary Society Election.

The Woman's Home Missionary Society held its annual meeting Tuesday afternoon. The following were elected as officers:

President,—Mrs. J. H. Yeoman.
Vice President,—Mrs. C. W. Hodgkins.
Secretary,—Mrs. G. W. Hill.
Treasurer,—Mrs. S. M. Bennett.

During the year $35.00 has been raised for missions and three barrels of clothing valued at $115.00 have been sent to Dakota and Michigan.

Sunday School Officers.

Memorial Sunday School held its annual meeting Wednesday evening at the chapel. The following officers were chosen:

Superintendent,—C. F. Merrick.
Assistant Superintendent,—W. H. Todd.
Secretary and Treasurer,—C. Drew.
Librarian,—George Bennett.

Total membership, 155; average attendance, 107; expenses, $140.00; Books in Library, 421; average circulation, 48.

WEYMOUTH.

W. O. Collyer Hose Company held a social dance at Engine hall, North Weymouth, Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Bates of North Weymouth, have arrived home from Asheville, North Carolina.

Mrs. Charles Clapp fell upon the ice yesterday and broke her hip.

Miss Sarah E. Wilbar, one of Weymouth's school teachers, has resigned and accepted a position in Waltham at a salary of $600.

William Tobin, a well-known Republican, has been appointed to a position at the Boston custom house.

Mechanics Temple Hall Association held its annual meeting Friday evening and elected the following officers:

President,—George W. Dyer.
Clerk and Treasurer,—Joseph A Cushing.
Directors,—N. B. Peare, George W. Dyer, Waldo Turner, C. W. Rice, Joseph A. Cushing, W. J. Dunbar.

The treasurer's report showed that $200 had been paid on their debt during the past year, which leaves their indebtedness $2,500.

Sons of Veterans.

The following officers of James L. Bates, Camp 36, S. of V., were publicly installed Friday evening, by Dudley B. Purpeck of Salem:

Captain,—Charles T. Bailey.
1st Lieut.,—John F. Fennell.
2d Lieut.,—George R. Burrell.
Camp Council,—W. C. Earle, James F. Otis, Minot P. Garey.
Chaplain,—I. B. H. Hawes.
1st Sergeant,—L. W. Turner.
Quartermaster Sergeant,—Joseph H. Hawes.
Sergeant Guard,—Frank A. Richards.
Color Sergeant,—W. L. Hawes.
Principal Musician,—J. F. Bates.
Corporal Guard,—C. J. Hayden.
Camp Guard,—E. A. Gerald.
Picket Guard,—W. A. Rich.

After the installation ceremony there was vocal selections by P. J. Mahoney and P. J. Fennell; harmonicasolos by Comrade Nadel; remarks by several members of Reynolds Post 58, G. A. R., and a supper.

Good Fellows.

Wessagusset Assembly 193, R. S. G. F., have elected the following officers:

Ruler,—J. C. Hayden.
Instructor,—Stephen Meuse.
Counselor,—W. S. Heffernan.
Past Ruler,—Edward Rowland.
Secretary,—A. L. Flint.
Financial Secretary,—Robert McIntosh.
Treasurer,—William I. Litchfield.
Prelate,—Owen Smith.
Director,—George H. Wise.
Guard,—Edward Fraher, 2d.
Sentry,—Edward Flannery.
Trustees,—Michael McGrath, Thomas A. Boyle, Charles R. Greeley.

BRAINTREE.

John F. Sullivan has been appointed night baggagemaster at Braintree depot.

The Monatiquot Lodge of the Knights of Pythias have initiated the past two weeks fifteen new members. The Lodge is very popular, and now consists of seventy members.

At the parish meeting of the Universalist Society last Sunday afternoon, it was unanimously voted to extend a call to Mr. Magwire till the first of April, this date corresponding with his arrangements with the Quincy parish. It was also voted to hold their services in the Town hall, instead of Amory hall.

Morrison Bros. have cut for their own use this week, from their own pond, ice that was fourteen inches thick. This is doing pretty well. But we don't know how thick the uncut ice is anywhere this morning. The thickness of ice and the uncertainty of the length of human life are both equally puzzling. It didn't use to be, at least as regards ice. Two feet thick was the standard of winter, just as the gold dollar is the standard in the commercial world through all seasons of the year. The ice standard has changed, but the gold dollar, never!

Mr. Samuel A. Bates has a good record as Town Clerk of Braintree. He has held the office for eighteen years and has never been absent from a town meeting during that time in the capacity of Town Clerk, save the one at which he was first elected; he being then at home, sick. When the number of town meetings held during the "water question" controversy are taken into account, this is as we have said a remarkable record, showing all the scriptural virtues in active operation. And still the end is not yet.

BUSSELL'S Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

$1.50

Will buy a FIRST-CLASS

Working Shoe

at

Saville & Jones'.

CORSETS

Hosiery and Underwear,

—AT—

Reduced Prices.

We are ready to give you Great Bargains in all kinds of WINTER GOODS.

1 Lot Ladies' Gray mixed, ribbed Top Hose, worth 50c., 3 pair for $1.00.

1 Lot Children's Black all-wool for 19c.

Children's Gray Mixed, Scarlet Underwear.

We have a large of Ladies' and Children's Hoods which we shall sell at greatly reduced prices. Also Skirts in all kinds and sizes.

We have just received a lot of Cotton-Flannel Wrappers, all sizes, which we shall sell at $2.00. Ask to see them.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.,

Adams Building, Quincy.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another instalment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list includes all whose surname begins with "P."

WARD ONE.

To Whom Taxed.		Value.	Tax.
Pratt, Edwin B.	Money, stocks, bonds and income,	$20,000	
	Two horses,	400	
	Carriages,	800	
	Cow,	50	
	Billiard table,	150	
	House on Hancock street,	7,500	
	Stable,	1,000	
	Stable,	500	
	Land, 3 54-100 acres,	20,000	
	Meadow and upland, 3 83-100 feet,	1,000	701 04
Pratt, E. Granville.	Horse and carriage,	200	4 72
Pratt & Curtis.	Stock in trade,	2,500	
	Six horses,	600	42 16
Prescott, Eben.	Bicycle,	50	2 68
Prescott, Frank F.	House on Bigelow street,	2,700	
	Land, 7,000 feet,	550	46 20
Prescott, George W.	House on Spear street,	1,600	
	Land, 10,000 feet,	1,300	
	House on Spear street,	1,200	
	House on Spear street,	3,300	
	House on Spear street,	1,500	
	Land, 24,000 feet,	2,900	
	Land, Willow farm, 5,000 feet,	200	165 20
Pratt, Mrs. Henrietta B.	Land on Spear street, 41,120 feet,	5,000	68 00
Prior, Hiram, estate of.	House on Bicknell street,	700	
	Barn,	100	
	Land, 1 acre,	900	23 12
Prior, John B.	Horse and wagons,	300	6 08

WARD TWO.

Pratt, George F.	House on Wendell street,	300	
	Land, 5,100 feet,	100	7 44
Pratt, Henry G., Jr.	Stock in trade,	200	
	Money, stocks, bonds and income,	500	
	Horse and carriage,	200	
	House on Edwards street,	1,200	
	Shop and stable,	500	
	House on Edwards street,	2,200	
	Land, 15,635 feet,	1,100	
	House on Baxter street,	1,600	
	Land, 5,230 feet,	350	
	House on Baxter street,	1,600	
	Land, 5,200 feet,	350	
	House on Baxter street,	2,200	
	Land, 6,580 feet,	500	172 00
Pray, George B.	House on Sheppard street,	890	
	Land, 7,758 feet,	300	16 96
Prescott, Charles L.	Four horses, 1 cow,	350	6 76
Prouty, Eugene H.	Cow,	50	68

WARD THREE.

Pratt, Jonathan.	House on Quincy avenue,	1,100	
	Land, 14,100 feet,	1,000	30 56
Pratt, William.	Land, 9,822 feet,	425	5 78
Presbyterian church.	House on Quincy street,	1,200	
	Land, one-eighth acre,	400	21 76
Prout, George.	Stock in trade,	2,000	
	Three horses,	400	
	Store on Clark avenue,	2,500	
	Land, one-fourth acre,	700	78 16
Prout, May A.	House on Granite street,	1,700	
	Land,	750	33 32
Prout Bros.	Stock in trade,	2,500	
	Derrick,	100	
	Stone sheds,	200	38 08
Provost, Peter.	Cow,	50	
	House on Centre street,	1,600	
	Land, 6,000 feet,	250	27 87

WARD FOUR.

Prout, George.	Land on Prospect hill, 5,088 feet,	100	1 36
Prario, Joseph.	House on Common street,	800	
	Land, one-fourth acre,	250	16 28
Pratt, R. W.	Machinery,	150	2 04
Prudy, Israel.	Machinery,	500	6 80

WARD FIVE.

Pratt, Edwin B.	Land in section 1, 8,778 feet,	900	
	Land in section 6, 6,630 feet,	200	14 96
Prescott, Mrs. Emma C.	Horse and carriage,	150	2 04
Prescott, George R.	House on Farrington street,	2,400	
	Land, 10,000 feet,	500	41 44
Price, Mrs. Lydia.	House on Central avenue,	2,500	
	Land, 33,140 feet,	1,650	56 44

WARD SIX.

Pratt, David.	Horse,	100	3 36
Pratt, Susan D.	House on Appleton street,	2,700	
	Land, 9,572 feet,	500	43 52
Price, Edward.	Horse,	100	
	House and stable,	1,500	
	Land, 5,000 feet,	200	26 48
Priest, Alonzo.	House on Atlantic street,	2,300	
	Land, 10,560 feet,	650	42 12
Priest, Alonzo, executor.	Money,	800	10 88

HINGHAM.

The following officers of Old Colony Lodge I. O. O. F., were installed last evening by D. D. G. M., Louis A. Cook and suite of South Weymouth.

Noble Grand,—John H. Stoddard, 2d.
Vice Grand,—Charles L. Davis.
R. Secretary,—Herbert O. Hardy, P. G.
Treasurer,—Arthur M. Bibby.
P. Secretary,—Walter W. Hersey, P. G.
Warden,—Edward Cowing, P. G.
Conductor,—Fred H. Miller, P. G.
P. G.,—William H. Leavitt.
I. G.,—J. Arthur Batchelder.
R. S. N. G.,—Barzillai Lincoln, P. G.
L. S. N. G.,—Frank W. Nash, P. G.
P. S. V. G.,—Arthur F. Hersey, P. G.
L. S. V. G.,—Edward F. Wilder, P. G.
R. S. S.,—C. Sumrer Henderson.
L. S. S.,—Alfred Cushing.
Chaplain,—Hiram T. Howard, P. G.
P. G.,—Isaiah P. Pratt.
Trustee for 3 years,—Barzillai Lincoln.

THE ADVANCING KINGDOM

Or the Wonders of Foretold History by the Rev. F. E. Tower.

A new work of absorbing interest. All who desire to be well informed should read it, none can afford not to know our true place in history.

This is a work that will be welcomed in many families. It embraces principal events of history from the sixth century, before the Christian era, up to the present day, and their foreshadowing by the prophecies of the Old and the New Testaments. "A Glimpse of the Future," the part that America is expected to play in the great drama of the future, is certainly unique. The book is replete with magnificent colored plates, and altogether makes an exceptionally handsome volume. —*Popular Educator, Boston.*

From Prof. W. S. Tyler, Amherst, Mass.

The book must have cost a great deal of reading, study and thought. It is well planned and well written. It is a graphic and vivid outline of the history of the church and the world as related to the advancing kingdom of God. My granddaughter, a bright girl of sixteen, has read chapter after chapter, fascinated by the history as history, without knowing or thinking much of its relation to the fulfillment of prophecy. And this has been the chief charm of the book to me. The great lesson of the Revelation and of prophecy in general does not depend upon our theories of interpretation, and you have made that lesson bright and strong in your book.

From Rev. Julius H. Seelys, D. D.

Any one knowing Mr. Tower would know also that any thing from his pen would be both scholarly and thoughtful; and though I have read but the seven chapters, I will not delay expression to the interest which these have given me. I agree with him perfectly respecting the importance of prophetic study, and I am impressed with the vigor and graphic power of his delineations. The book is both scholarly and profound.

Mrs. C. Ford, agent for this work for Quincy, Braintree, Neponset and Weymouth can be addressed at Mr. Albert Litch's, Quincy Point, where a copy of the book can be seen.

Sunday Services.

Congregational Church.

Rev. Edward Norton, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 10.30 A. M. [illegible] Year's Sermon. Sabbath Scho[ol] A. M. Communion Service [illegible] of members to the church [illegible] Evening service at 7 o'clock [illegible] "The Untrodden Path." Ser[vice] servance of the "Week of Prayer" chapel each evening until Saturday at o'clock.

M. E. Church, Wollaston.

Rev. Luther Freeman, pastor. Preaching at 10.45 A. M. Sunday school at 12 M. Epworth League at 6 P. M. Praise service and preaching at 7 P. M. Special meetings will be held on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings of next week.

Methodist Church, West Quincy.

Services at 10.30 A. M., 3 and 7 P. M., under the direction of a company of students from Boston. Sunday school at 11.45 A. M.

Congregational Church, Quincy Point.

Rev. Mr. Benedict, pastor. Subject in the morning, "Why must we be saved through Christ." In the evening a New Year's Address.

Christadelphian Services.

At French's hall, at 7.00 P. M., there will be a lecture delivered by Mr. Alfred Pinel of Quincy. Subject, "The Gospel: or Glad Tidings of the Kingdom of God." All are welcome, free.

Spiritualist Meeting.

Mrs. Kate R. Stiles of Boston will speak at Faxon Hall on Sunday evening at 7 o'clock.

BORN.

RICHARDS—In Quincy, Jan. 2, a son to Mr. and Mrs. James Richards of Gran[ite] street.

MARRIED.

HAYDEN—CALDWELL—In Milto[n] Jan. 1, by Rev. Nathan Hunt, Mr. Samu[el] T. Hayden to Miss Lizzie M. Caldw[ell] both of Quincy.

SHAW—LEIGH—In Rockland, Dec. [illegible] by Rev. W. D. Woodward, Mr. Geo[rge] W. Shaw of Rockland, to Miss V. El[la] Leigh of Hingham.

DIED.

BEAL—In Cohasset, Jan. 1, Mr. Rob[ert] Y. Beal, aged 47 years and 6 months.

DOUGLASS—In Atlantic, Jan. 3, [illegible] William H. Douglass, aged 67 years.

NUTTING—In Montpelier, Vt., Dec. [illegible] Alice May, daughter of Mr. and M[rs.] Fred C. Nutting, aged 4 months and [illegible] days.

VOL.

HC

Christ

Corru

Extra Quality T

We believe

market.

We also b

New England.

In order to

offer for a limit

Flour, we will pre

or adjoining town

or the Tea purcha

day order is receiv

Bostor

Quincy, Jan. 3.

Bargain

SUITS

LO

One Pric

DURGIN

If you want

Stand

e have it blen

e grind it fresh

Pri

have severa

isfaction, but

va Coffee.

PRAT

SCHOOL S

HINGHAM.

...e following officers of Old Colony ...ge I. O. O. F., were installed last even... ...y D. D. G. M., Louis A. Cook and suite ...outh Weymouth.

...ble Grand,—John H. Stoddard, 2d. ...ce Grand,—Charles L. Davis. ...Secretary,—Herbert O. Hardy, P. G. ...easurer,—Arthur M. Bibby. ...Secretary,—Walter W. Hersey, P. G. ...arden,—Edward Cowing, P. G. ...nductor,—Fred H. Miller, P. G. ...G.,—William H. Leavitt. ...G.,—J. Arthur Batchelder. ...S. N. G.,—Barzillai Lincoln, P. G. ...S. N. G.,—Frank W. Nash, P. G. ...S. V. G.,—Arthur F. Hersey, P. G. ...S. V. G.,—Edward F. Wilder, P. G. ...S. S.,—C. Sumner Henderson. ...S. S.,—Alfred Cushing. ...aplain,—Hiram T. Howard, P. G. ...G.,— Isaiah P. Pratt. ...rustee for 3 years,—Barzillai Lincoln.

THE ADVANCING KINGDOM

...he Wonders of Foretold History by the Rev. F. E. Tower.

...new work of absorbing interest. All ...desire to be well informed should read ...one can afford not to know our true ...e in history. ...his is a work that will be welcomed in ...y families. It embraces principal ...ts of history from the sixth century, ...re the Christian era, up to the present ...and their foreshadowing by the pro... ...ies of the Old and the New Testa... ...ts. "A Glimpse of the Future," the ...that America is expected to play in the ...t drama of the future, is certainly ...ue. The book is replete with mag... ...ent colored plates, and altogether ...es an exceptionally handsome volume. ...opular Educator, Boston.

...m Prof. W. S. Tyler, Amherst, Mass. ...e book must have cost a great deal of ...ling, study and thought. It is well ...ned and well written. It is a graphic ...vivid outline of the history of the ...ch and the world as related to the ...ncing kingdom of God. My grand... ...ghter, a bright girl of sixteen, has read ...ter after chapter, fascinated by the ...ry as history, without knowing or ...king much of its relation to the ful... ...ent of prophecy. And this has been ...hief charm of the book to me. The ...t lesson of the Revelation and of ...heey in general does not depend upon ...theories of interpretation, and you ...made that lesson bright and strong in ...book.

...rom Rev. Julius H. Seelye, D. D. ...y one knowing Mr. Tower would ...w also that any thing from his pen ...ld be both scholarly and thoughtful; ...though I have read but the seven ...ters, I will not delay expression to the ...est which these have given me. I agree ...him perfectly respecting the importance ...rophetic study, and I am impressed ...the vigor and graphic power of his ...eations. The book is both scholarly ...profound.

...rs. C. Ford, agent for this work for ...cy, Braintree, Neponset and Wey... ...th can be addressed at Mr. Albert ...h's, Quincy Point, where a copy of ...book can be seen.

Sunday Services.

Congregational Church.

...v. Edward Norton, pastor. Preach... ...y the pastor at 10.30 A. M. ...'s Sermon. Sabbath Scho... ...at 11.45 ...Communion Service ... ...embers to the church ... ...ith reception ...ing service at 7 o'cloc... ...at 2.30 P. M. ...e Untrodden Path." Ser... ...Theme— ...nce of the "Week of Prayer ...rice in th... ...el each evening until Saturday at ... ...in the ...ck.

M. E. Church, Wollaston.

...v. Luther Freeman, pastor. Preaching ...0.45 A. M. Sunday school at 12 M. ...orth League at 6 P. M. Praise service ...preaching at 7 P. M. Special meetings ...be held on Tuesday, Wednesday, ...sday and Friday evenings of next ...

Methodist Church, West Quincy.

...vices at 10.30 A. M., 3 and 7 P. M., ...r the direction of a company of stu... ...from Boston. Sunday school at 11.45

...ngregational Church, Quincy Point.

...r. Mr. Benedict, pastor. Subject in ...morning, "Why must we be saved ...gh Christ." In the evening a New ...s Address.

Christadelphian Services.

...French's hall, at 7.00 P. M., there will ...ecture delivered by Mr. Alfred Pinel ...uincy. Subject, "The Gospel: or ...Tidings of the Kingdom of God." ...e welcome, free.

Spiritualist Meeting.

...Kate R. Stiles of Boston will speak ...xon Hall on Sunday evening at 7 ...k.

BORN.

...ARDS—In Quincy, Jan. 2, a son to ...and Mrs. James Richards of Grani... ...t.

MARRIED.

...EN—CALDWELL—In Milto... ...1, by Rev. Nathan Hunt, Mr. Samu... ...ayden to Miss Lizzie M. Caldwe... ...of Quincy. ...—LEIGH—In Rockland, Dec. ... ...ev. W. D. Woodward, Mr. Geo... ...haw of Rockland, to Miss V. El... ...h of Hingham.

DIED.

...—In Cohasset, Jan. 1, Mr. Rob... ...al, aged 47 years and 6 months. ...LASS—In Atlantic, Jan. 3, ...am H. Douglass, aged 67 years. ...NG—In Montpelier, Vt., Dec. ... ...May, daughter of Mr. and M... ...C. Nutting, aged 4 months and

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 4. QUINCY, MASS., MONDAY, JANUARY 5, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

HON. CHARLES H. PORTER,

Mayor of Quincy, 1889 and 1890.

BEST YET!

Christians' Flour, $7 per Bbl.

Corrugated " $7 "

Extra Quality Tea (Oolong, Japan or English Breakfast,) 50c. lb.

We believe the above brands of Flour are the Best that are sold in this ...rket.

We also believe that our 50 cent Tea is the Best sold for the money in ...w England.

In order to extend our sales in these Specialties, we make the following ...r for a limited time only: To every Customer buying a barrel of either ...our, we will present a pound of Tea, and deliver free in any part of Quincy ...or adjoining towns. Positively no discount will be made on either the Flour ...or the Tea purchased separately. Orders by mail or telephone will be sent on ...day order is received.

J. F. Merrill,

Boston Branch Grocery.

Quincy, Jan. 3. 6t

Bargains in Every Department.

SUITS and OVERCOATS

AT

LOWEST PRICES!

QUINCY

One Price Clothing Company.

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

If you want to drink the Best Coffee, try our

Standard O. G. Java.

...e have it blended and roasted expressly for us, and ...e grind it fresh as ordered.

Price 37c. per lb.

...e have several grades that cost less and give good ...isfaction, but nothing can beat the Standard O. G. ...va Coffee.

PRATT & CURTIS,

SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

MAYOR FAIRBANKS.

The New Mayor Takes the Oath of Office,

And Reads a Business-Like Inaugural Address.

The City Council Then Organizes with Thompson as President.

The third year of a city government was inaugurated at noon today. Like the two preceding ones, the day was stormy and very unfavorable to a large attendance of citizens.

Among those present were City Treasurer Adams, City Auditor Hall, Principal Assessor Curtis, Assistant Assessors Waterhouse and Pope, Overseer Field, Commissioner Alexander, Park Commissioners Glover and Merrill, Superintendent of Schools Aldrich, ex-Councilmen Whitman, Stearns, Kapples, Glover, Ewell, Green and Wilde.

Promptly at 12 M. Mayor-elect Fairbanks entered on the arm of Mayor Porter, and they were accompanied by City Clerk Spear and City Messenger Tirrell.

Rev. D. M. Wilson of the First church invoked the divine blessing.

The oath was then administered to Mayor Fairbanks by City Clerk Spear, and he answered clearly and distinctly "I do."

The new Mayor then read his inaugural address, which is printed below. The delivery occupied about twenty-five minutes, and the suggestions and recommendations met with general approval.

THE COUNCIL ORGANIZES.

James Thompson of Ward Three Elected President.

The inauguration ceremonies being at an end, the Council of 1891 was called to order by City Clerk Spear, who proceeded to call the roll of members.

The following Councilmen-elect were present and the oath of office was administered to them by City Clerk Spear. Those with one star (*) against their name have served in the Council one year, and those with two stars (**) both in 1889 and 1890.

*E. W. HENRY BASS.
CHARLES M. BRYANT.
JOHN E. DRAKE.
*SILAS B. DUFFIELD.
CHARLES L. HAMMOND.
J. FRANCIS HAYWARD.
JOHN O. HOLDEN.
**FREDERICK L. JONES.
DANIEL C. LITTLE.
*GEORGE W. MORTON.
STEPHEN O. MOXON.
**THADDEUS H. NEWCOMB.
EDMUND POPE.
WILLIAM F. POWERS.
LESTER M. PRATT.
JOHN H. ROBERTS.
*CHARLES R. SHERMAN.
SAMUEL H. SPEAR.
**JAMES THOMPSON.
*WILLIAM H. WARNER.

Councilman Fallon was absent and there are two vacancies.

The first business was the election of a president, the ballot resulting as follows:

Number of votes cast,	20
E. W. H. Bass had	1
James Thompson,	19

And Councilman Thompson was declared elected President.

Clerk Spear Reelected.

The next business was the election of a clerk of the council, and Christopher A. Spear, who has ably and acceptably filled the position for two years was unanimously reelected.

Other business was transacted, the Council being in session when the LEDGER went to press. A full report will appear tomorrow.

MAYOR FAIRBANKS' ADDRESS.

In accordance with the provisions of our charter, and in pursuance to the call of the citizens, we have assembled here today to take upon ourselves a solemn obligation to perform such duties as will devolve upon us with care and fidelity, with zeal and an earnest purpose, being actuated by one motive, endeavoring to accomplish but one result—the welfare and prosperity of our city.

As we today officially assume the duties, we should endeavor to take a comprehensive view of the work that lies before us, and it becomes my duty to invite your attention in as brief a manner as possible to the municipal affairs of our city and then go forward with you to meet its duties and responsibilities.

The prosperity of the affairs of any well ordered municipal government depends upon the management of its resources, and how to give the city a high quality of service in all its departments with a moderate tax rate is by all odds the problem that comes home directly to the citizens.

It will become my duty to carefully consider the urgent needs and demands of the various departments for the ensuing year, to thoroughly estimate the running expenses and cost of ordinary improvements, and place before you at an early date an official communication on the subject. I believe that the current expenses of our city should be paid entirely out of its revenue for the year; when, however, an improvement is designed to be of a lasting benefit, the burden should be in part borne in the years to be benefitted, but such improvements should only be made after careful and mature deliberation and a firm belief in the future benefits to be enjoyed.

Expenditure of the public monies for current expenses and improvements, are controlled by the law limiting municipal indebtedness, and fixing the rate of taxation. The appropriations for city purposes cannot exceed in any year, $12 on one thousand of the average valuation of property for the three preceding years, which appears from the assessors' books to be as follows:

Valuation, 1888,	$9,757,960
Valuation, 1889,	12,319,245
Valuation, 1890,	13,683,000
Total,	$35,760,205

Which makes the average valuation to be $11,853,400.

Upon this amount less abatements and with receipts from various sources, must be raised the income for the year, to which is added the state and county tax, and the sums required for that portion of the city indebtedness falling due.

The borrowing capacity of the city is limited by law to 2½ per cent. of the above average valuation, which would be about $296,000.

The debt of the city January 1st, 1891, is as follows:

CITY DEBT, JANUARY 1, 1891.

	Totals.	Falling due this year.
Neponset bridge,	$18,000.00	$2,000.00
Land for Willard schoolhouse,	14,220.00	1,586.00
Extension of Wollaston schoolhouse,	10,000.00	1,000.00
Willard schoolhouse,	69,300.00	7,700.00
Willard special loan,	4,000.00	1,000.00
Whitwell street,	2,250.00	1,000.00
Engine house, Ward 6,	2,200.00	2,200.00
Land on President's avenue, Ward 3,	2,000.00	2,000.00
Settlement with Mahoney,	2,419.73	2,419.73
Bates ave. brook drain,	2,200.00	2,200.00
West street,	3,000.00	1,000.00
Common street,	12,000.00	1,200.00
Belmont street,	500.00	500.00
Surveys Water street,	500.00	500.00
Hancock street,	40,000.00	4,000.00
Water supply, source of	800.00	800.00
Pointing wall Beale st.,	200.00	200.00
Additional extension of Wollaston school,	1,215.66	1,215.66
Award to Patrick Cain,	170.00	170.00
Additional lights,	500.00	500.00
Reardon street,	500.00	500.00
Repair fund Mt. Wollaston cemetery,	4,775.00	
Rock Island fund,	727.50	
	$191,476.89	$33,685.39

A total of $191,477.89, of which amount $33,685.39 is due the present year. $179,318.16 is of the nature of permanent improvements.

A careful study of the financial situation, leads me to believe that, provided there is no increase in the valuation for the present year, the tax rate will be $15½ per thousand.

SCHOOLS.

There is no department of the city's interest that has entrusted to it by our charter more of responsibility and care, than is invested in the school committee. They have the management of the education of our children, giving them a sound common school instruction, thereby preparing them to be useful, intelligent citizens, a credit to themselves, and to our city, which has ever taken a just pride in promoting this department. The detailed report of this committee will soon be laid before the Council, giving you the account of their stewardship, and which will aid you in determining the necessary appropriation to continue the work for the present year. I am informed that the number of pupils at the present time is 3405.

Teachers, 71.

Increase of pupils over last year, 118.

It is to be deeply regretted that the work on the Willard School House has progressed so slowly, and that still further delays may follow from the financial embarrassment of the contractors. To my mind important questions have arisen, and steps are being taken to thoroughly acquaint myself with the true state of affairs—and I shall communicate to the Council, I hope at an early date, what steps are necessary to hasten the completion of this much needed building.

The city has at the present time invested in school buildings nearly $200,000, and in consideration of our present debt, and the calls for needed improvements, requiring large expenditures to place our city in a more satisfactory condition, I would ask you to carefully consider, if it would not be a wise policy to partially insure them, to guard against a heavy loss in the future, from destruction by fire.

STREETS.

The operation of the street department are performed under the public eye, and are therefore open to much criticism, often unfair, by those who do not realize the many needs of our city in this direction,

(*Continued on Fourth Page.*)

$50 WATCH.

Value of Prize in the Contest Doubled.

670 More Votes Received---Six New Candidates in the Field.

Mr. Tirrell a Close Second---Miss Leary of West Quincy Third.

Many friends of the DAILY LEDGER have suggested that the popularity contest might be much more interesting if the prize offered was more valuable; that a $25 gold watch was hardly worth striving for. These statements are not borne out by the start which the contest has taken, the contestants not caring so much for the intrinsic value, as the honor of being the most popular wage earner.

The publishers have concluded, however, to take the advice of their friends. The contest was not inaugurated so much to make money, as to advertise the DAILY LEDGER, and believing the returns will warrant it, they hereby announce that the value of the gold watch offered has been doubled. The first prize, therefore, to the most popular wage earner will be a $50 gold watch or a $25 easy chair, as he may elect.

When the polls closed today there were 670 new votes in, of which number 239 were for H. W. Tirrell, 132 for Miss Leary, 69 for G. E. Sanborn, 54 for F. W. Munroe, 42 for George F. Field, 35 for G. A. Voorhees, 33 for Galen V. Bowditch, 30 for Miss McGovern, and a less amount for others.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today.

Name	Employed at	Vote
Geo. A. Voorhees,	Electric light works..	430
Henry W. Tirrell,	John Page's	357
Miss Leary,	S. B. Little's	154
Frank W. Munroe,	J. F. Merrill's	115
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's	112
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's	70
Galen V. Bowditch,	E. Packard & Co.'s	37
Miss McGovern,	Gas Light Co	31
Fred Goss,	Whitney & Nash's	25
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's	25
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's	17
Robert E. Foy,	Pratt & Curtis	15
W. H. Welch,	John E. Drake's	14
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's	6
Edward Preston,	Boynton & Russell	5
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's	5
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	5
Frank W. Folsom,	Miller & Luce's	5
Miss McPhail,	J. F. Sheppard & Sons	4
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's	4
Elmer Hayden,	Wilson building	4
James Cuffe,	French's stable	3
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's	3
Henry A. Willey,	McDonnell & Sons	3
James M. Dunbar,	Strong & Carroll's, Weymouth	3
Frank Perkins,	C. W. Guy's	2
Miss Blake,	Clapp Bros	2
Wendell T. Dizer,	M. T. Dizer & Co., Weymouth	2
Miss Litchfield,	C. B. Tilton's	2
George Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones	1
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's	1
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's	1
Frank Revere,	John Hall's	1
H. A. Feltis,	Saville & Jones	1
W. Brooks,	A. G. Durgin	1
Robert McLean,	Quincy One Price	1
Miss Nightingale,	Clapp Bros	1

Newsboys Prizes.

But one vote separates the leading two newsboys in the contest for the gold prizes, that is by the standing Saturday morning. Charles Welsh has come to the front with 127, while Charles Carter, Friday's leader, has 126. Eddie Hefferman sold 67 in two days, and several boys over forty.

The summary below does not include sales by boys sent out by agents, and is for January 1st and 2d only.

Charles Walsh,	127
Charles Carter,	126
Eddie Heffernan,	67
James Giles,	47
Robert McAuliffe,	44
Willie Esson,	40
John Dackers,	40
Chris McAuliffe,	40
Fred Bavin	40
Gilbert Bavin,	31
Henry Rhines	30
Arthur Pinel,	24
Frank Walsh,	21
Charles Baxter,	16
John Murphy,	15
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Robert Kenney,	4

NICE FLORIDA ORANGES.

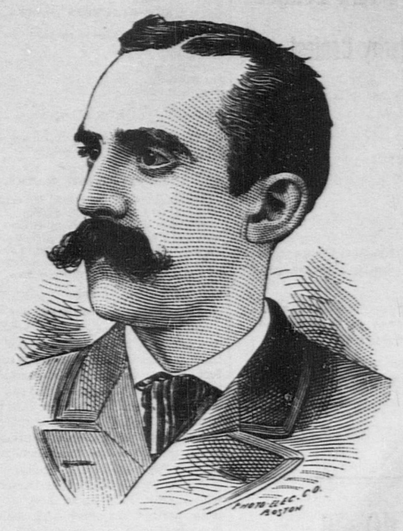
Parties Wishing to Purchase Nice Oranges

By the Box,

APPLY TO

I. M. HOLT, No. 31 So. Walnut St.

Quincy, Jan. 2.—3t 3—1w



HON. HENRY O. FAIRBANKS,

Mayor of Quincy, 1891.

Mark Down!

—OF—

STATIONERY.

Our Fine Stationery, consisting of Boston Bond, Boston Linen, Bunker Hill Linen, Boston Bank Linen, Patchwork, Basket, and all other fine Paper the price of which has always been

20 and 25 Cents per Quire,

I will now give you your choice for

10 Cents per Quire, and 10 Cents per Bunch of Envelopes.

All packed in the Window in plain sight.

OUR MOTTO:

"RELIABILITY."

A. G. DURGIN'S FAMILY MEDICINE & PRESCRIPTION STORE. HANCOCK ST., QUINCY, MASS.

"RELIABILITY."

OUR MOTTO.

QUINCY CAFE,

Chestnut Street, Quincy.

Ice Cream and Sherbets.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

Catering for Large and Small Parties, under the personal attention of JOHN H. WALES.

Dec. 12. 1m

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive an Easy Chair or Gold Watch.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business, of which they are not proprietor, or manager or one of the firm.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period can have his choice between a richly upholstered easy chair worth $25, or a gold watch valued at $50. These will soon be purchased and put on exhibition in some prominent place.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

—BY—

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

The Kindly Mastiff Spoke for Her.

That was a fine passage between the executive of Kentucky and the wife of the condemned man, who went to Frankfort Friday to ask for a pardon. She had presented her papers and sat breathless while the arbiter of her fate perused them; and, as she waited, a mastiff, the playmate of the governor's little son—a beast not given to strangers—uncoiled himself from the rug, where he had been lying, and came up in that friendly way which only dogs know how to affect, with perfect sincerity, and, seeing suspense and pain in the agitated features of the poor woman, he put his paws gently upon her knees and began to lick her hands. The governor finished the papers, and the petitioner was about to speak when the grim old soldier said:

"It is not necessary, madam; the dog has spoken for you," and straightaway signed the document which was to release a dying man from prison and enable him to go to his grave from his own home.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

The Path of Storms.

A method is now on trial at the meteorological office at Stockholm which seems likely to throw some light on a subject which hitherto has been attended with much uncertainty, namely, the determination of the path taken by storms. From the telegraphic weather reports tables of the density of the atmosphere have been constructed, and other data have been collected which have been embodied in special charts.

These charts are found to give much more reliable clew to the movements and origin of cyclones than the usual method of the comparison of isobars and isotherms alone. The latest investigations show that storms move in the direction of the warmest and dampest air, parallel to the lines of equal density, leaving the rarer air to the right hand. —New York Commercial Advertiser.

A Red Noah.

The Messiah craze among the Indians of the north, west and northwest revives interest in anything that pertains to the queer delusions and beliefs that have been rife among the different tribes for the past century. It is remembered now that in 1883 the Sanpoels, a small tribe in what was then Washington territory, became greatly agitated over the teachings of an old chief who professed to believe that another flood was near at hand. He said that the Great Spirit had commanded him to collect tribute and build an ark that would outride the waves. His great canoe, 112 by 288 feet, is still to be seen in an unfinished condition near one of the tributaries of the Columbia.—St. Louis Republic.

Eighty Days for Eighty Oaths.

Park Wilson, a well known character about town, was sent to jail by Justice Hansman, at Chambersburg, Pa., Dec. 10, for eighty days for swearing eighty profane oaths. Under the Pennsylvania "blue laws" act of 1794 the penalty for profane swearing is sixty-seven cents for each oath, or in default of payment thereof one day in jail for each oath. Wilson would not pay a fine of $57.30 for the oaths indulged in Saturday night, so he went to jail for eighty days. A conviction under the blue laws is a very rare occurrence in Pennsylvania.—Baltimore American.

A Feat in Photography.

Washington commandery, Knights Templar, Hartford, have made arrangements with a photographer to take an immense composite photograph of the members of the commandery. There will be between three and four hundred in the photograph, the front ones being about three-fourths size. The picture will be 5½ by 10½ feet. It will take about a year to finish it, and the cost will be $1,000. When completed the photograph will be placed in the commandery room. —Boston Transcript.

It is said that Marshal Prim was disgusted with his portrait on horseback painted by Henri Regnault, and asked the artist why he had made him look like a coal heaver. The painter packed up his canvas and left for Paris. Prim was assassinated and Regnault was killed by the Germans before Paris. Now the artists are so fond of the picture that there was a sensation the other day because it was temporarily absent from its place in the Louvre.

In an examination of a man charged with insanity before the insane commission of Greeley county, Neb., last week, a witness who testified that he thought the man insane gave, among other reasons for this conclusion, that the patient washed his face three times a day

Eldad Marsh, in the ninety-third year of his age, the oldest man in Henniker, N. H., voted at the election on Nov. 4. Mr. Marsh cast his first vote for James Madison, and has not missed voting at an election since.

SEVEN ABSENTEES.

Senators Fail to Respond to Mr. Hoar's Call.

LIVELY TIMES IN THE SENATE

Expected This Week as the Outcome of a Caucus to Be Held—House Will Wrestle With the Shipping Bill—Other Washington News.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Senator Hoar found on his return here yesterday that, beside Squire and Paddock, five other Republican senators would probably not respond to his urgent invitation to return to Washington by to-day and stay in the senate until the election bill was disposed of.

Their names were given to him as follows: Pettigrew, South Dakota; Moody, South Dakota; Pierce, North Dakota; Farwell, Illinois; Blair, New Hampshire.

Seven absentees from the city, with such absentees as will be kept away from the senate chamber from time to time by sickness or inclination, would very seriously interfere with Mr. Hoar's attempt to sit out the Democrats.

All Republican senators have received instructions from Mr. Hoar not to make pairs with Democrats without reserving the right to break them to make a quorum. It is to be war to the knife henceforth.

TIME FOR ACTION.

Crisis Expected to Be Reached in the Senate This Week—Work in the House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—It begins to be apparent that the unsatisfactory state of affairs in the senate must soon be terminated. Fifty working days will end the life of the Fifty-first congress. Yet the first of the regular annual appropriation bills remains to be acted upon by the senate. The feeling of impatience which this condition of the public business has aroused has gathered strength every day, and significant remarks uttered in debate last week by senators of recognized influence appear to have had the effect of bringing the senate nearer to a change of the program that has held sway since congress met in December last.

A caucus of the Republican senators is to be held, probably this evening, and it is confidently expected by most of the Republican senators that, as a result of it, before the week expires a crisis will have been reached with respect to the election bill, and the senate will have arrived at a clear understanding of what course is to be pursued during the remainder of the session. The lines of battle are narrowing and there is a gathering of forces. Absent Republican senators have been requested to return, and preparations are being made on both sides of the chamber for a final struggle. A part of the campaign, it is believed, will be a series of night sessions—designed to test the efficacy of the old methods of passing a bill obnoxious to the minority, as well as to secure the adoption of the new closure rule, if it be decided to press this measure. It is expected, however, that this order will be made before Tuesday, as a session to-night would interfere with the desired caucus.

In the House,

the first Monday of the month is "individual suspension day," and members will be given an opportunity to pass measures of local interest. Chairman Farquhar of the merchant marine and fisheries committee will call up the shipping bill Tuesday. Its friends purpose to allow two days for its consideration, but a determined effort will be made by the opposition to defer final action on the bill as long as possible in the hope of defeating it in this manner without running the risk of a final vote on the passage of the bill. There is a prospect that consideration of the shipping bill may be antagonized by appropriation bills, and that the former measure may not secure the floor. Friday will be devoted to bills on the private calendar. It is expected to fill in any time during the week, not devoted to the shipping bill and to special orders, with appropriation bills, four of which are on the calendar awaiting consideration, Chairman Cutcheon of the military affairs committee having right of way with the army appropriation bill.

Mexico Seeks Monetary Changes.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The bureau of American Republics is informed that the finance minister of Mexico has submitted to the congress of that republic a plan for an entire revision of the monetary laws and coinage. It provides that the monetary system of the republic shall consist, as at present, of gold, silver, copper and brass coins. The monetary unit shall continue to be the silver dollar, the fractions of this dollar to be represented by silver coins of 5, 10 and 20 cents. The silver dollar shall retain its present form; but the design thereof shall be improved.

To Talk Finances.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The international monetary conference has been called to meet at the diplomatic chamber of the department of state at 12 o'clock noon on Wednesday next, when the secretary of state will deliver an address of welcome, Subsequent meetings of the conference will be held in the parlors of the Arlington hotel.

Coffee Will Probably Go Up.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The bureau of American republics has received advices of the almost total failure of the coffee crop in Java, which is estimated at only about 16 per cent. of former annual averages.

"A Clerical Error."

PAOLA, Ind., Jan. 5.—Joseph Fields, county treasurer of Orange county, is short $11,000. He claims that it is a mere clerical error and professes his willingness and ability to pay up when the exact amount of the shortage is known.

Mr. Telker's Defective Memory.

DOVER, N. H., Jan. 5.—Hiram Telker, who testified for the state in the Sawtell trial that Feb. 5 was the date on which the Willeys met the Sawtells on the road, has found out that he was in error. The date should have been Feb. 7.

All Victoria's Domains Included.

MELBOURNE, Jan. 5.—It is stated that the home government has virtually conceded the right of all British colonies to be included in any future treaties between England and foreign powers.

Gladstone Will Remain.

LONDON, Jan. 5.—The Daily Telegraph (Liberal) says it is authorized to deny the report of Mr. Gladstone's intended retiring from the Liberal leadership.

NO PLACE FOR WHITES.

Wholesale Slaughter Going on in the Caroline Islands—Spaniards Precipitated the Trouble.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 5.—Late advices from the Caroline Islands state that an era of insurrection and bloodshed has set in among the natives and Spanish troops in this group. The fact that Admiral Belknap dispatched the cruiser Alliance to Ponapi to protect the American missionaries, whose lives and property were threatened equally by Spaniards and natives was made known several days ago by intelligence received from Asiatic stations. It is not merely American residents who are threatened; every white person on the island, and Spaniards in particular, are fearful of having their property stolen and being murdered.

A traveler named Anderson, who has been engaged in inter-island commerce for several years, returned to Jaliut, in the Marshall group, lately, brings startling intelligence of the extent of the trouble and its causes. He says that the natives are are a superior species of their race. They did not object to the coming of the Spaniards until the latter induced Spain to claim a protectorate over the group. Quite recently the Spanish officials increased native taxation, which has always been a repugnant feature of their administration. The natives were oppressed by this levy, and their refusing to pay it was the cause of the existing troubles.

Moreover, the troops on the island are in most cases drunken, riotous mobs. The natives armed themselves and had several sharp engagements with the Spaniards. They were cut down like grass by Gatling guns, and have now retreated into the bushy country. The Spanish soldiers followed them and were in turn decimated by the hidden enemy. The war-cry against the whites has been sounded through all the islands.

THE ELLIE'S ROUGH VOYAGE.

She is a Tough Vessel, Otherwise She Would Have Gone to the Bottom.

HALIFAX, Jan. 5.—The schooner Ellie, which was towed into port disabled last week, arrived here last night in tow of the steamer Bridgewater. The crew had a fearful experience and but for the staunchness of the vessel she never would have reached port. She sailed from St. John, Porto Rico, for Halifax with a cargo of sugar. Bad weather delayed her and her mainsail and jibs were carried away and the mainboom was broken into three pieces. Then the weather became bitterly cold and ice eighteen inches thick formed at the bow, weighing the schooner down and threatening to sink her. One of the crew died and was buried at sea. Finally, when water was growing scarcer and nearly everything in the shape of wood had been burned, the schooner Brenda, for Liverpool, N. S., hove in sight and arranged to tow the disabled vessel to Port Matoun for $700. On the Ellie's arrival here two of the crew were taken to a hospital suffering from the effects of their exposure.

MRS. MERAMBLE'S DEATH.

Coroner Mix Finds It Was Probably Due to Hard-Hearted Selectmen.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 5.—Coroner Mix has finished his probings into the death of Mrs. Catherine Meramble, who died as a result of transportation to the hospital in this city, from the town of Woodbury, by order of the selectmen of that town. He will report in a day or two. The investigation developes the fact that the selectmen have violated two statutes concerning the care of paupers, and also that the woman's hip was broken and her feet frozen during the cold journey to this city. The weather was at zero when the unfortunate woman made her journey of thirty miles, dressed in common clothing, with one blanket around her, lying on some hay, in a beach wagon.

HAS BEEN STEALING FOR YEARS.

Stockbridge Savings Bank Depositors Have Been Deceived.

STOCKBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 5.—Charles Willis, for fifteen years treasurer of the Stockbridge Savings bank, is a defaulter to the extent of $25,000 or more. The exact amount is not known, but defalcations amounting to $23,300 have been brought to light so far.

The stealing has been carried on with regularity for twelve or thirteen years, small amounts being taken at a time. When a depositor paid in $500, for instance, it was properly entered on his book, but set down $400, say, on the bank's records.

Looks Like a Bounce.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 5.—The Toledo Base Ball club having refused the offer of $7000 for its franchise in the American association, President Thurman has sent the following to Mr. Ketcham of the Toledo club:

You are hereby notified to appear at 11 o'clock a. m. on Wednesday, Jan. 14, 1891, at the Fifth Avenue hotel, New York, before a meeting of the American Association of Base Ball Clubs to be held at same time and place, to show cause why your club should not be deprived of membership in said American Association of Base Ball Clubs.

Now Comes the Test.

GLASGOW, Jan. 5.—Both officials and men consider that this week, when a general resumption of business after the holidays is expected, will be a crucial period of the railway struggle. The outcome of the fight, it is believed, depends on the ability of the companies to cope with the large freight traffic which they will be called upon to handle. If the companies fail to handle the business successfully the men hope to be able to compel the concession of their demands.

Bulldozers Punished.

BATON ROUGE, La., Jan. 5.—The motion for a new trial in the case of Beverly, Meily, Neal and Terrell, convicted of manslaughter in bulldozing negroes, was overruled in the district court and they were each sentenced to twenty years imprisonment in the state penitentiary. The bulldozing was organized to deter colored people from living in, and working lands, instead of working as laborers thereon.

He Defended His Mother.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Jan. 5.—J. Frank Warren was shot and killed by his 16-year-old son Herbert, at their home in this city while the father and mother were quarreling. The son claimed he fired the shot in defense of his mother. After a trial lasting a week, the jury brought in a verdict of not guilty.

Frozen to Death.

MEDICINE LODGE, Kan., Jan. 5.—Two brothers named Bell, 22 and 9 years old, lost their way in a blizzard while returning home from a meeting, and were frozen to death. A sister, 19 years old, who was with them, was rescued after being in a snowdrift thirty-six hours, and may recover.

RELIEF FOR IRELAND.

A Declaration Sent Forth from Dublin Castle.

CONTRIBUTIONS ASKED FOR.

Earl of Zetland and Chief Secretary Balfour Say That They Will Attend to Relieving Distress.

DUBLIN, Jan. 5.—The Earl of Zetland, viceroy of Ireland, and Chief Secretary Balfour sign a declaration which has been issued, on the condition of the poor in the western part of Ireland. The declaration says:

Poverty is chronic in some districts and will, if the people are not aided, reach a stage of acute distress during the winter and spring. There is neither a resident gentry nor a substantial middle class to give employment, nor are there charitable organizations to aid those who are unable to aid themselves. Outdoor relief, except in cases of emergency, cannot legally be administered, except to persons holding over a quarter of an acre of land. Although none acquainted with the history of the Irish poor law would regard the relaxing of this rule as other than a public calamity, its maintenance undoubtedly limits the capacity to deal with the periods of exceptional distress. The position thus created leaves a part of the social organism sick at all times—stricken with a disease from which without extraneous help it has no power to rally.

The question is not whether money ought to be given, but how it ought to be given—to what classes and for what special purposes. Charity ill-administered injures the recipients everywhere, but is especially injurious in those parts with which we are concerned. Elsewhere the injury may be confined to a class relatively small, but in the worst portions of the congested districts the whole community may be affected. All are poor; all can plausibly appeal for aid; and help recklessly given in response may infect whole townships with the vices and weaknesses of professional mendicancy. We have spoken of this matter to many priests and others acquainted with the condition of the people. There was not one of them, however keenly they may have felt the sufferings of those amongst whom they lived, who did not admit that permanent ill effects followed from much charitable expenditure within their experience.

Regarding the Appeals for Help,

it is needful to say that tales of distress need not be taken as authentic because they are couched in strong language and seem to come from well informed quarters. The desire to stimulate flagging charity has been a fruitful source of exaggeration. We do not know that there is any reason to suppose that in Ireland this tendency is likely to be controlled by long-established habits of severe and disciplined accuracy. It is not easy adequately to check such statements, even by personal observation aided by statistics, however accurate.

In regard to the failure of the potato crop, small occupiers in the west seem, at first sight, all to live much in the same way. They are lodged in the same cabins, cultivate the same kind of holdings, and are clothed in the same kind of dress. It would be natural to conclude that in all places where the failure of the crop is the same the distress is the same. But such is not the case. In no district does the bulk of the community live wholly on the potato. Every district has means of livelihood independent of the cultivation of the potato, such as fishing, labor in England, cottage industries, kelp making and sales of farm stock.

The degree of the failure of the potato crop is therefore, by itself, a misleading guide to the degree of distress existing among the people. Other elements in the finding of the position of the people are the amount of their savings and their debt and credit with local tradesmen. Furthermore, in the organization of any plan of gratuitous assistance, caution is necessary in order that it shall not interfere with the system of railway relief works. Several thousands of pounds weekly are already distributed in the form of wages in the districts most in need. Those getting wages through work ought not to get charity without it.

The Conclusions We Come To

are that charitable aid ought to be confined first, to families which are in serious want and which, having no able-bodied persons among them, cannot derive benefit from the public relief works; second, to providing meals in the schools for children attending them; and third, to supplying clothes for children unable to procure them elsewhere. These forms of assistance are less liable to abuse than others.

The declaration proceeds to discuss the requisites for a distribution of aid among the poor. The authority for such distribution, it says, should be single; for the vesting of this authority in more than one person would cause confusion as to areas and inequality of resources, and would lead to no national adjustment between needs and means. The single distributing authority ought to command all available means of information as to the condition of the people throughout the country.

The declaration concludes: To those who think that we, who can obtain the service of poor law inspectors, school inspectors, relieving officers, resident magistrates, the police and others resident in localities affected, and who already are officially responsible for relief works far exceeding anything that charity is likely to effect—to those who think that we are better equipped for carrying out this work than persons not having these advantages, we offer to undertake the management of the distribution of any funds entrusted to us. We believe that money so spent will be well spent.

All assistance in the shape of food or clothing through this channel or any other which reaches children and helpless persons will lighten or remove much immediate suffering, without exaggerating chronic evils requiring different and continuous treatment for a permanent cure. Subscriptions and clothing will be received by the Countess of Zetland at the viceregal lodge, Miss Balfour at the chief secretary's lodge, or by the viceroy or Mr. Balfour.

Newspaper Comment.

LONDON, Jan. 5.—The Daily news says it publishes the appeal of Dublin Castle in behalf of the Irish poor with mixed feelings of satisfaction and shame. While most anxious not to check the flow of charity, it cannot refrain from recalling the ignoble ridicule which a portion of the Tory press threw upon its repeated warnings concerning the potato famine. The response to the appeal from the castle, it says, should be full, hearty and immediate. "But the letter," it adds, "demands from every thoughtful Englishman a serious examination and answer to the question, Why is the Irish government dependent upon charity?"

The Unionist dailies applaud the Dublin Castle appeal and express confidence that it will meet with a hearty response.

FAXON HALL, QUINCY,

Jan. 7th, 8th and 9th, 1891,

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

QUINCY CITY HOSPITAL,

GRAND PRODUCTION

OF COOLIDGE AND SURETTE'S

Comic Opera,

PRISCILLA,

OR THE

PILGRIM'S PROXY,

Great Cast! Fine Chorus!

Elaborate Appointments!

CAST OF CHARACTERS.

PRISCILLA, the Pretty Pilgrim	MRS. ALICE MAY BATES RICE
RESIGNATION, a Middle-aged Spinster	MISS AUGUSTA BATES
BARBARA	MRS. W. M. PACKARD
FAITH	MISS MAY V. HASTINGS
PRUDENCE	MISS GRACE PETTENGILL
MYLES STANDISH, the Doughty Captain	DR. GEORGE B. RICE
JOHN ALDEN, the Friend in Need	MR. J. C. BARTLETT
WILLIAM BRADFORD, Governor of New Plymouth	MR. EDWARD PRESTON
HATEBAD HIGGINS, Agent of the Good Ship Mayflower, and President of "Ancestral Relick and Antiquated Heirloom Co., limited"	MR. W. H. DODD
SQUANTO, a Reformed Red Man	MR. EVERETT SIMMONS

ACT. I. Leyden street, Plymouth.

ACT. II. Exterior of Priscilla's Cottage, and view of Plymouth harbor, period about 1623.

Correct Costumes by Raymond.

Special Scenery by Story.

Wigs and Makeups by Rothe.

Director, - - - - - C. E. MACOMBER of Boston.

Stage Manager, - - - - W. H. DODD of Boston.

☞Opening sale of Tickets at Durgin's Drug Store, Dec. 29th, at 10 A. M.

Quincy, Dec. 27. p,2w—1,29th,6t

BOYS, ATTENTION.

START TODAY!

A Prize of $10.00

Will be given to the Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS during January and February.

A Prize of $5.00

Will be given to the Newsboy making the second largest sale during the same period.

$5.00 will also be Given

To each boy, including the above, who sells **5000 or more** copies in the two months, an average of 100 per day.

$2.50 will be Given

To all other boys selling 2500 or more copies, an average of 50 per day.

QUINCY,

9th, 1891,

OF THE

HOSPITAL,

DUCTION

URETTE'S

pera,

ILLA,

PROXY,

Fine Chorus!

intments!

ACTERS.

MRS. ALICE MAY BATES RICE
.....MISS AUGUSTA BATES
.....MRS. W. M. PACKARD
.....MISS MAY V. HASTINGS
....MISS GRACE PETTENGILL
.....DR. GEORGE B. RICE
.....MR. J. C. BARTLETT
outh....MR. EDWARD PRESTON
Mayflower, and President of
Co., limited"....MR. W. H. DODD
.....MR. EVERETT SIMMONS

and view of Plymouth harbor, period

ond.

by Story.

d Makeups by Rothe.

E. MACOMBER of Boston.

W. H. DODD of Boston.

Tickets at Durgin's

at 10 A. M.

p,2w—1,29th,6t

ENTION.

ODAY!

$10.00

ewsboy selling the
during January and

$5.00

wsboy making the
the same period.

o be Given

he above, who sells
the two months, an

e Given

500 or more copies,

MEN'S ARCTICS, - - - - - 85 Cents.
LADIES' " - - - - - 65 "
BOYS' " - - - - - 65 "
MEN'S RUBBERS, - - - - 50 "

— AT —

JAMES O'DONOVAN'S NEW SHOE STORE,

94 HANCOCK STREET. TIRRELL'S BLOCK.

BUCKWHEAT !

NOW IS THE SEASON FOR

Buckwheat Cakes and Maple Syrup.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF BOTH.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

We are the only Firm in this City that have CONFIDENCE FLOUR.

WE HAVE A

FANCY HAXALL FLOUR

That Sells for less money. Give one of our kinds a Trial.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

EST IN THE MARKET!

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

EBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

y, July 9. tf

COME RIGHT IN

And select one of our Boxes of Cigars. We have the largest stock in the City to select from of

Cigars for the Holiday Trade.

Our Prices are from

ONE DOLLAR TO SEVEN DOLLARS PER BOX.

GEO. F. WILSON & CO.,

108 Hancock Street, Quincy, Mass.

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

RANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Nov. 10. tf

Today's Anniversaries.

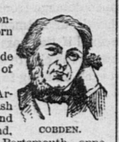
Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 5.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1854—Thomas Greenleaf died.
1856—Heaviest snow storm for ten years.
1876—St. Paul's Lodge, Knights of Pythias, leased Hardwick's hall.

World Wide.


CORDEN.

1066—Death of Edward the Confessor, king of England; born 1004.
1589—Death of Catherine de Medici, queen of Henry II, of France; born 1519.
1781—The traitor Benedict Arnold, with 1,600 British troops, destroyed public and private stores in Richmond, Va.; subsequently made Portsmouth, opposite Norfolk, Va., his headquarters.
1838—The president issued a proclamation against American citizens aiding the Canadians.
1840—The Chinese emperor interdicted trade with England forever; war ensued, and in 1841 Hong Kong was ceded to Great Britain.
1858—Canton, having been bombarded by the French and English Dec. 28 and 29, was occupied by the latter forces.
1860—Napoleon announced a free trade policy; Richard Cobden in Paris and the commercial treaty with England subsequently signed.
1876—Death of Sir Anthony Rothschild, baronet, in London, England.

A Winter Reverery.

The air is numb and dead with cold,
My footsteps crash and crush the snow,
My beard cracks frozen; I behold
My breath like smoke, yet on I go.

How hushed and restful lies the land!
The moon lights up old pine trees round,
Longing for friendly death they stand,
And point with branches to the ground.

Frost, freeze my heart, too! In my breast
Freeze the rebellious heats and pains,
That once even there, even there be rest,
As here on these nocturnal plains.
—Cornhill Magazine.

Spurious Money in the Northwest.

Secret Service Agent Harris returned to this city late Thursday evening after an absence of about two weeks in Washington and Oregon, where he had been sent by the treasury department to look after a gang of counterfeiters who were flooding that part of the country with bad paper money. Mr. Harris was in Portland for several days locating the counterfeiters, who were raising five-dollar national bank bills to $20. The work was cleverly done, and is considered as neat a piece of "raised" work as has yet been seen.

The detective got a clew, and followed his men to Whatcom, Wash., where they were taken into custody, but were released for want of sufficient evidence. On Nov. 15, at Tacoma, Mr. Harris ran across counterfeit ten-dollar bills with the vignette of Daniel Webster, and had one of the gang shadowed and arrested, but his trial has not yet come off. Counterfeit five-dollar pieces are also in existence, and Mr. Harris states that the entire country has been flooded with the spurious coin. While in Portland Mr. Harris arrested one Professor S. Brown for issuing his advertisement on a bill similar to a bank note. Brown was fined $100.—San Francisco Alta.

The Clock Stopped When He Died.

The sentimental and superstitious who are given to tracing the laws of coincidences will find an interesting subject for their attention in the recent death of a jeweler in Bucyrus, O. For many years it has been the office of a skillful German watchmaker, named Frank Kehrer, to attend to the town clock, which is in the steeple of the court house. During the past few months the health of Mr. Kehrer has been poor, and the clock, deprived of his careful attention, has been keeping indifferent time. Monday morning the timepiece struck 5, and a few moments later it stopped.

Early risers who heard the chime affirm that there was something indescribably weird and peculiar about it. Later risers, noticing the clock hands pointing to 5:05, commented upon the subject and its aged guardian. Later in the day the news spread that Mr. Kehrer's condition had suddenly become worse and that he had died at 5:05 that morning. The hands of the old town clock still point to the identical time when the active mind and skilled hand of its master were paralyzed in death.—Jewelers' Weekly.

His Half Dollar Was Glass.

A striking illustration of the quantity of bogus coins now in circulation in this city was given in a downtown store recently. A customer who had made a small purchase tendered a fifty cent piece in payment. The clerk pushed it back across the counter and shook his head. "That half dollar's a little too new," he remarked. "What do you mean?" demanded the customer. "I'll show you," replied the clerk, picking up the coin and then letting it fall sharply on the counter. The shock caused the counterfeit to fly into fragments. It was a glittering sham composed of glass, with a thin veneer of metal. There seems to be good reason for thinking that a gang of counterfeiters and their accomplices are working Chicago. An astonishing quantity of bad coins is now out among citizens, and apparently its volume is increasing rapidly.—Chicago News.

The opening of a bank in Hardinsburg, Ky., brought to light a $500 bill that a farmer living near there had had stored away in his house for twenty years. This amount put out at simple interest for that length of time would have brought the owner $600.

The wreck register for twelve months shows 4,272 casualties, a third of them being collisions. The lives lost on the coasts of England, Scotland and Ireland numbered 457.

CALLED FOR MILITIA.

Striking Italians in a New Jersey Village Cause the Inhabitants to Experience Considerable Alarm.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 5.—A dispatch for troops from Barnegat Park was received by Adjt. Gen. Stricker at 2 o'clock yesterday morning. He set the military department of the state in active operation, and within a few hours, on an order of Governor Abbett, who is commander-in-chief of the New Jersey forces three Camden companies of the Sixth regiment were under arms and the quartermaster general's office had a special train loaded with arms from the state arsenal, together with necessary subsistance, which was ready to move at a moment's notice. Further exchange of telegrams resulted in more pacific news, and before night Sheriff Hageman telegraphed that there was no further need of state interference. The troops were thereupon dismissed.

Barnegat Park is an all-year resort. It was lately founded by active and retired officers of the army and navy, and lies five miles from Tom's river on the New Jersey Southern railroad. The trouble at the place grew out of the dissatisfaction of several scores of Italian laborers who had been grading a public boulevard and had not recently been paid. There was a strike among them ten days ago and threats of violence were made, but peace was restored till Saturday, when another disappointment over their money put the Italians in a ferment and they threatened to burn down the village.

Women and children fled to shelter in the neighboring woods and citizens armed for defense. Sheriff Hageman hurried on from Tom's river with a posse of men, but the situation still looked ugly at midnight and hence the call for state aid. Now, it is said, the Italians were quieted with assurances of an amicable settlement.

GEN. SPINNER'S FUNERAL.

Many Friends from Washington Witness the Impressive Ceremony.

UTICA, N. Y., Jan. 5.—The funeral of the late Gen. Francis B. Spinner, the famous "watch dog of the treasury," was held at Mohawk at the Reformed church. There was a very large attendance and many officers and attaches of the treasury department were present. Rev. H. H. Cox of Herkimer officiated. He paid a touching tribute to the memory of the late general and read an abstract from a letter received from the deceased in which he spoke at some length in reference to the success which may attend the efforts of young men to secure education outside of college. Hon. Warner Miller delivered a brief eulogy, speaking of the public life and characteristics of Gen. Spinner. The remains were borne to the cemetry guarded by a detachment of the National guard.

COULDN'T BEAT THE TRAIN.

Sad Ending of a Sleighing Party in a Western Massachusetts Town.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., Jan. 5.—An accident happened at Hadley to a sleighing party in which Mabel Hinckley, the 16-year-old daughter of Rev. F. A. Hinckley of Florence, and Henry Learned, son of Dr. Learned, were killed. There were six in the party, and they were driving home when run into by a train on the Massachusetts Central railroad from Boston. One of the two horses was killed. The party saw the train and the engineer whistled, but the driver thought he could get across. The young people were well known, and the accident has cast a gloom over the village of Florence.

Two more of the victims may die.

SCHEMING GERMANY.

She is Endeavoring to Get Possession of the Gilbert Group of Islands.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 5.—Interviews are published here with persons who have recently returned from Gilbert Islands which indicate that German residents there are extending their interests and menacing the natives. It is said that Germans have recently opened two entry ports and closed the port which has always been used by American vessels trading at the island. Persons who are interviewed state that the impression on the Gilbert Islands and also among the natives is that the Germans are laying plans to take control of the group.

SHE REFUSED ASSISTANCE.

Belief That the Steamer Pollux Has Been Wrecked in Mid-Ocean.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 5.—The British steamer Pollux, whose Captain on Nov. 27 refused assistance offered by the steamship Michigan in mid-ocean when the vessel was lying-to in the trough of the sea with her engines stopped and her rudder disabled, has never been seen or heard from, and her agents here have given her up for lost. The Pollux was a tank steamer, chartered to carry molasses. She sailed from Rouen on Nov. 12 for this port.

Women Fight with Butcher Knives.

WHEELING, W. Va., Jan. 5.—Word comes from New Martinsville, W. Va., that two physicians have been summoned to go to Ten Mile, Tyle county, to attend two women who fought a duel with butcher knives. The fight occurred in the kitchen of one of the combatants, named Wilson, and is described as a most ferocious and desperate encounter. Mrs. Wilson was terribly cut about the face, neck and breast, and is fatally hurt. The other woman's name is not known as yet, nor the cause of the strange duel.

Poor Figuring.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 5.—Some time since the Berlin Bridge company took a contract to place an iron bridge across the Naugatuck river at Huntington Center for $6000. The bridge was conveyed from the works to Huntington Center in sections a few days since and was found to be over a foot too short. The discovery was not made until the old bridge had been torn away. All the travel across the river for some time will be done on the ice.

Anti-Parnell.

DUBLIN, Jan. 5.—At a county convention of the Gaelic leagues at South Sligo, resolutions were adopted condemning Mr. Parnell and calling for the retirement of Edmund Leamy, who represents South Sligo in parliament, on account of his support of Parnell.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Forecast for Maine and New Hampshire: Local snows; easterly winds; slight change in temperature.

For Vermont: Local snows; easterly winds; warmer.

For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Light local snows; northeasterly winds; slightly warmer, except in Rhode Island stationary temperature.

Storm signals are displayed at New London, Narragansett section, Wood's Holl section and Newport section.

"HERE TO FIGHT"

Is the Reply of the Hostiles to Gen. Miles.

PINE RIDGERS SCARED.

Fears That an Attack Will Be Made Upon the Agency.

THE HOSTILES RE-ENFORCED.

Many Young Warriors, Full of Fight, Desert Standing Rock Agency—Crow Indians Jubilant Over the Prospect of Killing Off Their Enemies, the Sioux—Engagement Between Gen. Carr's Command and Redskins—Gen. Forsyth Relieved—Wounded Knee Battle to Be Investigated—Indian Scouts Faithful.

CHICAGO, Jan. 5.—A special to The Inter-Ocean from Pine Ridge says:

Saturday night was one of feverish excitement to many at the agency. For the first time the squaw men and half-breeds were alarmed and remained up all night, fearing that an attack would be made before morning. The agency is too well guarded to permit any large force to approach very close without discovery, but it would be hard to prevent a few daring Indians from creeping up some of the numerous ravines and throwing fire-arrows in barns or haystacks. The friendly spies say that there are a large number of warriors in the enemy's camp who have worked themselves up to a condition of frenzy similar to that of those hostiles who committed suicide at Wounded Knee. They say they want to die and are going to die while killing white men. It is also said that two bucks escaped from the Wounded Knee fight who swear that they will set the agency on fire and kill the agent themselves.

Gen. Miles has his troops all around the enemy, and could throw all in any day and have a tremendous battle, but could not prevent small bands escaping here and there, which would have to be followed up by the soldiers, and which would place the lives of many settlers in danger. By holding his troops until a much larger force can be thrown around the Indians, the trouble can be confined to the reserve. The end cannot be reached without one or more battles, and bloody ones, as there are too many of the crazy ghost-dancers who want to follow the example of their Big Foot relatives. Gen. Miles sent out a letter, asking for a hearing. The Indians tore the letter into fragments and threw them into the fire, saying: "We want no treaty; we are here to fight."

Saturday night several shots were fired by our pickets, and a couple of arrows were thrown into the yards.

Doctors are constantly arriving, there being no less than fifteen here, with a large corps of assistants.

A delegation of friendlies asks that a large party be sent out at once to aid those who desire to escape from the hostile camp. They claim that 700 or 800 warriors wish to return; that they either fled through fright at first or were forced to go with the rest. To let the friendlies go would undoubtedly precipitate a fight and consume several days of valuable time. No decision in the matter has been made yet.

The Indians in the hostile camp number over 4000 men, women and children and represent every agency in the two Dakotas.

DESERTING BY HUNDREDS.

Friendlies are Leaving the Agencies to Join the Hostile Forces.

YATES, N. D., Jan. 5.—A large number of the young warriors of the Standing Rock agency have come south to join the hostiles in the Bad Lands. The discovery was made on issuing rations that many did not come to the agency, and one of the friendlies stated that they had armed themselves and gone to join the bands in revolt. How many have gone is only conjectured, but the indications point to at least 1000 desertions. The Grand River Sioux have been fomenting trouble ever since the killing of Sitting Bull, and they have not been slow in manifesting their intense anger to Agent McLaughlin. Most of them regard the taking off of the old medicine man as murder outright, and it has been common talk for three weeks that the reds would accept the first opportunity offered to massacre the whites.

The detachment of the Eighth cavalry under Capt. Fountain will move rapidly southward, and company H of the Twenty-second infantry, now near New England City, will come to this point and move thence southward to aid in squelching the uprising. Troops are also in readiness to take the field for Fort Lincoln, and the detachment of the Twenty-fifth infantry at Fort Keogh is expected to march in a southeasterly direction. Every hour increases the number of the hostiles.

RED CLOUD'S MESSAGE.

But Two Men With Whom He Will Talk of Terms for Peace.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 5.—Specials to The Journal from Pine Ridge confirm the report of an engagement between Gen. Carr's command and the Indians on White river. It is believed no one was killed, though several Indians were wounded.

An Indian courier brings a message from the hostile camp, the substance of which is a demand that all soldiers withdraw from the locality, and further, that they will treat with no one for peace but the president of the United States or the commissioner of Indian affairs. The message came direct from the hitherto supposedly friendly Red Cloud.

Roving bands continue to scout the country in the vicinity of Pine Ridge. A man named Miller, formerly a government herder, was found five miles from the agency. His body was riddled with bullets. Many persons coming in tell of narrow escapes. The Indian training school at Pine Ridge was burned, no loss of life resulting.

The Wounded Knee Slaughter.

OMAHA, Jan. 5.—A special from Pine Ridge says that, in accordance with instructions telegraphed from Washington, Gen. Forsythe was relieved of his command of the Seventh cavalry, pending investigation of the Wounded Knee affair. Maj. Whitesides succeeds to the command of the regiment. Maj. Whitesides says the affair was an accident, that a few moments before the fighting began the squaws were merrily pelting the searching party with bundles of rags. The accepted reason for Gen. Forsythe's relief is the manner in which his troops were placed in the fight.

A Fight Without Loss of Life.

OMAHA, Jan. 5.—A Bee special from Rushville says: Gordon, Neb., advises say two scouts, just arrived, confirm the report made of a battle north of this place. The fight was between the Indians and a detachment sent out by Gen. Miles from Rosebud agency to bury the dead Indians killed at the Wounded Knee battle of Dec. 29. The hostile Sioux, objecting to the burial of their dead by their pale-faced foes, opened fire, and after desperate and sharp firing of the Hotchkiss gun, were forced to return to the protection of the friendly ravines. No deaths are reported.

"Dog Eat Dog."

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 5.—Mat Veite, with the First cavalry, arrived at Miles city with troop D, sixty Crow scouts and full camp equipage. They proceeded with three companies of the Twenty-fifth infantry for Powderville, to join Maj. Arnold. A special says there was music in the air Saturday night. The Crows are visiting the Cheyenne Indians, near the fort, and are dancing and singing. The Cheyennes have gone to war and the Crows are jubilant over the prospect of killing off the Sioux, who are their mortal enemies.

Official News at Washington.

WASHINGTON Jan. 5.—The commissioner of Indian affairs, has in response to a telegram sent to agent Royer at the Pine Ridge agency, inquiring as to whether any of the Indian scouts or police have joined the hostiles, received the following reply from the agent, dated Jan. 3:

None of our enlisted scouts have joined the hostiles. Captain Seward gave three permission to go into the hostile camp after their families, who have not yet returned. Police and scouts are rendering good service and by their vigorous firing prevented the hostiles from burning agency buildings.

A reporter last night called the attention of the commissioner to the reports from Pine Ridge saying that Gen. Miles had recommended the removal of the Indian agents at Pine Ridge and at other places and to the statement that the Indians were slowly starving to death. The commissioner said that so far as the agents were concerned there was no evidence that there had been any dishonesty on their part in distributing supplies. He said he was preparing for publication a full statement of the amount of supplies voted by congress and distributed to the Indians. The commissioner has submitted to the president a statement covering the question of the charge made that the agreements with the Indians have not been fulfilled.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Cape Breton railway has opened for traffic.

Walter R. Abell of The Baltimore Sun is dead.

A man was sandbagged and robbed at Keyport, N. J.

Great anxiety is felt concerning the Frank Leslie Alaskan expedition.

Mayor-elect Smith of Providence says he is determined to stop glove fights.

A Rhode Island dog fight ended in a fight in which several men were injured.

Schooner Annie M. Rowe of Gloucester reports passing an abandoned schooner at sea.

Two Russian sailors arrived at Halifax badly frozen, and allege brutal ill-treatment.

The rumor that Germany has taken possession of the Marshall islands is confirmed.

Further conference between O'Brien and Parnell is opposed by the Irish group in Paris.

Lieut. Henn says there will be an America cup race if Americans will waive the dimension clause.

A man named Charles W. Woodbridge was found dead in bed in the Brower house, Hartford.

Professor Koch is displeased by criticism concerning the manufacture and distribution of his lymph.

The Dominion government will order another investigation of the prevalence of leprosy at Cape Breton.

There is indignation in Newfoundland at the neglect of the colony in the bait and French shore negotiations.

Lupus patients, treated with Koch's lymph, are to be discharged from New York hospitals next week as cured.

The old Yiengling brewery on the James river, just below Richmond, Va., was burned with its contents. Loss $50,000.

The Rhode Island Business Men's association formally opened its new rooms at Providence with an address by ex-Governor Ladd.

Fifty leading coal operators in the Monongahela region have agreed to suspend operations until the miners resume work at the old rate.

A South Boston young man jumped from a third story window to escape an officer, and struck on his head on the sidewalk. He will die.

The American schooner Annie C. Hall, which was ashore at Canso, has been floated and taken to a safe anchorage. She is leaking badly.

Twenty-one weavers in the Hargraves mill, Fall River, have struck. They claim that their average weekly wages from eight looms is about $7.20.

Telegrams from Salt Lake City says Emma Abbott is somewhat better, and there are slight hopes entertained by her physicians for her recovery.

Charles Keene, the caricaturist, who was on the staff of Punch, died at his sister's house in Hammersmith, Eng. He had been ill for three years.

Mrs. Anna T. Gherardi, wife of Admiral Gherardi, commander of the South Atlantic squadron, died at Brooklyn of pneumonia. She was 49 years of age.

The Berlin Imperial Gazette publishes an order abolishing the Latin essay and Greek versifications as subjects for final examinations in all the royal provincial schools.

William Weld, a prominent agricultural journalist and proprietor of The Farmer's Advocate, London, Ont., accidentally fell into a water tank at his residence and was drowned.

A Grand Army veteran, supposed to be William Peters of Meriden, Conn., was killed by a train in New Haven. Another man, who tried to rescue Peters, was very badly hurt.

Mgr. Labelle, sub-minister of agriculture and colonization, died at Quebec from compound hernia. Operations were performed on him Saturday in the hope of saving his life.

CORSETS

Hosiery and Underwear,

— AT —

Reduced Prices.

We are ready to give you Great Bargains in all kinds of WINTER GOODS.

1 Lot Ladies' Gray mixed, ribbed Top Hose, worth 50c., 3 pair for $1.00.

1 Lot Children's Black all-wool for 19c.

Children's Gray Mixed, Scarlet Underwear.

We have a large of Ladies' and Children's Hoods which we shall sell at greatly reduced prices. Also Skirts in all kinds and sizes.

We have just received a lot of Cotton-Flannel Wrappers, all sizes, which we shall sell at $2.00. Ask to see them.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.,

Adams Building, Quincy.

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND

ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING,

QUINCY AVENUE.

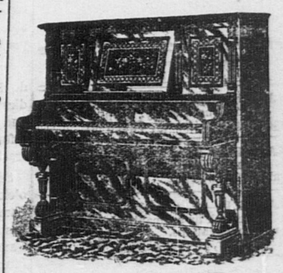
Nov. 13. 3 mos

"Little Monitor."

The Best School Shoe for Misses and Children.

Saville & Jones.

Pianos and Organs.



R. D. CHASE,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, - - Quincy.

Dec. 20. tf

THE ONLY PLACE IN QUINCY

To get the Famous

Lebanon Overalls and Jumpers

is at

SAVILLE & JONES'.

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

N. CURTIS & CO.'S

Fine Shoes at

Saville & Jones'.

New Outing Flannels, 10c. and 12 1-2c. per Yard, at Miss C. S. Hubbard's, 158 Hancock St., Quincy. 158

Of Course

The Ladies would like a Rubber Shoe which will not break or slip at the heel. Try the

"B. & L. HOLDFAST."

We have all Widths and Sizes.

Saville & Jones.

WANTED.

WANTED,—25 girls at John E. Drake & Co.s' shoe factory. Apply Wednesday morning. Quincy, Jan. 5—tf

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

WANTED,—A situation for general housework by a capable girl; can give good recommendations. Apply at 5 Wibird street. Quincy, Dec. 30. 7t*

TO LET.

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.

Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms.

Apply to HENRY H. FAXON.
Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—A large unfurnished Room, suitable for doctor or lawyer. For further particulars enquire on the premises, of N. A. WILD, 58 Water street. Dec. 24—tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms To Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

FOR SALE CHEAP.

ONE Pair of Box Runners nearly new. Also one second-hand Pung in good repair. Apply to
CHARLES L. PRESCOTT,
North street.
Quincy, Jan. 2. pltf

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately.
Apply to
JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.
Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

BLANKET LINED Canvas Jackets

—AT—

Saville & Jones'.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree
M. K Pratt,	Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 5.

High water at 6.15 A. M. and 7.00 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.14; Sets at 4.26.
Moon rises 1.44 A. M.
New Moon Jan. 10, 10.25 A. M.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

Now for a business administration.

Knights of Honor installation at Wollaston tonight.

The no-school session was rung in on the fire alarm at 11.15 today.

Rev. Mr. Nelson, of Campello, preached at the Swedish Congregational church Sunday.

The clerks have signified their intention to boom Robert Foy for the LEDGER's prize.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Mount Wollaston Bank will be held tomorrow.

St. John's C. L. & A. A. attended communion at St. John's church Sunday morning at 8 o'clock, in a body.

Samuel Brown, foreman of the Old Colony paint shop at South Boston, is seriously ill, at his residence in Wollaston.

The department officers have been invited to be present at the installation of Paul Revere Woman's Relief Corps on Tuesday, Jan. 13.

The installment of taxpayers and several news items are crowded out of today's issue by Mayor Fairbanks' inaugural address which is given in full.

The funeral of Henry Douglass, of Atlantic, who died last Saturday of heart failure, will be held from his late residence on Walnut street today. Rev. J. H. Yeoman officiating.

Chief Engineer Ripley computes the total loss by fires in this city during the year 1890 at $21,280. A small amount, particularly when the number of fires are taken into consideration.

Charles Jones, driver of the Steamer has so far recovered from his injury received last week by a kick from a horse, that he is able to be about but not able to take his position as driver of the Steamer.

The Quincy and Boston Street Railway do not wish to be found in the same predicament they were in after the last storm and have engaged John Cashman, who has a force of men and horses on sweeping the track clear.

Saturday evening between 7 and 8 o'clock three highwaymen pounced upon Samuel Z. Hardwick of Cohasset as he was passing through Chestnut street, near Faxon hall, knocking him down and robbing him of $25 in cash, a railroad ticket and other small articles, after which they disappeared. Hardwick reported the affair to Constable Furnald who is making an investigation.

A Profitable Meeting.

A convention of the King's Daughters and Sons of the city of Quincy was held at Christ's church parish house, Saturday, at 2.30 P. M. After devotional services, there were reports from the following circles:

Every Day Sunshine,
The Golden Rule,
Whatsoever of Wollaston, and The Whatsoevers of Quincy,
The Gleaners,
Lend-a-Hand and Whatsoever circles of Atlantic,
The Sunbeam Circle.
Large circle from Wollaston, divided into :—
The Sharers,
The Steadfast,
Beatrice,
In-as-Much,
Whatsoever,
The Charitable Tens.

These reports were followed by an address from Mrs. Doolittle, the State secretary of business and consideration of work. The questions of Hospital Saturday and a Flower Mission were considered. From 5 to 6 refreshments were served by the Charitable Tens to their guests, and until 7 a social time was enjoyed.

At 7 a greeting and helpful thoughts from the Rev. Mr. Cotton, and an address by Rev. Sherrard Billings on the title "In His Name." Brief remarks were offered by Rev. Mr. Norton on "Individual Home Life;" by Rev. Mr. Wilson on "Work in Quincy by the Order," and by Rev. Mr. Robinson of Wollaston on "Interest in Foreign Missions."

The offertory, singing of Doxology, prayer and benediction closed an enjoyable and profitable meeting.

MARRIED.

LITTLEFIELD—FAXON—In Quincy, Dec. 31, by Rev. D. M. Wilson, Mr. Walter D. Littlefield to Miss Nettie A. Faxon, both of Quincy.

SATURDAY'S FIRE.

More Damage by Water Than by the Fire—Cinders.

The alarm from box 56 on Saturday afternoon was for a fire in a dwelling house situated on Newport avenue near Brook street, Wollaston.

Station Agent Wild turned in the alarm at 4.33, twelve minutes later the steamer had arrived and coupled on to the hydrant near the Wollaston hotel. Owing to the non-appearance of the horse which usually draws Hose 2, considerable valuable time was lost in getting that piece of apparatus to the fire. Hose 2 got to the hydrant shortly before the steamer, run out 750 feet of hose and had the first stream on.

The Hook and Ladder closely followed the steamer and raised two ground and two roof ladders, which, with one ladder put up by Hose 2, made five ladders against the burning building.

The fire originated in an eve closet, opening from the finished attic, and was probably caused by spontaneous combustion.

A line of hose was run up to the attic through a window and another on the roof.

The house was then pumped full of water. The fire was soon drowned out. It most always is when the flooding process is tried. This method is a favorite one with the Quincy department. The foremen were using patent shut off nozzles, but, for some unexplainable reason failed to make proper use of them. The fire damage was trivial; the water damage will amount to hundreds of dollars.

The house was owned by George F. Pinkham and occupied by Samuel Holmes and Mrs. S. F. Hull. The losses are as follows:

George F. Pinkham estimates his loss $1000, fully ansured; Samuel Holmes, loss $500, insured for $800; Mrs. S. F. Hull, loss $200., insured $700.

Cinders.

Hoseman Ferguson of Hose 1 was overcome by smoke and fainted. He was taken to a neighboring house and soon regained consciousness. He has just recovered from a perilous illness.

Chief Ripley says that he will have a stall put in Hose 2's house, and Expressman Nicholson says that he will keep a horse in it, day and night.

The LEDGER pointed out several weeks ago the defect in the Wollaston part of the Quincy fire department,—the lack of a horse and driver for fires that occur in the day time. The warning was laughed at. It is now the LEDGER's turn to smile. Economy in that direction is misplaced.

Chemical 2 of Atlantic was in too much of a hurry to get to the fire. Rather a paradoxical statement to make about an engine company. The driver attempted to cross the railroad track by the private way near Mellen, Bray & Co.'s rivet works. This crossing is kept closed to public travel by a gate, which is always locked. Mr. Bray, seeing the chemical making for that crossing, rushed out of the factory and started to unlock the gate for the machine to go through. The members of the company refused the key and got out their axes and chopped the gate to kindling wood. The city will have a chance to erect a new gate at that crossing.

Dancing School Exhibition.

Saturday was a gala day for the pupils who comprise the dancing class of Mrs. S. E. Buffum, as it was the afternoon when the school closed, and they exhibited before their friends what they had learned in this graceful art.

The exhibition was given at Robertson hall from 2.30 to 4.30, and was attended by a large number of Quincy and Wollaston well-known ladies and a few gentlemen, who watched with a great deal of interest the nearly seventy-five scholars "trip it lightly and step it stately" in the march and several fashionable round dances.

The little ones certainly had been adept scholars, and their movements caused repeated applause from their mammas who were in the audience.

Besides the regular dances there was the "Arch dance" which was performed by sixteen masters and misses, all of whom were about the same size. In this dance the little misses wore white dresses with colored sashes, while the masters wore white waists and bright red sashes. They went in couples and carried an arch made of colored paper, and the varied evolutions they went through was wonderful and must have required much careful training.

Another feature of the exhibition was the "Sailors' Hornpipe," which was admirably executed by Masters Ernest Armstrong and Tyler Bridgham. These little fellows were dressed in neat sailor costumes and made as handsome a picture as one wishes to see, and the graceful manner in which they took the fine steps in this dance was bewitching.

Still another feature was the "Scotch reel" which was executed by Miss Jessie Rea, who was dressed as a highland lassie. This little miss who could not have been more than eight years of age went through the various movements of the reel in a fascinating manner that would have done the heart of a Scotchman good to see, for as she lightly skipped from one side of the hall to the other it seemed almost as though she had wings so light was she upon her feet.

The exhibition which was a complete success closed with a grand march in which all the pupils joined.

Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.
Boston, Nov. 5. tf

MAYOR FAIRBANKS.

[Continued from First Page.]

and the small amount of money available to keep in passable order, over eighty miles of accepted streets. I believe it should be the aim that what is worthy to be done, that it be well done, and that particular attention should be given, that the full value of the money expended be done in a careful, judicious manner, avoiding all unnecessary expenses. It would seem as if more attention should be given to paving the gutters of many of our streets, that the surface water be given a road-way, thus preventing an annual expenditure upon the same streets caused by the regular washing away of the surface after a heavy rain.

Complaint, often well founded, in more than one instance, that the streets are left in a dangerous condition by the corporations who have been granted franchises by the city, and it is a waste of the public monies to thoroughly repair a street to be soon uprooted for the purpose of laying mains of whatever nature, and more attention should be given to this question, and I would recommend that the ordinance concerning streets be amended, by inserting a section, prohibiting the opening of the public streets for the purpose of laying pipes or mains from December 1st to April 1st, except in cases of obvious necessity, and that when the city is about to re-build or re-surface a street, due notice be sent to the corporations having the right to lay pipes or mains, informing them of the city's work, the street shall not be again opened for the space of six months.

In view of the probable construction of a sewer through many of the streets in the near future, it would seem unwise to order any large outlays, unless the work could be done in harmony with the other department, though a careful foresight will be given to remedy the defects which are dangerous to public travel. The demand for opening new streets, is of course in advance of the city's ability to comply, and I would ask the council to carefully consider the merits of all petitions, in view of the work needed in streets already accepted by the city, and which deserve attention.

The councils of the previous years have deemed it best for the future welfare of our city to first thoroughly rebuild the main thoroughfares, and it would be my judgment that the present year should see Water street widened, to 40 feet from Franklin street to Granite street. It is one of the main thoroughfares of the city, and the business travel will be ever on the increase, and public necessity requires that you give this question your immediate attention. Surveys of the above street are in the possession of the city, showing the plan and details. If the work is ordered, it is hoped that the sewer pipes can be laid at the same time. Washington street from the bridge to South street, should be thoroughly rebuilt or repaired the coming year; the city cannot afford to rebuild the entire length of this street the present year, if you in your judgment decide to widen Water street, which is the most important, and which will cause a large expenditure of money.

The citizens have a right to expect more attention to be given to rebuilding sidewalks in various parts of this city, and which by constant travel are now in a dangerous condition, and unfit for use in rainy weather, they have also the right to expect that more street crossings be placed, that they can pass from one sidewalk to another without so much discomfort in various ways, and I hope to make needed improvements in this direction.

I would repeat the recommendations made to the council of last year by His Honor, Mayor Porter, in reference to Randolph avenue. This street is one rarely used by the citizens of Quincy, and I trust the council will give careful consideration to the proposition of deeding a tract of 1000 acres, which includes Randolph avenue and Forest street to the town of Milton.

The report of the Commissioner of Public Works which will be presented to the council, will give you valuable information as to the work performed during the past year.

LIGHTING.

The council of 1890, deemed it wise to establish a system of incandescent lighting in various wards of the city believing the same would be more satisfactory, and the result of the change will be watched with interest, for the city should take the very best method of furnishing protection to public travel over our highways. We have at present, 88 arc lights, 91 incandescent lights, 68 gas lights, 147 oil lamps.

I believe this city will be better lighted by the new arrangements entered into with the Gas Co., to assume the care and repairs of the gas lights.

The proper method to be employed in lighting our streets, is a question that we must carefully consider in the near future. Under the new contracts, the expense will be the coming year over $13,000. Many petitions will be received for additional lights, but they cannot be granted. Light has become a necessity, and there is no true business reason why a city should not have the right of furnishing light as a protection to travel over its highways, as an aid to the police service, also to supply its surplus to private citizens. A city should have the right to benefit its taxpayers by saving their monies. I am aware of the many obstacles apparently in the way, but I think the Council can render the city important service by studying this problem and becoming acquainted with the steps now being taken by other cities and towns, to accomplish this object of properly lighting of the city.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

One of the necessary adjuncts to a well regulated municipal government, is a well organized fire department, and by being so it assures protection to life and property from the ravages of fire, increases the confidence of the citizens, and indirectly enhances the value of real estate.

The rapid growth of our city the past few years, makes the demand more imperative that it should be well equipped, and considering the many drawbacks, I believe we should be congratulated upon the efficiency of the fire department during the past year, and the improvement in the working of the fire alarm service, and while the latter could be still further improved by the purchase of a four-circuit repeater, and the time is close at hand when the city must adopt the same, yet I believe it can safely be deferred until another year. I believe that the efficiency of the department would be greatly increased if portable fire extinguishors be attached to each hose carriage for use at light fires, preventing so much damage from water. The efficiency of this department would be greatly increased if the hose houses were built allowing the city to stable one of its horses in each building for use during the night, and the question must be considered in the near future when hose houses in Wards 2 and 3 are rebuilt. At the present time I would call your attention to the urgent need of a new building for the apparatus massed on School street. A large appropriation would be necessary to make the repairs so essentially necessary to render the present building fit for man or beast to stay in, and I believe that it would be a waste of the city monies to attempt any repairing, but a new commodious building with a suitable ward room, is by all means the best economy for the city. The present location is most desirable for the protection of the business and home interests of our city. The hydrant service should be increased, affording more protection to the thickly settled portions, and it adds greatly to the effective work of the department.

The hose house in Ward 2, is badly in need of repairs, and it may be best for the interests of the city, to have the same rebuilt during the present year, providing in the same building, also, a suitable ward room for the use of the citizens. I am of the opinion that the expense of same can be paid for from the current revenues of the year, and I will send to the council further information, at my earliest opportunity.

LAW DEPARTMENT.

I believe the true policy of the city should be to prevent suits rather than to defend against them, even successfully, for it should be borne in mind that even if the city obtains a clear verdict, it is attended by considerable expense. I do not wish to be understood as favoring settlements of cases without merit, which are brought against the city, but I believe that it is the duty to take every possible means to ascertain the true facts at the time of any accident, thus assisting the city solicitor in the discharge of his duties. As you gentlemen, are familiar with your own sections, I would thank you to send to the office, a notice of any dangerous defect in the highway that comes to your knowledge that the same may receive prompt attention, and I would ask the council to consider the question of amending the ordinance in relation to streets, by adding a new section, obliging the tenant of an estate abutting on a sidewalk to remove snow and ice from same within a specified time, which will prevent many accidents and suits against the city.

WATER SUPPLY.

The plan adopted by the last City Council in reference to a new water supply, has been forwarded to the state Board of Health, and their report on the same will be sent to you as soon as received.

CRANE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

This institution which we regard with so much pride needs no words of praise. It has its mission to perform, and continues to make its silent influence felt ever for good. Year by year its work increases, and its beneficial influence is far reaching and beyond computation.

The board of trustees is composed of a body of men from among our best citizens and they are keenly alive to the importance of its interests and its bearing upon the welfare of our city.

ADAMS ACADEMY.

The Academy continues to hold its place in the educational ranks, and through its work the world is benefitted by receiving into its ranks young men who have passed through a careful training in various branches of learning.

POOR DEPARTMENT.

An intelligent community are always desirous of furnishing those who are poverty stricken and friendless with the comforts and necessities of life, and to do all that the law requires to make their life more pleasant, and I can say from a perusal of the report of this department, that the duties assigned have been carefully performed, and the wants of the needy and deserving poor have been judiciously and faithfully attended to at a moderate expense to the city.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

It is evident that a larger appropriation will be necessary for the support of this department during the present year, but I defer from any recommendation at the present time, but will send to the Council at an early date my views on this important question.

PUBLIC BURIAL PLACES.

The managers of the public burial places will bring to your attention the need of purchasing more land, to be devoted to cemetery purposes.

LICENSE QUESTION.

The citizens have again spoken in a most emphatic manner on the question, "shall licenses for the sale of liquor be granted?" and the significance of their wishes shall not pass unheeded, and every method will be employed to carry their decision into execution, thus maintaining the benefits apparent on every hand by the abolishment of the saloon from our city.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

HOSPITAL.

It is the duty of every city to aid and encourage by its financial resources, the noble work now being rendered by such an institution as the City Hospital of Quincy. The value of its work has been well proven during the past year, and the taxpayers will cheerfully sanction an appropriation in furthering the aims of this charitable organization, and I shall willingly recommend an appropriation in the budget.

CITY HALL.

It must be apparent to all who have occasion to have dealings with the city, that the City Hall is ill adapted to the needs of its various officials. The city is obliged to pay for the use of other office room at the present time, and suitable apartments must be provided for the board of sewer commissioners in the near future. I firmly believe that it would be the better policy, that all the departments should have their headquarters under one roof, and that it will be a wise economy to remodel the lower story with this end in view, of furnishing suitable accommodations, and providing for better sanitary arrangements, for those who are working for the varied interests of the city, also providing fire proof vaults for the safe keeping of the valuable records, the loss of which would be irreparable.

GARBAGE.

It is the duty of the city to take every measure possible to improve the health and comfort of its citizens, and the collection of the garbage should be continued during the present year, but I believe it to be wise to establish rules and regulations in regard to the collections, thus preventing the disposal of the same to private persons, who disfigure the streets and sidewalks by the careless methods employed by boys, in carrying the same away, and by the city collecting the whole, the revenue from its sale will be largely increased.

BROOKS.

A question which must soon receive careful and deliberate attention from the council, is that of deepening, straightening and widening the water courses of the city.

A careful survey has been made of Town and Furnace brooks, and I hope the members of the council will make themselves familiar with it, and thereby realize the difficulties of solving the problem of the better course to pursue.

Before the season arrives when any work can be done, I hope to send to the council a further report, with recommendations.

SEWERS.

The Council of 1890, instructed his honor the Mayor, to petition the General Court, for the necessary legislation, to construct a system of sewers, and at the proper time, I shall take the pleasure, with the aid of the Council, in appearing before the committee of the legislature in support of this much needed public improvement.

If the petition be granted, I believe that a Board of Commissioners, selected for their experience and successful business training, will be able to improve upon the minor details, remedy some defects, and furnish the city a satisfactory system of sewerage.

SHADE TREES.

Believing that the streets of our city can be vastly improved by the systematic planting of shade trees thereon, and deeming it wise to look forward to the future for results, I shall recommend a small appropriation for this purpose, for the present year, trusting that if the same is done in after years, that the improved appearance of our highways, will be one magnet in inviting new residents to our city.

CONTINGENT FUND.

Believing that the citizens have the right to demand that all questions referred to the Council should receive careful consideration from its members, and, when possible, personal investigations be made, that the subject matter be thoroughly understood, I shall recommend a moderate appropriation for the use of the Council, believing that the taxpayers do not desire that those who so willingly give their services to the city, should perform these labors thus devolving upon them at their private expense.

I shall trust that the good judgment of the council will see the wisdom of establishing a rule to govern the expenditures of this appropriation.

WOODWARD FUND.

This fund has been increased during the past year, by large sales of land, and now amounts to nearly $261,000, and the time is close at hand when the city will have the pleasure of having another educational institution in its midst.

CENTENNIAL ANNIVERSARY.

In February, 1892, occurs the Centennial anniversary of the incorporation of the town of Quincy, and I would recommend that some notice be taken of the event.

If this meets with your approval, I would suggest that to a special committee of the council, be added citizens of each ward, to assist in perfecting all arrangements.

As the financial year of our city does not end until December 31st of each year, an incoming Mayor is deprived of the valuable information which should be contained in the reports of the several departments, and which would enable the citizens to be informed at the beginning of another year, as regards the work that has been performed. A careful study of these reports will be necessary, before arriving at a correct judgment of many important questions. These reports will be submitted to you gentlemen, in due time.

The City of Quincy cannot stand still, with her natural advantages, her granite industries, schools, public library, religious and other educational institutions, her growth should be rapid; progress should be her motto, but progress does not mean extravagance, and correct conclusions in regard to those improvements which will conduce to her prosperity, and which I have called your attention to, can only be solved by a careful study of each question as it presents itself, and weighing it, in its bearings upon all other questions.

I sincerely trust that the year will be one of prosperity and growth to our city, that the business entrusted to our care will receive the attention it deserves. The administration will be more wisely judged at the end, than at the beginning, for the citizens have a right to expect results rather than promises, and "may the supreme power whose aid we invoke today, inspire us to administer the government wisely, with purity of purpose, and our acts rebound to the honor and glory and good name of the City of Quincy."

WEYMOUTH.

Z. L. Bicknell Hose Co. hold their regular monthly meeting this evening.

Norfolk Lodge, No. 54, will install its officers this evening.

Albert F. Clapp, one of East Weymouth's well known business men, died at his residence on Broad street, Saturday, after a brief illness, aged 40 years. Mr. Clapp was born in Weymouth and was the son of Joseph and Elmira Thomas Clapp. He received his early education in the public schools, graduating from which he worked for his father. Some years ago he started in business for himself, in the manufacture of metalic inner soles in which he has been very successful. When a child he received a fall which injured his leg, which has troubled him, more or less, ever since, so that his general health has not been of the best, so that some few weeks ago when he took cold it was a severe strain upon him and gradually took a typhoid turn from which he died. He had a loving wife who is prostrated by the severe blow his untimely death has caused. Funeral services will be held from his late residence, Tuesday at 2 o'clock.

BUSSELL'S Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

$1.50

Will buy a FIRST-CLASS

Working Shoe

at

Saville & Jones'.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 5. QUINCY, MASS., TUESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Baking Powder

TELY PURE

assist in perfecting all arrangements.

As the financial year of our city does not end until December 31st of each year, an incoming Mayor is deprived of the valuable information which should be contained in the reports of the several departments, and which would enable the citizens to be informed at the beginning of another year, as regards the work that has been performed. A careful study of these reports will be necessary, before arriving at a correct judgment of many important questions. These reports will be submitted to you gentlemen, in due time.

The City of Quincy cannot stand still, with her natural advantages, her granite industries, schools, public library, religious and other educational institutions, her growth should be rapid; progress should be her motto, but progress does not mean extravagance, and correct conclusions in regard to those improvements which will conduce to her prosperity, and which I have called your attention to, can only be solved by a careful study of each question as it presents itself, and weighing it, in its bearings upon all other questions.

I sincerely trust that the year will be one of prosperity and growth to our city, that the business entrusted to our care will receive the attention it deserves. The administration will be more wisely judged at the end, than at the beginning, for the citizens have a right to expect results rather than promises, and "may the supreme power whose aid we invoke today, inspire us to administer the government wisely, with purity of purpose, and our acts rebound to the honor and glory and good name of the City of Quincy."

WEYMOUTH.

Z. L. Bicknell Hose Co. hold their regular monthly meeting this evening.

Norfolk Lodge, No. 54, will install its officers this evening.

Albert F. Clapp, one of East Weymouth's well known business men, died at his residence on Broad street, Saturday, after a brief illness, aged 40 years. Mr. Clapp was born in Weymouth and was the son of Joseph and Elmira Thomas Clapp. He received his early education in the public schools, graduating from which he worked for his father. Some years ago he started in business for himself, in the manufacture of metalic inner soles in which he has been very successful. When a child he received a fall which injured his leg, which has troubled him, more or less, ever since, so that his general health has not been of the best, so that some few weeks ago when he took cold it was a severe strain upon him and gradually took a typhoid turn from which he died. He had a loving wife who is prostrated by the severe blow his untimely death has caused. Funeral services will be held from his late residence, Tuesday at 2 o'clock.

BUSSELL'S

Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

$1.50

Will buy a FIRST-CLASS

Working Shoe

at

Saville & Jones'.

Mark Down!

—OF—

STATIONERY.

Our Fine Stationery, consisting of Boston Bond, Boston Linen, Bunker Hill Linen, Boston Bank Linen, Patchwork, Basket, and all other fine Paper the price of which has always been

20 and 25 Cents per Quire,

I will now give you your choice for

10 Cents per Quire, and

10 Cents per Bunch of Envelopes.

All packed in the Window in plain sight.

OUR MOTTO:

"RELIABILITY."

A. G. DURGIN'S
FAMILY MEDICINE & PRESCRIPTION STORE.
HANCOCK ST., QUINCY, MASS.

"RELIABILITY."

OUR MOTTO.

Bargains in Every Department.

SUITS and OVERCOATS

AT

LOWEST PRICES!

QUINCY

One Price Clothing Company.

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

QUINCY CAFE,

Chestnut Street, Quincy.

Ice Cream and Sherbets.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

Catering for Large and Small Parties, under the personal attention of JOHN H. WALES.

1m

SOCIAL EVENT.

Knights of Honor Installation and Banquet.

Mayor Fairbanks Present—His First Social Duty.

Abstract of the Speeches Made—Many Prominent Citizens Among Members.

Wollaston Lodge, one of the most prosperous fraternal organizations in this State, installed its officers last evening. District Deputy F. M. Hersey and suite of Hingham performed the ceremony. Mayor Fairbanks is the senior past dictator of this lodge, and the mayor and lodge were both proud of the fact that his attendance and subsequent speech at the banquet were the first social events to follow his inauguration.

After the installation of the officers, the lodge was closed and all the members and invited guests repaired to the hall in Mr. F. J. Perry's new building, where that veteran committee Messrs. Brasee, Baker and Bates had already prepared one of their customary feasts.

After a blessing by Rev. W. S. Key, chaplain of the lodge, Dictator W. B. Orcutt invited those present to discuss the viands before them. Half an hour had been profitably spent in the knife and fork exercise when Dictator Orcutt called a halt, and suddenly the jokes, laughter and smal' talk participated in by the members were hushed and all were ready to listen to the speeches of the evening.

At this stage the knights were placed in the hands of

Past Dictator Sherman, the Toastmaster

for the evening, who said:

"In city affairs I have always held in contempt those men who by their actions appear to hold up each a corner of our municipality and who endeavor to convey the impression that should they step aside the whole political structure would fall. And yet I must confess I am guilty of the assumption of similar importance. When called from a constant attendance at this lodge to another field I had a feeling that the corner I supported and from under which I stepped would come to the earth. How ridiculous of me! Especially when there still remained that solid trio, Brasee, Baker and Bates, synonyms of Wollaston Lodge. This banquet attests their ability and brotherly love.

Brother Knights, I'm not one of the speakers to whom you are to listen. It's my duty to cull from this banner lodge a few warm hearts through which the life blood has always quickened in response to the needs of this organization. Time limits the number selected, and I have passed the best in quality and quantity.

Brother Knights, canvassing for new blood secured me the acquaintance of a man whose quiet and modest demeanor had already won my respect. Socially and fraternally I esteem it an honor to call him brother. In his hands Wollaston Lodge is safe. May his administration surpass the most brilliant of his predecessors.

Allow me to present

Dictator Orcutt.

After thanking the lodge for electing him to the position, he said:

The merits of the order to which we belong hardly need be discussed in your presence, but I believe I am not far from wrong when I say that there are few human organizations at the present time more deserving of your support.

Some men of late have seen fit (for purposes of their own) to criticise orders like this unfavorably, but they do not know what they say; you and I know fully well the obligations we have taken, the lessons we have learned and the work we do. This work is inspired by love of the Master and mankind. Ours is the mission to add a brightness to the joy of those who are prosperous, to relieve the sufferings of those who sorrow; and whenever we hear the music of humanity to be still and sad, to endeavor to tune it to a more cheerful strain of song. Our's is the "faith that every flower enjoys the air it breathes," and our's will be the endeavor to make every Knight of Honor enjoy as much of the sunshine of life as we can impart.

We are bound by no creed but the creed of the poet:

"'Tis only noble to be good,
Kind hearts are more than coronets,
And simple faith than Norman blood."

This is our faith, this is our work. Sometimes it is thought that the insurance feature of our order is the principle thing.

That this feature is one of the best of its kind which exists, is certainly true, but this is a small part of our claim to favor.

Our order is as much, yes, more for the living, than for the recipients of our bounty. It is our duty to emphasize this fact, and in our conduct of the work which we have to do, to keep it constantly in our minds.

I hope it may be our endeavor the coming year to increase our membership as much as possible by worthy additions. The year before the last, Wollaston Lodge saw a most remarkable increase in its membership, which was so extensive and so great, that it seemed as if we had gained nearly the whole population, and I am not sure but our Chairman who was then the leading spirit in that movement, like Alexander of old, wept for want of more men to work upon.

The chairman:—Brother Knights no alien face receives our deputy's welcome. No Knight of Honor has a warmer heart. To introduce him would be the heighth of presumption. Allow me to present Brother Hersey of John A. Andrew Lodge, Hingham.

Deputy Hersey.

He referred in a felicitous way to the fact that in Wollaston Lodge there was talent capable of producing mayors, grand dictators of the order and district deputies. Throughout the Knights of Honor ritual runs the one supreme thought,—our homes; that is what we wish to protect; that is the foundation, the corner stone of our order.

The chairman:—Its harder work to keep a fortune than to make it. For twelve months our lodge has been held in trust and tonight returned to us without a blemish. In these days of rush and push it takes a hero to be conservative.

Sitting Past Dictator Cummings.

Past Dictator Cummings spoke of the phenominal increase of the order from its inception in 1873, when the first meeting was called in Louisville, Ky.

The Chairman:—Senior Past Dictator, District Deputy, Councilman, President, Mayor, not to mention rapid and deserved honors in fraternal social and business life, he comes to us fresh from his oath of office at the threshold of his political and executive cares to look into the faces of those who know him best. Without Wollaston lodge he might be a private citizen. May he always seek 926 as a resting place from his official cares.

His Honor the Mayor.

Mayor Fairbanks was received with tremendous applause, the whole company rising to their feet and giving three cheers. Owing to the arduous duties connected with the Inaugural his remarks were brief.

Mayor Fairbanks in thanking the chairman for his complimentary remarks, said that there was some truth in them. He described in his graphic style the founding of Wollaston lodge, and his experiences in visiting other lodges to get new ideas. Ideas which have since been put to practical use and made Wollaston lodge the banner lodge in the increase of its membership.

The other speakers were Past Dictators Witham and Williamson; Chaplain, W. S. Key; Past Dictator Roberts; Reporter Battison and Bro. Simmons

Reporter Battison's remarks were of statistical nature, and will be of interest. There have been 186 names on the roll of the Wollaston Lodge since its organization. Of these, 34 have withdrawn and 8 died, leaving a present membership of 144, 9 of these are honorary members and carry no insurance. The 135 benefit members carry an insurance of $233,500 at a cost of about $2.40 per month, a trifle over $1 per $1000 or $12 per annum, except in case of an extra assessment, which adds another $1 per $1000. $15,000 has been paid to the families of the eight members who have died.

A PROSPEROUS SCHOOL.

Annual Report of the Wollaston Congregational Sunday School.

Mr. Herbert W. Marshall, secretary and treasurer of the Wollaston Congregational Sunday school, made his fourteenth annual report before that school Sunday. The report shows that there are at present 160 scholars, 16 teachers, and 4 officers enrolled and the average attendance for the year has been 110. The smallest number present on any one Sunday was 57,—Aug. 21—and the largest number 145,—Dec. 21.

The receipts the past year have been $181.25 and the expenditures $139.57, leaving a balance of $41.68.

The receipts of the Library fund for the year were $53.25, and the expenditures $35.66 leaving a balance of $17.59. The total amount of money in the hands of the treasurer on Jan. 1, was $59.27.

Mr. James R. Lovett, the librarian also made his annual report. There are 378 volumes in the library, 34 having been added the past year. The number of books taken out has been 1438. During the year 75 books have been sent to new Sunday schools in the South.

Make Galen Happy.

To the Editors of the Daily Ledger:

Enclosed please find 42 votes for Galen Vinton Bowditch, the veteran fireman of Quincy.

Is Galen in it?
You all know he isn't slow.
He is one of the Hook and Ladder Co.
Who a short time ago
So bravely fought for the prize
Offered by our Globe man everybody knows.
Although we got left,
You can bet your boots,
It wan't because Galen was off the roost.
Now Quincy folks, one and all,
Send in your votes at the veteran's call,
And make our Galen the happiest man of all.

FRIENDS.

Quincy, Jan. 5, 1891.

MILTON.

A public installation of the officers of Dorchester Lodge, I. O. O. F., was held Monday evening, followed by a supper and entertainment. The elective officers were: N. G. Hugh Fraser; V. G. J. C. Chaddock; R. S. Walter W. Strangman; P. S., M. D. Williams; T., J. Strangman.

1155 MORE.

Miss Leary, West Quincy, Now the Leader.

Fred Goss Received the Next Largest Number of Votes.

But it is Said that Galen V. Bowditch is the Dark Horse.

Every day an increased number of votes are received at the LEDGER office in the popularity contest. The grand total for the 24 hours up to 8 A. M. was 1155, of which number Miss Leary received 450, Fred Goss 178, George A. Voorhees 170, Henry Tirrell 133, Miss McGovern 119 and many received smaller numbers. There are seven new candidates in the list.

Miss Mame Leary is the leader today. She is employed in the dry goods store of S. B. Little at West Quincy, and is a favorite in a large circle of acquaintances. The LEDGER congratulates the lady on the position reached, and is glad to see the ladies come to the front.

Mayor Fairbanks was considerably "cut" yesterday, but people were determined to vote, and His Honor did not have a good backing—the coupon was there.

It is said that Galen V. Bowditch will win the watch. That his friends among the firemen, whom he aided in the recent Globe contest, are already accumulating votes, but are holding them back. Galen says he is in the hands of his friends.

Another dark horse is said to be E. H. Richardson, employed at the Wollaston foundry, an engineer in the fire department and popular in Ward Six.

Whicher's and Graham's factories will also boom an employe.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today.

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss Leary, S. B. Little's		604
Geo. A. Voorhees, Electric light works		600
Henry W. Tirrell, John Page's		490
Fred Goss, John W. Nash's		203
George F. Field, Weeks & Potter's		151
Miss McGovern, Gas Light Co		150
Frank W. Munroe, J. F. Merrill's		115
George E. Sanborn, J. F. Merrill's		81
Galen V. Bowditch, E. Packard & Co.'s		37
Robert E. Foy, Pratt & Curtis		28
David Morris, Frank Brewer's		25
W. H. Welch, John E. Drake's		20
John W. Walsh, J. W. Lombard's		17
Miss Agnes Kelley, Clapp Bros		13
Miss McPhail, J. F. Sheppard & Sons		13
Henry L. Jones, E. E. Fellows'		6
Chas. W. Purdy, G. T. Laing's		6
Edward Preston, Boynton & Russell		5
William Westland, C. B. Tilton's		5
D. W. Osborne, Timberlake & Small's		5
Frank W. Folsom, Miller & Luce's		5
John Bradley, John H. Dinegan's		4
James Cuffe, French's stable		3
Frank Hatch, Thomas Gurney's		3
Henry A. Willey, McDonnell & Sons		3
James M. Dunbar, Strong & Carroll's, Weymouth		3
Mary G. Dunn, D. Bamford's		3
Miss Litchfield, C. B. Tilton's		3
Frank Perkins, C. W. Guy's		2
Wendell T. Dizer, M. T. Dizer & Co., Weymouth		2
George Shirley, McGilvray & Jones		1
William Caldwell, Edward Russell's		1
Timothy Ford, Thomas & Miller's		1
Frank Revere, John Hall's		1
W. Brooks, A. G. Durgin		1
Robert McLean, Quincy One Price		1
Miss Nightingale, Clapp Bros		1
James Dowd, D. F. French's		1
W. Nightingale, T. E. Furnald's		1
Henry Emerson, James R. Wild's		1
W. F. Pratt, Old Colony railroad		1

Newsboys Prizes.

Charles Walsh has increased his lead of 1, to over 300, for the first prize among the newsboys, having a total of 429 to his credit in three days. Fred Bavin, Eddie Hefferman, and James Giles also made rapid strides.

The total number of sales by newsboys starting from the LEDGER office on Saturday was 621.

The summary below does not include sales by boys sent out by agents, and is for January 1st, 2d and 3d only.

Charles Walsh,	429
Charles Carter,	126
Fred Bavin	105
Eddie Heffernan,	102
James Giles,	82
Robert McAuliffe,	74
Willie Esson,	60
John Dackers,	60
Chris McAuliffe,	60
Henry Rhines	55
Frank Walsh,	36
John Murphy,	35
Gilbert Bavin,	31
Charles Baxter,	26
Arthur Pinel,	24
Patrick Murphy	19
John Anderson	15
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Robert Kenney,	4

FAXON HALL, QUINCY,

Jan. 7th, 8th and 9th, 1891,

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

QUINCY CITY HOSPITAL,

GRAND PRODUCTION

OF COOLIDGE AND SURETTE'S

Comic Opera,

PRISCILLA,

OR THE

PILGRIM'S PROXY,

Great Cast! Fine Chorus!

Elaborate Appointments!

CAST OF CHARACTERS.

PRISCILLA, the Pretty Pilgrim.....MRS. ALICE MAY BATES RICE
RESIGNATION, a Middle-aged Spinster.....MISS AUGUSTA BATES
BARBARA.....MRS. W. M. PACKARD
FAITH.....MISS MAY V. HASTINGS
PRUDENCE.....MISS GRACE PETTENGILL
MYLES STANDISH, the Doughty Captain.....DR. GEORGE B. RICE
JOHN ALDEN, the Friend in Need.....MR. J. C. BARTLETT
WILLIAM BRADFORD, Governor of New Plymouth....MR. EDWARD PRESTON
HATEBAD HIGGINS, Agent of the Good Ship Mayflower, and President of "Ancestral Relick and Antiquated Heirloom Co., limited"....MR. W. H. DODD
SQUANTO, a Reformed Red Man.....MR. EVERETT SIMMONS

ACT. I. Leyden street, Plymouth.

ACT. II. Exterior of Priscilla's Cottage, and view of Plymouth harbor, period about 1623.

Correct Costumes by Raymond.

Special Scenery by Story.

Wigs and Makeups by Rothe.

Director, - - - - - C. E. MACOMBER of Boston.

Stage Manager, - - - - W. H. DODD of Boston.

☞ Opening sale of Tickets at Durgin's Drug Store, Dec. 29th, at 10 A. M.

Quincy, Dec. 27. p,2w—1,29th,6t

BEST YET!

Christians' Flour, $7 per Bbl.

Corrugated " $7 "

Extra Quality Tea (Oolong, Japan or English Breakfast,) 50c. lb.

We believe the above brands of Flour are the Best that are sold in this market.

We also believe that our 50 cent Tea is the Best sold for the money in New England.

In order to extend our sales in these Specialties, we make the following offer for a limited time only: To every Customer buying a barrel of either Flour, we will present a pound of Tea, and deliver free in any part of Quincy or adjoining towns. Positively no discount will be made on either the Flour or the Tea purchased separately. Orders by mail or telephone will be sent on day order is received.

J. F. Merrill,

Boston Branch Grocery.

Quincy, Jan. 3. 6t

JOB PRINTING

At the Patriot Office.

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive an Easy Chair or Gold Watch.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period can have his choice between a richly upholstered easy chair worth $25, or a gold watch valued at $50. These will soon be purchased and put on exhibition in some prominent place.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

—BY—

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

ITALY IS SATISFIED.

The McKinley Tariff Works Favorably to Her Industries.

ROME, Jan. 6.—It has been ascertained from high official sources, as well as from interviews with leading members of the Italian parliament, that Italy is well satisfied with the workings of the new American tariff bill. The government commission, which was appointed to investigate and report on the probable effects of the bill, has but recently completed its task, and their report shows that under the new tariff about 48 per cent. of Italian exports to the United States are admitted free of duty; 36 per cent. at a reduced duty; 12 per cent. at the old rates, while the duty is increased on less than 4 per cent. This report, together with statistics published by the Italian press, have brought about a very favorable state of public opinion regarding the law.

"We have no cause for complaint against the United States on account of the new tariff," said Prime Minister Crispi, and this diplomatic opinion is more than indorsed by all the deputies interviewed by the Associated Press correspondent.

While the commerce between Great Britain and the United States and France and the United States has been steadily declining during the past ten years, statistics just published in La Riforma, the official organ of Prime Minister Crispi, show that Italy's commerce with the United States has been steadily increasing, till it is now exceeded by only three other nations of Europe. Since the bill went into effect it continues to increase at as great a rate as before. It is no secret that the reason why Italy refused to consider the subject of joining other nations in reprisals against the United States was her satisfaction with the new tariff.

ON THEIR FEET AGAIN.

Decker, Howell & Co., Who Failed for $12,000,000, to Resume Business.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—The unexpected announcement is made that Decker, Howell & Co., who assigned about two months ago with $12,000,000 of liabilities, will resume business at once and that the assignee, William Nelson Cromwell, will pay 100 cents on the dollar on all just claims presented to him. The firm was one of the most prominent in the city and was largely identified with the Villard interests, carrying immense lines of Northern Pacific and North American stock. During the period of extreme money stringency the firm was unable to negotiate loans with which to carry these securities, and on Nov. 11 was compelled to suspend, although at the time it had millions of unhypothecated securities in its hands. Many of the banks are much relieved by the resumption and the affairs of the North American company are greatly improved.

BAY STATE LEGISLATURE.

Thirty-two Petitions Now on File to Be Considered at This Session.

BOSTON, Jan. 6.—The legislature which assembles to-day will have some important matters to consider before the session is over. There have been filed at the office of the secretary of the commonwealth thirty-two petitions for legislation, or over twice as many as were filed for action by the last legislation. There are three petitions for elevated railroads, five for railroad legislation, five for ship canals, one for a subterranean railroad in Boston, four for water supply legislation, four for legislation regarding street railways, four for town divisions or changes of boundary line, one for legislation allowing the collection by a city of fees from a street railway company, two for authority to build bridges over tide water, and three for minor matters.

Potters Walk Out.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 6.—The operative potters employed in the sanitary ware potteries made a proposition to resume work at the old price till a revised list was agreed upon by both sides. The manufacturers, however, insisted upon the immediate enforcement of the new list. The men, to the number of 350, went out. The manufacturers say that they will not withdraw from their present position because a cut in wages is rendered necessary by the falling off in the prices which used to prevail for sanitary ware.

Gillig Will Get Nothing.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—The suit of Henry F. Gillig, former manager of the American Exchange in Europe (limited), against Lawrence Barrett and Edwin Booth to recover moneys loaned to Barrett in 1885, who was then associated with Booth, has been dismissed by the supreme court. The sum involved was about $50,000.

Worst of the Season.

HALIFAX, Jan. 6.—The worst snowstorm of the season prevails here, accompanied by a very fierce northeasterly wind. A special from Digby says a storm set in there which is the heaviest of the winter. The steamer City of Monticello will not leave there till it moderates.

Will Be Short Lived.

POVIDENCE, Jan. 6.—One hundred sewing girls at the Riverside mills went out on strike, claiming that they cannot make as much under payment by the yard as under the former system. They have no organization and will probably return to work in a few days.

A GRAND SURPRISE.

Lodge's Election Bill Laid Aside in the Senate.

FINANCIAL BILL TAKEN UP.

Democrats Aided by Republicans in Accomplishing the Result—Election Bill May Be Brought Up and Considered Later On.

WASHINGTON Jan. 6.—The election bill was set aside in the senate, and the finance bill taken up by a solid Democratic vote, aided by the following Republicans: Jones of Nevada, McConnell of Idaho, Shoup of Idaho, Stanford, Stewart, Teller and Washburn.

The senate met at noon. The credentials of Messrs. Shoup and McConnell, senators-elect from Idaho, were presented, with a recommendation that Mr. McConnell be sworn in (Mr. Shoup having already taken his seat). Mr. McConnell was allowed to take the oath. The credentials of Frederick P. Dubois, as senator-elect from Idaho for the term of six years, beginning March 4 next, were presented and placed on file. The senate then went into executive session.

The doors were re-opened at 1:30, when Mr. Hoar moved (the morning hour having expired) that the election bill be taken up. Pending action on that motion Mr. Plumb (by request) introduced a bill to create a board of women commissioners of immigration. Referred. The election bill was then taken up, Mr. George resuming the floor to continue the speech commenced by him last Wednesday.

Mr. Stewart moved to take up the senate bill to provide against contraction of the currency. Mr. George said he would yield for that motion.

Mr. Hoar appeared to be taken by surprise, and asked Mr. George whether that senator abandoned the floor. Mr. George said that he did not intend to do that, but that he merely yielded to have the motion made. He would claim the floor, he said, if the motion did not prevail. While Mr. George was saying this he was being prompted and encouraged by the Democratic senators in his neighborhood.

After a short debate, in which Hoar, Gorman and George took part, the vote was taken by yeas and nays, and the motion was agreed to—yeas 34, nays 29.

The announcement of the result was received with indications of

Surprise and Disappointment

on the Republican side of the chamber, but with no corresponding signs of undue elation on the Democratic side.

The financial bill was then taken up, and was read by the clerk, and Mr. Stewart moved to amend it by adding the following:

That any owner of silver bullion, not to be used for the operations of the mint, may deposit the same in amounts of the value of not less than $100 at any mint in the United States, to be formed into standard dollars or bars, for his benefit and without charge; and that at the said owner's option he may receive therefor an equivalent of such standard dollars, in treasury notes of the same form and description, and having the same legal qualities as the notes provided for by the act approved July 14, 1890, entitled "An act directing the purchase of silver bullion and the issue of treasury notes thereon, and for other purposes," and all such treasury notes issued under the provisions of this act shall be a legal tender for their nominal amount in payment of all debts, public and private, and shall be receivable for customs, taxes and all public dues, and when so received may be reissued in the same manner and to the same extent as other treasury notes.

Mr. Stewart argued in support of the amendment. He said that he had so often discussed the question that he would not now take up any considerable time of the senate in representating his case. His amendment, he said, would remonetize silver and place it back where it had been before it was excluded from the mints of the United States and Europe.

The Effect.

The action of the senate in displacing the election bill with the financial bill was a complete surprise to the friends of the former measure, and several of the Republican silver senators who voted for the motion say it was without prior knowledge on their part. So far as can be learned the arrangement to displace the election bill was not definitely effected until some time after the senate met, though there had been some quiet consultation on the subject. It is understood that Senators Stewart and Teller were the principal movers in the scheme. The matter was kept so quiet that the Idaho senators did not even know what motion was to be made. Senator Shoup says that he was told not to go away; that something of interest to silver was to take place, but says he did not know just what it was that was going to happen.

The Democrats are rejoicing over the displacement of the election bill and think it has received its death blow. The financial bill must now be displaced by a direct vote and has the coign of vantage heretofore occupied by the election bill. It has the right of way. The resolution to bring the fight to an end was reached suddenly by the silver senators and was precipitated by the decision to hold a Republican caucus at night.

Senator Edmunds said that the motion was a complete surprise to him, but that the financial bill has now the right of way. Inquiry among other Republican senators develops the fact that they are also utterly taken aback at the displacement of the election bill. One western senator who personally regards the bill with indifference, but was not willing to abandon it now that it was a party measure, said that the friends of the bill did not know what to think or do now, for they had been so surprised they had not had time to consider the situation. The senator said he regarded the vote as decisive of the fate of the bill, and that was the opinion of the majority of his colleagues with whom he had talked.

Senator Jones returned to the city yesterday, and the decision to hold a caucus, coupled with the arrival of Senator Jones, for whom Senator Stewart had been waiting, resulted in the determination to bring matters to an immediate issue. One of the silver senators said that it had been decided last week to bring on the fight this week, but that it was kept very quiet, and that the decision as to when to make the motion and in what form was not arrived at until the senate convened yesterday.

THE CAUCUS.

Financial Bill to Be Pushed Through—Then Comes the Election Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The Republican senatorial caucus last night was not very well attended, about twenty-eight senators only being present. Still, it was fairly representative of the various elements of the party in the senate. There was nothing like concerted action and the proceedings were mainly made up of individual conferences. The eastern senators accepted the situation as philosophically as possible, and the silver men were, of course, in good spirits. The result, as far as it assumed shape, is that the promoters of the election bill gave their consent to the consideration of the financial bill with but one stipulation—that it should be pushed with the utmost diligence so as to get it out of the way. Consequently an effort will be made to reach a vote upon the bill by next Thursday. Whether this agreement involved the renewed consideration of the election bill after the disposition of the financial bill did not appear, and it is probable that that question will be left to the determination of another caucus to be held when the financial bill shall have been disposed of.

EMMA ABBOTT IS DEAD.

The Famous Prima Donna Breathes Her Last in Salt Lake City.

SALT LAKE CITY, Jan. 6.—Emma Abbott, the great American prima donna, died at the Hotel Templeton of pneumonia. She was taken ill last Wednesday night but persisted in going on the stage and singing her part in "Ernani" contrary to her physician's advice. On New Year's day she was taken alarmingly ill and a conference of physicians was ordered. From that time she grew worse.

The scene at the death bed was a pathetic one. The singer was conscious almost to the last moment, despite the fact that opiates had been administered. Her last words were: "I am not afraid to die."

The body was embalmed and enclosed in a handsome casket and will go from here to Denver, thence to Chicago and thence to Gloucester, Mass., where her husband is buried. Her will provides for that disposition of her remains. Miss Abbott confidently expected to die, and told her physician on New Year's day that her next song would be sung in heaven. A singular coincidence connected with the affair is that she died on the anniversary of her husband's death. A short burial service was held at the hotel by Rev. Dr. McNiece of the Presbyterian church. The body left for the east at 10 o'clock last night.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Hebrew lawyers have been disbarred in Russia.

Nine children burned in the accident at Wortley, Eng., have died.

In February Mme. Patti is to give three operatic performances in Nice.

There is a notable increase in the number of suicides at Monte Carlo.

Fifty persons were killed by an explosion in a coal pit in Polish Ostran.

A regiment of the Iowa national guard is under marching orders for the Indian war.

Last week's snow improved the condition of winter wheat in Kansas 20 per cent.

Allum Cave, a village in Wayne county, W. Va., is terrorized by a band of Italian ruffians.

Arnold Morley is said to have had a secret conference with Mr. O'Brien on his way to Nice.

Two of the convicted participants in the Phœnix park murder have been discharged from prison.

The two Irish factions appear to be carrying on a lively strife to see which shall capture William O'Brien.

M. Leon Say severely criticises the tariff law of the United States and the financial schemes of our Farmers' Alliances.

The inauguration of new city government in Boston and other Massachusetts cities took place yesterday.

Much uneasiness is felt along the Mississippi over the possibilities of an overflow when the spring rise comes.

Dr. Emil Blum, a Russian Jew, is in Boston seeking relatives. He was banished from the Czar's domains on account of his religion.

Another game was added to Gunsberg's string yesterday in the match with Steinitz. The score now stands: Steinitz 4, Gunsberg 3, drawn 5.

The noted Russian agitator and refugee, Sergius Stepniak, made his first appearance in America in Boston last evening, and made a plea for "Nihilism."

United States Senator Blair of New Hampshire states that he is not a candidate for United States district judge, to succeed the late Hon. Daniel Clark.

Judge Henry B. Brown of Michigan was sworn into office as an associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, and took his seat on the bench.

The lumbermen upon Mt. Moosilauke, N. H., report a hard time for sledding and those engaged in logging. There is from four to five feet of snow on a level.

Last month was the coldest December in twenty-three years in Vermont, and the snowfall was greater by ten inches than in any December for thirty-five years in the Green Mountain state.

Mr. Caminetti, who has been awarded a seat in the next congress, is of Italian parentage, but a native born Californian, and he is said to be the first man from California in either house who was born in the state.

Mr. Balliet, superintendent of public schools at Springfield, Mass, has been invited to take the superintendency of the public schools of Philadelphia at a salary of $5000. He has the matter under consideration.

Senator Dolph of Oregon is tall, broad shouldered, and is nearly always dressed in a black frock suit. He has a broad, high forehead, clear gray eyes, a straight nose, while the lower part of his face is hidden in a long gray beard.

The census of Portland, Me., has been taken by order of the city, the work being done by the assessors in the different wards. The population is 39,595, an increase of 3000 over the census as taken by the government enumerators.

Brayton Ives, the New York millionaire, is going to sell his famous collection of old manuscripts and rare pottery. The collection, an unrivaled one in this country, is worth about $600,000, and much curiosity is manifested as to the price the gems will bring.

The contract has been signed for the erection of a building for hygienic instructions, as an annex to the University of Pennsylvania, to cost $50,000, the entire expense of which will be borne by Henry C. Lee, and will be the first structure of the kind in America.

The Emperor of Germany is sending a special envoy to the Sultan of Turkey in order to present the latter with several rich gifts in token of the emperor's appreciation of the assistance rendered by the Turkish authorities to the German ironclad Friedrich Karl, which went ashore Dec. 22, in the Ægean sea.

STRIKERS EVICTED.

Distressing Scenes at the Homes of Scottish Railroad Men.

THE MILITARY AND POLICE

Called Out to Suppress Rioting at Motherwell—Plundering of a Shop Led by Miners—The Great Strike Practically at an End.

GLASGOW, Jan. 6.—Though the railroad strike is practically ended, yesterday may be said to have been the most exciting day in the history of the strike. Seventy policemen, backed by a squadron of Hussars, evicted the strikers from the houses belonging to the railroad companies, which they occupied as employes of the railroads. No actual violence has been reported, but many distressing scenes were witnessed. Much suffering seems in store for the families of the unfortunate strikers, who now, more than ever before, have the sympathy of the public with them.

Disgraceful Action.

A serious disturbance occurred at Motherwell. Motherwell is at a railway junction thirteen miles southwest of here, and there are extensive iron works and coal mines in the place. A disorderly crowd composed of strikers and their sympathizers, hostile to the authorities, had gathered, and when ordered by the police to disperse refused to do so and began a general stone-throwing. The sheriff then read the riot act and a squad of police and military charged upon the crowd and cleared the street. The rioters, however, soon began to do further mischief. Six or their number had received wounds from policemen's clubs and the sight of these injuries greatly incensed them. They quickly gathered again and attacked the railway station, taking possession of the building and wrecking the signal boxes. Trains were compelled to run through the station without stopping because of the fusillades of stones which the mob showered upon them. Eventually the military fired blank cartridges at the crowd and succeeded in dislodging them from the station. A detachment of police which had been telephoned for to Glasgow was received on its arrival with groans and hisses, but the rioters soon entirely disappeared in the face of the superior force of their opponents. It was only through the lord provost's casting vote that any of the Glasgow police were permitted to go to Motherwell, half of the Glasgow magistracy desiring to throw all responsibility of quelling the disturbance at Motherwell on the military.

While a number of miners were returning from Mothervile, where the Caledonian Railway company recently attempted to evict some of its striking employes from their homes, they sacked a shop in the village of Blantyre, eight miles from this city. The men acted in a riotous manner and their actions finally became so threatening that the village authorities were forced to summon military aid to quell the disturbance.

Miners Blamed.

All the miners in the Motherwell district have suspended work. They are largely responsible for the riots which occurred in Motherwell. Intense excitement prevails in the place, and it is estimated that there are 20,000 persons in the crowds which throng the streets.

BEHRING SEA AGAIN.

A Communication from the British Foreign Office on the Subject.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—The foreign office has issued the following communication to the press in regard to the Behring Sea dispute:

The statements cabled respecting the correspondence on the Behring Sea question between the British and American governments are unfounded. A dispatch was received Dec. 30 from Mr. Blaine. He made proposals respecting questions to be submitted for arbitration. With this exception, no communication whatever has been received from the United States on this subject for the past three weeks, and no communication has been made to the American government in the same period.

Capt. Ellsworth's Luck.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 6.—In the court of common pleas the non-support case against Capt. William Ellsworth, the inventor of smokeless powder, was withdrawn by his wife. Ellsworth is much broken in health and there has been a reconciliation. The wife has some property and the family will now be reunited. Capt. Ellsworth was to have received $1,500,000 for his invention from the German government. The money was sent, but it was attached in New York by his creditors and the inventor received nothing for his invention.

Trouble for Woodbury Officials.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 6.—Coroner Mix reported to State Attorney Doolittle the result of his investigation into the death of Mrs. Catherine Meramble. He finds the three selectmen of Woodbury, W. A. Strong, H. D. Minor and C. E. Trowbridge, guilty of criminal negligence, also Dr. H. S. Kormann of Woodbury. The state attorney will make a move in the case and several arrests upon a charge of manslaughter are the most probable form that the move will take.

In the Interest of the Public.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—The coroner's office has notified all institutions where Dr. Koch's lymph is being used that all deaths resulting from such use must be reported at the coroner's office. The order, it was said, was made in the interest and for the protection of the public, in the fear that the sensational enthusiasm produced by the reputed success of a secret remedy might lead to injudicious and experimental use. General practitioners were also notified.

Thinks It a Political Move.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—Sir Charles Tupper, the Canadian commissioner, in an interview, said he did not believe the United States was preparing her naval fleet to attack foreign vessels. He thought the American government's statement on the Behring Sea controversy might have been circulated for election purposes.

Speaker Sheehan.

ALBANY, Jan. 6.—The caucus of Democratic assemblymen last night nominated William F. Sheehan of Buffalo for speaker. He will be elected to-day.

At Last.

BERLIN, Jan. 6.—It is officially announced that the German government has recognized the existence of the Republic of Brazil.

If you want to drink the Best Coffee, try our

Standard O. G. Java.

We have it blended and roasted expressly for us, and we grind it fresh as ordered.

Price 37c. per lb.

We have several grades that cost less and give good satisfaction, but nothing can beat the Standard O. G. Java Coffee.

PRATT & CURTIS,

25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

FLANDERS' TONIC

Tones up the Stomach. Makes the Brain Active

Purify your Blood with Flanders' Tonic. That Tired Feeling will be Unknown to those who use it.

A Boon to Overworked Men and Women!

If your Children are ailing, "no appetite," languid and without Strength, Flanders' Tonic will build them up.

TRY IT! TAKE NO OTHER!

WONDERFUL IN ITS MAKE-UP!

A Combination of Malt Calisaya and Hypophosphites. Tonic and Stimulant.

☞Guaranteed by all Druggists.

$1.00. Six Bottles for $5.00.

FLANDERS' MANDRAKE PILLS beats them all. Price 25 Cents.

Physicians endorse it. Ask your druggist for it; if he cannot supply you, send direct to us. We prepay express charges upon receipt of price. Made only by

Flanders' Tonic Co., Woburn, Mass., U. S. A.

BOYS, ATTENTION.

START TODAY!

—to—

A Prize of $10.00

Will be given to the Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS during January and February.

A Prize of $5.00

Will be given to the Newsboy making the second largest sale during the same period.

$5.00 will also be Given

To each boy, including the above, who sells **5000 or more** copies in the two months, an average of 100 per day.

$2.50 will be Given

To other boys selling 2500 or more copies, an average of 50 per day.

$1.00 will be Given

To all other boys selling 1000 or more copies, an average of 20 per day.

CAUTION!

Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys Will be Supplied at 1 1-2 Cents per Copy

BY THE FOLLOWING AGENTS:

HENRY CORAM	West Quincy.
F. E. KIMBALL	West Quincy.
MISS A. A. BARTLETT	Brewer's Corner.
MISS E. M. FREEMAN	Quincy Point.
C. F. WILDE	Wollaston.
THOMAS GURNEY	Atlantic.
KEMP & TISDALE	East Milton.
HENRY B. VINTON	Braintree.
GEORGE H. HUNT	East Weymouth.

OR AT THE

Daily Ledger Office.

Boys or Agents wanting extra papers should give notice before 9 A. M. on the day of publication.

t Coffee, try our
G. Java.
d expressly for us, and
per lb.
cost less and give good
eat the Standard O. G.
CURTIS,
- - QUINCY.

TONIC
ikes the Brain Active
That Tired Feeling will be
who use it.
Men and Women!
tite," languid and without
ill build them up.
NO OTHER!
Malt Calisaya and Hypophosphites.
onic and Stimulant.
nteed by all Druggists. $1
Six Bottles for $5.00.
MANDRAKE PILLS beats
e 25 Cents.
e it. Ask your druggist for it; if he
send direct to us. We prepay express
t of price. Made only by
rn, Mass., U. S. A.

ENTION.
ODAY!
$10.00
wsboy selling the
uring January and
$5.00
wsboy making the
the same period.
o be Given
e above, who sells
the two months, an
e Given
500 or more copies,
ON!
d to club together,
such combinations
the publishers will
prizes.
1-2 Cents per Copy
AGENTS:
West Quincy.
West Quincy.
Brewer's Corner.
Quincy Point.
Wollaston.
Atlantic.
East Milton.
Braintree.
East Weymouth.
HE
r Office.
ing extra papers
A. M. on the day

MEN'S ARCTICS, - - - - 85 Cents.
LADIES' " - - - - 65 "
BOYS' " - - - - 65 "
MEN'S RUBBERS, - - - - 50 "
— AT —
JAMES O'DONOVAN'S NEW SHOE STORE,
94 HANCOCK STREET. TIRRELL'S BLOCK.

BUCKWHEAT!
NOW IS THE SEASON FOR
Buckwheat Cakes and Maple Syrup.
WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF BOTH.
FLOUR! FLOUR!
We are the only Firm in this City that have CONFIDENCE FLOUR.
WE HAVE A
FANCY HAXALL FLOUR
That Sells for less money. Give one of our kinds a Trial.
ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

BEST IN THE MARKET!
FOR $6.50 CASH
WE SELL A TON OF THE
WEBSTER NUT COAL,
It is the most Economical Coal sold.
E. PATCH & SON.
[FRANK S. PATCH.]
Quincy, July 9. tf

COME RIGHT IN
And select one of our Boxes of Cigars. We have the largest stock in the City to select from of
Cigars for the Holiday Trade.
Our Prices are from
ONE DOLLAR TO SEVEN DOLLARS PER BOX.
GEO. F. WILSON & CO.,
108 Hancock Street, Quincy, Mass.

Quincy Co-operative Society.
W. F. COLBY, Manager.
Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters
AT BOTTOM PRICES.
CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,
The Best in the Market.
FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.
Nov. 10. tf

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 6.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1835—Harbor frozen over.

World Wide.

1366—Birth of Richard II, king of England; died 1400.
1402—Birth of Joan of Arc, Maid of Orleans; burned at the stake in 1431.
1640—Charles I impeached for high treason for having made war upon parliament and English people; executed on Jan. 30.
1781—The French defeated in an attack upon the Island of Jersey, in the English channel, famous as the refuge of French imperialists.
1857—State capitol of Vermont, at Montpelier, totally destroyed by fire.
1885—Governor Grover Cleveland, of New York, resigned, and Lieutenant Governor Hill sworn in as his successor.
1889—News of repulse of natives by Germans at Samoa received.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Latest Quotations of the New York and Boston Stock Markets—Jan. 5.

The New York stock market was buoyant up to within an hour of the close, prices rising all around, continuing the "January rise" with vigor.

Boston trading continued good in volume with interest well diversified. The feature of the morning's market was the general pressure to buy. New York brokers sent over adjurations to "buy on a small decline;" shorts covered in Atchison and in one or two other specialties.

The New York Market.

Atchison	22⅝	Nor. Pac. pref.	67⅝
Central Pacific	29	Oregon Trans.	18⅝
Chi & Northwest	107	Oregon Navi.	75½
Del Lack & West.	134½	Pacific Mail	39¼
Del & Hudson	133⅝	Reading	35½
Illinois Central	98	Texas Pacific	14⅝
Lake Shore	107⅝	Union Pacific	44⅝
Missouri Pacific	63⅛	Wabash St. L & P.	9¼
N. J. Central	105⅝	do pref	17¼
N. Y. Central	102	Wheel & Lake Erie	70
Northern Pacific	23	Western Union	78

The Boston Market.

Ashuwail Land		Fitchburg pref.	86
Fremn's Bay Land	6⅝	Flint & Pere Mar.	21½
Newport Land		Maine Central	
West End Land	22½	Mexican Central	22⅛
Atchison	22½	N Y & N E	34⅝
Atlantic & Pacific	5¼	do pref	110
Boston & Lowell		Old Colony	168
Boston & Maine	205	Union Pacific	44¼
Boston & Prov.	250	Wisconsin Central	19
Chicago, B & Q	90⅜	American Bell Tel.	211
Central Mass.	18⅝	Mexican	80
do pref.	36	Erie Tel.	
Eastern		New England Tel.	51

The Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—FLOUR—Moderately active; city mills $5 10 to 5 35; city mills patents $5 10 to 5 75; winter wheat, low grades, $3 40 to 3 90; do fair to fancy $3 90 to 5 00; do patents $4 40 to 5 40; Minnesota clear $4 10 to 4 85; do straights $4 35 to 5 10.

Willed $10,000 to a Polite Bartender.

A respectable looking man, who said he was a lawyer from Allegheny City and administrator of the estate of Mr. Hughes, a millionaire, who recently died there, called at Green's hotel, Eighth and Chestnut streets, recently, and said that he had come to hunt up a bartender who waited on Mr. Hughes last summer. Mr. Hughes in his will bequeathed to the young man $10,000. Mr. Hughes on dying did not know the bartender's name, but gave a full description of his appearance.

The visitor questioned all the bartenders about the length of time they had been at Green's, and if they had known Mr. Hughes. James Cleary, the head bartender, gave him the names and description of all those who worked there during the past year.—Philadelphia Times.

Royal Coffins Rotting.

The royal tombs in the abbey of St. Denis, Paris, suffer considerably from the damp, which destroys the wooden coffins ranged on biers in the vaults. Not long ago the Duc d'Aumale obtained permission to place the remains of his Conde ancestors in fresh receptacles, while last week some government officials inclosed the old worn out coffins of Louis XVI and the Duc de Berri in new strong oaken coverings. The inner lead coffin was quite intact, so the dead were not disturbed.—Paris Letter.

Three young men were seen to empty the contents of a sack on a lot in San Francisco the other day. The contents consisted of $850 counterfeit silver dollars. Some children found the coins, and in a short time that section of the city was so flooded with bogus money that even genuine silver dollars were refused by tradespeople.

Queer Contents of His Brain.

Alliance, Box Butte county, Neb., furnishes a case for surgeons and scientists to study over. Sunday Adelbert Higby, a boy, 16 years of age, residing in that place, was out hunting with a rusty old shotgun. The gun exploded, striking the boy in the forehead just above the right eye, crushing the skull. Through the aid of a companion who was with him the lad was taken home and Dr. W. H. Smith was summoned.

At sight of the wound the doctor was surprised to find the boy alive, but judge of his amazement when, probing the wound, he found an old rusty screw that had been in the stock imbedded fully an inch and a half in the brain. Further probing brought to light two pieces of the boy's hat brim and four pieces of the skull bone, the largest of which was nearly the size of a silver dollar. In the operation the doctor also found it necessary to remove about half an ounce of the brain itself. It is something no surgical authority has recorded as possible. But here it is proved. The injured boy has been conscious ever since the accident, and unless blood poisoning sets in he stands every chance of recovering.—St. Joseph News.

A Bad Sign.

Harassed Father—Mary, I have always thought that our son prided himself on his propensity for lying. Now I am sure of it.

Patient Mother—Poor Jack! What has he been doing now?

H. F.—I was with him in the basement this evening, and every time he passed the gas meter that boy touched his hat.—Pittsburg Bulletin.

NO MORE FIGHTING,

But the Situation is Still Critical on the Frontier.

THE KILLING OF SITTING BULL

Charges of a Serious Nature Brought Against an Indian Agent—Supposed Friendly Indians Showing Signs of Fight—New Facts Concerning Capt. Wallace's Death.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—A dispatch received by Gen. Schofield from Gen. Miles, received at 6:35 last evening, indicated that there had been no battle with the Indians yesterday. This was the latest dispatch received up to midnight.

OVERSTEPPED THE MARK.

Agent McLaughlin Said to Be Largely Responsible for the War.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—The News says: It is stated on definite authority that complaints of a serious nature are to be lodged against Indian Agent McLaughlin, who directed the killing of Sitting Bull. The complaints were suggested in a mild way by a number of army officers whom a reported visited. The sequel will demonstrate the intense feeling which resulted from the Sitting Bull affair. Agent McLaughlin's interference disturbed the cherished plans of the department of the Missouri and hastened, if it did not cause the present trouble. It is alleged that there were improper motives behind the killing. The charges against McLaughlin and other Indian agents will be preferred by army officers who are satisfied that the Indian agents are responsible for the Indian outbreak.

Col. E. M. Heyl said: "The unexpected action of Agent McLaughlin in the Sitting Bull matter completely upset the campaign which Gen. Miles had planned. It was his wish to settle the disturbance without bloodshed. When the agent went out with his police and killed the chief the present trouble was precipitated. Of course McLaughlin acted under orders, but these orders were given him either at his own request or on representations made in his own reports. There are many things in connection with this matter which cannot be made public now, but will develop in an investigation to follow later."

LET WELL ENOUGH ALONE.

Settlers Object to Military Stirring Up Southwestern Indians.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 6.—The Star prints the following from Wichita, Kan.: The orders telegraphed from military headquarters to Capt. Woodson of the Fifth cavalry to disarm the Indians in the Cheyenne and Arapahoe country, have created the greatest anxiety among the settlers in Oklahoma and on the borders of Texas and genuine alarm among the troops. The Indians of the southwestern reservations are peaceable enough now, and those who know the nature of the red man see in this proposed disarmament a menace to the continuance of the comparative quiet which now exists. The ghost dancing is of a mild character.

RECRUITS FOR THE HOSTILES.

Hitherto Peaceable Indians Preparing to Go on the Warpath.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 6.—A special to The Tribune from Pierre, S. D., says: Parties in from Bad river report that the Indians all along the river are preparing to hold a ghost dance. They came from the Black Hills and made the trip in two days and a half. They state that the Indians at the forks of Bad and White rivers are also showing signs of fight. Settlers in the vicinity say this is the first time these Indians have offered to take part in the outbreak. Mayor Erwin of Fort Pierre has issued forty stands of arms and ammunition to citizens at that place.

Killed Five Indians Before He Died.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Jan. 6.—A letter from Pine Ridge agency details some hitherto unknown facts concerning the death of Capt. Wallace at Wounded Knee. After the fight, the letter states, Capt. Wallace was found at the entrance of an Indian lodge with five dead warriors lying near him, each Indian corpse showing a bullet wound. Five of the chambers in the captain's revolver were found empty, and from the position in which the bodies lay it is presumed that Wallace killed the five Indians before he was overcome.

Lease or Contract?

OMAHA, Jan. 6.—The contempt case against the Union Pacific officials for violating the injunction granted against preventing Milwaukee trains from crossing the Missouri river bridge, was called before Judge Dudley in the federal court yesterday. The Union Pacific attorneys held that the agreement by which the Milwaukee claimed the right to cross the bridge was simply a lease which could be terminated at any time. The Milwaukee attorneys argued at length that it was a contract. The arguments occupied the entire day. Judge Dudley held that the Union Pacific officials must show cause why they were not in contempt.

Cheated Uncle Sam.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 6.—H. W. Hubbell of Shelton is in the custody of United States Marshal Strong. He is accused of having sent through the mails while living in Missouri letters bearing stamps from which the cancellation marks had been washed. Efforts are being made to secure Hubbell's release on a bond, so that he will not be obliged to go to Missouri until his case comes up for trial.

Explosion on a Man-of-War.

GENOA, Jan. 6.—A steam pipe exploded on board the steel torpedo ram Vesuvio, severely injuring two engineers and five stokers. The accident is to be made the subject of an official investigation upon the part of the naval authorities. The Vesuvio is of 3530 tons displacement, carries two 25-ton guns and has 7700 horse power. She was launched in 1886.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Forecast for Maine and New Hampshire: Light snow; northerly winds; stationary temperature.

For Massachusetts and Rhode Island: Light snow; clearing during the day; northerly winds; slight changes in temperature.

For Vermont and Connecticut: Generally fair; northerly winds; stationary temperature.

Cautionary signals are displayed from New London to Wood's Holl section; storm signals from Boston to Eastport.

OVER.

The halcyon days are over, love,
The halcyon days are over.
There is no merry hum of bees
In the sere and scentless clover.
The dirgelike breeze sighs through the trees,
"The halcyon days are over."

All nature tells the story, love,
The halcyon days are over.
No bird note wakes the wood or plain,
Save the lone pipe of the plover.
While the dismal rain beats the refrain,
"The halcyon days are over."

The days that were long and sunny, love,
The halcyon days are over.
When you were the summer belle, and I
Your happy and favored lover.
Then why this sigh for days gone by,
The halcyon days now over?

For you are the prize I won, my love,
And bachelor days are over;
Yet somehow, on our wedding day,
The bells from old Hanover
Seemed to say in a merry way,
"For-ev-er-and-aye-ev-er-and-aye,
The-hal-cy-on-days-are-o-ver."
—Mrs. Jerome Hardcastle in New York Sun.

AN INDIAN LEGEND.

During the summer vacation of 1878 I devoted my leisure to trout fishing, and for this purpose pushed away up into the wild, rocky region of northeastern Muskoka, Canada, far beyond the limit of any of my former explorations. In the vicinity of Bracebridge I engaged as "guide, philosopher and friend," an old Iroquois Indian who knew every inch of the territory over which, if his own account was to be believed, he had roamed for nearly eighty years.

One day as we sat smoking on the bank of a river, which my guide said was the Ashke-Muk, the old Indian pointed to a spot about twenty feet up the face of a precipice and said:

"You see that cave? Wonderful thing happen there once; me tell you about it."

I looked closely at the place indicated and saw, through a tangled maze of wild creepers, what appeared to be a dark hole, some three feet wide and five feet high. John said this was the entrance to a large cavern, the existence of which had been quite unknown to his tribe, formerly inhabiting the fertile plain, until revealed to them by the occurrence of events which he proceeded to relate. I will not attempt to follow the old man's vernacular, but give the legend in his own simple words as nearly as I can.

"A long, lone time ago," said he, "when I was a very small boy, my people, a large band of the great Iroquois tribe, dwelt upon the good land, where we stopped last night. Game was plentiful in those days, both winter and summer. The river, then much bigger than now, was full of fish. My people raised much corn and were contented and happy. Where are they now? Gone! Gone! All gone but poor old John! The white man's rum and smallpox, the white man's ways have swept them from the earth.

"Our head chief, Matchedash, was a great warrior and ruled his people wisely and well. He had no sons and but one daughter, Minnekoma, beautiful as the morning sun, fleet of foot as a wild deer, with eyes like stars, and hair glossy as the raven's wing. All the young men of the tribe laid their gifts at her feet only to be rejected. But one brave, Ojetka, would not be repulsed. Far and near he sought for the choicest spoils of the chase and brought them to her wigwam; yet still she turned coldly away.

"Ojetka was a crafty, cunning warrior, and with rich presents bought the old chief over to espouse his cause. All was in vain. Minnekoma's face was hard toward him and she would not listen. Matchedash was much angered; but she was his only child and had great influence in the tribe, and he would not give her away against her will. None could tell why the maiden refused to marry, unless it might be that she had given her heart to a Huron lover; for some time before Thyendaga, a noted warrior of that tribe, with which the Iroquois were then at peace, had asked her in marriage and had offered her father great wealth in gifts; but the old chief spurned him away, saying that his daughter must wed only an Iroquois, and none of our tribe had seen the Huron since. Ojetka hid his grief and put on a careless air to throw Minnekoma off her guard, but all the time he was on the watch, and one evening when the sun was low he saw her leave the lodge and wander slowly away into the forest.

"Even Ojetka dared not be seen to follow or spy upon Minnekoma's movements, so he went off, at first another way, to the woods and then made a wide sweep to strike her trail. Soon he found this and crept along it, sure, slow and silent as a panther. In a little while he came to a clear spot, where had been an an old camp, and saw Minnekoma standing there with bowed head, listening. Pretty soon he heard the low call of a pigeon, and then Thyendaga stepped out from the other side and clasped the young squaw in his arms. Ojetka's heart burned with rage, and softly he drew an arrow to its head, but dared not shoot while the two stood together. Bimeby, they turned and came straight toward him, and now he let his arrow fly; but the starry eyes of Minnekoma had seen him! Quick as the lightning's flash she bent the Huron down, and the arrow passed over his head. Then out from his cover sprang Ojetka, and, whirling his tomahawk in the air, sent it fiercely at his rival's breast.

"But Thyendaga, tall and springy as a cedar, strong as an oak, was now ready, and the bright blade whistled by without hurt, and with his own tomahawk upraised in three great leaps he was upon his foe. His first blow struck the knife from Ojetka's hand and the next buried the ax in his brain. Down like a log he fell dead! Thyendaga shouted a cry of victory and stooped down to tear off the scalp, but at that moment was seized on all sides at once by six Iroquois, who were returning from a hunt and had come to the place of the fight just as Ojetka fell. Now they bound the prisoner between two warriors, and taking up the dead body set off to camp, singing the song of mourning as they went. Soon the council was called, and, although it was clearly shown that the Huron had killed in his own defense, he was condemned to die by running the gantlet. That night he was tied to a tree and guarded by three warriors; but he was well fed, and his legs were left unbound, so that he might be strong and make much sport when the time came.

"All night long Minnekoma watched for a chance to free him, but the guards slept not and the morning came. Then, when the sun was high, all the warriors and squaws and children went out to the plain to see the race for life. Two lines were formed, six feet apart, with fifty braves, face to face, in each line. At the top, where the prisoner was to start, were young men armed only with green rods and blunted spears; then came those armed with knives; and at the far end of the line stood old warriors with tomahawks and war clubs. The prisoner was to run between the lines, every man giving him a blow, and if he reached so far without falling, the warriors who bore the axes and clubs would surely kill him. The guards now led Thyendaga out, stripped him naked, except moccasins and breechcloth, and placed him at the head of the lines. He sang no death song, but looked proudly around upon his enemies.

"The word was given; the guards released him and closed up the gap behind. But the brave Huron, instead of running between the ranks, leaped with one mighty bound clear over the line to his left, and flew like the wind toward this cliff. The Iroquois were struck with wonder. No man had power to stir until Thyendaga had got far away, and then, raising the warwhoop, they all gave chase, spreading out like a fan as they ran. None had their bows, and even now Thyendaga was beyond the reach of arrows.

"Straight and fast as a hunted deer he leaped along, and when he came to the top of the rock above us, was the half of a mile ahead of his pursuers; but they could see him all the time, for few trees were here. Now he never stopped or looked back, but with a wild yell of defiance sprang far out from the edge of the rock, down, down into the deep waters below. In a little while the Iroquois, all crazy with anger, very much mad, came up. Thyendaga was not to be seen; and they could not get down to the river at this place. Some kept watch on the bank, while others ran two miles down to the gap and brought back canoes. Everywhere they searched, but no sign could they find of the Huron warrior; and all then knew that he was lying drowned at the bottom of the deep hole where no line could reach.

"In great shame they went back to the camp, and the squaws and little children made game of them. For had not their prisoner escaped and died without torture? But Minnekoma rejoiced because of this thing; though she greatly mourned for her lover. Every day she walked alone through the rocks and forests, always weeping and calling softly on the name of Thyendaga. None followed or gazed upon her grief, for they said: 'The maiden's heart is sore.'

"Two moons passed away and the leaves were falling, when one day she wandered off to the spot where Ojetka died. Here for a long time she stood, faintly and sorrowfully whispering to the soft wind again and again her lover's name. Suddenly, near at hand, she heard the rustle of leaves and the cooing of a wood dove, and Thyendaga himself stood before her. No words can tell her joy when she found it was indeed he, and not his spirit, as she thought. Quickly he led her to a safe hiding place until it should grow dark, and as they went along he told her how, when he leaped that day into the deep waters, he rose again and climbed up the vines into a cave (that one above us), which none but he knew of, before the Iroquois came to the river, and when the search was ended and the black night came down he escaped easily to his own people. Also he told her that his canoe was now concealed down the river, and he had come to bear her off as his wife.

"Minnekoma's heart was melted, and when great darkness fell upon the earth that night she went with the Huron chief away across the lake to his home. The next day all the Iroquois warriors looked for her in vain; but with great cunning they tracked the two footprints over bare rocks and through thick woods to the edge of the water. There they found marks of a canoe, and lying on the sand a chief's totem, which Matchedash well knew.

"'The Great Spirit,' said he, 'has saved Thyendaga, and he has borne off my daughter. We will make a new peace with the Hurons, for they are mighty and strong. It is good medicine.'

"So, next moon, he sent the wise men of his tribe with gifts of wampum and tobacco and costly furs to that people; for the old chief greatly loved his child. Thyendaga was now the head of the Hurons, and for the sake of his wife he accepted the gifts, and sent back many rich presents and kind words in return. Then all were happy. There was a long peace, and it was from the lips of Minnekoma that the Iroquois first knew of this cave I have shown you."

Poor old John told this little story with indescribable pathos, and it may be true. He lived for five years afterward, and if ever an Indian deserved to go to "The Happy Hunting Grounds," surely it was he.—W. Thompson in New York Ledger.

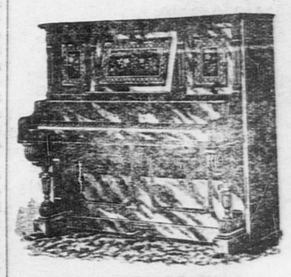
Salaries Paid to Old Stars.

Why, sir, there were days when you could not find standing room at a good minstrel show. Days when Dan Bryant, the Buckleys, the Campbells, Matt Peele, the Haverlys and a dozen other crack men couldn't get houses big enough to hold their business. Salaries ran up to match the demand, too. I played four years straight for Dan Bryant in his hall—now Koster & Bial's—at New York before he died, and my weekly salary was $124. In '69 John Stetson paid me $7,200 for twenty-six weeks' work at the Adelphi theatre in Boston—nearly $300 a week for the run—but all that sort of thing died out when the cheap shows began to knock out minstrel work in the early '80's.—J. W. McAndrews, Interview in Chicago Herald.

MORE BOYS WANTED
to sell the
QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.
See Prizes Offered.

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,
CARRIAGE, SIGN AND
ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.
SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING,
QUINCY AVENUE.
Nov. 13. 3 mos

"Little Monitor."
The Best School Shoe for Misses and Children.
Saville & Jones.

Pianos and Organs.

R. D. CHASE,
Durgin & Merrill's Block, - - Quincy.
Dec. 20. tf

THE ONLY PLACE IN QUINCY
To get the Famous
Lebanon Overalls and Jumpers
is at
SAVILLE & JONES'.

MORE BOYS WANTED
to sell the
QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.
See Prizes Offered.

N. CURTIS & CO.'S
Fine Shoes at
Saville & Jones'.

MAKE HENS LAY.
Sheridan's Condition Powder.
Nothing on earth will make hens lay like it. Highly concentrated. One ounce is worth a pound of any other kind. Given in the food once daily. Cures all diseases; worth its weight in gold to keep them healthy. Testimonials Sent Free. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps. 25-lb. cans, by mail, $1.30. Six cans, express prepaid, $5.00.
S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston.

New Outing Flannels, 10c. and 12 1-2c. per Yard, at Miss C. S. Hubbard's, 158 Hancock St., Quincy. 158

Of Course

The Ladies would like a Rubber Shoe which will not break or slip at the heel. Try the

"B. & L. HOLDFAST."

We have all Widths and Sizes.

Saville & Jones.

FOUND.

FOUND,—Young Setter dog, Jan. 2d. Address MERRY MOUNT KENNELS, Wollaston Heights, Mass. Box 154. Jan. 6. 2t

WANTED.

WANTED,—25 girls at John E. Drake & Co.s' shoe factory. Apply Wednesday morning. Quincy, Jan. 5—tf

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

WANTED,—A situation for general housework by a capable girl; can give good recommendations. Apply at 5 Wibird street. Quincy, Dec. 30. 7t*

TO LET.

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.

Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms.

Apply to HENRY H. FAXON. Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—A large unfurnished Room, suitable for doctor or lawyer. For further particulars enquire on the premises, of N. A. WILD, 58 Water street. Dec. 24—tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms To Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

FOR SALE CHEAP.

ONE Pair of Box Runners nearly new. Also one second-hand Pung in good repair. Apply to CHARLES L. PRESCOTT, North street. Quincy, Jan. 2. pltf

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately. Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD. Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

BLANKET LINED Canvas Jackets — AT — Saville & Jones'.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

Today's Almanac.—January 6.

High water at 7.00 A. M. and 7.45 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.14; Sets at 4.27.
Moon rises 2.51 A. M.
New Moon Jan. 10, 10.25 A. M.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

Priscilla tomorrow evening.

The School committee for 1891 organize tonight.

City Clerk Spear has received his reappointment.

Ball of St. Francis Court, M. C. O. F., at Coliseum Wednesday evening.

The Shea & Williams combination appear at Music hall, Atlantic, this evening.

Mrs. Frank H. Downe of Hartford, Conn., is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. A. P. Wight, Quincy Neck.

Nominations for the special election of Jan. 27 must be filed at least eleven days before, or next week Friday.

It is reported that ex-Councilman Green will not accept a renomination to run for Councilman at large at the special election.

The officers of Mt. Wollaston lodge, I. O. O. F., will be installed this evening by D. D. G. M. Richardson and suite of Neponset.

The street railway did well Monday in keeping the West Quincy route open. Four horse cars were run at regular intervals all day.

Services will be held at the West Quincy Methodist church every evening this week, and Thursday evening there will be a special service by the Epworth League.

Frank W. Munroe has on exhibition at the Boston Branch Store a very nice sled to be given to the boy who will send the most blank coupons before March 1st, 1891.

The barn of Councilman Drake will not be used as a polling place in Ward Two for the special election, as there is no arrangement for heating. Avery's store will probably be utilized again.

The house occupied by Mr. A. A. Hayden, on Howard avenue, has just been painted. This adds greatly to the appearance of the estate and is another improvement to Howard avenue.

The firemen's ball of Feb. 6 promises to be a success as the arrangements are in the hands of an efficient committee who will leave nothing undone to make it the event, in fire circles, of the year.

The Y. M. C. A. Committee will meet Wednesday evening and arrange for a series of Sunday afternoon meetings for young men. Interesting speakers and good music will be provided, and all young men will be invited to attend. Further particulars will be given soon.

Rehearsal of the Quincy Musical Club at Faxon hall tonight at 7.30 o'clock. The chorus will practice a new waltz part-song, this evening, in addition to the cantata. Mr. J. F. Harlow has been elected accompaniest and several new members were admitted at the last meeting.

It is reported that the new superintendent of the Quincy & Boston Street Railway is to be Mr. A. G. Reynolds of Brockton and that he will assume his duties this week. Mr. Duggan, the retiring superintendent, will give his attention to a manufacturing company in which he is interested which manufactures electric car motors and other patent devices.

The engine of the train leaving Boston at 12.30 for West Quincy, Monday morning, became derailed at Atlantic by the wheel rising up on the point of a switch, which left it in such a position that both the main line and the outward branch tracks were blocked. No one was injured and the only damage done was to delay trains, which were obliged to go round the branch and there were no trains between Atlantic and Braintree on the main line for an hour or two.

Mr. Davidson of Boston, will be at the M. E. church, Wollaston, this evening, to assist in the special services. Meetings will be held on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings. Last Sunday three persons were baptised and seven received into the church; three of these by letter. Miss Rena Chamberlin's class in Sunday school had one hundred per cent. in attendance during the month of December. The average attendance of the whole school was nearly 80 per cent.

WEYMOUTH.

The officers of Norfolk lodge, No. 85, order of the Fraternal Circle, were installed last evening, by D. D. G. P., J. W. Hamilton, of Boston.

Rev. Merrill Blanchard, former pastor of the East Weymouth Congregational church, is at Somerville for a month on trial.

The South Weymouth Savings Bank held its annual meeting last evening and re-elected its old board of directors, and declared a dividend of 2¼ per cent.

Division 9, A. O. H. Hall association hold their annual meeting this evening.

The officers of Reynolds Post 58, G. A. R., will be installed this evening by Col. Thomas Weston, of Hingham.

Wildey lodge' I. O. O. F., of South Weymouth, initiated one candidate last evening.

THE SONGS OF SCOTLAND.

True Scotchmen Ever Retain a Warm Corner in Their Heart for Them.

Mr. J. Bremner read a paper on this subject to the Clan McGregor Literary and Debating Society on Saturday night, in the Doble hall, Mr. Copland presiding.

This essay, with succeeding contributions by members, served to spend one of the most agreeable evenings of the session; for unlike evenings when subjects of a controversial nature are under consideration, and members appear anxious to catch the essayist tripping, instead of the critical *qui vive* every face appeared to exhibit a genial glow of sociability—an expression of "Let Whig and Tory all agree, to pass the night in mirth and glee" kind.

In the course of his reading the essayist said: "A metrical form of composition has always been adopted in rude ages as the best means for transmitting story legend unimpaired and unaltered from one generation to another. An incident communicated in prose, which is the ordinary speech of mankind, may be traditionally preserved and transmitted with tolerable correctness as regards the fact, but not as regards the language. Each succeessive narrator tells the story in his own way and uses his own words. A metrical tale is framed for the express purpose that the words may be transmitted unaltered. It is with this view that the ornaments proper to poetry are introduced. Not only the story, but the words of the story, are to be handed down. This can only be accomplished by the aid of numbers, cadence, and felicitous expression, so framed as to be rivetted in the memory. When books become abundant and accessible the mnemonic effort is discontinued, but until that period arrives the popular stories of a nation must be perpetuated by tradition; and the metrical form is by far the best adapted for their preservation.

"The high and heroic war chant, the deeds of chivalrous enterprise, the tale of unhappy love, the mystic songs of fairy land all have been handed down to us for centuries, little mutilated and almost unchanged. No stronger proof of the intense nationality of the people of Scotland can be found than that the songs commemorative of their earlier heroes have outlived the Reformation, the Union of the Crowns, the civil and religious wars of the Revolution and the subsequent union of the kingdoms."

After reviewing some phases of Scottish song from the time of John Barbour, Archdeacon of Aberdeen (1375) down to Burns the essayist said: "For the songs of his country every true Scotchman must ever retain a warm corner in his heart. Our songs—one of the grandest portions of our literature—their simple pathos, ineffable tenderness, pawky humor, aggressive patriotism, and sympathetic melodies shall preserve them to humanity as long as the sun and moon endure. They are intensely human; they "dwell in reality," and thus contain the essence of permanence. They are full of goodness and beauty. The love songs are distinguished by pure and sterling sentiment; the heroic songs by a martial and war-like ring; the humorous songs by a suppressed drollery that we seek in vain in those of other nations—but all alike are full of the true language of the true heart. It is because of these qualities that they are ever fresh and that they deserve to be known, remembered, and sung to the latest times."

In the criticism that followed successive speakers quoted lines of beauty from Baroness Nairn, Tannahill, Hogg, James Smith, Tom, Anderson, Burns the poet laureate and Boss song-writer, and others. To prove that old "Caledonia stern and wild, meet nurse for a poetic child," sends forth many sons of considerable musical talent Messrs. Pratt, Grassick Dickie, Bonner, Thomson, Bowman and A. D. Smith entertained the members by singing selections from their favorite authors.

Afterwards the society unanimously and most cordially passed a vote of thanks to the ladies—to all the artists both vocal and instrumental who co-operated so ably and harmoniously to make the New Year's night entertainment so successful.

Brockton's Progress.

The Brockton Daily Enterprise of Saturday was an interesting double number. The publishers thought the opening of the new year a fit season for a retrospective glance at the city's progress, and the issue contains a lengthy illustrated record that cannot but redound to the glory and prosperity of Brockton. Every Brocktonian will admit that such an interesting array of facts is beneficial to the city, yet it is what live newspapers are doing every day, working harder to boom the city than any other agency. The Enterprise has been largely instrumental in making Brockton the prosperous city that she is.

Brockton now has a population of 27,272, a gain of over 100 per cent in a decade. She produced last year over nine million shoes, having 73 firms engaged in the manufacture. Real estate is active, and hundreds of acres are yearly divided into house lots. Many large business block have been erected during the year. Among the projected structures are a public library and soldiers memorial hall, a city hall, court house, and possible a government building and hospital.

MARRIED.

SHEA—DERYER—In Boston, Jan. 2, by Rev. Francis X. Napperti, Mr. James Shea of Quincy to Miss Elizabeth Deryer of Boston.

DIED.

LENANDO—In Quincy, Jan. 3, Lillian, daughter of Charles and Delia Lenando, aged 5 months, 18 days.

HARDEN—In Quincy, Jan. 3, Martin Harden, aged 74 years, 4 months.

COUNCIL OF 1891.

Thompson Unanimously Elected President.

Christopher A. Spear Elected Clerk for the Third Time.

New Election Ordered for Jan. 27 to Fill the Two Vacancies.

Because of the limited time which intervened between the adjournment of the meeting of the City Council yesterday, and the time the DAILY LEDGER went to press, the report of the organization and business of the Council was necessarily brief.

The roll was called by City Clerk Spear, to which the following responded: Messrs. Bass, Bryant, Drake, Duffield, Hammond, Hayward, Holden, Jones, Little, Morton, Moxom, Newcomb, Pope, Powers, Pratt, Roberts, Sherman, Spear, Thompson and Warner. Twenty out of a total of 23, Councilman Fallon being absent and there were two vacancies because of ties at the election.

President Unanimously Elected.

The first business was the election of a President, which the city charter provides shall be by roll call. The result was as follows:

Number of votes cast,	20
E. W. H. Bass had	1
James Thompson,	19

And Councilman Thompson was declared elected President.

The vote for Councilman Bass was cast by Councilman Thompson, and the election of President was therefore practically unanimous.

Councilman Thompson, in accepting the responsible position, so ably filled by ex-Presidents Federhen and Fairbanks, spoke as follows:

GENTLEMEN OF THE COUNCIL:—

By a mandate from your fellow-citizens is entrusted to you for the coming year the conduct of the legislative branch of this city government.

Undoubtedly the questions which will most command your attention are those relating to its material progress. Involved in these are the financial issues, and if the fact is not already patent to you it will be demonstrated to you early in the session. While our wants as a community are many its resources, the revenues at your disposal, are the reverse. By the law, for municipal purposes you are curtailed to an assessable rate of $12 per $1000 on the valuation of the city; the valuation being determined by the average of the three preceding years. In the past two years of the city government there was developed a sum barely sufficient to pay the yearly expenses of its various departments; and all the public improvements completed and in progress since the inception of the city government has been made by liberal drafts on the credit of the city. In this direction, the "debt limit," towards which rapid strides have been made, we are also curtailed by the law.

In view of these facts it is therefore needless for me to say undoubtedly every question involving the expenditure of the public money will receive from you that careful and earnest consideration which they deserve.

Extended remarks by me are unnecessary. Undoubtedly the same public spirit which has ever characterized the inhabitants of Quincy since its first settlement is the spirit which animates you, and you are here to do your whole duty.

Gentlemen, for this honor, for this mark of your confidence I thank you. With your assistance and forbearance it will be my endeavor to maintian in this position the high standard established by my predecessors.

Clerk Spear Re-elected.

The next business was the election of a clerk of the council, and Christopher A. Spear, who has ably and acceptably filled the position for two years was unanimously re-elected.

Choice of Seat.

Councilman Newcomb moved to proceed to the drawing of seats.

Councilman Sherman requested the privilege of retaining his seat during 1890.

Councilman Duffield made a similar request.

Councilman Jones objected unless all members in 1890 had the same privilege if they desired. He moved that all members in 1890 who wished, be allowed to retain their chairs, and the substitute prevailed.

The following five old members out of nine made the request: Sherman, Duffield, Jones, Morton and Warner. Councilman Fallon was absent, Councilman Thompson in the chair, and Councilman Bass and Newcomb indifferent. Singularly Councilman Newcomb drew his old number, the best in the chamber.

The desks are numbered from right to left, 12 being in the front row, and the assignments were as follows:

E. W. HENRY BASS,	8
CHARLES M. BRYANT,	14
JOHN E. DRAKE,	16
SILAS B. DUFFIELD,	2
PETER T. FALLON,	3
CHARLES L. HAMMOND,	18
J. FRANCIS HAYWARD,	17
JOHN O. HOLDEN,	12
FREDERICK L. JONES,	10
DANIEL C. LITTLE,	15
GEORGE W. MORTON,	13
STEPHEN O. MOXON,	4
THADDEUS H. NEWCOMB.	6
EDMUND POPE,	1
WILLIAM F. POWERS,	11
LESTER M. PRATT,	5
JOHN H. ROBERTS,	7
CHARLES R. SHERMAN,	21
SAMUEL H. SPEAR,	19
WILLIAM H. WARNER,	22

The desks for the Councilmen who will fill the vacancies are numbers 9 and 20 on the left, one in front of the other.

Rules of Order.

Councilman Newcomb moved that the rules which have governed the Councils of 1889 and 1890 be adopted until such time as others be proposed.

Councilman Sherman opposed. He had favored changes a year ago, and still believed they should be made. The committees were too large, and their reports did not give reasons for their recommendations. Thought the debates should come in the Councils rather than in the committees.

Councilman Jones thought it was the same old chestnut of the member from Ward Five. He thought the best thing the members could do would be to be more regular in attendance at Council meetings.

Councilman Newcomb favored committees. Reports could be debated in Council if desired. Committees were supposed to give all matters referred to them, careful attention.

Councilman Powers said he was not familar with the rules of the Council, and that the new members might study them, he moved that they be laid on the table until the next meeting. The motion prevailed.

Borrowing So Soon.

Councilman Bass offered an order authorizing the Treasurer to borrow $60,000 in anticipation of the taxes of 1891. Ordered to second reading.

Insuring Public Buildings.

Councilman Duffield offered an order favoring the insuring of the public buildings of the city and in support of it said every man who is in business knows it is good policy to insure his buildings, and would like to know why the city should not insure its buildings. Had the Willard school been insured the city would have been relieved of a heavy strain the past year.

Councilman Jones hoped the Council would defer action until it had heard the recommendation of the Mayor and moved that it be laid on the table until the Council had received the recommendation of the Mayor. It was so voted.

Trustees of Hospital Elected.

Upon motion of Councilman Sherman it was voted the Council proceed to elect two trustees of the City Hospital. The result was:

Councilman Sherman had	1
Councilman Little	1
Councilman Duffield	12
Councilman Morton	15

Councilman Morton and Duffield were declared elected.

Special Election.

Councilman Bryant offered an order that a warrant be issued for a special election to be held Tuesday, Jan. 27, to elect one councilman from Ward Six and one councilman-at-large, the polling places to be the same as at last election.

Councilman Sherman moved to amend by striking out Hose House, Ward Five, and substituting at Perry's building.

Councilman Duffield moved to amend by striking out Avery's store in Ward Two and substituting Drake's stable.

Councilman Powers offered a substitute motion that the election be held Saturday, Jan. 24.

The substitute motion was lost and the original order was amended and accepted.

Adjournment.

Councilman Jones moved to adjourn until one week from tonight. Councilman Sherman moved to amend that the council adjourn until two weeks from tonight Jan. 19. The amendment was adopted and the council adjourned at 1.37.

—Among the closing business of the Brockton City Council was the passage of an ordinance providing for an inspector of electric wires. Mayor Douglas promptly made an appointment for the position.

BUSSELL'S Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST., QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another instalment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list includes all whose surname begins with "Q."

WARD ONE.

To Whom Taxed.	Value.	Tax.
Quincy Associates. Five lots at Houghs Neck,	$950	$12 92
Quincy Mutual Fire Insurance Co. Office,	1,500	
Land, 2,800 feet,	1,100	35 36
Quincy Yacht Club. Club house,	1,200	
Land, one-fourth acre,	250	19 72
Quong, Wong Lee. Stock in trade,	100	1 36

WARD TWO.

Quincy Mutual Fire Insurance Co. House on Silver street,	1,600	
Land, 7,751 feet,	300	25 84

WARD THREE.

Qualey, E. J. & Co. Stock in trade,	500	
Horse,	100	8 16
Quincy Electric Light and Power Co. Machinery,	26,000	
Building on Quincy avenue,	6,000	
Stable,	700	
Coal shed,	100	
Land, 12,000 feet,	1,000	459 68
Quincy Water Co. Machinery,	18,000	
Engine house,	6,500	
Land at station, 7 7 10 acres,	4,000	
Stand pipe,	10,000	
Land, 1 acre,	300	
Reservoir and gate house,	1,500	
Coal and storage sheds,	400	553 52

WARD FOUR.

Quincy Co-operative Granite Co. Stock,	3,000	
Derrick,	150	
Sheds on Willard street,	300	
Land, 25,000 feet,	1,250	63 92
Quincy Mutual Fire Insurance Co. Two houses on Rail street,	2,400	
Land, one-half acre,	800	43 52
Quinn, James. House on Grove street,	600	
Land, 10,601 feet,	100	11 52

WARD FIVE.

Quincy, Josiah P. and Josiah, trustees,	125	
House off Hancock street,	8,000	
Stable,	800	
Farm house,	1,600	
Barn,	1,800	
Milk house and sheds,	400	
Land with above, (streets out), 113 acres,	90,000	
Salt marsh, 34 acres,	2,000	1,424 26
Quincy, Josiah P. Money and income,	500	
Horse and carriage,	250	
House on Hancock street,	2,000	
Barn,	600	
Blacksmith shop,	200	
Land, 2 7-8 acres,	3,000	89 08
Quincy, Josiah. Income,	500	8 80
Quincy, Misses S. and A. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	4,000	
Horse and carriages,	450	
House on Quincy place,	3,600	
Stable,	1,000	
Land, 7 3-4 acres,	6,800	215 56
Quincy Mutual Fire Insurance Co. House on Newport avenue,	3,500	
Stable,	600	
Land, 10,000 feet,	700	65 28
Quincy Savings Bank. Half house on Central avenue,	1,500	
Land, 3,423 feet,	200	23 12

WARD SIX.

Quincy, City of. Three lots on Appleton street,	900	12 24
Quincy & Boston Street Railway Co. Car house,	1,500	
Land, 296,000 feet,	2,300	
Land, 42,692 feet,	200	54 40

CORSETS Hosiery and Underwear, — AT — Reduced Prices.

We are ready to give you Great Bargains in all kinds of WINTER GOODS.

1 Lot Ladies' Gray mixed, ribbed Top Hose, worth 50c., 3 pair for $1.00.

1 Lot Children's Black all-wool for 19c.

Children's Gray Mixed, Scarlet Underwear.

We have a large of Ladies' and Children's Hoods which we shall sell at greatly reduced prices. Also Skirts in all kinds and sizes.

We have just received a lot of Cotton-Flannel Wrappers, all sizes, which we shall sell at $2.00. Ask to see them.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co., Adams Building, Quincy.

NICE FLORIDA ORANGES.

Parties Wishing to Purchase Nice Oranges

By the Box,

APPLY TO

I. M. HOLT, No. 31 So. Walnut St.

Quincy, Jan. 2.—3t 3—1w

$1.50

Will buy a FIRST-CLASS

Working Shoe

at

Saville & Jones'.

Den Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.

Boston, Nov. 5. tf

S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Baking Powder

LY PURE

E PROPERTY.

taxable property of the city, a certain
in each issue, so that the total of a
be computed by interested parties.
ax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60.
"Q."

NE.

	Value.	Tax.
	$950	$12 92
	1,500	
	1,100	35 36
	1,200	
	250	19 72
	100	1 36

VO.

ver street,	1,600	
	300	25 84

REE.

	500	
	100	8 16
	26,000	
	6,000	
	700	
	100	
	1,000	459 68
	18,000	
	6,500	
	4,000	
	10,000	
	300	
	1,500	
	400	553 52

UR.

	3,000	
	150	
	300	
	1,250	63 92
n Rail street,	2,400	
	800	43 52
	600	
	100	11 52

VE.

	125	
	8,000	
	800	
	1,600	
	1,800	
	400	
	90,000	
	2,000	1,424 26
	500	
	250	
	2,000	
	600	
	200	
	3,000	89 08
	500	8 80
d income,	4,000	
	450	
	3,600	
	1,000	
	6,800	215 56
ort avenue,	3,500	
	600	
	700	65 28
ue,	1,500	
	200	23 12

	900	12 24
	1,500	
	2,300	
	200	54 40

FLORIDA ORANGES.

Wishing to Purchase Nice Oranges

the Box,

APPLY TO

OLT, No. 31 So. Walnut St.

an. 2.—3t 3—1w

$1.50

buy a FIRST-CLASS

king Shoe

at

ille & Jones'.

nska Doctoren Svenska.

ltation Free in Boston.

an Doctor who gave Indian
ows in Quincy last July, will
ation the rest of the winter as
24 West Dedham street, Bos-
treats by letter.
y. 5. tf

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 6. QUINCY, MASS., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 7, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our

Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel.

PRATT & CURTIS,

25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

Bargains in Every Department.

SUITS and OVERCOATS

— AT —

LOWEST PRICES!

QUINCY

One Price Clothing Company.

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

Mark Down!

— OF —

STATIONERY.

Our Fine Stationery, consisting of Boston
ond, Boston Linen, Bunker Hill Linen, Bos-
n Bank Linen, Patchwork, Basket, and all
ther fine Paper the price of which has al-
ways been

20 and 25 Cents per Quire,

I will now give you your choice for

0 Cents per Quire, and

10 Cents per Bunch of Envelopes.

All packed in the Window in plain sight.

OUR MOTTO:

"RELIABILITY."

A. G. DURGIN'S
FAMILY MEDICINE & PRESCRIPTION STORE.
HANCOCK ST., QUINCY, MASS.

RELIABILITY."

OUR MOTTO.

SCHOOL COMMITTEE.

Organizes with R. F. Claflin as Chairman.

Superintendent Aldrich Re-elected.

Sub Committees Appointed and Other Business Transacted.

The School Committee of 1891 met Tuesday evening, the entire board, Messrs. R. F. Claflin, Rev. H. E. Cotton, Wendell G. Corthell, Emery L. Crane, Dr. John A. Gordon, Elijah G. Hall, Harrison A. Keith, Rev. Ambrose F. Roche and Dr. Joseph M. Sheahan, being present.

Dr. John A. Gordon was elected temporary chairman, and Emery L. Crane, temporary secretary.

R. F. Claflin was then elected permanent chairman, and superintendent of schools, George I. Aldrich, permanent secretary of the board, the latter however after some objection.

The Board voted to employ George I. Aldrich, as Superintendent of schools for the ensuing year at a salary of $2000.

A motion that Supt. Aldrich give his whole time to the city was indefinitely postponed.

The chairman then appointed the following sub-committees:

High school,—Dr. Joseph M. Sheahan.
Coddington school,—Dr. John A. Gordon
Adams school,—Emery L. Crane.
John Hancock school,—Harrison A. Keith.
Washington school,—Rev. H. Evan Cotton.
Wollaston school,—Wendell G. Corthell.
Quincy school,—Elijah G. Hall.
Willard school,—Rev. Ambrose F. Roche
Evening school,—Dr. John A. Gordon and R. F. Claflin.
Finance committee,—R. F. Claflin, Emery L. Crane, Rev. H. Evan Cotton.
Committee on transportation,—Dr. Jos. M. Sheahan, Elijah G. Hall, Rev. Ambrose F. Roche.

The following votes were then passed:

That regular meetings be held on the first Tuesday of the month at 7.45 P. M.

That transportation committee have full power to act in their department of work.

Voted to adjourn.

The Watch.

Two valuable watches have been selected for the prize in the popularity contest from the large stock of T. L. Williams. One a lady's watch to be given if the winner is a lady, and the other a gentleman's watch to be given in case a gentleman leads. Both are valued at over $50 and are now on exhibition at Mr. Williams. Here is a brief description of them:

Lady's watch is solid 14k case, Waltham movement, full jeweled, adjusted to heat and cold, stem winder, pendant set and has patent regulator.

The Gentleman's watch is solid 14k case, Waltham movement, full jeweled, adjusted, stem winder, pendant set, patent regulator, the very latest thing out.

Handsome Donation to Hospital.

QUINCY, Jan. 6, 1891.

Editor of the Ledger.

DEAR SIR: The Trustees of the City Hospital of Quincy have today received from Mr. Joseph W. Robertson, the Vice President of the Board, his check for five thousand dollars to be added to the endowment fund of the hospital for the purpose of establishing a free bed to be called the "Joseph W. Robertson Memorial Bed."

Very truly yours,
TIMO. REED,
Secretary of the Board of Trustees.

Hand Ball Tournament.

The Atlantic Young Men's Lyceum held a hand ball tournament at their gymnasium last Saturday evening, the plays, which were very close and exciting, resulting as follows:

Players.	Won	Lost	Tied	To be played
Mahoney and Lyons,	2	0	1	1
McLean and Cunniff,	2	1	0	0
McCarthy and Mahoney,	2	1	1	1
Canty and Whelan,	0	3	0	0

The tournament will be finished next Saturday evening, when, if McCarthy and Jerry Mahoney succeed in defeating Joseph Mahoney and Lyons in the play off of the tie game, it will result in a tie between the three leaders.

Bank Directors.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Mount Wollaston National Bank, held Tuesday evening, the following directors were elected: E. B. Pratt, Joseph W. Robertson, Charles A. Howland, Walter T. Babcock, Horace B. Spear, A. B. Packard, George L. Miller, Joseph C. Morse, John O. Holden. At a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors E. B. Pratt was reelected president.

Eightieth Birthday.

Eighty years ago today, January the 7th, Mr. Hiram W. Blanchard, now of Neponset was born in the old Baxter house, that formerly stood on the spot now occupied by the well-known Daniel Baxter house on School street. His mother was Dorothy Spear one of the nineteen children of Mr. Seth Spear of Houghs Neck memory. His father, Joseph Blanchard, was a native of Braintree.

The following were some of his schoolmates who have long since departed this life: Freeman Hunt, whose monument stands in the old cemetery. He was for years publisher of the Merchants' Magazine in New York; John A. Green of the Quincy PATRIOT, his half brother, Rev. James and William Pratt, Harrison Phipps, Ambrose Brackett, the ex-Governor's father; Benjamin Curtis, George Spear, William Ditson, John Page, George Pope, George Marsh, William Henry Packard, Miss Rosamond Packard, Washington Hardwick, Caroline Hardwick, Sarah Faxon, Mrs. John Page and Mrs. Ditson. Their school teachers were Masters Seaver and Bartlett.

Mr. Blanchard worked on the first Episcopal church, corner of Quincy avenue and Elm street in 1832, and helped take down the old church that stood in the cemetery on School street, the same year. He was one of the boys who fired the small cannon in front of the town hall for the citizens who celebrated the event of the inauguration of John Quincy Adams on the 4th of March, 1825. He heard William Lloyd Garrison deliver a lecture on anti-slavery in the old town hall in 1832, and in a few years after, became acquainted with him and was a subscriber to his paper the Liberator for thirty years, the last number but one contained President Lincoln's Proclamation of Emancipation.

Mr. Blanchard was one of the committee of arrangements for a meeting of the citizens of the 12th Congressional District in 1837, held in the town hall. Delegates were present from seventeen towns, an address was delivered by John Quincy Adams to a large audience on the Right of Petition and the annexation of Texas.

In 1853 Mr. Blanchard was one of the directors of the Quincy Mutual Insurance Company, and of the eighteen members at that time only two, beside himself, Thomas Curtis of Quincy and Royal W. Turner of Randolph, are now on that board, nearly all the others have long since passed away.

Although Mr. Blanchard has been a resident of Dorchester for fifty five years he still feels a deep interest in Quincy matters, and takes much interest in visiting the scenes of his youthful days; and calling to mind he says the words of the old poet—

"How dear to my heart are the scenes of my childhood,
When fond recollections present them to view."

Installation.

The following officers of Mt. Wollaston lodge, No. 80, I. O. O. F., were installed Tuesday evening by D. D. G. M. George W. Richardson and suite of Neponset:

Noble Grand,—Nathan Ames.
Vice Grand,—Charles B. Tilton.
Secretary,—John A. Elliott.
Permanent Secretary,—Arthur W. Stetson.
Treasurer,—Charles F. Pettengill.
Warden,—Horace O. Souther.
Conductor,—George W. Tuckerman.
O. G.,—John J. Kemp.
I. G.,—George W. Taylor.
R. S. N. G.,—Hazen E. Ricker.
L. S. N. G.,—J. R. McCormick.
R. S. V. G.,—John B. Benson.
L. S. V. G.,—Benjamin Johnson, Jr.
R. S. S.,—Edward B. Brown.
L. S. S.,—Edward L. Goodridge.
Chaplain,—E. P. Howland.

Speeches and a collation followed the installation ceremony.

Services Appreciated.

A regular meeting of the Granite Manufacturers Association was held Tuesday evening at its room in the Durgin & Merrill's block. After the routine business came a happy surprise. Mr. Henry McGrath of the firm of McGrath Bros., has been president of the association for several years, and the members took the occasion to present him with substantial tokens of their regard and appreciation. The speech was made by President Thompson of the City Council, a member of the firm of John Thompson & Son, and the tokens consisted of a gold headed cane and a French clock with bronze ornaments, which were much admired by all, including Mayor Fairbanks who dropped in.

An adjournment was made to French's hall where a collation was served by Caterer Wales, and a good time enjoyed.

St. Johns Election.

The following officers of St. John's C. C. L. and A. A., were elected Tuesday evening:

President,—Martin Garrity.
Vice President,—Henry T. Brown, 2d.
Secretary,—George Cahill.
Financial Secretary,—P. J. Cahill.
Corresponding Secretary,—J. J. Keenan.
Treasurer,—P. W. Driscoll.
Superintendent,—Daniel Driscoll.
Chairman of Dramatic Board,—William Warner.

A RESIGNATION.

Commissioner Alexander Ready to Step Out.

Mayor Fairbanks Promptly Accepts His Resignation.

Correspondence Which Passed Between the Two Officials.

Commissioner Alexander has probably anticipated the wish of the new Mayor, to have his appointee assume the office of Commissioner of Public Works at an early date, and his action in placing his resignation in the hands of Mayor Fairbanks is commendable.

The following correspondence is self explanatory:

CITY OF QUINCY,
Department of Public Works,
Commissioner's Office, City Hall,
QUINCY, Jan. 6, 1891.

HON. HENRY O. FAIRBANKS,
Mayor:

SIR,—Understanding that you have selected Mr. W. Walter Ewell as Commissioner of Public Works, permit me to say it would afford me great pleasure to meet Mr. Ewell with yourself at an early date to explain the workings and condition of the department.

Thinking also it may be agreeable to have the appointee begin work as soon as possible, I hereby tender my resignation to take effect Monday, Jan. 19, 1891.

Very respectfully,
GEORGE ALEXANDER,
Commissioner.

CITY OF QUINCY,
MAYOR'S OFFICE,
QUINCY, MASS., Jan. 6, 1891.

George Alexander, Esq., Commissioner of Public Works:

DEAR SIR—I acknowledge the receipt of your favor of today, tendering the resignation of your office, to take effect Jan. 19, which is accepted. Allow me to thank you for your kindness in offering to furnish the new commissioner with the information as regards the duties, and I have requested W. W. Ewell to call upon you.

Yours,
H. O. FAIRBANKS,
Mayor.

Mr. Ewell and Commissioner Alexander had a pleasant conference this morning, when the former was enlightened as to the workings of the department.

WEYMOUTH.

The East Weymouth lockup record for the year 1890 under license shows the number of arrests to have been eighty-five, of which fifty-eight were for drunkenness. During the year 1889 when the town voted no-license the total number of arrests in this ward was forty-four, of which thirty-three were for drunkenness.

Co. H, Temperance Loyal Legion, of East Weymouth, Mrs. Henry B. Raymond leader, were given a new year's party in Temperance hall, Tuesday afternoon, a number of the W. C. T. U. and others being present. Recitations were given by Harold Burrell, Lester Garey, Chester Madan, Mabel Sherman, Fannie Lincoln and Grace Marden; songs by Helen Dunbar, Mattie Baker, Gertie Litchfield and Gertie Raymond; organ solos by Ada White and Amy Madan.

The funeral of Albert F. Clapp was held from his late residence on Broad street, East Weymouth, Tuesday afternoon, Rev. A. A. Kidder officiating. A quartette composed of Messrs. Minot P. Garey, Arthur W. Powers, Mrs. Benjamin S. Lovell and Mrs. Robert F. Raymond sang "Jesus, lover of my soul" and "Shall we meet beyond the river."

The following officers of Reynolds Post 58 were mustered in last evening by Col. Thomas Weston and staff of Hingham:

Commander,—Charles W. L. Hayward.
Senior Vice,—Charles E. Bicknell.
Junior Vice,—Isaac H. Walker.
Adjutant,—John W. Bates.
Quartermaster,—Elbridge Nash.
Surgeon,—Dr. William A. Drake.
Chaplain,—Waldo Turner.
Officer of Day,—David Dunbar.
Officer of Guard,—Thomas B. Loud.
Sergeant Major,—Willard J. Dunbar.
Quartermaster Sergeant,—Charles R. Trott.

A delegation from Edwin Humphry, Post 104, of Hingham, was present. An oyster supper followed.

MILTON.

Friends of Miss Leary in the popularity contest offer a pair of skates to the person taking the most blank LEDGER coupons to Kemp & Tisdale before March 1.

DIED.

SCHAETZLE—In West Quincy, Jan. 6, Mrs. Mary Schaetzle, aged 41 years, 9 months and 3 days.

CALLAHAN—In Taunton, Jan. 6, Mrs. Mary Callahan, formerly of Quincy, aged 27 years.

FAXON HALL, - QUINCY,

TONIGHT!

Also Thursday and Friday Evenings,

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

QUINCY CITY HOSPITAL,

GRAND PRODUCTION

OF COOLIDGE AND SURETTE'S

Comic Opera,

PRISCILLA,

OR THE

PILGRIM'S PROXY,

Great Cast! Fine Chorus!

Elaborate Appointments!

CAST OF CHARACTERS.

PRISCILLA, the Pretty Pilgrim.....MRS. ALICE MAY BATES RICE
RESIGNATION, a Middle-aged Spinster.....MISS AUGUSTA BATES
BARBARA.....MRS. W. M. PACKARD
FAITH.....MISS MAY V. HASTINGS
PRUDENCE.....MISS GRACE PETTENGILL
MYLES STANDISH, the Doughty Captain.....DR. GEORGE B. RICE
JOHN ALDEN, the Friend in Need.....MR. J. C. BARTLETT
WILLIAM BRADFORD, Governor of New Plymouth....MR. EDWARD PRESTON
HATEBAD HIGGINS, Agent of the Good Ship Mayflower, and President of "Ancestral Relick and Antiquated Heirloom Co., limited"....MR. W. H. DODD
SQUANTO, a Reformed Red Man.....MR. EVERETT SIMMONS

ACT. I. Leyden street, Plymouth.

ACT. II. Exterior of Priscilla's Cottage, and view of Plymouth harbor, period about 1623.

Correct Costumes by Raymond.

Special Scenery by Story.

Wigs and Makeups by Rothe.

Director, - - - - - C. E. MACOMBER of Boston.

Stage Manager, - - - - W. H. DODD of Boston.

☞ Opening sale of Tickets at Durgin's Drug Store, Dec. 29th, at 10 A. M.

Quincy, Dec. 27. p,2w—1,29th,6t

BEST YET!

Christians' Flour, $7 per Bbl.
Corrugated " $7 "

Extra Quality Tea (Oolong, Japan or English Breakfast,) 50c. lb.

We believe the above brands of Flour are the Best that are sold in this market.

We also believe that our 50 cent Tea is the Best sold for the money in New England.

In order to extend our sales in these Specialties, we make the following offer for a limited time only: To every Customer buying a barrel of either Flour, we will present a pound of Tea, and deliver free in any part of Quincy or adjoining towns. Positively no discount will be made on either the Flour or the Tea purchased separately. Orders by mail or telephone will be sent on day order is received.

J. F. Merrill,

Boston Branch Grocery.

Quincy, Jan. 3. 6t

JOB PRINTING

At the Patriot Office.

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive an Easy Chair or Gold Watch.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period can have his choice between a richly upholstered easy chair worth $25, or a gold watch valued at $50. These will soon be purchased and put on exhibition in some prominent place.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

—BY—

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

ENGLISH MERCHANTS AFFECTED.

Scottish Railway Strike Shows No Sign of Improvement.

LONDON, Jan. 7.—The Times' Glasgow correspondent says: It must be admitted that the situation of the railroad strike is not improved. The Caledonian company is still short a thousand hands. The company is overwhelmed with applications from novices, but in two days only twenty-four hands have been engaged. This is the statement of an official and therefore does not estimate too highly the company's needs. The goods traffic is in a state of collapse worst than that of last week despite the fact that the idleness of the miners tells in the company's favor.

English merchants declare that it is practically impossible to send goods by rail to Glasgow.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

A dozen men were killed by an accident in a California mine.

Dr. Owen Thomas of Liverpool, the famous specialist, is dead.

Lieutenant Governor Jones of New York comes out against third terms.

Mr. Gladstone writes to a friend that the end of his public life has come.

There are indications of a dissolution of the British parliament in the spring.

The Nebraska militia is concentrated on the frontier for the protection of settlers.

Proceedings have begun to foreclose an Oregon Improvement company mortgage.

Buffalo Bill has been sent on a mission to the Indians by the governor of Nebraska.

A dispatch from Cherbourg says that a French torpedo boat has gone ashore there and is stuck fast.

Senator McPherson of New Jersey is quite seriously ill, suffering from an affection of the stomach.

Again comes from Paris the report that Mr. Parnell will retire if Mr. McCarthy will give way to Mr. O'Brien.

The Adams and American express companies will work in co-operation to the exclusion of local companies.

Members of the foreign relations committee of both houses praise Mr. Blaine's handling of the Behring Sea controversy.

An artist for Harper's Weekly fell into the hands of Indians, but was released minus his tobacco pouch and sketch book.

Court was opened at Boston, Eng., but it was found that, for the first time in 120 years, there were no prisoners to be tried.

The Freeman's Journal of Dublin condemns Mr. Balfour's scheme for raising a fund for the distressed districts in Ireland.

M. Ducret has challenged M. Ferry to fight a duel. The challenge is the result a letter which M. Ferry wrote to the Matin.

Peru puts a ban on all Protestant religions, and the agent of a New York missionary society is in prison there because he persisted in doing forbidden acts.

Emperor William of Germany, and possibly Empress Augusta Victoria, will spend a few days with the queen at Buckingham palace the first week in August.

Ripe strawberries were picked in a garden in Bibb county, Ga., on Christmas day. Near Wichita, Kan., a few days ago a colony of wild bees were seen actively at work in a tree.

The President and Mrs. Harrison gave a dinner to the members of the cabinet at the White House last evening. The parlors and state dining room were handsomely decorated for the occasion.

At Girard college in Philadelphia there are now 1589 pupils who are clothed, fed and educated from the income of the Girard estate, half a million dollars being expended annually for this purpose.

Miss Emma Abbott, the opera singer, left a fortune estimated by her father of from $1,000,000 to $2,000,000. Mr. Abbott thinks the bulk of her money will go to establish some charitable institution for members of her profession.

Rear Admiral Daniel L. Braine, at present commandant of the New York naval station, will be put on the retired list on account of having reached the retiring age of 62 years on May 18, and it is reported that Rear Admiral Bancroft Gherardi, now commandant of the north Atlantic squadron, will succeed to Admiral Braine's present command.

The richest colored person in Virginia is Bettie Thomas Lewis, the natural daughter of the late W. A. Thomas, a retired merchant of Richmond, and whom the court has just decided is his legal heir. He left an estate worth $200,000 to $250,000. Miss Lewis is a bright mulatto, and was well educated by her father, who never concealed the relationship.

How a Man Paralyzed His Arm.

C. Hagermann, a resident of Morrisville, has lost the use of his right hand in a singular manner. He went to bed as usual one night a week ago, and fell asleep with his right hand under his head. On awakening in the morning he could not raise his arm. It was paralyzed, and all efforts thus far to put the blood in circulation have failed. It is thought it will be months before he will be able to use his hand again.—Philadelphia Record.

TO GOVERN STATES.

Massachusetts Senators Hold a Preliminary Caucus.

A DISPUTE IN CONNECTICUT

Over the Count of Votes at the Last Election — Legislatures Organize, or Prepare to, in Maine, South Dakota, Nebraska and Pennsylvania — Montana's Complex Legislature.

BOSTON, Jan. 7.—The two branches organized to-day by the election of the officers of 1890, and to-morrow Hon. William E. Russell will take his seat as governor. There will be one new feature of the inauguration ceremonies, in that Governor-elect Russel will be escorted to the state house by his staff in full uniform, entering through the doors which are used on state occasions.

The Republican members-elect of the senate held a caucus last evening in the president's room. Nineteen of the twenty were present. Hon. Joseph Bennett of Boston, as the senior member-elect, called the caucus to order, and an organization was effected by the choice of Mr. Bennett as chairman and Hon. John Simpkins of Yarmouth as secretary.

By unanimous vote the caucus nominated for president Hon. Henry H. Sprague of Boston; for clerk, Henry D. Coolidge of Concord; for sergeant-at-arms, J. G. B. Adams of Lynn; for chaplain, Rev. Edmund Dowse of Sherborn, these being the officers of 1890. The caucus adjourned to 10 a. m. to-day.

CONNECTICUT.

Opposing Majorities Make It Difficult to Elect a Governor.

HARTFORD, Jan. 7. — The legislature met at 10 o'clock this morning. The general Republican and Democratic caucuses were held last evening. At the Democratic caucus Albert H. Walker, a former Republican, was nominated for speaker of the house. Hobart L. Hotchkiss of New Haven and P. J. Markley of New Britain were presented as candidates. Mr. Walker accepted in a speech in which he construed the nomination as giving the leadership of the house. The caucus adopted a resolution declaring against any compromise on the governorship and insisting on the seating of Luzon B. Morris. Isaac Wolfe of New Haven was nominated for clerk, James Fitzgerald of Rockville for assistant clerk.

The Republican caucus unanimously and by acclamation nominated Allen W. Paige of Huntington for speaker. The former clerk and assistant clerk, Samuel A. Eddy of Canaan and Andrew F. Gates of Lebanon were re-nominated by acclamation. J. E. Holmes of Hartford was nominated for chaplain. The Republican senate caucus nominated H. A. Shumway of Killingly for president pro tem.

MAINE.

Nominations for Officers of Both the Branches of the Legislature.

AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 7.—At the legislative caucuses the senate Republicans chose Charles D. Libby of Portland president, Kendall W. Dunbar of Damariscotta secretary, E. H. Wheeler of Gardiner assistant secretary, C. H. Lovejoy of Sidney messenger, A. W. Spaulding of Caribou assistant messenger, A. D. T. Chadbourne of Dixmont folder, S. A. Holden, Tremont, mail carrier.

The Republicans in the house nominated A. P. Wiswell of Ellsworth for speaker; W. S. Cotton, Jr., Lisbon, clerk; F. A. Hobart, Pembroke, assistant clerk; W. J. Smith, Augusta, messenger; E. H. Fisher, first assistant; F. A. Stevens, second assistant, W. I. Neal, mail carrier.

The Democratic representatives met at the Augusta house and chose B. F. Chadburne of Biddeford candidate for speaker and Charles L. Martin for clerk.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Majority of One in the Senate—Independent Speaker for House.

PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 7.—The legislature organized yesterday. The senate elected Republican subordinate officers by one majority. The house elected Seward of Geddington county, Independent, speaker by one majority. The Democrats and Independents are united in both houses with the exception of one Independent and one Democrat who voted with the Republicans in the house for speaker. The opposition victory in the house does not discourage Republicans in the senatorial contest but somewhat complicates matters. There are understood to be sixteen contests in the house, which may result in increasing the fusion majority twelve or fifteeen. The Republicans believe they will draw in Independents and Democrats enough to elect a senator, though Moody's chances are endangered. There are a number of Independents who will never vote for Tripp or any other Democrat and some Democrats who will not vote for an Independent.

Deadlock Continues in Montana.

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 7.—There is no change in the legislative situation. The senate and Democratic house met in joint session and the governor read his message. The Republican house was in session only a little while, but attempted to do no business. The governor, in his message, calls attention to the dangers that may result from a failure of legislation this session. There is no provision for canvassing the state election in 1892. Some provision must be also made for choosing presidential electors or the state will lose its vote in the electoral congress.

New York's Assembly Organizes.

ALBANY, Jan. 7.—Both houses of the legislature convened here. In the assembly a vote was taken for speaker, which resulted in the election of William F. Sheehan. In his annual message to the legislature Governor Hill says in entering upon the seventh and last year of his service, he does not conceal his gratification at the fact that for the first time during the past seven years the popular branch of the legislature is in political accord with the executive.

Difficulty in Minnesota.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 7.—The legislature did not organize fully yesterday. In the senate the officers agreed upon by the Democrats and Alliance men were elected, but in the house no agreement could be reached.

A Biennial Session.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 7. — The biennial session of the Pennsylvania legislature has begun. Caleb B. Thompson of Warren county, the caucus nominee of the Republicans, was duly elected speaker of the house, receiving 125 votes. Senator Boies Penrose of Philadelphia was chosen president pro tem of the senate. Both houses listened to the reading of Governor Beaver's message.

Alliance Majority in Nebraska.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 7.—The legislature has organized, the Alliance having a clear majority and electing temporary officers without trouble. C. H. Piertle, secretary of the state central committee of the Independent party, was elected secretary pro tem of the senate by a majority of one. S. M. Elder was elected temporary speaker of the house, and Eric Johnson, secretary.

NOTHING YET REVEALED.

Parnell and O'Brien Hold a Continued Conference at Boulogne-sur-Mer.

BOULOGNE-SUR-MER, Jan. 7.—The Parnell party arrived here and immediately drove to the Hotel du Louvre, the hotel where the last conference between the Irish leaders took place. At the hotel they were joined by Messrs. John J. Clancy and John Redmond, members of the British house of commons.

Mr. Parnell had a consultation with Mr. O'Brien immediately after his arrival here. After a conference of half an hour an adjournment was taken for luncheon. Afterward Messrs. Parnell and O'Brien resumed their talk, remaining in consultation for an hour and a half. The other members of parliament in the party were then invited to join the conference, and the whole party remained in deep consultation with closed doors until nearly midnight, when Messrs. Redmond and Gil emerged from the conference room. The two gentlemen were immediately surrounded by the waiting reporters, to whom they imparted this information: "The consultation between Mr. Parnell and Mr. O'Brien is still proceeding and will be continued to-morrow."

The outcome of the conference is awaited with intense interest.

POWDERLY'S PLANS.

He Issues a Call for a Conference to Formulate a Political Platform.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 7.—General Master Workman Powderly has issued a circular letter to the industrial organizations of the United States inviting their co-operation in a national reform industrial conference to be held in Washington Feb. 23, March 25 or July 29, the date to be fixed by vote. The conference is to formulate "a political platform, such as industrialists could favor at the polls."

In the circular Mr. Powderly embodies the report of the committee on political action, which was presented at the last general assembly of the knights, and which recorded the desire of the order that the platform be built upon the principles of the knights' preamble—the principles of which are the reservation of public lands for actual settlers, the establishment of a national monetary system without the intervention of banks and the governmental operation of all telegraphs, telephones and railroads.

CANADA'S COTTON MILLS.

They are Now Under the Management of One Big Combination.

MONTREAL, Jan. 7.—The design of bringing together under one management all the cotton mills of the Dominion has been completed by the Dominion cotton mills taking possession of the Hochelaga mills. It is probable that in the course of a few months other mills than those which produce gray cotton will be brought under the control of this combine. The directors claim that the company will be satisfied with moderate profits, which economy in the management will tend to increase. The annual output of all the mills now owned by the company is estimated at $3,250,000, and practically covers the whole business in Canada.

A DOZEN MINERS KILLED.

They Fall Four Hundred and Fifty Feet to the Bottom of a Shaft.

SAN ANDRES, Cala., Jan. 7.—An accident in the north shaft of the Utica mine at Angels Camp resulted in the death of ten or twelve men. The skip with the miners aboard was coming up for dinner. When within 150 feet of the top of the shaft the cable parted at the reel, letting the men, skip and 100 feet of cable fall to the bottom of the shaft, a distance of 450 feet. Among the killed four are married and have families. The bodies were fearfully mutilated. It is but little over a year since a cave-in occurred in the same mine, burying sixteen men, and the slow work of recovering their bodies had nearly been accomplished.

A Rebellion Echo.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 7.—Jacques Von Raalte, in business at Glasgow, Scot., where he also represents the Netherlands as consul, has sued Secretary Blaine, and indirectly, the United States, for $25,000, principal and interest on bonds which the Dutchman bought of the southern states during the late war. The action is based on Secretary Seward's proclamation of July 28, 1868, that "neither the United States nor any state shall pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States."

Joe is Still Winning.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 7.—"Joe" Donoghue of Newburg, N. Y., amateur champion of the United States and Canada, won the half-mile international skating race here amid considerable applause. He covered the distance in one minute, twenty-five seconds. Donoghue also won the two-mile race in six minutes, ten and four-fifths seconds.

New England Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—The senate has confirmed the nominations of A. C. Ladd as postmaster at Jewett City, Conn., and J. H. Roos, at Bridgton, Me., and W. E. Sanborn at Springvale, Me. The post-office at Clinton, Conn., has been raised from the fourth to the third, or presidential class.

Big Time Anticipated.

LIMERICK, Jan. 7.—There is expected to be a great demonstration here on Sunday next, when Mr. Parnell speaks and resumes the campaign. The people in the adjacent counties are preparing to come in and the occasion is likely to be a historic one.

Generous Gifts.

YONKERS, N. Y., Jan. 7.—William F. Cochran gave to St. John's Episcopal church the rectory, chapel and parish buildings erected the past year, and Mrs. Cochran wiped out a $50,000 debt on the church. Both gifts amounts to over $100,000.

Following Germany's Action.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 7.—The Danish government has officially recognized the Republic of Brazil.

PARIS, Jan. 7.—Nicholas, duke of Leuchtenberg, died here, aged 48 years.

NO FURTHER DELAY.

Definite Move Soon to Be Made on the Frontier.

LAST SUNDAY AT PINE RIDGE.

Graphic Description of Plan Arranged by Hostiles to Capture the Town and Massacre All Within Its Limits.

CHICAGO, Jan. 7.—Capt. E. L. Huggins, in charge of army headquarters here during the absence of Gen. Miles, received word from Pine Ridge that Asst. Adjt. Gen. Corbin has arrived at the agency and is now actively aiding Gen. Miles. Capt. Huggins expressed the opinion that decisive operations were at hand. The situation had now become such apparently that a definite move to end the present crisis could not be delayed more than a day or two at the farthest.

DENVER, Jan. 7.—A special to The Rocky Mountain News from Pine Ridge says:

Sunday night will never be forgotten by anyone who spent it at Pine Ridge. The Sabbath had opened bright, clear and warm. The church bells rang and the threee pastors had crowded houses. In the afternoon, toward 3 o'clock, it was noticed that the squaw men and half-breeds were excited and hurried from one point to another with their guns in their hands. Instantly everyone was on the alert and running down the ravines. It was found that a half a dozen squaws had been given the tip to skip, that a party of war bucks had visited the camp of friendlies (so-called) who are camped within a mile of the agency and urged them to help massacre all the agency.

The Indians have always been permitted to come in and during the day and evening to wander around the agency at their own sweet will, carrying their guns in their hands. The plan was to take advantage of this leniency and gather in the town late in the evening and at a given signal for each Indian to pick out his man and kill him on the spot. The success of such a plan was self-evident. There are less than 500 soldiers here and they are on the far outskirts of the village at their earthworks. Such a force with their cannon would keep a large number of Indians at a distance in the day time, but at night the picket line is necessarily weakened and drawn out into too long a line to hold back any rush, while the cannon is useless. The hostiles were to be close at hand and as soon as the firing began they were to rush in.

The citizens and reporters, as well as the soldiers, soon learned the news. Many a man thought of this or that Indian with whom he had quarreled and kept sharp watch to see that no one was behind him. Finally the half-breeds told certain Indians that we understood the scheme, and the bucks were advised to light out or the soldiers would make it warm for them. In an hour there was not an Indian in the camp except the uniformed scouts and police. Many a dark look was passed and ugly word spoken between the whites and reds during that hour of stampede. Over twenty-five squaw men and their families drove with frantic speed for settlements along the railroad. Houses and hotels were abandoned, every one going, after a hasty apology for a supper, to some store or warehouse where there was a chance for resistance. Gen. Miles remained up until 3 o'clock in the morning.

There are not near enough troops here. A battle is expected every day with them, and it will be one of the hardest in the annals of Indian warfare. The troops have the Indians surrounded on the east, west and north, and an attack will drive them into the agency where the main battle must be fought. The enemy number over 4000 men, women and children, with half that many to attack us in the rear.

The scene when the town moved into the stronger buildings was one of indescribable confusion, as men with guns in their hands and the grim look of war in their faces escorted crowd after crowd of frightened women and weeping children to the apologies for strongholds.

Died at the Age of 103.

BANGOR, Me., Jan. 7.—John Mahaney, the oldest resident of this city, is dead. He was 103 years old and had been a resident here for 46 years. He married at the age of 50 and raised a large family, but only two of the ten children are now living. He was a native of Ireland, and during his residence in Bangor he has made several trips to his native country. He has always been a common laborer, and has been able to be about and do some work around home up to within a few days.

Mrs. Beckman's Bad Temper.

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., Jan. 7.—In a moment of anger, the wife of Edward Beckman of South Seabrook stabbed her husband, who had come home intoxicated, killing him almost instantly. It is reported that three times before his wife had assaulted him with a knife, one time inflicting severe wounds. Beckman was about 24 years old and his wife is the same age. The sheriff of Portsmouth was sent for and the woman will be taken there.

Mr. Balfour's "Thank You."

LONDON, Jan. 7.—Mr. Balfour sends a telegraphic message to the newspapers apologizing for his inability to acknowledge separately the many sums received in response to the appeal recently issued in behalf of the sufferers in Ireland. He promises to publish soon a first list of the subscribers to the fund.

In Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.— The senate listened to speeches on the financial bill by Messrs. Teller, Morrill and Vest, the latter denying that he had received a letter from ex-President Cleveland on the silver question.

The house took up the shipping bill.

Germany is Snowbound.

BERLIN, Jan. 7.—A snowstorm, phenomenal in its severity, prevails throughout north Germany. Reports from various sections are to the effect that the rails are blocked on all the northern lines, and that in many instances trains are embedded in the snow.

A Big Combination.

CHICAGO, Jan. 7.—An afternoon paper says that negotiations are in progress and nearly completed for a consolidation of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe and the Missouri Pacific railroads.

Franz Siegel's Reward.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—The house committee on invalid pensions agreed to report favorably a bill granting a pension of $1000 to Franz Siegel, late major general of volunteers.

QUINCY CAFE,

Chestnut Street, Quincy.

Ice Cream and Sherbets.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

Catering for Large and Small Parties, under the personal attention of JOHN H. WALES.

Dec. 12. 1m

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Nov. 10. tf

BOYS, ATTENTION.

START TODAY!

—to—

A Prize of $10.00

Will be given to the Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS during January and February.

A Prize of $5.00

Will be given to the Newsboy making the second largest sale during the same period.

$5.00 will also be Given

To each boy, including the above, who sells **5000 or more** copies in the two months, an average of 100 per day.

$2.50 will be Given

To other boys selling 2500 or more copies, an average of 50 per day.

$1.00 will be Given

To all other boys selling 1000 or more copies, an average of 20 per day.

CAUTION!

Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys Will be Supplied at 1 1-2 Cents per Copy

BY THE FOLLOWING AGENTS:

HENRY CORAM	West Quincy.
F. E. KIMBALL	West Quincy.
MISS A. A. BARTLETT	Brewer's Corner.
MISS E. M. FREEMAN	Quincy Point.
C. F. WILDE	Wollaston.
THOMAS GURNEY	Atlantic.
KEMP & TISDALE	East Milton.
HENRY B. VINTON	Braintree.
GEORGE H. HUNT	East Weymouth.

OR AT THE

Daily Ledger Office.

Boys or Agents wanting extra papers should give notice before 9 A. M. on the day of publication.

Y CAFE,
reet, Quincy.
nd Sherbets.
ALL HOURS.
d Small Parties, under the
HN H. WALES.
1m

erative Society.
BY, Manager.
s, Fish and Oysters
M PRICES.
MERY BUTTER,
the Market.
- - - - QUINCY.
tf

TENTION.
TODAY!
of $10.00
Newsboy selling the
S during January and
of $5.00
Newsboy making the
ring the same period.
lso be Given
g the above, who sells
s in the two months, an
ay.
be Given
g 2500 or more copies,
day.
be Given
g 1000 or more copies,
ay.
TION!
owed to club together,
of such combinations
of the publishers will
the prizes.
1 1-2 Cents per Copy
WING AGENTS:
.....West Quincy.
.....West Quincy.
.....Brewer's Corner.
.....Quincy Point.
.....Wollaston.
.....Atlantic.
.....East Milton.
.....Braintree.
.....East Weymouth.
THE
ger Office.
anting extra papers
e 9 A. M. on the day

MEN'S ARCTICS, - - - - - 85 Cents.
LADIES' " - - - - - 65 "
BOYS' " - - - - - 65 "
MEN'S RUBBERS, - - - - 50 "
— AT —
JAMES O'DONOVAN'S NEW SHOE STORE,
94 HANCOCK STREET. TIRRELL'S BLOCK.

BUCKWHEAT!
NOW IS THE SEASON FOR
Buckwheat Cakes and Maple Syrup.
WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF BOTH.
FLOUR! FLOUR!
We are the only Firm in this City that have CONFIDENCE FLOUR.
WE HAVE A
FANCY HAXALL FLOUR
That Sells for less money. Give one of our kinds a Trial.
ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

BEST IN THE MARKET!
FOR $6.50 CASH
WE SELL A TON OF THE
WEBSTER NUT COAL,
It is the most Economical Coal sold.
C. PATCH & SON.
[FRANK S. PATCH.]
Quincy, July 9. tf

COME RIGHT IN
And select one of our Boxes of Cigars. We have the largest stock in the City to select from of
Cigars for the Holiday Trade.
Our Prices are from
ONE DOLLAR TO SEVEN DOLLARS PER BOX.
GEO. F. WILSON & CO.,
108 Hancock Street, Quincy, Mass.

JOB PRINTING
At the Patriot Office.

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 7.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1837—Quincy Patriot established.
1889—First city government of Quincy inaugurated; Charles H. Porter the first mayor.

World Wide.

JAMES FISK, JR.

458—Calais retaken by the French.
1758—Death of Allan Ramsay, Scottish poet; born 1685.
1862—The French army landed at Vera Cruz.
1863—Five thousand Confederates, under Marmaduke, repulsed at Springfield, Mo., by the Union forces under Gen. Brown.
1868—Impeachment of President Johnson agreed to in the committee.
1872—James Fisk, Jr., killed by E. S. Stokes in Grand Central hotel, New York; aged 37.
1889—In Pasadena, California, Owen Brown, only survivor of the famous raid on Harper's Ferry, died, aged 74 years.
1833—The agent of the British East African company gave hundreds of slaves their freedom at Zanzibar.

SENSATIONAL DEVELOPMENTS

Promised in Connection with the Fayerweather Will Contest—How the Dying Man Gave Away a Fortune.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—The Sun says: It is said that Rev. Dr. Lloyd, pastor of the Central Congregational church, has signed an affidavit which casts a serious reflection upon those who attended the millionaire Daniel B. Fayerweather in his last hours. The pastor says he was summoned to Mr. Fayerweather's house on the afternoon of which the millionaire died. He went in and was told to wait. Word came from the sick room that it wasn't well to have the pastor come in. He learned that the only person in the sick room was a Mr. Vaughn, a business acquaintance of Mr. Fayerweather, who was indebted to the dying man in the sum of $500,000. Dr. Lloyd stayed at the house from 4 o'clock in the afternoon until 8, when word came to him that Mr. Fayerweather was dead. To say he was surprised does not express it. This was on Nov. 15.

During this interval, it is said by Dr. Lloyd, who was so informed by the physician, the millionaire, who was partially unconscious, was induced to sign that codicil to his will, which was drawn up by Thomas D. Ritch, a lawyer, of the firm of Arnoux, Ritch & Woodford, and which left to Mr. Ritch, Mr. Vaughn and Mr. Buckley an estate which was worth about $3,000,000. There were no conditions in the codicil, but it was understood, so Dr. Lloyd states, that those men would distribute the amount among certain colleges as indicated in the original document, and the rest was to go to themselves. Dr. Lloyd has sworn to this. He says the signature is very unlike that of the millionaire, although he doesn't doubt his hand held the pen. Dr. Lloyd has expressed a willingness to testify to all that he has said.

Judge Maurice R. Beardsley of Bridgeport, who was in the house at the time of Mr. Fayerweather's death, whose wife is a niece of the widow, will, it is said, go on the stand at the proper time and swear to some remarkable statements. Frederick R. Coudert, counsel for Mrs. Fayerweather, promises some shocking and sensational revelations when the case is heard. It is believed the affidavit is in possession of Mr. Coudert.

Silver in Volcanic Ashes.

The existence of silver in volcanic ashes is a rare occurrence. Only in two cases have argentiferous ashes been met with. The sample was obtained during an eruption of Cotopaxi in July, 1885, in the ashes of which Mr. J. W. Malet proved the existence of one part of silver in 83,000 parts of ashes. In the following year the same investigator was able to add a second instance. In January, 1886, a violent eruption of Tunguragua, in the Andes of Ecuador, between fifty and fifty-five miles from Cotopaxi, took place, the eruption continuing at longer or shorter intervals up to November of the same year. The ashes thrown by this volcano, which had been at rest for over a century, contained silver to the extent of one part in 168,200 parts of ashes. This appears, at first sight, to be only a very small percentage of the metal; but when it is considered what enormous quantities of ashes are erupted, and what a vast extent of area they cover after an eruption, the quantity of silver thrown up with them must be considerable.—Butte Inter-Mountain.

Nutritive Properties of Cream.

The fact is not so well known as it deserves to be that cream constitutes an admirable nutriment for invalids. It is superior to butter, containing more volatile oils. Persons predisposed to consumption, aged persons, or those inclined to cold extremities and feeble digestion, are especially benefited by a liberal use of sweet cream. It is far better than cod liver oil, and, besides being excellent for medicinal properties, it is a highly nutritious food.—New York Telegram.

Antiquity of Pens.

The diamond pointed pen, although usually classed among modern inventions seems to have been known as far back as the very dawn of history. The prophet Jeremiah uses the expression, "Written with a pen of iron with the point of a diamond." (See Jer. xviii, 1.)—St. Louis Republic.

In Scotland it was formerly particularly ominous to meet a funeral while on the way to be joined in wedlock. The bride or groom was certain to die soon, as the sex of the person being taken to the graveyard was male or female.

TWENTY-SEVEN PATIENTS.

Gradual Extension of the Use of Dr. Koch's Lymph in Boston.

BOSTON, Jan. 7.—Thus far twenty-one patients have been admitted at the Massachusetts general hospital for treatment with Dr. Koch's lymph, and the injections are being administered to these regularly every other day by Drs. Beach and Ernst. It is too early yet to predict either failure or success for the lymph, and its true value will not be appreciated until the patients have been treated for the full length of treatment, which will probably require six weeks. The reactions which were predicted are noted in all cases, being more marked in some than in the others.

At the city hospital only six cases have been accepted for treatment, half of these being surgical and half medical. Three of these patients were inoculated Saturday morning and the reaction was very marked in its effect, the patients returning to their normal condition after the proper length of time. The three who were inoculated on Sunday had the customary reaction, but they were slower in returning to their normal temperature. On that account the second inoculation, which was to have been administered yesterday, was postponed and will probably be given to-morrow morning.

BLAINE'S LAST DISPATCH.

The Right of British Sealers in Behring Sea Not Accepted.

LONDON, Jan. 7.—The Press association of this city announces that Lord Salisbury is engaged in the consideration of the forty-page dispatch received from Mr. Blaine Dec. 30, the latest dispatch received from Washington. It does not contain a definite acceptance of Lord Salisbury's proposals for arbitration on the main question, that of the right of the British sealers to catch seals in the Behring Sea. The Press association says that Mr. Blaine discusses only the subsidiary point—arbitration on the point of closing sealing. The Press association adds that Mr. Blaine has not replied to Sir Julian Pauncefote's note of June last, in which the latter says that her majesty's government must hold the government of the United States responsible for the consequences arising from acts of interference with British vessels contrary to the principles of international law. The Press association also states that no preparations have been made to augment the British fleet in the north Pacific ocean, as such a step might be regarded as a menace.

IRISH PARLIAMENTARY FUNDS.

They Amount to but £4800, Which the Bankers are Ready to Pay Over.

LONDON, Jan. 7.—It is stated that the funds of the Irish parliamentary party, now in the hands of Munroe & Co., the Paris bankers, amount to only £8400, of which sum £1200 is in cash and the remainder in United States 4 per cent. bonds. These funds were formerly deposited in the sole name of the late Joseph G. Biggar. The executors of the Biggar estate, Messrs. Patrick and Richard Powers, have renounced the custody of the money, and it is reported that Messrs. Munroe & Co. are prepared to pay over the funds to Messrs. Dillon, J. F. X. O'Brien and Clancey, when they have come to an agreement.

SMALLPOX IN TEXAS.

It is Spreading So Rapidly That the Governor Has Taken Action.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 7.—The Picayune's Austin, Tex., special says: Smallpox is on the increase in Texas, and at one or two points it appears to be assuming an epidemic form. Great alarm exists about Temple, Belon and other towns, and the governor has ordered the state health officers from Houston to this city, and his headquarters will be here until the disease abates. The state has taken control of quarantine matters, and no place will be quarantined against except by orders of the governor.

A Triple Family Racket.

ENGLISH, Ind., Jan. 7.—During a religious meeting at West Fork, in this county, a riot started among the members of three large families—the Lowes, Wisemans and Baggertys. Pistols, knives, stones, cudgels and fists were used with a vengeance. Five men are lying at the point of death as the result of the conflict and others are less seriously injured. The worst injured are William Lowe, William Wiseman, John Wiseman, Robert Baggerty and Edward Jones.

Two Big Fires in Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 7.—By a fire at Owingsville, Ky., fourteen houses were burned. Loss estimated at $50,000. The fire was incendiary. At Winchester, fire destroyed the Opera House block. Loss $34,000. The postoffice was in the building and $300 worth of stamps, postal cards and envelopes, with all the mail, was destroyed. Business is much retarded by the interference with the postal service.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Latest Quotations of the New York and Boston Stock Markets—Jan. 6.

The New York stock market was quiet and weak and prices ran off under Commack influences, that operator's following selling stocks all around.

Boston trading lagged somewhat in the morning and showed more animation later in the day.

The New York Market.

Atchison	29⅝	Nor. Pac. pref.	67¼
Central Pacific	29	Oregon Trans.	14¼
Chi & Northwest	106⅝	Oregon Navi.	79¼
Del Lack & West	136⅞	Pacific Mail	34¼
Del & Hudson	132⅝	Reading	33
Illinois Central	97	Texas Pacific	14½
Lake Shore	107⅜	Union Pacific	41
Missouri Pacific	62⅝	Wabash St. L. & P.	9¼
N. J. Central	116½	do pref	17¼
N. Y. Central	103½	Wheel. & Lake Erie	7½
Northern Pacific	23	Western Union	77⅝

The Boston Market.

Aspinwall Land	....	Fitchburg pref.	83½
Fremn's Bay Land	6¼	Flint & Pere Mar.	84⅛
Newport Land	1¾	Maine Central	....
West End Land	33¾	Mexican Central	22½
Atchison	29½	N Y & N E	35⅜
Atlantic & Pacific	....	do pref	112
Boston & Lowell	176½	Old Colony	168
Boston & Maine	204	Union Pacific	46¼
Boston & Prov.	....	Wisconsin Central	19¼
Chicago, B & Q	97	American Bell Tel.	216½
Central Mass.	19	Mexican	85
do pref	37	Erie Tel.	....
Eastern	....	New England Tel.	....

The Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—FLOUR—Moderately active; city mills $5 10 to 5 35; city mills patents $5 50 to 5 75; winter wheat, low grades, $3 40 to 3 90; do fair to fancy $3 90 to 5 00; do patents $4 40 to 5 40; Minnesota clear $4 10 to 4 85; do straights $4 35 to 5 10.

WHEAT—Weak; No 2 red $1 04¼ elevator; No 3 red 1 00 to 1 00½.

CORN—Moderately active; No 2, 59 to 59⅝c elevator.

OATS—Quiet; No 3, 49c; No 1, 52c; mixed western, 45 to 52c.

COFFEE—Rio steady; fair cargoes 19 to 19¼c.

SUGAR—Raw firm; refined firm; granulated 5 15-16c; cubes 6 1-16c.

PORK—Dull; mess $11 50 to 12 00; extra prime $9 50 to 10 00.

BEEF—Steady; beef hams steady; cut meats unchanged.

LARD—Quiet; western steam 6 20 asked; city 5 75; refined quiet.

BUTTER—Quiet; creamery weak; state 15 to 25½.

MUST GO IT ALONE.

Supreme Court Declines to Interfere In

THE NEW HAMPSHIRE MUDDLE.

The Result Will Probably End in a Victory for the Republicans—A Hitch in the Felker Contested Election Case.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 7.—The proceedings in the petitions for mandamus and injunction against the clerk of the house of representatives came to a short stop at 4 p. m. yesterday, when, after a recess of half an hour after the conclusion of the arguments, the chief justice read from a slip of paper the simple announcement, "The three cases are dismissed for lack of jurisdiction; the court will take a recess until the adjourned term in March." The decision is supposed to have been unanimous, as no dissent was made, and Judge Carpenter, on being interrogated upon the subject, briefly said: "How would you expect any lawyer to decide such a question?"

The conclusion, "No jurisdiction," was anticipated by lawyers on both sides of the political fence, and can scarcely be said to have been unexpected generally. It would have been more surprising if the court had assumed jurisdiction, in view of its action in a previous case, when an attempt was made to revise the action of the senate. In view of Mr. Jewett's admissions on the stand there is no question but that the roll he will make up will contain the names of a substantial Republican majority, thus insuring to that party all the fruits of a political victory from governor and United States senator down.

The supreme court rendered a decree in the

Felker Contested Election Case,

directing the clerk of Somersworth to amend his return by making it compare with the moderator's declaration. That officer accidentally omitted to count ten Prohibition votes in his declaration, but the clerk subsequently notified the governor and council of the omission, and in the recount which followed they were discovered. The governor and council included them in their canvass and declared no choice in the district. Through the decree of the court the original declaration is made the basis and Felker gets a majority of two votes. But as the court neglected to specify which of two returns now in file is the return for them to consider, the governor and council declined to act, asked the opinion of the attorney general, and, being instructed to go ahead, are now awaiting further mandate from the court before issuing to Felker his certificate.

The election of Republican state officers being practically assured, for it is scarcely probable that there will be any second house organized as some have pretended to believe possible, or that any Republicans will commit political suicide by refusing to proceed with the choice of governor and state officers, the senatorship begins to loom up. Dr. Gallinger has formally opened headquarters, and Senator Blair is on the ground, while the stable is full of dark horses. The speakership fight may have a slight indication of tendencies, as Greene is considered in a sense as representing Gallinger. An attempt is being made to solidify Manchester on the speakership, which, if successful, may lead to its consolidation in the senatorial matter later, in which event her thirty-two votes would be potential.

The legislative caucuses of both parties, save the Democratic senatorial, met last evening. The Democrats of the house met in Chase's hall and were presided over by Harry Bingham. In addition to nominating a full set of officers it choose a committee of safety, which committee is to interview the clerk, Mr. Jewett, and to report later. This portends

A Contest of Some Sort

over the roll, in which the Democrats will endeavor to secure the putting on of the members from the classed towns and the rejection of "if entitled" members.

The Republican's house caucus nominated for speaker Frank G. Clarke of Peterboro. Hon. John McLane was nominated for president of the senate by the Republicans.

A meeting of the Democratic state committee was held, which was largely attended. The chairman, Hon. John P. Bartlett of Manchester, presided, and addresses were made by Mr. Bartlett, George W. Mann of Benton and Henry O. Kent of Lancaster, urging the Democrats to insist upon their constitutional rights in the legislature.

At a late hour last night the following communication was issued:

CONCORD, Jan. 6.

To Col. Frank C. Churchill, Chairman of Republican State Committe—The undersigned, counsel in the recent mandamus proceedings, recognizing the importance of an equality of representation in the house of representatives, which cannot be secured without some legislation, are of the opinion that the legislature, immediately after its organization, should pass a general bill making a just pro rating of representation to all the towns of the state having been less than 600 inhabitants.

To this end, having examined the statute recommended to the legislature by the committee on the revision of the statutes, which was prepared without regard to political considerations, we recommend the substantial enactment of its provisions in a general bill, to be at once introduced and speedily passed, which shall govern representatives in the present house and until a new census is taken.

(Signed) WILLIAM L. FOSTER,
DANIEL HALL,
FRANK S. STREETER,
FRANK N. PARSONS.

Should the legislature pass the apportionment bill recommended in this communication, it will include representatives from nineteen of the thirty-two pro rata towns, from which fourteen Democrats and five Republicans have been returned to the present legislature. Assuming that the bill passes and their names be added, the Republican majority in the house will be seventeen.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—Forecast for Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont and Massachusetts: Light snows; slightly colder; northwesterly winds.

For Rhode Island and Connecticut: Fair; colder; northwesterly winds.

Railroad Men Killed.

COSHOTON, O., Jan. 7.—A west-bound Pan Handle passenger train ran into two hand cars containing twenty-two of their workmen, killing two men and fatally injuring another.

MONTANA'S LEGISLATURE.

Trouble Over Organization Results in a Complete Deadlock—Silver Bow Again Furnishes a Source of Much Trouble.

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 6.—Yesterday was the day set apart for the meeting of the state legislature, and three bodies of men met in as many different places and organized three branches of the Montana legislature. In the senate it was all easy sailing, as the body stands ten Democrats and six Republicans. But the trouble over the ten members from Silver Bow county remains just as it did last year. Twenty-nine Republicans met in the Electric Light hall, when State Auditor Finney called the roll, in which he included the five Republican contestants from Silver Bow county. All the Democratic members of the house, including the five Democratic claimants from Silver Bow, met in another hall and organized by electing Harry Courley speaker, and a full list of officers. The Republican house also elected officers.

Just after noon the committee from the Democratic house waited on the senate and governor, with the information that the house of representatives had organized and were ready for business. Governor Toole and the senate each recognized this organization. In the afternoon the Republican house sent a message to the senate that it had organized and was ready for business. This message, by a vote of 10 to 6, was rejected, and the clerk was directed to make no note of it on his minutes.

As the matter stands now the deadlock is as complete as it was last year, when not a law was passed. As the Democrats have the senate and governor this year, where last year the senate was a tie, they rather have the best of it now; but if the matter goes to the supreme court, as it will undoubtedly do, if that body follows the precedent set last year, it will decide in favor of the legality of the Republican house. Some compromise may be made in a few days, which will end the deadlock. The governor's message will be delivered to-day.

THE CONCORD FIGHT.

Proceedings Opened Before the New Hampshire Supreme Court.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 6.—The supreme court resumed the consideration of the petitions for mandamus and injunction upon the clerk of the house of 1889-90, yesterday morning. Judge Bingham being absent, but almost immediately adjourned till 2 p. m. At that hour it reassembled and various evidence was put in and the argument begun. Edgar Aldrich of Littleton made the first argument for the Republicans, and was followed by Frank N. Parsons of Franklin, who represented six "if entitled" representatives, and contended that the court had no jurisdiction in the case. At the conclusion of his remarks the court took a recess till to-day, when arguments will be resumed. Messrs. Streeter, Foster and Hall being expected to speak for the clerk, and Mitchell and Branch for the petitioners.

WORKS RUN DOWN.

Dueber Watch Company of Ohio Forced to Make an Assignment.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 6.—The Dueber Watch company, whose works were formerly at Newport, Ky., but are now at Canton, O., and who have an office in Cincinnati, made an assignment in this city to Howard Douglass for the benefit of creditors. Nominal assets, $1,500,000; liabilities, including preferences, $450,000; preferred claims, securities to seven national banks, $252,000. The failure is attributed to stringency in the money market and embarrassment in consequence of business relations with the Hampden Watch company of Springfield, Mass. John C. Dueber, of the Dueber company, also made an individual assignment to Howard Douglass. Liabilities $252,000, chiefly indorsements for the Dueber Watch company; assets, $200,000 in real estate in Kentucky.

DIED LIKE A HERO.

A Doctor Accidentally Poisons Himself and Displays Wonderful Courage.

WINDSOR MILLS, Que., Jan. 6.—Dr. Tremblay died a most tragical death last night. In mistake for a preparation he had made as an expectorant to relieve asthma, he took a draught from a bottle of aconite. His own and another medical man's efforts to relieve him failed, and he went to the residence of Fr. Degnan, saying he was poisoned and desired to prepare for death. He quietly and composedly made his confession, received the sacraments and had his will drafted. He then returned to his home and in the most excruciating torture died in the presence of his young wife and three children.

Fraud Alleged.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—A judgment was procured by C. S. Boyd against Douglas Green and Arthur Bateman for $6015 some time ago. The judge at the time granted a sixty days' stay of execution to make a case on appeal. This stay was set aside yesterday on an affidavit of the plaintiff's lawyer, in which he states that he believes the assignment of the defendant, Bateman, was contemplated for some time, and some of his assets were converted into cash before the assignment and his real estate was conveyed to his wife. Bateman is about to leave the country and Boyd considered the assignment fraudulent.

A Villain's Neck in Danger.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Jan. 6.—William Reed, who recently abducted and assaulted a little girl named Mattie Hungerford, was arrested yesterday at Mannsville and brought here. A crowd of citizens was gathered at the depot, and the sheriff and his assistants had to draw their revolvers on the excited citizens to protect their prisoner from being lynched. The prisoner was hurried to the jail, where he is well guarded.

Oxen with Hydrophobia.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 6.—Three weeks ago a pair of valuable oxen owned by S. F. Sikes of Suffield were badly bitten by a mad dog. The oxen showed no effects until a few days since, when one of them began to act strangely and a perfect case of hydrophobia resulted. The animals went uncontrollably mad and it was with more or less trouble that they were killed.

The Big Mortgage Goes.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 6.—The $10,000,000 mortgage voted by the Pittsburg and Connellsville Railroad company, upon which that company's second consolidated mortgage bonds were issued, was declared by the supreme court to be valid.

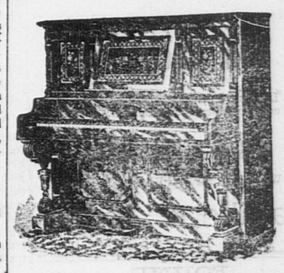
Twenty-Four Drowned.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—A dispatch from Palermo states that an unknown English vessel, wheat laden, has foundered on the Sicilian coast and that twenty-four of the persons aboard of her were drowned.

MORE BOYS WANTED
to sell the
QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.
See Prizes Offered.

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,
CARRIAGE, SIGN AND
ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.
SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING,
QUINCY AVENUE.
Nov. 13. 3 mos

"Little Monitor."
The Best School Shoe for Misses and Children.
Saville & Jones.

Pianos and Organs.

R. D. CHASE,
Durgin & Merrill's Block, - - Quincy.
Dec. 20. tf

THE ONLY PLACE IN QUINCY
To get the Famous
Lebanon Overalls and Jumpers
is at
SAVILLE & JONES'.

MORE BOYS WANTED
to sell the
QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.
See Prizes Offered.

N. CURTIS & CO.'S
Fine Shoes at
Saville & Jones'.

RISING SUN STOVE POLISH
FOR BEAUTY OF POLISH, SAVING LABOR, CLEANLINESS, DURABILITY & CHEAPNESS, UNEQUALLED. NO ODOR WHEN HEATED.

MISS C. S. HUBBARD

Bargains at Miss C. S. Hubbard's, 158 Hancock Street, Quincy. One Lot of Ladies' White Aprons, 25c. and 33c. Each.

158 Hancock St., Quincy. 158

Of Course

The Ladies would like a Rubber Shoe which will not break or slip at the heel. Try the

"B. & L. HOLDFAST."

We have all Widths and Sizes.

Saville & Jones.

FOUND.

FOUND,—Young Setter dog, Jan. 2d. Address MERRY MOUNT KENNELS, Wollaston Heights, Mass. Box 134. Jan. 6. 2t

WANTED.

WANTED,—Situation to do general housework by a Swedish girl. Address by letter (no postals) to "H. A. A.," Weymouth, Mass. Jan. 7—2t*

WANTED,—25 girls at John E. Drake & Co.s' shoe factory. Apply Wednesday morning. Quincy, Jan. 5—tf

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

WANTED,—A situation for general housework by a capable girl; can give good recommendations. Apply at 5 Wibird street. Quincy, Dec. 30. 7t*

TO LET.

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.

Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms.

Apply to HENRY H. FAXON. Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—A large unfurnished Room, suitable for doctor or lawyer. For further particulars enquire on the premises, of N. A. WILD, 58 Water street. Dec. 24—tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms To Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

FOR SALE CHEAP.

ONE Pair of Box Runners nearly new. Also one second-hand Pung in good repair. Apply to CHARLES L. PRESCOTT, North street. Quincy, Jan. 2. pltf

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately. Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD. Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

BLANKET LINED Canvas Jackets — AT — Saville & Jones'.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree
M. K Pratt,	Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 7.

High water at 8.00 A. M. and 8.45 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.14; Sets at 4.28.
Moon rises 4.02 A. M.
New Moon Jan. 10, 10.25 A. M.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

Gloucester aldermen have twenty standing committees; enough to swamp any city. The board is comprised of eight members and the mayor.

The endowment fund of the City Hospital received a generous donation Tuesday from Mr. Joseph W. Robertson. It is surprising how popular the institution is becoming among all classes.

According to the statement of the American, a very unhealthy condition of affairs exists at Lawrence. It says,

"The new government organized promptly; not in many years has there been so many attempts at combination, at truck-and-dicker between the adherents of various aspirants; votes for certain candidates were freely offered in exchange for like votes for other officers, to the scandalous disregard of the best interests of the city and the people."

It is an open secret that ex-Councilman W. W. Ewell will be the next Commissioner of Public Works, and we commend Mayor Fairbank's selection. It is an important offce, perhaps more so than that of Mayor, and a successful business man, and a Quincy man too, is needed. It is a position naturally by that whosoever filled would be subject to considerable criticism, but we believe Commissioner Ewell will give us a business administration, and please the people.

It seems to be the same in all cities outside of Boston that the law relative to clearing snow from sidewalks is a dead letter. The Lawrence American asks:

"What is the advantage I would like to know, of an ordinance requiring sidewalks to be cleared of snow, when no effort whatever seems to be made to compel the careless or indifferent to comply with its conditions? It is very poor comfort for a resident to carefully remove the snow from his own walks, while he is compelled to tramp through slush which his next door neighbor is permitted to leave on his own walk."

The candidacy of our townsman Mr. E. E. Williamson, for the Boston post mastership is receiving support from many newspapers. The South Boston Bulletin says:

"It is announced that Mr. E. E. Williamson is a candidate for the office of Post Master in this city. He is a man fully capable of performing the duties of the position, and he has done valiant service for the Republican party. His appointment would be such a recognition of the young, active and energetic portion of the party, as is needed at the present time, and as would strengthen the party in Massachusetts and therefore the administration. If there is no available Republican war veteran who is a candidate, President Harrison can find no more suitable person upon whom to bestow the office, than Mr. Williamson."

In the inaugural of Mayor Rantoul of Salem is found the following suggestion:

"The time can not be far off when it will be possible, either by purchasing gravel pits near street railway tracks now in existence, or through the laying of new tracks near some of our present sources of supply, to deliver cheap gravel, by a night transportation service, at many of the principal points where gravel can be advantageously used.

The cost of carting this bulky article by horse power for any considerable distance is so great as to be prohibitory. Whenever gravel can be placed cheaply in large masses upon our leading highways, some improvements will at once be possible which can now only be postponed. The solid filling of our end of Essex bridge as far as low water mark, a portion measuring one-third of the Salem side of the structure, will then become expedient and will result in a large saving in annual repairs. The renewal of the draw, an item of some magnitude, cannot long be delayed."

Mayor Coughlin, of Fall River, in his inaugural has the following concerning street lights which is in the line of Mayor Fairbanks' suggestions.

"If I am correctly informed we pay more for lighting our streets in Fall River than they do in other places. This ought not to be so. I believe that the time will come when the city will take the matter of lighting the streets into its own hands and secure the necessary plant for the purpose. The city ought to consider the advisability of such a plan unless we can secure more favorable terms from the parties who furnish the lights at present. There was appropriated last year $33,000 for this department. We have now 92 electric lights, and 33 more were ordered by the last government. On Dec. 1st, 1890, we had 386 gas lights, 269 kerosene lights, 77 naphtha lights and 226 globe gas lights. I need not insist upon the necessity of having the city well lighted for public convenience, to avoid accidents and to help the police in the proper discharge of their duties. The large increase in the number of lights last year, and the new demands which will have to be met this year, will probably require a larger appropriation for this department. It is therefore expedient that we should carefully examine into the cost of procuring lights for our streets before we have tied up our hands with contracts which will add new burdens upon the taxpayers. If the city can reduce the cost of lighting its streets by manufacturing its own lights, it should not delay in undertaking it."

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

Priscilla tonight.

Good sleighing again.

A little girl has been born to Mr. and Mrs. James Doucett of Atlantic.

The Atlantic Chemical Company held its regular meeting Tuesday evening.

The Social club holds its third assembly at Music hall, Atlantic, Friday evening.

Services are being held every evening this week at the Memorial church, Atlantic.

Miss Grace Parker has resumed her position as teacher in the Quincy school, Atlantic.

Parties from Jamaica Plains and Brockton, are expected at the Robertson House this evening.

A jolly sleigh party left South Quincy last evening for a good time, returning early in the morning.

The Merry Mount Yacht Club holds its annual meeting at the engine house, Atlantic, this evening.

The Shea & Williams combination appeared before a full house at Music hall, Atlantic, Tuesday evening.

A sleigh party of twenty from Brockton stopped at the Robertson house Tuesday evening, and had supper and a social dance.

Business at the Atlantic depot has increased so much that two carriages are now needed to accommodate the people who want to ride.

Miss M. A. Spear, formerly teacher in Willard school, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. J. Williams of this city, left Tuesday for West Chester, Pa.

The Brockton Enterprise says, Superintendent Reynolds of the East Side has accepted the position of general manager of the Boston-Quincy electric road. He will continue in his present position, as the Quincy office is for a short time only.

Tonight the comic opera "Priscilla, or the Pilgrims Proxy" will be given at Faxon hall by professional and local talent for the benefit of the City Hospital. The advance sale of seats both for tonight and Thursday and Friday has been large.

In our account of the Christmas festival at the West Quincy Methodist church last week we forgot to mention that Santa Claus presented Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Bearce with a doll baby as well as Rev. and Mrs. Lawford.

A watch and chain will be placed on exhibition in the window of C. B. Tilton's hardware store tonight, for the boy who brings in the most LEDGER coupons before March 1. The watch is a stem winder and a good time keeper.

The regular edition of the DAILY LEDGER tomorrow will contain the inaugural address of Governor Russell. As members of the American Press Association we are able to lay this document before Quincy readers in advance of the Boston dailies. Don't miss it.

The funeral of Mrs. Rufus Foster was held from her late residence on Chestnut street Tuesday afternoon, Rev. D. M. Wilson officiating, and was largely attended by her many friends and neighbors, who testified of her worth by a large number of floral pieces. The interment was at Mt. Wollaston cemetery.

TODAY'S COURT.

Michael Comfort, a tramp, was sent to the State farm at Bridwater for six months.

The Press Appreciated.

Mayor Douglas, of Brockton, in his valedictory extended his thanks to the members of the press, for their uniform courtesy and for the able manner in which the meetings of the Board of aldermen had been reported. Later, the aldermen adopted a vote of thanks to the press.

BUSSELL'S Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST., QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

LEADER WITHDRAWS

George A. Voorhees Out of the Contest.

Big Jump for Robert E. Foy of Pratt & Curtis'.

Miss Leary Also Makes a Good Gain in the 24 Hours.

Mr. George A. Voorhees is again the leader in the contest today, but only for today, as he has determined to withdraw. The following letter is self explanatory:

QUINCY, Jan. 7, 1891.

To the Editors of the Ledger:

I am aware that a feeling has arisen among the contestants in the popularity contest, who say I am not a wage earner. Possibly under your restrictions I am not, and not wishing to create any hard feelings either for you or me, I desire that my name shall be withdrawn from the list after today. I wish you success in the contest, and shall take pleasure in booming some worthy candidate.

GEORGE A. VOORHEES.

Therefore Mr. Voorhees name will be dropped tomorrow.

The total number of votes received in the 24 hours was 1732, of which number 570 were for Mr. Voorhees, 518 for Mr. Foy, 213 for Miss Leary, 161 for Mr. Tirrell, and several less than 100

Mr. Foy is now a promising candidate, jumping from tenth position to number four. He is backed by the Clerk's Association of which he is president, and will make the leaders hustle.

On and after Monday, those having but one vote will be dropped from the contest, but their record will be kept and should they receive more than one they will again appear in the list.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today.

Name	Employed at	Vote
Geo. A. Voorhees,	Electric light works	1170
Miss Leary,	S. B. Little's	817
Henry W. Tirrell,	John Page's	652
Robert E. Foy,	Pratt & Curtis	546
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's	229
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's	203
Miss McGovern,	Gas Light Co.	150
Frank W. Munroe,	J. F. Merrill's	115
Galen V. Bowditch,	E. Packard & Co.'s	84
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's	81
Miss McPhail,	J. F. Sheppard & Sons	53
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's	49
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's	41
J. H. Webb,	T. A. Whicher & Co.,	38
W. H. Welch,	John E. Drake's	20
Miss Agnes Kelley,	Clapp Bros	13
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's	13
Henry L. Jones,	E. E. Fellows'	6
Edward Preston,	Boynton & Russell	5
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's	5
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	5
Frank W. Folsom,	Miller & Luce's	5
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's	4
W. Brooks,	A. G. Durgin	4
E. W. Emery,	A. G. Durgin's	3
Robert McLean,	Quincy One Price	3
Mary G. Dunn,	D. Bamford's	3
James Cuffe,	French's stable	3
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's	3
Henry A. Willey,	McDonnell & Sons	3
James M. Dunbar,	Strong & Carroll's, Weymouth	3
Miss Litchfield,	C. B. Tilton's	3
Frank Perkins,	C. W. Guy's	2
Wendell T. Dizer,	M. T. Dizer & Co., Weymouth	2
Miss Golden,	Advertiser office	2
Miss Mundy,	Advertiser office	2
George Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones	1
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's	1
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's	1
Frank Revere,	John Hall's	1
Miss Nightingale,	Clapp Bros	1
James Dowd,	D. F. French's	1
W. Nightingale,	T. E. Furnald's	1
Henry Emerson,	James R. Wild's	1
W. F. Pratt,	Old Colony railroad	1

Newsboys Prizes.

Newsboys starting from the LEDGER office on Monday sold over 1000 copies, of which number 350 were by Charles Walsh and 325 by Robert McAuliffe.

The summary below includes four days' sales made by boys starting from the LEDGER office, and does not include sales to agents or by their boys, or at retail or wholesale at office:

The summary below does not include sales by boys sent out by agents,

Charles Walsh,	779
Robert McAuliffe,	399
Fred Bavin	180
Eddie Heffernan,	132
Charles Carter,	126
James Giles,	122
Henry Rhines	95
Willie Esson,	85
John Dackers,	80
Chris McAuliffe,	80
John Murphy,	45
Patrick Murphy	37
Frank Walsh,	36
Charles Baxter,	36
Gilbert Bavin,	31
Myron Wilber	30
John Anderson	25
Arthur Pinel,	24
Albert Belliven	20
Gardner Willey	16
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Warren Cameron	10
Frank McGrath	7

Is it Progress?

To the Editors Daily Ledger.

Quincy is a city. Within the last two years she has become permanently cosmopolitan. All the old associations growing out of the annual town meeting have suddenly disappeared. How soon the old phrases and incidents of town life are gone and forgotten; only those of the older class of residents remember the nature and character of the topics that interested the citizen of twenty years ago.

There was a social fellowship existing then between the people of different parts and localities of the town, as well as between immediate neighbors, growing out of the acquaintance formed at the yearly town meetings. These associations are rapidly disappearing and new people, new ideas, and new elements of public and private life, confront us, as on every hand. The new residents, who now form a great part of our entire population, know nothing of Quincy as it was but only a few years ago, and the old inhabitant rarely speaks of old affairs to his new found friend; the busy whirl of new events furnishing quite enough for present discussion.

How many can tell you the pleasure of an old fashioned town meeting, with Mr. Thompson Baxter, Mr. Cudworth, and Mr. Dewing for orators; and later, with Mr. Faxon fighting the rum element. What fun! What a yearly blowout; when reputations were assailed and ventilated, and the individual character and standing blackened and whitewashed in the same breath.

How many can tell you the number of consecutive years Mr. Adams acted as moderator, or how often he said "Mr. Faxon you sit down," and how Mr. Faxon wouldn't sit worth a cent! and a thousand other occurrances creating a roar of laughter.

How many can inform you of that meeting when Mr. Blank was obliged to give it up, and Mr. Adams called to the platform to try his luck at the business? The warrant was completed, the articles acted upon, but perhaps with a rapidity that left no time for much reflection; but the Moderator knew about what should be done, and it is probable the advantage was in the town's favor.

No harm was intended by any of the participants. The difficulty was, we were abundantly supplied with orators. All the incidents connected with these scenes are now gone and forgotten. No more town meetings, no more oratory; orators gone, or out of practice; all changed. You don't know one person in ten you meet on the road; all look alike.

Well, call it progress if you like. Are you better contented? are you happier for the change? A town government is said to be the best for a body of twenty thousand souls—that the centuries have handed down to mankind. Does anybody find any public or private want better supplied by the change? We are glad to see our new citizen and neighbor, but we find he brings his wants with him; and if taxation changes, it must advance; and new acquirements and alterations must be paid for; and eventually real property must pay the tax. And now is our city governed as it should be?

A mayor and six councilmen, what say you to that? Quite enough to do all our business. Although they serve without pay, each has his way of doing business, and his pet scheme. It is variety that costs, and already experience shows us that each individual member must be provided for, or there is a row in the council chamber. There are many wants to be supplied,—a thousand dollars goes but a little way. "There are too many holes in the skimmer."

It is not every man that can govern a city, be it ever so small; experience and sound judgment are daily put to the test, and woe to him whose backbone is weak! The selectmen of our old town knew that.

The best selectman Quincy ever elected was threescore and ten when last he served; and the work of that year which he directed was visible to the most casual observer; and although a resident of the south district in his earlier years, he contributed the skill and labor that gives to Quincy the beauty and grandeur we behold today; and the noble elms with their spreading limbs and abundant and refreshing shade in midsummer are the living reminders of his untiring labors and unselfish generosity.

May the members of our city's future government be possessed of the wisdom necessary to conduct us safely over the pitfalls of dissolution and strife, and save us from what is more to be dreaded, the terrors of an unjust and overburdened taxation. J. E. TIRRELL.

Jan. 4, 1891.

Books and Magazines.

The need of every household for a magazine that has a tendency to lighten its labor and increase its comfort, would seem too plain to admit of doubt. Such a magazine is Table Talk—bright, facetious, sensible. The January number is before us, and is the initial of the sixth volume. Cookery is not such an abstruse science that ordinary intelligence may not fathom it. Published at 1617 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The American Agriculturist makes a new departure in its January number. It presents the first of the symposiums on "Living issues of the day as they effect agriculture," being striking lessons of the present farmers movement as viewed by nine eminent specialists.

—The annual session of the grand encampment of Massachusetts, I. O. O. F., will be held at Odd Fellows' Hall, Boston, Wednesday, Feb. 11, and the semi-annual session of the grand lodge will be held the following day, Thursday, Feb. 12.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another installment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list includes all whose surname begins with "Ra."

WARD ONE.

To Whom Taxed.	Value.	Tax.
Randall, John C. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	$4,000	
Horse and carriages,	400	61 84

WARD TWO.

Raleigh, Thomas. Stock in trade,	300	
Derrick,	200	6 80
Randlett, Mrs. Nancy H. House on Chubbuck street,	500	
Land, 49,960 feet,	1,600	28 56
Raycroft, Richard. Horse and carriage,	250	
House on Chubbuck street,	900	
Stable,	800	
Land, 6 acres,	2,400	61 16

WARD THREE.

Rain, Samuel. Land on Arthur street,	250	3 40
Ratti, Charles. Stock in trade,	100	
Store on Franklin street,	100	2 72

WARD FOUR.

Randlett, Josiah. House on Willard street,	1,500	
Barn,	200	
Land, 2 34-100 acres,	2,400	57 76

WARD FIVE.

Randall, John C. Land in section 2, 17,500 feet,	1,000	
Land in section 6, 13,632 feet,	700	23 12
Ray, Jessie M. House on Farrington street,	1,500	
Land, 5,000 feet,	250	23 80

WARD SIX.

Radley, Thomas. Half house,	200	
Land, one-eighth acre,	100	6 08
Ramsdell, Elias. Money,	500	
Personal mortgage,	100	
Horse,	100	
House and store on Hancock street,	2,000	
Stable building,	400	
Land, three-fourths acre,	1,500	
House on Hancock street,	800	
Land, one-fourth acre,	300	
House on Oak street,	1,700	
Barn,	300	
Land, one-half acre,	1,000	120 32
Ramsdell, John P. F. Horse and carriage,	200	4 72
Ramsdell, Mrs. Mabel. House on Billings street,	2,000	
Land, 9,000 feet,	550	34 68
Ramsdell, Samuel D. House on Billings street,	2,500	
Stable,	300	
Land, 20,166 feet,	1,200	
House on Walnut street,	800	
House on Walnut street,	500	
Stable,	100	
House on Walnut street,	500	
Land, 1 1-2 acres,	1,200	
House off Hancock street,	300	
House on Walnut street,	500	
Land, one-fourth acre,	200	112 16
Rayner, Jesse. Land on Atlantic street, 11,583 feet,	700	9 52

CORSETS

Hosiery and Underwear, — AT — Reduced Prices.

We are ready to give you Great Bargains in all kinds of WINTER GOODS.

1 Lot Ladies' Gray mixed, ribbed Top Hose, worth 50c., 3 pair for $1.00.

1 Lot Children's Black all-wool for 19c.

Children's Gray Mixed, Scarlet Underwear.

We have a large of Ladies' and Children's Hoods which we shall sell at greatly reduced prices. Also Skirts in all kinds and sizes.

We have just received a lot of Cotton-Flannel Wrappers, all sizes, which we shall sell at $2.00. Ask to see them.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co., Adams Building, Quincy.

H. T. Whitman, CIVIL ENGINEER — AND — SURVEYOR, ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

Hours, 8 to 10 A. M.

Boston Office, - - 85 Devonshire St.

Hours, 12 to 2 P. M.

N. B. Plans of nearly all the Real Estate in the City of Quincy can be found at my offices.

May 28. d3:&w—tf

$1.50

Will buy a FIRST-CLASS

Working Shoe at Saville & Jones'.

Den Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.

Boston, Nov. 5. tf

r.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Baking Powder

TELY PURE

ABLE PROPERTY.

he list of taxable property of the city, a certain blished in each issue, so that the total of a rds may be computed by interested parties. of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. gins with "Ra."

D ONE.

	Value.	Tax.
and income,	$4,000	
	400	61 84

D TWO.

	300	
	200	6 80
hbuck street,	500	
	1,600	28 56
	250	
	900	
	800	
	2,400	61 16

THREE.

	250	3 40
	100	
	100	2 72

D FOUR.

eet,	1,500	
	200	
	2,400	57 76

D FIVE.

500 feet,	1,000	
	700	23 12
eet,	1,500	
	250	23 80

D SIX.

	200	
	100	6 08
	500	
	100	
	100	
t,	2,000	
	400	
	1,500	
	800	
	300	
	1,700	
	300	
	1,000	120 32
e,	200	4 72
s street,	2,000	
	550	34 68
street,	2,500	
	300	
	1,200	
	800	
	500	
	100	
	500	
	1,200	
	300	
	500	
	200	112 16
11,583 feet,	700	9 52

H. T. Whitman,
CIVIL ENGINEER
—AND—
SURVEYOR,
ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.
Hours, 8 to 10 A. M.
Boston Office, - - 85 Devonshire St.
Hours, 12 to 2 P. M.
N. B. Plans of nearly all the Real Estate in the City of Quincy can be found at my offices.
May 28. d3:&w—tf

$1.50
Will buy a FIRST-CLASS
Working Shoe
at
Saville & Jones'.

Den Indianska Doctoren Svenska.
Consultation Free in Boston.
THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will ve consultation the rest of the winter at is city office, 24 West Dedham street, Bos- n. He also treats by letter.
Boston, Nov. 5. tf

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 7. QUINCY, MASS., THURSDAY, JANUARY 8, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our

Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel.

PRATT & CURTIS,
25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

Bargains in Every Department.

SUITS and OVERCOATS
—AT—
LOWEST PRICES!

QUINCY
One Price Clothing Company.
DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

Mark Down!
—OF—
STATIONERY.

Our Fine Stationery, consisting of Boston Bond, Boston Linen, Bunker Hill Linen, Boston Bank Linen, Patchwork, Basket, and all other fine Paper the price of which has always been

20 and 25 Cents per Quire,

I will now give you your choice for

10 Cents per Quire, and
10 Cents per Bunch of Envelopes.

All packed in the Window in plain sight.

OUR MOTTO:
"RELIABILITY."

A. G. DURGIN'S
FAMILY MEDICINE & PRESCRIPTION STORE.
HANCOCK ST., QUINCY, MASS.

"RELIABILITY."
OUR MOTTO.

"PRISCILLA."

A Rich Treat at Faxon Hall.

One of the Best of the Light Comic Operas.

A Large and Appreciative Audience—Two Nights More.

One of the very best entertainments ever given in this city, was the grand production last evening at Faxon hall of Coolidge & Surette's comic opera "Priscilla, or the Pilgrim's proxy." The cast was largely local, as will be seen in our advertising columns, but there were the following professionals:

Mrs. Alice May Bates Rice, as Priscilla.
Miss Augusta Bates, as Resignation.
Mr. J. C. Bartlett, as John Alden.
Mr. W. H. Dodd, in the Comic Role of Hatebad Higgins.

Mr. C. E. Macomber of Boston was director, Mr. W. H. Dodd stage manager and Prof. F. Wrigley of this city pianist.

The story of the "Courtship of Myles Standish" by Longfellow is too well known to be rehearsed at this time. The opera was first brought out in Concord, the place of residence of the author and the composer, and it carried the town by storm. The music has received the warmest praise from the leading musical critics of New England.

We cannot better outline it than by using the words of the programme: The whole is a very musicianly piece of work, and some of the numbers possess a much higher degree of merit than is usually reached by composers of comic opera. Mr. Coolidge's dialogue is in verse, and its humor throughout is delicious. It is burlesque without a shadow of coarseness, and the mosaic of fun and sentiment is so deftly put together that a very harmonious picture is the result. The historical personages who figure in the opera are the doughty Myles Standish, the bashful and obliging John Alden, the dignified William Bradford, Governor of the colony, and the roguishly demure Priscilla. Squanto, the Indian friend of the colonists, and Barbara, whom Standish eventually married, also appear.

The more strictly comic work is given to fictitious characters, among whom are Resignation, a susceptible, middle-aged spinster, and Hatebad Higgins, agent of the "Mayflower," and president of the Ancestral Relic and Antiquated Heirloom Co., limited. This latter worthy is a combination of austere hypocricy and modern Yankee enterprise, and his various money-making schemes, his comical love-making scenes with the coy Resignation, and his unsuccessful attempts to carve up Plymouth Rock to sell for relics, afford much merriment.

If any part more than another pleased as it was Mr. W. H. Dodd as Hatebad Higgins; his makeup, acting and singing were all excellent, and one selection was encored five or six times.

Mrs. Bates-Rice as Priscilla acted her part well and captivated the audience with her singing.

Mr. Bartlett as John Alden and Dr. Rice as Myles Standish were seemingly perfect, and their costumes were very appropriate. Their musical numbers received encores.

Miss Bates as Resignation was a true spinster, and was particularly good in the scene where Hatebad was wooing her.

Mr. Preston as Governor Bradford was excellent, and his solos were much admired.

Mrs. Packard as Barbara, Miss Pettengill as Prudence, and Miss Hastings as Faith, carried their parts finely.

Mr. Simmons made a good Squanto.

The chorus was composed of about thirty-five young ladies and gentlemen of the city, and had evidently been well trained. It was strong and clear and added much to the effect.

Our criticisms are all favorable it will be noticed, but they could not honestly be otherwise. Many who witnessed the production last evening will undoubtedly want to see it again tonight or tomorrow night.

The Watch.

Two valuable watches have been selected for the prize in the popularity contest from the large stock of T. L. Williams. One a lady's watch to be given if the winner is a lady, and the other a gentleman's watch to be given in case a gentleman leads. Both are valued at over $50 and are now on exhibition at Mr. Williams. Here is a brief description of them:

Lady's watch is solid 14k case, Waltham movement, full jeweled, adjusted to heat and cold, stem winder, pendant set and has patent regulator.

The Gentleman's watch is solid 14k case, Waltham movement, full jeweled, adjusted, stem-winder, pendant set, patent regulator, the very latest thing out.

FORESTERS' BALL.

Some Eighty Couples in the Grand March—A Pleasing Concert.

The tenth annual concert and ball of St. Francis Court, No. 25, M. C. O. F., held Wednesday evening, at the Coliseum, was a complete success and was attended by a large party who danced the merry hours away to the music of Vose's Band of Medway. From 8 to 9 o'clock the orchestra gave the following selections:

1. Overture, "Castle Gate," Schlepegrell
2. Gavotte, "Etta," Roermeester
3. Selection, "Fair Dove," Schlepegrell
4. Waltz, "Madeline," Waldtenfel
5. Galop, "Entre Nous," Rowell

Then came the grand march which was led by John Vogel, Chief Ranger, and wife, followed by some eighty couples, many of the ladies' costumes being very handsome, but want of space forbids description.

The floor was in charge of John Vogel, C. R., assisted by D. F. Geary, V. C. R.; J. L. Fennessey, R. S.; C. C. Hearn, F. S. and the following aids: A. S. Vogel, P. F. Farrel, M. F. Riley, S. A. Pierce, L. J. Downey, D. H. Fitzgerald, P. W. Mannex, R. J. Larkin, J. A. White, John Ballou, T. H. O'Brien, M. W. Mitchell, J. L. Heaney, W. R. Warner, J. J. Callahan, P. T. Fallon, W. E. Brown, J. E. Hart, M. Daley, W. F. Donaher and M. J. Carey.

The committee of arrangements were: John Vogel chairman, Adam S. Vogel, Jas. A. White, S. A. Pierce, R. J. Larkin, D. H. Fitzgerald, P. W. Mannex, D. F. Geary, and C. C. Hearn.

The reception committee consisted of J. M. Sheahan, M. D., Chairman, John F. Cole, John Hussey, T. J. Foley, T. F. Mannex, John Cashman, Edwin McDevitt, James F. Desmond, M. Owens, J. C. Pendis, J. J. Doyle, T. J. Lamb, Al. Reinhalter, P. J. Cahill, John O'Leory, J. F, Berry, D. M. Farrel, M. F. O'Brien, J. C. Barry, J. M. Keenan, Bart Rooney, D. A. Boyd, B. O'Reilly, P. J. Cray, J. J. Fineran. Francis Walsh, Jeremiah Lyons, T. H. Shortle, J. R. O'Neil, J. F. Burke, J. H. McGovern, Bern. Donaher, M. J. Galvin.

During a short intermission in the festivities, Caterer Nash served a supper in the upper hall.

Among those noticed in the hall was Representative Burke, Councilman Powers, ex-Councilman Shea and others.

In Other Cities.

Voters have decided that licenses may be granted in Fitchburg. The population makes the limit twenty-two but Mayor Graves asks the aldermen to restrict the number to 6.

Brockton increased her debt $103,405 during 1890.

Salem has no city auditor, and Mayor Rantoul discourages the establishment of the office. He does, however, favor a superintendent of schools.

In Lowell the council and in Lynn the aldermen are equally divided between the two parties, and there were deadlocks over the election of presidents.

Mayor Mayberry, of Waltham, is the son of Dr. Edwin Mayberry, of Weymouth and is but 31 years old.

Waltham's "net ordinary funded debt" is $258,413.02, and the city is within 64,706.99, of its borrowing capacity. The amount that can be raised this year for city purposes is $168,337.61.

In Mayor Keith's inaugural is found the following concerning Brockton's street department:

This department has not been an idle one during the past year, it having disbursed some $85,000. More than nine thousand feet of edgestones have been placed, and thirty-one street crossings have been laid, beside crossings at all intersecting streets with Main street from Forest avenue to South street. The report shows that seventy-six streets have received the attention of this department, and the expenditure of sums varying from $4 to $31,000; that 1500 tons of stone crushings have been used, and is supplemented by a suggestion that the paving of Main street be extended north to Ford street and south from Clifton avenue to the West Bridgewater line, and a recommendation that the appropriation for 1891 be at least $50,000 to be divided as follows, to wit:

For paving,	$15,000
For edgestones,	6,000
For new streets,	5,000
For general repairs,	18,000
For macadamizing,	6,000

Good For Brockton.

The net revenue of the Brockton post office is in excess of the total expenses. In other words the gross receipts were $35,559.00 and the total expenses $17,554.42. Congressman Morse succeeded Wednesday in getting the House public building committee to report favorable a bill for a $75,000, public building.

Mayor Bean of Woburn finds that the sum that that city can lawfully expend the current year for city expenses, is but $104,581. The valuation of the city is $8,918,306. Our twin city is, as the Mayor expresses it, relatively speaking, a poor city. The wonder to Quincy is, how Woburn can get along with that small amount.

—Petitions have been received at the office of the grand secretary of the Odd Fellows for new subordinate lodges at Holliston, Ware and Monson; new Rebekah lodges at Malden, East Weymouth and Webster, and a new encampment at Quincy.

MISS LEARY TODAY.

Miss McGovern Makes the Largest Gain.

Big Increases for Messrs. Bowditch, Tirrell and Field.

Charles Walsh Leads the Newsboys with over 1000 in Five Days.

Miss Leary again heads the list, but has not yet as many votes to her credit as Mr. Voorhees when he withdrew. Mr. Voorhees' name does not appear today, and none of his votes will be transferred to any one else. He informs the vote counter that he will boom some other candidate, and desires all friends who had saved votes for him to forward the coupons to him just the same. He is determined now that the watch shall not go to West Quincy. Look out for a dark horse.

The largest number of votes received for any one person today was 337 for Miss McGovern; Galen was next with 138; Mr. Tirrell had 127, Mr. Field 126, and Miss Leary 124.

On and after Monday, those having but one vote will be dropped from the contest, but their record will be kept and should they receive more than one they will again appear in the list.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today.

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss Leary, S. B. Little's		941
Henry W. Tirrell, John Page's		779
Robert E. Foy, Pratt & Curtis		555
Miss McGovern, Gas Light Co		487
George F. Field, Weeks & Potter's		355
Galen V. Bowditch, E. Packard & Co.'s		222
Fred Goss, John W. Nash's		203
Frank W. Munroe, J. F. Merrill's		115
George E. Sanborn, J. F. Merrill's		81
Miss McPhail, J. F. Sheppard & Sons		61
David Morris, Frank Brewer's		59
John W. Walsh, J. W. Lombard's		41
J. H. Webb, T. A. Whicher & Co.,		38
Chas. W. Purdy, G. T. Laing's		33
Miss Agnes Kelley, Clapp Bros?		30
Frank Hatch, Thomas Gurney's		9
E. W. Emery, A. G. Durgin's		8
Henry L. Jones, E. E. Fellows'		6
Miss Cahill, W. H. Doble's		5
John T. Bates, W. H. Doble's		5
Mary G. Drumm, D. Bamford's		5
Edward Preston, Boynton & Russell		5
William Westland, C. B. Tilton's		5
D. W. Osborne, Timberlake & Small's		5
Frank W. Folsom, Miller & Luce's		5
John Bradley, John H. Dinegan's		4
W. Brooks, A. G. Durgin		4
Robert McLean, Quincy One Price		3
James Cuffe, French's stable		3
Henry A. Willey, McDonnell & Sons		3
James M. Dunbar, Strong & Carroll's, Weymouth		3
Miss Litchfield, C. B. Tilton's		3
Frank Perkins, C. W. Guy's		2
Wendell T. Dizer, M. T. Dizer & Co., Weymouth		2
Miss Golden, Advertiser office		2
Miss Mundy, Advertiser office		2
J. P. Newcomb, at Murdoch's		1
A. D. F. Hall, E. E. Hall & Co.'s		1
Thos. Davenport, C. F. Pettengill's		1
George Shirley, McGilvray & Jones		1
William Caldwell, Edward Russell's		1
Timothy Ford, Thomas & Miller's		1
Frank Revere, John Hall's		1
James Dowd, D. F. French's		1
W. Nightingale, T. E. Furnald's		1
Henry Emerson, James R. Wild's		1
W. F. Pratt, Old Colony railroad		1

Newsboys Prizes.

Charles Walsh continues to increase his lead for the gold prizes. He intends not only to get the first prize of $10, but also to sell 5000 copies and get an extra $5.

Robert McAuliffe is a good second, and may show up later for the first prize.

The summary below includes five days' sales made by boys starting from the LEDGER office, and does not include sales to agents or by their boys, or at retail or wholesale at office:

Charles Walsh,	1079
Robert McAuliffe,	449
Fred Bavin	265
Eddie Heffernan,	172
James Giles,	172
Charles Carter,	126
Henry Rhines	125
Willie Esson,	110
John Dackers,	110
Chris McAuliffe,	110
Myron Wilber	54
John Murphy,	50
Patrick Murphy	48
Charles Baxter,	46
Arthur Pinel,	37
Frank Walsh,	36
Gardner Willey	36
John Anderson	35
Gilbert Bavin,	31
Albert Belliven	27
William McDonnell	20
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Warren Cameron	15
Frank McGrath	7
John Westland	5
Willie Westland	5

FAXON HALL, - QUINCY,

TONIGHT!

AND TOMORROW EVENING.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

QUINCY CITY HOSPITAL,

GRAND PRODUCTION

OF COOLIDGE AND SURETTE'S

Comic Opera,

PRISCILLA,

OR THE

PILGRIM'S PROXY,

Great Cast! Fine Chorus!
Elaborate Appointments!

CAST OF CHARACTERS.

PRISCILLA, the Pretty Pilgrim.....MRS. ALICE MAY BATES RICE
RESIGNATION, a Middle-aged Spinster.....MISS AUGUSTA BATES
BARBARA.....MRS. W. M. PACKARD
FAITH.....MISS MAY V. HASTINGS
PRUDENCE.....MISS GRACE PETTENGILL
MYLES STANDISH, the Doughty Captain.....DR. GEORGE B. RICE
JOHN ALDEN, the Friend in Need.....MR. J. C. BARTLETT
WILLIAM BRADFORD, Governor of New Plymouth....MR. EDWARD PRESTON
HATEBAD HIGGINS, Agent of the Good Ship Mayflower, and President of "Ancestral Relick and Antiquated Heirloom Co., limited"....MR. W. H. DODD
SQUANTO, a Reformed Red Man.....MR. EVERETT SIMMONS

ACT. I. Leyden street, Plymouth.
ACT. II. Exterior of Priscilla's Cottage, and view of Plymouth harbor, period about 1623.

Correct Costumes by Raymond.
Special Scenery by Story.
Wigs and Makeups by Rothe.

Director, - - - - - C. E. MACOMBER of Boston.
Stage Manager, - - - - W. H. DODD of Boston.

☞ Opening sale of Tickets at Durgin's Drug Store, Dec. 29th, at 10 A. M.

Quincy, Dec. 27. p,2w—1,29th,6t

TWO BIG BARGAINS.

Men's "All-wool" Scarlet SHIRTS AND DRAWERS REDUCED FROM $1.00 to 75 cts.

Children's "All-wool" VESTS AND PANTS, Sizes from 20 to 32, Any Size at Only 59 cents.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.,
ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

BEST YET!

Christians' Flour, $7 per Bbl.
Corrugated " $7 "
Extra Quality Tea (Oolong, Japan or English Breakfast,) 50c. lb.

We believe the above brands of Flour are the Best that are sold in this market.

We also believe that our 50 cent Tea is the Best sold for the money in New England.

In order to extend our sales in these Specialties, we make the following offer for a limited time only: To every Customer buying a barrel of either Flour, we will present a pound of Tea, and deliver free in any part of Quincy or adjoining towns. Positively no discount will be made on either the Flour or the Tea purchased separately. Orders by mail or telephone will be sent on day order is received.

J. F. Merrill,
Boston Branch Grocery.
Quincy, Jan. 3. 6t

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will re eive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive an Easy Chair or Gold Watch.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sa'es.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period can have his choice between a richly upholstered easy chair worth $25,or a gold watch valued at $50. These will soon be purchased and put on exhibition in some prominent place.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy,

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde.	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

THE INAUGURAL.

Governor Russell's First Address.

HIS DEPARTURE FROM AN OLD USAGE.

He Comments on Growing Evils—Legislation Should Be for the People's Interests—Reforms Suggested in Regard to Suffrage and Election Laws—The Ballot Law—Corrupt Influence of the Lobby—Special Legislation — Administrative and Executive Work—Education, Labor Legislation—Apportionment of Congressional Districts—Other Matters.

GENTLEMEN OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:

Entrusted by the people of the commonwealth with the management of its affairs of the current year, we meet to-day to begin this responsible and honorable duty.

A usage long established requires me at this time to submit to the two branches of the legislature suggestions and recommendations that seem to need their consideration and action. It has been usual in such a message briefly to consider the finances of the commonwealth, the condition of the various departments, their wishes and needs. Necessarily this information is gathered from official reports, all of which are submitted to your consideration. As I can have but little trustworthy knowledge of these reports, it seems to me useless and perfunctory to anticipate your careful review of them by stating briefly what they state at length, or by repeating their recommendations.

Especially is this true when other matters quite as important, and once more fundamental, demand your attention. I therefore depart from this usage with full confidence that will give to the reports and recommendations of the departments the careful consideration to which they are entitled, as the best thought of experienced officials upon subjects with which they are familiar. As experience gives me a more full and accurate knowledge of the work and condition of the departments, I may hereafter call your attention to clauses and reforms that may be advisable.

The Constitution of Massachusetts declares: "Government is instituted for the common good; for the protection, safety, prosperity and happiness of the people, and not for the profit or private interest of any one man, family or class of men. Therefore the people alone have an incontestable, inalienable and indefensible right to institute government; and to reform, alter, or totally change the same, when their protection, safety, prosperity and happiness require it."

This declared purpose of government and power over it guaranteed to the people make it the imperative duty of their chosen representatives, as their trusted servants, to keep it ever true to their interests, to watch for the expression of their will, and when ascertained implicitly to obey it. Rarely is such expression directly made in an election or with a partisan voice. Yet by petitions, public meetings, the public press, and other signs, there is unerring evidence of their will as to the policy of their government. A political revolution may then give emphasis to their discontent, weight to their criticism, and be their mandate, not for partisan legislation, but for heed to their wish. Massachusetts, with her sturdy, intelligent, patriotic people, jealous of their rights and courageous in defending them, has many a time been the fruitful field of agitations meant to be the forerunner of law, and successful in their purpose. This has justly made her a leader in the sisterhood of states. Here have been great agitations for human rights, for upholding the nation in important crises, for reforms that insure purity and independence in elections, efficiency and unselfishness in administration, for retrenchment and economy in state expenditure, for wise and progressive labor legislation, and for other objects, where the voice of the people was heard as distinctly and followed as faithfully as if they had directly passed upon these questions. There was no need of a poll to know the popular will.

Judged by such signs of the people's thought and wish as have controlled in the past, I ask you to consider whether there is not within our commonweath and throughout the country a profound and just feeling that there is a growing tendency to divert legislation and government from their true purpose, and to surrender their control to selfish interest and selfish objects, rather than to use them "for the common good;" whether there is not also with this feeling an earnest demand for some changes and reforms, within your power to grant, that will check this tendency and keep their government well within the control of the people, to the end that all law may be the free and full expression of the people's will, and its administration just, pure and honest.

With a strong conviction that such demand exists, that it is just and should be heeded, I submit to your consideration suggestions for legislation in this direction. They are based upon a firm belief that people can safely be trusted with political power; that legislation should be for their interest, and never controlled against their interest, and that their government, so far as possible, should be made directly and immediately responsible to them. Many of these suggestions deal with matters that have been considered without partisan bias by your predecessors and by the people generally. They are submitted in no partisan spirit, and will be considered by you, I am confident, with the single purpose of faithfully serving the public interests.

As a first and fundamental change necessary to accomplish the reforms suggested, I call your attention to a restriction upon the suffrage, which is based upon a mistrust of the people, is unjust in principle, injurious and corrupting in practice, and which leaves this great primal right of freedom without proper constitutional guaranty, and subject to be controlled, obstructed, and possibly defeated, by legislative action. Massachusetts, almost alone of the states of the Union, requires the payment of a tax as a qualification for voting. Besides certain conditions as to age, sex, residence and education, our Constitution also prescribes, to qualify a voter in any election, the payment of "any state or county tax which shall within two years next preceding such election have been assessed upon him in any town or district in this commonwealth." There is excepted from this provision "every citizen who shall be by law exempted from taxation."

Whether or not there shall be any state or county tax, and upon what such tax shall be laid, whether upon polls or property, are matters within the control of the legislature. When laid, the assessment of the tax upon the citizen requiries the action of the local board of assessors. The failure of either body to act means the disfranchisement of voters. Thus the suffrage, the very foundation of republican institutions, instead of being protected by constitutional guaranty, is left to the discretion of the legislature, and is dependent upon its annual action. There have been years in the past when no state tax was required or laid. It may be that other sources of revenue will make it unnecessary at some time in the future to lay either a state or county tax. It is possible that in such a case there would be a wholesale disfranchisement. Judicial interpretation has declared: "It (the Constitution) confines the power, therefore, in terms to those who shall have paid some tax assessed within a short period preceding the election, and for the sake of exactness fixes that period at two years.

"If, therefore, the persons in question have been exempted for two entire years, either by being omitted in the assessment or by the abatement of the tax by the assessors, such persons are excluded by the plain terms and manifest intent of the Constitution." By statute law, within the power of any legislature to change or repeal, a portion of the state and county tax is assessed upon polls; otherwise all except the owners of taxable property would be disfranchised. By statute, too, the person assessed may have the state and county tax separated from the town tax; otherwise he must pay more than the Constitution requires, or be disfranchised. By statute, too, no poll tax can be abated within the year in which it is assessed; otherwise the power to disfranchise every person who pays only a poll tax rests absolutely with a local board, and abating taxes would be a convenient way of abating voters. So it has become necessary by statutes to lay a tax, to separate the tax on polls from the tax on property, to forbid its abatement—that the sacred right of suffrage may be preserved to the freemen of Massachusetts.

To repeal any of these statutes in any year puts in jeopardy this right. By a simple change in them, the legislature may raise the most stringent and odious property qualification, and disfranchise a large majority of the voters in the state. If, for example, a statute was passed abolishing the poll tax, or exempting all polls from any state or county tax, or providing that those taxes should be laid wholly on real estate, at once by legislative act there is raised a new qualification, severe, repulsive, intolerable, and from one-half to three-quarters of the voters are disfranchised. "It is liability to taxation, not want of taxable property," as our supreme court has said, "which distinguishes citizens generally from citizens exempted by law from taxation.

"The exemption by law contemplated by the Constitution is an exemption from all taxation, without any distinction between a poll tax and any other tax. * * * So, if the legislature were to take off the poll tax altogether, it could not be said that all persons having at any particular time no taxable property would be exempted by law from taxation; therefore to come within the other provision of the Constitution they must actually pay a tax to enable them to vote; and such in the absence of all poll taxes must be a property tax." That no legislature probably would ever dare to exercise this power to disfranchise, is no reason for allowing the right of suffrage to remain within its control. A right so fundamental and sacred ought to be established, defined and protected by the Constitution, and so be placed beyond the reach of legislative discretion.

Opportunity for the arbitrary use of power in a political emergency, for partisan purposes, is one of the first evils against which a republican form of government should guard. The maintenance of this qualification seems clearly in conflict with the fourteenth amendment of the Constitution of the United States, and renders the state liable, as provided in that amendment, to a reduction of her representation in the national house of representatives.

There are other reasons quite as important that require the abolition of this tax qualification for voting. It is no test of a man's intelligence, capacity, or honesty, of his interest in public affairs, or even of his contribution for the support of government. Indirectly, in the cost of necessaries of life, especially in rent, does every self-supporting man pay taxes. The real tax-payer is not the one who pays the tax, but the one upon whom it finally rests. This tax deprives a man of his vote because of his poverty only. It forgets that his very poverty makes him the more dependent upon the efficient administration of laws that are wise, just and honest, and that our democratic idea of government requires that he be given a voice in the making of these laws.

In matters that concern the health, safety, education, convenience and happiness of the community, he must often look to law, while wealth can always protect itself. He is subject, moreover, to perform all the duties of a citizen, to give himself in defense of his country, to hold his liberty and life subject to her laws, to all of which he is required to render implicit obedience. Why should he not, if of mature age and proved intelligence, have a voice in these matters which vitally affect him? There were both truth and just sentiment in the touching appeal of Henry Wilson—"Poverty is bitter enough to be borne without the degradation of disfranchisement."

The man of toil who has reared a family, contributed hundreds of dollars by indirect taxation to support the government, who may have given perhaps his blood to the defense of the country, who has paid his tax cheerfully for years, should not, as life begins to cast its shadows over him, as his arm begins to fail and his step to totter, be degraded because he is, in his old age, compelled to drink the bitter cup of poverty. That constitutional provision which would deny to the poor man, who could not pay his tax bill, the right to vote, should be forever blotted out of the Constitution of a Christian commonwealth."

Is it wise to deprive men of all share in the government merely because they cannot pay a direct tax? May they not, if deprived of a proper, conservative way of giving force to their opinions or their grievances, in their discontent try other means to make their wishes known and their power felt? This tax qualification either disfranchises many thousands of men or tends to subject their votes to the control of another's will. It leads to the debasement of our politics, to the collection and expenditure of large sums of money at elections; it tends to make wealth a necessary qualification for candidates, because poverty is a disqualification for voters. In important and exciting contests it is of no effect except to degrade the voter, to burden the candidates, and to suggest and encourage corruption.

Upon such grounds the constitutional convention of 1853 voted more than three to one against it. Democrats, Whigs, and the founders of the Republican party, stood side by side demanding its abolition,—amongst them such distinguished jurists and statesmen as Marcus Morton, Charles Sumner, Joel Parker, Henry Wilson, Charles Allen, Francis W. Bird, Otis P. Lord, Richard H. Dana, Jr., George S. Boutwell, Amasa Walker, Anson Burlingame, Nathaniel P. Banks, Robert Rantoul and William Schouler.

There is now the same demand, just as strong and non-partisan. Recognizing it, your predecessors of last year, by a large majority, adopted a resolution to amend the Constitution by annulling so much of it as requires the payment of a tax as a qualification for voting. This resolution now comes up for your consideration. I strongly recommend immediate and favorable action upon it, and its submission to the people, as required by the Constitution, at an early day,—to the end that the suffrage may as soon as possible be made broader, safer and purer, by removing the injustice, danger and evil that now surround it.

Property Qualification for Governor.

In this connection I submit to your consideration the question whether any useful purpose is now served by the constitutional qualification for governor that he must "at the time of his election * * * be seized in his own right of a freehold within the commonwealth of the value of one thousand pounds." The very terms of value point to a time and circumstances vastly different from the present. Is not this, our sole remaining property qualification, out of date?

Election Laws.

In a government really representative, which would have law the true expression of the people's will, the protection of elections from all improper influences is next in importance and order to a free and pure suffrage. This has been, and should be, peculiarly a matter of state legislation. Much has already been accomplished by the wise and successful reform embodied in our ballot law, which secures to every voter independence and secrecy, and puts upon the state a proper charge and responsibility. Legislation can still do much in the same direction. The expenses attending nominations and elections are great and growing, and are believed by many to be in part unnecessary and in part injurious. All of them effect public interests.

In my judgment the people have a right to know the amount of such expenses, for what and to whom incurred, and to limit their amount and define their proper objects. Expenses which cannot bear the light of day ought not to be made.

Your immediate predecessors considered subject, and passed in one branch of the legislature "An act to secure the publication of election expenses," as a first and proper step in this direction. I commend this matter to your favorable consideration, with the suggestion that this act, to be effectual, must be more stringent, and that it should be followed by further legislation.

The Ballot Law.

The advantages of our present ballot system are so great and universally acknowledged that it should be our aim to strengthen it by removing any just ground of criticism upon it. At present, either through misunderstanding or carelessness, the voter often fails to mark for the full number of candidates. In presidential elections, the voter will be required to mark separately the names of at least fourteen electors in order to give full effect to his vote for president. It is probable that in this case the evil of partial voting will be much increased, and may lead to an unintentional division of the electoral vote of the state. I suggest that the law be so amended that a single mark may be a vote for all the electors of a party, with an opportunity for the voter to scratch any name and to insert another.

It is desirable to encourage the voter to exercise his full right of franchise, and to make it easy for him to do so, by any means that will not impair the efficiency of our ballot system. Further and more effectual notice of the names of candidates to be balloted for should be given to the voter before each election,—either by the distribution by the state of sample ballots, or in some other proper way. I would suggest also for your consideration the expediency of establishing some uniform and accurate system of counting and canvassing the votes, in order to avoid errors now common. Such a system could make the accuracy of the first count so certain as to obviate or restrict the necessity of any recount.

Precinct Officers.

By section 25 of chapter 423 of the acts of 1890 provision is expressly made for the representation among election officers of the voters who do not belong to either of the two leading political parties. Subsequent clauses in the same section conflict with this provision and defeat the evident intent of the legislature. The matter deserves your attention and correction.

The Lobby.

One thing above all is necessary to make law the true expression of the people's will. Broadening and protecting the suffrage, reforming and purifying elections, will fail of this purpose, unless the law-making power is protected from insidious and corrupting influences, which tend to control legislation against the people's interest and to impair public confidence in its impartial enactment.

There exists in this state, as in other states, an irresponsible body known as the lobby, representing or preying upon special interests, which professes and undertakes for hire to influence legislation. Its work is wholly distinct and different from the advocacy of one's cause in person, or by counsel or agent, which is the constitutional right of every one. It seeks often to control nominations and elections, and to subject the individual legislator, directly or indirectly, to secret and improper influences. It throws suspicion upon the honest and temptation in the way of the dishonest. Professing power greater than it has, it frequently extorts money as the price of its silence or unnecessary assistance.

It has initiated legislation, attacking the interests of its clients, in order to be hired to defend those interests. It has caused the expenditure of large sums of money to obtain or defeat legislation. It cares little for the merits of a measure or the means employed to make it successful. In my judgment, improper measures have been made law by its influence, against the public interest, and just measures have been defeated. These criticisms are not based upon rumor or conjecture, but upon facts reported upon most thorough investigation by your predecessors, who denounced in unsparing terms the evil and diligently sought a remedy.

In 1887 they spoke of the methods thus employed as "a struggle for success without regard to means;" and they added, "The venality and corruption which these practices encourage, tending to defeat that right and justice which the state is bound freely and without price to bestow, are a reproach to a free people." In the same year, the governor, vetoing a measure because of the lobby influence, described the lobby as "a pernicious system," and its methods as "a monstrously bad and corrupting practice."

In 1890 a committee of investigation of the house reported: "It is a fact beyond denial that a body of professional lobbyists has for years formed a part of the machinery of legislation * * * and has been growing in numbers and influence," and again they denounced its methods. The evils of the lobby have become so flagrant and disgraceful that for the purity of legislation, the protection of the legislature and the fair name of our commonwealth, they demand your serious consideration, and some stringent and radical remedy. This is a matter which especially concerns the legislature, and therefore, one which the executive approaches with some embarrassment. Yet I feel I should be derelict in my duty if I failed to do all in my power to aid you in its solution.

It is far easier to state the evil than to suggest the remedy. Clearly it is impossible and improper to prevent a constituent or any other person from having the freest access to a legislator. This constitutional right guaranteed to the people gives opportunity to the lobby to do its work. Prevention by non-intercourse is therefore impossible. Prevention by publicity is possible, and I would suggest for your consideration whether a remedy may not be found in this direction, by making it easier than it now is publicly to investigate the methods used and money spent on pending legislation; and also by giving power to some proper officer, before a measure finally becomes law, to demand under oath a full and detailed statement as to these matters.

The fear of publicity, and through it of defeat, may stop improper practices by making them worse than useless. Your immediate predecessors, with an earnest desire to cure the evil, and believing in the remedy of publicity, passed an act requiring all counsel and agents employed by any special interests on matters pending before the legislature to be registered, and a statement under oath of all expenses incurred to be made within thirty days after the adjournment of the legislature. I believe that good will come from this act, if fairly and thoroughly enforced, but that it falls short of being a sufficient remedy. It makes public the names of all persons employed, but not the acts of the lobbyist. It makes public the expenses incurred, but too late to affect the legislation for which they were incurred.

I ask you also to consider whether something cannot be done to relieve the legislature of much work that seems to be onerous and unnecessary, to prolong its sessions, and to give life and strength to the lobby. Recent amendments to your rules have been made, I am informed, with this purpose. You may deem it wise to make further provision for an earlier introduction of business, and for its more systematic conduct. Any steps which would tend to reduce suggested legislation to a specific form and to give the fullest possible notice to the public of the exact status of any matter pending, would, I am confident, restrict the employment of the lobby. If additional clerical or expert assistance is required for this purpose, the state can well afford to pay for it.

Relief from Special Legislation.

As a further and more fundamental remedy, I submit for your consideration whether much of the special legislation, which makes a large portion of the business of every session, cannot be avoided by the passage of general laws or by other means. The Constitutions of several states prohibit all special laws. In this state constant applications for charters for banks, railroads, insurance companies and other corporations, which involve the expenditure of large sums of money and the employment of the lobby, led to the passage of general laws on these and other subjects, which left them, under proper limitations, to be settled as business questions, and at once relieved the legislature of much disagreeable and onerous work.

There seems to be a necessity for further legislation in the same direction. A general law in reference to public water supplies would prevent the frequent and necessary, but often conflicting, applications on this subject to the legislature by cities and towns, and provide for its broad and just treatment. The applications of corporations for further powers and privileges might well be covered by general laws, which, with careful restrictions protecting the rights of the public, might give to some public authority jurisdiction over such applications.

Much special legislation is enacted in behalf of cities and towns, and is made necessary by their limited powers. Twenty-three cities and forty-one towns were the subjects of special acts at the last legislature. In my opinion greater powers can be given to cities and towns with safety and advantage, not only as a relief to the legislature, but as a just and proper extension of local self-government. I therefore commend to your consideration the subject of enlarging their powers by general laws, especially in matters of taxation, franchises, municipal control of municipal work, and ownership of instrumentalities for its performance. The exercise of such powers can well be left as a question of expediency for each community to determine for itself.

Control of Municipal Franchises.

Upon what terms and conditions a city or town shall grant franchises for the use of its public highways, and what control it shall have over such franchises when granted, are questions of public importance which have been much discussed and are worthy of your serious consideration. On the one hand it is urged that special privileges in the public highways, distinct from their public use, ought to be paid for, either by a gross sum or a fixed rental; on the other hand it is said that such payment, exacted from a corporation whose business is solely with the public, only adds an expense which the public finally pay, either in higher charges or poorer service. Last year an act, compelling the sale by auction of such franchises in the future, was passed by the house.

In my judgment each community is best fitted, has the right, and ought to have the power, to determine this question for itself. I therefore suggest for your consideration the expediency of giving to cities and towns, with such limitations as you deem necessary, the power of selling such franchises in the future, and of fixing the terms and conditions on which they shall be granted. In this and all matters of local administration let us guard jealously the right of local self-government, preserve it when possible, and restore it where necessary.

General Municipal Law.

The constant demand by our cities for charter amendments, the apparent necessity for enlarging their powers, the number of towns that soon will ask for municipal charters, the wisdom of having them uniform and comprehensive, suggest the expediency of framing a general municipal law, under which future cities shall be incorporated, and which can be adopted by present cities if they see fit. Under it towns, upon having the required and ascertained qualifications, might after a proper vote at once organize a municipal government.

Where different local circumstances may require different powers or officers, discretionary power can be given by the law. If the time and research necessary for framing such a law make it impracticable for your consideration, you may deem it expedient to have the matter made the subject of a thorough and independent investigation by able and experienced men. Such an investigation might at least make valuable suggestions on the important and difficult subject of the best form of proper municipal government.

Railroad Passes.

For many years, I am informed, it has been the custom for the railroad corporations of this state to tender free passes over their respective roads to members of the legislature. Even if this is done without purpose to create an obligation, the custom is open to just criticism. Measures in which these corporations are interested are certain to come before the legislature. Its action ought to be free not only from any obligation, conscious or unconscious, but even from a suspicion of such obligation, that the public may have full confidence in its impartiality. The pay now allowed to a member of the legislature for his services makes it unjust to put upon him any further expense.

I believe the giving of such passes ought either to be forbidden or compelled by law, and that any expense involved should be borne by the state. This may be done by a fair and proper mileage amendment to the Constitution, mileage being by it limited to "traveling to the general assembly and returning home once in every session, and no more;" or you may deem it wise for the state to purchase or give passes; or, if within its power, to require the railroad corporations to give them. They could hardly object to a law which should compel them to do only what they now do voluntarily.

Another custom of the same character and open to the same criticism I call to your attention,—the entertainment, often with profuse hospitality, of committees or of other members on behalf of some special interest having legislation pending. Expenses of this nature, properly incurred, ought, in my judgment, to be borne by the state rather than by the special interest, which may thereby gain some advantage. The only remedy seems to be an absolute prohibition of such entertainment.

Administrative Boards and Commissions.

The suggestions I have made in reference to the suffrage, elections and legislation have been with a desire and hope that, if they meet your approval, they will tend to make our government more thoroughly representative, its laws a truer expression of the people's will, and its power more directly within their control. With the same purpose I commend to your consideration its system of administrative and executive work. With much truth Massachusetts has been described as a commission-governed state. Its great departments of education, health, charities, prisons, reform schools, almshouse and workhouse, agriculture, railroads, insurance, fisheries, harbors and lands, savings banks, and others, are governed by independent boards, practically beyond the control of the people.

Besides these there are commissions on gas, pharmacy, dentistry, civil service, arbitration, cattle, wrecks, pilots, state aid, and others for special and temporary purposes. Almost without exception the members of these boards are appointed by the governor, but only with the advice and consent of nine other men. Their tenure of office is usually for a term of several years, often without power of removal by any one, sometimes subject to removal for cause or otherwise by the governor with the same consent. The latter power in effect necessitates a trial upon formal charges, which seldom would be made or could be proved, except for flagrant malfeasance in office. The subordinate officials are generally appointed by the boards.

These boards and their work are practically beyond the control of the people, or of any one immediately responsible to them, except in the limited power of the governor occasionally to appoint a single member. The people of the state might have a most decided opinion about the management and work of these departments, and give emphatic expression to that opinion, and yet be unable to control their action. The system gives great power without proper responsibility, and tends to remove the people's government from the people's control. The head of the executive departments of the state, elected by the people and directly responsible to them, has but little power and few duties, except social and perfunctory. I make this criticism on the system with full knowledge that, as a rule, the work of these boards has been excellent and their members faithful public servants.

But Massachusetts may not always be so fortunate. Is it not far safer to rely upon a sound system than on the chance that a defective system may be made to work well by good officials? I submit that the first essential of sound administration is to couple power with responsibility by making it subject to the people's control. Speaking of this necessity, one of the ablest and most experienced public officials, Mr. Seth Low, has said, "Power without responsibility is always dangerous, but power with responsibility to a constituency, which can readily call it to account, is not dangerous. It is the first requisite of efficient administration."

To accomplish this, I suggest for your favorable consideration, first, whether boards and commissions, whose work is wholly executive, ought not to be departments of state, each with a distinct responsible head; second, whether power of removal of their members, for cause stated, ought not to be given to the governor as the chief executive, thereby compelling him to exercise a supervision of their work, and making him, and so making them, responsible to the people for its administration. Such power has been given to the mayor of our largest city, as the best and safest system of municipal administration. Can it not be safely entrusted to the governor of the commonwealth? It makes any man conservative; its selfish use for patronage only is fortunately sure to be both disagreeable and destructive.

Education.

From the earliest days Massachusetts has generously provided for the education of her children and maintained with jealous care her public school system. She has wisely deemed it essential to the preservation of her institutions and our liberties, and so the concern of all her citizens. It is certainly our desire, and plainly our duty, not only to uphold this system in its full vigor, but also to provide for its progressive development.

In my judgment, industrial education and manual training have been so successful where tried, and are of such practical benefit, that I recommend to your favorable consideration their adoption as part of the system of instruction in our public schools, at least in some communities. At present a large proportion of the children who enter the grammar school leave before graduation. A still larger proportion do not enter the high school, and comparatively few graduate from it.

There exists in this state a great difference and inequality in the character and efficiency of the public schools in different places; also in the amount spent upon them for each pupil, and in the burden of taxation for such expenditure. Almost invariably the burden is heaviest where the amount raised and spent is least, due to the vast difference in the wealth and valuation of respective places. In 1889 the average rate of taxation throughout the state for all purposes was $14.68, and for school purposes (estimating it at 25 per cent. of the total tax) $3.67 per $1000, or an amount equal to about $20 for each child between the ages of 5 and 15.

Yet in different places there was an endless variety in rate, differing, for example, from 64 cents per thousand in Manchester, and $1.06 in Nahant, and $2.28 in Milton, to $7.48 in Holbrook, $8.91 in Wellfleet, and $10.42 in Palmer. Yet the amount spent for each child in the first-named places was nearly twice as much as in the last and many times as much as in some towns. Necessarily there is a corresponding difference in their educational advantages. The result is a great inequality in the public education of children in the state, and a marked contrast in such education between the wealthy towns with few children and the poor towns with many children.

Taxation.

The inequality of the burdens of taxation is this state has been known and felt for years, but no adequate remedy for it has yet been found and applied. A subject so complicated in its details and important in its bearings requires most thorough investigation as preliminary to legislative action. I have been unable yet to make investigation sufficiently thorough to warrant me in making suggestions for your consideration, except to commend for your favorable action the recommendation of my immediate predecessor, "of levying as a duty or excise, upon the settlement of estates, a tax upon legacies and successions," with proper exemptions and limitations.

Labor Legislation.

Though Massachusetts has led the states of the Union in this field for many years, she has not reached the limit of wise and progressive labor legislation. Her course in the past has seemed too slow and conservative to some, too radical to others, but has been approved by the great mass of her people, and amply justified by results. I doubt not it commends itself to your judgment and will be continued with your approval; and that you will give to all labor legislation that discriminating attention which neither accepts everything because asked for in the name of labor, nor rejects everything because opposed in the name of capital.

I recommend to your favorable consideration the reduction of the hours of labor of women and children employed in factories and workshops. Such a law passed the last house of representatives and was barely defeated in the senate. In England, where it is often claimed that the condition of labor is deplorable, the hours of such labor have long been limited by law to fifty-six a week. While with us the problem is more complicated, because each state has its own legislation and no uniform statutory regulation of hours for the whole nation is possible under the Constitution, yet it is not desirable to stand still because there are obstacles in the way of progress. Our very dependence upon manufactures requiring skilled labor should lead us to adopt a liberal policy in respect to the hours and conditions of toil,—one which will promote the welfare and increase the utility of our working population.

While a general reduction in the hours of labor must be brought about mainly by the organized action of employes, it is urged, and I believe with justice, that the state should lend its co-operation and the weight of its example in this direction. I, therefore, commend to your careful consideration the question whether the time has come to reduce still further the hours of labor of public employes engaged in manual work.

A bill to prohibit the imposition of fines or deductions of wages upon factory operatives employed at weaving has been considered by the legislature for a number of years, and failed to pass last year by a single vote in the senate. While legislation on this subject is not free from difficulties, it is desirable that the constant friction with this practice causes should be removed by any practicable means. In many factories this practice does not exist, so it cannot be an absolute necessity. I trust that you may find some satisfactory solution of the question.

Liquor Legislation.

I call to your attention the well-known variety of opinion as to the meaning of the statute provision which forbids the keeping of a public bar, and the utter lack of agreement in its construction and enforcement. It is inconsistent with sound public policy that a provision of law which is the same for the whole commonwealth should be open to these objections. In my judgment, this provision, as construed and enforced in the city of Boston, does not tend to promote temperance, is not sustained by public opinion, and ought to be corrected.

Reapportionment of the Congressional Districts.

The passage by congress of a bill reapportioning representatives in the house of representatives upon the basis of the census of 1890, which now seem probable, will make it your duty to divide the commonwealth into new congressional districts.

I strongly recommend the passage at the present session of such a redistricting bill, establishing districts of proper geographical shape and contiguous territory, and of such political complexion as to give to each political party, as nearly as possible, the representation to which its numbers entitle it.

Other Recommendations.

Greater uniformity in the legislation of the several states upon many subjects, especially upon marriage and divorce, is very desirable, and this requires concert of action between the states. To this end New York has appointed a commission, serving without compensation, and through this commission, requests similar action by this state, which request I commend to your favorable consideration.

A thorough reform in our system of land transfer and registration, upon the lines of legislation which has long been successful in other countries, and intended to make it safer, cheaper and easier, will, I am informed, be called to your attention. It deserves your serious consideration.

At an early day, I shall submit for your consideration such recommendations and suggestions of the departments, as seem to be of sufficient importance to be called specially to your attention.

SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES:

There is an opportunity for us by wise and progressive legislation to meet the just demands of the people and merit their confidence, to strengthen the institutions of our beloved commonwealth, and to add something to her glory and prosperity. Such inspiring work should lift us above party strife, encourage mutual respect and confidence, and cordial co-operation in the fearless and unselfish discharge of our respective duties. Then may the laws be the free and true expression of the people's will, and only for their interest.

izens. It is certainly our desire, and plainly our duty, not only to uphold this system in its full vigor, but also to provide for its progressive development.

In my judgment, industrial education and manual training have been so successful where tried, and are of such practical benefit, that I recommend to your favorable consideration their adoption as part of the system of instruction in our public schools, at least in some communities. At present a large proportion of the children who enter the grammar school leave before graduation. A still larger proportion do not enter the high school, and comparatively few graduate from it.

There exists in this state a great difference and inequality in the character and efficiency of the public schools in different places; also in the amount spent upon them for each pupil, and in the burden of taxation for such expenditure. Almost invariably the burden is heaviest where the amount raised and spent is least, due to the vast difference in the wealth and valuation of respective places. In 1889 the average rate of taxation throughout the state for all purposes was $14.68, and for school purposes (estimating it at 25 per cent. of the total tax) $3.67 per $1000, or an amount equal to about $20 for each child between the ages of 5 and 15.

Yet in different places there was an endless variety in rate, differing, for example, from 64 cents per thousand in Manchester, and $1.06 in Nahant, and $2.28 in Milton, to $7.48 in Holbrook, $8.91 in Wellfleet, and $10.42 in Palmer. Yet the amount spent for each child in the first-named places was nearly twice as much as in the last and many times as much as in some towns. Necessarily there is a corresponding difference in their educational advantages. The result is a great inequality in the public education of children in the state, and a marked contrast in such education between the wealthy towns with few children and the poor towns with many children.

Taxation.

The inequality of the burdens of taxation is this state has been known and felt for years, but no adequate remedy for it has yet been found and applied. A subject so complicated in its details and important in its bearings requires most thorough investigation as preliminary to legislative action. I have been unable yet to make investigation sufficiently thorough to warrant me in making suggestions for your consideration, except to commend for your favorable action the recommendation of my immediate predecessor, "of levying as a duty or excise, upon the settlement of estates, a tax upon legacies and successions," with proper exemptions and limitations.

Labor Legislation.

Though Massachusetts has led the states of the Union in this field for many years, she has not reached the limit of wise and progressive labor legislation. Her course in the past has seemed too slow and conservative to some, too radical to others, but has been approved by the great mass of her people, and amply justified by results. I doubt not it commends itself to your judgment and will be continued with your approval; and that you will give to all labor legislation that discriminating attention which neither accepts everything because asked for in the name of labor, nor rejects everything because opposed in the name of capital.

I recommend to your favorable consideration the reduction of the hours of labor of women and children employed in factories and workshops. Such a law passed the last house of representatives and was barely defeated in the senate. In England, where it is often claimed that the condition of labor is deplorable, the hours of such labor have long been limited by law to fifty-six a week. While with us the problem is more complicated, because each state has its own legislation and no uniform statutory regulation of hours for the whole nation is possible under the Constitution, yet it is not desirable to stand still because there are obstacles in the way of progress. Our very dependence upon many industries requiring skilled labor should lead us to adopt a liberal policy in respect to the hours and conditions of toil,—one which will promote the well-being and increase the utility of our working population.

While a general reduction in the hours of labor must be brought about mainly by the organized action of employes, it is urged, and I believe with justice, that the state should lend its co-operation and the weight of its example in this direction. I, therefore, commend to your careful consideration the question whether the time has come to reduce still further the hours of labor of public employes engaged in manual work.

A bill to prohibit the imposition of fines or deductions of wages upon factory operatives employed at weaving has been considered by the legislature for a number of years, and failed to pass last year by a single vote in the senate. While legislation on this subject is not free from difficulties, it is desirable that the constant friction with this practice causes should be removed by any practicable means. In many factories this practice does not exist, so it cannot be an absolute necessity. I trust that you may find some satisfactory solution of the question.

Liquor Legislation.

I call to your attention the well-known variety of opinion as to the meaning of the statute provision which forbids the keeping of a public bar, and the utter lack of agreement in its construction and enforcement. It is inconsistent with sound public policy that a provision of law which is the same for the whole commonwealth should be open to these objections. In my judgment, this provision, as construed and enforced in the city of Boston, does not tend to promote temperance, is not sustained by public opinion, and ought to be corrected.

Reapportionment of the Congressional Districts.

The passage by congress of a bill reapportioning representatives in the house of representatives upon the basis of the census of 1890, which now seem probable, will make it your duty to divide the commonwealth into new congressional districts.

I strongly recommend the passage at the present session of such a redistricting bill, establishing districts of proper geographical shape and contiguous territory, and of such political complexion as to give to each political party, as nearly as possible, the representation to which its numbers entitle it.

Other Recommendations.

Greater uniformity in the legislation of the several states upon many subjects, especially upon marriage and divorce, is very desirable, and this requires concert of action between the states. To this end New York has appointed a commission, serving without compensation, and, though this commission, requests its action by this state, which request I commend to your favorable consideration.

A thorough reform in our system of land transfer and registration, upon the lines of legislation which has long been successful in other countries, and intended to make it safer, cheaper and easier, will, I am informed, be called to your attention. It deserves your serious consideration.

At an early day, I shall submit for your consideration such recommendations and suggestions of the departments, as seem to be of sufficient importance to be called specially to your attention.

SENATORS AND REPRESENTATIVES: There is an opportunity for us by wise and progressive legislation to meet the just demands of the people and merit their confidence, to strengthen the institutions of our beloved commonwealth, and to add something to her glory and prosperity. Such inspiring work should lift us above party strife, encourage mutual respect and confidence, and cordial co-operation in the fearless and unselfish discharge of our respective duties. Then may the law be the free and true expression of the people's will, and only for their interests.

BUCKWHEAT !

NOW IS THE SEASON FOR

Buckwheat Cakes and Maple Syrup.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF BOTH.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

We are the only Firm in this City that have CONFIDENCE FLOUR.

WE HAVE A

FANCY HAXALL FLOUR

That Sells for less money. Give one of our kinds a Trial.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Nov. 10. tf

BEST IN THE MARKET !

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, July 9 tf

COME RIGHT IN

And select one of our Boxes of Cigars. We have the largest stock in the City to select from of

Cigars for the Holiday Trade.

Our Prices are from

ONE DOLLAR TO SEVEN DOLLARS PER BOX.

GEO. F. WILSON & CO.,

108 Hancock Street, Quincy, Mass.

FLANDERS' TONIC

Tones up the Stomach. Makes the Brain Active

Purify your Blood with Flanders' Tonic. That Tired Feeling will be Unknown to those who use it.

A Boon to Overworked Men and Women !

If your Children are ailing, "no appetite," languid and without Strength, Flanders' Tonic will build them up.

TRY IT ! TAKE NO OTHER !

WONDERFUL IN ITS MAKE-UP !

A Combination of Malt Calisaya and Hypophosphites. Tonic and Stimulant.

Guaranteed by all Druggists.

$1.00. Six Bottles for $5.00.

FLANDERS' MANDRAKE PILLS beats them all. Price 25 Cents.

Physicians endorse it. Ask your druggist for it; if he cannot supply you, send direct to us. We prepay express charges upon receipt of price. Made only by

Flanders' Tonic Co., Woburn, Mass., U. S. A.

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 8.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1889—An extra edition of the Quincy Patriot styled "The Daily Patriot" printed speeches in full at inaugural of city form of government; also plan of tables at banquet, the guests, etc.

1890—Ballot taken for postmaster of Quincy; candidates Samuel H. Spear and Warren W. Adams.

World Wide.

1642—Death of Galileo, astronomer; born 1564.

1753—Death of Sir Thomas Burnet, son of Gilbert, judge and political writer.

1775—Death of John Baskerville, printer; born 1706.

1787—Death of Sir William Draper, controversial writer; born 1721.

1815—Battle of New Orleans; British defeated, with a loss of over 1,500 in killed and wounded.

1821—Birth of James Longstreet, Confederate lieutenant general.

1830—Born at Dresden Hans Guido von Bulow, musical composer.

1850—Death of Lieut. Thomas Waghorn, originator of overland route; born 1800.

Maine Legislature Organizes.

AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 8.—The Maine legislature has organized. The members of both branches were sworn by Governor Burleigh. The officers nominated by the Republican caucuses were elected as follows: Senate—C. F. Libby, president; K. M. Dunbar, secretary; E. P. Wheeler, assistant secretary. House—A. P. Wiswell, speaker; W. S. Colton, clerk; F. J. Hobart, assistant clerk. All the members of the senate, 142, and of the house, 151, responded to the roll call. After completing the regular routine work, both branches adjourned to to-day.

Minnesota Deadlock Still On.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 7.—The deadlock in the state house of representatives which was inaugurated at the opening continues. Four ballots were taken yesterday without result.

REITER RELIEVED.

A Naval Commander Punished for Failing to Do His Duty.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The correspondence between Secretary Tracy and Commander Reiter of the United States navy, severely censuring the latter and relieving him of his command for inaction when the Guatamelan officers boarded the steamer Acapulco off San Jose last summer and butchered Gen. Barrundia, is published. The commander is told that he was at San Jose with United States war vessels for the purpose of guarding the interests of his country and defending the rights of those who sought the protection of the American flag, and the interest he displayed in the matter is pronounced without excuse.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Forecast for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont: Fair; northerly winds; slight changes in temperature.

For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Fair to-day, snow Friday; northerly winds; stationary temperature.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Spanish queen regent held a grand military reception.

Emma Abbott's remains are to be cremated at Pittsburg.

John Latey, recent editor of The London Illustrated News, is dead.

It is proposed to introduce negro labor in the fruit districts of California.

Emin Pasha is to be governor of the western portion of German East Africa.

A Canton boy, 18 years old, was found guilty of selling liquor without a license.

The Southern Vermont railroad has been transferred to the Fitchburg railroad.

A treaty between England and Portugal on the African question has been concluded.

The marriage code in India is to be amended so that brides must be at least 12 years old.

A Chesapeake and Ohio train went through a trestle, killing the engineer and another man.

The long and bitter quarrel between Baron Hirsch and a prominent Paris club has been adjusted.

The London Daily News urges consulting the wishes of the Newfoundlanders in the French fisheries dispute.

Steinitz won another chess game from Gunsberg yesterday. The score now stands: Steinitz 5, Gunsberg 3.

An English penny-in-the-slot machine company has been mulcted in damages by a machine that didn't work.

Spain is prevented from making a special reciprocity treaty with the United States until treaties with other countries expire in 1892.

Col. Myers, who arrived in San Salvador during the revolution, wants the republic to pay him $50,000 for the danger he experienced.

Gloucester vessels returning from Newfoundland bring news of two schooners, for which some anxiety was felt, owing to their long absence.

News has been received of the death at Erzeroun, in Asiatic Turkey, of Charles Dalton Clifford Lloyd, the English diplomatist. He was born in 1845.

Owing to the presence of a large quantity of ice in the river Tyne, England, forty-five steamers, aggregating a tonnage of 70,000, have been compelled to lay up.

Mark T. Lucelles, chief officer of the British steamship Wakefield, was instantly killed by falling down the hold of the vessel at Baltimore. He was 32 years old.

Mr. Stickney of the Chicago, St. Paul and Kansas City railroad, pronounces the proposed new railroad agreement as simply an armed truce and predicts its failure.

A duel has been fought near Madrid between Senor Canalejas, formerly minister of justice, and the son of Senor Martos, ex-president of the cammittee of deputies. Senor Canalejas received a slight wound.

SETTLERS ALARMED.

Nebraska State Troops Stationed Along the Frontier.

"COME IN AND SURRENDER"

Is Gen. Miles' Ultimation to the Indian Chiefs—Official Report of the Wounded Knee Battle—Reservations Placed Under Military Control—Belief That a Battle Will Soon Occur.

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—A Long Pine, Neb., special dispatch says:

All along the line of the Elkhorn and Missouri Valley railroad the people believe themselves in great peril in case the battle that seems imminent at Pine Ridge, S. D., results adversely to the troops. A part of the National guard of Nebraska, 1000 men, is already in the field, and Governor Thayer has ordered reinforcements. Gen. W. L. Colby of the state troops is in command, with headquarters at Rushville, where the larger body of militia is stationed. Col. Cody (Buffalo Bill), chief of staff to Governor Thayer, will confer with Gen. Colby at Rushville, and the two will decide upon the best points at which to station troops. The report that Col. Cody was to join Gen. Miles at Pine Ridge is untrue.

Buffalo Bill takes a gloomy view of the future and says it is his opinion that a big battle is almost sure to occur within a few days in the immediate vicinity of Pine Ridge. The Indians, he thinks, have reached that stage of their madness in which they will court death. Since the Wounded Knee affair they are worse than ever, and the Messiah craze has made them fatalists to that degree that they firmly believe that, if they go under in battle, they will come to life again in the spring. Should the Indians mass and make an attack on the troops at Pine Ridge and overcome them, there would be an overrunning of the country that would mean more than a repetition of former horrors. Even if defeated the Indians will scatter in small bands and do an immense amount of damage. The fear of this, more than any belief that the Indians will raid the country before offering battle to the regulars, has led to the throwing out of a line of state troops along the Nebraska frontier. There are sixteen troops of the state militia on the frontier. Four companies are stationed at Rushville, three at Gordon, six at Crawford, one at Hay Springs, one at Cody, and one at Chadron.

The rumors of another fight at Pine Ridge has sent additional hundreds of the settlers into small railroad towns. At nearly every station one sees white-topped wagons which form the temporary homes of the fleeing settlers.

INDIANS WANT TO COME IN.

Complaints May Be Presented in Washington When Present Troubles End.

PINE RIDGE, S. D., Jan. 8.—Jack Red Cloud, Big Road, High Horse, Lone Bear, Line Hawk and the five other Indians who came in from the hostile camp to hold a pow-pow with Gen. Miles were allowed a briefer conference than they had expected. Gen. Miles plainly told them to come in and surrender; that he was not here to listen to their complaints; that they would be allowed to go to Washington to make them after the trouble was arranged here.

They stated that nearly, if not quite all, of the Pine Ridge Indians were desirous of peace, and wanted to come back to the agency. If the Pine Ridge Indians conclude to come back it will greatly reduce the war party, now numbering 4400. According to Agent Cooper's figures, there are 2200 Pine Ridge Indians absent, and so their force will be reduced to at least one-half of the present number. A large portion of the remainder will doubtless fight to the end.

UNDER MILITARY CONTROL.

Officers of Experience Will Take Charge of South Dakota Agencies.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Secretaries Proctor and Noble and Gen. Schofield had a conference at the war department in regard to the Indian troubles, and it was agreed to recommend to the president the appointment of an officer of the army as agent of the Indians at the Pine Ridge Agency, thus necessitating the retirement of Indian Agent Royer. The officer so appointed will, however, retain his position in the army. The Indian agents at the other agencies will not be disturbed, but army officers have been designated to take military control of four other agencies, with instructions to co-operate with agents of the interior department. The report that these agents have been displaced is without foundation, except so far as relates to the Pine Ridge Agency. Capt. Pierce of the First infantry has been selected as the agent at the Pine Ridge Agency, and he will probably be appointed by the president at once.

It is stated at the Indian bureau that the army officers who have been designated to take military control of the South Dakota agencies have had experience in Indian affairs. Capt. Pierce was for some time executive officer at the San Carlos Agency in Arizona, and Capt. Lee has had considerable experience as agent of the Cheyennes and Arapahoes in the Indian Territory. Capt. Ewall has also served in this capacity.

Secretary Proctor denies emphatically the newspaper reports of a controversy between the war and interior departments in regard to the management of the Indian campaign. He said that the two departments were in perfect harmony in the matter.

FIGHT MUST SURELY COME.

A Suspicion That It Would Prove Disastrous to the Troops.

OMAHA, Jan. 8.—A Bee special from Pine Ridge says: Some of the hostiles were seen leaving camp last night and making their way over the country toward the various agencies. Whether their errand signified disintegration or an effort to secure recruits, is not yet known, though the scouts think the former. Paymaster Baker left Rushville for the agency with money to pay off the soldiers.

A Bee special from Rushville says: Companys D and E of the First infantry regulars that arrived here from the west were hurried to the agency.

There is every indication that a great fight is close at hand, and from the unusual activity in army circles it would seem as if some fears are entertained that such an engagement will occur before the army is fully ready for it. The government paymaster arrived here and with his escorts was escorted to the agency by a detachment of the Seventh cavalry.

THE WOUNDED KNEE BATTLE.

Official Report from Pine Ridge Agency Received in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The commissioner of Indian affairs has received a report from Indian Agent Royer at Pine Ridge, dated Dec. 31, giving an account of the fight at Wounded Knee creek two days before. The report says:

From the best information I can obtain, Big Foot and his band surrendered to Maj. Whitesides, and while they were disarming them, an Indian, known as their "medicine man," rose from his seat and began to cry out "kill the soldiers; their bullets will not have any effect upon our ghost shirts;" at the same time stooping to the ground, picking up handsful of dirt, throwing it up in the air and, after a short performance of perhaps two minutes, he fired his gun in the direction of the military. This started the war that resulted in the killing of Capt. Wallace and twenty-five soldiers, wounding thirty-five soldiers, some fatally, and the killing of a large number of Indians known as the Big Foot band, or the hostile band of Sitting Bull Indians who escaped from the police and military at Standing Rock Agency immediately after the killing of Sitting Bull.

I am unable at this time to give the exact number of Indians killed, but in a few days will obtain some knowledge of the matter and report fully to you the substance of my information. There are at the agency under the care of the military fifty-one wounded Indians of the Big Foot band, four men and forty-seven women and children. None of these are considered in a dangerous condition, so far as I am able to learn, and they look as though they would recover. Rev. Charles S. Cook, Episcopal minister at this agency, is kindly allowing his church to be used to shelter the wounded Indians. He has thirty-eight of the number in his church, and is doing a missionary's part to see they are properly cared for. This battle occurred at a point about twenty miles northeast from the agency, known as the Wounded Knee store, recently occupied by Prescott & Robertson. I am informed that the military had every preparation made to feed and care for the Indians, and their intention was to take them to Gordon, Neb., the nearest railroad point, but the attack, which ended practically as I have stated, upset all plans.

Lieut. Standing Soldier, who was for a long time lieutenant on the police force at this agency, but now employed by the United States army as a scout, on the night of the 30th inst. arrived at the agency from Porcupine creek, with sixty-three Indians who belonged to the Big Foot band, consisting of thirteen bucks and the balance women and children. The bucks were disarmed after their arrival at the agency by the scouts and agency police and placed under military guard. I am told that this little band are some that became lost from Big Foot during the excitement following the killing of Sitting Bull at Standing Rock Agency and were at the time of the capture hunting for the Big Foot band. They were not informed of the fight until they were safely under guard, and then only in a mild way, that they might not become excited over the loss of their leader.

THEY MADE A MISTAKE.

Silver Senators' Side-Tracking of the Election Bill May Prove a Boomerang.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The precipitate movement of Senator Stewart, supported by seven of his silver colleagues, by which the election bill was set aside and the financial question brought before the senate, has not strengthened the chances of securing silver legislation. Senators Edmunds, Hoar, Aldrich, Hiscock and others, who were disposed to support some conservative silver measure, now openly proclaim their hostility to any silver legislation whatever, and express the opinion that instead of getting free coinage the conspirators will get nothing.

Mr. Teller's arraignment of Sherman and especially his attack on the finance committee's bill, which provides for the $200,000,000 of 2 per cent. bonds, shows that the silver advocates will not consent to any measure that provides for the continuance of the national banks. It is expected that before the discussion is closed on the pending bill the antagonism will become so pronounced that an agreement will be impossible, and as a last resort the silver Republicans will join with the Democrats in passing an out and out free coinage measure. The silver men concede that it is very doubtful whether free coinage could pass the house, but even in that event they are fully aware that it would be vetoed and that there is no chance of over-riding the veto.

Freight Rates Go Up.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—A meeting of the freight representatives of the Chicago and St. Paul and the trunk lines and the Central Traffic association was held here. The rates to St. Paul and Chicago from the Atlantic seaboard were advanced to about the same rate as that in force last year. The advance has been agreed upon by all the trunk and Canadian lines with the exception of one road, which was not represented. Commissioner Goddard expects that line to give its approval to-morrow.

Statutes Conflict.

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—A test case for damages against the Grand Trunk railroad company for the death of Isaac Hannah, one of the many Illinois victims of the big wreck near Hamilton, Ont., in April, 1888, was taken from the jury by Judge Grinnell, and a verdict entered for the defendants. The judge said there was such an irreconcilable difference between the Canadian statutes and those of Illinois as to vital points involved in the issue, that such a course was necessary.

A $100,000 Fire.

CAIRO, Ills., Jan. 8.—The C. O. Patier block, in which were located the store of the New York Dry Goods company and the grocery and provision establishment of the New York Store company, was burned. The butcher shop and sausage factory of F. Buehere were badly damaged. Total loss $106,000; partly insured.

In Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—In the senate the entire day was spent in the discussion of the financial bill. Mr. Stewart asked that the debate close to-day.

In the house the shipping subsidy bill was advocated by Mr. Dingley of Maine and opposed by Mr. Herbert of Alabama and Mr. Dockery of Missouri.

Shysters Indicted.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The grand jury indicted William H. Buttner and William D. Hughes, the divorce lawyers whose divorces bore the forged seal of the superior court of Cook county, Ills. Buttner is indicted for forgery and grand larceny and Hughes for forgery, all in the second degree.

PARNELL'S TERMS.

He is Willing to Step Out If McCarthy Will Retire.

TIMES ARE HARD IN LONDON.

Severe Suffering Among the Poor—Origin of the Dispute Between Prince Bismarck and the Emperor—Other Foreign News.

LONDON, Jan. 7.—Advices received in this city from Boulogne-sur-Mer state that upon Mr. O'Brien's personal entreaty he was empowered to ask Justin McCarthy to retire from the chairmanship of the anti-Parnell section of the Irish party in favor of John Dillon, M. P., or, it is understood, the conference agreed that if Mr. O'Brien preferred to do so, he (O'Brien) could serve as chairman. According to the same advices Mr. O'Brien and Mr. McCarthy are to have an interview at Boulogne, when the final settlement of the subject will be made. Mr. Gladstone is understood to have secretly approved the plan decided upon and the Parnellites are said to have pledged to abandon Mr. Parnell if he proves insincere in the pledges given.

John Dillon has cabled from New York his approval of Mr. Parnell's temporary retirement from the chairmanship of the Irish parliamentary party in favor of Mr. O'Brien. The negotiations with Mr. McCarthy will follow.

During the course of interviews in Boulogne Mr. O'Brien is reported to have said: "My conferences with Mr. Parnell have been finished."

Mr. Gill is announced to have said that he was not at liberty to speak on the subject of the conferences, except so far as to say that a peaceful settlement of the matters in dispute may be expected.

Conference of McCarthyites.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—A conference of the McCarthyites was held at the National Liberal club. The news received from Boulogne was satisfactory to the McCarthyites and the members of the club. A majority of the National Liberals express themselves as having no fear of the McCarthyites agreeing to any line of action tending to weaken the allegiance between the Irish party and the Gladstonians.

BISMARCK'S BOUNCE.

It Was Due to the Representation That Germany's Prestige Was Threatened.

BERLIN, Jan. 8.—The Hallesche Zietung claims that the origin of the dispute between the emperor and Prince Bismarck is as follows:

Dr. Simson, president of the Leipsic tribunal, is said to have emphatically represented to the emperor in January, 1889, the danger to German prestige if the prosecution of Professor Geffcken for high treason continued. Dr. Simson protested against the efforts, attributed to Prince Bismarck, to influence the public against the professor, thereby, the doctor claimed, exercising pressure upon the supreme tribunal's decision. The public prosecutor, it will be remembered, on Jan. 1, 1889, served upon Professor Geffcken in this city, an indictment for high treason in connection with the publication of portions of the diary of the late Emperor Frederick. The indictment, a voluminous document, traced the entire working life of Professor Geffcken in trying to prove that he had been a persistent enemy of German unity.

SUFFERING WITH HUNGER.

Inclement Weather Causing Great Distress Among London Poor.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—The severe weather which has prevailed in England for some time past is causing the deepest distress among the poorer class of people of this city. This is especially true of the inhabitants of the East End. All outdoor trades have now been suspended for seven weeks and from present indications there is no prospect of the weather moderating enough to allow of their resumption for some time to come. Large numbers of persons thrown out of employment parade the street and solicit aid from the charitable to enable them to obtain the necessaries of life for themselves and their starving families. Clergymen of all denominations, different local societies and many tradesmen are using their utmost efforts to alleviate the sufferings of the destitute people.

CAN'T BE BEAT.

Joe Donoghue Gives Dutchmen Further Proof That He is a Skater.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 8.—Joe Donaghue, amateur champion of the United States and Canada, won the international mile skating race in 3m., 2-5s., and followed this up by winning the five-mile race in 16m., 2 1-5s.

And the Patient Still Lives.

BERLIN, Jan. 8.—Professor Hahn has opened the side of a consumptive patient, who had been under treatment by the Koch method, and removed from a deep cavity in one of his lungs some necrotic tissue. The case was one of long standing, but, notwithstanding, the operation was a success. This is the fourth instance on record of such an operation being performed with favorable results.

Poor Guardians' Scheme.

KILLARNEY, Jan. 8.—The board of poor law guardians has decided to ask the government to advance money to farmers at 1 1-2 per cent. interest. This action is to be taken so as to enable the farmers to employ laborers who are willing to work for less than a shilling a day.

A Generous Response.

DUBLIN, Jan. 8.—In answer to the appeal made by the Earl of Zetland, viceroy of Ireland, and Mr. Balfour, the chief secretary, asking assistance for the suffering poor of Ireland, over $3000 has already been received by Mr. Balfour.

Storm Was a Big One.

BERLIN, Jan. 8.—Nine thousand workmen and 1000 cars are engaged in the work of clearing the streets of this city of the immense mass of snow which fell during the recent storm—a storm phenomenal in its severity.

Buried in a Sewer.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 8.—While a number of workmen were excavating a public sewer between Olive street and Washington avenue, the embankment fell in, fatally injuring Patrick Moran, Edward Prangle and Patrick Ryan.

Cameron Will Succeeds Himself.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 8.—The caucus of Republican legislators almost unanimously renominated Senator Cameron.

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING,

QUINCY AVENUE.

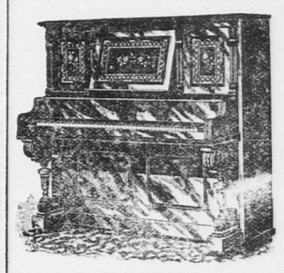
Nov. 13. 3 mos

"Little Monitor."

The Best School Shoe for Misses and Children.

Saville & Jones.

Pianos and Organs.



R. D. CHASE,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, - - Quincy.

Dec. 20. tf

THE ONLY PLACE IN QUINCY

To get the Famous

Lebanon Overalls and Jumpers

is at

SAVILLE & JONES'.

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

N. CURTIS & CO.'S

Fine Shoes at

Saville & Jones'.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Unlike Any Other.

As much

For INTERNAL as EXTERNAL use.

Many people do not know this.

The Most Wonderful Family Remedy Ever Known.

Positively cures Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Hoarseness, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Catarrh, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Sciatica, Lame Back and Soreness in Body or Limbs. Stops inflammation in Cuts, Burns, and Bruises. Relieves all Cramps and Chills like magic. Price, 35cts, post paid; 6 bottles, $2. Express prepaid. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

MISS C. S. HUBBARD

Bargains at Miss C. S. Hubbard's, 158 Hancock Street, Quincy. One Lot of Ladies' White Aprons, 25c. and 33c. Each.

158 Hancock St., Quincy. 158

Of Course

The Ladies would like a Rubber Shoe which will not break or slip at the heel. Try the

"B. & L. HOLDFAST."

We have all Widths and Sizes.

Saville & Jones.

WANTED.

WANTED,—Situation to do general housework by a Swedish girl. Address by letter (no postals) to "H. A. A.," Weymouth, Mass. Jan. 7—2t*

WANTED,—25 girls at John E. Drake & Co.s' shoe factory. Apply Wednesday morning. Quincy, Jan. 5—tf

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

TO LET.

TO LET,—Two nice Tenements, one of three rooms and one of four; well water. Apply to M. W. FROLUND, 4 Hillside street, West Quincy. Jan. 8—6t 10—1w

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.
Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms.
Apply to HENRY H. FAXON.
Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—A large unfurnished Room, suitable for doctor or lawyer. For further particulars enquire on the premises, of N. A. WILD, 58 Water street. Dec. 24—tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms To Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately.
Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.
Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

BLANKET LINED

Canvas Jackets

— AT —

Saville & Jones'.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot, Boston
Ledger Office, 115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store, Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros' Store, Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office, West Quincy
Post Office, Atlantic
Coram's Store, Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store, Jones' Corner
Post Office, Quincy Point
Depot, Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton, Braintree
M. E Pratt, Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 8.

High water at 8.45 A. M. and 9.45 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.14; Sets at 4.29.
Moon rises 5.14 A. M.
New Moon Jan. 10, 10.25 A. M.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

Miss Anna Friguglietti of Putnam, Conn., is home on a short visit.

William Nutting and family, of West Quincy, have moved to West Milford.

The St. Mary's C. T. A. S. attend communion in a body next Sunday morning.

Well attended revival meetings are being held at the St. Paul's church every evening.

But one new pupil has entered the Wollaston school this term,—Lola A. West.

Prof. Holmes' dancing class held an assembly at Robertson hall Wednesday evening.

Priscilla is sure to have a good house this evening. It exceeded all expectations last night.

Mr. and Mrs. James Vincent of South Quincy have gone to Holyoke for a week's vacation.

A sleigh party of twenty-eight from Brockton had supper at the Robertson House Wednesday evening.

Now is the time to buy underwear, and D. E. Wadsworth & Co. have some good bargains advertised today.

The St. Mary's Base Ball Club will hold a meeting next Monday evening at the Hose House, Ward Four.

Posters have been posted today notifying voters where the polling places will be at the special election. Some changes have been made.

The public documents of Massachusetts for 1889 were received by City Clerk Spear Wednesday. They are in five volumes, 22 inches thick.

Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Mitchell of South Quincy, who have been visiting friends at Taunton for the past few weeks returned home Wednesday.

Rev. M. C. Beal, of Boston, will address the Epworth league at the Methodist church West Quincy tonight. After the address the League will hold its annual meeting.

Sleigh parties were numerous Wednesday, and in the afternoon a number of schools from neighboring towns passed through Quincy bent upon having a good time.

Tuesday a stranger, who claimed he hailed from Boston, hired a horse and sleigh at A. H. Taber's livery stable to go to South Weymouth, since which time nothing has been heard of man or team.

Mr. Tilson A. Mead has resigned as chorister of the Congregational church choir to take effect when a new leader can be secured. He goes to an East Boston church where he will receive a high salary.

The encampment members I. O. O. F., met last Wednesday evening, but no business of importance was transacted. The next meeting will be held Tuesday evening, when the Scarlet and Royal Purple members will be present.

The third party of the season will be given by the Atlantic Social Club in Music hall Friday evening, and if we are to judge by the others all who attend will pass the evening pleasantly. A good orchestra has been secured.

At the regular meeting of Maple Lodge, Knights and Ladies of Honor of this city, held in G. A. R. hall Wednesday evening, Mrs. Lizzie A. Monk, who retires from the Protector's chair, having filled that place with honor for three terms, was presented with an elegant marbleized clock from the members of the order. The presentation speech was made by Mrs. Ellen M. Miller, past protector. Forty members were present.

George Prout had two runaways Wednesday. In the morning he hitched into a pung and while on Water street was run into by another team, which frightened his horse which ran for home throwing the driver out but doing no damage. In the afternoon he hitched into a buggy and while on Mutton lane the horse became frightened and ran, jumping on to a fence where he was caught and held fast until released; no damage resulted to the horse, but the buggy was smashed.

Burglary.

Sometime during Wednesday night unknown parties entered the livery stable of John Hall by a window in the carriage house and stole two harnesses, one owned by Frank F. Patch valued at $40 and one owned by Henry C. Hardwick valued at $20. They also took three carriage robes owned by Mr. Hall valued at $30. Officer Furnald is investigating the case.

Waltham Hospital.

The following figures from the forthcoming report of the trustees of the Waltham hospital will be of interest:

During the year ending Sept. 30, 1890, there was, according to this report, 141 patients admitted to the hospital, and 44 were treated as out patients.

The increase over the previous year exceeded 50 per cent., and the hospital building has proven entirely insufficient to meet the demands made upon it. By hiring rooms in neighboring houses, and by sending thither from the hospital the patients' food and needed supplies, the trustees have been able to provide accommodations for all applicants duly admitted.

The surgical cases have numbered 74, and there have been 16 recoveries, 14 cases in which relief has been afforded, and 6 deaths. There were 75 medical cases, in which there were 26 recoveries, 37 in which relief was afforded, and 6 deaths. Of the entire number of patients treated 66 were males and 75 females.

The receipts for the year from all sources was $33,509.02, and the cash on hand amounts to $26,913.45.

A comparison of operations with the two previons years shows as follows:

	1890.	1889.	1888.	Totals.
Permanent outfit,	$410.45	$360.17	$1,088.28	$1,858.90
Expenses,	3,782.17	3,729 68	3,399.77	10,911.62
Nursery,	697.88	642.32	573.70	1,913.90
Wages,	1,705.08	1,693.43	927.77	4,326.28

Yacht Club Election.

The Merry Mount Yacht Club held its annual meeting at the Engine House on Wednesday evening. The following officers were elected:

Commodore,—O. F. Lathrop.
Vice Commodore,—W. E. Burrill.
Fleet Captain,—E. W. Crocker.
Secretary,—J. E. Drew.
Treasurer,—G. W. Hill.
Executive Committee,—F. E. Badger, Geo. H. DeHuff, C. H. Johnson.

Several new names were added to list of membership, and the Committee were empowered to hire a room in the new hall building for headquarters for a while, and the committee on entertainment were empowered to arrange for entertainments in the new hall for the benefit of the club.

JOSEPH W. LOMBARD, - Auctioneer, Office, 86 Hancock St.

Public Auction.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE

— OF —

Personal Property.

WILL be sold at Public Auction, on JANUARY 13th, at 2 o'clock P. M., One Granite Polishing Shop, on Liberty street, South Quincy, lately occupied by Ciardi & Cappelline as copartners in said Quincy; being the same property included in a mortgage given by Ciardi & Cappelline to James Murdock, recorded in records of mortgages of personal property in the clerk's office of the city of Quincy, libro 11, folio 479, and Dedham libro 639, folio 30, and assigned to

JAMES MURDOCK, *Mortgagee.*

Conditions at time and place of sale.
Jan. 8. 3t,eod

BUSSELL'S

Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

$1.50

Will buy a FIRST-CLASS

Working Shoe

at

Saville & Jones'.

Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.
Boston, Nov. 5. tf

WEYMOUTH.

Joseph Pecinni's fruit store was entered Monday night and a small amount of fruit stolen.

Mr. A. S. Jordan of the firm of A. S. Jordan & Co., insurance agents, of Weymouth, is dangerously ill with consumption.

W. C. T. Union.

The East Weymouth W. C. T. Union held its annual meeting Wednesday and elected the following officers:

President,—Mrs. Henry B. Raymond.
First Vice,—Mrs. Shadrach S. Marden.
Second Vice,—Mrs. W. W. Hayden.
Third Vice,—Mrs. Dr. Edwin Mayberry.
Fourth Vice,—Mrs. Lydia Lovell.
Secretary,—Mrs. Z. L. Bicknell.
Treasurer,—Mrs. R. V. Merchant.
Chaplain,—Mrs. Martha Pratt.

Committee on Sunday school work, Union Signal and Our Message,—Mrs. Z. L. Bicknell.

Committee on juvenile and press work,—Mrs. Henry B. Raymond.

Committee on special temperance instruction and social purity,—Mrs. Nancy Tirrell.

Committee on literature,—Mrs. S. S. Marden.

Committee on franchise,—Mrs. J. P. Ford.

Pilgrim Fathers.

The following officers of Wessagusset Colony, No. 111, U. O. P. F., were installed Wednesday evening by D. D. S. G. George H. Hosea assisted by John G. Allen as D. D. S. S., and Mrs. Annie M. Allen as D. D. S. S. at A.

Governor,—John P. Baker.
Lieut.-Governor,—John P. Buzzell.
Secretary,—Nelson W. Gardner.
Collector,—A. W. Gardner.
Treasurer,—John A. Raymond.
S. at A.,—J. Q. Goodspeed.
D. S. at A.,—George Wilder.
Chaplain,—Mrs. A. L. Flint.
I. S.,—W. H. Berry.
O. S.,—Robert White.

Golden Cross.

District Deputy Grand Commander of Z. L. Beal and suite of Atlantic commandry of Nantasket, installed the following officers of St. Paul commandry, U. O. G. C., of East Weymouth, Wednesday evening:

N. C.,—Sir Knight Fred N. Bicknell.
V. N. C.,—Lady Adella Burrell.
F.K. of R.,—Sir Knight George W. Dyer.
K. of R.,—Lady Lizzie F. Graves.
Treasurer,—Sir Knight Jas. M. Dunbar.
Prelate,—Lady Annie Simmons.
W. Herald,—Lady Luella Burrell.
W. of I. G.,—Sir Knight Chas. H. Bearce.
W. of O. G.,—Sir Knight F. Howard Pratt.

Legion of Honor Officers.

Hancock Council elected the following officers Wednesday evening:

Commander,—Elbridge Clapp.
Vice Commander,—Fred F. Green.
Orator,—Chas. H. Winslow.
Past Commander,—Chas. L. Orne.
Secretary,—James S. Baxter.
Collector,—C. S. French.
Treasurer,—F. S. Davis, M. D.
Chaplain,—C. F. Pettengill.
Guide,—E. E. Fellows,
Warden,—E. E. Newcomb.
Sentry,—A. E. Damon.
Trustees,—Dr. French, Dr. Davis, Dr. Gordon.
Representative to Grand Lodge,—Dr. C. S. French.
Alternate,—Elbridge Clapp.

REAL ESTATE SALES.

In Quincy.

Harriet C. Joy, to Wm. Richards, $362.
John E. Drake, to F. E. Drake, (2) $2.
Frederick E. Drake, to J. E. Drake, et al, (2) $2.
Thomas Garrity, to James Simons, $1.
James Simons, to A. J. Garrity, $1.
Geo. T. Bigelow, to Wm. Everett, $892.
Chas. R. Sherman, et al., to M. M. Sprague, $1.
James Dolan, to C. E. Dolan, $200.

MARRIED.

FREDERICKS—ROUEL—In Quincy, Jan. 7, by Rev. F. A. Friguglietti, Mr. Peter Fredericks to Miss Mary Rouel, both of Quincy.

RIZZI—ROWTON—In Quincy, Jan. 7, by Rev. J. P. Cuffe, Mr. Santino Rizzi to Miss Mary Rowton, both of Quincy.

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

POSTAL SERVICE.

Mails Arrive.

Boston,	6.20 A.M.
"	9.00 "
"	12.15 P.M.
"	3.40 "
"	5.15 "
"	6.30 "
N. Y., South and West,	7.20 A.M.
N. Y., South and West.	4.45 P.M.
Cape Cod,	7.00 "
Quincy Point,	8.30 A.M.
" "	4.15 P.M.
South Shore,	6.30 "

Deliveries.

At 7.30 A. M. (12.30 P. M. Business Delivery.) and 4 P. M.

Mails Close.

Boston,	7.15 A.M.
"	9.35 "
"	12.25 P.M.
"	4.40 "
"	6.00 "
"	8.00 "
N. Y., South and West,	7.15 A.M.
N. Y., South and West,	7.55 P.M.
Cape Cod,	7.45 A.M
"	3.15 P.M
Quincy Point,	8.30 A.M
" "	5.00 P.M
South Shore,	7.45 A.M

Collections.

From Boxes at 5.45, 8.00 A. M. (Business Section 12.45) and 4.15 P.M.

W. W. ADAMS, *Postmaster.*

TUTTLE IS ELECTED.

"If Entitled" Members Admitted in New Hampshire.

THE MUDDLE IN CONNECTICUT.

Democratic Senate Declares That Morris is Elected Governor—Organization of the Massachusetts and Maine Legislatures.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 8.—The organization of the legislature was preceded by a good deal of uncertainty as to what course the Democrats would pursue. As a precautionary measure, Clerk Sewett secured the services of a large force of Concord police, and the unwonted spectacle was presented of a police force guarding the doors of the house of representatives, and compelling the members to pass their guard in order to reach their chamber. A trio of police officers in plain clothes sat upon the steps of the rostrum, completely blocking access to the clerk.

At about 10:45 (the hour of the meeting being 11 o'clock), Hon. James F. Briggs, Isaac L. Heath, C. A. Sulloway and ex-Speaker H. D. Upton of Manchester, Hon. J. J. Bell of Exeter, Hon. J. H. Gallinger of Concord and Frank G. Clarke of Peterboro appeared at the speaker's desk, and were followed an instant later by Clerk Jewett himself.

The roll as made up by the clerk embraced all the "if entitled" members; it ignored all the classed towns; it omitted Weare and Meredith; it omitted Chatham, Langdon, Sharon and Windsor, pro rated towns, and it gives the Republicans a substantial majority.

Governor Goodell and his council having sworn in the senate, were in attendance, and administered the oath. On motion of Isaac L. Heath of Manchester, Jacob H. Gallinger, he being a member of the house as well as a senatorial candidate, was made temporary chairman.

A ballot was at once taken for speaker, and E. B. S. Sanborn of Franklin, the Democratic nominee, received 152 votes, and the Republican candidate, Frank G. Clarke of Peterboro, got 177 and was elected. The Republican nominees for clerk and assistant clerk were elected by resolution.

A ballot taken for governor resulted as follows: Tuttle, 185; Amsden, 150, and Mr. Tuttle was declared elected, amid applause from the Republicans.

The convention then rose, and each house adjourned.

Mr. Tuttle was inaugurated this morning.

The senate was organized without friction, the Republican candidate, John McLane of Milford, receiving the votes of his party and the Democrats supported Charles A. Sinclair of Portsmouth.

In the House

the Republican candidates for sergeant-at-arms and doorkeepers were elected, and special committees appointed to report rules and select a chaplain.

The senate met the house in joint convention at 4 o'clock and filled the following vacancies resulting from failure to elect Arthur L. Hodsdon of Ossipee, senator in the sixth district, and Henry B. Quincy of Lake Village in the second councillor district. Both are Republicans.

SENATE DECLARES FOR MORRIS.

Solon Still at Loggerheads in the Connecticut Legislature.

HARTFORD, Jan. 8.—Both branches of the legislature met yesterday. The senate speedily organized, electing Read of Bridgeport (Dem.) president pro tem., with other caucus nominees. All senators were present The house spent a long time in organizing, owing to technical questions about seating several members, which, however, did not affect the Republican majority. Finally the house chose A. M. Paige speaker and other Republican caucus nominees. Before the house organized the senate sent a committee of two Democrats to the board of canvassers, to attend the official canvass. It was refused, on the ground that the canvass must be sent to the general assembly, which was not then organized.

Subsequently the official canvass was sent to the house according to custom. After more or less parliamentary skirmishing the house adopted the usual joint rules and committees were appointed under them.

About 5 o'clock the house sent the official canvass to the senate, with a resolution referring it to the joint committee on canvass of votes for state officers. The senate had voted not to create such committee this year, and when the canvass and returns came in the senate created a special committee of its own to examine and report upon them. After about two hours' conference the majority of the committee, two Democrats, reported that Luzen H. Morris was elected governor, J. W. Alsop lieutenant governor, J. J. Phelan, secretary of state, M. H. Sanger treasurer, and N. Staub comptroller—the regular Democratic ticket. Resolutions declaring each so elected were passed.

The Republican member of the committee reported that various persons had been refused opportunity to show that the returns were incorrect, and that as the returns were not right, no one should be declared elected, and the matter should be examined into and the fact of no election shown. This was defeated. The house added a new rule providing for a continuance of the legislative day in case of recess, and subsequently took a recess to to-day, which will be reckoned by the clerk a continuation of the first day. The senate, after declaring the state officers elected, adjourned.

A caucus of Republican senators and representatives nominated O. H. Platt for senator unanimously.

Russia Twelve Days Behind.

England made the change from the old or Julian calendar to the Gregorian in 1752. At that period the original thirteen states were British colonies, and as the new system went into operation at that time throughout England's American dependencies it has been in effect from the beginning of the United States government. Russia still clings to the Julian calendar. That is to say, Dec. 7 in this country is Nov. 25 in Russia.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A Terrible Possibility.

Aunt Julia—Well, Flossie, what do you think of your little brother?

Flossie (who is the happy possessor of a phonographic doll)—I haven't heard heard him say a word yet, and I shouldn't be surprised if he'd lost his cylinder out.—Judge.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another installment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list includes all whose surname begins with "Re."

WARD ONE.

To Whom Taxed.	Value.	Tax.
Reed, Mrs. Timothy. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	$1,000	
Horse and carriages,	550	
House on Adams street,	6,000	
Stable,	1,800	
Land, 2 acres,	6,900	$221 00
Reed, Timothy, and others. Land on Adams street, 19 62-100 acres,	12,000	163 20
Reform Club, trustees of. Faxon hall,	4,000	
Land, one-eighth acre,	500	61 20
Reinstrom, James. House on Common street,	900	
Land, 5,000 feet,	100	15 60

WARD TWO.

Redding, Walter S. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	10,000	
Four horses, 2 cows,	700	
Carriages,	250	
House on Washington street,	4,500	
Stable,	500	
House on Washington street,	1,400	
Land, 178,140 feet,	4,000	
House off Washington street,	300	
Boat house,	300	
Land, 6 1-2 acres,	3,500	
House on Washington street,	2,000	
Stable,	300	
Land, 1 acre,	1,000	336 00
Reynolds, William. House on Glencoe place,	1,600	
Land, 11,000 feet,	450	
Unfinished house,	1,500	
Land, one-fourth acre,	300	
Land, 27,536 feet,	950	67 28

WARD THREE.

Reed, Sereno V. Stock in trade,	700	
Fixtures,	400	14 96
Reed Bros. House on Brook road,	700	
Land, 16,758 feet,	500	
House on Brook road,	1,600	
Land, 6,000 feet,	200	40 80
Restelli, John. House on Trafford street,	2,000	
Land, 11,168 feet,	500	36 00

WARD FOUR.

Reardon, B. W. Two cows,	100	
House on Common street,	800	
House on Common street,	2,000	
Barn,	100	
Land, 5 1-3 acres,	1,500	
Land off Common street, 164,577 feet,	5,800	
Land on Common street, 7,400 feet,	350	146 84
Reardon, Timothy. House on Bates avenue,	700	
Land, one-fourth acre,	400	16 96
Reinhalter, Alphonse. Machinery,	500	
Two horses,	400	
Derricks,	400	
House on Willard street,	1,700	
Buildings,	150	
Land, one-eighth acre,	450	
Land, one-third acre, and quarry,	1,500	71 36
Reinhalter Bros. Stock in trade,	3,000	
Two horses,	400	
Derricks,	800	
Shed and office,	600	
Land, Wyman lot, 1 1-2 acres,	400	70 72
Reinhalter, John. Two horses,	300	
House on Copeland street,	2,400	
Land, 15,152 feet,	1,200	55 04
Reinhalter, Peter. House on Willard street,	900	
Barn,	300	
Land, 12,820 feet,	1,300	34 00
Rennie, John. House on Centre street,	1,200	
Land, 10,659 feet,	450	24 44

WARD FIVE.

Record, Jonathan D. Unfinished house on Grand View avenue,	5,000	
Unfinished stable,	1,000	
Land, 13,732 feet,	1,650	104 04
Record, Wellington. Horse and carriage,	300	6 08

WARD SIX.

Redman, Benjamin R. House on Squantum street,	4,000	
Stable,	800	
Land, 4 acres,	5,000	
Salt marsh, 2 acres,	200	138 00
Redman, Mrs. Harriet J. A. House on Atlantic street,	3,300	
Land, 19,860 feet,	1,200	
Land, 9,930 feet,	600	
Land on Billings street, 9,488 feet,	575	77 18

QUINCY CAFE,

Chestnut Street, Quincy.

Ice Cream and Sherbets.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

Catering for Large and Small Parties, under the personal attention of JOHN H. WALES.

Dec. 12. 1m

—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Baking Powder

TELY PURE

ABLE PROPERTY.

he list of taxable property of the city, a certain blished in each issue, so that the total of a rds may be computed by interested parties. of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. gins with "Re."

D ONE.

	Value.	Tax.
onds and income,	$1,000	
	550	
	6,000	
	1,800	
	6,900	$221 00
dams street, 19 62-100		
	12,000	163 20
	4,000	
	500	61 20
street,	900	
	100	15 60
D TWO.		
ds and income,	10,000	
	700	
	250	
	4,500	
	500	
	1,400	
	4,000	
	300	
	300	
	3,500	
	2,000	
	300	
	1,000	336 00
place,	1,600	
	450	
	1,500	
	300	
	950	67 28
THREE.		
	700	
	400	14 96
	700	
	500	
	1,600	
	200	40 80
et,	2,000	
	500	36 00
D FOUR.		
	100	
	800	
	2,000	
	100	
	1,500	
feet,	5,800	
et,	350	146 84
enue,	700	
	400	16 96
	500	
	400	
	400	
	1,700	
	150	
	450	
	1,500	71 36
	3,000	
	400	
	800	
	600	
	400	70 72
	300	
	2,400	
	1,200	55 04
street,	900	
	300	
	1,300	34 00
	1,200	
	450	24 44
D FIVE.		
e on Grand View avenue,	5,000	
	1,000	
	1,650	104 04
ge,	300	6 08
RD SIX.		
ntum street,	4,000	
	800	
	5,000	
	200	138 00
Atlantic street,	3,300	
	1,200	
	600	
	575	77 18

Y CAFE,

treet, Quincy.

and Sherbets.

ALL HOURS.

nd Small Parties, under the
HN H. WALES.

1m

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 8. QUINCY, MASS., FRIDAY, JANUARY 9, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

BEEF TEA

MADE FROM

ARMOUR'S BEEF

GIVEN AWAY

Free This Week

AT

DURGIN'S DRUG STORE.

—o—

CALL AND TRY IT!

PRICES WAY DOWN!

—o—

During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our

Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel.

—‡—

PRATT & CURTIS,

25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

Bargains in Every Department.

—‡o‡—

SUITS and OVERCOATS

—AT—

LOWEST PRICES!

—§§—

QUINCY

ne Price Clothing Company.

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

SHE STILL LEADS.

Mr. Tirrell But 75 Less However.

Miss McGovern Again Makes Largest Gain and is No. 3.

Miss McPhail Fast Coming to the Front—185 Votes Today.

Five candidates polled a larger vote today than Miss Leary, but the West Quincy young lady still leads. Mr. Tirrell, however, is a good second being only 75 behind. Mr. Foy has resigned third place to Miss McGovern.

The total vote received today was 1212. Miss McGovern again had the largest number, 240. Among the others to get over 100 were: Mr. Bowditch 220, Mr. Tirrell 193, Miss McPhail 185, Mr. Foy 169 and Miss Leary 106.

The gain of Miss McPhail was one of the surprises of the day.

On and after Monday, those having but one vote will be dropped from the contest, but their record will be kept and should they receive more than one they will again appear in the list.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today.

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss Leary,	S. B. Little's	1047
Henry W. Tirrell,	John Page's	972
Miss McGovern,	Gas Light Co	727
Robert E. Foy,	Pratt & Curtis	724
Galen V. Bowditch,	E. Packard & Co.'s	451
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's	355
Miss McPhail,	J. F. Sheppard & Sons	246
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's	203
Frank W. Munroe,	J. F. Merrill's	115
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's	81
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's	79
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's	55
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's	50
J. H. Webb,	T. A. Whicher & Co.,	38
Miss Agnes Kelley,	Clapp Bros	30
W. Brooks,	A. G. Durgin	23
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's	11
Henry L. Jones,	E. E. Fellows'	10
John T. Bates,	W. H. Doble's	10
E. W. Emery,	A. G. Durgin's	8
Miss Cahill,	W. H. Doble's	5
Mary G. Drumm,	D. Bamford's	5
Edward Preston,	Boynton & Russell	5
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's	5
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	5
Frank W. Folsom,	Miller & Luce's	5
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's	4
Robert McLean,	Quincy One Price	3
James Cuffe,	French's stable	3
Henry A. Willey,	McDonnell & Sons	3
James M. Dunbar,	Strong & Carroll's, Weymouth	3
Miss Litchfield,	C. B. Tilton's	3
Miss Bussey,	A. G. Durgin's	3
Wm. McLaughlin,	McDonnell & Sons	3
Frank Perkins,	C. W. Guy's	2
John Sullivan,	Fuller & Foley	2
Wendell T. Dizer,	M. T. Dizer & Co., Weymouth	2
Miss Golden,	Advertiser office	2
Miss Mundy,	Advertiser office	2
George W. Taylor,	W. A. Hodges'	1
J. P. Newcomb,	at Murdoch's	1
A. D. F. Hall,	E. E. Hall & Co.'s	1
Thos. Davenport,	C. F. Pettengill's	1
George Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones	1
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's	1
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's	1
Frank Revere,	John Hall's	1
James Dowd,	D. F. French's	1
W. Nightingale,	T. E. Furnald's	1
Henry Emerson,	James R. Wild's	1
W. F. Pratt,	Old Colony railroad	1

Newsboys Prizes.

Charles Walsh continues to increase his lead for the gold prizes.

The sales of the newsboys from the LEDGER office, averages over 1000 a day, but this is only about one-half of the total numbers printed and sold.

The summary below includes six days' sales made by boys starting from the LEDGER office, and does not include sales to agents or by their boys, or at retail or wholesale at office:

Charles Walsh,	1604
Robert McAuliffe,	489
Fred Bavin	347
James Giles,	222
Eddie Heffernan,	206
Willie Esson,	175
Henry Rhines	155
John Dackers,	135
Chris McAuliffe,	130
Charles Carter,	126
John Mitchell	80
Myron Wilber	74
Charles Baxter,	59
Arthur Pinel,	52
John Murphy,	50
Patrick Murphy	48
Gardner Willey	48
Albert Belliven	37
Frank Walsh,	36
John Anderson	35
Gilbert Bavin,	31
William McDonnell	20
Duncan Livingstone	20
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Warren Cameron	15
Frank McGrath	15
Eugene McAuliffe	10
John Westland	5
Willie Westland	5
Thomas McDonald	3

The Watch.

Two valuable watches have been selected for the prize in the popularity contest from the large stock of T. L. Williams. One a lady's watch to be given if the winner is a lady, and the other a gentleman's watch to be given in case a gentleman leads. Both are valued at over $50 and are now on exhibition at Mr. Williams. Here is a brief description of them:

Lady's watch is solid 14k case, Waltham movement, full jeweled, adjusted to heat and cold, stem winder, pendant set and has patent regulator.

The Gentleman's watch is solid 14k case, Waltham movement, full jeweled, adjusted, stem-winder, pendant set, patent regulator, the very latest thing out.

ODD FELLOWS VISITATION.

Members of Mt. Wollaston Lodges Visit Crescent Lodge of Weymouth.

Some fifty of the members of Mt. Wollaston lodge No. 80, I. O. O. F., participated in the visitation of that lodge to Crescent lodge, No. 82 of East Weymouth, Thursday evening, and judging from the remarks which the brothers were heard to make they were well repaid for their visit, for they not only had an opportunity to become better acquainted with many of the brothers of neighboring lodges, but to witness the exemplification of the initiatory degree, which owing to the peculiar position of the writer forbids criticism. Suffice to say, it compared favorably with the work done by other lodges.

The work over, post prandial exercises were in order, D. D. G. M., Walter W. Hersey, of Hingham being the first speaker. He was followed by Brothers Nathan Ames, Franklin Jacobs, Arthur W. Stetson, Walter H. Cobb, George W. Tuckerman, George W. Taylor and Charles B. Tilton of Mt. Wollaston lodge, of Quincy, Henry T. P. Bates of Cohasset lodge, W. H. North of Mt. Vernon lodge of West Medford, Lester M. Pratt and James M. Dunbar of Crescent lodge, and members of Tremont and Medford lodges.

At the close of the meeting an opportunity was given the visitors to inspect the building, after which a supper was served in the banquet room. After which the visitors boarded their sleigh and left for home, with many a hand shake, and mid the music of numerous horns in the hands of the lively ones.

Visitations of this kind are what is needed among lodges, for it not only revives the interest and tends to create a better attendance at regular lodge meetings, but creates a pleasant rivalry among the officers of the several lodges which is productive of much better work in the several degrees.

POST OFFICE BUSINESS.

Receipts Show Increase of $2,131.63 For the Year.

The city has enjoyed free postal delivery for a year, during which time the carriers have handled over half a million pieces, as follows: January, 34,137; February, 36,591; March, 44,932; April, 45,381; May, 46,984; June, 47,668; July, 47,939; August, 47,801; September, 54,366; October, 59,038; November, 51,373; December, 79,001; the year, 595,211.

The receipts of the office show an increase for the year of $2,131.63.

The weight of newspapers mailed by publishers the last quarter was 1800 pounds. Hardly up to Boston which in the year ending last July received 5548¼ tons.

The carriers were the busiest the past month than in any other month of 1890, handling 79,001 pieces. Below are the figures in comparison with January and November:

DELIVERED.

	Dec.	Nov.	Jan.
Registered letters,	92	40	21
Letters,	30,856	21,285	17,188
Postal cards,	5,719	3,636	2,418
2d, 3d and 4th class,	21,050	14,002	5,743

COLLECTED.

Local letters,	1,200	669	602
Mail letters,	14,990	9,232	6,373
Local postal cards,	1,796	493	652
Mail postal cards,	1,716	1,315	842
2d, 3d and 4th class,	1,582	701	298
Pieces handled,	79,001	51,373	34,137
Local postage,	$121.80	$89.75	$94.15

QUINCY COURT.

We are pleased to correct the report of Harry Prout's case, which came before the District Court on New Year's day. James Robinson, who complained of Mr. Prout, had been off on a drunk, came back and demanded more money, so as to continue his debauch, and as Mr. Prout did not owe him anything, and was not willing to advance him money, he commenced a quarrel, which ending in his getting some severe bruises; but Mr. Prout denies kicking him as was reported.

—The salaries of some of the officials of the new city of Marlboro are: Mayor, $1000; City Clerk, $1200; City Treasurer, $1500.

The new city of Marlboro is to have a City Marshal and eight police officers.

SUBSCRIPTION NIGHT.

Priscilla Scored Even a Greater Success Last Evening.

The attendance at the comic opera of Priscilla at Faxon hall, Thursday evening, was not quite as large as the first night, but it represented more money as all the seats were reserved at $1.

The audience perhaps was more appreciative and inspired the actors to greater efforts, making the production even better than the evening previous.

Much of the success is due to Mrs. Wrigley, who superintends the dress of the ladies.

The ushers are Messrs. Charles W. Hall and F. C. Brown.

The chorus is composed of the following young ladies and gentlemen:

Jennie T. Fellows.	Carrie M. Shunk.
Mary S. Fellows.	Ida H. Goodspeed.
Lizzie Gould.	Walter Hersey.
Fannie Hitchcock.	Henry French.
Mary F. Simmons.	Fred Jones.
Florence G. Olney.	William Osborne.
Lora MacKay.	William Isaac.
Mabel MacKay.	Frank Gilbert.
Etta Key.	Walter Burke.
Mabel Oxford.	William Manning.
Edith Gray.	Edward Manning.
Lizzie Shepherd.	John Fenton.
Lulu Jones.	Justine F. Emery.
Carrie Baker.	Lewis C. Baker.

George C. Ela.

Gospel Temperance Service.

At the Congregational church tomorrow evening at 7 o'clock, Capt. W. H. Whelan, of Boston, will conduct a Gospel Temperance service.

Capt. Whelan is a newspaper man of 20 years standing, and in his capacity as journalist has seen the ups and downs of life in a way that few men have experienced them. For a quarter of a century he was the victim of an insatiable craving for rum. A flask of whiskey was first held to his lips on the bloody field of Gettysburg in '63. From that day he was an aimless hopless wanderer on the face of the earth. He had plenty of native talent, and he was a capital newspaper man; but rum cast its blight on him everywhere. Four years ago, or a little more he was thrown from a train, while drunk, on his way to Pittsburg and he pulled a pistol to blow his brains out. It was in that desperate moment that he came to his senses. He has never touched a drop since of any description and today it is the mission of his life to paint the horrors of the rum traffic and point the way to a hopeful and a fruitful life.

The Capt. has told his thrilling story in many of the Boston churches to large audiences. He comes most highly commended by the Pastors of these churches. Let every one who would get help and help others be sure to hear him next Sabbath evening.

Quincy Lockup Record.

The number of arrests made and committed to the Quincy lockup for the year 1890 was as follows:—For assault, 13; drunkeness, 108; larceny, 11; tramps, 42; breaking and entering, 4; violation City ordinance, 7; peddling without license, 4; liquor nuisance, 6; disturbing peace, 5; malicious mischief, 2; lottery, 1; embezzlement, 1; fraud, 2; manslaughter, 1; escaping from officer, 1; setting fire, 1; obtaining money by false pretences, 1; truancy, 1; common drunk, 1; non support, 1; rape, 1; violating fish law, 1; disturbing meeting, 1; number of lodgers, 629.

The annual meeting of the West Quincy chapter of the Epworth League was held at the M. E. church, Thursday evening. After the usual devotional exercises which were conducted by the pastor, Rev. M. C. Beale, of Boston, corresponding secretary of the District League, gave a very interesting address, following which the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President,—J. W. Frost.
First Vice,—Mrs. Annie A. Hill.
Second Vice,—Miss Annie L. Shackley.
Third Vice,—Mrs. C. M. McComick.
Fourth Vice,—Miss Annie Miller.
Secretary,—Mrs. C. H. Bearce.

Report from the president, secretary and treasurer were given in regard to the work of the league during the year just closed. Six new members were received.

—Ice twelve inches thick is being cut in Dedham.

BORN.

MASON—In South Quincy, Jan. 7, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. John Mason of Penn street.

DIED.

DUANE—In Quincy, January 7, Lizzie, daughter of Mr. William and Mrs. Catherine Duane, aged 6 years, 5 months and 20 days.

GILBERTS—At Quincy Home, Jan. 8, Mrs. Elizabeth A. Gilberts of Hyde Park, aged 84 years.

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

FAXON HALL, - QUINCY,

TONIGHT!

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

QUINCY CITY HOSPITAL,

GRAND PRODUCTION

OF COOLIDGE AND SURETTE'S

Comic Opera,

PRISCILLA,

OR THE

PILGRIM'S PROXY,

—o—

Great Cast! Fine Chorus!

Elaborate Appointments!

—o—

CAST OF CHARACTERS.

PRISCILLA, the Pretty Pilgrim.....MRS. ALICE MAY BATES RICE
RESIGNATION, a Middle-aged Spinster.....MISS AUGUSTA BATES
BARBARA.....MRS. W. M. PACKARD
FAITH.....MISS MAY V. HASTINGS
PRUDENCE.....MISS GRACE PETTENGILL
MYLES STANDISH, the Doughty Captain.....DR. GEORGE B. RICE
JOHN ALDEN, the Friend in Need.....MR. J. C. BARTLETT
WILLIAM BRADFORD, Governor of New Plymouth....MR. EDWARD PRESTON
HATEBAD HIGGINS, Agent of the Good Ship Mayflower, and President of "Ancestral Relick and Antiquated Heirloom Co., limited"....MR. W. H. DODD
SQUANTO, a Reformed Red Man.....MR. EVERETT SIMMONS

ACT. I. Leyden street, Plymouth.
ACT. II. Exterior of Priscilla's Cottage, and view of Plymouth harbor, period about 1623.

—‡—

Correct Costumes by Raymond.

Special Scenery by Story.

Wigs and Makeups by Rothe.

—§§—

Director, - - - - - C. E. MACOMBER of Boston.

Stage Manager, - - - - W. H. DODD of Boston.

—o—

☞ Opening sale of Tickets at Durgin's Drug Store, Dec. 29th, at 10 A. M.

Quincy, Dec. 27. p,2w—1,29th,6t

TWO BIG BARGAINS.

—o—

Men's "All-wool" Scarlet SHIRTS AND DRAWERS

REDUCED FROM

$1.00 to 75 cts.

Children's "All-wool" VESTS AND PANTS,

Sizes from 20 to 32,

Any Size at Only 59 cents.

—o—

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.,

ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

BUSSELL'S

Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

$1.50

Will buy a FIRST-CLASS

Working Shoe

at

Saville & Jones'.

POSTAL SERVICE.

Mails Arrive.

Boston,	6.20 A.M.
"	9.00 "
"	12.15 P.M.
"	3.40 "
"	5.15 "
"	6.30 "
N. Y., South and West,	7.20 A.M.
N. Y., South and West,	4.45 P.M.
Cape Cod,	7.00 "
Quincy Point,	8.30 A.M.
" "	4.15 P.M.
South Shore,	6.30 "

Deliveries.

At 7.30 A. M. (12.30 P. M. Business Delivery.) and 4 P. M.

Mails Close.

Boston,	7.15 A.M.
"	9.35 "
"	12.25 P.M.
"	4.50 "
"	6.00 "
"	8.00 "
N. Y., South and West,	7.15 A.M.
N. Y., South and West,	7.55 P.M.
Cape Cod,	7.45 A.M
" "	3.15 P.M
Quincy Point,	8.50 A.M
" "	5.00 P.M
South Shore,	7.45 A.M

Collections.

From Boxes at 5.45, 8.00 A.M. (Business Section 12.45) and 4.15 P.M.

W. W. ADAMS, *Postmaster.*

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive an Easy Chair or Gold Watch.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period can have his choice between a richly upholstered easy chair worth $25, or a gold watch valued at $50. These will soon be purchased and put on exhibition in some prominent place.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

— BY —

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

GUESTS BADLY SCARED

By a Fire in the Crawford House, Boston, This Morning.

BOSTON, Jan. 9.—A fire broke out in the office of the Crawford house at 3:15 this morning. For the space of ten minutes the guests were experiencing great difficulty in making their way from the upper stories to the streets. The house had about the usual complement of guests, and the first warning received was to "get out." They were not slow in responding.

In the old part of the house, that which stretches down on Brattle street, there were a number of traveling men in a section which was shut up, bolted and grated, according to their statements. After making their way from the third story they brought up against an iron grating, which barred their exit by the only stairway in sight. Passing through a suite of rooms on the second floor they reached the front, and with great relief saw the top of a street gas lamp just even with the window.

No one, with the possible exception of a man who jumped from the window on the Brattle street side, sustained any serious injury. That there was nothing worse attending the pell-mell exit that ensued in the dark was wonderful.

The damage to the building will probably reach several thousan ddollars.

A curious fact which the firemen noted was that on the second floor in the first section of the Brattle street part of the house the gas was turned on from several burners which were not lighted. The walls were blackened, also, in a curious way, as if lampblack had been dashed on the upper part and allowed to run down. The fire was too thorough to admit of ascertaining in what particular place the fire broke out.

CAUGHT AT LAST.

Trio of Boy Burglars Confess to Many Robberies in Springfield.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 9.—The gang of boy burglars who infested the city for the last two months were caught, after entering the hardware store of Boise & Clark, where they smashed a safe and stole $54. They tried to enter Homer Foot's hardware store, but failed. They are George Deno, aged 19, Fred Loncto, 15, and Adolph Foster, 17. The first two were caught as they were crossing the Connecticut river bridge at 1 a. m., and the latter was taken in bed at his home on Pynchon street. The boys confess to breaking into the postoffice and railroad station at Mittineague, and also to this list of burglaries in this city: Nov. 3, James Lewis' piano warehouse on Pynchon street; Nov. 15, H. L. Niles & Co., grocery store on Main street, Pearl's junk store on Worthington street, and E. R. Wolcott's restaurant on West Bridge street; Nov. 21, Pierce & Foster's market, the Harrison avenue market, and Kelsey's railroad store; Dec. 4, the Elm street tea store, Isaac Mills' coal office, and Andrew Clark's grocery; Dec. 10, D. B. Montague's stove store, W. A. Dickinson's dry goods store and J. W. Hersey's auction rooms; Dec. 16, Broadhurst Bros.' shoe store, Quimby & Co.'s crockery store, and Sexton & Sullivan's drug store; Dec. 19, Gowdy & Remington's shoe store; Dec. 23, Murphy & Liscomb's oil store and Foster & Streeter's clothing store; Jan. 2, J. S. Marsh's grocery.

THE MISSING POLLUX.

Her Crew Arrives at New York—The Captain's Tale of Hardships.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—The mystery of the lost British steamer Pollux was solved when the steamer Nevada arrived with her captain and crew, nineteen in number. Capt. John A. Stewart of the Nevada reported that when two days out from Noville took the crew of the Pollux off their vessel. The Pullox was thirty-one days out from Rouen, bound for Philadelphia. Her rudder was gone and she was abandoned. The Pollux was a steamer of 1433 tons burden and was owned by W. S. Croudace of Dundee. Capt. Whitson, her commander, told a terrible tale of suffering. He said the vessel was caught in the gale of Nov. 29 and became disabled. She also sprung a bad leak. The vessel only had provisions for an ordinary voyage when she left Rouen. These became exhausted and all suffered terribly from hunger. For twenty-nine days they had nothing but canned meat to eat. This disappeared so rapidly that during the last seven days previous to their rescue but seven ounces of meat a day were allowed to each man. They had no water nor bread. The coal gave out long before they were rescued, and the men also suffered greatly from cold. One of the Pollux's firemen was washed overboard in the storm.

Earthquake in Texas.

RUSK, Tex., Jan. 9.—At 12 o'clock last night this town and vicinity experienced at least two well defined earthquake shocks. Each was accompanied by a detonation, loud and long as of rolling, from south to north. Several chimneys were levelled with the earth, and sleepers in various portions of the town were awakened. J. W. McCordis, in charge of the county jail, a very strong structure, declares that for fully one minute he apprehended a collapse of the building, and the Acme hotel was shaken to its foundation. There was no wind, though a slight rain was falling and some electrical force was prevailing.

JACKSON'S VICTORY.

Democrats at a $10,000 Banquet in the Quaker City.

MANY DISTINGUISHED GUESTS,

The Chief of Whom Was ex-President Cleveland, Take Part—Celebrations in Boston, New York and Bangor in Honor of "Old Hickory."

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 9.—The feature of the celebration of "Jackson Day" in this city was the banquet of the Young Men's Democratic association at the Academy of Music, which was the biggest affair of its kind ever held in this city. Ex-President Grover Cleveland was the guest of the evening, and the enthusiasm evoked by his appearance was unexampled. The banquet began at 7 o'clock and covers were laid for over 600 diners. Prominent Democrats from all parts of the state and country occupied seats at the table. Previous to his appearance at the academy, Mr. Cleveland held a reception at the rooms of the Young Men's Democratic association. The vicinity of the building was jammed with people during the three hours that the reception lasted.

The scene which greeted Mr. Cleveland upon entering the Academy of Music last night was brilliant in the extreme. The decorations were profuse, and costly flowers and plants abounded. Ten thousand dollars are said to have been expended by the association in the preparation for the banquet. Mr. Cleveland occupied the seat of honor, ex-Secretary of State Bayard being on his right and Governor-elect Pattison at his left. At the conclusion of the banquet proper the balconies of the academy, holding about 2000 people, were opened for the admission of the public, and were soon filled with a brilliant gathering, mostly ladies in evening dress. Prominent among the guests was Mrs. Cleveland, who occupied what is known as the "Mrs. Cleveland box." She was accompanied by a number of ladies. Her entrance was greeted with applause, which was redoubled when she kissed her hand to her distinguished husband, who sat almost opposite her.

It was nearly 10 o'clock when Samuel Thomson, president of the association, delivered the opening address. He spoke of the great Democratic victories which they had assembled to commemorate, and said it was proper that in the celebration the young men should be present to renew their energy and vigor. "It is also proper," he continued, "that we should have with us the great leader, ex-President Cleveland, who led the party triumphantly to success; who from defeat evolved a great victory; who in administration knew no motive save that which was based upon right; who, in guiding the ship of state, had but one compass, and that the people's interests; who with great courage threw down the gauntlet of tariff reform and like his great prototype, practically declared, by the Eternal, its principal was right and should prevail."

When Mr. Cleveland rose to respond to his toast, the scene was simply indescribable. The diners, and those assembled in the galleries, cheered repeatedly and waved napkins and handkerchiefs, the speaker remaining several minutes on his feet before he was permitted to proceed. Cheers followed almost every word of his speech.

Governor-elect Pattison's speech was received with much applause.

Ex-Secretary of State Bayard responded to the toast "The Federal Government—Its perpetuity depends upon constitutional limitations." He delivered no set speech and his short address was mainly eulogistic of the Cleveland administration.

Congressman Breckinridge of Kentucky, in response to the toast, "The New South," created much enthusiasm by a speech eulogistic of the south.

John E. Russell of Massachusetts responded to "New England," and was well received.

The speech-making was brought to a close at midnight by Joseph R. McCullen of Philadelphia, whose theme was "The Young Democracy—the hope and reliance of the Republic."

THE DAY IN BOSTON.

Three Hundred Bay State Democrats Discuss Recent Victories.

BOSTON, Jan. 9—Jackson's Day was celebrated by a dinner and speeches in the American house yesterday. It was the regular annual dinner which is given under the auspices of the Democratic state committee every year upon Jan. 8 to commemorate the battle of New Orleans. But yesterday's celebration was especially interesting, for then, for the first time in many years, the 300 men assembled, representing as they did, the Democracy of all sections of the Commonwealth, were able to bid a hearty welcome—not to an honored, though unsuccessful candidate—but to a chief magistrate of the commonwealth, an auditor of the state and seven congressmen-elect, as well as a mayor of the city of Boston.

The large dining hall was very prettily draped with flags and streamers. The tables were arranged so as to extend across the room nearly to the center on each side, leaving a wide passageway in the middle, and at side and lengthwise with the hall, upon a raised platform, was the guest table. At the head of this table was seated Gen. John W. Corcoran, chairman of the state committee, president of the evening. Upon his right sat Josiah Quincy, and later Governor Russell, as well as Col. Jonas H. French, Harvey N. Collison, president of the Young Men's Democratic club of Massachusetts, and Alderman John H. Sullivan. On his left was Secretary of State McGuinness of Rhode Island and Frederick L. Cooledge of Ashburnham.

The speeches were, mainly devoted to the subject of the recent Democratic victories in the state.

In New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—The anniversary of the battle of New Orleans was celebrated at Sherry's by a banquet of the Business Men's Democratic association. About 140 Democrats did honor to the memory of Gen. Jackson. Among the speakers were Lieutenant Governor Jones, Governor Abbett of New Jersey, Delano C. Galvin, Comptroller Myers and Col. Richard Lathers.

At Bangor.

BANGOR, Me., Jan. 9.—The Democrats of Bangor celebrated Jackson's day by a banquet at the Penobscot Exchange at 9 p. m. Between 200 and 300 were present, including prominent Democrats from different sections of the state. Hon. F. M. Laughton of this city acted as toastmaster.

TAKEN UNAWARES.

Lieut. Casey, an Infantry Officer, Murdered by a Brule Indian.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Gen. Schofield received a telegram from Gen. Miles detailing the circumstances of the killing of Lieut. Casey by the Indians as follows:

Reports from Gen. Brooke state that Lieut. E. W. Casey, Twenty-second infadtry, was killed yesterday. There has been fighting and skirmishing on that part of the line for several days. Lieut. Casey was out with his scouts watching the hostile camp, and, with one Cheyenne, met two Indians, an Ogallalla and a Brule. The Ogallalla warned Lieut. Casey that the Brules were bad and would shoot. As Lieut. Casey turned to go away the Brule fired, striking him in the back of the head and killing him instantly. Lieut. Casey was one of the most brilliant and beloved officers of the service. There is a report of heavy firing in or near the hostile camp that may be between the two elements of the Indian camp.

Secretary Noble sent a dispatch to Agent Royer at Pine Ridge, dismissing him from the service. The secretary directs him to turn over the property to Capt. Pierce, First infantry, who will temporarily act as agent at that point.

The president has appointed Capt. Francis H. Pierce, First infantry, U. S. A., to be agent of the Indians at the Pine Ridge reservation, vice Mr. Royer, removed.

Red Cloud at Pine Ridge.

PINE RIDGE, S. D., Jan. 9.—Red Cloud has came into the agency. The old man stepped out of the hostile camp and with his wife walked sixteen miles to this place.

A VERDICT OF GUILTY

Will Probably Be Rendered in the MacQueary Heresy Case.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 9.—The arguments on both sides in the McQueary trial were completed and, calling for the books and opinions offered in the testimony, the court withdrew until it could formulate its opinion. It is quite generally conceded that Rev. Mr. MacQueary will be found guilty.

In his argument Mr. MacQueary stated explicitly that his object in writing a book was not to create a sensation, but to, if possible, assist in conforming Christianity to common sense and nineteenth century thoughts. In closing with the final reply to the prosecutor, he said the church and the prosecutor were dogmatists, and that the latter admitted that the council of Nice did not insist upon Virgin birth and literal resurrection of the body. Rev. Mr. MacQueary has been advised throughout the trial by a Unitarian clergyman, and it is anticipated that he will adopt that creed.

The Late Judge Devens.

RUTLAND, Vt., Jan. 9.—The commander-in-chief announces the death at Boston, Jan. 7, of Comrade Charles Devens, past commander-in-chief, of which due notice will be given in general orders. The funeral will take place on Saturday, Jan. 10, at Trinity church, Boston, and it is hoped that as many national and department officers as possible will attend to honor the memory of our illistrious comrade. Those intending to be present should notify Department Commander George H. Innis, Boston, that suitable arrangements may be made.

By order of Commander-in-Chief Veazey.

J. H. GOULDING, Adjutant General.

A Veteran Schoolmaster Dead.

BOSTON, Jan. 9.—James Fletcher Blackinton, principal of the Emerson grammar school, East Boston, died at his home on Summit street, Winthrop. He was 71 years of age, and the senior master of Boston's public schools.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

A cyclone caused damage near Sherman, Tex.

A world's labor show in London is proposed.

A revolution is reported to have broken out in Chili.

An early conclusion of the new railroad agreement is not looked for.

There is a movement to secure a skating contest in the English metropolis.

Thirty-six young people were injured by the overturning of a sleigh near Scranton, Pa.

Reports of continued loss of cattle by steamers crossing the Atlantic are received.

A Michigan servant girl "inadvertently" nearly killed her employer's family by poison.

One man was killed and three others fatally wounded at a grade crossing in Chicago.

The late Duc de Montpensier's personal estate has been sworn at nearly £11,000,000 sterling.

A dispatch from Pillau says that the immense petroleum stores at that port are burning.

Senator Vest of Missouri received a legislative caucus nomination equivalent to an election.

The schooner Aloha has arrived at Charleston, S. C., from Boo thbay, after a very rough passage.

The missing schooner Laura A. Smith has been reported abandoned at sea. All on board were saved.

Four mysterious murders in Granville county, N. C., has caused much excitement among the people.

Horatio A. Crow, 77, a West Springfield, Mass., farmer, was fatally injured while walking on the railroad track.

Mrs. Bernhardt of Holyoke, Mass., was arrested for shoplifting, having victimized several local dry goods firms.

Henry George has recovered from his sickness and is about to start for Bermuda, where he will pass the winter.

The sudden disappearance of a leading member of the Steuben county (N. Y.) bar, leaving debts behind him of $100,000, is reported.

Englishmen are as belligerent over the Newfoundland fisheries dispute as are some people in this country over the Behring Sea question.

A cable dispatch intimates that English yachtsmen are not in full sympathy with Lieut. Henn in his talk about a challenge for the America's cup.

The bitterly cold weather in Europe is causing much suffering. Three persons were frozen to death in Paris. Twenty ships are caught in the ice in the river Elbe.

Mr. Parnell authorizes the contradiction of the published reports of the terms of the Boulogne agreement. He is expected to make an important statement at Limerick on Sunday.

In a letter Mr. Gladstone says: I have made no offer of office to Mr. Parnell, and his retirement, of which I spoke to Mr. Morley, was not retirement for the present, but retirement now.

THE NEBRASKA ROW.

Boyd Declared Elected---Election Then Declared Void.

THE NUTMEG STATE SQUABBLE

Committee Appointed to Investigate the State Canvass, and a Recess Follows—A Break in South Dakota—Inaugurations in New England.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 9.—There was a disgraceful row in the legislature yesterday, and Governor Thayer ordered out a militia company to keep order. Speaker Elder and the Alliance faction refused to have the returns of the last election canvassed, and the state supreme court issued a writ of mandamus requiring Elder to do so. The sheriff, assisted by policemen, had to break into the state house to serve the writ. A pitched battle followed, free fights being frequent. When Lieuentant Governor Meikeljohn left the room temporarily he was refused readmittance till the militia were ordered to escort him in with their bayonets. Finally the joint assembly was called to order, and the speaker began to read the returns as slowly as he could.

In the meantime filibustering was continued. Chief Justice Cobb of the supreme court sent in word that the men who advised the Alliance men to disregard the mandate of the court would be dealt with severely. This had a soothing effect on the obstructionists. At 5:30 p. m. the speaker finished the canvass and formally declared that James E. Boyd had been duly elected governor. This declaration was also made in reference to the Republican state ticket below governor.

Then an Alliance member introduced a resolution to the effect that the election was void, and refusing to recognize any of the officers as elected; also censuring the supreme court. After much delay and discussion the resolution was adopted by a strict party vote—70 to 59—the Republicans and Democrats voting no. The joint session then adjourned.

Matters were further complicated last night. At 8 o'clock Governor-elect Boyd called on Governor Thayer and was informed that the latter would not give up the office on the ground that Boyd was not a citizen of the United States and was therefore not eligible. Governor Thayer has barricaded the executive office and remains inside with police and a company of militia on guard. It is understood that he will remain governor if possible until all questions affecting his successor are settled.

THE CONNECTICUT HOUSE

Appoints a Committee to Investigate the Canvass of Votes.

HARTFORD, Jan. 9.—The senate at 4 o'clock adjourned to next Tuesday at 1 o'clock. The house about 2 o'clock took a recess to Jan. 20 at 10 a. m. There was much excitement in the capitol just before the senate adjourned over a rumor that the Democratic candidates for state offices had been sworn in and were about to claim the offices. The doors were locked and other precautions were taken, but no movement was made, and as now reported, none was contemplated.

The house committee of inquiry into the canvass of votes for state officers held a session late yesterday afternoon. All the members, Republicans and Democrats, were present. They discussed the scope of their inquiry, and without final action adjourned to next Wednesday at 10 a. m. The Democrats of the house held a caucus immediately after recess to consider a nomination for United States senator, but decided not to hold any regular nominating caucus until the evening of Jan. 18.

The present situation of affairs is that the senate has declared the Democratic state officers elected, and meanwhile the the old state officers, Republicans, hold their offices, although Lieuteuant Governor Merwin has not appeared in the senate, and that body is presided over by its own president pro tem.

INAUGURATIONS.

Massachusetts, Maine and New Hampshire Governors Take the Oath of Office.

BOSTON, Jan. 9.—The third Democratic governor of Massachusetts was inaugurated at the state house, before the joint convention of the two branches of the legislature, and in the presence of a large gathering of spectators, including men distinguished in the affairs of the state, and those who came more as the personal friends and following of Governor Russell. As soon as the ladies' gallery was opened it was filled, and so was that left for men in the opposite gallery. The corridors were thronged with people all the morning, and locomotion about some parts of the state house was accomplished only with difficulty.

AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 9.—Both branches of the state legislature met in joint convention. The oath of office was administered to Governor Burleigh by the president of the senate, and he immediately proceeded to read his inaugural address. The reading occupied fifty-five minutes.

After the inaugural the Republican candidates for state offices were elected as follows: H. M. Sprague, adjutant general; Nicholas Fessenden, secretary of state; Charles L. Littlefield, attorney general. The election of state treasurer will take place later in the session. The new council was also elected. The legislature then adjourned to Tuesday at 4 p. m.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 9.—Both branches of the legislature met at 11 o'clock. In the house, Mr. Page of Concord gave notice of a secret ballot bill. At 11:30 o'clock the two branches met in joint convention. Formal notice was sent to the governor-elect that the legislature was ready to receive any message from him.

Thirty minutes later the invited guests, including a large number of distinguished citizens and ladies, filed into the hall. Governor-elect Tuttle, accompanied by Governor Goodell and his council, councillors-elect and the governor's staff, followed. The oath of office was administered to Mr. Tuttle by President McLane of the senate, and he immediately began the delivery of his inaugural address.

The South Dakota Squabble.

PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 9.—A break has been made in the Fusionist ranks. Converse, an Independent member from Jerauld county, announced that hereafter he will vote outside the combination. He is expected to work with the Republicans on senatorial and other political questions. The Republicans are jubilant and are organizing thoroughly for the senatorial fight.

BEST YET!

Christians' Flour, $7 per Bbl.

Corrugated " $7 "

Extra Quality Tea (Oolong, Japan or English Breakfast,) 50c. lb.

We believe the above brands of Flour are the Best that are sold in this market.

We also believe that our 50 cent Tea is the Best sold for the money in New England.

In order to extend our sales in these Specialties, we make the following offer for a limited time only: To every Customer buying a barrel of either Flour, we will present a pound of Tea, and deliver free in any part of Quincy or adjoining towns. Positively no discount will be made on either the Flour or the Tea purchased separately. Orders by mail or telephone will be sent on day order is received.

J. F. Merrill,

Boston Branch Grocery.

Quincy, Jan. 3. 6t

BOYS, ATTENTION.

START TODAY!

to

A Prize of $10.00

Will be given to the Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS during January and February.

A Prize of $5.00

Will be given to the Newsboy making the second largest sale during the same period.

$5.00 will also be Given

To each boy, including the above, who sells **5000 or more** copies in the two months, an average of 100 per day.

$2.50 will be Given

To other boys selling 2500 or more copies, an average of 50 per day.

$1.00 will be Given

To all other boys selling 1000 or more copies, an average of 20 per day.

CAUTION!

Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys Will be Supplied at 1 1-2 Cents per Copy

BY THE FOLLOWING AGENTS:

HENRY CORAM	West Quincy.
F. E. KIMBALL	West Quincy.
MISS A. A. BARTLETT	Brewer's Corner.
MISS E. M. FREEMAN	Quincy Point.
C. F. WILDE	Wollaston.
THOMAS GURNEY	Atlantic.
KEMP & TISDALE	East Milton.
HENRY B. VINTON	Braintree.
GEORGE H. HUNT	East Weymouth.

OR AT THE

Daily Ledger Office.

Boys or Agents wanting extra papers should give notice before 9 A. M. on the day of publication.

YET !

our, $7 per Bbl.
" $7 "
or English Breakfast,) 50c. lb.

lour are the Best that are sold in this
t Tea is the Best sold for the money in
se Specialties, we make the following
ery Customer buying a barrel of either
nd deliver free in any part of Quincy
unt will be made on either the Flour
s by mail or telephone will be sent on

Merrill,
nch Grocery.
6t

TENTION.

TODAY!

of $10.00
Newsboy selling the
S during January and

of $5.00
Newsboy making the
ring the same period.

lso be Given
g the above, who sells
s in the two months, an
ay.

l be Given
g 2500 or more copies,
day.

l be Given
ng 1000 or more copies,
day.

TION!
llowed to club together,
of such combinations
n of the publishers will
ll the prizes.

t 1 1-2 Cents per Copy
OWING AGENTS:
.....West Quincy.
.....West Quincy.
.....Brewer's Corner.
.....Quincy Point.
.....Wollaston.
.....Atlantic.
.....East Milton.
.....Braintree.
.....East Weymouth.
T THE
ger Office.
wanting extra papers
ore 9 A. M. on the day

COME RIGHT IN

And select one of our Boxes of Cigars. We have the largest stock in the City to select from of

Cigars for the Holiday Trade.

Our Prices are from

ONE DOLLAR TO SEVEN DOLLARS PER BOX.

GEO. F. WILSON & CO.,

108 Hancock Street, Quincy, Mass.

BUCKWHEAT !

NOW IS THE SEASON FOR

Buckwheat Cakes and Maple Syrup.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF BOTH.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

We are the only Firm in this City that have CONFIDENCE FLOUR.

WE HAVE A

FANCY HAXALL FLOUR

That Sells for less money. Give one of our kinds a Trial.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

Quincy Co-operative Society.
W. F. COLBY, Manager.
Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters
AT BOTTOM PRICES.
CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,
The Best in the Market.
FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.
Nov. 10. tf

BEST IN THE MARKET !

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON.
[FRANK S. PATCH.]
Quincy, July 9. tf

QUINCY CAFE,
Chestnut Street, Quincy.
ce Cream and Sherbets.
MEALS AT ALL HOURS.
Catering for Large and Small Parties, under the
rsonal attention of JOHN H. WALES.
c. 12. 1m

JOB PRINTING
At the Patriot Office.

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 9.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1637—Grant to William Hutchinson at Mount Wollaston defined.

World Wide.

MYRA C. GAINES.

1634—Birth of John, first earl of St. Vincent, admiral; died 1823.
1757—Death of Bernard de Fontenelle, poet and musical writer; born 1657.
1779—Capture of Sunbury, Ga., by the British.
1848—Death of Caroline L. Herschel, astronomer; born 1750.
1854—Astor library, New York, opened.
1861—Secession of Mississippi.
1861—Steamer Star of the West fired upon in Charleston harbor.
1872—Death of Maj. Gen. H. W. Halleck at Louisville, Ky., aged 56.
1873—Death at Chiselhurst, England, of Napoleon III, ex-emperor; buried there Jan. 15.
1876—Railroad accident near Odessa, Russia; 68 lives lost.
1885—Died in New Orleans, Mrs. Myra Clark Gaines, aged 7? years.
1888—Death of Gen. Washington Seawell; born 1803.
1888—Death of Professor Bonamy Price; born 1808.
1889—Terrible wind storm at Reading, Pittsburg, Niagara Falls and elsewhere; 33 killed at Reading and 14 at Pittsburg. New Suspension bridge at Niagara blown down.
1889—Judge Barrett dissolved the North River Sugar Refining company, and declared its charter forfeited on the ground that the stockholders have surrendered their shares to the sugar trust, which is illegal and in restraint of trade.

The Big Watch Failure.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 9.—A conference was held at Canton, between Assignee Howard Douglass of Cincinnati, Manager Moore of the Dueber Watch company, representatives of the Hampden Watch works, and the Canton Board of Trade, looking to a resumption of work at the Canton factory. The result of the conference was not made public, but it is believed the works will soon be started.

Dillon Wanted in Europe.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—John Dillon, the Irish envoy, announced last night that he would sail for Europe on the French steamer Saturday. He said that complications had risen on the other side and that his presence was needed there. He had cabled to Mr. O'Brien and his colleagues to suspend further hostilities until his arrival.

Six Fighters Less.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 9.—A Charleston, W. Va., dispatch to The Sun, says that news was received there from Logan county, this state, that the Brumfield-McCoy vendetta, which has been quiet for some months, had been renewed and that in a fight on Hart's creek a few days ago six men were killed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Forecast for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont: Fair; warmer, except in southern Maine, stationary temperature; northeasterly winds.

For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Fair; northerly winds; stationary temperature.

The Chinese to Rule.

Lord Wolseley believes that the Chinese are the coming race, and that they will overrun the world the moment a great general or lawgiver arises among them. For 300 years the Chinese have been ruled by "the simple method of having all the more active, capable and progressive heads shorn off by the Tartars." No one of more than average intelligence is permitted to exist, and the government is on one side an organized system of massacre. When Commissioner Leh was asked whether it was true that he had beheaded 60,000 men in three years, his answer was, "Oh, surely more than that." Some day, however, a new Chinese Moses will arise and resist.

The people, who are quite fearless, will then, Lord Wolseley thinks, adopt the profession of arms, hurl themselves on Russia and sweep over her, India and the continent of Europe. The English, the Americans and the Australians will have to rally for a desperate conflict, probably in western Asia, which will be a veritable battle of Armageddon. Such prophecies are, of course, of small practical use, but we agree that a very little might set the Chinese moving, and that her millions, once let loose, could no more be stopped than a stream of lava. Lord Wolseley is all for keeping on good terms with the Chinese and so are we, but at the same time we do not forget that the Roman emperors who tried to conciliate the Goths fared no better than those who defied them.—Omaha World-Herald.

New Decorative Process.

A new process by which artistic designs can be photographed on paper, cotton cloth, velvet and other fabrics is becoming the "craze" in England, as any lady can by its means take any white fabric and print upon it designs to suit her own taste, and in which pressed leaves will serve instead of a transparency for the production of many effects. At a recent meeting of the Photographic society (England) a well known photographer printed different leaf patterns upon different parts of a piece of white cotton cloth.

He then developed the different patterns with various developers by applying each of the latter locally with a brush. The result was a pretty series of designs in variegated colors upon one piece of cloth. The colors at present obtainable by the use of developers in the process are red, orange, purple and maroon. By mixing the purple and orange developers an unsatisfactory kind of an approach to green is said to have been obtained. Developers to yield blues and greens with this process have yet to be discovered.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

MORE EXPERIMENTS.

Dr. Koch's Discovery Found to Be Very Valuable in Making a Diagnosis.

BOSTON, Jan. 9.—An interesting fact has been proved through the experiments with lymph at the city hospital, and that is that no reaction will be found to take place in a person who is not affected with tuberculosis in some form, and on that account is of particularly great value in making a diagnosis. A girl 12 years of age, Lillian Young by name, was attacked by typhoid fever and in recovering had become inflicted with an involuntary reaction of the knee like that in tuberculosis of the hips. Lymph was injected to determine whether or not she had tuberculosis in the hip joint, and the absence of any reaction proved conclusively that there was no tuberculosis in her system. This has been substantiated by an experiment by Arthur K. Stone of this city, who injected an ordinary dose of lymph into himself to test its effect on a well person. There was absolutely no reaction, which shows conclusively that only those afflicted with lupus, tuberculosis or consumption will be at all affected by the treatment.

Patients are still being received at the Massachusetts general hospital, the city hospital and the Soldiers' home of Chelsea, and in almost all cases there is a marked improvement, and no unfavorable symptoms are shown.

NOT IN CLOVER.

"Paddy, the Pig," and Pal, Green Goods Men, Arrested in Gotham.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—The police have arrested two green goods men known as O'Brien, alias "Paddy, the Pig," and George Evans. O'Brien is believed to be the swindler who was cowed with revolvers by James Hadley and Robert George of Monroeville, Ala., recently and robbed of $1700 by the men he was trying to swindle. Two packages containing eighteen revolvers were taken from the prisoners. On Evans was found $948 in new bank bills. O'Brien had several papers in his pockets on which were written the names of the victims who had been swindled by him, together with the amounts. It was also learned from papers in the pockets of the men that the revolvers found in their possession were loaned out to "steelers" and "helpers." The prisoners are believed to be the head of a big gang of green goods swindlers. It is doubtful if they can be convicted on the charge of swindling, but they will be upon that of carrying concealed weapons.

ATCHISON AND UNION PACIFIC.

It Seems to Be Pretty Well Understood That They Will Consolidate.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—The rumor that Jay Gould had secured a controlling interest in the Atchison and intended to consolidate that property with the Missouri Pacific has received some confirmation. George Gould told a reporter that he wished to confer with his father before talking about the matter. "You may say that I do not think there is much in the story," he continued, but his manner gave the impression that there was something in it. A cable was received by a well-known railroad president in this city stating that a big block of Atchison stock held by the Barings had just been sold to a big railroad operator in New York city. Russell Sage, when asked last evening if Mr. Gould now controlled the Atchison, smiled and said: "I can't talk about that." To another question, bearing on the matter, he replied: "You reporters are pretty apt to guess just right."

IN RECEIVERS' HANDS.

Two Wisconsin Mutual Fire Insurance Companies in Trouble.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 9.—The Wisconsin Mutual Fire Insurance company and its alley, the Milwaukee Mutual Fire Insurance company, are in the hands of a receiver. The officers of the companies claim that the collapse was due to a report in The Sentinel, alleged to have been made by Insurance Commissioner Cheek, reflecting in a damaging way on the financial standing of the companies and causing a wholesale cancellation of policies. The paper and commissioner have been sued for libel. The Wisconsin Mutual company has $18,000 liabilities and $60,000 assets, and the Mutual Fire Insurance company places its assets at $55,000 and liabilities at $9000. The assets of both corporations consist of unpaid premium notes.

WILLING TO COMPROMISE.

Scottish Railway Officials Promise to Listen to Grievances—A Small Riot.

GLASGOW, Jan. 9.—The officials of the Caledonian railroad, in a manifesto yesterday, promised to consider the grievances of the strikers who would promptly resume work. A number of engine drivers and firemen returned to work during the afternoon, creating a small riot. The so-called "deserters" were hooted at and pelted with stones until the railroad officials called upon the police to protect them. The police charged the strikers and arrested six of the ringleaders. The prisoners were taken to the police station, followed by a mob of howling men and women and children, and locked up.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Latest Quotations of the New York and Boston Stock Markets—Jan. 8.

London did not respond to the reduction in the Bank of England rate and sold stocks quite freely in the Wall street market. Shorts were the principal buyers.

Boston trading continued fair in volume and in interest.

The New York Market.

Atchison	25⅝	Nor. Pac. pref	68
Central Pacific	29	Oregon Trans	15⅞
Chi & Northwest	106⅜	Oregon Navi	79¼
Del Lack & West	137⅛	Pacific Mail	35¼
Del & Hudson	132⅝	Reading	34⅝
Illinois Central	98⅜	Texas Pacific	14¼
Lake Shore	108	Union Pacific	45
Missouri Pacific	63½	Wabash St. L. & P.	9¼
N. J. Central	115	do pref	17⅛
N. Y. Central	102	Wheel & Lake Erie	7⅛
Northern Pacific	24¼	Western Union	78⅛

The Boston Market.

Aspinwall Land	....	Fitchburg pref	85¼
Fremn's Bay Land	....	Flint & Pere Mar	21½
Newport Land	1⅝	Maine Central	....
West End Land	22½	Mexican Central	22⅝
Atchison	29¼	N Y & N E	36¼
Atlantic & Pacific	6¼	do pref	112
Boston & Lowell	177	Old Colony	198
Boston & Maine	....	Union Pacific	45¼
Boston & Prov	....	Wisconsin Central	19½
Chicago, B & Q	99⅜	American Bell Tel.	214
Central Mass	19	Mexican	8⅝
do pref	....	Erie Tel	50
Eastern	....	New England Tel.	51

The Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—FLOUR—Moderately active; city mills $5 10 to 5 35; city mills patents $5 10 to 5 75; winter wheat, low grades, $3 40 to 3 90; do fair to fancy $3 90 to 5 00; do patents $4 40 to 5 40; Minnesota clear $4 10 to 4 85; do straights $4 35 to 5 10.

WHEAT—Dull; No. 2 red $1 01½ elevator; No 3 red 1 01⅜.

OATS—Firmer; No 3, 50?; No 1, 53c; mixed western, 52c.

COFFEE—Rio active; fair cargoes 19.

SUGAR—Raw firm; refined firm; granulated 5 15-16c to 6c; cubes 6 1/16c.

PORK—Dull; mess $11 50 to 12 00; extra prime $9 50 to 10 00.

BEEF—Steady; beef hams quiet; cut meats steady.

DUTIES ON IMPORTS.

They Will Hereafter Be Assessed According to Coin Values.

SENATOR CAMERON S SUCCESS

Supposed to Be Disappointing to the Administration—Election Bill May Be Reconsidered—Other Washington News of Interest.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Invoices of merchandise imported into this country will be required hereafter to be expressed in the metallic currency of the country from which they are exported, and duties will be assessed upon their value in such currency. The treasury officials, after a thorough investigation of the matter by Secretary Windom and Assistant Secretary Spaulding, have decided that it is rather absurd to enforce the instructions recently issued to collectors to take the valuation of depreciated paper currency at its face value in the metallic standard. This would result in quadrupling the duties in the case of goods from countries where the paper is greatly depreciated, as in the case of the Argentine Republic, and would throw goods in many cases from a lower into a higher classification for duty.

Instructions will soon be issued therefore to continue the old method of estimating values according to consular certificates of the current value of paper currency upon invoices of goods already imported on their way to this country, and consuls will be directed in future to require that invoices shall be made out in the metallic currency of the country of export, and not in paper. The value of the coins may be determined according to the declaration of the director of the mint at the beginning of each quarter, and paper money must be reduced to its coin equivalent in the country of export instead of by the appraising officers here.

Secretary Windom has had the matter presented to him very forcibly by Collector Beard of Boston, and he has been quick to realize the error of charging duties upon fictitious valuations. There can be little doubt, as Collector Beard pointed out, that the courts would insist, when cases were appealed to them, that the real value should govern the assessment of duties rather than a purely fictitious value due to fluctuating paper currency.

The administration tariff act makes it the duty of appraisers to ascertain "the actual market value" of goods imported, and the attempt to levy duties upon an excessive and fictitious value would be likely to get little countenance from the courts. Hereafter, when time has elapsed for the necessary instructions to be issued, coin values will be the only ones accepted at the custom house, and importers will do well to instruct their agents in Europe accordingly. Secretary Windom will soon ask Secretary Blaine to see that the proper instructions are issued to the consular officers, and the present regulations will be modified accordingly.

The Administration Disappointed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The nomination of Senator Cameron was a great disappointment to the administration. They had been led to believe that Senator Quay's friends in the legislature would throw their influence against Mr. Cameron. Senator Quay had been in conference with members of the administration here and indicated a willingness to cooperate with any efforts that would defeat Mr. Cameron's nomination, but it appears that at the last moment he surrendered to his colleague and all his friends gave him their support. One of Quay's most intimate friends, who was in the ground and has just returned, said that if Quay had raised his finger, Cameron could have been defeated.

Financial Legislation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The senate is generally agreed to press an early vote on the pending financial legislation. Influences are at work to harmonize on a compromise measure, which will include the $200,000,000 2 per cent. bond amendment. This feature is advocated by the president and Secretary Windom, and if it is incorporated in a bill providing for the moderate increase in the purchase of silver bullion, it will receive the indorsement of the president. Should the bond feature be stricken out, and the silver advocates carry free coinage, as is anticipated, the result will be that everything will fall either in the house or at the executive mansion.

The Shipping Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The shipping bill will not be disposed of this week, as its opponents insist upon further discussion. It fate is very uncertain, for while its friends claim a small majority, its enemies are confident of its defeat. From eighteen to twenty Republicans are known to be against it, several of these being from New England, where it was expected it would receive solid support.

The Election Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Strong efforts are being made to induce Senator Hoar to reconsider his determination not again to call up the election bill. The senator will make no efforts in this direction unless he is positively assured that he has the Republican party behind him. He is out of patience, and he don't propose to be made ridiculous by any further attempts without success.

New England Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The president nominated the following postmasters: New Hampshire—E. V. Cobleigh, Lancaster; William A. Churchill, Lebanon. Vermont—William Densmore, Lyndonville. Massachusetts—J. B. Baldwin, Terryville; S. Ives, Plantsville.

In Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—An agreement was made that the senate shall take the final vote on the financial bill and amendments next Wednesday.

In the house speeches were made on the shipping bill by Messrs. Fithian, Wheeler and Grosvenor.

Minnesotta's Deadlock Broken

ST. PAUL, Jan. 9.—The deadlock in the lower house of the state legislature was broken by the withdrawal of the Democratic candidate and the election of Champlin, the Alliance candidate, by a vote of 72 to 40 for Searle (Rep.) The house then adjourned without further action.

Nine Deaths Will Result.

MOSCOW, Jan. 9.—The Royal hotel in this city was burned last night. Nine persons were fatally injured during the fire. Among the victims was a Russian general.

CHARGED WITH HERESY.

Rev. Howard McQueary on Trial Before an Ecclesiastic Court.

CLEVEEAND, O., Jan. 8.—Rev. Howard B. MacQueary of Canton, who is charged with heresy, was placed on trial before an ecclesiastic court at Trinity cathedral. He is charged with holding views relative to the birth of Christ and the resurrection which are contrary to the tenets and creeds of the Protestant Episcopal church. Hon. George T. Chapman of St. John's church presided, and the court was constituted of five clergymen. After prayer by Rev. Y. T. Morgan, dean of Trinity cathedral, the charges were read by Rev. Dr. Bates. Rev. Mr. MacQueary pleaded not guilty.

Dr. Bates then offered in evidence the book written by Rev. Mr. MacQueary, entitled "The Evolution of Man and Christianity." He called special attention to passages in the volume giving the author's views on the birth of Christ and the resurrection which are not considered doctrinal. Judge MacMath, for the defendant, offered as evidence sections 6, 8, 19, 20 and 21 of the ordination laws of the respondent from pages of "Evolution of Men and Christianity," the 15th chapter of Paul's first epistle to the Corinthians, and the 7th chapter of the Prophecy of Isaiah. He said that he might also offer the views of the privy council of Great Britain bearing on the case, and coming under the head of ecclesiastical history and jurisdiction. Also as testimony the various theological works of Episcopal clergymen bearing on the points involved. He would also offer an opinion or testimony the utterance contained in Justin Martyr's dialogue with Tryho, chapter 48.

When the evidence was all in, Dr. Bates, the prosecutor, made a long argument. "The question raised in the presentment," said he, "is not at all regarding the inherent value of MacQueary's views and teachings, but simply regarding the relation of these views and teachings to the doctrines of the Protestant Episcopal church."

Rev. Mr. Queary followed. He defended his position and spoke with much feeling concerning the attacks which have been made upon his faith as well as his character. The case will be continued today.

JUDGE DEVENS IS DEAD,

After a Long and Honorable Military and Judicial Career.

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—Judge Charles Devens of the supreme bench died verry suddenly late yesterday afternoon at his rooms, 12 Ashburton place. Judge Devens dined at his club, the Union, last Thursday evening, and was in his usual good health and spirits. Those who knew him best say that for the last few months he had appeared to grow more than usually tired in the evenings, but otherwise carried the weight of his years with astonishing vigor.

Charles Devens was born in Charlestown April 4, 1820. His father was Charles Devens, grandson of Richard Devens, a revolutionary patriot of local prominence. He was unmarried.

The Post says:

By the death of Judge Charles Devens the commonwealth loses one of its most foremost citizens. He was, in the best sense of that phrase, a public man, serving the state not in offices of display, but in positions demanding the possession and exercise of intellectual and moral qualities of a high and substantial character. During the war his services in the field were brilliant and successful. In the cabinet his administration of the office of attorney general reflected credit upon the state from which he was chosen to take the place at the head of the department of justice. On the bench in Massachusetts he has well maintained the dignity and the character of our judiciary. These are services of great and enduring value, and when to them are added his accomplishments as an orator and his sterling qualities as a private citizen, the well-rounded character of the public man of the sterling New England stamp is seen in admirable example. It is no light loss which the state sustains in the death of such a citizen, in the maturity of his powers, with work before him yet to be performed.

A POLITICAL SENSATION.

Congressman Turner and President McGrath in a Bad Scrape.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 8.—The Alliance Advocate publishes a letter written by Congressman Turner of Kansas to Frank McGrath, president of the Farmers' Alliance, in which Turner offers $5000 if he can be elected senator to succeed Ingalls. The letter came to Topeka during McGrath's absence in the south and was opened by his clerk, and by some strange and unaccountable way fell into the hands of Dr. McLally, who published it. The letter has caused consternation among the leaders of the Alliance who declare McGrath must resign as president, but which he refuses to do.

Canadians Becoming Lenient.

HALIFAX, Jan. 8.—The American schooner Addison C. Procter, loaded with halibut, put in here short of provisions. The collector of customs telegraphed to Ottawa in regard to the matter and a telegram was received from the authorities there granting permission for the schooner to replenish her stores. The American schooner Mary F. Chisholm, from the LaHave banks with fish, put into this port in distress, having lost ninety fathoms of chain in the recent gales. Privilege was also granted by the Ottawa authorities to have new chains supplied.

McKinley Bill Suits the Tin Men.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 8.—The Manufacturer's Record publishes this week letters from manufacturers in Chicago, St. Louis, Cleveland, Pittsburg and Demmler, Pa., and Brooklyn, who are either making tin plate or preparing to do so. When all are in full operation their weekly output will be 150,000 boxes. All believe that if no change is made in the duties on tin and tin plate imposed by the McKinley bill, this country will soon make all the tin plate it consumes from American iron and tin at a price lower than what has been paid for imported plates.

Pegged Out.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 8.—The strike among the shoemakers in Rochester is evidently on its last legs. The manufacturers who declared the lockout are getting their shops into running order very rapidly. About all the girls who were locked out have gone back as non-union hands, and a great many of the men have returned.

Pardoned by the President.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—President Harrison has granted a pardon to William Gould, the defaulting cashier of the First National bank of Portland, Me. The pardon is to take effect next September, which will have made Gould serve five of the ten years to which he was sentenced.

Twenty or more persons were wounded in a fight at an Italian dance in Chicago.

MORE BOYS WANTED
to sell the
QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.
See Prizes Offered.

4500 FEET HIGH.

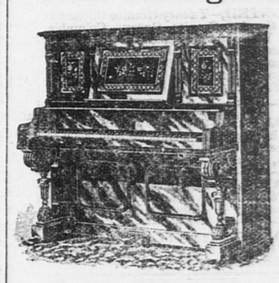
One issue of the
BOSTON SUNDAY HERALD,
Piled, folded, one on top of another, would make a pile sixteen times as high as Bunker Hill Monument.

SEE *Saturday's Boston Herald for the contents of next Sunday's Herald.*

The ablest and cleanest Newspaper published in New England. No Objectionable News or Advertising.

Just the Paper for your Family to read.

"Little Monitor."
The Best School Shoe for Misses and Children.
Saville & Jones.

Pianos and Organs.

R. D. CHASE,
Durgin & Merrill's Block, - - Quin.
Dec. 20. tf

THE ONLY PLACE IN QUINCY
To get the Famous
Lebanon Overalls and Jumpers
is at
SAVILLE & JONES'.

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,
CARRIAGE, SIGN AND
ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.
SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING,
QUINCY AVENUE.
Nov. 13. 3 mos

N. CURTIS & CO.'S
Fine Shoes at
Saville & Jones'.

MISS C. S. HUBBARD

Bargains at Miss C. S. Hubbard's, 158 Hancock Street, Quincy. One Lot of Ladies' White Aprons, 25c. and 33c. Each.

158 Hancock St., Quincy. 158

Of Course

The Ladies would like a Rubber Shoe which will not break or slip at the heel. Try the

"B. & L. HOLDFAST."

We have all Widths and Sizes.

Saville & Jones.

WANTED.

WANTED,—Twenty Granite Cutters at Granby Granite Quarry, Columbia, S. C. Wages, $3.25 to $3.50 for 9 hours, or piece work. Weather always mild enough to work comfortably outside all winter. Steady employment to first-class men. A. R. STEWART. Jan. 9, 10, 13.

WANTED,—Situation to do general housework by a Swedish girl. Address by letter (no postals) to "H. A. A.," Weymouth, Mass. Jan. 7—2t*

WANTED,—25 girls at John E. Drake & Co.s' shoe factory. Apply Wednesday morning. Quincy, Jan. 5—tf

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

TO LET.

TO LET,—Two nice Tenements, one of three rooms and one of four; well water. Apply to M. W. FROLUND, 4 Hillside street, West Quincy. Jan. 8—6t 10—1w

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month. Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms. Apply to HENRY H. FAXON. Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—A large unfurnished Room, suitable for doctor or lawyer. For further particulars enquire on the premises, of N. A. WILD, 58 Water street. Dec. 24—tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms To Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately. Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD. Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

BLANKET LINED

Canvas Jackets

—— AT ——

Saville & Jones'.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree
M. K Pratt,	Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 9.

High water at 9.45 A. M. and 10.30 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.14; Sets at 4.30.
Moon rises 6.25 A. M.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

Excellent sleighing.

Priscilla tonight, the last chance.

Councilman Fallon is on a short trip to New York.

West Quincy people are clamoring for better train service on the Old Colony.

Miss Jennie Coombs, clerk at the Atlantic post office, is quite sick with tonsilitis.

An effort is being made to form a commandery of the Order of Golden Grail at Atlantic.

The Young People's Dramatic Club of Atlantic is arranging for an entertainment to be given soon.

Rev. Edward Robinson, of Wollaston, occupied the pulpit of the Memorial church Atlantic, Wednesday evening.

A number of the Y. M. C. A. of Somerville will take part in the evening service at the Memorial church, Sunday.

The horse and sleigh of Mr. Taber's, has been returned to him by a Weymouth stable keeper, where he had been left.

One of the robes stolen from John Hall's stable was found by Dr. Sheahan's man near the Post office, early Thursday morning.

Mr. H. F. Doble of West Quincy and Mr. W. H. Doble of South Quincy left this morning for a ten day trip to Sioux Falls, Dakota.

Representative Burke is on the Committee on Return of Votes for Councillors, and Representative Quincy on the House Committee on Rules.

The Ladies' Benevelent Society, connected with the Memorial Church, are to hold an entertainment and supper next Wednesday evening.

The Sunday evening services of the Memorial church opened a new departure last Sunday by having the praise service led by an orchestra under the direction of Mr. H. H. Bemis.

The first and final account of Henrietta A. Clark administratrix of the estate of the late James R. Clark of Quincy, was allowed at the Dedham Probate Court. An inventory was filed.

Among the invited guests to the inaugural of Governor Russell Thursday, were Hon. William A. Hodges, Hon. John Quincy Adams, Thomas F. Burke, John W. Burke and Dr. William Everett.

The joint installation of the officers of Merry Mount Lodge, Knights of Honor, and Maple Lodge Knights and Ladies of Honor of this city, will take place at Faxon hall on Monday evening, at 7.30.

Mrs. S. E. Buffum who has had a large and successful class in dancing, at Robertson Hall, Saturday mornings, closed the first term last Saturday afternoon with a reception. The new term commences tomorrow morning.

A sleigh party of fourteen from Boston and a party of six from Hyde Park, had supper Thursday evening at the Robertson House. Word has been received from Brockton that a party of forty from that city will be present tonight.

The installation of the officers of Paul Revere Woman's Relief Corps will take place at G. A. R., hall next Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The department officers of Boston, and corps from Hingham and South Braintree will be present.

Members of Francis L. Souther Camp, Sons of Veteran, enjoyed a sleigh-ride Thursday night, and made a visit to Camp 72 of Hingham. There was an installation of officers, entertainment, supper and dance. Joseph T. French conveyed the party.

Owing to the storm on Monday evening last, the entertainment to be given by Frank L. Taylor, the blind harmonica soloist, under the auspices of the Paul Revere Woman's Relief Corps of this city, was postponed to Tuesday evening next at G. A. R., hall, at eight o'clock.

The following new pupils have entered the D primary of the John Hancock school this term: Lizzie Ross, Harry Riddle, Peter Dackers, Theresa Kelly, Willie Burke, Alex McLonic, Georgie Esson, Benny Kenny, Earnest Dunston Spargo, Harry Finly, Charlie Perse and John Emili

Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter. Boston, Nov. 5. tf

Curious Weather Vanes.

There is a tiny village in New Hampshire which takes special pride in its weather vanes, and it certainly can boast a great variety of ingeniously contrived and weather and wind proof specimens of these useful articles.

They were evidently designed not only for use, but for ornament, and there is scarcely a barn of any size which is not decorated with a weather vane of a more or less complicated workmanship.

Most of these vanes were made many years ago by an old man who took great delight in carving the queer figures and planning their arrangement so they would go through various motions. It is said that he was in the habit of "trying" a figure, when he had completed it, on his own barn, and then when he became satisfied that it worked properly he would carry it with great pride to the farmer who had ordered it.

There is one which still stands guard over a barn that has long since been deserted by its owners, who have left the lonely farm to seek their fortunes at the west. It is the figure of a soldier, whose uniform is greatly faded from years of exposure, but whose gun still indicates the quarter from which the wind is blowing by its position. Its evolutions when the wind is, as the weatherwise farmers say, "backing or hauling," are quite interesting.

The are animals of different kinds, such as cows, horses, pigs and bears, which are used as vane figures, and point with their heads, legs or tails, as the case may be. One figure of a horse, which has long since left its best days behind it, presents a startling effect from the fact that a horsehair tail has been inserted in the place of the old wooden one, and being of a length quite out of proportion to the horse's size, it sometimes in a high wind lashes the poor animal's head in a most uncanny way.—Youth's Companion.

The Padrone System.

If there is any one so deluded as to imagine that the padrone has no existence in New York he should note the maneuvers of a big, burly, coarse featured man who watches the "chesanutta" and flower gang which pre-empts the walks in West Fourteenth street. I stood at the corner of that thoroughfare and Sixth avenue one morning. It was 8 o'clock, and the gang, numbering twenty-one men, came trooping up the avenue. The padrone, or the padrone's agent, was there in waiting. Each received a small amount of money, and started off for his accustomed place. The padrone, or the agent, hovered in the vicinity, and kept a close surveillance over the men, and at the same time was on the lookout for approaching policemen.

Two precincts join on Fourteenth street, so the padrone has no time to shirk his duty. If a policeman passes along the lower side the signal is passed, and the Italians cross to the opposite side. When a bluecoat disappears around a corner they return. At 7 o'clock at night Fourteenth street is clear of these pests. They meet the padrone again and turn over to him the receipts of the day. Then they drag their bent figures down the avenue and take a short cut for some Mulberry street attic. Seven days in the week this routine is gone through with, cold or stormy weather not interfering in the least.—New York Star.

Specialists Increasing.

"People demand more from a doctor nowadays," said a physician who is thinking of retiring on his fortune, "than they did when I began to build up my practice. That is, they demand more in some ways and not so much in others. Not many years ago it would have been as much as a doctor's reputation was worth to say to a patient: 'Now, look here, my dear sir, I know what's the matter with you, but I would rather not treat you myself. There is Dr. B—— across the way, who makes a specialty of the disorder you have contracted, and he can treat you better than I can for that reason. He may not cure you, of course, but in any case you will then feel that you have had the best advice available.' Now, fortunately, I can give such advice, and do every week of my life, without being thought any less skillful a physician by my patients. But at the same time the profession is running toward specialists, in the cities anyway, and for a doctor who began as I had to do to cover the whole field of ills that flesh is heir to, the amount of skill and experience and special training that people require from their physicians is felt to be a trifle burdensome."—New York Tribune.

An Eagle's Big Contract.

John Bettorf, of Crawford county, Mo., heard a terrible cackling among his geese, and on going to ascertain the cause discovered that an immense gray eagle had buried its talons in a large gander which with others was swimming on a pond in the field. The eagle was unable to rise with its prey, while the gander struggled hard to escape.

Bettorf ran to the edge of the pond, and the gander at once swam to his master's feet, who caught the eagle by the neck and legs and held it under water until it was nearly drowned. He then removed its talons from the back of the gander and conveyed it to a coop, where it soon recovered and became as active and as well as ever. The gander, however, was so severely injured that it died a few days after. The eagle measured nearly seven feet from tip to tip of wings.—Cor. St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Chapman's Pointer Cat.

Chapman Vanluvanee is fond of shooting English sparrows with a small caliber rifle. He has a handsome gray cat that always accompanies him in the capacity of a retriever. When Mr. Vanluvanee halts beneath a tree and elevates his rifle, the cat always locates the game, and generally nabs his sparrow the moment the bird touches the ground. Another peculiar trait in the animal's nature is that he will not touch any other variety of bird, having cultivated an exclusive taste for English sparrows.—Doylestown Democrat.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another installment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list includes all whose surname begins with "Rh" or "Ri."

WARD ONE.

To Whom Taxed.		Value.	Tax.
Rhen, Andrew.	Land on Quarry street, one-half acre,	$100	$1 36
Reinhalter Bros.	Machinery,	600	
	Derrick,	300	
	Ship,	50	
	Land, 2 acres, and quarry,	2,000	40 12
Rice, Harry L.	Yacht,	250	5 40
Rice, William B.	Money, stocks, bonds and income,	30,000	
	Four horses, 2 cows,	700	
	Carriages,	700	
	House on Adams street,	11,000	
	Stable and green-house,	2,700	
	Land, 3 1-2 acres,	9,000	
	House off Adams street,	6,000	
	Stable and barn,	1,300	
	Land, 9 4-100 acres,	3,000	877 84
Rich, Joseph A.	House on Bicknell street,	600	
	House on Bicknell street,	1,000	
	Two barns,	400	
	Land, 3 acres,	1,500	49 60
Rich, Vesta J.	House on Bicknell street,	500	
	Land, one-half acre,	600	14 96
Rideout, Anna L.	House on Bicknell street,	1,500	
	Barn,	400	
	Land, 3 acres,	1,500	
	Land, one-half acre,	300	50 32
Rideout, Frank D.	Horse and carriage,	250	
	Cow,	50	6 08

WARD TWO.

Rice, Charles A.	One horse and 7 cows,	350	4 76
Richardson, Mrs. Diana.	Money, stocks, bonds and income,	50,000	
	Two horses, 3 carriages,	700	
	House on Elm street,	4,500	
	Stable,	800	
	Land, 24,700 feet,	2,700	798 32
Ricker, Mrs. Ellen F.	House on Union street,	2,500	
	Land, 9,334 feet,	750	44 20
Ring, Mrs. Catherine.	House on Washington street,	1,000	
	Stable,	300	
	Greenhouse,	800	
	Land, 2 73-100 acres,	2,500	62 56
Ring, John C.	Yacht,	200	4 72
Ring, Michael.	Stock in trade,	500	
	Horse and cow,	150	10 84

WARD THREE.

Rideout, James W.	House on Payne street,	1,700	
	Land, 14,950 feet,	600	33 28
Rideout, Mrs. Luke.	House on Franklin street,	1,800	
	Stable,	500	
	Land, 10,000 feet,	1,000	44 88
Rideout, W. H. H.	House on Water street,	1,800	
	Land, 5,210 feet,	450	32 60
Ripke, Gustave.	House on Liberty street,	1,400	
	Land, 7,200 feet,	350	23 80

WARD FOUR.

Rickart, John.	Horse,	100	
	House on West street,	600	
	Stable and shed,	200	
	Two cellars,	150	
	Land, 29,480 feet,	900	28 52
Rideout, James W.	Woodland, 4 acres,	100	1 36
Riley, Bernard.	Cow,	50	
	House on Common street,	600	
	Land, 42,530 feet,	2,000	38 04
Riley, Charles.	Cow,	50	
	House on Hall place,	1,400	
	Barn,	50	
	Unfinished house,	2,200	
	Land, one-half acre,	800	63 20
Ring, Thomas.	House on Station street,	1,400	
	Land, 22,069 feet,	900	33 28
Ripley, Walter H.	Stock in trade,	600	
	Machinery,	600	
	Horse,	50	
	House on Cross street,	1,100	
	Shop,	200	
	Land, 8,800 feet,	500	43 48
Ripley, Mrs. William.	House on Cross street,	1,300	
	Stable,	250	
	Land, 44,550 feet,	1,800	45 56

WARD FIVE.

Rhodes, Mrs. Sophia.	House on Old Colony avenue,	1,200	
	Land, 6,000 feet,	375	21 42
Rice, George B.	Horse and carriages,	450	
	Unfinished house on Neponset avenue,	600	
	Land, 23,058 feet,	2,200	46 20
Rice, Warren W.	Horse and carriages,	200	
	House on Highland avenue,	2,000	
	Stable,	500	
	Land, 26,250 feet,	1,800	
	House on Beal street,	2,500	
	Land, 7,000 feet,	600	
	House on Beal street,	2,800	
	Land, 12,261 feet,	950	164 52
Rice, William B.	House on Willow street,	700	
	Land, one-eighth acre,	125	
	Land off Central avenue, 15 1-10 acres,	5,250	
	Land in Section 3, 21,355 feet,	400	88 06
Rich, Lewis.	House on Winthrop avenue,	3,500	
	Land, 11,250 feet,	1,000	61 20
Rich, J. A.	Four lots in section 4,	1,200	16 32

WARD SIX.

POWER OF LOVE.

"I will not marry for love," she said,
"I am too wise," and she tossed her head;
"The girls that are silly, soft and tame,
Who eagerly long to change their name,
And think that they, like girls in a novel,
Could be content with love in a hovel,
These are creatures that marry for love,
And imagine all else will fly from above."

Cupid heard, and he laughed with glee;
"Of all the sport this just suits me."
And from his arrow he sent a dart
That went straight to the maiden's heart.
She fell in love with a man minus money,
And felt that life would be sweeter than honey,
To live for him, like girls in a novel,
And be content with love in a hovel.
—Brooklyn Eagle.

A White Woman's Expedition to Africa.

Mrs. May French Sheldon, wife of E. L. Sheldon, who represents the Jarvis-Conklin Mortgage Trust company in London, is about to engage in a trip to a wild portion of Africa as the head of an exploring party. Mrs. Sheldon has lived most of her life in London, although she is a native New Yorker. She has given great attention to African exploration. Her home in London has been the rendezvous for African explorers and students.

She has been for a long time an intimate friend of Henry M. Stanley. She says she is going simply because she wants to, and is going to run the expedition herself and to suit herself. She goes to Africa for the purpose of learning the ways and customs, legends and folklore of the natives and incorporating them into a book. She is to sail from England in February, and will go first to Zanzibar, thence to Mombasa, and then will begin her journey inland. Mrs, Sheldon says:

The expedition will be entirely my own, the honors, if any, shall not be divided, and the criticisms—and of course there will be many—must be aimed at me alone. I shall be the only white woman in the party. I shall be attended, of course, by several black women. I will also have such military protection as I think necessary. I expect to reach Mount Kilima-Njaro. My little venture, I feel sure, will be a comparatively safe one. I shall be in Africa three months.—Exchange.

Fainted in Front of the Locomotive.

Mrs. H. M. Bennett, of this city, had a narrow escape from death several days ago at Monmouth Junction, N. J. Mr. and Mrs. Bennett have a country seat there, and they came to the depot to take a train for Pittsburg. The Pennsylvania road has four tracks at this point, and trains are passing most of the time, making it exceedingly dangerous for pedestrians. What is known as the Congregational express, which does not stop, was due, and Mr. Bennett saw it approaching, but there was plenty of time to cross over.

He started across the tracks accompanied by Mrs. Bennett, when a track walker called her attention to the express, and waved his hand in the direction of the train. It frightened Mrs. Bennett, and she fell on the track in a dead faint in front of the train. There was no time to lose, and Mr. Bennett and the railroad men, realizing her position, rushed to her side and pulled her off but a few seconds before the express passed by. Mrs. Bennett is a large woman, and her dress caught on a spike and was torn, but she didn't realize what an escape she had until she was restored to consciousness.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Miss Cary's Triumphs.

Miss Lizzie Webb Cary, the soprano of the Church of the Incarnation, is one of the most popular church singers in this city. She is a native of Maine and came to this city about two years ago. Miss Cary is in distinguished company. The leader of the choir and tenor, Mr. Arthur D. Woodruff, is a famous director and soloist, and Miss Augusta M. Lowell, the organist, bears the unique distinction of being the leading lady organist in this country. Miss Cary is particularly well known in oratorio and concert singing. She has won many triumphs before Boston audiences and has many devoted admirers in other parts of the country. Miss Cary is one of the best paid singers in a New York choir and more than doubles her salary by her outside work. She has a brilliant dramatic soprano voice of great compass, fulness and purity.—New York Herald.

A Smoker's Revenge.

The will of William Bachelor, a wealthy and eccentric resident of Coshocton, O., has been offered for probate. Nathaniel Bradner, a nephew, is disinherited, because, Mr. Bachelor wrote, "I don't like his wife pretty well." The will requires that all the heirs must file an affidavit with the executor promising not to give any part of their bequests to Bradner. It is reported that during a visit to this nephew in New York Mr. Bachelor could not smoke in the parlor because Mrs. Bradner objected. For this, it is supposed, Bachelor determined to "get even."—Philadelphia Ledger.

A Potato Party.

Miss Lavinia Kauffman, of East King street, gave a "potato" party to ten of her girl friends at her father's residence Friday evening. Each of the misses had eight potatoes to pick up with a teaspoon, placing them in a basket, and the one getting the greatest number of potatoes into the basket in three minutes was to be awarded first prize. The "booby" prize was a "bronzed" potato. —Lancaster Intelligencer.

Eccentric Conduct of a Washington Lady.

A handsomely dressed lady created considerable comment recently by drawing a good sized dressed hog along Pennsylvania avenue on a child's toy wagon, while she led a little boy with the other hand. She passed serenely on, however, unconscious of or indifferent to the many amused glances and flippant remarks indulged in at her expense.—Washington Post.

Princess Louise, Marchioness of Lorne, is making a statue of Queen Victoria as she looked in girlhood, which is to be given to Kensington in memory of the queen's early life there.

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Ledger Contest?

Is a question asked by a thousand tongues every day.

BUT

When you wish to purchase a

Good Reliable Watch

You naturally ask

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Jewelry Business?

One Peep

Into the Store and a single glance over the Stock of

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

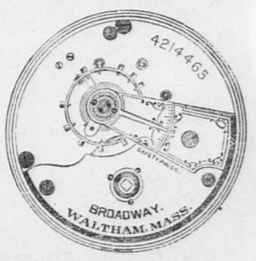
Will convince the most credulous that he has climbed to the top in Quincy, and is prepared to show the finest line of Goods, and give honest prices to all.

☞Please call and be convinced, whether you wish to purchase or not.

T. L. WILLIAMS,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.



Jan. 9. 6t

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Ledger Contest?

Is a question asked by a thousand tongues every day.

BUT

When you wish to purchase a

Good Reliable Watch

You naturally ask

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Jewelry Business?

One Peep

Into the Store and a single glance over the Stock of

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

Will convince the most credulous that he has climbed to the top in Quincy, and is prepared to show the finest line of Goods, and give honest prices to all.

☞Please call and be convinced, whether you wish to purchase or not.

T. L. WILLIAMS,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.

Jan. 9. 6t

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 9. QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, JANUARY 10, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

BEEF TEA

MADE FROM

ARMOUR'S BEEF

GIVEN AWAY

Free This Week

AT

DURGIN'S DRUG STORE.

CALL AND TRY IT!

PRICES WAY DOWN!

During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our

Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel.

PRATT & CURTIS,

25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

Bargains in Every Department.

SUITS and OVERCOATS

AT

LOWEST PRICES!

QUINCY

One Price Clothing Company.

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

TIRRELL LEADS.

Big Gains Made by Mr. John W. Walsh.

Miss Leary Second and Miss McGovern Third.

Very Large Sales by Newsboy Walsh, —Other Boys Doing Well.

The leader the first day has again come to the front, leading Miss Leary by 45 votes. Miss McGovern, Mr. Foy, Mr. Bowditch, Mr. Field and Miss McPhail retain the same relative position.

John W. Walsh, employed at Joseph W. Lombards, has joined the leaders, jumping from 50 to 251, and from thirteenth place to number eight.

The largest vote today was received by Mr. Tirrell, 247. Others to gain over 100 were: Mr. Walsh, 201; Miss McGovern, 168; and Miss Leary, 127.

One of the votes received for Mr. Bowditch today was on a Herald advertisement instead of a coupon and of course did not count.

At the request of Mr. W. Brooks his name is dropped, but his request for a transfer of his votes cannot be granted.

Several votes have been received for Miss Helen Nightingale, but her name has been dropped by request.

On and after Monday, those having but one vote will be dropped from the contest, but their record will be kept and should they receive more than one they will again appear in the list.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today.

Name	Employed at	Vote
Henry W. Tirrell,	John Page's	1219
Miss Leary,	S. B. Little's	1174
Miss McGovern,	Gas Light Co.	895
Robert E. Foy,	Pratt & Curtis	810
Galen V. Bowditch,	E. Packard & Co.'s	506
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's	355
Miss McPhail,	J. F. Sheppard & Sons	255
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's	251
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's	203
Frank W. Munroe,	J. F. Merrill's	115
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's	97
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's	81
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's	77
J. H. Webb,	T. A. Whicher & Co.,	38
Miss Agnes Kelley,	Clapp Bros	30
E. W. Emery,	A. G. Durgin's	23
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's	23
Mary G. Drumm,	D. Bamford's	15
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's	12
Henry L. Jones,	E. E. Fellows'	10
John T. Bates,	W. H. Doble's	10
Miss Cahill,	W. H. Doble's	5
Edward Preston,	Boynton & Russell	5
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's	5
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	5
Frank W. Folsom,	Miller & Luce's	5
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's	4
Robert McLean,	Quincy One Price	3
James Cuffe,	French's stable	3
Henry A. Willey,	McDonnell & Sons	3
James M. Dunbar,	Strong & Carroll's, Weymouth	3
Miss Litchfield,	C. B. Tilton's	3
Miss Bussey,	A. G. Durgin's	3
Wm. McLaughlin,	McDonnell & Sons	3
Frank Perkins,	C. W. Guy's	2
John Sullivan,	Fuller & Foley	2
Wendell T. Dizer,	M. T. Dizer & Co., Weymouth	2
Miss Golden,	Advertiser office	2
Miss Mundy,	Advertiser office	2
George W. Taylor,	W. A. Hodges'	1
Miss Brewer,	Water Company	1
J. P. Newcomb,	at Murdoch's	1
A. D. F. Hall,	E. E. Hall & Co.'s	1
Thos. Davenport,	C. F. Pettengill's	1
George Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones	1
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's	1
Frank Revere,	John Hall's	2
James Dowd,	D. F. French's	2
W. Nightingale,	T. E. Furnald's	1
Henry Emerson,	James R. Wild's	1
W. F. Pratt,	Old Colony railroad	2

Newsboys Prizes.

The summary below includes seven days' sales made by boys starting from the LEDGER office, and does not include sales to agents or by their boys, or at retail or wholesale at office:

Charles Walsh,	2054
Robert McAuliffe,	629
Fred Bavin	467
James Giles,	252
Eddie Heffernan,	246
Willie Esson,	200
Henry Rhines	185
John Dackers,	160
Chris McAuliffe,	170
Charles Carter,	126
John Mitchell	155
Myron Wilber	114
Charles Baxter,	75
Arthur Pinel,	71
John Murphy,	223
Patrick Murphy	62
Gardner Willey	62
Albert Belliven	57
Frank Walsh,	36
John Anderson	35
Gilbert Bavin,	31
William McDonnell	33
Duncan Livingstone	31
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Warren Cameron	15
Frank McGrath	23
Eugene McAuliffe	18
John Westland	5
Willie Westland	5
Thomas McDonald	3
Fred Hardwick	50
Daniel Gallager	2
Gustin Goolic	15
Napoleon Guillemett	10

PRISCILLA.

The Third Night But Not the Last—An Extra Performance.

A crowded house greeted the third production of the comic opera Priscilla at Faxon hall last evening, many being obliged to stand.

The opera has met with such favor in this city that by urgent request the management has consented to repeat it next Tuesday evening with the same cast. The announcement was received with applause, and many who have witnessed it this week intend to be there again next Tuesday.

Last night the production was fine, the actors gaining confidence with each repetition. Encores were given John Alden, Myles Standish and Priscilla, Barbara, Hatebad Higgins, Resignation, and to the chorus.

Mr. C. E. Macomber, the director, is very much pleased with the support Quincy musical talent has given, and thinks the productions were even better than in Boston.

The following names were omitted from the chorus published Friday: Miss Blanche McDonald, Mr. B. Sargent and Mr. William Fenton.

A. Shuman & Co's. Diary.

The publishers of the DAILY LEDGER acknowledge the receipt of a very valuable mercantile diary from A. Shuman & Co's, the well known clothiers of Washington street, Boston. It is a book 8x11 bound in cloth; each page is divided into eight spaces one for each day in the week and one for memoranda. The phase of the moon is illustrated each day, and the time of sunrise, sunset and full sea are given, and their are nine lines for engagements and events. Between each page is a blotter.

In addition to the above feature is a map of Boston, the Boston fire alarm, interest calculations, and many other valnable features. It is a book we prize.

Burns' Anniversary.

The 132d anniversary of the birth of Robert Burns, Scotland's favorite poet, will be observed by Clan McGregor in the usual grand style, Friday evening, Jan. 30, at the Coliseum. Mayor Fairbanks has accepted an invitation to be present. Among the talent engaged are Edward W. Emerson, impersonator; Miss Annie MacKenzie, reader; Miss Mary F. White, contralto; Mr. William Elreck, baritone; Miss Fanny W. Hatch, soprano; Mr. Lewis G. Griffiths, tenor.

Norfolk Civil Court.

In the Superior Civil court at Dedham, the suit of George Esson, administrator, against Andrew Milne et al., is on trial. The parties belong in Quincy, the defendants being quarrymen, and in their employ was a boy named Alexander Bevan, who was accidently killed while hoisting stone with a derrick. The plaintiff, Esson, was appointed administrator of the boy's estate and now sues to recover $4,000.

Inquest Findings.

James Humphrey, justice of the district court for East Norfolk, filed reports in the office of the clerk of courts, Dedham, Friday, of inquests held before him to inquire in the cause and manner of the deaths of Martin Nichols, killed at farm crossing, Old Colony railroad, Cohasset, Dec. 15, 1890, and of Margaret Sullivan, struck by an electric car on Hancock street, Quincy, Nov. 15, 1890, and killed. No blame in either case is attached to the railway companies.

How Do You Know?

The current issue of the Advertiser had the following item:

"Of the 28 mayors of Massachusetts' cities, only seven have whiskey."

How about the jug now?

MILTON.

There was a public installation of officers of Milton Div. S. of T. at Washington hall, East Milton, Tuesday night. Delegations from other lodges and many spectators were present.

Grand Deputy Orcutt assisted by Grand Conductor Small installed the following officers:

W. P.,—Bertran Corliss.
W. A.,— Alice Shields.
R. S.,— Josiah Babcock.
A. R. S.,—Joseph Leary.
Treas.,—Alice Babcock.
F. S.,—Louise Staples.
Chap.,—Franklin Rand.
Con.,—John Merrill.
A. Con.,—Lizzie Harris.
I. Sen.,—Albert Clements.
O. Sen.,—Thomas Gordon.
P. W. P.,—Orrissa Beals.

After the installation there was a varied programme given for the good of the order consisting of reading, singing and instrumental music and speeches by the visiting officers and the Worthy Patriach.

ASSEMBLY AT ATLANTIC.

An Occasion Graced by Mayor Fairbanks and City Officials.

The third assembly of the Social Club at Music hall last evening was the social event of the season for the pretty girls, fair matrons and young men who reside in the vicinity of Atlantic. The affair, like the previous ones, was a brilliant one, grace being given to the occasion by the presence of His Honor the Mayor and Mrs. Fairbanks and their daughter Mabel, Councilman and Mrs. Stephen O. Moxon, Councilman and Mrs. C. M. Bryant, ex-Councilman and Mrs. R. H. Wilde, Park Commissioner and Mrs. W. B. Glover, E. G. Hall of the school board and daughter Annie.

There were sixteen numbers on the order of dances, all modern affairs, which were lengthened out to a number more by the extras and encores. Number three, a schottische, was dedicated to "Our Mayor."

It was a pleasure to watch the participants and to quote Pickwick Papers:—

"Brilliant eyes, lighted up with pleasurable expectation, gleamed from every side; and look where you would, some exquisite form glided gracefully through the throng and was no sooner lost than it was replaced by another as dainty and bewitching."

Among the happy throng on the floor were noticed:

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Curtin,	Mr. W. H. Owens, Miss Belle Mosely,
Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Waterhouse,	Mr. George Briggs, Miss Annie Briggs,
Mr. and Mrs. John Carver,	Mr. and Mrs. P. Coombs Miss Alice Coe,
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. L. Coe,	Mr. J. R. Wilder, Mr. William Belcher,
Mr. and Mrs. Louis Rinn,	Mr. C. R. Safford, Mr. Sanford Small,
Mr. L. Teban, Miss Ayers,	Mr. C. A. Hall, Mr. Percy Hall,
Dr. and Mrs. W. G. Kendall,	Mr. Rufus Moxon, Mr. Fred Moxon.
Miss Mamie Alden, Miss Mattie Clean,	

From Wollaston.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Sprague.	Mr. and Mrs. Frank Armstrong,
Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Waterhouse,	Mr. Howard Gannett, Miss Edith Jennings,
Mr. John Osborne,	Mr. W. E. Farrington,
Miss Gertrude Sherman,	Miss Lulu Eaton, Mr. H. W. Eaton,
Mr. C. W. Faxon,	Miss Minnie Eaton,
Miss Bates,	Miss Winnie Howard,
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Brigham,	Mr. and Mrs. A. Gardner.
Miss Lulu Kolb,	

From Neponset.

Miss Hattie Hight,	Mr. George Hight,
Miss Clara Hight,	Miss Susie Day, Mr. W. A. Farr.

Miss Annie B. Adams, Ashmont.
Mr. F. R. Jenkins, Dorchester.
Mr. W. F. Emery, Boston.
Mr. Howard Wing, Savin Hill.
Miss Agnes Olmstead, Savin Hill.
Mr. and Mrs. Warren Rideout, So. Quincy.
Miss Susie B. Litchfield, Weymouth.
Mr. and Mrs. George T. Magee, Weymouth.
Miss Hattie Pierce, Quincy.

The floor was in charge of Messrs. Chas. L. Coe, John Carver and Dr. W. G. Kendall, while exquisite music was furnished by Bryant's Orchestra. The next assembly is announced for Jan. 23.

A NEW BANK.

Braintree Likely to Have a National Bank Established Soon.

Like all editors, the editor of the Braintree Observer does not have a large bank account, but he is in favor of a National bank being established in that town. He writes:

It really don't matter much to us but we are informed that there is a movement afoot to have a National Bank established in Braintree. This need not be a matter of surprise rather why it is that such a movement has not been inaugurated long ago. The south part of the town has certain banking facilities afforded by the Savings Bank established there for years, and the east part is accommodated in the same way by the Weymouth National and Savings Banks; the latter by the bye used to be designated if we mistake not, the Weymouth and Braintree Savings Bank. We don't know how the change came about and it is not our present purpose to find out only to state the fact that in the matter of banking East Braintree is well enough accommodated, but that Braintree proper suffers great inconveniences for want of the facilities which the other parts of the town enjoy. At present the town account is with the National Bank of Weymouth and while there is no complaint made against that institution only that in the eventof a National Bank being organized in Braintree the town account would as a matter of course be closed there and transferred to the new Braintree bank thereby giving more importance to the town.

We do not know the amount of business done in the north part of the town, but should think that it must be considerable and that the inconvenience from not having banking facilities established there, would be of like proportion. Of course were a bank organized, it would be organized for the convenience of all that chose to do business with it. It would be nonsensical to think otherwise. We have only made the announcement as it was reported to us for the purpose of letting people know what is on the tapis.

There are seven churches organized in Braintree of one denomination and another, including the Union church, of course, all doing business in their own way, for another world, and it strikes us that to have *one* institution—a National Bank—doing a business strictly confined to this world would be nothing but what is proper and need not excite the alarm of any one, touching the safety of the town. But more anon.

An Extra Night!

BY REQUEST.

PRISCILLA,

OR THE

PILGRIM'S PROXY,

WILL BE REPEATED AT

Faxon Hall, - - - Quincy,

Tuesday Ev'ng, Jan. 13th.

Great Cast! Fine Chorus!

Elaborate Appointments!

CAST OF CHARACTERS.

PRISCILLA, the Pretty Pilgrim.....MRS. ALICE MAY BATES RICE
RESIGNATION, a Middle-aged Spinster.....MISS AUGUSTA BATES
BARBARA.....MRS. W. M. PACKARD
FAITH.....MISS MAY V. HASTINGS
PRUDENCE.....MISS GRACE PETTENGILL
MYLES STANDISH, the Doughty Captain.....DR. GEORGE B. RICE
JOHN ALDEN, the Friend in Need.....MR. J. C. BARTLETT
WILLIAM BRADFORD, Governor of New Plymouth....MR. EDWARD PRESTON
HATEBAD HIGGINS, Agent of the Good Ship Mayflower, and President of "Ancestral Relick and Antiquated Heirloom Co., limited"....MR. W. H. DODD
SQUANTO, a Reformed Red Man.....MR. EVERETT SIMMONS

ACT. I. Leyden street, Plymouth.
ACT. II. Exterior of Priscilla's Cottage, and view of Plymouth harbor, period about 1623.

Correct Costumes by Raymond.

Special Scenery by Story.

Wigs and Makeups by Rothe.

Director, - - - - - C. E. MACOMBER of Boston.

Stage Manager, - - - - W. H. DODD of Boston.

☞Tickets on sale at Durgin's Drug Store.

Quincy, Dec. 27. p,2w—1,29th,6t

TWO BIG BARGAINS.

Men's "All-wool" Scarlet SHIRTS AND DRAWERS

REDUCED FROM

$1.00 to 75 cts.

Children's "All-wool" VESTS AND PANTS,

Sizes from 20 to 32,

Any Size at Only 59 cents.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.,

ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

BUSSELL'S

Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST., QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

$1.50

Will buy a FIRST-CLASS

Working Shoe

at

Saville & Jones'.

POSTAL SERVICE.

Mails Arrive.

Boston,	6.20 A.M.
"	9.00 "
"	12.15 P.M.
"	3.40 "
"	5.15 "
"	6.30 "
N. Y., South and West,	7.20 A.M.
N. Y., South and West,	4.45 P.M.
Cape Cod,	7.00 "
Quincy Point,	8.30 A.M.
" "	4.15 P.M.
South Shore,	6.30 "

Deliveries.

At 7.30 A. M. (12.30 P. M. Business Delivery.) and 4 P. M.

Mails Close.

Boston,	7.15 A.M.
"	9.35 "
"	12.25 P.M.
"	4.40 "
"	6.00 "
"	8.00 "
N. Y., South and West,	7.15 A.M.
N. Y., South and West,	7.55 P.M.
Cape Cod,	7.45 A.M.
" "	3.15 P.M.
Quincy Point,	8.30 A.M.
" "	5.00 P.M.
South Shore,	7.45 A.M.

Collections.

From Boxes at 5.45, 8.00 A.M. (Business Section 12.45) and 4.15 P.M.

W. W. ADAMS, *Postmaster.*

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive an Easy Chair or Gold Watch.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period can have his choice between a richly upholstered easy chair worth $25, or a gold watch valued at $50. These will soon be purchased and put on exhibition in some prominent place.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

— BY —

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

STOLEN MARRIAGE CERTIFICATE

Proves to Be the Means of Depriving Three Children of $25,000.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 10.—In 1857, Adam Schmidt, then living in Baden, Germany, decided to come to this country. The evening before leaving he was persuaded by his sweetheart to marry her. The ceremony was performed after midnight, and the next day Adam and his bride started for America.

For a time they lived in New York city, where Adam had his pocket picked one day of not only his ready money, but also of a package of papers which contained his marriage certificate. Not thinking it worth his while to secure another certificate, he removed to this city, where he has reared five children. About three months ago a brother in Germany died, leaving each of his children $5000.

This money the courts in Germany refuse to give up until the proofs of his marriage are furnished. Since coming to this country the minister who married him has died, and the church records fail to show any data of the marriage. It is believed that the minister who performed the ceremony, having been called from bed in the night, forgot to enter the record. As a result the family of Adam lose about $25,000.

A WORKINGMEN'S ALLIANCE.

Platform of an Organization in Opposition to the Knights of Labor.

ALBANY, Jan. 10.—A new labor body has been organized in the state in opposition to the Knights of Labor and the state's trades assembly, and its certificate of incorporation has been filed. It is to be called the New York State Workingmen's alliance, and its objects are to promote the establishment of correct social and political intercourse, to stimulate and develop a more friendly spirit among the working classes of true democracy in accordance with the spirit of the constitution, and enlightened progress of justice, industry and enterprise. The members believe "in the doctrine of equal rights to all and special privileges to none," and that taxation, national or state, should not be used to build up one interest or class at the expense of another. The principal offices are to be in New York city.

Closing Up Dram Shops.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Jan 10.—The Law and Order society, composed of ministers and others, in the town of Adams had the unlicensed places of Needham, Fowler and Barrett in the town of Adams, and C. Barrett of Zylonite raided yesterday afternoon. In all the places several truck loads of different liquors were obtained. The above parties have sold openly for some time, and the citizens at last propose to put an end to it. Adams has always been a great place for people from neighboring towns to resort to on Sundays and holidays. The raid caused great excitement and more are to follow.

Settled Peaceably.

CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—The engineers and firemen of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad have gained everything they demanded of the company after a five days conference with General Manager Earling. The company agrees to pay the engineers $3.70 on eight-wheel engines and $3.85 on ten-wheelers for ten hours' work, and the firemen $2.20 on eight-wheel engines and $2.40 on ten-wheelers. The men are also to be paid for overtime.

It Wasn't Martin Luther's.

BERLIN, Jan. 10.—An engraver named Heck and an innkeeper named Korte have been arrested at Munster on the charge of producing a fictitious note book of Martin Luther's, the supposed discovery of which recently caused a great sensation in literary circles. It is alleged that a youthful apprentice of Heck, named Efluethe, made the necessary engravings and ivory carvings.

In Behalf of Sufferers.

DUBLIN, Jan. 10.—The relief fund raised in response to the recent declaration issued by the viceroy and Chief Secretary Balfour concerning the condition of the poor of western Ireland, now reaches a total of £14,000. Among the latest contributions to the fund are £200 sent by Queen Victoria and £100 by Hon. G. J. Goschen, chancellor of the exchequer.

Bank Wrecker Pfeifer Out on Bail.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 10.—Lewis E. Pfeifer, formerly president of the broken Bank of America and vice president of the defunct American Life Insurance company, and who has been in prison for some weeks past on the charge of conspiracy and embezzlement of the funds of the institutions, was released on $12,500 bail.

Big Increase of Capital Proposed.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 10.—It is reported that the Boston and Maine railroad will ask the legislature for authority for issuing additional capital stock, $5,000,000 on branches and $5,000,000 on main lines. It is also understood that the Concord and Montreal road will ask authority to make additional stock.

About Time.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The Press association announces that the Behring Sea negotiations between Great Britain and the United States have taken a favorable turn.

IN THE DARKNESS

Indians are Expected to Make an Attack Upon Pine Ridge.

THE PLANS OF THE HOSTILES.

Timely Discovery of a Plot to Attack the Agency School—Indians Near Sioux Falls Getting Ready to Go on the Warpath—Canadian Authorities Warned to Look Out for Trouble.

PINE RIDGE, S. D., Jan. 10.—No one can tell what the cover of darkness may impel the Indians to undertake. That they have contemplated and do still contemplate an attack upon this agency is believed by all well-informed people; that they are now awaiting the opportunity is almost an established fact.

Red Cloud is living in his own house in the midst of the alleged friendlies. At a signal from the hostiles it is believed he will communicate the same to the friendlies. The agency could then be attacked from all sides. There are now fewer than a thousand soldiers within a mile of headquarters. Before those stationed in the field could reach here great damage could be done. Gen. Miles, impressed with this fact, is extending the breastworks around the school, which will command a larger extent of the friendlies' camp. He has received word from Gen. Brooke that a number of hostiles tried to break through his lines and escape to Rosebud. They found the line too strong, however, and retired.

Capt. Pierce, the newly appointed agent to succeed Royer, has arrived. Col. Kent and Capt. Baldwin, who are collecting the facts in the Wounded Knee fight, have already examined a number of eye-witnesses. The information is being gathered in an informal manner. A troop, Seventh cavalry, Capt. Maylan, left as escort with Paymasters Baker and Comegy, who will visit all the troops in the field. It has been discovered that Philip Schwenky of K troop, a recruit from Jefferson barracks, was killed on Wounded Knee creek, but the fact is now published for the first time.

Red Cloud says there are 100 wounded Indians among the hostiles whom Little Wound wants to send to the agency. Gen. Miles has placed Col. Schafer, First infantry, in command of the troops at the agency. Sitting Bear and Long Bull have written Gen. Miles that they propose to come with their followers and be good Indians.

A Devilish Plan Frustrated.

The breastworks on the northern, southern and southeast corner of the school ground have been extended because it was discovered that one of the plans of the hostiles, with the assistance of the alleged friendlies, was to attack the school. At a given signal the scholars were to set upon and overpower the teachers. Then the work of destruction was to begin. There is a blood-curdling element in this story. The story is well authenticated and Gen. Miles has taken the precaution to guard against the outrage.

Col. Shafter of the First infantry issued orders to the officers in command of the several detachments to take every precaution to rebel a night attack. In the event of such a surprise the several troops and companies are to repair immediately to a designated position, at which they are to hold until the last. Late yesterday afternoon the Seventh cavalry was moved from the bottom, in which it had been stationed, to the hill immediately east, which commands a view of the agency. From this position they may more easily respond to a call from any part of the agency at any time, day or night. Shortly after the change three fires were noticed from the schoolhouse. It is thought the houses of "the Mexican," Young-Man-Afraid-of-His-Horse and Standing Soldier were fired by the hostiles.

The matter is being investigated. He-Dog and Jack Red Cloud, the latter the son of Old Red Clould, and about 100 others have returned to the camp. Still more have promised but have failed to keep their word.

Gen. Miles says: "At last accounts the Indians were fighting among themselves. The camp was a pandemonium. There was no head to the hostiles. The desperadoes were destroying their own people."

WANT TO COME IN.

Indications That Hostiles are Beginning to Fear the Troops.

PINE RIDGE AGENCY, S. D., Jan. 10.—Capt. Taylor, chief of scouts, has received letters from Short Bull and Kicking Bear, chief of the hostile Brules, stating that they would surrender at the agency today with all their people. The desire of the hostiles to come in is doubtless prompted by the approach of the troops from behind and from the wings. The soldiers are slowly closing in on the hostile village. Scouts report that the troops are already so close to the hostiles that skirmishing continues at intervals during the day and night.

Red Cloud, who escaped from the hostiles Wednesday, says there are 1000 warriors in the hostile camp and that they are as well armed as the soldiers. This shows the magnitude of the job which lies before the soldiers, for it is tacitly admitted, whether the hostiles surrender or not, they will be disarmed and dismounted. It cost the Seventh cavalry eighty-three officers and privates to disarm 150 of Big Foot's band, and it is admitted by everybody here that the hostiles who are on White Clay creek will never give up their rifles and ponies without a fight.

THE REDS IN IDAHO.

They Evidently Mean Mischief—Troops Under Marching Orders.

DENVER, Jan. 10.—A special from Sioux Falls says: The Indians are dancing in this vicinity and becoming more threatening. They are getting ready to go on the warpath, and people at Blackfoot are becoming seriously alarmed over the situation.

A message to the governor of Idaho from Blackfoot says: "For God's sake, send us guns." All the Idaho militia are under arms and ready to march at a minute's notice. Six troops of the guards have ordered ammunition from Boise City and arrangements are being made to send it. A private dispatch just in says that 500 Indians are dancing six miles north of Pocatello.

Manitobans Worried.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 10.—The sheriff of Bettineau, N. D., has telegraphed the commander of the detachment of mounted police in Manitoba that the Indians on the Turtle Mountain reservation on the Canadian side of the line have begun their war dances and will have to be looked after immediately if the lives and property of settlers in the adjoining district of North Dakota are to be protected. He calls upon the Canadian authorities to take immediate steps, and a detachment of police has been ordered to the reserve. The reserve is a small one, and the Indians on it are American Sioux.

Pocatello Not Alarmed.

POCATELLO, Ida., Jan. 10.—Reports of serious trouble, or fears of an outbreak among the Indians of Fort Hall reservation, surrounding this place, are utterly without foundation. A visit to the Black Feet, on the edge of the reservation, and at the agency itself fails to reveal any just cause of apprehension. While the Indians have been dancing, these demoustrations partake of the same character as those held every year at this time.

ALL ABOUT A BRIDGE.

Railroad Companies Enjoined from Interfering with the Rock Island.

OMAHA, Jan. 10.—Another restraining order has been issued from the district court enjoining the Union Pacific Railroad company and the Omaha and Republican Valley Railroad company from interfering with traffic of the Rock Island company between Council Bluffs, Omaha, South Omaha, Lincoln, Beatrice and all intervening points. Proper papers were served on Union Pacific officials at the different points. The order holds good until Jan. 15 and restraining the defendants from interfering with the Rock Island on all switches, side-tracks and stations. In brief, the order means that the Rock Island, according to contract, must be permitted to run trains from Council Bluffs across the bridge, through Omaha and Lincoln to Beatrice. The contract between the Rock Island and the Union Pacific is almost identically the same as the one between the Milwaukee and Union Pacific.

THEY HAVE $50,000.

New York Embezzlers Skip, with a Detective Close Upon Their Heels.

HALIFAX, Jan. 10.—Detective M. B. Tobin of Pinkerton's agency, New York, arrived here in search of David Ducklastein and son, children's cloak jobbers of New York, who were wanted for embezzling $50,000 worth of goods from New York parties. The Montreal police had been on the track, and when the detective arrived there he was informed they were supposed to have gone to Halifax.

Tobin made inquiries here, and received positive proof that the men wanted had arrived in Halifax Saturday, at 5 p. m., drove directly to the steamer Vancouver, and left that evening for Liverpool. They will be stopped by cable on the othar side.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

There were about 10,000 deaths in Boston in the last year.

John L. Sullivan knocked a reporter senseless at Milwaukee.

The plan of campaign in Tipperary shows signs of collapsing.

Desperadoes robbed and murdered a Georgia lady and fired her dwelling.

The African agreement between England and Portugal is favorable to the latter.

An offer of $40,000 is said to have been made for the Boston Players' League club.

The president has nominated Jacob W. Palmer to be collector of customs at Bangor, Me.

The severest snowstorm of the winter in Kansas and northwestern Missouri is reported.

The bookkeeper at the penitentiary at Sioux Falls, S. D., has disappeared with a large sum of money.

The Scotch railway strikers are getting public votes of sympathy and money from fellow workingmen.

Superintendent Wilson of West Point protests against the inspection of the academy by Col. Hughes.

John T. Peters, a well-known lawyer of Hartford, is dead, aged 50 years. He was for many years city auditor.

Three prominent commission men in Clark, S. D., were arrested for alleged wheat steals from elevators.

Secretary Tracy is investigating the alleged ill feeling between junior naval officers and the marine corps.

The agitation to abolish the live stock trade between this country and Europe is meeting with warm opposition.

The sub-committee of the advisory board of western railroads is preparing by-laws for the new association.

The London Daily News says the deposition of Mr. McCarthy from the Nationalist chairmanship would be fatal.

Maj. Anderson, former Indian agent at Pine Ridge, lays the blame for the Sioux uprising to Agent Royer, his successor.

The members of Plymouth church are to erect a tablet to the memory of Henry Ward Beecher within the church edifice.

Hon. Chauncey M. Depew has been elected president of the Union league of New York for the sixth consecutive year.

Hon. William T. Carrington, ex-collector of Morgan City, La., was found burned to death in the ruins of his residence.

Hon. Arthur Stanley, the son of the Canadian governor general, has been appointed to a position in the English foreign office.

At New Haven, Emma Kelchele, aged 2 years, put a bean in her mouth. It lodged in her throat and death ensued in a very few minutes.

Professor Virchow gives the results of post-mortem examinations on patients treated with lymph, showing injurious rather than beneficial effects.

It is said the Chandler contingent is deserting Blair for Cheney in the New Hampshire senatorial contest for the purpose of preventing Dr. Gallinger's nomination.

Mr. Gladstone states emphatically that the only condition under which English Liberals will reunite with the Irish party is the permanent and unconditional retirement of Mr. Parnell.

It is understood that the Clark Thread company has set about filling the places of striking spinners, and is preparing to care for them within the mills until the present trouble is over.

Governor Burleigh of Maine has reappointed Joseph O. Smith of Skowhegan as insurance commissioner and Albion Little of Portland as trustee of the state reform school.

Nearly 40,000 tons of ice have been harvested in Fall River by various ice companies, and there will be no necessity for importation from Maine or New Hampshire this year.

The trust formed by the various manufacturers of harvesting machinery throughout the country has been broken up, owing, as the president says, to legal obstacles to the consummation of the enterprise.

FREEZING WEATHER

In Great Britain and Throughout the Continent.

HARDEST FROST IN A CENTURY

Suffering, Misery and Death — Rivers Frozen Up and Vessels Ice-Bound — Snow in Italy and North Africa

LONDON, Jan. 10.—It is now the seventh week of the prevalence of frosts through the United Kingdom, with no signs of abatement of the severity of the weather. From John O'Groats house to Land's End the country is wrapped in snow, and canals and streams are ice-bound. Even a number of tidal rivers are frozen fast. For duration of the frost period this is the greatest winter of the century, and, in point of severity, the winters of 1813 and 1814 alone exceeded it.

The Thames below Richmon remains partially frozen and is covered with ice floes which are impeding navigation. Above Teddington the ice on the Thames is eight inches thick. Carriers' vans can traverse the river's frozen surface from Sutton Court to Abingdon. Skaters have a free stretch for many miles above and below Oxford.

Numerous deaths have resulted from the extra cold, several of them at the very gates of workhouses, where groups of poor people were waiting for shelter. Midland newspapers declare that thousands of persons in that region are in a state of semi-starvation, laborers being compulsory idle, without fire or food. Mayors of cities, with the local boards, are directing an organized distribution of bread and coal, and are starting relief kitchens; still they fail to reach a host of cases of distress. Numerous instances occur of coroners' inquests on the bodies of people found dead in bed, where the verdict is that death resulted from cold and hunger.

In every country on the continent there is suffering because of the severe weather. The coasts of Belgium, Holland and North Germany are blocked with ice. In the Scheldt river navigation is nearly at a standstill on account of the ice. At the North German port of Cuxhaven, twenty-nine steamships are ice-bound. Pilots there are unable to communicate with vessels on account of the ice floes, thus making the harbor inaccessible.

Several vessels were struck by immense masses of floating ice and their hulls were so badly damaged that the boats rapidly filled with water and soon went to the bottom. In every instance their crews were saved from death only with great difficulty.

A number of steamers are drifting helplessly between Ottendorf and Brunsbuttel. They have lost their anchors and have been considerably damaged by the floating ice.

At Hamburg navigation is greatly impeded by the immense blocks of ice which fill the river. The board of navigation is making every effort to keep the river open and is employing three of the strongest tugs that can be secured as ice breakers. Many vessels have also been damaged here by the ice, but no serious accidents have as yet been reported.

At Antwerp 10,000 workmen have been thrown out of employment owing to the unusually severe weather which is prevailing at present. The misery caused among the poorer classes in consequence is widespread and intense.

The use of dynamite is about to be tried to break the ice at Copenhagen, where several steamships are ice-bound. At many ports tugs are actively engaged in efforts to break the ice, but not with much effect. The Oresund is full of ice floes. Dispatches from the German ports of Lubeck, Stettin and Swinemunde all tell of the inaccessibility of their harbors, on account of ice, and say that navigation has ceased; that there is much snow and that no open water is visible.

In Berlin the temperature is 16 degrees. The Hatz railway is snow-blocked, and the mails usually conveyed by its trains are now transported in sleighs. All Bavaria is covered with snow, and in the country between the Danube and the Alps the snow is eighteen inches deep. In certain localities along the Rhine snowdrifts are piled in some spots seventeen feet high, threatening inundations when they thaw.

In northern Italy snow began to fall on Wednesday and did not cease till yesterday. The inhabitants of that region are suffering acutely, such weather being entirely unknown to them, and it is feared that numbers of people have perished in the storm. At Mantua, Turin and Milan railway trains are much delayed on account of the heavy snowfall.

Dispatches from Vienna say that communication with points south of that city is greatly impeded, and that on all railways centering there the movement of trains is partially suspended.

A telegram from Madrid reports heavy snowfalls in Spain, and says that communication with all the provinces of Spain is difficult. It also reports the prevalence of intensely cold weather in Valencia, where orange groves have been swept by the storm, entailing heavy losses to the owners.

At Marseilles the hospitals are gorged with sufferers from various affections caused by the cold weather. More snow has fallen in Marseilles. Dock laborers there have lit along the quays great fires at which to warm themselves during working hours.

A violent storm, accompanied by hail and snow, and extending a long distance inland, is reported from the seaport of Algiers, in north Africa. The report is coupled with the assurance that nothing like such severity of weather was ever known in that region before.

Advices from Paris say that the Seine is blocked with ice near Rouen and that the Saone is frozen above Lyons. Telegrams from Arres and Nimes say that much suffering is being caused at these places by the intensely cold weather and that a number of persons have been found frozen to death. A sad case is reported from the village of Fourmies, in the department of Nord. Three children were caught in a raging snowstorm in a wood near the village. They wandered about until overcome by cold and exhaustion, when all three perished. A party which had gone in search of them found the children buried in the snow.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Forecast for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont: Slightly warmer; fair; southwesterly winds.

For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Fair; stationary temperature, except in Massachusetts, slightly warmer; variable winds.

BUCKWHEAT !

NOW IS THE SEASON FOR

Buckwheat Cakes and Maple Syrup,

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF BOTH.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

We are the only Firm in this City that have CONFIDENCE FLOUR.

WE HAVE A

FANCY HAXALL FLOUR

That Sells for less money. Give one of our kinds a Trial.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

BOYS, ATTENTION.

START TODAY!

— to —

A Prize of $10.00

Will be given to the Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS during January and February.

A Prize of $5.00

Will be given to the Newsboy making the second largest sale during the same period.

$5.00 will also be Given

To each boy, including the above, who sells **5000 or more** copies in the two months, an average of 100 per day.

$2.50 will be Given

To other boys selling 2500 or more copies, an average of 50 per day.

$1.00 will be Given

To all other boys selling 1000 or more copies, an average of 20 per day.

CAUTION!

Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys Will be Supplied at 1 1-2 Cents per Copy

BY THE FOLLOWING AGENTS:

HENRY CORAM	West Quincy.
F. E. KIMBALL	West Quincy.
MISS A. A. BARTLETT	Brewer's Corner.
MISS E. M. FREEMAN	Quincy Point.
C. F. WILDE	Wollaston.
THOMAS GURNEY	Atlantic.
KEMP & TISDALE	East Milton.
HENRY B. VINTON	Braintree.
GEORGE H. HUNT	East Weymouth.

OR AT THE

Daily Ledger Office.

Boys or Agents wanting extra papers should give notice before 9 A. M. on the day of publication.

WHEAT !

E SEASON FOR

and Maple Syrup.

GE STOCK OF BOTH.

FLOUR !

y that have CONFIDENCE FLOUR.

HAVE A

KALL FLOUR

Give one of our kinds a Trial.

ams Building, Quincy.

TENTION.

TODAY !

of $10.00

Newsboy selling the RS during January and

of $5.00

Newsboy making the uring the same period.

also be Given

ng the above, who sells es in the two months, an day.

ll be Given

ng 2500 or more copies, day.

ll be Given

ing 1000 or more copies, day.

TION !

llowed to club together, of such combinations n of the publishers will ll the prizes.

at 1 1-2 Cents per Copy

LOWING AGENTS :

.....West Quincy.
.....West Quincy.
.....Brewer's Corner.
.....Quincy Point.
.....Wollaston.
.....Atlantic.
.....East Milton.
.....Braintree.
.....East Weymouth.

AT THE

lger Office.

wanting extra papers fore 9 A. M. on the day

COME RIGHT IN

And select one of our Boxes of Cigars. We have the largest stock in the City to select from of

Cigars for the Holiday Trade.

Our Prices are from

ONE DOLLAR TO SEVEN DOLLARS PER BOX.

GEO. F. WILSON & CO.,

108 Hancock Street, Quincy, Mass.

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Nov. 10. tf

BEST IN THE MARKET !

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, July 9. tf

QUINCY CAFE,

Chestnut Street, Quincy.

Ice Cream and Sherbets.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

Catering for Large and Small Parties, under the personal attention of JOHN H. WALES.

Dec. 12. 1m

BEST YET !

Christians' Flour, $7 per Bbl.

Corrugated " $7 "

Extra Quality Tea (Oolong, Japan or English Breakfast,) 50c. lb.

We believe the above brands of Flour are the Best that are sold in this ket.

We also believe that our 50 cent Tea is the Best sold for the money in England.

In order to extend our sales in these Specialties, we make the following for a limited time only: To every Customer buying a barrel of either r, we will present a pound of Tea, and deliver free in any part of Quincy djoining towns. Positively no discount will be made on either the Flour he Tea purchased separately. Orders by mail or telephone will be sent on order is received.

J. F. Merrill,

Boston Branch Grocery.

uincy, Jan. 3. 6t

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 10.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1697-98—Freeholders and inhabitants of Braintree entered into agreement in defence of their rights concerning land grants.

World Wide.

LYMAN BEECHER.

42—Death of St. Agatho, pope.
1645—William Laud, archbishop of Canterbury, beheaded; born 1573.
1737—Birth of Gen. Ethan Allen; died 1789.
1761—Death of Right Hon. Edward Boscawen, admiral; born 1711.
1769—Birth of Marshal Ney; executed 1815.
1778—Death of Charles Linnæus, great botanist; born 1707.
1840—The penny postal system established in England.
1855—Death of Mary Russell Mitford, writer; born 1786.
1860—Falling of Pemberton mill, Lawrence, Mass.; 525 either killed, missing or wounded.
1861—Secession of Florida.
1863—Death of Lyman Beecher, American theologian; born 1813.
1870—Victor Noir, journalist, killed by Pierre Bonaparte during an interview concerning a challenge sent to Rochefort.
1872—Fire damp explosion at Oakwood colliery, Wales; 12 killed.
1876—Death of Gen. Gordon Granger, United States army, at Santa Fe, aged 50.
1878—Much excitement in Paris on account of suspected coup d'etat, and Gen. Ducrot dismissed from command.
1880—Died in New York city, Frank Leslie, editor and publisher, aged 59 years.
1889—Connecticut legislature elected N. G. Bulkeley, Republican, governor.

Tomorrow's Anniversaries,—Jan. 11

1798—Charles Breck of Milton born.
1802—Quincy voted to place trees in church yard.
1802—Quincy chose agents to help along movement for Neponset bridge.

World Wide.

EZRA CORNELL.

1563—Birth of Francois Mazzuoli Parmigiano, Italian painter; died 1540.
1654—Birth of Henry, duke of Norfolk.
1733—Death of Hans Sloane, M. D., collector of specimens in natural history; born 1660.
1757—Birth of Alexander Hamilton, American statesman; killed in a duel by Aaron Burr in 1804.
1762—Death of Francis Roubiliac, sculptor; born 1695.
1807—Birth of Ezra Cornell at Westchester Landing, N. Y.
1825—Bayard Taylor, author, born in Kennett Square, Chester county, Pa.; died in Berlin, Germany, Dec. 19, 1878.
1829—Death of Frederick Schlegel, German critic; born 1772.
1843—Death of Francis Scott Key, American lawyer and song writer; born 1779.
1861—Secession of Alabama.
1863—Capture of Fort Hindman, Ark.; Union loss 977, Confederate 5,500.
1879—Death of Caleb Cushing, United States minister at Madrid, aged 79.
1885—Advices from Colon that twenty-one vessels were wrecked and sixty-five lives lost during a recent storm there.
1889—King Mwanga, of Uganda, Africa, deposed by his bodyguard and a prisoner; Kiwewa, his brother, made king. A bloody and property destroying outbreak against missionaries followed, and efforts put forth to re-establish Mohammedanism.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Latest Quotations of the New York and Boston Stock Markets—Jan. 9.

The Wall street stock market manifested continued buoyancy, prices gaining still further with trading active.

Boston trading held up well in volume, indeed it showed more activity than yesterday and prices generally were firm.

The New York Market.

Atchison	31¼	Nor. Pac. pref.	68¾
Central Pacific	29½	Oregon Trans	16¼
Chi & Northwest	107	Oregon Navi	79¾
Del Lack & West	139¼	Pacific Mail	44¾
Del & Hudson	136½	Reading	34¼
Illinois Central	98½	Texas Pacific	15½
Lake Shore	109½	Union Pacific	47
Missouri Pacific	63⅞	Wabash St. L. & P.	9¾
N. J. Central	117	do pref	18¾
N. Y. Central	102½	Wheel & Lake Erie	7½
Northern Pacific	25¾	Western Union	78½

The Boston Market.

Aspinwall Land	....	Fitchburg pref	83½
Fremn's Bay Land	6⅝	Flint & Pere Mar	21⅝
Newport Land	2	Maine Central	....
West End Land	42⅝	Mexican Central	23
Atchison	31½	N Y & N E	37¼
Atlantic & Pacific	5½	do pref	115
Boston & Lowell	176	Old Colony	168
Boston & Maine	203½	Union Pacific	47¼
Boston & Prov	....	Wisconsin Central	39¾
Chicago, B & Q	....	American Bell Tel.	214
Central Mass	19	Mexican	90
do pref	88	Erie Tel	50
Eastern	....	New England Tel.	53

The Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—FLOUR—Moderately active; city mills $5 10 to 5 35; city mills patents $5 10 to 5 75; winter wheat, low grades, $3 40 to 3 90; do fair to fancy $3 90 to 5 00; do patents $4 40 to 5 40; Minnesota clear $4 10 to 4 85; do straights $4 85 to 5 10.

WHEAT—Quiet; No 2 red $1 04⅛ elevator; No 3 red 1 00⅜ to 1 00⅝.

CORN—More demand; No 2, 60c. elevator.

OATS—Fairly active; No 3, 50¾c; No 1, 59c; mixed western, 49c. to 52c.

COFFEE—Rio easy; fair cargoes 19.

SUGAR—Raw steady; refined firm; granulated 5 15-16c cubes 6 1-16c.

A Mastodon's Tooth.

Dr. H. Miles Cochrane, of Houlton, Me., has on exhibition at his dental rooms an extremely rare curiosity. It is the tooth of a mastodon, known as such, according to Dr. Cochrane, from the conical projections upon its surface, and showing it to belong to a vegetable eating animal akin to the elephant. It was discovered in the earth about five feet from the surface of the ground by a man engaged in excavating for a cellar to a house in Monticello. The tooth is about thirteen inches in circumference. —Kennebec Journal.

A Society Belle's Motto.

Miss Sallie Hargous is one of New York's society belles whose dressing room is filled with dainty trifles and handsome oddities. Her favorite motto, "I line all my clouds with silver," is exquisitely painted in silver on the wall of pale blue.—Morning Journal.

EMMA ABBOTT'S FUNERAL.

Professional Friends of the Dead Prima Donna Pay Tribute to Her Memory.

CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—Funeral services were held over the remains of Emma Abbott at Central Music hall. At a few minutes before 2 o'clock, to the notes of Schubert's "Funeral March," the cortage filed slowly to the front of the hall. The casket was borne by members of the Emma Abbott company. They were followed by the honorary pall-bearers, selected from the local theatre managers. Then came the parents of the prima donna, Mr. and Mrs. Seth Abbott. The Abbott company followed and took seats provided for them. Slowly passing up the center aisle of the hall the pall was laid on what seemed to be a bed of flowers. All about, upon the stage and upon tables brought in for the purpose, were placed floral tributes from all parts of the country. Professor David Swing and Rev. Dr. Thomas paid tribute to the dead in brief discourses and a quartet sang appropriate hymns. The remains were then conveyed to Graceland cemetery, in the vault of which they were temporarily placed.

JAY GOULD'S BIG PURCHASE.

Wall Street Believes That He Owns the Atchison and Missouri Pacific.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—Rumors continue current to the effect that Jay Gould has bought a large block of Atchison stock from Baring Bros., giving him control, and that a consolidation of the Atchison and Missouri Pacific roads will soon be effected. Kidder, Peabody & Co. said that the story was a wild one. The control of the stock would require over 500,000 shares, and as the stock was divided among 15,000 holders it was almost impossible for one man to obtain absolute control. It was stated, however, that Jay Gould was now working in close relations with the Atchison management and the statement was authorized by Gould interests that although Jay Gould had not bought control himself, Russell Sage and other friends of Gould now held more Atchison securities than ever before.

THE DALAMATER FAILURE.

Members of the Firm Must Answer to the Charge of Embezzlement.

MEADVILLE, Pa., Jan. 10.—Delamater & Co. (including George W. Delamater, late Republican candidate for governor) bankers, who assigned recently, were summoned before an alderman charged with embezzlement. The complaint was made by the outgoing board of county commissioners, who charge the firm with the embezzlement of $30,000 of county funds, having received the deposits of the county treasurer while knowing themselves to be insolvent and converting the same to their own use. Each of the defendants gave bonds in the sum of $10,000 for his appearance at the February term of court.

Slaughter by New Guinea Savages.

BRISBANE, Aus., Jan. 10.—Advices received here from New Guinea give an account of atrocities which have been committed by natives. The reports say that the Tugaree, the head hunting tribe of the island, made an attack on a village, and during the raid they massacred forty of the inhabitants and looted a large number of the dwellings. The tribe threatens to make an attack on some villages near the government post, held under the command of Magistrate Cameron, who has charge of the western district. A force of armed constables has been sent to the assistance of Magistrate Cameron, who has received orders to act in the meanwhile on the defensive.

King of Belgium Criticizes Stanley.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 10.—At a meeting of the Royal Geographical society here Commander Verney Lovett Cameron, the distinguished English naval officer and African traveler, was the recipient of a medal from the hands of King Leopold, who eulogized the commander's work in the Congo country. The king, in the course of his remarks, criticized Stanley, contrasting what he called the explorer's "pitiless mode of action" with "the pacific and gentler policy," which alone, he said, could gain for civilization the mastery of Africa.

International Coin Commission.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The president has nominated William A. Russell of Massachusetts, Lambert Tree of Illinois, and Nathaniel P. Hill of Colorado to be commissioners to consider the establishment of an international coin, or coins, as recommended by international American conference, etc., as provided for in the act making appropriations for the diplomatic and consular service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891.

A Drunken Affray.

LACONIA, N. H., Jan. 10.—A shooting affray occurred at Blackbrook. In a drunken fight Arthur Day shot and wounded two companions. The shooting was done with a double-barreled shot-gun. One was wounded in the head, the other in the back. The parties are all young men. The wounds are not considered dangerous.

Hard Cider?

BIDDEFORD, Me., Jan. 10.—Llewelyn Harriman of Hollis, Warren Nason and Danforth Dashon of Buxton, farmers, who were summoned before the grand jury, were drunk when they entered the jury room yesterday and were locked up. Later they were arraigned in court and fined $10 and costs.

Improvement of Lubec Channel.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Secretary Proctor has sent to the house a report of Lieut. Col. J. A. Smith, corps of engineers, upon the preliminary examination of Lubec channel, Maine. Liut. Col. Smith thinks the channel is worth improvement, and estimates that it will cost $231,000.

A Ten Per Cent. Cut in Wages.

PATERSON, N. J., Jan. 10.—The ribbon weavers employed by the William Strange company, the largest silk firm in this city, and the firm of Clay & Groocock have had their wages reduced 10 per cent. Dullness in trade is the cause. The employes threaten to strike.

Went Down in the English Channel.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The steamer Middlesboro collided with an unknown foreign brig in the middle of the channel. The brig was badly damaged and it is believed that she went down soon after the accident, with all hands on board.

"Most Favored Clause" the Factor.

PARIS, Jan. 10.—The tariff committee has approved the government's proposal to renounce all tariff treaties except those containing the most favored nation clause.

Now for the Conference.

BOULOGNE, Jan. 10.—Messrs. McCarthy, Sexton, Condon and Hooper have arrived here.

Emin Pasha has built a fortified station at Bukhaba, and is returning to the coast.

BOYD AND THAYER.

They Both Claim the Governorship fo Nebraska.

CONFLICT OVER THE MILITIA.

As a Result, the State Has Two Adjutant Generals—Supreme Court Will Not Consider the Matter Until Tuesday.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 10.—Nebraska ha two governors and a third man claiming the office. The legislature and supreme court are moving but slowly toward a solution of the difficulty and meantime conflicts of authority are taking place. Governor Thayer fortified himself in his office and slept there Thursday night under guard of a company of militia and a number of special officers. Yesterday morning the board of public lands and buildings met and assigned Governor Boyd quarters in another part of the building. He immediately assumed possession, appointed J. G. Higgins of Grand Island private secretary and began acting as governor.

The first conflict of authority took place in the afternoon, when telegrams were received by a member of the legislature and transmitted to Governor Boyd, stating that an Indian outbreak would take place in the northern part of that state today and asking that militia now at the front be placed to repel the attack. Governor Boyd ordered Adjt. Gen. Cole to make preparation for the outbreak, but Gen. Cole refused to obey, stating that he would take orders only from Governor Thayer. The office of adjutant general was declared vacant, and soon after Governor Boyd appointed Gen. Victor Vifquain to the position.

The state forces on the frontier now have two commanders and it is impossible to tell which they will obey. The janitors of the state house and Mail Carrier Lane have gone over to Governor Boyd and it is said that gas and steam will be turned off in Governor Thayer's office. Governor Thayer has petitioned the supreme court for a write of quo warranto to determine the position of Governor Boyd. The court answered informally that no decision would be made until next Tuesday.

The wrangling between the factions in legislature continues, but the Independents or Alliance members are losing ground.

A Setback for Thayer.

OMAHA, Jan. 10.—Ex-Governor Thayer applied to the supreme court for a quo warranto restraining Governor Boyd from exercising the functions of his office. Judge Maxwell stated to Thayer's attorney that, inasmuch as their petition admitted that Boyd is governor, their petition is untenable. As he believed Boyd to be governor, Judge Maxwell refused the writ, and the supreme court then adjourned till Tuesday. Thayer states that he will not surrender until the proper tribunal has declared that he should.

Consumers Will Pay for It.

CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—The big barbed wire manufacturers of the United States held a private conference here. It is said that firms that have been at litigation with the Washburn-Moen company of Worcester will form a "combine" with that company. The terms of agreement will probably be concluded to-day, and under them the suits instituted for the infringement of patents and for royalties will cease. The Washburn-Moen company, with its monopoly of patents, will dictate the terms, and the increased expense to the mills will, it is said, come out of the consumers.

Five Years in a Solitary Cell.

PARIS, Jan. 10.—Mayor Fouraux of Toulon, an ex-naval officer, who was charged with having a criminal operation performed on Mme. Jonquieres, his mistress, who was the wife of another naval officer, has been convicted with the other persons implicated in the crime. The mayor is sentenced to five years of solitary confinement. Mme. Laure, who performed the operation, is condemned to three years imprisonment; Mme. Jonquieres two years' and Mme. Audibert, eighteen months.

English Settlers in Danger.

BERLIN, Jan. 10.—The Berliner Tageblatt has received advices from East Africa to the effect that the natives of Laum have risen against the settlers, having been incited by Bakari, the deposed sultan of Vitu. The British consul has asked the sultan of Zanzibar to send troops to the scene of the trouble, as the position of the English inhabitants is very critical.

A Mutinous Crew.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 10.—The American ship Indiana, Capt. Colly, which sailed Jan. 7 from Barrow for New York, has put into Holyhead. Her crew mutinied and fought among themselves. Several of the men were severely wounded with knives. The police have been sent for, and the mutineers will be taken into custody. The United States consul has been notified.

The Week's Failures.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—Business failures reported to Bradstreet's number 391 in the United States this week, against 303 last week and 354 this week last year. Canada had 43 this week, against 21 last week. The total number of failures in the United States, Jan. 1 to date, is 537, against 663 two full weeks last year.

Twenty-Ton Boulder for a Monument.

KEENE, N. H., Jan. 10.—The boulder furnished by the survivors of the Second regiment for Gen. Marston's monument started from its bed in the northwest part of the town to be loaded on the cars. Its estimated weight is twenty tons, and it is drawn on a boat sled by six pairs of horses.

A Serious Charge.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Jan. 10.—Charles E. Sims, aged 30, was arrested last evening, charged with felonious assault. Complaint was made by four young girls, all under 13. Sims is well known, was always respected and moved in the best society.

In Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—In the senate Mr. Frye introduced bills relative to the ownership of vessels engaged in foreign trade. Messrs. Blackburn and Morgan advocated the free coinage of silver.

The house considered the private calendar.

New Railway Crippled.

HALIFAX, Jan. 10.—It is reported that all the engines on the Cape Breton railway, four in number, went over an embankment while assisting a derailed train, and that the passengers of the train had to proceed to Port Mulgrave by stage.

IDOLATRY IN ISRAEL.

LESSON II, FIRST QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, JAN. 11.

Text of the Lesson, I Kings xii, 25-33. Commit Verses, 28-30—Golden Text, Ex. xx, 4—Commentary by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

[Compiled from Lesson Helper Quarterly by permission of H. S. Hoffman, publisher, Philadelphia.]

25. "Then Jeroboam built Shechem in Mount Ephraim and dwelt therein."

Rehoboam having been warned by Shemiah, the man of God, not to go against the revolting tribes to subdue them, returned home with his army and contented himself to be king of Judah only, according to the word of the Lord (vs. 22-24). Thus the twelve tribes became two nations, not to be united again till the coming of the son of David in power and glory (Ezek. xxxvii, 21-28). Shechem became for a time the capital of the kingdom of the ten tribes.

"And went out from thence and built Penuel."

Here the angel of the Lord wrestled with Jacob and changed his name to Israel. Jacob called the name of the place Penuel (the Face of God), for, said he, I have seen God face to face, and my life is preserved (Gen. xxxii, 28, 30). Jeroboam's building these places may be explained by the fact that in the days of the Judges they had been destroyed (Judg. viii, 17; ix, 45).

26. "And Jeroboam said in his heart, Now shall the kingdom return to the house of David."

He evidently did not know in his heart anything of the meaning of either Shechem (shoulder) or Penuel (the face of God). His heart had not received the precious promise of Deut. xxxiii, 12, nor did he know Him of whom it is written "the government shall be upon His shoulder."

27. "If this people go up to do sacrifice in the house of the Lord at Jerusalem, then shall the heart of this people turn again unto their Lord, unto Rehoboam, king of Judah, etc."

There is no gratitude to God in this, nor any confidence in Him, but there is a thought of direct disobedience; for Jeroboam knew that God had commanded that sacrifice should be offered only in the city and at the place which he had chosen (Deut. xii, 5, 14).

28. "Whereupon the king took counsel and made two calves of gold."

It was not the counsel of God, it must have been the counsel of the ungodly. He must have known the story of the golden calf in the wilderness and of the thousands who fell because of that sin; but if any one had reminded him of that, and had suggested that his present course was a dangerous one, he might have replied: "Oh, that was 500 years ago, and we do not know whether there was any truth in it or not; that is an old story and perhaps only a tradition. Then look at those idol groves and high places on Olivet which the great Solomon built for his wives, and where he worshiped also (I Kings xi, 5-8), and yet he prospered and died peacefully."

"It is too much for you to go up to Jerusalem; behold thy gods, O Israel, which brought thee up out of the land of Egypt."

He talked like the devil in the garden of Eden when he suggested to Eve that God demanded too much when he told them not to eat of the tree of the knowledge of good and evil, or when he suggested to Achan that it was too much self denial not to take that garment and that gold, or when he suggested to Jesus through Simon that it was too much to think of dying at Jerusalem.

29. "And he set the one in Bethel, and the other put he in Dan."

What a desecrator of holy places! Bethel (house of God), where God gave to Jacob such a glorious vision of heavenly things and such promises for the future (Gen. xxviii, 11-19); where God set up a ladder that reached to heaven and Jacob dedicated a pillar to God, here this rebel sets up an idol and establishes idolatry.

30. "And this thing became a sin."

Not only a sin against God, but a sin against himself and all his house to cut it off, and to destroy it from off the face of the earth (xiii, 34). He that sinneth against God wrongeth his own soul, and all they that hate Him love death (Prov. viii, 36). Moses, when speaking to Israel of the calf which Aaron made, said, "I took your sin, the calf which ye had made, and burnt it with fire (Deut. ix, 21).

"The people went to worship before the one, even unto Dan."

It would be such worship as Cain offered, the worship of disobedience, and therefore hateful to God. They were breaking the first and second commandments of the law, besides all the other commands which God had given concerning the only place of worship. There is no particular place now where we are to worship God, but as Jesus taught the woman of Samaria, God seeketh true worshipers who will worship Him in spirit and in truth.

31. "And he made an house of high places, and made priests of the lowest of the people which were not of the sons of Levi."

Notwithstanding the command, "Thou shalt give the Levites unto Aaron, and to his sons, * * * and the stranger that cometh nigh shall be put to death" (Num. iii, 9, 10), this man takes any one and sets him apart as a priest. It is not enough to despise the only true God, the God of Israel, and the Holy City, and the Temple, the only appointed place of sacrifice, but he also despises God's chosen priesthood and sets up one of his own. We do not need to seek far, even in our own day, for a man made priesthood, many of whom, to judge by their conduct, are among the lowest of the people, and if they do not worship golden calves they certainly do worship golden eagles. Nor need we step outside the Protestant church, nor even enter the Episcopal church, to find them, for they may be found in all.

32. "And Jeroboam ordained a feast * * * like unto the feast that is in Judah, and he offered upon the altar.

Moses did not ordain feasts; everything connected with the tabernacle and temple, and worship and feasts was appointed by God; but this man takes the place of God and imitates God. He reminds us of one described in II Thess. ii, 4, "who opposeth and exalteth himself above all that is called God, or that is worshiped; so that he, as God, sitteth in the temple of God, showing himself that he is God." God had appointed that on the seventh month and tenth day of the month Israel should fast, and afflict their souls, and by appropriate sacrifices such as He ordained keep the great day of atonement, the high priest on only that one day in all the year going into the holy of holies to sprinkle the blood upon the mercy seat. Then on the fifteenth day they were to keep the feast of tabernacles. But this man knows better than God; he has no day for atonement, but on the fifteenth day of the eighth month he will have a feast and sacrifices.

"Sacrificing unto the calves that he had made, and he placed in Bethel the priests of the high places which he had made."

God was the architect of tabernacle and temple, but these places of worship were made by this man, to whom God had been so kind, and who was now so vigorously setting himself and his people against God.

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

"Little Monitor."

The Best School Shoe for Misses and Children.

Saville & Jones.

THE ONLY PLACE IN QUINCY

To get the Famous

Lebanon Overalls and Jumpers

is at

SAVILLE & JONES'.

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND

ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING,

QUINCY AVENUE.

Nov. 13. 3 mos

Old Colony.

On and after Oct. 13, 1890.

Trains Leave

QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.11, 6.55, 7.27, 7.33, 7.38, 7.52, 8.12, 8.34, 8.40, 9.18, 9.59, 10.38, 10.57 A. M.; 12.05, 1.02, 1.17, 1.42, 2.50, 4.00, 4.07, 4.48, 4.57, 5.33, 5.40, 6.14, 7.05, 7.10, 8.11, 9.06, 10.19, 10.24 P. M. SUNDAY—9.19, 9.31 A. M.; 1.46, 5.53, 6.15, 7.25, 8.14, 9.16, 11.01 P. M.

RETURN.—5.45, 6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 10.05, 11.02 A. M.; 12.00 M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.30, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4 42, 5.10, 5.33, 6.00, 6.07 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 8.15, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. SUNDAY—8.30, 9.00, 9.15, A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 5.45, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

WOLLASTON HEIGHTS FOR BOSTON.—6.14, 6.59, 7.37, 7.41, 8.15, 8.46, 9.21, 10.02, 11.00 A. M.; 12.08, 1.05, 1.45, 2.53, 4.11, 5.00, 5.43, 6.18, 7.14, 8.15, 9.09, 10.28 P. M. SUNDAY.—9.34 A. M.; 1.49, 6.19, 9.20, 11.04 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02, A. M.; 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.07, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. SUNDAY.—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

QUINCY ADAMS FOR BOSTON.—6.07, 6.51, 7.23, 7.35, 8.08, 9.15, 9.56, 10.54 A. M.; 12.02, 1.38, 2.46, 4.03, 5.37, 6.11, 7.07, 8.07, 9.03, 10.21 P. M. SUNDAY.—9.27 A. M.; 1.42, 6.11, 9.12, 10.57 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 9.40, 11.02 A. M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 3.12, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.00, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. SUNDAY.—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00 7 05, 10.00 P. M.

WEST QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.08, 7.05, 7.54, 9.11, 11.04 A. M.; 1.46, 3.45, 5.27, 6.20, 10.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25, 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

EAST MILTON FOR BOSTON — 6.12, 7.09, 7.58, 9.15, 11.08 A. M.; 1.50, 3.55, 5.31, 6.24, 10.11 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33. 6.25 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR EAST MILTON AND WEST QUINCY.—6.48, 8.17, 10.00 A. M.; 12.50, 2.40, 4.42, 5.50, 6.42, 8.14 P. M.

GEO. L. CONNOR, Gen'l Pass'r Agt.

J. R. KENDRICK, General Manager.

MAKE HENS LAY.

Sheridan's Condition Powder.

Nothing on earth will make hens lay like it. Highly concentrated. One ounce is worth a pound of any other kind. Given in the food once daily. Cures all diseases; worth its weight in gold to keep them healthy. Testimonials Sent Free. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps. 21-lb. cans, by mail, $1.20. Six cans, express prepaid, $5.00. L. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston.

ALL LINEN

CRASH

5c. per Yard.

New Cheviot Shirtings,

10c. and 12 1-2c.

Ladies' and Children's

GAITERS,

50c. a pair

AT

Miss C. S. Hubbard's,

158 Hancock St., Quincy.

PLANT FOOD

FOR SALE AT

FRANK F. CRANE'S.

Quincy, Jan. 10. tf

Of Course

The Ladies would like a Rubber Shoe which will not break or slip at the heel. Try the

"B. & L. HOLDFAST."

We have all Widths and Sizes.

Saville & Jones.

WANTED.

WANTED,—Twenty Granite Cutters at Granby Granite Quarry, Columbia, S. C. Wages, $3.25 to $3.50 for 9 hours, or piece work. Weather always mild enough to work comfortably outside all winter. Steady employment to first-class men. A. R. STEWART. Jan. 9, 10, 13.

WANTED,—25 girls at John E. Drake & Co.s' shoe factory. Apply Wednesday morning. Quincy, Jan. 5—tf

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

TO LET.

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.
Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms.
Apply to HENRY H. FAXON.
Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—A large unfurnished Room, suitable for doctor or lawyer. For further particulars enquire on the premises, of N. A. WILD, 58 Water street. Dec. 24—tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately.
Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.
Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

BLANKET LINED

Canvas Jackets

—— AT ——

Saville & Jones'.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree
M. K Pratt,	Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 10.

High water at 10.30 A. M. and 11.15 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.13; Sets at 4.31.
New Moon Jan. 10, 10.25 A. M.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

"Priscilla" is to be repeated.

Eaton Bros. have filled their ice houses.

The letter R of the taxpayers will be continued in the LEDGER Monday.

A masqurade in the near future is talked of by the Atlantic Social Club.

Mr. C. A. Howland, wife and daughter leave today for a trip to Washington, D. C.

Thomas A. Whicher and family have taken rooms at the Vendome for the winter.

The City Council will not meet next Monday evening, having adjourned for two weeks.

C. H. Spear commenced to house ice yesterday. It don't look like an ice famine this year.

The Merry Mount Yacht Club has taken one of the rooms under Music hall for a club room.

Miss Cora E. Nash has resigned her position as clerk to the Commissioner of Public Works.

It is reported that ex-assessor John Q. A. Field is Mayor Fairbank's choice for principal assessor.

Dr. R. McLennan will read an essay on "Alcohol," before the Clan McGregor literary club this evening.

Hon. E. C. Bumpus and family have taken rooms at Hotel Arlington, Boston, for the remainder of the winter.

Mrs. J. Francis Hayward chaperoned a party of young ladies who took a sleigh ride to the Mill Dam this afternoon.

John Adams Council, Royal Arcanum, will install its officers on Monday evening at the Knights of Honor hall, Wollaston.

John H. Bishop of South Quincy has gone into the granite business on Centre street under the firm name of J. H. Bishop & Co.

Simeon Ellis, the obliging conductor of the West Quincy branch of the street railway, has been promoted to assistant superintendent.

There is excellent pickerel fishing at Green's pond, Wollaston. About ten years ago this pond was stocked with pickerel and lionpout.

Three sleigh parties from Brockton and one from Hyde Park, about 150 persons, had supper served them at the Robertson House Friday evening.

Officers Spear and McKay who are taking the census of births, have practically completed West Quincy and Atlantic. They report a smaller crop this year.

The opening of the branch bakery by Mr. William A. Hodges in the Adams building will prove a convenience for those who have hitherto been obliged to go to the bakery.

At an auction sale of rare manuscripts in Boston this week a letter of John Adams, President, dated at Braintree, July 18, 1788, addressed to Arthur Lee, brought $27.50.

The Ladies' Social Union connected with the West Quincy M. E. Church will hold its next supper and entertainment at the church vestry on Wednesday evening, January 14. instead of Thursday evening as formerly. All are invited.

Manet Lodge, No. 40, Order of the Fraternal Circle, meets in Doble's hall on the first and third Tuesdays. Officers were installed at the last meeting. There is a committee to provide entertainment for each meeting.

Ex-Councilman Harry W. Reed is at Wolfboro, N. H. with a party of business friends on a fishing trip. Harry's many friends in Atlantic are rubbing their hands and congratulating themselves upon the prospect of eating some nice pickerel when he returns.

While Chief Engineer Ripley was in the National Granite Bank yesterday afternoon, his horse was frightened and run up Granite street. He was stoppednear the residence of Lewis Dell by Officer McKay. The gig was a wreck, the wheels being left near Andrew Young's house.

"The City is Growing."

Officer F. A. Spear who is collecting the births of the City reports a remarkable case of a prolific family in Ward One. Jan. 21, 1889, the mother gave birth to a child, Dec. 22, the same year, another infant saw the light of day. Dec. 10, 1890, the mother gave birth to triplets, two boys and a girl, making a grand total of five children in 23 months. Can any other family beat this record?

LESS LAW.

Braintree Anxious to Settle Water Question.

F. A. Hobart Presents Figures on the Cost Thus Far.

An Article in the Warrant for Special Town Meeting.

The following communication from Hon. F. A. Hobart appears in today's issue of the Braintree Observer:

The enquiry comes to me from all parts of the town, "When will the water question be settled? Can't something be done to stop the expense of litigation, and the whole matter taken out of the hands of lawyers?"

In view of the fact that at a town meeting to be held next week articles are to be acted upon "to see what action the town will take relative to lawsuits in which the town is defendant," and also "to see what action the town will take relative to the payment of the expenses in the suit of the mill owners." I ask the attention of the people to the subjoined statements, showing the costs and liabilities incurred by the town since the commencement of the unfortunate water controversy, that they may consider the results and the wisdom of fighting lawsuits. As many of these expenditures have been tided over, it is probable that the people are not aware of the heavy expenditure which must be met by taxation in the immediate future. The figures are taken from the auditors' reports for the period extending from Feb. 1, 1886, to Feb. 1, 1890, and those for the present year from information obtained from the selectmen and other town officers; and although some of the figures of the present year are estimated, I think it safe to say, as a result of the experience of the past, the aggregate amount will be greater, rather than less, than the sums stated; and as five lawsuits are still pending, we must realize that "the end is not yet."

STATEMENT.

Auditors' report ending Feb. 1, 1886, pp. 39, 42:	
Avery, counsel fees; Howland, surveying, and sundry expenses of water committee	$470 16
Auditors' report ending Feb. 1, 1887, pp. 56, 59, 60:	
Avery, counsel fees; Boyce, surveying, and sundry other expenditures	635 94
Auditors' report ending Feb. 1, 1888, pp. 53, 55:	
Avery, counsel fees	1,700 00
Butler, counsel fees	1,150 00
Stenographer, records, affidavits, printing, and other expenses	305 23
Auditors' report ending Feb. 1, 1889, pp. 8, 9, 11, 41, 42, 47, 68:	
Avery, counsel fees	991 60
Interest on bonds and sinking fund	6,000 00
Boyce, engineer	1,347 06
Cavanagh & Sons, on contract	29,614 94
Negotiating bonds, stationery, printing, etc	621 77
Auditors' report ending Feb. 1, 1890, pp. 11, 36, 41, 42, 44, 45, 57:	
Avery, counsel fees	3,784 10
Shedd, engineer	500 00
Stenographer	1,077 50
Boyce	665 00
Other expenses	37
Interest on bonds and sinking fund	6,000 00
C. N. Wallace, services, affidavits, printing, witness fees, order of commissioners, and other expenses	419 00
Expenses since Feb. 1, 1890—(partly estimated):	
Interest on bonds and sinking fund	6,000 00
Braintree's proportion of mill damages by Great Pond, as assessed, including accrued interest	20,000 00
Avery, counsel fees in mill owners' suits to Dec. 1	4,100 00
Additional fees, arguing exceptions, etc., safe to estimate	1,000 00
(If a jury trial, then an appeal to Supreme Court, what the expense will be can be judged from the past.)	
Stenographer, and other expenses in mill owners' suits, about	3,000 00
Due Gen. Butler for services rendered in 1886-87, outside of Water Company's suit, part bill rendered	2,000 00
Due Gen. Butler for services in water case, three years or more,—estimated on same basis as has been paid Avery	7,500 00
(If Butler carries the case to Supreme Court on the exceptions he has taken no one can predict the expense—and the Lord help us.)	
Avery, counsel fees in Cavanagh case (part paid)	1,500 00
Legal costs, auditor, experts, engineers, witness fees, stenographer, etc., in Cavanagh case	2,500 00
Balance of Cavanagh claim, (now in suit) with interest,	21,000 00
Boyce, engineer, (now in suit) and other expenses	800 00
Land damages—Great Pond pipe line and costs of suit,	225 00
Land damages—4 acres for pumping station at Great Pond	200 00
Legal expenses,—Supreme Court Commissioners, experts, witnesses, stenographer, printing, engineering, etc., estimating only that the town pays one-half of amount—$24,000 00	12,000 00
Paid Henry Gardner, expert and inspector	375 00
Due Henry Gardner, as per bill rendered	140 00
Mill owners' damages by Little Pond (which must now be included as part cost of the Water Co.'s works)	25,000 00
3 years' insurance on pumping station at Great Pond, about	60 00
Town's bonded indebtedness by Great Pond	100,000 00
Total expenditures and liabilities	$262,682 77
Deduct,—cash in town treasury, about $73,000	
Sinking fund and interest 6,082	
Interest on deposits, etc., about 4,500	83,580 00
Total balance	$179,102 77

The above are startling figures, showing that we have incurred an expenditure of about $180,000. and as yet not a dollar paid toward the purchase of the property and franchise of the Water Supply Company, and to the above sum there must be added whatever the Commissioners award over and above the sum which the works of the company could have been bought for four years ago.

If a settlement is ever reached it will be found that what the town might have owned at a cost of from $125,000 to $150,000 will cost from $325,000 to $350,000. For the above expenditure of $180,090 what has the town to show, except five law suits still pending?

I invite criticism on the above figures, and the approaching town meeting offers a good opportunity for explanation and discussion. Let us have more common sense and less law.

Respectfully yours,
F. A. HOBART.

No More Wollaston Heights.

Wollaston Heights is a thing of the past. The Old Colony management has decided to drop the suffix Heights and in a short time that station will be officially known as Wollaston.

The post-office department, the state and city governments and the newspapers dropped the Heights several years ago. To avoid confusion the railroad has decided to follow suit.

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

N. CURTIS & CO.'S

Fine Shoes at

Saville & Jones'.

Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.
Boston, Nov. 5. tf

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

BRAINTREE.

The days are growing longer.

Special town meeting next Wednesday evening.

The officers of Corp 94 will be installed by Mrs. Agnes Parker, Monday evening, Jan. 19th.

Corp 94 has accepted an invitation to attend the installation of officers of corp 103, Quincy, Tuesday, Jan 13, at 2 P. M.

Dr. Capen, President of Tuft's college, will preach to the Universalist society in the Town hall, Sunday afternoon at 2 P. M. All are invited.

The week of prayer has been observed as usual by all, or most of our churches. So far as we can see, things move along as formerly.

The Columbia Rubber Works, in East Braintree, have shut down for at least, ten days. The scarcity of orders has obliged this temporary suspension of operations.

The Maverick Oil Company are taking out of their oil tank at the distributing station on Washington street, seventeen hundred gallons daily. The company are highly pleased with the location and the amount of trade they are doing.

The invitations are out to attend the celebration of the marriage of Mr. Richard H. Long, of the manufacturing firm of John Long & Son and Miss Mabelle H. Fernald, which takes place Tuesday evening, Jan. 20th, in the First Congregational church, Braintree.

It is reported that when the ice was twelve inches thick in Braintree it was only nine inches in Weymouth. The three inches of discrepancy is accounted for on the ground that Weymouth is a license town and Braintree is not. This introduces a "cold wave" into the license question, never thought of before.

J. F. Sheppard & Sons began their ice harvest more than a week ago and are still going on. The ice is being secured from Little pond on the southern bank of which the firm has two large houses for stowing it. They have an extensive retail trade during summer, and this year when every thing is so favorable they intend to put in a larger crop than usual, and finding their accomdoations, large as they are, too small, the firm has begun the erection of an additional house, between the two old ones, and is large, if not larger than either of them. The ice is twelve inches thick and of the best quality.

Edwin Rudderham, about seventeen years of age, fonder of fun than anything else, was indulging in his favorite propensity Monday afternoon on Morrison pond while watching a number of men at work cutting and securing ice, took up an ax and of course unintentionally struck his left foot with it, going through the boot and making a fearful gash. Dr. H. L. Dearing was called and sewed the wound neatly up. Now the ice will be gone and the robins round before "Ed" will be out again.

There are pretty large congregations assembled every night at the Bethel, East Braintree. The subjects discussed are of the most varied character, including in range the best method of catching eels, frost fish, lawyers and book agents then up to Gabriel and down again to town affairs. Pastor Loring takes right hold of such subjects as these and sways his audience through sheer dint of his eloquence, as few men can do or hope to do. Long may "Judah's" bow abide in strength.

QUINCY POST OFFICE.

Letters advertised Jan. 10.

Catherine Billings.	J. St. John.
Douglass Dunham.	O. Johnson.
Thomas Dee.	Karl A. Karlson.
Thomas P. Donahue.	M. Lynch.
Henry A. Edson.	Asador Mondogan.
T. C. Faxon.	Daniel R. McLeod.
L. E. Gould.	Minnie Robertson.
Robert Gray.	Hanna Spangberg.
Wilton Hammond.	Flora W. Smith.
James Hendren.	Mr. L. Smith.
Dan Henderson.	Miss Safford.
Chas. A. Hall.	R. Williams.
Abbie S. R. Haine.	W. E. Watson.

All authorities agree that the milk of a healthy mother is the best food for an infant. Next to this is Mellin's Food. It contains all the elements for perfect nutrition and corresponds physiologically with mother's milk.

MARRIED.

TEMPLEMAN—SAMPSON—In Braintree, Jan. 7, by Rev. W. B. Heath, Mr. Charles D. Templeman to Miss Mary E. Sampson, both of Boston.
OTIS—BEALS—In Braintree, Dec. 23, by Rev. A. A. Ellsworth, Mr. Herbert Otis to Miss Louisa E. Beals, both of Avon.

DIED.

BEAL—At Nantasket, Jan. 8, Mrs. Celia, wife of Laban Beal, aged 77 years and 3 months.
KILLIHER—In Quincy, January 9, Michael Killiher, aged 47 years.
PENNIMAN—In Braintree, Jan. 7, Mrs. Susan S., widow of Mr. William Penniman aged 85 years, 7 months and 18 days.
O'ROURKE—In Braintree, Jan. 2, Rose Helena, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John O'Rourke.
PENNEY—In Braintree, Jan. 5, Mrs. Johanna, wife of Mr. John Penney, aged 58 years.

WEYMOUTH.

The officers of the Reform club will be publicly installed, Monday evening by the state officers.

The People's Institute will inaugurate a new feature next Monday evening, in the form of evening classes of instruction. Following are the branches arranged: elocution, singing, penmanship, mechanical drawing, commercial arithmetic aud bookkeeping. Each of these courses will consist of twelve lessons, one each week which will be held in the North High school building.

The East Weymouth Branch L. P. U., are arranging for its annual concert and ball to be held at Reynolds hall, Friday evening, Feb. 6.

J. F. Sheppard & Sons have filled both their ice houses with good ice which averages eleven inches.

Everett Whitmarsh has been examined and received his papers which duly licenses him as a pilot.

The annual meeting of the Monatiquot Yacht club will be held next Monday evening.

A special town meeting has been called for next Friday, to take action upon the adoption of the Australian ballot system, for the election of town officers.

Sergius Stepniak, a Russian exile, gave his interesting lecture last evening, at the Union church, under the auspices of the Peoples' Institute course on "Russian Nihilism from the inside."

THE ADVANCING KINGDOM

Or the Wonders of Foretold History by the Rev. F. E. Tower.

A new work of absorbing interest. All who desire to be well informed should read it, none can afford not to know our true place in history.

This is a work that will be welcomed in many families. It embraces principal events of history from the sixth century, before the Christian era, up to the present day, and their foreshadowing by the prophecies of the Old and the New Testaments. "A Glimpse of the Future," the part that America is expected to play in the great drama of the future, is certainly unique. The book is replete with magnificent colored plates, and altogether makes an exceptionally handsome volume. —*Popular Educator, Boston.*

From Prof. W. S. Tyler, Amherst, Mass.

The book must have cost a great deal of reading, study and thought. It is well planned and well written. It is a graphic and vivid outline of the history of the church and the world as related to the advancing kingdom of God. My granddaughter, a bright girl of sixteen, has read chapter after chapter, fascinated by the history as history, without knowing or thinking much of its relation to the fulfillment of prophecy. And this has been the chief charm of the book to me. The great lesson of the Revelation and of prophecy in general does not depend upon our theories of interpretation, and you have made that lesson bright and strong in your book.

From Rev. Julius H. Seelye, D. D.

Any one knowing Mr. Tower would know also that any thing from his pen would be both scholarly and thoughtful; and though I have read but the seven chapters, I will not delay expression to the interest which these have given me. I agree with him perfectly respecting the importance of prophetic study, and I am impressed with the vigor and graphic power of his delineations. The book is both scholarly and profound.

Mrs. C. Ford, agent for this work for Quincy, Braintree, Neponset and Weymouth can be addressed at Mr. Albert Litch's, Quincy Point, where a copy of the book can be seen.

Sunday Services.

Congregational Church.

Rev. Edward Norton, pastor. Preaching at 10.30 A. M. by Rev. O. S. Deane, D. D., of Holbrook. Sabbath School at 11.45 A. M. Meeting of Y. P. S. E. at 6 P. M. Evening service in church ar 7 o'clock. Capt. W. H. Whelan of Boston one of the most eloquent advocates of temperance, will speak. All are cordially invited.

Calvary Baptist Church.

Calvary Baptist church Doble's hall, South Quincy, Rev. Nathan Hunt, pastor. Sunday school a 3, and preaching at 4 P. M. by the pastor. Children's sermon. Gospel service held at Revere hall, Hancock street led by pastor, at 7 P. M.

M. E. Church, Wollaston.

Rev. Luther Freeman, pastor. Special revival services conducted by Mr. Frank F. Davidson will be held at 10.45 A. M. and at 7 P. M. Morning prayer meeting at 10.15. Sunday school at 12 M. Epworth League at 6 P. M. Services will be held on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thurday and Friday evenings of next week. The public earnestly invited to attend these meetings.

Methodist Church, West Quincy.

Rev. W. F. Lawford, pastor. Preaching at 10.30 A. M. by Rev. E. H. Todd. Sunday school at 11.45. Epworth League at 6.00 and general prayer meeting at 7.00 P. M. Preaching every evening except Saturday next week. Preaching in English at St. Paul's church (Methodst) by Rev. E. H. Todd at 3 P. M. All invited.

Christadelphian Services.

At French's hall, at 7.00 P. M., there will be a lecture delivered by Mr. W. J. Smith of Boston. Subject, "Why was Christ raised from the dead?" All are welcome, free.

Spiritualist Meeting.

Miss Nettie M. Holt of Charlestown, test medium, will speak at Faxon Hall on Sunday evening at 7 o'clock.

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Ledger Contest?

Is a question asked by a thousand tongues every day.

BUT

When you wish to purchase a

Good Reliable Watch

You naturally ask

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Jewelry Business?

One Peep

Into the Store and a single glance over the Stock of

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

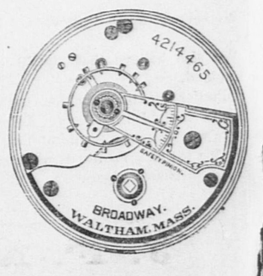
Will convince the most credulous that he has climbed to the top in Quincy, and is prepared to show the finest line of Goods and give honest prices to all.

☞ Please call and be convinced, whether you wish to purchase or not.

T. L. WILLIAMS,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.



Jan. 9. 6t

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Ledger Contest?

Is a question asked by a thousand tongues every day.

BUT

When you wish to purchase a

Good Reliable Watch

You naturally ask

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Jewelry Business?

One Peep

Into the Store and a single glance over the Stock of

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

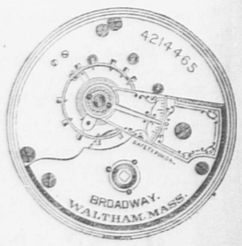
Will convince the most credulous that he has climbed to the top in Quincy, and is prepared to show the finest line of Goods and give honest prices to all.

☞Please call and be convinced, whether you wish to purchase or not.

T. L. WILLIAMS,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.



Jan. 9. 6t

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 10 QUINCY, MASS., MONDAY, JANUARY 12, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

LOOK at these PRICES !

	Regular Price.	Our Price.
Fellow's Syrup,	$1.50.	96c.
Hood's Sarsaparilla,	1.00.	75c.
Ridge's Food, Medium Size,	65c.	40c.
Armour's Beef,	1.00.	75c.
Armour's Beef, Small Size,	50c.	40c.
Hot Water Bottles, 2 qts.,	1.50.	$1.15
Finest Stationery, In Broken Lots,	20c. per quire,	10c.
Envelopes to Match,	20c. per bunch,	10c.

Durgin's Cough Balsam cures Coughs and Colds.

Durgin's Beef, Iron and Wine for Strength.

Fine lot of Bath Sponges just received.

A lot of Soap to close out, former price, 10c. per cake, present price, your choice for 5c.

DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

OUR MOTTO:

"RELIABILITY."

PRICES WAY DOWN !

During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our

Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel.

PRATT & CURTIS,

25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

Bargains in Every Department.

SUITS and OVERCOATS

AT

LOWEST PRICES !

QUINCY

One Price Clothing Company.

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

LEADER DROPS TWO.

Miss Leary Comes to the Front Again.

Miss McGovern is Number Two with 1445.

Charles Walsh has Sold 2754 Ledgers in Eight Days.

Over 2000 votes in the popularity contest were received today, four of the candidates receiving over 300 each. The largest number 550 were for Miss McGovern who is now number two. Miss Leary received 400 and is again the leader. Mr. Tirrell, Saturday's leader, added but 59 votes, and has stepped down to number three.

Fred Goss received 383 votes, Miss McPhail 402, Robert Foy 126, Galen Bowditch 105.

There are no new candidates today, and as announced those having but a single vote have been dropped; the latter number seven.

By request of Miss Litchfield her name is dropped from the list.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today.

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss Leary,	S. B. Little's,	1574
Miss McGovern,	Gas Light Co.'s,	1445
Henry W. Tirrell,	John Page's,	1278
Robert E. Foy,	Pratt & Curtis,	936
Miss McPhail,	J. F. Sheppard & Sons,	657
Galen V. Bowditch,	E. Packard & Co.'s	611
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's,	586
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's,	360
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's,	294
Frank W. Munroe,	J. F. Merrill's,	115
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's,	110
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's,	97
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's,	81
J. H. Webb,	T. A. Whicher & Co.,	38
Miss Agnes Kelley,	Clapp Bros,	30
E. W. Emery,	A. G. Durgin's,	23
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's,	23
Mary G. Drumm,	D. Bamford's,	15
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's,	12
Henry L. Jones,	E. E. Fellows',	10
John T. Bates,	W. H. Doble's,	10
Miss Cahill,	W. H. Doble's,	5
Edward Preston,	Boynton & Russell,	5
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's,	5
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	5
Frank W. Folsom,	Miller & Luce's,	5
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's,	4
Miss Brewer,	Water Company,	4
Robert McLean,	Quincy One Price,	3
James Cuffe,	French's stable,	3
Henry A. Willey,	McDonnell & Sons,	3
James M. Dunbar,	Strong & Carroll's, Weymouth,	3
Miss Bussey,	A. G. Durgin's,	3
Wm. McLaughlin,	McDonnell & Sons,	3
Frank Perkins,	C. W. Guy's,	2
John Sullivan,	Fuller & Foley,	2
Wendell T. Dizer,	M. T. Dizer & Co., Weymouth,	2
Miss Golden,	Advertiser office,	2
Miss Mundy,	Advertiser office,	2
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's,	2
Frank Revere,	John Hall's,	2
James Dowd,	D. F. French's,	2

Newsboys Prizes.

The summary below includes eight days' sales made by boys starting from the LEDGER office, and does not include sales to agents or by their boys, or at retail or wholesale at office:

Charles Walsh	**2754**
Robert McAuliffe,	704
Fred Bavin	480
James Giles,	318
Eddie Heffernan,	286
Charles Carter,	244
John Murphy,	223
Willie Esson,	221
Myron Wilber	214
Henry Rhines	208
John Mitchell	205
Chris McAuliffe,	200
John Dackers,	186
Fred Hardwick	100
Charles Baxter,	86
Arthur Pinel,	85
Gardner Willey	74
Patrick Murphy	73
Albert Belliven	69
Duncan Livingstone	37
Frank Walsh,	36
John Anderson	35
William McDonnell	33
Gilbert Bavin,	31
Eugene McAuliffe	28
Frank McGrath	23
Napoleon Guillemett	18
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Warren Cameron	15
Gustin Goolic	15
James Norrie	10
Fred Evans	10
John Westland	5
Willie Westland	5
Parfast Guillemett	4
Thomas McDonald	3
Daniel Gallager	2
George Dunn	2

DR. McLENNAN ON ALCOHOL.

An Instructive Essay Read before Clan McGregor Association.

Dr. R. McLennan delivered an essay on this subject at the meeting of the Clan McGregor literary association on Saturday night. Mr. Copland presiding.

In the 'good old days' when a disciple of Esculapius gave a diagnosis of anything, mankind sat listening at his feet untainted with the he resy of unbelief. He knew all the ills that flesh is heir to. In extracting a corn or charming the toothache—the hell of a' diseases, he was equally successful. In our degenerate day, all men, from the least even to the greatest, are criticised. "Prove all things" seems to be the motto. Our genial doctor passed the ordeal well. It is the unanimous opinion of the members that his paper is a thoughtful and scholarly production.

After describing the process of fermentation by which alcohol and all distilled spirits is obtained; the effect of alcohol on the stomach, the liver, the heart, the nervous system, &c., the doctor went on to say: "If I were asked which drug comes first in usefulness to mankind, I would say opium, with all its different preparations. Next in importance I would class the various preparations of alcohol. Stated briefly, brandy, whisky and so called spirits are for acute diseases, the wines for convalescents, and the fermented liquors, beer, ale and porter, for long continued and wasting diseases.

These few lines on the use of alcohol I have written knowing that there is a prejudice against its use at any time. Those who would describe it as a curse and not a blessing to mankind, must have studied little of its effect on the heart exhausted by pathological changes and have inferred, not from the use but from the abuse of it.

Alcoholism is a term applied to the pathology and symptoms following the ingestion of large quantities of alcohol. Both may be either acute or chronic, as in the case of the drunkard and the habitual toper. In the acute, large quantities are taken at one time or at short intervals. Alcohol being very diffusible, its effect follows rapidly. The circulation takes on greater activity. The brain being over stimulated, thoughts arise with great rapidity, giving a general confusion of ideas. If continued for many hours it may end in a suspension of the functions of the cerebrum, coma.

After a few hours this condition of sleep passes away and a state of nausea and loathing for food comes on, owing to the acute congestion of the stomach. If the stomach be empty and the system fatigued, as in a prolonged exposure to cold, so rapidly will the alcohol be absorbed and carried to the brain that a condition of coma or very deep sleep follows immediately. This has often resulted in death by freezing.

If the stomach contains a quantity of food, its albumen would be coagulated and hardened and digestion arrested, absorption of the alcohol slower, its secondary effect on the brain less marked, the stomach in a more irritable condition and vomiting and nausea follow. The stimulation having drawn much on the reserve force of the organism, a corresponding depression follows until the balance is restored. The organism under the effects of alcohol is all excitement, after the effects have passed away, languidness. Gaiety has given place to melancholia. The jollification which lasted a short time is dearly bought. Truly the drundard's life is not to be envied, and would scarcely be tolerated by a sound mind.

Perhaps the largest amount of alcohol is ingested by those who have never been in a state of intoxication, or those who have never been drunk but once in their lives, and that once was all the time—the so called toper.

There are secret drinkers, never known to be intoxicated, perhaps not even suspected of imbibing until discovered by accident. Take as an illustration: A steamer leaves London for New York. She has aboard many lives in the various grades of social standing. After a few days of splendid sail they encounter a storm. By this time perhaps the supply of good things which could only be taken in a limited amount has come to an end. Great hardship is endured. The ship is tossed about by the fury of the waves. A condition known as sea-sickness comes on. Here the irritability of the stomach is very conspicuous. It refuses to retain any food. While all aboard unaccustomed to such privations are uncomfortably affected, it is seen that some of the more robust looking ones are more seriously affected. The old topers begin to show up. The stomach being unable to retain food—the heart and brain so accustomed to stimulation—is unable to perform its functions, so delicate and so variable, that a condition of wild delirium ensues, bringing them to the verge of great danger in parting with their lives. Those, on the other hand who are not accustomed to stimulants love the voyage well. Again the physician is often called in to treat a man in his estimation of good physical stay. The patient is about forty years old and suffering from pneumonia, say of the croupous variety. One would expect that he could at this age hold out against such sickness, and that in due time the sickness though grave, would end in resolution. To the surprise of the physician he finds that hourly the patient is getting worse, and that the battle between life and disease is going to end in the defeat of the former. I believe, gentlemen, the explanation of many such cases is the secret use of alcohol.

Mr. McLennan then spoke of the effect on a person's appearance, their lack of power to resist disease, or undergo surgical operations, convincing his hearers that man is deteriorated by the habitual imbibition of alcohol. Much insanity was caused by alcohol.

When the doctor finished, the Rev. D. M. Wilson, honorable president of the Society, ascended the platform; and it being his first appearance in this capacity, a most cordial reception was accorded him. The reverend gentlemen acknowledged in graceful terms; and in the course of his remarks expressed the pleasure it afforded him to co-operate with an association of this kind, so well calculated to confer benefits on its members.

Several members criticised the essay. The majority agreed with the views propounded. A section, however, while generally in accord with the doctor, thought that prohibition is the only panacea. A few expressed the opinion that a man, weak and weary and worn, after a hard day's toil, would be much benefited by a "we drap'" of whisky today to inspire flagging vitality. This heresy was exposed and extinguished by the reverend gentleman. Dr. McLennan replied to the various criticisms to the satisfaction of all—save, perhaps, the prohibitionists.

The Quincy Mutual.

The directors of the Quincy Mutual Fire Insurance Company held their regular meeting Thursday, when Treasurer Howland made his annual report for the year 1890, which was as follows:

Cash fund January 1, 1891,	$591,184.09
Surplus over re-insurance,	340,902.49
Gain in cash fund the past year	5,076.38
Gain in cash surplus the past year,	13,451.09
Amount at risk,	31,628,686.00
Total liabilities,	242,281.60

TODAY'S COURT.

John H. O'Brien, of Cohasset, for assault on Thomas P. Mulcahy at Cohasset, was found guilty and fined $15.

John H. O'Brien, of Cohasset for giving a false alarm of fire at Cohasset, Jan. 9, was found guilty and fined $20.

August Detourino, of Quincy, for keeping a liquor nuisance, was arraigned avd the case continued until Saturday.

WEYMOUTH.

Wessagusset Colony U. O. P. F., has accepted an invitation to attend, with ladies, the public installation of the officers of Monatiquot Colony at North Weymouth, Tuesday evening.

The officers of Wompatuck encampment will be installed this evening by D. D. G. P., Charles D. Stone and suite, of Boston.

The North Weymouth Branch of the W. C. T. Union, has elected Mrs. Mercy Hunt as president, and Mrs. M. A. Blanchard as secretary and treasurer.

Z. L. Bicknell Hose Co. holds its adjournment meeting this evening.

Monatiquot Yacht Club holds its annual meeting this evening. Officers will be elected, reports of secretary and treasurer made, and a clam chowder partaken of.

James J. Mahoney has been re-appointed postmaster at the State House, Boston. This is Mr. Mahoney's third year.

The class of "91," South High school, has elected the following officers:

President,—Frank E. Lowd.
Vice President,—Ruth N. Tower.
Secretary,—Bertha H. Tirrell.
Treasurer,—William S. Holbrook.
Committee on class motto,—Mary L. Carpenter, Ella B. Hutchins, Berton W. Torrey, George H. Burrell.
Committee on Music,—Fannie M. Taylor.

The Republican town committee of 1891, met Saturday evening. Ten of the fifteen members were present and organized for the year. Col. B. S. Lovell who had served as Chairman of the committee for several years had declined to serve, but was unanimously reelected. Louis A. Cook, the secretary of the committee sent in his resignation which was accepted and George L. Wentworth was elected to that office.

There was a lively blaze in the engine room of Edwin Clapp's shoe manufactory on Charles street, East Weymouth Saturday, which was extinguished without an alarm. Damage slight.

DIED.

CANTYLOPE—In Quincy, Jan. 11, Louise, infant daughter of Mr. Antony and Mrs. Mary Cantylope, aged 1 year, 4 months and 6 days.
SHEA—At Mass. General Hospital, Jan. 11, Mrs. Annie, wife of Mr. Dennis Shea, formerly of Quincy, aged 27 years.
GAVIN—In South Quincy, Jan. 11, Robert, son of Mr. Patrick H. and Mrs. Margaret T. Gavin, aged 9 years and 19 days.
HICKS—In South Quincy, Jan. 12, Mrs. Cleone F., wife of Mr. Caleb E. Hicks, aged 39 years, 3 months and 25 days.

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

An Extra Night !

BY REQUEST.

PRISCILLA,

OR THE

PILGRIM'S PROXY,

WILL BE REPEATED AT

Faxon Hall, - - - Quincy,

Tuesday Ev'ng, Jan. 13th.

Great Cast ! Fine Chorus !

Elaborate Appointments !

CAST OF CHARACTERS.

PRISCILLA, the Pretty Pilgrim.....MRS. ALICE MAY BATES RICE
RESIGNATION, a Middle-aged Spinster.....MISS AUGUSTA BATES
BARBARA.....MRS. W. M. PACKARD
FAITH.....MISS MAY V. HASTINGS
PRUDENCE.....MISS GRACE PETTENGILL
MYLES STANDISH, the Doughty Captain.....DR. GEORGE B. RICE
JOHN ALDEN, the Friend in Need.....MR. J. C. BARTLETT
WILLIAM BRADFORD, Governor of New Plymouth....MR. EDWARD PRESTON
HATEBAD HIGGINS, Agent of the Good Ship Mayflower, and President of "Ancestral Relick and Antiquated Heirloom Co., limited"....MR. W. H. DODD
SQUANTO, a Reformed Red Man.....MR. EVERETT SIMMONS

ACT. I. Leyden street, Plymouth.
ACT. II. Exterior of Priscilla's Cottage, and view of Plymouth harbor, period about 1623.

Correct Costumes by Raymond.

Special Scenery by Story.

Wigs and Makeups by Rothe.

Director, - - - - - C. E. MACOMBER of Boston.

Stage Manager, - - - - W. H. DODD of Boston.

☞Tickets on sale at Durgin's Drug Store.

Quincy, Dec. 27. p,2w—1,29th,6t

TWO BIG BARGAINS.

Men's "All-wool" Scarlet SHIRTS AND DRAWERS REDUCED FROM **$1.00 to 75 cts.**

Children's "All-wool" VESTS AND PANTS, Sizes from 20 to 32, **Any Size at Only 59 cents.**

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.,

ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

BUSSELL'S Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST., QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

$1.50

Will buy a FIRST-CLASS

Working Shoe at

Saville & Jones'.

POSTAL SERVICE.

Mails Arrive.		Mails Close.	
Boston,	6.20 A.M.	Boston,	7.15 A.M.
"	9.00 "	"	9.35 "
"	12.15 P.M.	"	12.25 P.M.
"	3.40 "	"	4.40 "
"	5.15 "	"	6.00 "
"	6.30 "	"	8.00 "
N. Y., South and West,	7.20 A.M.	N. Y., South and West,	7.15 A.M.
N. Y., South and West,	4.45 P.M.	N. Y., South and West,	7.55 P.M.
Cape Cod,	7.00 "	Cape Cod,	7.45 A.M.
Quincy Point,	8.30 A.M.	"	3.15 P.M.
"	4.15 P.M.	Quincy Point,	8.30 A.M.
South Shore,	6.30 "	"	5.00 P.M.
		South Shore,	7.45 A.M.

Deliveries.

At 7.30 A. M. (12.30 P. M. Business Delivery.) and 4 P. M.

Collections.

From Boxes at 5.45, 8.00 A. M. (Business Section 12.45) and 4.15 P.M.

W. W. ADAMS, *Postmaster.*

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive an Easy Chair or Gold Watch.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period can have his choice between a richly upholstered easy chair worth $25, or a gold watch valued at $50. These will soon be purchased and put on exhibition in some prominent place.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

—BY—

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

THE DYKES OF HOLLAND.

Their Appearance and How They Protect the Land and Are Protected.

A certain zealous dame is said to have once attempted to sweep the ocean away with a broom. The Dutch have been wiser than this. They are slow and deliberate people. Desperation may use brooms, but deliberation prefers clay and solid masonry. So, slowly and deliberately, the dykes, those great hill-like walls of cement and stone, have risen to breast the buffeting waves. And the funny part of it is they are so skillfully slanted and paved on the outside with flat stones that the efforts of the thumping waves to beat them down only make them all the firmer!

These Holland dykes are among the wonders of the world. I cannot say for how many miles they stretch along the coast and throughout the interior; but you may be sure that wherever a dyke is necessary to keep back the encroaching waters there it is. Otherwise nothing would be there, at least nothing in the form of land; nothing but a fearful illustration of the principal law of hydrostatics: Water always seeks its level.

Sometimes the dikes, however carefully built, will "spring a leak," and if not attended to at once terrible results are sure to follow. In threatened places guards are stationed at intervals and a steady watch is kept up night and day. At the first signal of danger every Dutchman within hearing of the startling bell is ready to rush to the rescue. When the weak spot is discovered, what do you think is used to meet the emergency? What but straw—everywhere else considered the most helpless of all things in water! Yet straw, in the hands of the Dutch, has a will of its own. Woven into huge mats and securely pressed against the embankment, it defies even a rushing tide, eager to sweep over the country.

These dikes form almost the only perfectly dry land to be seen from the ocean side. They are high and wide, with fine carriage roads on top, sometimes lined with buildings and trees. Lying on one side of them, and nearly on a level with the edge, is the sea, lake, canal or river, as the case may be; on the other the flat fields stretching damply along at their base, so that cottage roofs sometimes are lower than the shining line of the water.

Frogs squatting on the shore can take quite a bird'seye view of the landscape, and little fish wriggle their tails higher than the tops of the willows near by. Horses look complacently down upon the bell towers, and men in skiffs and canal boats sometimes know when they are passing their friend Dirk's cottage only by seeing the smoke from its chimney, or perhaps by the cart wheel that he has perched upon the peak of its overhanging thatched roof, in the hope that some stork will build her nest there and so bring good luck.—Mary Mapes Dodge in St. Nicholas.

Ellen Terry's Childhood.

When Ellen Terry was a little girl about 11 years of age she belonged to Mrs. Charles Kean's company at the Princess'. She was one evening acting Puck in the "Midsummer Night's Dream," and had to come up through the stage floor on a trap door, standing on a mushroom. The trap door was shut too soon, and one of her feet was caught. She screamed with pain, and her sister Kate, then acting Titania, ran to her and threw her arms round her. Still the child continued to scream, and Mrs. Charles Kean seeing what was wrong, came on the stage and struck with her heel for the trap door to be opened. The man naturally mistook the signal, and shut it tighter, and the child's screams redoubled. Mrs. Kean whispered to her:

"Be a brave girl, Nellie, and finish your part, and you shall play in 'King John.'"

The trap door was by this time opened, but the little girl's toe was broken. She finished her speech, however, though she fainted when she got off the stage. Later on she played the part of Prince Arthur.

Another time, in the same company, she had to play one of the angels in "Catherine of Arragon's Vision." To give the appearance of distance the largest angel came first, and they graduated in size until the end, and Ellen Terry, being the smallest actress, was placed at the top of the row. Whether the height she was from the ground made her sick is not known, but she evinced her feelings in the most tangible manner, proving most unpleasantly to the other "angels" beneath her (who remonstrated with her afterward) that, however spiritual her appearance might be, she was subject as any mortal to the ills that flesh is heir to.—London Tit-Bits.

OUR WAR VESSELS.

An Explanation of Their Presence in the Pacific.

THE BEHRING SEA SQUABBLE.

A Point Which Appears to Have Been Overlooked in the Newspapers—Business in Both Branches this Week.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Inquiry has been made to ascertain what possible ground there could have been for the recent charges that the navy department is concentrating an unusual force of war vessels in the Pacific ocean in anticipation of possible difficulty with Great Britain in connection with the Behring Sea matter. The inquiry has shown that there is nothing unusual in the naval movements of the United States in Pacific waters at this time, and that nothing is or has been anticipated. The entire naval force of the United States in Pacific waters near San Francisco at the present time consists of the following vessels: The San Francisco, the Charleston, the Omaha, the Swatara, the Marion, the Alert, the Thetis, the Ranger. As to these vessels the reasons for their presence in the Pacific ocean are as follows:

The San Francisco is the new warship which has recently been constructed on the Pacific coast, and there is a most excellent reason why it is there. It has never been anywhere else. It has only been recently removed from the stocks, and is not as yet fully fitted up as a war vessel. The intention has been to send the San Francisco to China as the flagship of that station, but as in the case of all new vessels there has been a good deal of delay, because of the many details which require attention before a great ship and a new ship is ready for a foreign cruise.

The Charleston is at San Francisco because of the foul condition of her bottom, and because she was needed to bring King Kalakaua to this country. It is now expected that the Charleston will be held at San Francisco to take the king back to Honolulu, in accordance with international courtesies, as soon as the two 8-inch guns which have just been shipped from Washington for that ship shall have arrived and been placed on board. In other respects the Charleston is ready for sea.

The Omaha is at San Francisco after a return from a cruise; but she is not in a bad condition.

The presence of the Swatara at Bar island is very easily explained. The vessel has recently returned from the Asiatic stations because the time of her crew was up and because very extensive repairs were needed.

The Marion has not left San Francisco for the Asiatic stations, because she has only recently been finished and has not as yet been able to secure a complete crew. It is probable that it will be necessary to send a considerable number of sailors from the east before her complement can be received. These vessels, with the Alert and the Thetis, constitute the entire force of the naval vessels of the United States at present on the northern Pacific. Another, the Granger, now at Corinto, will shortly be added to this fleet, but before the latter vessel can arrive in San Francisco the Charleston and the Marion will have departed.

There is no vessel in the northern Pacific squadron which is there by the orders of the navy department because of anticipated trouble between Great Britain and the United States.

MORE ABOUT BEHRING SEA.

Probable Appointment of a Joint Commission to Investigate the Subject.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—A close reading of the recent correspondence furnished by the state department as to Behring Sea shows that there is one point which appears to have been overlooked in the public prints. It seems that one of the chief difficulties which the rival government negotiators have encountered has come of their endeavor to unite in the result indemnity for the past and security for the future.

There appears to be a popular confusion over the sort of arbitration which has now been proposed or suggested by Secretary Blaine. The proposition of Lord Salisbury was to refer only the question of indemnity for the past seizures to arbitration. He said: "It the United States government after examination of the evidence and arguments which I have produced, still differ from us as to the legality of the recent captures in this sea, we are ready to agree that the question, with the issues that depend upon it, should be referred to impartial arbitration."

Secretary Blaine, on the other hand, did not in his December note accept arbitration of indemnity for past conduct, but adroitly suggested arbitration in the sense of new devices for the future.

Inquiry at the state department shows that official information is refused to all comers who make inquiries as to the report that a commission is to be agreed upon between Great Britain and the United States relative to Behring sea. It is known, however, that the proposition to send a joint commission to investigate the subject has been carefully considered at the White House.

CONGRESSIONAL FORECAST.

Many Matters of Interest to Be Brought Before Both Branches.

WASHINGTON Jan. 12.—The legislative prospect for this week is full of promise of matters of public interest and importance. If the agreement made last week is observed by the senate, Wednesday will close the discussion of the financial bill and decide its fate in that body. The proceedings of the senate after that are problematical. An effort will be made by the Republican senators to hold a caucus and agree upon a program, and if this caucus is held, a determined attempt will be made to cause it to place the elections bill again in the van of party measures, and force it through the senate with the aid of a cloture rule. Should this attempt to secure caucus action on the elections bill fail, the probabilities are that either the apportionment bill, the pension appropriation bill, one or more of the pending labor bills, or perhaps the Conger lard bill, with the Poddock pure food bill as an alternative, will be taken up. Mr. Platt has given notice that he will ask the senate to consider the copyright bill to-day in the morning hours.

In the House.

The shipping bill and appropriation bill will probably be the chief matters of consideration in the house during the coming week. To-day is "district day," but Chairman Cutcheon of the military affairs committee expects to make an effort to have the army appropriation bill, which was under discussion Saturday, disposed of before district legislation is given the floor. Tuesday an effort will be made to take up the shipping bill, and push it to a final vote as early as possible. The opposition developed, however, is very large, with a prospect that the bill will not be out of the way until Thursday afternoon, although its friends hope to secure a final vote just before adjournment Wednesday. Friday is set apart for private bills. Six appropriation bills are on the calendar and from now on advantage will be taken of every opportunity to bring them before the house. The senate financial bill is expected to reach the house the latter part of the week. There is no reason to expect the bill to cut any figure in the house during this week, but in view of the fight of last session over the silver bill the situation is full of possibilities.

In Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—In the senate, there was a protest from twenty-three members of the Idaho legislature against seating Senator-elect Dubois. Mr. Morgan concluded his argument in favor of free coinage. The conference report on the division of the Sioux Indian reservation was agreed to.

In the house, the army appropriation bill was discussed in committee of the whole. Eulogies on the late Representative Walker of Missouri were delivered.

POOR FARMERS!

Foreclosures to Be Made on a Million Acres — Fighting May Result.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 12.—It is said that a number of mortgage companies in this and other cities who are realizing little or nothing on heavily mortgaged farms in Western Kansas, have combined to foreclose on about a million acres that lie together, and form a cattle range. This they will lease to the cattle men who have been driven out of the Cherokee Strip, or they will form a cattle syndicate and use it themselves.

WICHITA, Kan., Jan. 12.—Sheriff Dobson of Harper county, and a lawyer representing a loan and trust company of Arkansas City, tried to sell at auction some farms in the western part of the county, on which the loan company held judgments. Twenty farmers attacked them, tore up their papers and drove them away. The Farmers' Alliance intends, it is said, to prevent by force all foreclosures on farms. Sheriff Dobson will return with a larger force and, if possible, make the sales.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Fire at Great Falls, N. H., resulted in a loss of $16,000.

Amelie Rives Chanler, the authoress, is seriously ill in Paris.

Ira L. Wales, editor of The Albany Evening Union, is dead.

The King of Corea has bought a house in Washington for the Corean legation.

Hon. James A. Butler of Hamlen, Me., dropped dead on the street at Lafayette, Ind.

Sherman Hoar is in Washington trying to secure a pension of $200 a month for Gen. Banks.

The Tuuis Lumber company's saw mill near Norfolk, Va., was burned. Loss $100,000; insured.

Ten thousand men are thrown out of employment by the shutdown of Mahoning valley furnaces.

The Wyoming legislature adjourned after a stormy night's session almost culminating in a riot.

A young domestic servant in Brattleboro, Vt., suspected of stealing, attempted suicide by shooting.

Mme. Modjeska is publishing a narrative of her tour in England and America in a Cracow newspaper.

The grand jury at Baltimore reports the high license law there, as at present framed, a complete failure.

It is believed that ex-Governor Goodell of New Hampshire will enter the race for the United States senatorship.

Colorado senators object to the nomination of Hill as a member of the international monetary conference.

The rumored engagement of John J. Astor and Miss Willing of Philadelphia is denied by the young man's mother.

Jacob H. Lazarus, the artist, died at New York aged 48 years. He painted the portraits of many prominent people.

Chief Justice Bleckley of Georgia has ordered that a church building be sold to satisfy the pastor's claim for salary.

The Fall River News has been attached by Special Justice B. L. Lovatt of the district court, for an alleged libel, in the sum of $25,000.

Hon. George C. Gilmore of Manchester, N. H., is a candidate for Republican nomination for secretary of state in New Hampshire.

Burglars in St. Louis entered the hous of James Campbell, a leading broker, bound and gaged Mrs. Campbell, and took all they could find.

The people of Prince Edward Island threaten to secede from Canada unless a tunnel is constructed connecting the islanders with the mainland.

Farmer representatives in the Illinois legislature are determined that the United States senatorship shall only go to a man favorable to their interests.

The Connecticut Central Poultry association closed a successful three days' show at Brookville, Conn., it being one of the best poultry exhibits ever made in the state.

A new hotel in the course of construction at Monmouth Park, N. J., was blown down by a severe gale. The building was owned by the Monmouth Park association. Loss $20,000.

J. M. Baker, who has been elected superintendent of public instructions for Gibson county, Tenn., is a blind man. He is a young man, and obtained his education at the state school for the blind.

The engagement is announced of Washington of Miss Ley, daughter of the consul general to Ottawa and neice of the vice president, to Hon. William F. Wharton, assistant secretary of state.

Hannah Tehan and Nellie Cameron, employed in a Williamstown, Mass., boarding house, found a quantity of morphine, and each took some to learn its effects. The Tehan girl is in a critical condition.

George Anderson, a wealthy young farmer of East Hartford, attempted suicide by shooting himself in the left breast with a 22-calibre revolver. A quarrel with his wife was the cause. He will probably recover.

Timothy Sullivan, a druggist, and Ladd & Nims of the Commercial house at Bellows Falls, Vt., were fined $150 and $450 respectively for selling liquors. In both cases large amounts of liquors seized were adjudged forfeited. Both parties were fined similar amounts Dec. 24 last.

PINE RIDGE SCENES.

How Sunday Was Spent at the Famous Agency.

HOSTILES HAVE NOT COME IN,

But Gen. Miles Expects Them to Report Very Soon—Troops Did Not Begin the Wounded Knee Fight—North Dakota Militia Preparing for Battle—Fr. Craft on the Road to Recovery.

PINE RIDGE AGENCY, S. D., Jan. 12.—Another night of mingled anxiety and fear has passed and the Indians have not come in. They have not reached the mission, as was announced by scouts who reached headquarters Saturday night. The Indians have started and that is all. No man here can tell when the final entry will be made. The Associated Press correspondent had an interview with Fr. Jute, the Jesuit missionary, who induced the Indians to promise to come in just before the battle of Wounded Knee. He said: "I have so often heard that the Indians are coming in only to be mistaken that I shall believe them no more until I shall see them."

The missionary resides at the mission nearly five miles north of this place. The failure of the Indians to put in an appearance is a source of disappointment to Gen. Miles, who had expected them Sunday morning.

Saturday night, Capt. Offley, commanding the Second battallion of the Seventh cavalry, stationed on Craven Creek, about eight miles from the agency, was recalled to help repel a night attack should one occur. Capt. Offley said that while he had been in camp a period of eight days, he had not seen an Indian in the neighborhood. His battallion had gone into camp with the First division of the Seventh, thus completing a semi-circle on the hill overlooking the friendly camp and commanding the agency.

Saturday night seven of the girl inmates and scholars escaped from the Indian schools. Among them are Mary Sitting Bear, Lizzie Sitting Bear, Jennie Thunder Bull and Emily Cloud, a relative of Red Cloud. They were induced to leave by their relatives and friends, who have for some time hung about the school grounds. Superintendent Wheeler has secured the promise of American Horse to aid him in securing the return of the runaways.

Yesterday was observed with but little attention to religious duties. At this place there are two churches, the Presbyterian and the Church of the Holy Cross (Episcopal). In the government school religious services are held generally by the Catholics. In the first mentioned church there was no divine service, the windows were barred and to the west was stationed a line of breastworks, and adjacent were several tents of infantry soldiers. In the Episcopal church fifteen wounded women and children lay, some at the point of death and all in pain, the result of the fight on Wounded Knee. The pews had been torn out and in their places were mattresses or loose hay for the unfortunates. The sanctuary was given up to

The Groaning Little Ones,

while in the choir three hostiles moaned in misery. On the lectern were rolls of bandages and pieces of lint and cloth. In the school Fr. Jute said mass and delivered a short sermon. One half of the worshippers were Indians, among them Red Cloud. The old chief took part in the services, while he held an English prayer book, which, of course, he was unable to read.

Rev. Fr. Craft, who was stabbed at Wounded Knee, is recovering rapidly from his injuries. On his breast he wears the medal of the Order of the Sons of the Revolution, which he received from the commandery at New York, of which he is a member.

Reds Dancing in North Dakota.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 12.—A Tribune special from Bismarck, N. D., to Governor Burke has dispatches from Adj. Gen. Devoy, Maj. McKee and Capt. Yorkey, who are at Bottineau, stating that the situation on the Manitoba border is less serious. No outbreak has occurred, though the Indians are dancing and firing their guns day and night. The settlers have fled from their homes by scores. The governor has shipped 250 stands of arms from Bismarck to be distributed at Bottineau. He also telegraphed Senator Casey to see that 1000 stands of rifles and a Gatling gun were forwarded by the war department by fast freight. Col. Dently stated that every military company in the state is ready to move at a moment's notice, and there are many offers of volunteer companies. It is believed here that the Indians who are making the trouble are the Manitoba Sioux, who formerly belonged to and are closely associated with the tribes of which Sitting Bull was the head.

A Letter from Fr. Craft.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—Gen. O'Bierne received a letter from Fr. Craft, the Catholic priest, who was wounded in the recent fight with Big Foot's band of Indians. Fr. Crafts says he disappointed all laws of medicine and all the prophets and is steadily improving. He was stabbed in the back while trying to stop the fight, the knife penetrating his right lung. He says the Indians fired first, and that the troops were not to blame for the wholesale killing, as everything was done at close quarters.

Alarm in Washington.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Jan. 12.—One of the Indians who murdered Freighter Coles several weeks ago in Okanogon county was taken from jail Thursday night and lynched. A Catholic priest has warned the settlers that the Okanogon Indians are very angry and likely to go on the warpath. The governor of Washington has been asked for 500 stands of arms and ammunition.

Charged with Forgery.

BOSTON, Jan. 12.—Charles Herbert Goodwin, a young man, is charged with the forgery of a numbers of persons' names to checks on the Broadway National bank and the Boylston National bank and uttering the same upon various firms in Boston. He is under $2000 bonds for examination in the municipal court.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Forecast for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont: Rain and snow; southerly winds, high on the coast; colder to-night.

For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Rain; higher southerly winds, shifting to westerly; clearing, colder weather by Tuesday morning.

BUCKWHEAT!

NOW IS THE SEASON FOR

Buckwheat Cakes and Maple Syrup.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF BOTH.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

We are the only Firm in this City that have CONFIDENCE FLOUR.

WE HAVE A

FANCY HAXALL FLOUR

That Sells for less money. Give one of our kinds a Trial.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

BOYS, ATTENTION.

START TODAY!

A Prize of $10.00

Will be given to the Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS during January and February.

A Prize of $5.00

Will be given to the Newsboy making the second largest sale during the same period.

$5.00 will also be Given

To each boy, including the above, who sells **5000 or more** copies in the two months, an average of 100 per day.

$2.50 will be Given

To other boys selling 2500 or more copies, an average of 50 per day.

$1.00 will be Given

To all other boys selling 1000 or more copies, an average of 20 per day.

CAUTION!

Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys Will be Supplied at 1 1-2 Cents per Copy

BY THE FOLLOWING AGENTS:

HENRY CORAM	West Quincy.
F. E. KIMBALL	West Quincy.
MISS A. A. BARTLETT	Brewer's Corner.
MISS E. M. FREEMAN	Quincy Point.
C. F. WILDE	Wollaston.
THOMAS GURNEY	Atlantic.
KEMP & TISDALE	East Milton.
HENRY B. VINTON	Braintree.
GEORGE H. HUNT	East Weymouth.

OR AT THE

Daily Ledger Office.

Boys or Agents wanting extra papers should give notice before 9 A. M. on the day of publication.

VHEAT !

E SEASON FOR

and Maple Syrup.

RGE STOCK OF BOTH.

FLOUR!

City that have CONFIDENCE FLOUR.

HAVE A

XALL FLOUR

Give one of our kinds a Trial.

lams Building, Quincy.

TTENTION.

TODAY!

of $10.00

e Newsboy selling the RS during January and

e of $5.00

e Newsboy making the during the same period.

also be Given

ling the above, who sells ies in the two months, an day.

ill be Given

ing 2500 or more copies, r day.

ill be Given

ling 1000 or more copies, r day.

TION!

allowed to club together, e of such combinations ion of the publishers will all the prizes.

at 1 1-2 Cents per Copy

OLLOWING AGENTS:

West Quincy.
West Quincy.
Brewer's Corner.
Quincy Point.
Wollaston.
Atlantic.
East Milton.
Braintree.
East Weymouth.

AT THE

dger Office.

s wanting extra papers before 9 A. M. on the day

COME RIGHT IN

And select one of our Boxes of Cigars. We have the largest stock in the City to select from of

Cigars for the Holiday Trade.

Our Prices are from

ONE DOLLAR TO SEVEN DOLLARS PER BOX.

GEO. F. WILSON & CO.,

108 Hancock Street, Quincy, Mass.

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Nov. 10. tf

BEST IN THE MARKET!

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, July 9. tf

QUINCY CAFE,

Chestnut Street, Quincy.

Ice Cream and Sherbets.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

Catering for Large and Small Parties, under the personal attention of JOHN H. WALES.

Dec. 12. 1m

FLANDERS' TONIC

Tones up the Stomach. Makes the Brain Active

Purify your Blood with Flanders' Tonic. That Tired Feeling will be Unknown to those who use it.

A Boon to Overworked Men and Women!

If your Children are ailing, "no appetite," languid and without Strength, Flanders' Tonic will build them up.

TRY IT! TAKE NO OTHER!

WONDERFUL IN ITS MAKE-UP!

A Combination of Malt Calisaya and Hypophosphites. Tonic and Stimulant.

Guaranteed by all Druggists.

$1.00. Six Bottles for $5.00.

FLANDERS' MANDRAKE PILLS beats them all. Price 25 Cents.

Physicians endorse it. Ask your druggist for it; if he cannot supply you, send direct to us. We prepay express charges upon receipt of price. Made only by

Flanders' Tonic Co., Woburn, Mass., U. S. A.

JOB PRINTING

At the Patriot Office.

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 12.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1736—John Hancock born.
1886—Ten to seventeen below zero.

World Wide.

530—Death of St. Benedict, commonly called Bennet, abbot of Wearmouth; born 629.
1166—Death of St. Aelred, historian; born 1109.
1519—Death of Maximilian I, emperor of Germany; born 1459.
1582—Death of Ferdinand, Duke of Alva, Spanish general in the Netherlands; born 1505.
1800—Birth of George IV, Earl of Clarendon.
1801—Death of John C. Lavater, Swiss physiognomist; born 1741.
1816—The family of Bonaparte excluded forever from France by the law of amnesty.
1851—Death of Duke of Newcastle, statesman; born 1785.
1861—Vicksburg, Miss., fortified.
1871—Prince Frederick Charles entered Le Mans after six days' fighting; 20,000 French prisoners taken.
1875—Death of Thomas E. Bramlette, ex-governor of Kentucky.
1875—Death of Toung-tchi, emperor of China, aged 19.
1885—Died in Rome, Italy, John B. Jervis, builder of the Croton aqueduct, aged 90.
1889—A large steamer wrecked twenty-five miles northeast of Corunna; about 100 persons drowned, 30 survivors reached the shore.

The Blind Woman and Her Gander.

A blind woman, giving her name as Mrs. Elizabeth Cant, and led by a large white gander, has been attracting much attention recently on our streets. She is a beggar and quite old, and claims to have no friends except the fowl which attends her as closely as a dog, leading her along by the dress, which it holds in its bill. The woman says she comes from near Birmingham, where she made her home with her son, but on his death, last August, was left penniless and homeless. The gander shows no particular intelligence, except in his care of the woman, who taught him to do so in lieu of any other guide, but occupies himself after the manner of his kind while she sits and begs at the corners till she is ready to go on, when she recalls him with a whistle, and he comes at once, taking hold of her skirt and marshaling her solemnly along.

He will exchange greetings with flocks of other geese, but never leaves her to join such, while he has been seen to fly at and rout a dog threatening his mistress. It is necessary, however, for her occasionally to hasten his somewhat lazy steps, for he is of an investigating turn of mind, and stops frequently to examine such objects as arouse his curiosity. This fault, the woman says, is owing to his youth, for he is only about a year old.

She also says that his education was by no means so difficult as a dog's for the same business would have been, and that whenever she is unable to go about through sickness he evinces the greatest concern, and will urge to get up by tugging at her dress, but on her refusing still, seems to understand, and will take up his position close beside her, and remain there all day with his head under his wing and most dejectedly peeping out at her at intervals. The gander is an unusually large one, and absurdly pompous, as if he knew his importance, refusing all overtures of friendship, and resenting all attempts to handle him, while he allows his mistress to caress him in any way.—Ada (Ala.) Cor. St Louis Globe-Democrat.

M. Coquelin's Real Snores.

He must feel, but he must guide and check his feelings as a skillful rider curbs and guides a fiery horse, for he has a double part to play; merely to feel himself is not enough; he has to make others feel, and this he cannot do without the exercise of restraint. Let me make use of an instance afforded me by M. Coquelin himself.

Once, he says, he was tired before he came on the stage, and falling sound asleep when feigning sleep, he snored real snores instead of feigned ones. The result was, he tells us, that he never snored so badly. Naturally so, since he had lost control of the steed of feeling by the fact of his sleeping, and so it ran away and carried him he knew not where; but had M. Coquelin at some time in his experience shed real tears, while at the same time in full possession of his waking faculties, and had he been able to guide those tears into the channel that his artistic sense told him to be the right one, then we should not have heard that the audience found those real tears less effective than tears wholly feigned and the product of intellect rather than of feeling.—Salvini in Century.

The Average Congressman Is Poor.

To the average congressman $5,000 a year is considerable money. I would not like to say that there are any gentlemen in congress who do not attach more importance to the honor of a seat in the national legislature than they do to the amount of salary they are paid for their services. Still, I have good reason for saying that there are more men in congress who manage to save something out of their salaries than there are of those who practically never touch their allowances as congressmen.

There are several men now in the house who live during the session of congress upon the amounts that they receive as mileage and what they are allowed with which to purchase stationery. At home it does not cost them any ready money for their expenses, or if it does they are able to make sufficient to meet them. Consequently these congressmen are able to save the $10,000 they receive during their term of office.—John Quin in New York Telegram.

OVERDUE GLOUCESTER BOATS.

One Has Arrived, but Another is Given Up as Lost—Crew of the Wrecked Admiral Home Again.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Jan. 12.—The schooner Addison G. Proctor, Capt. Phalan, concerning the safety of which much anxiety has been felt since she was long overdue, has returned from the banks with 15,000 pounds of halibut. The vessel left here fifteen weeks ago, and was so much delayed on her return trip by heavy weather that she had to put into ports for provisions twice.

The William D. Daisley, Capt. Pius McDonald, which sailed from this port Nov. 21 for Newfoundland, has been given up as lost by every one except her owners. The schooner had a crew of six men. The vessel was werth about $5000 and is insured for $4500.

The crew of the schooner Admiral, Capt. William Harding, the vessel which was wrecked on Magdalene Island in the early part of December, reached this city last evening. The crew is composed of five men and the captain, and a happy lot they seemed to get back to their friends and families. The men were none the worse for their experience and suffered no great hardships.

AT DEATH'S DOOR.

Senator Hearst Dying of Cancer of the Stomach—Will Leave $20,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Jan 12.—Senator George Hearst is at death's door. His family have given up all hope of his recovery and the relatives have been summoned to to his bedside. William R. Hearst, the senator's son, has just arrived. John Follinsby, who has charge of the senator's possessions at Chihuahua, Mex., and Capt. E. Mortz, the manager of the senator's mining property, are also in Washington. They say he is liable to pass away at almost any time.

The malady, cancer of the stomach, has grown far more aggrevated within the past day or two, and the senator suffers intensely. His 72 years make the fight for life one-sided, and news of his death may now be expected at almost any hour. His men of affairs have been engaged recently in invoicing his estate, and they say that he will have a fortune of at least $20,000,000.

STEAMERS BRITANNIA AND BEAR

Collide in the Firth of Forth and Both Go Down—Thirteen Lives Lost.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The steamer Britannia, from Leith, collided with the steamer Bear, from Grangemouth, in the Firth on Forth, Scotland. The Bear sank immediately, and of the fourteen men on board twelve went down with her. The two others were rescued by a boat from the Britannia. After the collision the Britannia, which was badly damaged, transferred her forty-five passengers to the steamer Thames and was taken in tow by that vessel, the two steamers proceeding slowly toward Leith. Before they had gone far, however, the hawser connecting the vessels snapped and then the damaged vessel gave a terrific plunge and sank. Fortunately her crew had put on life belts after the collision and all, except the chief engineer, were picked up by boats from the Thames. The chief engineer went down with the vessel and was not seen again.

EVERYTHING OF VALUE GONE.

Daring and Successful Robbery of an Express Car on the Michigan Central.

DETROIT, Jan. 12.—When No. 16, one of the heaviest express trains on the Michigan Central road, arrived here it was found that one of the American Express company's through cars from Chicago to New York had been broken into and robbed of everything of value. The agents have no idea where the robbery was perpetrated. The car was entered by smashing in the rear door with a sledge hammer. Every box in the car was broken open. It will be impossible to tell the value of the stuff taken until the car arrives in New York and its contents are checked up.

"LITTLE SURE SHOT" IS ALIVE

And Expresses Herself as Pleased with Reading Her Obituary.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 12.—A private letter has been received from Frank Butler, the husband and manager of Miss Annie Oakley, the marvelous rifle shooter of Buffalo Bill's show, in which Miss Oakley is reported as being alive and well and entirely satisfied with her obituary which was published under Paris date about ten days ago. At the time of her reported death Miss Oakley was and is still enjoying herself on some game preserves in the vicinity of London, where she expects to remain for some months.

ENGINEER AT FAULT.

Locomotive on an Elevated Road Thown Into the Public Highway.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—A south-bound train on the Third avenue elevated road collided with a switch engine at 119th street, throwing the latter into the street. The engineer of the south-bound engine was considerably hurt, but the fireman escaped uninjured. No passengers were injured. The engine was totally wrecked. The accident was caused by the failure of the engineer to observe the signal showing that a switch was open.

A Mining Disaster.

ELK GARDEN, Va., Jan. 12.—At the Atlantic mine, near here, when half way up, the cable of an incline broke and the car started down. Two men jumped and were saved, but the third, John Devanney, was killed. The car dashed into a group around the fire, killing Jeff Paugh. Curtis Owens, who had three pounds of powdre in his pocket, was knocked ihto the fire, and the powder exploded, burning him terribly. Frank Hughes had an arm broken and others were badly hurt.

Robber and Much Booty Captured.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—Thomas Richards, credited with many clever robberies of flats in this city and Brooklyn during the holidays, has been captured. Hidden in different parts of the store where he lived was found enough jewelry to stock a store, many of the pieces having evidently been purchased for holiday gifts.

Over a Trestle.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 12.—An electric street car, crowded with passengers, jumped the track on the Second Avenue road and went over a trestle fifteen feet high. Maggie Delehanty was probably fatally injured and Thomas McClelland had a leg broken.

Cold Weather Abroad.

PARIS, Jan. 12.—The Seine and other French rivers are frozen, except in midstream. At Epinal the thermometer is 4 degrees below zero. The harbor of Geneva is frozen over for the first time since 1830, and all navigation is stopped.

CROWD AT LIMERICK

Hears What Parnell Has to Say About That Manifesto.

M'CARTHY SAW ITS CONTENTS

Before It Was Published and Communicated the Facts to Mr. Gladstone—Harrington Questions McCarthy's Morality—Attitude of the Clergy.

LIMERICK, Jan. 12.—Fully 20,000 persons assembled here to greet Mr. Parnell, thousands coming from all the adjoining counties. In response to addresses Mr. Parnell made a long speech. He held that Mr. Gladstone had caused the present trouble by issuing a mandatory letter demanding that the Irish members depose their leader. Referring to Mr. Gladstone's denial of the accuracy of his statements regarding the interview at Hawarden, Mr. Parnell declared that he could now confirm the truth by a letter written March 18, only three months after the interview, when the matter was fresh in his mind and when even his bitterest enemy could not say he had any reason to misrepresent or suppress the truth. The letter was sent to Cecil Rhodes, premier of the Cape of Good Hope, an adherent of of the cause of home rule. It stated that Mr. Gladstone and his colleagues had been considering fully the question of the retention of the Irish members at Westminster, and that Mr. Gladstone had told him that the retention of thirty-three members in the imperial parliament had finally been considered best for all purposes.

Mr. Parnell here read the letter, proving that the statement he sent to Mr. Rhodes corresponded with assertions in his manifesto which Mr. Gladstone had contradicted. Mr. Gladstone, he said, pointed to his own public declaration, but it was difficult to make anything out of these, Mr. Gladstone possessing a marvelous faculty of placing a different interpretation on any statement other than that placed upon it by opponents. Mr. O'Brien, to whom he (Parnell) had communicated an outline of the Hawarden conversation, had a remembrance absolutely identical with his own regarding Mr. Gladstone's proposal as to the number of members of parliament.

Another Important Fact,

yet unrevealed, Mr. Parnell said, he would now publish. Twenty-four hours before issuing his manifesto he saw Mr. McCarthy, to whom he told what he intended to do and gave an outline of the statement he was preparing to issue as a manifesto. Mr. McCarthy, he had reason to know, placed his intention before Mr. Gladstone. Mr. McCarthy also communicated to him Mr. Gladstone's observations upon the outline of the manifesto, and there was no reference whatever then made by Mr. Gladstone against the manifesto on the ground of breach of confidence.

Touching the present position of the land question, Mr. Parnell said he thought the action of the Liberals toward the land bill proposed by the government was foolish, and that it showed that the Liberals had no genuine land policy. The leaders of the party, in order to conciliate the Radical section, had abandoned the idea of a peasant proprietary and land purchase, and in order to conciliate the Whigs they had refused to entertain a proposal for a reduction of rents by means of amendments to the land act of 1881 or by conferring upon the future Irish parliament the power to deal with the question. It was therefore perfectly useless for the Liberals to talk about home rule at all, because home rule so restricted, instead of being a source of strength, prosperity, peace and freedom for the country, would in reality be a sham, landing them in hotter water than they are in at present. Whatever might be the motives of the Irish members of parliament who opposed him, it was certain that they were not in a position by their knowledge of these affairs to sit in judgment on him or to pretend to express the opinion of the country. It was ever to be regretted that their blind haste to obey their new leaders had impelled them to press forward to a decision in the committee room.

As If the Minutes Were Golden.

Many of them must wish that they had paused at that time, instead of sending misleading cable dispatches across the Atlantic. He wished that they had paused to await the return of Mr. O'Brien, whose advice and judgment would have been esteemed and respected by him as it would have been compulsory for them. Perhaps they might be soon able to say that it was better late than never.

Mr. Parnell said that he could not forecast the result of the present negotiations without a breach of confidence. He thought, however, that Mr. O'Brien would not object to his saying that, so far, the negotiations had resulted in an agreement, and that they fully recognized that future steps will have to be taken by other men, upon whom a very great responsibility will rest, if Mr. O'Brien and himself are not able to resume negotiations with an assured hope of success. As for himself, he only asked them to believe that he had not been actuated by the contemptible and paltry motives attributed to him. As soon as the future of the Irish question was secured he would cheerfully retire from the leadership of the Irish party. He should scarcely be asked to lead the party, composed as it was at present. He believed the future would vindicate him fully, but he certainly would never seek vindication beyond the voice of the Irish people.

What The London News Thinks.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The Daily News declares that Mr. Parnell's assertions in his speech at Limerick in regard to the letter sent by him to Cecil Rhodes were incorrect. The letter to Mr. Rhodes, it says, was written in 1888, and therefore forms no proof in the matter at issue. Regarding Mr. O'Brien, The News says: "With the best intentions in the world he has played Parnell's game. A few more services of the same kind and Mr. O'Brien may return to Ireland without the slightest danger of being arrested." "Mr. Parnell's concluding offer," adds The News, "is an impudent offer to reopen negotiations already finally closed."

Mr. Harrington's Plain Talk.

LIMERICK, Jan. 12.—Timothy Harrington, in the course of a speech which he made here, said that if the difficulty in the Irish party was a question of morals, the cause of morality would suffer grievously from the very men placed at the fore front of the anti-Parnell faction men who were doing their utmost to strike down the Irish leader. He then asked whether the bishops would guarantee the morality and integrity of Justin Mc Carthy.

The Clergy and Parnell.

ARMAGH, Jan. 12.—Archbishop Michael Logue of the diocese of Armagh, primate of all Ireland, replying to an address of welcome on his return from Rome, declared that the priests and bishops of Ireland would have nothing to do with any compromise in regard to Mr. Parnell's retirement until he married Mrs. O'Shea, and he defied Mr. Parnell and his followers to carry on the agitation against the clergy.

IS HE PADLEWSKY?

Spanish Officials Think They Have Captured Gen. Seliverskoff's Murderer.

MADRID, Jan. 12.—The man arrested at Olot as Padlewsky, the murderer of Gen. Seliverskoff, at first gave the name of Leopold Frances, and described himself as a commercial traveler. Finding that the police suspected him of being Padlewsky, he intimated that they were right. On being examined by a magistrate the prisoner made incoherent replies, indicating insanity. Although he resembles Padlewsky, the police lack convincing proof of his identity. When asked for his passport the prisoner said he had left it at home, whither an officer accompanied him. As an additional precaution gen d'armes had been summoned to guard the house. Finding that escape was impossible the man made a desperate effort to jump from a window and afterward to swallow a paper. A quantity of torn documents and bills of exchange on a Paris firm, together with a revoiver and twenty-two cartridges, were found in the prisoner's room.

The prisoner says he arrived in Spain on Dec. 5, and after visiting the principal towns, went to Olot at Christmas. He appears to be well educated and can converse in nine languages. He speaks Spanish fairly well. He seems aware of the fate that awaits him if convicted of the murder of Gen. Seliverskoff.

GREW UP WITH THE WEST.

Nebraska's Unyielding Governor is a Native of the Bay State.

BOSTON, Jan. 12.—Gen. John M. Thayer, who is in the government contest in Nebraska, is a Bellingham, Mass., boy, and went to Omaha to reside when the territory was organized. He is well known in this part of the country. He graduated from Brown university, studied law and was admitted to the bar. Soon after he went to Nebraska he was appointed brigadier general by the governor, and later major general, the position being created by special act of the legislature. He was a member of the convention to frame a state constitution, and was noted as a good fighter in the rebellion. He will be 71 years old Jan. 24.

FEVER GERMS IN WATER.

Lawrence People Receive a Warning from the State Board of Health.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Jan. 12.—Mayor Collins has been notified by the state board of health to warn the people of this city against the water of the Merrimac river for drinking purposes without first boiling it at least fifteen minutes, and not to use the ice cut from the river this year. The board says that the results of weeks of investigation made by them show that the prevalence of typhoid fever and kindred diseases in Lawrence is due to the water. The Merrimac is the only water supply of the city, and the ice company's house is already stocked largely with this year's river cutting.

A TELEPHONE FEAT.

Sermon Preached in Elmira, N. Y., Heard 450 Miles Away.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Jan. 12.—Rev. Thomas K. Beecher preached at the Park church on the life of the late Mrs. Olivia Langdon, mother of Samuel L. Clements of Hartford. Mr. and Mrs. Clements could not be present, but heard the sermon at their house in Hartford, which was connected with the church here by long distance telephone, the receiver being placed on the pulpit and hidden in a bank of flowers. The line went by Syracuse, Albany and Springfield to Hartford, a distance of 450 miles, and worked very successfully.

Electricity's Victims.

BOSTON, Jan. 12.—John Tierney was instantly killed by a charge of electricity in the workshop of the Consolidated Method Lasting Machine company. Tierney was in the act of attaching a fresh globe to the incandescent system, and instead of turning off the current and holding the lamp by the glass he placed his hand on the brass ring connected with it. The current immediately entered his body and caused instant death.

LYNCHBURG, Va., Jan. 12.—Jerry Sullivan, 13 years old, caught hold of a guy wire attached to an electric light pole and received a shock that killed him instantly.

Mr. Idlestein Wants $20,000.

NEW HAAEN, Jan. 12.—Jacob Idlestein of Seymour has brought suit against Sharon S. Beach, also of Seymour, claiming that his reputation has been damaged to the extent of $20,000. Idlestein rented a store of Beach and shortly afterward the building was burned. Beach charged Idlestein with arson and the latter was held in jail pending trial when the case was nolled. Idlestein claims that the unsustained charge has damaged his business standing.

Of a Long-Lived Family.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 12.—Rev. Edward Clark, one of the oldest Congregational ministers in this section, died here, aged 80 years. His longest pastorate was at Middlefield, other settlements being at Ashfield, Huntington and Chesterfield. He was a member of the Massachusetts house of representatives in 1870. His family is remarkable for its longevity, the ages of its members running from 80 to 100 years.

Sunk in Delaware Bay.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 12.—A Delaware city dispatch states that the steamer Alsenborn, a freight boat plying between Baltimore and New York, was cut down and sunk by field ice in Delaware bay just after emerging from the canal. No lives were lost.

Blame Laid on Emin Pasha.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—Advices from Zanzibar are to the effect that the route to the Victoria Nyanza is again insecure. The blame for this state of affairs is laid upon Emin Pasha.

Good!

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The fund started by Lord Zetland, the Irish viceroy, and Chief Secretary Balfour, in behalf of the distressed poor of Ireland, now amounts to £19,000.

The Spanish government will commemorate the discovery of America by Columbus by rebuilding the port of Palos, from which Columbus sailed.

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

"Little Monitor."

The Best School Shoe for Misses and Children.

Saville & Jones.

THE ONLY PLACE IN QUINCY

To get the Famous

Lebanon Overalls and Jumpers

is at

SAVILLE & JONES'.

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND

ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING,

QUINCY AVENUE.

Nov. 13. 3 mos

Old Colony.

On and after Oct. 13, 1890. Trains Leave

QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.11, 6.55, 7.27, 7.33, 7.38, 7.52, 8.12, 8.34, 8.40, 9.18, 9.59, 10.38, 10.57 A. M.; 12.05, 1.02, 1.17, 1.42, 2.50, 4.00, 4.07, 4.48, 4.57, 5.33, 5.40, 6.14, 7.05, 7.10, 8.11, 9.06, 10.19, 10.24 P. M. SUNDAY.—9.19, 9.31 A. M.; 1.46, 5.53, 6.15, 7.25, 8.14, 9.16, 11.01 P. M.

RETURN.—5.45, 6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 10.05, 11.02 A. M.; 12.00 M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.30, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4 42, 5.10, 5.33, 6.00, 6.07 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 8.15, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. SUNDAY—8.30, 9.00, 9.15, A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 5.45, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

WOLLASTON HEIGHTS FOR BOSTON.—6.14, 6.59, 7.37, 7.41, 8.15, 8.46, 9.21, 10.02, 11.00 A. M.; 12.08, 1.05, 1.45, 2.53, 4.11, 5.00, 5.43, 6.18, 7.14, 8.15, 9.09, 10.28 P. M. SUNDAY.—9.34 A. M.; 1.49, 6.19, 9.20, 11.04 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02 A. M.; 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.07, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. SUNDAY.—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR BOSTON.—6.19, 7.02, 7.16, 7.44, 8.05, 9.24, 10.04, 11.15 A. M.; 12.11, 1.22, 1.56, 2.56, 4.15, 5.48, 6.31, 7.12, 7.17, 8.18, 9.12, 10.31 P. M. SUNDAY.—9.37 A. M.; 1.52, 6.22, 9.23, 11.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 6.45, 7.35, 8.00, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02 A. M.; 12.02, 12.30, 1.15, 1.55, 2.25, 3.12, 4.18, 4.22, 4.42, 5.33, 5.40, 6.15, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. SUNDAY.—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

QUINCY ADAMS FOR BOSTON.—6.07, 6.51, 7.23, 7.35, 8.08, 9.15, 9.56, 10.54 A. M.; 12.02, 1.38, 2.46, 4.03, 5.37, 6.11, 7.07, 8.07, 9.03, 10.21 P. M. SUNDAY.—9.27 A. M.; 1.42, 6.11, 9.12, 10.57 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 9.40, 11.02 A. M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 3.12, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.00, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. SUNDAY.—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

WEST QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.08, 7.05, 7.54, 9.11, 11.04 A. M.; 1.46, 3.45, 5.27, 6.20, 10.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25, 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

EAST MILTON FOR BOSTON—6.12, 7.09, 7.58, 9.15, 11.08 A. M.; 1.50, 3.55, 5.31, 6.24, 10.11 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR EAST MILTON AND WEST QUINCY.—6.48, 8.17, 10.00 A. M.; 12.50, 2.40, 4.42, 5.50, 6.42, 8.14 P. M.

GEO. L. CONNOR, Gen'l Pass'r Agt.

J. R. KENDRICK, General Manager.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Unlike Any Other.

As much

For INTERNAL as EXTERNAL use.

Many people do not know this.

The Most Wonderful Family Remedy Ever Known.

Positively cures Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Hoarseness, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Catarrh, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Sciatica, Lame Back and Soreness in Body or Limbs. Stops Inflammation in Cuts, Burns, and Bruises. Relieves all Cramps and Chills like magic. Price, 25cts, post-paid; 6 bottles, $2. Express prepaid. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

ALL LINEN

CRASH

5c. per Yard.

New Cheviot Shirtings,

10c. and 12 1-2c

Ladies' and Children's

GAITERS,

50c. a pair

AT

Miss C. S. Hubbard's,

158 Hancock St., Quincy.

Of Course

The Ladies would like a Rubber Shoe which will not break or slip at the heel. Try the

"B. & L. HOLDFAST."

We have all Widths and Sizes.

Saville & Jones.

LOST.

LOST.—Sunday, between the Quincy depot and Cottage street, a Black Astracan Cape. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at the LEDGER OFFICE.

WANTED.

WANTED.—Protestant girl for general housework at No. 9 Adams street. Quincy, Jan. 12. tf

WANTED.—Twenty Granite Cutters at Granby Granite Quarry, Columbia, S. C. Wages, $3.25 to $3.50 for 9 hours, or piece work. Weather always mild enough to work comfortably outside all winter. Steady employment to first-class men. A. R. STEWART. Jan. 9, 10, 13.

WANTED.—25 girls at John E. Drake & Co's shoe factory. Apply Wednesday morning. Quincy, Jan. 5—tf

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

TO LET.

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.

Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms. Apply to HENRY H. FAXON. Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—A large unfurnished Room, suitable for doctor or lawyer. For further particulars enquire on the premises, of N. A. WILD, 58 Water street. Dec. 24—tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately. Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD. Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

BLANKET LINED

Canvas Jackets

—— AT ——

Saville & Jones'.

Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.

Boston, Nov. 5. tf

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry R. Vinton,	Braintree
Geo. H. Hunt,	East Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 12.

High water at 12.15 A. M. and 12.15 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.13; Sets at 4.34.
Moon sets at 7.06 P. M.
First quarter Jan. 17, 1.18 A. M.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

The Herald correspondent woefully misjudges the people of Quincy when he says Quincy is indignant at the forced resignation of Commissioner Alexander. They are indignant at the administration of 1890 for not having removed him sooner. Mayor Fairbanks owes his election solely to the promise to make a change in the office of commissioner of public works, and the only wonder is that the present official did not swamp the Republican party. We are not aware whether Mayor Fairbanks requested the resignation of Commissioner Alexander or not, the correspondence shows the latter to have taken the initiative, and that within twenty-four hours after the inauguration. Undoubtedly the new Mayor is pleased that Commissioner Alexander should have tendered his resignation, as he lost no time in accepting it.

We have before commended the appointment of ex-Councilman Ewell as Commissioner, and still believe he will fill the position better than either of his predecessors. We are assured further by the Mayor, that the position was not promised to Mr. Ewell either directly or indirectly, and all this talk about "City Hall ring" is imagination if not malice.

It would not be becoming to criticise Commissioner Alexander's course very much as he will be with us but one more week, but the delay in beginning the rebuilding of Hancock street and the failure to discontinue work when frost came, were alone condemnatory. Then we are told that the appropriation will fall far short of finishing the job, which is not a first class one either.

That petition (we doubt if there is one) will be a curiosity, and the DAILY LEDGER will take pleasure in spreading the names before the public.

The City Report.

The Monitor is about right in the following suggestions. It says:

"In no feature of the business of the city can there be seen so marked a distinction between the city and town government as in the auditor's report.

"Under the town form, this document was valuable for reference, and to those who preserved them they are a history of the town. It contained a record of the births, deaths and marriages; the names of the delinquent taxpayers, the proceedings of town meetings and the votes for the several officers who were up for election. None of these items were in the city auditor's report for 1890.

"Why they were omitted we cannot understand. It may be on the ground of economy, but there are many pages of the essays in the last part of the report that could be left out to make room for the items mentioned above. We venture to say that the old-fashioned report would give more satisfaction to a large majority of the citizens of Quincy, than the elaborate report of 1889.

"We make this suggestion to the Auditor, and if he adopts it, he will receive the thanks of the citizens at large, without distinction of party."

Quincy Should be Proud.

The Quincy LEDGER has started a voting contest for the most popular wage-earner in Quincy, Weymouth, Milton or Braintree. We wish the little daily success in its contest, and hope that the managers will meet with the ultimate success in establishing their enterprise upon a firm and paying foundation which they deserve. Certainly Quincy, as the only city of Norfolk county, should be proud enough of its position to support a daily paper, for a city without its daily, is as much an anomaly as a church edifice without its steeple.—*Weymouth Gazette.*

Hull Yacht Club.

The Hull Yacht Club held its annual meeting Saturday evening electing the following officers:

Commodore,—J. J. Souther.
Vice Commodore,—Henry W. Lamb.
Rear Commodore,—Henry P. Smith.
Secretary,—William A. Cary.
Treasurer,—John J. Henry.
Assistant Secretary,—Herman W. Friend.
Measurer,—William E. Sherriffs.

Prof. Banta's second reception and ball, complimentary to his Quincy pupils, occurs next Wednesday evening. Dancing 8 to 12. Tickets at the door fifty cents; ladies twenty-five cents.

A house owned by Alphonzo Cain on Fort Hill street, Hingham, was damaged by fire Saturday.

PLANT FOOD

FOR SALE AT

FRANK F. CRANE'S.

Quincy, Jan. 10. tf

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

Priscilla tomorrow evening.

Sleighing is over, after a run of sixteen days.

Probate Court in this city Wednesday morning.

The merry sleigh parties which visited Quincy last week will be missed.

Mr. William J. Sullivan is forming an athletic association in South Quincy.

Meetings will be held every evening this week in the vestry of the Corner church.

The stockholders of the National Granite Bank hold their annual meeting tomorrow.

Mrs. S. A. Parker will install the officers of Paul Revere Corps tomorrow afternoon.

DAILY LEDGERS containing the coupons can be obtained at the office of publication.

Ex-Postmaster and Councilman Samuel H. Spear is very sick and his death is hourly expected.

Woodbine lodge, K. and L. of H., Wollaston, will have an installation Tuesday evening.

The tax of Joseph W. Robertson from the principal part of today's tax instalment, the total tax being $1,550.36.

Capt. Whelan's lecture in the vestry of the Congregational church, on Sunday evening, was as usual very interesting.

The Ladies' Aid Society connected with the Corner church, Quincy Point, will hold its annual meeting tomorrow at three o'clock, P. M.

Members of the Priscilla chorus who would like tickets to sell for the performance tomorrow evening can find them at Prof. Wrigley's.

A correspondent has asked what is the population of Ward Five. We shall be pleased to give the figures by wards as soon as they can be obtained.

Miss Merrill, of Quincy, gave an instructive chalk talk on temperance before the Faxon Loyal Legion, in the Wollaston Congregational church, on Sunday afternoon.

The Busy Bees of Wollaston were honored with a sleighing party by their husband's, on Saturday evening. The party drove to the Hunnewell house, Newton, in one of Crane's six horse sleighs, and had supper.

John A. Sutter.

John A. Sutter was born in Baden in 1803 of Swiss parents, and was proud of his connection with the only republic of consequence in Europe. He was a warm admirer of the United States, and some of his friends had persuaded him to come across the Atlantic. He first went to a friend in Indiana with whom he staid awhile, helping to clear land, but it was business that he was not accustomed to. So he made his way to St. Louis and invested what means he had in merchandise, and went out as a New Mexican trader to Santa Fe. Having been unsuccessful at Santa Fe he returned to St. Louis, joined a party of trappers, went to the Rocky mountains, and found his way down the Columbia river to Fort Vancouver. There he formed plans for trying to get down to the coast of California to establish a colony.

He took a vessel that went to the Sandwich islands, and there communicated his plans to people who assisted him. But as there was no vessel going direct from the Sandwich Islands to California, he had to take a Russian vessel by way of Sitka. He got such credit and help as he could in the Sandwich islands and induced five or six natives to accompany him to start the contemplated colony. He expected to send to Europe and the United States for his colonists. When he came to the coast of California, in 1840, he had an interview with the governor, Alvarado, and obtained permission to explore the country and find a place for his colony. He came to the bay of San Francisco, procured a small boat and explored the largest river he could find, and selected the site where the city of Sacramento now stands.—Gen. Bidwell in Century.

Why Clock Faces Have Four I's.

Do you know why four "I's" are used to mark the hour of four on clocks and watches instead of the usual Roman numeral "IV?" The tradition among clock and watchmakers is that in the year 1370 the first clock similar to those now in use was made in France for Charles V, surnamed the Wise. The king could not deny that the clock was an excellent timekeeper; but as he wished to find fault with something, and so live up to his name, he insisted that four was incorrectly marked, and that four "I's" should be substituted for "IV." The makers could not convince him of his error, which has been perpetuated as the king's mistake through all the succeeding years.—New York Ledger.

N. CURTIS & CO.'S

Fine Shoes at

Saville & Jones'.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another instalment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list includes all whose surname begins with "Rob" or "Rod."

WARD ONE.

To Whom Taxed.	Value.	Tax.
Robertson, Joseph W. Furniture at hotel,	$1,500	
Robertson house,	25,000	
Stable and sheds,	600	
Land, 21,180 feet,	10,600	
House on Hancock court,	2,500	
Stable and sheds,	300	
Land, 27,958 feet,	2,800	$588 88
Robideant Amable. Personal mortgage,	1,000	13 60
Robinson, Marcella A. House on Maple place,	2,000	
Stable,	400	
Land, 6,8[illegible] feet,	1,300	50 32
Robinson, Marcella H. Horse,	100	
Carriage,	100	4 72

WARD TWO.

Robertson, Joseph W. House on Washington street,	2,500	
Stable,	300	
Land, 36,350 feet,	2,500	72 08
Rodgers, Henry C. Horse and carriage,	150	
House on Edwards street,	2,600	
Stable,	700	
Land, 11,100 feet,	900	61 16
Rodgers, Herbert T. Horse and carriage,	250	
House and stable on Edwards street,	2,100	
Land, 10,741 feet,	800	44 84

WARD THREE.

Roberts, John. House on Roberts street,	1,800	
House on Roberts street,	1,800	
Land, 6,000 feet,	250	
Lot 107,	325	58 78
Roberts, William. Horse,	100	
House on Garfield street,	800	
Land, 11,680 feet,	600	22 40
Robin, Annie. House on Liberty street,	2,200	
Land, 6,000 feet,	300	34 00
Roche, A. F. Two horses,	400	5 44

WARD FOUR.

Roberts, David. House on Arthur stree	1,400	
Land, one-fourth acre,	300	25 12
Robertson, Joseph W. Personal mortgage	2,150	
Money, stocks, bonds and income,	10,000	
Three horses, 1 cow,	750	
Carriages,	300	
Vessels,	500	
House on Adams street,	3,200	
Stable,	2,500	
Land, 35 75-100 acres,	16,000	
House on Robertson street,	1,400	
Land, 17,762 feet,	600	
House on Willard street,	1,200	
Land, 1 24-100 acres,	1,300	
Stable,	300	
Land south of brook, 22 acres,	7,000	
Land on Willard street, 1 acre,	1,000	
Land west of Granite railway, 13 acres,	1,500	
Land on Grove street, 2 acres,	600	
House lots, 17 6-10 acres,	2,500	
Land, 14 91-100 acres, Wigwam,	2,000	
Meadow, 9 19-100 acres,	2,000	
Land on Hall place, 11,737 feet,	300	
Land on Bates avenue, 7,000 feet,	150	780 60
Rodman, George W. House on Common street,	1,000	
Land, one-fourth acre,	350	20 36

WARD FIVE.

Robbins, Edward L. House on Brook street,	2,500	
Land, 5,000 feet,	400	41 44
Roberts, John H. House on Brook street,	2,250	
Shop,	300	
Land, 10,500 feet,	700	46 20
Roche, David J. Stock in trade,	400	
Two horses,	150	7 48
Roche, Maria F. House off Hancock street,	1,200	
Stable,	400	
Land, 33,150 feet,	1,650	44 20

WARD SIX.

Robertson, Joseph. Three horses, 10 cows,	650	
Twenty-five hogs,	350	
House and buildings on Beach avenue,	400	
Land, 4,000 feet,	75	22 06
Robertson, Joseph W. House on Squantum street,	1,800	
Two barns,	200	
Land, 15 acres,	1,500	
House on Squantum street,	2,500	
House on Squantum street,	1,000	
Land, 3 acres,	1,000	108 80
Robinson, A. M. Lot 6, Belleview park,	100	1 36

* * * * * *

[Omitted from Ward Six of Friday's installment.]

Rice, Mary A. Land and 2 cellars on Squantum street, 16,785 feet,	800	10 88
Rinn, Harriet F. House on Squantum street,	1,400	
Stable,	200	
Land, 14,000 feet,	550	29 29

ROBBED BY THE WAVES.

HUSBAND KILLED AND BOY DROWNED WAS THIS WOMAN'S LOT.

Mrs. B. G. Fownes, of New Brunswick, Has a Terrible Experience—Her Husband Was the Captain of an Ill Fated Ship—Wrecked in a Series of Typhoons.

The steamship City of Rio de Janeiro numbered among her passengers a lady whose experiences involve a tale of dire shipwreck and sad bereavement. Mrs. B. G. Fownes is a tall, rather slightly built woman, whose pale face still bears only too plainly the marks of the terrible sufferings she has had to endure, and yet tells a tale of no common courage and of rare fortitude. She was called upon at the residence of her sister, Mrs. B. R. Keith, 1,136 Twenty-first street, and the following is the substance of her sad story:

The ship Lizzie Troup, hailing from St. John, N. B., sailed on Sept. 15, 1890, from Nagasaki with ballast bound for Puget sound. For the first twenty-four hours all went well, but on the night of the 16th, when she was out about 160 miles, it began to blow a hurricane, which quickly changed to the revolving winds of the typhoon. There had been time, however, to shorten sail, and only the lower topsail was then carried away. This wind storm lasted thirty-six hours, and in it the Irgotul and many other vessels were lost, while the Lizzie Troup was reprieved.

On Saturday, Sept. 21, until noon the winds had abated considerably, and all sail was set to keep the vessel well off the Japanese shores. Suddenly, almost without a moment's notice, a second typhoon came upon the vessel. The wind blew first from the northeast, then veered rapidly round to east, southeast, south-southeast and south, flicking every inch of canvas from the masts, smashing the spars, and hurling them away in splinters, and breaking the mainmast and foremast, and even tearing the copper sheathing from the vessel's sides.

A TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE.

All possible means of guidance gone, the storm tossed waters speedily hurried the doomed craft to the coral bound coast of the island of Okin, in the Loochoo group, which she had for so many hours fought to free herself from. The first blow on the reef carried away the bows, a second knocked the bottom clean out, carrying away the keel entirely, and letting all the ballast fall out, while the remainder of the hull was tossed like a broken egg shell high on a reef not 100 yards from land.

Capt. Fownes, the husband of the lady who told the story, did all that a man could, and acted as a brave man should. He stood by his vessel, encouraged his crew, and then, when they had been told to save themselves as best they might, he looked to his wife and 2-year-old son.

"It won't last long," he said; "our time has come. Let us meet the end courageously."

He took the child in his arms and steadied himself and wife against the deck house. Hardly had he done so when a huge wave came crashing in on top of them, smashed in the decks and carried all who clung to the planks into the vessel's bottomless hold. Mrs. Fownes' own words best describe the scene:

"We had all been at the stern of the vessel, and when the decks were broken in I felt myself carried forward, and was thrust up by the force of the waters through an opening in the fore part of the ship. There I was held fast, a wire cable around my ankle and my body jammed in between the broken beams. From this place I could see my husband had clambered onto a portion of the deck house which remained, but the child, my boy, was gone! Hardly knowing what I was doing I managed to free my feet, and by tearing my clothes off from the waist down was able to liberate my body. In the meantime my husband signed to me to try to crawl over the rocks to the shore. One of the sailors had succeeded in landing, and, bringing natives with him, managed to drag several ashore, and a rope was passed to me and they laid me on the beach.

CAST ON A FOREIGN SHORE.

Capt. Fownes himself was rescued, but only to die. There was no doctor at hand when he landed, and in two hours he succumbed. He was very badly injured internally and his ribs were broken in. An aged carpenter named George Kobe, of Hamburg, Germany, was also brought ashore, but died five days afterward from exhaustion. Of those that tried to save themselves the second mate and eight sailors were carried off into the surf and were never seen again.

One fearfully mangled body was all the sea gave up. The people saved numbered ten, including the first mate. The entire number of persons on board was twenty-two. Nine men and the baby boy were drowned, the captain and carpenter died after being rescued, and nine men and Mrs. Fownes survived.

The natives of the little island had never before had white people among them, though they are well acquainted with the customs of Americans, and their laws are similar. An inquest was held by the natives, and the bodies were respectfully buried, and a stone monument, properly inscribed, shows where Capt. Fownes rests. He never rallied after being brought ashore, and his wife never knew how the child was torn from his arms.

The rest of her story is very simple. No steamers ever calling in at the closed port, she was taken in a junk to Dukin, thence to Kagoshima, Kobe, and finally to Yokohama, where she remained for seventeen days. At each stopping place the Japanese held an official inquiry into the cause of the wreck, and furnished Mrs. Fownes with the reports of the inquiry in the Japanese language.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Sidney Cooper, the famous British painter, is now 87 years old. He still possesses excellent health, and gives five or six hours a day to painting. He sleeps nine hours out of the twenty-four and lives abstemiously.

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Ledger Contest?

Is a question asked by a thousand tongues every day.

BUT

When you wish to purchase a

Good Reliable Watch

You naturally ask

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Jewelry Business?

One Peep

Into the Store and a single glance over the Stock of

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

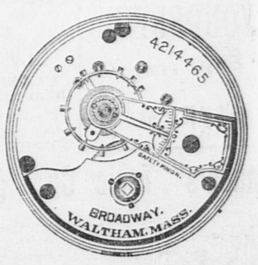
Will convince the most credulous that he has climbed to the top in Quincy, and is prepared to show the finest line of Goods and give honest prices to all.

☞ Please call and be convinced, whether you wish to purchase or not.

T. L. WILLIAMS,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.



Jan. 9. 6t

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Ledger Contest?

Is a question asked by a thousand tongues every day.

BUT

When you wish to purchase a

Good Reliable Watch

You naturally ask

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Jewelry Business?

One Peep

Into the Store and a single glance over the Stock of

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

Will convince the most credulous that he has climbed to the top in Quincy, and is prepared to show the finest line of Goods and give honest prices to all.

☞ Please call and be convinced, whether you wish to purchase or not.

T. L. WILLIAMS,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.

Jan. 9. 6t

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 11. QUINCY, MASS., TUESDAY, JANUARY 13, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

Bargains in Every Department.

— to —

SUITS and OVERCOATS

— AT —

LOWEST PRICES !

— §§ —

QUINCY

One Price Clothing Company.

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

LOOK at these PRICES !

—o—

		Regular Price.	Our Price.
Fellow's Syrup,		$1.50.	96c.
Hood's Sarsaparilla,		1.00.	75c.
Ridge's Food,	Medium Size,	65c.	40c.
Armour's Beef,		1.00.	75c.
Armour's Beef,	Small Size,	50c.	40c.
Hot Water Bottles, 2 qts.,		1.50.	$1.15
Finest Stationery,	In Broken Lots,	20c. per quire,	10c.
Envelopes to Match,		20c. per bunch,	10c.

Durgin's Cough Balsam cures Coughs and Colds.

Durgin's Beef, Iron and Wine for Strength.

Fine lot of Bath Sponges just received.

A lot of Soap to close out, former price, 10c. per cake, present price, your choice for 5c.

DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

—‡—

OUR MOTTO:

"RELIABILITY."

PRICES WAY DOWN !

—o—

During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our

Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel.

—‡—

PRATT & CURTIS,

5 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

TEN DAYS' VOTING.

Grand Total of 10,909 Votes Cast.

About One-half of the Number of Papers Sold.

Miss McGovern Makes the Largest Gain But Miss Leary Still Leads.

There is no relative change in the leaders today. The margin of Miss Leary, the leader, is reduced 95, Miss McGovern being but 34 behind. Mr. Foy has jumped over the 1000 mark.

Those to get over 100 votes today were: Miss McGovern, 443; Miss Leary, 348; Mr. Tirrell, 183; Miss McPhail, 117; Mr. Bowditch, 108; Mr. Foy, 106.

The coupon has now been printed for ten days, and the total vote is 10,909, an average of over 1,000 a day. This however is only about one-half the number of LEDGERS sold.

There are rumors of several dark horses with a large number of coupons held back.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today.

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss Leary,	S. B. Little's,	1922
Miss McGovern,	Gas Light Co.'s,	1888
Henry W. Tirrell,	John Page's,	1461
Robert E. Foy,	Pratt & Curtis,	1042
Miss McPhail,	J. F. Sheppard & Sons,	774
Galen V. Bowditch,	E. Packard & Co.'s	719
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's,	586
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's,	365
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's,	294
Frank W. Munroe,	J. F. Merrill's,	115
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's,	110
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's,	97
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's,	81
Mary G. Drumm,	D. Bamford's,	60
Miss Agnes Kelley,	Clapp Bros,	41
J. H. Webb,	T. A. Whicher & Co.,	38
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's,	22
E. W. Emery,	A. G. Durgin's,	23
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's,	23
Henry L. Jones,	E. E. Fellows',	13
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's,	12
Luther Rogers,	A. L. Litchfield,	11
John T. Bates,	W. H. Doble's,	10
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's,	7
Joseph Faircloth,	St. John's Club,	6
Miss Cahill,	W. H. Doble's,	5
Edward Preston,	Boynton & Russell,	5
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	5
Frank W. Folsom,	Miller & Luce's,	5
Capt. Hackett,	C. H. Hall & Co.,	5
Miss Clark,	Coddington school,	4
Robert McLean,	Quincy One Price,	3
James Cuffe,	French's stable,	3
Henry A. Willey,	McDonnell & Sons,	3
James M. Dunbar,	Strong & Carroll's, Weymouth,	3
Miss Bussey,	A. G. Durgin's,	3
Wm. McLaughlin,	McDonnell & Sons,	3
Frank Perkins,	C. W. Guy's,	2
John Sullivan,	Fuller & Foley,	2
Wendell T. Dizer,	M. T. Dizer & Co., Weymouth	2
Miss Golden,	Advertiser office,	2
Miss Mundy,	Advertiser office,	2
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's,	2
Frank Revere,	John Hall's,	2
James Dowd,	D. F. French's,	2
T. M. Hayden,	W. Faircloth & Co.,	2
G. W. Taylor,	W. A. Hodges,	2

Newsboys Prizes.

The sales of the newsboys starting from the LEDGER office amounted on Saturday to 1639 copies; the largest number, 525, being sold by John Mitchell. This boy did not begin the first of the month but is now number three. Charles Walsh sold 400, Myron Wilbur 190, Robert McAuliffe 100, and several others nearly 100.

Below is the summary of nine days' sales:

Charles Walsh	**3154**
Robert McAuliffe,	804
John Mitchell	730
Fred Bavin	517
Myron Wilber	404
James Giles,	378
Eddie Heffernan,	321
Charles Carter,	244
Willie Esson,	241
Henry Rhines	234
John Murphy,	233
Chris McAuliffe,	220
John Dackers,	212
Fred Hardwick	150
Charles Baxter,	106
Arthur Pinel,	98
Patrick Murphy	90
Gardner Willey	86
Albert Belliven	77
Duncan Livingstone	37
Frank Walsh,	36
John Anderson	35
William McDonnell	33
Eugene McAuliffe	33
Napoleon Guillemett	33
Frank McGrath	32
Gilbert Bavin,	31
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Warren Cameron	15
Gustin Goolic	15
John Morrison	15
Fred Evans	13
Daniel Doran	10
James Norrie	10
Parfast Guillemett	9
Matthew McDonald	8
John Westland	5
Willie Westland	5
Thomas McDonald	3
Daniel Gallager	2
George Dunn	2

Public Musicale.

The first public musicale of this seasons series of the Wollaston Young People's Musical Society was held in the Baptist church Monday evening. The church was crowded. The programme consisted chiefly of organ music.

Geo. Frederick Handel, 1685–1759.
Johann Sebastian Bach, 1685–1750.

1. { *a.* Little Fugue in G minor, Bach
   { *b.* Two Gavottes from Sonate No. 6, "
   Mr. Frank C. Gilbert.
2. "O thou that tellest," from "The Messiah," Handel,
   Mrs. N. G. Nickerson.
3. "O ruddier than the cherry," from "Acis and Galatea," Handel,
   Mr. E. Walter Arnold.
4. "Largo," in G, Handel,
   Mr. Chas. A. Pinkham.
5. "I know that my Redeemer liveth," from "The Messiah," Handel,
   Miss Lottie Pfaffman.
6. { *a.* "Angels ever bright and fair," Handel
   { *b.* Gavotte from "Otho,"
   Mr. F. Wrigley.
7. "Honor and Arms," from "Samson." Handel,
   Mr. Edward Preston.
8. Fugue in G minor, Bach,
   Mr. Frank C. Gilbert.
9. Quartet—"In thee O Lord," Handel,
   Miss Nan L. Jones, Miss Locia Haynes, Mr. W. M. Wight, Mr. E. Walter Arnold.
10. "My heart ever faithful," Bach,
    Mrs. F. B. Pendleton.
11. Overture—"Occasional Oratorio," Handel
    Mr. F. Wrigley.

Emma Abbott.

This famous singer who died of pneumonia in Utah recently, accumulated a fortune of $3,000,000 with her voice and methods; half of which will go to endow a charitable institution for the benefit of musical and theatrical people, and the remainder to her brothers and sisters. Miss Abbott was always a great favorite with those who knew her personally, and her last act of kindness probably hastened her death. It is said that she drove out in a pouring rain, to sing, "The Last Rose of Summer," for a dying consumptive who had requested it. Her remains are to be cremated, and her ashes laid beside her husband at Gloucester.

TODAY'S COURT.

Charles Anderson for being a tramp at Quincy was sent to the State Farm at Bridgwater for eight months.

James Sargeant of Milton was arraigned on four counts, charging him with stealing hens at Milton. The defendant waved the reading and examination and was ordered to recognize in the sum of $300 on each count for his appearance at the Superior Criminal Court to be held at Dedham the first Monday in April. Being unable to furnish bonds he was committed. Sargeant was then taken to Bussell's where his picture was taken, which will ornament the rogue's gallery.

August Detournio, of West Quincy, whose case for keeping a liquor nuisance was continued until Saturday, came into court this morning and retracted his plea of not guilty and plead guilty and was fined $50 which he paid.

Accident.

At about 4.30 o'clock Monday morning a milk team driven by George Bugbee, employed by M. McLoud milk dealer, was run into by a two-horse milk wagon on Dudley street, near Howard avenue. The forward right wheel of the latter team caught in a forward wheel of Bugbee's team and Bugbee was thrown over the dasher to the ground, dislotating his right shoulder. The two-horse team is owned by John Q. Adams and was driven by two unknown men. Bugbee was taken to the City Hospital. He is 30 years ot age and lives at 131 Moreland street.—*Boston Journal.*

Quincy Court, M. C. O. F.

The following officers of Quincy Court, No. 76, M. C. O. F., were installed Monday evening, by Deputy Duffy and suite of South Boston:

C. R.,—John H. Dinegan.
V. C. R.,—Conrad Mischler.
R. S.,—Harry Talbot.
F. S.,—Joseph A. Dasha.
Treasurer,—John A. McDonnell.
S. C.,—James McGovern.
J. C.,—Andrew Mischler.
I. S.,—M. Morrison.
O. S.,—Daniel Galvin.
Trustees,—Dr. S. M. Donovan, J. W. McAnarney, John Avery, T. M. Elcock.

After the ceremony there was speaking by the deputy and suite and members of Quincy court, after which a collation was served.

Dyspeptics will obtain much relief from the use of Mellin's Food as it is well borne by an enfeebled or irritable stomach. It is a food, not a medicine, and the stomach receives the nourishment it demands for its daily needs.

WEYMOUTH.

The following officers of Wompatuck Encampment No. 18, I. O. O. F., were installed Monday evening, by Charles D Stone, D. D. G. P., assisted by F. F. Roby as D. O. G. H. P.; J. H. Brown, as D. D. G. S. W.; J. S. Parker, as D. D. G. J. W.; C. T. Frezzel, as D. D. G. Scribe; R. L. Lord, as D. D. G. Treasurer; J. E. Brown, as D. D. G. I. G.; J. M. Powell, as D. D. G. O. G.

C. P.,—Wendell T. Dizer.
H. P.,—James M. Dunbar.
S. W.,—William E. Dizer.
Scribe,—George T. Magee.
Treasurer,—George W. Pratt.
1st Watch,—Spencer Crowe.
2d Watch,—Edson F. Fisher.
3d Watch,—S. W. Raymond.
4th Watch,—C. D. Gibson.
Guide,—C. H. Matherson.
I. G.,—E. Q. S. Litchfield.
O. G.,—C. W. Bates.
1st G. of T.,— Fred H. Pratt.
2d G. of T.,—George E. Gardner.

After the business of the evening, the Patriarchs adjourned to the banquet room and partook of a collation.

The Unitarian Society of East Weymouth, holds one of its sociables at Masonic hall tonight.

The officers of the East Weymouth Reform club, were installed Monday evening by the state officers.

Speech making and a collation followed the ceremony.

Monatiquot Yacht Club.

The annual meeting of the Monatiquot yacht club was held Monday evening when the following officers were elected:

Commodore,—John Cavanagh.
Vice-Commodore,—E. F. Linton.
Secretary,—C. G. Sheppard.
Treasurer,—Dana Smith.
Measurer,—Henry Gardner.
Directors,—The officers, ex officiis, F. H. Cowing and H. A. Richards.
Fleet Captain,—L. A. Hayward.
Regatta Committee,—T. D. Bagley, L. A. Hayward, Dana Smith, C. G. Sheppard, A. J. Shaw, F. T. Hunt.
Membership Committee,—N. F. T. Hunt, A. E. Pratt, A. A. Nash, Jr., E. C. Pierce, G. H. Bicknell.
House Committe,—D. J. Pierce, F. H. Cowing, W. A. Shaw.
Judges,—Francis Hunt, Dana Smith, Henry Gardner, E. C. Pierce, G. H. Bicknell, E. T. Jordan, F. H. Cowing.

The report of the secretary and treasurer showed the membership to be eighty, a loss of thirty-two; receipts, $723.17; cash on hand, $69.10. The regatta committee reported a balance of cash on hand of $28.25 of the $100 allowed them.

The following appropriations were made: Rent, $100; regattas, $100; entertainments, $100; salaries, $80. The meeting then adjourned to Feb. 14. Capt. T. J. Bagley served a chowder after the meeting.

SUPPER

— AND —

Entertainment

IN UNIVERSALIST VESTRY,

Wednesday Evening, Jan. 14, 1891.

The following artists will take part:

Miss Georgie Hollenbeck, Soprano,
Miss Lizzie Hollenbeck, Contralto.
Miss Lora Simonds, Reader.
Grace Pettengill, Pianist.
Mr. J. Harvey Page, Baritone.
Mr. Herbert Fay Nye, Accompanist.

To be followed by the Parlor Comedy,

Mixed Pickles,

by young ladies from Braintree.

Admission 10 cts. **Supper 15 cts.**

Quincy, Jan. 10–1w dTu,1t

PLANT FOOD

FOR SALE AT

FRANK F. CRANE'S.

Quincy, Jan. 10. tf

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

MARRIED.

DEAN—GOLDEN—In Quincy, Jan. 12, by Mr. George L. Gill, Esq., Mr. George A. Dean to Miss Mamie Golden, both of Quincy.

DIED.

HAMMOND—In Wollaston, Jan. 11, Miss Sarah T. Hammond, aged 85 year, 8 months.

WALKER—In San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 30, Hugh, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Walker, formerly of Quincy, aged 10 years, 6 months and 27 days.

BAILEY—In North Scituate, Jan. 11, Mr. George W. Bailey, aged 60 years.

CLAPP—In Weymouth, Jan. 10, Mrs. Charles S. Clapp, aged 72 years, 10 months and 23 days.

An Extra Night !

BY REQUEST.

PRISCILLA,

OR THE

PILGRIM'S PROXY,

WILL BE REPEATED AT

Faxon Hall, - - - Quincy,

Tuesday Ev'ng, Jan. 13th.

—o—

Great Cast ! Fine Chorus !

Elaborate Appointments !

—o—

CAST OF CHARACTERS.

PRISCILLA, the Pretty Pilgrim.....MRS. ALICE MAY BATES RICE
RESIGNATION, a Middle-aged Spinster.....MISS AUGUSTA BATES
BARBARA.....MRS. W. M. PACKARD
FAITH.....MISS MAY V. HASTINGS
PRUDENCE.....MISS GRACE PETTENGILL
MYLES STANDISH, the Doughty Captain.....DR. GEORGE B. RICE
JOHN ALDEN, the Friend in Need.....MR. J. C. BARTLETT
WILLIAM BRADFORD, Governor of New Plymouth....MR. EDWARD PRESTON
HATEBAD HIGGINS, Agent of the Good Ship Mayflower, and President of "Ancestral Relick and Antiquated Heirloom Co., limited"....MR. W. H. DODD
SQUANTO, a Reformed Red Man.....MR. EVERETT SIMMONS

ACT. I. Leyden street, Plymouth.
ACT. II. Exterior of Priscilla's Cottage, and view of Plymouth harbor, period about 1623.

—‡—

Correct Costumes by Raymond.

Special Scenery by Story.

Wigs and Makeups by Rothe.

—§§—

Director, - - - - - - C. E. MACOMBER of Boston.

Stage Manager, - - - W. H. DODD of Boston.

—o—

☞Tickets on sale at Durgin's Drug Store.

Quincy, Dec. 27. p,2w–1,29th,6t

TWO BIG BARGAINS.

—o—

Men's "All-wool" Scarlet SHIRTS AND DRAWERS

REDUCED FROM

$1.00 to 75 cts.

Children's "All-wool" VESTS AND PANTS,

Sizes from 20 to 32,

Any Size at Only 59 cents.

—o—

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.,

ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

BUSSELL'S Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

$1.50

Will buy a FIRST-CLASS

Working Shoe

at

Saville & Jones'.

POSTAL SERVICE.

Mails Arrive.		Mails Close.	
Boston,	6.20 A.M.	Boston,	7.15 A.M.
"	9.00 "	"	9.35 "
"	12.15 P.M.	"	12.25 P.M.
"	2.40 "	"	4.40 "
"	5.15 "	"	6.00 "
"	6.30 "	"	8.00 "
N. Y., South and West,	7.20 A.M.	N. Y., South and West,	7.15 A.M.
N. Y., South and West,	4.45 P.M.	N. Y., South and West,	7.55 P.M.
Cape Cod,	7.00 "	Cape Cod,	7.45 A.M
Quincy Point,	8.30 A.M.	" "	3.15 P.M
" "	4.15 P.M.	Quincy Point,	8.30 A.M
South Shore,	6.30 "	" "	5.00 P.M
		South Shore,	7.45 A.M

Deliveries.

At 7.30 A. M. (12.30 P. M. Business Delivery.) and 4 P. M.

Collections.

From Boxes at 5.45, 8.30 A. M. (Business Section 12.45) and 4.15 P.M.

W. W. ADAMS, *Postmaster.*

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive an Easy Chair or Gold Watch.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period can have his choice between a richly upholstered easy chair worth $25, or a gold watch valued at $50. These will soon be purchased and put on exhibition in some prominent place.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

—BY—

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

Woman's Fondness for Scent.

All dainty women are fond of scent. Some of them use it very extravagantly. They saturate their dresses with perfume, so that when they are taken out of the wardrobe they are as fragrant as a bank of violets. Lilac, heliotrope blossom and violet are all popular perfumes, but violet takes the palm. A saleswoman in a Regent street perfumer's told me that fashionable women spent more on perfumes for the bath than for other purposes. She could not tell me what a fashionable woman's scent bill came to in a year. Some women bought their perfume in bulk, by the half gallon or the quart. A three half pint bottle of opoposax costs three guineas. The young woman said that some of their wealthiest customers frittered away a small fortune in a year on expensive toilet trivialities.

There's a long list of things in a fashionable toilet bill. Scent is not the heaviest item. There's face wash, soap, powder, vinegar, pastilles for the breath, and rouge and other things. The principal items in the list—face wash, soap, powder and toilet vinegar, that is—are made to match all the newest perfumes. If your favorite smell is violet you can get all these things smelling of violets. It is a fad now to use only one perfume. I came across a new perfume for the bath at a place called Sicilian Vespers. A few spoonfuls of this poured into a warm bath, they said, would give you an idea of the famous perfumed bath of the Roman aristocrat during the Empire.—Miss Mantalina in Pall Mall Budget.

Interviewing Kate Field.

In a room at the Victoria hotel is a desk covered with newspapers, books and manuscripts. At the desk sits a little woman in a blue cloth dress. Her eyes are very wide awake and penetrating, her hair is turning gray, her lips are pressed close together, her expression is frank and kindly. The little woman is Kate Field. She lives in New York and publishes her paper, Kate Field's Washington, in Washington.

I would rather interview Kate Field than any other woman I know. What she says is always honest and lucid. She has original views about everything. She does not know what it is to beat about the bush. She has veracity and vivacity.

As I was leaving Miss Field took me to a window in her study. "There," she said, "is a view I never tire of." I looked out, and I saw Twenty-third street at the junction of Fifth avenue and Broadway, the Fifth Avenue hotel, the Brunswick and Madison square. O' nights the long lines of street lights glitter like a diamond necklace.

I was congratulating myself that I had material for a capital interview, one replete with maxim, aphorism, paradox, but Miss Field nipped my congratulations in the bud. "All that I have said," she concluded, "is of course entre nous—it is not for print."—New York World.

Very Spoony.

A spoon luncheon was the very novel entertainment given by a recent bride to the bridesmaids and ushers who were to attend the wedding. The table cloth was white linen with delicate drawn work over pale blue satin, the china white and gold, crossed spoons made of forget-me-nots were in front of each plate, and the central decoration was a mound of white and pink rosebuds, supported by china Cupids, each holding a large spoon made of forget-me-nots. The souvenirs were, for each lady, a silver spoon, with the combined monograms of the bride and groom and the date, and for the gentlemen, scarf pins shaped like tiny spoons, with a turquoise in the bowl of each.—Demorest's Family Magazine.

Compassion.

An adroit Market street merchant corrected his wife's yearning for a sealskin coat by carelessly leaving within her reach a copy of "Our Dumb Animals," containing an article on the cruelty of seal killing, which states that when the seals are frightened or hurt large tears drop from their eyes. Instead of the coat the lady has settled on an elegant hat set off with the plumage of four rare birds.—Philadelphia Record.

At Luncheon.

Miss Brunc (who has passed the summer at Bar Harbor)—Kitty, will you do me a favor?

Miss Blonn—Will I? Ask it.

Miss Brunc—Let Peters bring me a chocolate eclair instead of this vanilla one. It doesn't match my tan, you know.—Judge.

THE STORM'S TRACK.

A High Tide Sweeps Over Wharves at Fall River.

COTTON AND CASKS ADRIFT

And Much Other Damage Done—Several Other New England Cities Suffer Heavily—Heavy Rains and Floods in New Jersey.

FALL RIVER, Jan. 13.—An extraordinary storm and high tide prevailed here and caused considerable damage. The wind began to blow a gale from the south, and the waters piled up until the principal wharves were flooded. A quantity of merchandise was swept off Rodman's wharf into the river, and cotton bales and casks were floating in all parts of the harbor, from the Fall River line dock to Slade's Ferry bridge. Large quantities of coal were dumped into the river from pockets, whose sides were burst by the water. The Staples Coal company, J. A. Bowen & Company, and William F. Thomas will be the greatest losers from this cause.

A large pile of lumber owned by William A. Borden was swept into the river. The schooners R. S. Dean and H. P. Hallack of Taunton began to drag their anchors shortly after the storm commenced, and were blown upon Anthony's wharf. They can be hauled off without much trouble, and it is believed they are not seriously injured. Read Bros.' boat houses are damaged seriously, and part of the long walk leading to the Fall River Yacht club has been torn away.

The American Printing company's works have been compelled to shut down owing to the fires in the boiler furnaces having been extinguished by the incoming tide. The Metacomet mill has also been compelled so shut down, from the some cause. The waters have receded somewhat. An accurate estimate of the damage caused cannot be given at this time.

IN NEW JERSEY.

Many Villages Seriously Flooded--Ice Crop Ruined—Freshets Feared.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Jan. 13.—A deluge of rain fell throughout central New Jersey and serious freshets are threatened. The ice in most of the ponds and streams has been broken up, and the fragments dashing down the brooks of the mountain notches, have, on reaching the lowlands, reared themselves into strong dams, so that the villages nestling in the valleys of Morris, Union and Hunterdon counties are seriously flooded, and in the outskirts of North Plainfield, Scotch Plains, New Market and Dunellen the level plain is under water to a considerable extent. Many cellars have been flooded and a number of houses unfortunately situated are entirely surrounded by water nearly waist deep.

In the neighborhood of Bound Brook the Raritan river has overflowed its banks, and the meadows and some of the country roads are submerged. The lower floors of the houses on the meadows, occupied by the poorer people of Bound Brook and Bloomington, are in some cases several feet under water, and considerable furniture and stores of eatables have been spoiled. The storm has caused severe loss to the ice dealers in the neighborhood of North Plainfield, and will throw their large gangs of men out of work. They had just begun to harvest ice nearly two feet thick and of superior quality. Now the crop is ruined, and considerable harvesting machinery that had carelessly been left exposed has been swept away.

THE STORM IN BOSTON.

Wind Attains a Velocity of a Mile a Minute—Durginville Flooded.

BOSTON, Jan. 13.—In Boston the wind has blown in varying gusts, one mile of wind having been registered as passing with a velocity of something like 100 miles an hour. Such an unprecedented storm will doubtless wreak havoc from Boston northeastward. The severest cold wave of the season will follow the storm.

Durginville, which is that part of Roxbury lying between East Chester park and Norfolk avenue, presents a bleak and dreary appearance. For years past every heavy rain has been followed by a flood, and the inhabitants of the tenement houses located here are subjected to the greatest of discomforts. The first of these was entirely surrounded by water, and no one could leave until boats were brought. All the forenoon one man was kept employed in transferring passengers between the house and dry ground. The second group of houses and the third have higher ground upon one side which affords a means of exit to their dwellers.

Ice Freshet in Connecticut.

BIRMINGHAM, Conn., Jan. 13.—For the first time since the Housatonic dam was built several years ago an ice freshet has occurred, partially sweeping away the railroad bridge of the Derby Extension road, between Shelton and Derby. Immense cakes of ice came down over the dam, and passing under the carriage bridge, struck the piling of the railroad bridge, breaking these supports like pipestems. One of the abutments of the iron bridge has partially toppled over and the whole structure will probably fall into the river. All passenger trains have been discontinued, and no trains will be able to run for several days. Other minor damage has been done, but the railroad is the chief loser. The pecuniary damage will amount to from $10,000 to $15,000.

Part of New Bedford Under Water.

NEW BEDFORD, Jan. 13.—The storm in this locality was particularly severe along the water front. The warves are under water and several small buildings on them have been blown over. The mills in the lower parts of the city have their basements flooded, and in some cases found it necessary to suspend work. Water is breaking twenty feet high against the sea wall at the head of Clark's Cove, and several skiffs have been driven ashore. A large part of Palmer's Island is under water. The damage is considerable, but no estimate has yet been made.

The steamer City of New Bedford, which last evening left New Bedford for New York, was badly damaged by a tremendous wave in Vineyard sound, and compelled to return.

Pittsfield's Changable Weather.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Jan. 13.—A very severe storm is prevailing in this section. It rained hard all day Sunday, and at 1 o'clock yesterday morning thunder and lightning added variety to the atmospheric conditions. At daybreak a strong northeast wind brought a heavy snowstorm, which still continues. Trains on the Boston and Albany road are delayed.

Highest Tides Ever Known.

ELLSWORTH, Me., Jan. 13.—The tide, augmented by a freshet, is the highest ever known here. Cellars, basements and wharves are overflowed, and there is some damage to goods in these places.

BOOTHBAY HARBOR, Me., Jan. 13.—The tide here is the highest ever known, and the damage to wharves and other property will be very heavy. British bark Kesstal and a fleet of thirty-seven coastwise vessels are in port, but there have been no disasters as yet.

St. John Under Water.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Jan. 13.—The tide here is the highest ever known, and much damage has been done. Every wharf in the city is covered, and the stores on the south wharf west of Ward street, and all west of Nelson on North wharf, are flooded to the depth of eighteen or twenty inches.

Cyclone Off Cape Hatteras.

FORT MONROE, Va., Jan. 13.—The steamer City of Washington, New York for Havana, encountered a cyclone off Hatteras and had her forecastle and quarterdeck washed away. One of the crew was killed and another is missing. One of her passengers was badly injured.

THE RAILWAY CONFERENCE.

Advisory Board of Presidents Completes Its Work—Six Commissioners Appointed, with Walker as Chairman.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—The advisory board of the combination of railroads which is now known as the Western Traffic association, met in the Windsor hotel to settle various details which were not previously arranged. The first question to come before the board was the election of commissioners, and although it had been practically decided that there were to be four, with a chairman, an increase in the number was discussed for some time, and finally an agreement was reached by which one commissioner was added to the number.

The discussion over the chairmanship was ended, and A. F. Walker, commissioner of the old Interstate Commerce Railway association, was appointed. The other five men who will have control of the distribution of traffic and the settlement of rates are as follows: J. W. Widgly, J. N. Faithorne, W. W. Findley, James Smith and E. P. Vining.

A resolution was then adopted dividing the territory of the association into five districts, as follows: Transcontinental, southwestern railway and steamship, western passenger, western freight and trans-Missouri.

A resolution was passed directing the commissioners to take up and investigate at once what economics may be introduced in the curtailment of outside expenses in the passenger and freight business, and to report at the earliest possible date, and at a special meeting of the advisory board if necessary. The board then adjourned to meet in Chicago in April. It was decided to hold the special meeting in Chicago if such meeting should be found necessary

EMMA ABBOTT'S WILL.

Many Churches and Charitable Institutions Receive Liberal Bequests.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—The will of Emma Abbott, the opera singer, has been filed for probate. It was executed May 22, 1890, and names James L. Mitchell, V. Houghton and William F. Dunning as executors. The first directs that her body be tested by electricity, to ascertain if life is extinct, and then cremated. After liberally providing for members of her family, she leaves $500 to each of the following churches, where she says she enjoyed worship: Congregational church at Gloucester, Mass.; Plymouth church of Brooklyn, Brooklyn Tabernacle, Madison Avenue Baptist church, Fourth Avenue Presbyterian church, Church of the Divine Paternity, all of this city; Citadel Square Baptist church of Charleston, S.C., and Rose Hill Methodist Episcopal church and St. Luke's Methodist Episcopal church, both of this city. The residue of her estate is to be divided share and share alike among a number of charitable institutions in this city and vicinity.

Michael Ahern's Rough Experience.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 13.—Michael J. Ahern, an overseer in the mule room at the establishment of the K. Jenckes Manufacturing company, Pawtucket, while endeavoring to put a belt on a pulley, was caught in the belt and carried up to the shaft. Two of his fellow workmen caught him by the legs and held to them, while they shouted for some one to shut off the power. This was done and Mr. Ahern was saved from being carried over the shaft, but fell over backward upon the floor, breaking an arm, fracturing his skull and cutting a severe gash in his head.

Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, Jan. 13.—The committee of the two branches were not announced yesterday, as there may be some special committee recommended by the committee on rules.

In the senate the reports were presented of the number of pardons, and of the cattle commissioners.

In the house the report of the civil service commission and the metropolitan sewerage commission were presented. Resolutions were adopted upon the death of Judge Devens.

Returns Not Valid.

BOSTON, Jan. 13.—The petition of Ichabod N. Luce vs. the board of examiners for Dukes county for a mandamus to compel the board of examiners to receive the returned copy of the votes cast for county commissioner in the town of Tisbury, and to declare the petitioner elected to the office of commissioner in place of Henry Ripley, has been dismissed by the supreme court. The court holds that the proper remedy for the petition is by quo warranto.

Padlewski, the Avenger.

MADRID, Jan. 13.—The man arrested at Olot is generally believed to be Padlewski, who "removed" Gen. Seliverstoff, the Russian spy and agent at Paris. In an interview, he said that the general was a tyrant who had caused 2500 Poles to be sent to Siberia, and that in killing the Russian secret police agent he had only avenged his family, his countrymen and his co-religionists.

Chilly Times for Chili.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Charles R. Flint & Co., who, with Hemenway & Brown of Boston own the principal line of vessels from here to Chili, received a cablegram from Santiago advising them that the naval forces of Chili had started a revolution. The dispatch did not state how the army stood.

Pawtucket Gets Her Building.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The president has approved the act providing for a public building at Pawtucket, R. I.

BUT ONE FALSE MOVE

And Bloodshed Will Ensue at Pine Ridge Agency.

THE RED MEN ARE HESITATING

Whether to Surrender or Fight It Out—Indications Now Point to a Speedy Settlement of the Indian Troubles

PINE RIDGE, S. D., Jan. 13.—A number of bucks and squaws from the hostile camp have arrived on horseback and in wagons, in all stages of delapidation, but the main body of Indians remained near the mission. As the refugees or visitors reached the outposts they were deprived of their arms by the guards. The wily hostiles, however, displayed only a few weapons and these were later returned to them when they went back to the hostile camp. Shortly after noon the hostiles made a rapid advance, and about 1000 of them came to within 1000 yards of the pickets outside the agency. The Indians will not be permitted to enter the agency and communication with them from within has been prohibited.

At this writing there is no certainty as to what the Indians will do. Gen. Miles himself is in doubt as to what to expect of them. They may, he says, get to within gunshot of the agency and then break away to the camp which they have just abandoned. Fear of all kinds of punishment seems to have taken possession of them, and it is generally understood that one injudicious act on the part of the soldiers or the mad act of some implacable hostile would precipitate a fight, the consequences of which may be scarcely imagined.

Lieut. Taylor of the Ninth cavalry has gone to the Indians with a couple of scouts with the intention of leading them at the proper time to the places designated for their camp at the agency.

They are virtually surrounded by troops and in a disadvantageous position, and revolt would most surely result disastrously to them. Their village comprises about 300 tepees, with about 800 Indians who seem to be well supplied with ponies. All of the village, however, is not visible, and a number of tepees, it is suspected, are concealed in the draws which lead out of the valley and in the direction of the mission.

The Indians promise to send a delegation of chiefs to talk with Gen. Miles, and everything seems very favorable to a successful close of the war, unless the factions within the hostiles should recommence their tribal quarrels. Frank Grouard, the scout, and No Neck and Yankton Charley, all of whom spent Sunday night among the hostiles, say that the latter are still fighting among themselves. They claim the dissension is as great as ever, and it cannot be imagined how the hostiles and the others will be able to arrive at an amicable understanding. The next twenty-four hours will likely witness important events.

Private Harry B. Stone, troop B, who was shot and stabbed on Wounded Knee, is dead.

FURTHER COMPLICATIONS

In the Scottish Railway Strike — New Men Becoming Dissatisfied.

GLASGOW, Jan. 13.—A large number of men who had returned to work on the North British railroad, have rejoined the strikers. The situation is becoming critical. Mr. Tait, secretary of the strikers' union, declares that the men employed on the Southwestern railway here have also unanimously decided to strike again. Many of the new adherents of the companies complain that they have had to work on an average seventeen hours daily and sometimes have to remain on duty for twenty-four hours without relief. They have also been compelled, they allege, to remain on the premises of the railway company for a week at a stretch.

EDINBURGH, Jan. 13.—At a mass meeting of the railroad strikers which took place in this city it was resolved to continue the strike.

Money No Object.

PARIS, Jan. 13.—M. Ribot, minister of foreign affairs, has informed Lord Lytton, the British ambassador, that France will not accept any compensation for her fishery rights in Newfoundland that she does not consider to be their full equivalent. Nothing of that nature had yet been offered her. It was for England to say what she can give. Money would not be accepted.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Forecast for New England: Colder; fair; northwesterly winds.

Storm signals are displayed from Norfolk section to Eastport.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Latest Quotations of the New York and Boston Stock Markets—Jan. 12.

Continued activity and confidence marked the New York stock market trading. The strong condition of the banks, the progress of the Western Traffic association arrangements and the Sugar Trust settlement made for buoyancy, and prices of active stocks generally opened from ¼ to ⅜ higher than Saturday's closing quotations. A feature of the morning trading in Boston was good "public" buying and another was short covering. Luckless shorts in Sugar Trust made a lively scamper to get in out of the cold. Boston orders to buy Atchison and Mexican Central were large. The market quieted down about noon.

The New York Market.

Atchison	30⅞	Nor. Pac. pref.	70¼
Central Pacific	30	Oregon Trans.	17
Chi & Northwest	102¾	Oregon Navi.	82
Del Lack & West	131⅞	Pacific Mail	34⅞
Del & Hudson	134	Reading	33¾
Illinois Central	102	Texas Pacific	16
Lake Shore	108⅛	Union Pacific	46⅛
Missouri Pacific	65¾	Wabash St. L. & P.	10¼
N. J. Central	118	do pref.	19¼
N. Y. Central	103⅛	Wheel & Lake Erie	7
Northern Pacific	28¾	Western Union	80

The Boston Market.

Aspinwall Land	8½	Fitchburg pref.	85½
Fremn's Bay Land	7	Flint & Pere Mar.	21½
Newport Land	2¾	Maine Central	....
West End Land	93	Mexican Central	23
Atchison	31½	N Y & N E	37
Atlantic & Pacific	6	do pref.	115
Boston & Lowell	177½	Old Colony	168
Boston & Maine	205	Union Pacific	46⅝
Boston & Prov.	....	Wisconsin Central	21¼
Chicago, B & Q	92½	American Bell Tel.	215
Central Mass.	19	Mexican	80
do pref.	39	Erie Tel	50
Eastern	....	New England Tel.	51½

The Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—FLOUR—Moderately active; city mills $5 10 to 5 45; city mills patents $5 10 to 5 75; winter wheat, low grades, $3 40 to 3 90; do fair to fancy $3 90 to 5 00; do patents $4 40 to 5 40; Minnesota clear $4 10 to 4 85; do straights $4 35 to 5 10.

WHEAT—Unsettled; No 2 red $1 01 elevator; No 3 red 99½c to $1 00.

CORN—Weaker; No 2, 59⅝c to 60c elevator

OATS—Lower; No 3, 51c; No 1, 53c; mixed western, 49c. to 52c.

COFFEE—Rio active; fair cargoes 19c.

SUGAR—Raw firm; refined unchanged; granulated 5 15-16c cubes 6 ⅛c.

PORK—Unchanged; mess $11 50 to 12 00; extra prime $9 50 to 10 00.

BUCKWHEAT!

NOW IS THE SEASON FOR

Buckwheat Cakes and Maple Syrup.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF BOTH.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

We are the only Firm in this City that have CONFIDENCE FLOUR.

WE HAVE A

FANCY HAXALL FLOUR

That Sells for less money. Give one of our kinds a Trial.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

BOYS, ATTENTION.

START TODAY!

A Prize of $10.00

Will be given to the Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS during January and February.

A Prize of $5.00

Will be given to the Newsboy making the second largest sale during the same period.

$5.00 will also be Given

To each boy, including the above, who sells **5000 or more** copies in the two months, an average of 100 per day.

$2.50 will be Given

To other boys selling 2500 or more copies, an average of 50 per day.

$1.00 will be Given

To all other boys selling 1000 or more copies, an average of 20 per day.

CAUTION!

Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys Will be Supplied at 1 1-2 Cents per Copy

BY THE FOLLOWING AGENTS:

HENRY CORAM	West Quincy
F. E. KIMBALL	West Quincy
MISS A. A. BARTLETT	Brewer's Corner
MISS E. M. FREEMAN	Quincy Point
C. F. WILDE	Wollaston
THOMAS GURNEY	Atlantic
KEMP & TISDALE	East Milton
HENRY B. VINTON	Braintree
GEORGE H. HUNT	East Weymouth

OR AT THE

Daily Ledger Office

Boys or Agents wanting extra papers should give notice before 9 A. M. on the day of publication.

WHEAT !

THE SEASON FOR

s and Maple Syrup.

LARGE STOCK OF BOTH.

FLOUR !

s City that have CONFIDENCE FLOUR.

VE HAVE A

AXALL FLOUR

ey. Give one of our kinds a Trial.

Adams Building, Quincy.

TTENTION.

T TODAY !

e of $10.00

the Newsboy selling the GERS during January and

ze of $5.00

the Newsboy making the e during the same period.

ll also be Given

uding the above, who sells opies in the two months, an er day.

will be Given

elling 2500 or more copies, per day.

will be Given

selling 1000 or more copies, per day.

UTION !

be allowed to club together, dge of such combinations ention of the publishers will om all the prizes.

ied at 1 1-2 Cents per Cop

E FOLLOWING AGENTS :

West Quinc
West Quinc
Brewer's Corne
Quincy Point
Wollaston
Atlanti
East Milton
Braintre
East Weymou

R AT THE

Ledger Office

ents wanting extra pape e before 9 A. M. on the d

COME RIGHT IN

And select one of our Boxes of Cigars. We have the largest stock in the City to select from of

Cigars for the Holiday Trade.

Our Prices are from

ONE DOLLAR TO SEVEN DOLLARS PER BOX.

GEO. F. WILSON & CO.,

108 Hancock Street, Quincy, Mass.

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Nov. 10. tf

BEST IN THE MARKET !

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, July 9. tf

FLANDERS' TONIC

Tones up the Stomach. Makes the Brain Active

Purify your Blood with Flanders' Tonic. That Tired Feeling will be Unknown to those who use it.

A Boon to Overworked Men and Women !

If your Children are ailing, "no appetite," languid and without Strength, Flanders' Tonic will build them up.

TRY IT ! TAKE NO OTHER !

WONDERFUL IN ITS MAKE-UP !

A Combination of Malt Calisaya and Hypophosphites. Tonic and Stimulant.

Guaranteed by all Druggists.

$1.00. Six Bottles for $5.00.

FLANDERS' MANDRAKE PILLS beats them all. Price 25 Cents.

Physicians endorse it. Ask your druggist for it; if he cannot supply you, send direct to us. We prepay express charges upon receipt of price. Made only by

Flanders' Tonic Co., Woburn, Mass., U. S. A.

JOB PRINTING

At the Patriot Office.

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 13.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1887 - Rev. Eben Muse installed as pastor of Presbyterian Church.

World Wide.

1689—Birth of Baron Montesquieu; died 1755.
1690—Death of George Fox, Quaker; born 1624.
1719—Death of Sir Samuel Garth, physician and poet.
1748—Birth of Charles James Fox, statesman; died 1806.
1800—Death of Dr. James Macknight, Scottish commentator; born 1721.
1838—Death of Earl of Eldon, formerly lord chancellor of England; born 1751.
1885—Hon. John Sherman re-elected United States senator from Ohio.
1889—In New York, Helen D. Gould, wife of Jay Gould, died.

Christine Terhune Herrick.

A daughter of Marion Harland, who has made a place for herself by her own work, has a double claim upon the interest of American women.

So familiar has the name of Christine Terhune Herrick become upon the covers of books, and in newspapers and magazines, that it is difficult to realize that her first article was written only five years ago, and that she is one of the youngest in the army of American women writers. Marion Harland educated her daughter almost wholly at home, and trained her, as she insists that every woman should be trained, to be self supporting in case of need.

But, curiously enough, the vocation for which she was trained was not that of a writer, but of a teacher. She was thoroughly trained in English literature, Anglo-Saxon and philology, for a chair in English literature, and she taught her favorite subject in a New England woman's school long enough to become accustomed to teaching methods.

She understands French, Italian, German and Latin, besides English and Anglo-Saxon. But all through her girlhood there was no thought of her writing. It was not until she had been married nearly a year, and was keeping her own house at Springfield, Mass., after Dr. and Mrs. Terhune had removed to Brooklyn, that she sent her first article to a domestic magazine. That was accepted, and was followed by several others, when their author found her work in demand, a demand which has increased from that time to this.—Housekeepers' Weekly.

Letters as Metaphors.

Some curious examples of the use of letters as metaphors may be found in the works of Lightfoot and Wetstein. We often hear of a person having a "stigma upon him." A stigma was formerly the branding iron used by the Greeks for marking their criminals. It was in shape not unlike a small figure five (5), and was usually applied upon the forehead, cheek or back of the hand, where it would not fail to be noticed. The Hebrews are said to have used their final letter, tau, for a similar purpose (see Ezek. ix, 4). In the Talmud it is fabled that the Book of Deuteronomy came and prostrated itself before God and said:

"O Lord of the universe, thou hast written in me thy law, but if a testament is defective in all parts it is defective in all. Behold, Solomon endeavors to root the letter job out of me. Neither shall he multiply wives" (see Talmud, Sanhed., xx, 2. Bible Deut. xvii, 17). "Then," says the Talmud, "the holy blessed God answered, 'Solomon and a thousand such as he shall perish, but the least letter shall not perish out of thee."—St. Louis Republic.

How Animals Die.

That beasts and birds go aside from their comrades to suffer the extreme trials of death is a pathetic fact not generally known. Whales come ashore when they feel ill, so that the waves may dash out the life that is fast ebbing away—deliberate cases of suicide, you will say. Sometimes, no doubt, their friends desert them. The healthy ones feel that the companionship of an enfeebled individual is a possible source of danger. Or it may be that the sight of death is intolerable to them just as it has been to many human races. Whatever the explanation, the fact remains that in the animal world, as a rule, creatures go away and die by themselves; the denizens of the water commit what might be called suicide by leaving their own elements for one in which they cannot exist.—St. Louis Republic.

New Use for Old Hose.

While dredging on the oyster beds near New London, Conn., an oysterman brought up something which at first sight looked like a lifeless sea serpent covered with immense scales, but on examination it turned out to be a strip of hose seven feet long and three inches in diameter, completely hidden by the bivalves, which had become fastened to it. By actual count there were over 1,000 oysters on that piece of hose.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Sirius.

Sirius shining with far greater luster than any other star, it was natural that astronomers should have regarded this as being the nearest of all the "fixed" stars, but recent investigation on the distances of the stars has shown that the nearest to us is Alpha Centauri, a star belonging to the southern latitude, though it is probable that Sirius is about fourth on the list in the order of distance.—Exchange.

FERRETS WERE AFTER THEM.

A White Man and Five Chinamen Who Have Been Smuggling Opium Run Down by Treasury Officers.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—A nest of opium smugglers has been unearthed by Special United States Treasury Agent Moore at Ogdensburg, N. Y., Inspector Lewis of Suspension Bridge and Inspector Taylor, detailed by the treasury department at Montreal. One arrest, a white man, was made at Boston Friday, and five Chinamen have been captured at 34 Pell street, this city, where the Wing Wan Chung company have a large store. Lee Yon Pine, the partner who runs the business in this city, supplies the "joints" with opium.

Two months since the authorities at Washington put the agents on the trail of the smugglers. It was learned that large quantities of opium in its crude state was shipped from China to Victoria and Newminster, B. C., and there to the Canadas, where opium is dutiable at $1 a pound, the duty in the United States under the McKinley act being $12 a pound prepared for smoking.

The white man arrested was A. B. Wilder, who was caught at Boston en route from Canada with a hand grip containing twenty-five pounds of opium prepared for smoking. Wilder was held in $10,000 bail before the United States commissioner in Boston. Papers in the grip led to the apprehension of the Mongolians. Those who were caught were Lee Yon Pine, Lee Fou, Suo King, Lee Quoin and Lee Chung. The last four were held in $1000 as witnesses and allowed to go on their own recognizances, while Lee Yon Pine was held in $5000 for examination. The customs officials express their belief that Wilder or Wilbur has within the past eighteen months defrauded the government of $30,000 in duties.

DOWN A PRECIPICE.

A Freight Train Takes a Fearful Plunge, Killing Two Men.

PORTLAND, Me., Jan. 13.—A freight train on the Maine Central railroad left Lunenburg, Vt., for Bartlett, N. H. It started with an engine, twenty-one cars and a caboose, the latter on the rear end. Engineer Hubbard drove the engine and Conductor Presley was in charge. The train was several hours late. After leaving Crawford's the caboose broke loose and the brakes held it. The rest of the train began to slip on the icy rails and the brakes did not hold. It was soon going at lightning speed, and when near Bemis station the whole train, except the engine and the forward car left the track, and went down an embankment 500 feet.

Two brakemen, Muir and Jarvis, went down with the train and were instantly killed. The cars contained corn and grain, and they were smashed to pieces. Jarvis' body has been found, but Muir's has not. The engine and forward car did not leave the track. A wrecking train went from here. The track was badly torn and it was necessary to transfer passengers on the afternoon train. The track will be opened shortly. Stanley's train had just passed along, and he was to go back the same way in the morning on his way to St. Johnsbury, but he will have to go to Newmarket Junction.

TWO DENIALS.

Gladstone Says Parnell's Assertion Was False—Statement from McCarthy.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—A dispatch was sent to Mr. Gladstone in regard to Mr. Parnell's statement in his Limerick speech that Mr. McCarthy communicated to the ex-premier the substance of Parnell's manifesto before it was published. In reply to this Mr. Gladstone telegraphs as follows: "Mr. Parnell's assertion is untrue. Mr. Parnell told me that he had a manifesto, but he did not describe its contents."

Mr. McCarthy authorized a denial of the report that serious differences arose at the Boulogne conference. He says that the statement that the McCarthyites demanded Mr. O'Brien's unqualified support of their leader and O'Brien repelled their demand, thus leaving a loophole for Parnell's return, is a pure invention.

Heavy Failure in London.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—The firm of J. E. & M. Clark & Co., South American railroad contractors, have failed to meet their bills. Their assets are placed at £1,000,000 and their liabilities at £400,000.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Mme. Bernhardt is laid up with the grip.

Floods are reported in central New Jersey.

Canadians Indians are reported perfectly quiet.

Dr. Schliemann left Emperor William a valuable legacy.

A man in Boston received a severe shock from a "dead" wire.

The pension payments to be made next month will call for $25,000,000.

Foreign corporations are very heavily taxed by the Argentine Republic.

Hanlan offers to row O'Connor after the latter has met Teemer and Gaudaur.

The London dry goods trade is complaining of excessive insurance rates.

Sports are flocking to New Orleans to witness the Dempsey-Fitzsimmons battle.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt denies the reports of dissensions among the Liberal leaders.

At a court dinner in Vienna Minister Grant was affably received by the emperor and empress.

Ex-Governor Cheney of New Hampshire denies that he made a senatorship trade with Chandler.

The Missouri statutes are construed to offer a stumbling block for the new railroad agreement.

Senator McMillian introduced a bill to give the widow of Gen. Custer a pension of $100 a month.

The Zetland-Balfour fund, raised for the relief of the suffering poor of Ireland, now amounts to $100,000.

Favorable report has been agreed upon on a bill amending the anti-pooling section of the interstate commerce act.

The Massachusetts supreme court has decided that the town of Peabody has no authority to construct an electric light plant.

Intensely cold weather continues throughout England and heavy snowstorms are reported in Germany and Austria.

The Kelly house, the Nesbitt block, the Webb block and other property at Brighton, Ont., was burned. Total loss $40,000; insurance unknown.

The New York Chamber of Commerce took adverse action on Secretary Windom's interconvertible bank plan, and also opposed the free coinage measure.

Professor Young, Princeton's astronomer, has been awarded the Janssen prize for 1890 by the French Academy of Sciences, in recognition of his brilliant discoveries in spectrology.

A TURN IN THE TUNE.

Behring Sea Muddle Now Before the Supreme Court.

CASE OF A BRITISH POACHER

Forms a Nucleus for the Bringing Up of the Subject by Lawyer Choate—Report of the Committee Who Investigated the Ohio Ballot Box Forgery.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—One of the most eminent lawyers in the United States, Joseph A. Choate of New York, entered the supreme court room and placed beside him a grip-sack filled with briefs. A few moments later he was engaged in addressing the supreme court in support of a petition which caused every member of that bench to look upon the counselor with surprise, while the attorney general of the United States, who sat beside him, listened with amazement. Mr. Choate proposed, by a petition which he desired to have the supreme court grant, a writ of prohibition to bring directly before the United States supreme court the question of the Behring Sea, together with all controversies relating to it, which are now pending between the United States and Great Britain. Moreover, Mr. Choate spoke in behalf of the government of Great Britain. The British subject is Thomas Henry Cooper, owner and claimant of the British schooner Sayward, which was recently seized in Alaska on the ground of violating the laws of the United States relative to the catching of seals in Behring Sea.

In the course of his oral statement, Mr. Choate said that while it was to be presumed that the United States would welcome the opportunity of having a decision by its own highest court on the subject of the territorial jurisdiction of the United States in Behring Sea, it was desired to give the United States at the outset full opportunity to be heard. It is understood that the attorney general will oppose the motion, asking leave to file the papers.

In a brief accompanying the papers, a legal argument is made to show why the writ should be issued. The question as to the jurisdiction of the supreme court to issue the prohibition is taken up, and section 688 of the revised statutes, which gives the supreme court jurisdiction in questions of admiralty, is quoted.

Authorities on international law are quoted to sustain the contention that a nation cannot exercise jurisdiction more than one marine league from shore. Citations are made from diplomatic correspondence to show that the United States always recognized and insisted upon the enforcement of this principle of international law as against all nations that have at any time attempted to set up a claim to such jurisdiction. It is argued that no nation could exercise jurisdiction over the Behring Sea except by the consent of all other nations. It is not conceded that Russia ever had such jurisdiction, but if she had, by the consent of other nations, it is disputed that any cession of that right of jurisdiction was ever made to the United States by Russia.

It is held that the court must pass upon and determine what is "the dominion of the United States in the Behring Sea." The treaty of cession from Russia to the United States is examined. The plain language of the cession, counsel maintains, is to grant all the territory and dominion of Russia on the continent and in the adjacent islands. No dominion over the waters of the sea is mentioned. The brief goes over at great length what was included in the cession, and concludes by maintaining that the United States has no jurisdiction more than three miles from shore.

In view of what has recently been transpiring between the state department and the British foreign office it need not be said that the proceedings which it was attempted to institute in the United States supreme court came in the nature of an international surprise. The judges indicated their surprise by giving Mr. Choate to understand that they did not receive the petition. The attorney general of the United States said that the matter was such a surprise to him that he desired delay. Mr. Choate said that in view of what was proceeding in another branch of the United States the supreme court of the United States might not care to consider it, and for that reason he was willing there should be delay.

The court decided that in two weeks the argument of the counsel would be heard as to whether or not permission should be given to the British government on behalf of the British subject to file this petition. At that time the attorney general of the United States will undoubtedly be prepared to present the case of the United States. If this petition shall be granted the whole question of the United States jurisdiction in the Behring Sea will be transferred to the United States supreme court.

OHIO'S BALLOT BOX SCANDAL.

Wood Uttered the Forgery—Was Aided by Foraker and Halstead.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The house committee to investigate the Ohio ballot box forgery, in its report, finds that the ballot box was prepared by Wood; that the signatures were forged; that none of the persons named in the contract had any improper interests in the ballot box; that Wood uttered the forgery to procure Foraker's recommendation; that Foraker and Halstead aided in uttering it by exhibiting the paper and by publishing it; but that neither Foraker nor Halstead knew that it was a forgery. All the members of the committee, except the chairman, in an additional finding, hold that careful scrutiny of the paper must have shown its false character, and that the high station of the parties involved should have suggested verification, as evidence was near at hand. Chairman Mason disagreed on this point.

In Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—In the senate Mr. Quay introduced his substitute elections bill. There was a tilt between Messrs. Plumb and Platt on the copyright bill. Further discussion of the financial bill took place.

In the house a special committee was appointed to investigate the alleged "silver pools." Southern elections were discussed in connection with the army appropriation bill.

Senator Davis introduced a proposed amendment to the apportionment bill, the purpose of which is to increase the representation in the house to 360. The amendment also gives Arkansas 7 instead of 6 congressmen, Minnesota 8, Missouri 16 and New York 35.

AT CLOSE RANGE.

An East Boston Man Makes a Determined Attempt to Murder His Landlord—The Assailant Mysteriously Disappears.

BOSTON, Jan. 13.—A shooting affray which will probably result in a man's death, and which has several remarkable features occurred late yesterday afternoon in East Boston. The man who tried to commit murder is Newell L. Emmons, a young man well and favorably known in the district as a pedler of meats, and his victim is Thomas Dolan, his landlord.

Dolan owns the houses on Paris street, numbered 179 to 183, and lets the whole of one and the bottom of the other which he and his family do not occupy. Emmons, who has a wife and child, is one of his tenants. There has been a disagreement between the men over money matters. The exact nature of the dispute is not known, but seems to be agreed that Dolan had collected his month's rent by the aid of a constable, and that Emmons had been obliged to pay not only the rent but the costs of the legal proceedings.

This seems to have inspired Emmons with the spirit of murder. It is stated—though it is given as one of the rumors which were current in the district last night—that a few days ago he advertised his horse and wagon for sale, and that he premeditated Dolan's death and laid plans for eluding detection.

During the late afternoon of yesterday he was seen in the yard, which is common to both houses, evidently awaiting his landlord's coming. At a quarter before 6 the men met. There were no witnesses to what talk, if any, preceded the shooting. From the fragmentary information obtained from Dolan prior to his removal to the general hospital it appears that Emmons' attack was a most murderous one.

One shot, the first one, went wide of its mark; another perforated a small wooden measure which Dolan held up for protection; one struck above the left temple and glanced off; an another—the one which may prove fatal—entered the chin and is thought to be lodged in the lower jaw well back.

Emmons' escape is by no means the least remarkable part of the affair. He disappeared as completely as if swallowed up by the earth. Since he cleared the fence, which divides the yard from an open, ice-covered lot, extending to Chelsea street, nothing has been seen of him.

He is personally known to most of the policemen in the district, and to a great many of the residents. In view of these facts it is probable that he had thoroughly mapped out his line of retreat from the scene of his crime.

STAGE BUSINESS WEARING OFF.

Sullivan May Soon Have a Battle with Slavin or Jackson.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 13.—Although every effort is being made to keep the matter secret here, it was learned, that, after the Dempsey-Fitzsimmons mill is decided, James Wakeley, who is one of the chief stockholders in the Puritan Athletic club of Long Island City, N. Y., and who furnished part of the money to back Sullivan, in his fight with Kilrain, will go to Chicago to meet Sullivan and others, and that a challenge to Slavin or Jackson will be framed for a championship stake and a big outside bet. The Puritan club folks will want the event decided at their own building, and there will, of course, be lively opposition.

Sullivan's friends are confident that he would have an easy time of it with either Slavin or the negro, as it is well known that the glamour of the stage is fast wearing away from the big fellow, and he would undoubtedly be glad of a chance to win thousands with his fists in a short hour or so.

Wakeley, Lynch and other members of the ring are silent when approached on the subject, but from an authoritative source it is learned that there will be such a meeting in Chicago within the next two weeks.

He Founded Plantsville.

HARTFORD, Jan. 13.—Howard Plant, one of the two brothers who gave its name to the manufacturing village of Plantsville in the town of Southington, is dead, aged 74. About forty years ago, the Plant brothers began the manufacture of carriage bolts in Southington. They built up in time an enormous business. They were several times burned out and after the last fire removed the shops to New Haven. Mr. Plant retired from business several years ago. He was widely known and highly esteemed.

End of the Kearney Case.

BOSTON, Jan. 13.—District Attorney Stevens has ordered the case against Patrolman Kearney, late of station Nine, charged with criminal negligence in killing a boy named John Davenport last September, placed on file, and it probably never will be tried. It will be remembered that Kearney, after a long trial on a charge of manslaughter, was found not guilty by the jury. On the charge of having recklessly and carelessly fired his pistol, thus causing death, the jury disagreed.

A Poor Old Couple's Sad Fate.

JERSEY CITY, Jan. 13.—Charles Thielcke and his wife Augusta, an aged couple living on the upper floor of a two-story frame house on Thorn street, were found dead in their bedroom. They undoubtedly committed suicide by taking hydrate of chloral and had been dead two or three days. Want probably caused the act, as the old man was disabled by rheumatism and could not work at his trade as a bookbinder.

Mutineers Arrested.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—The steamer Yucatan, from Havana, brought seven mutinous seamen from the bark Matanzas, which arrived at Havana, Dec. 21, from New York. They were taken into custody by the United States marshal on the arrival of the steamer at quarantine.

The Concord Has Steam Up.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—The United States cruiser Concord went on a preliminary trial trip yesterday and returned and anchored at City Island for the night, intending to make a complete trial of the capacity of her engines to-day.

The Lymph in Providence.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 13.—Dr. Gardiner T. Swarts has received a supply of lymph. He will make a trial of it in a few days on a patient at the Rhode Island hospital. The patient is a Swede and his disease is not very far advanced.

New England Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The senate confirmed the following nominations of postmasters: W. A. Densmere, Lyndonville, Vt.; H. S. Ives, Plantsville, Conn.; A. B. Baldwin, Terryville, Conn.

Senator Vance Renominated.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 13.—Senator Vance was unanimously renominated for United States senator by the Democratic legislative caucus.

H. T. Whitman,

CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,

ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

Hours, 8 to 10 A. M.

Boston Office, - - 85 Devonshire St.

Hours, 12 to 2 P. M.

N. B. Plans of nearly all the Real Estate in the City of Quincy can be found at my offices,

May 28. d3t&w—tf

Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter at his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.

Boston, Nov. 5. tf

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

"Little Monitor."

The Best School Shoe for Misses and Children.

Saville & Jones.

THE ONLY PLACE IN QUINCY

To get the Famous

Lebanon Overalls and Jumpers

is at

SAVILLE & JONES'.

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING,

QUINCY AVENUE.

Nov. 13. 3 mos

Old Colony.

On and after Oct. 13, 1890. Trains Leave

QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.11, 6.55, 7.27, 7.33, 7.38, 7.52, 8.12, 8.34, 8.40, 9.18, 9.59, 10.38, 10.57 A. M.; 12.05, 1.02, 1.17, 1.42, 2.50, 4.00, 4.07, 4.48, 4.57, 5.33, 5.40, 6.14, 7.05, 7.10, 8.11, 9.06, 10.19, 10.24 P. M. **SUNDAY**—9.19, 9.31 A. M.; 1.46, 5.53, 6.37, 7.25, 8.14, 9.16, 11.01 P. M.

RETURN.—5.45, 6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 10.05, 11.02 A. M.; 12.00 M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.30, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4.42, 5.10, 5.37, 6.00, 6.07 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 8.15, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY**—8.30, 9.00, 9.15, A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 5.45, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

WOLLASTON HEIGHTS FOR BOSTON.—6.14, 6.59, 7.37, 7.41, 8.15, 8.46, 9.21, 10.02, 11.00 A. M.; 12.08, 1.05, 1.45, 2.13, 4.11, 5.00, 5.43, 6.18, 7.14, 8.15, 9.09, 10.28 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.34 A. M.; 1.49, 6.19, 9.20, 11.04 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02 A. M.; 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.07, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR BOSTON.—6.1, 7.02, 7.16, 7.44, 8.05, 9.24, 10.04, 11.15 A. M.; 12.11, 1.2', 1.56, 2.56, 4.15, 5.48, 6.31, 7.12, 7.17, 8.18, 9.12 10.31 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.37 A. M.; 1.52, 6.23, 9.23, 11.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 6.45, 7.35, 8.00, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02 A. M.; 12.02, 12.30, 1.15, 1.55, 2.25, 3.12, 4.18, 4.22, 4.42, 5.33, 5.40, 6.15, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

QUINCY ADAMS FOR BOSTON.—6.07, 6.51, 7.23, 7.35, 8.08, 9.15, 9.56, 10.54 A. M.; 12.02, 1.38, 2.46, 4.03, 5.37, 6.11, 7.07, 8.07, 9.03, 10.21 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.27 A. M.; 1.42, 6.11, 9.12, 10.57 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 9.40, 11.02 A. M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 3.12, 4.18, 4.42, 5.55, 6.00, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

WEST QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.08, 7.05, 7.54, 9.11, 11.04 A. M.; 1.46, 3.25, 5.27, 6.20, 10.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25, 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

EAST MILTON FOR BOSTON—6.12, 7.09, 7.58, 9.15, 11.08 A. M.; 1.50, 3.55, 5.31, 6.24, 10.11 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR EAST MILTON AND WEST QUINCY.—6.48, 8.17, 10.00 A. M.; 12.50, 2.40, 4.42, 5.50, 6.42, 8.14 P. M.

GEO. L. CONNOR, Gen'l Pass'r Agt.

J. R. KENDRICK, General Manager.

ALL LINEN

CRASH

5c. per Yard.

New Cheviot Shirtings,

10c. and 12 1-2c.

Ladies' and Children's

GAITERS,

50c. a pair

AT

Miss C. S. Hubbard's,

158 Hancock St., Quincy.

Of Course

The Ladies would like a Rubber Shoe which will not break or slip at the heel. Try the

"B. & L. HOLDFAST."

We have all Widths and Sizes.

Saville & Jones.

LOST.

LOST.—Sunday, between the Quincy depot and Cottage street, a Black Astracan Cape. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at the LEDGER OFFICE.

WANTED.

WANTED,—A No. 1 Letter Cutter. Apply at E. J. QUALEY & CO.'S., South Quincy. Jan. 13—2t

WANTED,—A strong, willing girl to do general housework. Swede preferred. Apply at 41 Hancock street. Jan. 13—tf

WANTED.—Protestant girl for general housework at No. 9 Adams street. Quincy, Jan. 12. tf

WANTED,—Twenty Granite Cutters at Granby Granite Quarry, Columbia, S. C. Wages, $3.25 to $3.50 for 9 hours, or piece work. Weather always mild enough to work comfortably outside all winter. Steady employment to first-class men. A. R. STEWART. Jan. 9, 10, 13.

WANTED,—25 girls at John E. Drake & Co.s' shoe factory. Apply Wednesday morning. Quincy, Jan. 5—tf

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

TO LET.

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.

Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms.

Apply to HENRY H. FAXON. Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—Very desirable property in South Quincy. House contains 11 rooms, city water and furnace; stable attached with accommodation for 6 horses. Five acres of land, cuts 7 tons hay. Plenty of fruit, etc. A sightly location, near Electric cars and railroad station. Will lease for term of years to right party. Enquire of B. N. ADAMS, Real Estate, Quincy. Jan. 13—pl tf

TO LET.—A large unfurnished Room, suitable for doctor or lawyer. For further particulars enquire on the premises, of N. A. WILD, 58 Water street. Dec. 24—tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

BLANKET LINED

Canvas Jackets

— AT —

Saville & Jones'.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree
Geo. H. Hunt,	East Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 13.

High water at 1.00 A. M. and 1.15 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.12; Sets at 4.35.
Moon sets at 8.25 P. M.
First quarter Jan. 17, 1.18 A. M.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

Holbrook was the first town in Norfolk County to accept the Australian ballot act for town meetings, and Canton the second. The other towns are fast falling into line.

Mayor Hebbard, of Newton, in his inaugural, recommended the keeping of all franchises within the direct control of the city, and so arranging details as to enable the city to realize a consideration for all privileges granted.

The Brockton water works system has cost the city $465,000, and over 35 miles of mains and distribution pipes and 12 miles of service pipe are in use. The water supply is equal to all demands, and a standpipe and pumping station, to furnish a high-pressure service, are now being constructed at a cost of $48,000.

We learn that Mayor Fairbanks is giving considerable time to straightening out the Willard schoolhouse matter. He could not turn his attention in a better direction at present. If he can only succeed in pushing the completion of the building he will make himself popular, not only in West Quincy, but will prove that the confidence of the voters was not misplaced.

Gov. Russell's suggestion to establish some uniform and accurate system of counting and canvassing the votes cast in an election, is a step in the right direction. Many were in hopes that recent vote in Quincy for Messrs. Wilde and Green would be carried to the Supreme Court, that it might pass judgment as to what marks should be counted. As the Governor says such a system could make the accuracy of the first count so certain as to obviate or restrict the necessity of any recount.

Another recommendation of the Governor to which we say amen is that giving cities greater powers, or rather not limiting them so much by laws. The inaugural commends to the Legislature the subject of enlarging the powers by general laws, especially in matters of taxation, franchises, municipal control of municipal work, and ownership of instrumentalities for its performance. Mr. Russell truly says the exercise of such powers can well be left as a question of expediency for each community to determine for itself. It should not be necessary for Quincy to apply for a special act to establish a sewerage system, or water works, or an electric light works. Rather submit it to the vote of the people.

Anything bearing on the purchase of water works by cities and litigation over the same is of interest to Quincy people at this time. Portsmouth, N. H., is having trouble, as the following dispatch explains:

"Something of a fight is in prospect in the Legislature, now in session, over the completion of the purchase of the works and franchise of the Portsmouth Aqueduct Company by the city. Last fall the city council voted to purchase the works at $150,000. This was only accomplished after a bitter fight in the city councils, notwithstanding the fact that over 2,000 taxpayers had signed petitions in favor of the purchase. The purchase was fought by such prominent men and heavy taxpayers as Frank Jones, E. H. Winchester, Col. Charles A. Sinclair and others. While all these men are in favor of the city owning its own water works, they object to paying $150,000 for the same, considering this sum far in excess of the value of the plant. After the bill was passed authorizing the purchase, something like $10,000 was paid by the city to bind the bargain, the balance to be paid as soon as proper legislation could be securred so that the city could issue water bonds.

Monday ex-Alderman Arthur W. Walker was circulating a petition to the Legislature, remonstrating against the completion of the purchase until the supreme court, or some other proper tribunal, shall fix a just price for the works of the company. The petition is being signed by many of the heavest taxpayers of the city, and it is generally believed that the Legislature will provide for an appraisal of the property."

FOR SALE.

The Estate belonging to the heirs of the late John Page, consisting of a one story and a half cottage house, and about 14,000 feet of land, situated on Foster street.

JOHN PAGE, 104 Hancock St. Quincy, Feb. 15. 2w—tf

N. CURTIS & CO.'S

Fine Shoes at

Saville & Jones'.

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

Priscilla tonight.

Councilman Spear is more comfortable today.

No nominations have as yet been made for the special election.

Woodbine Lodge of Wollaston install officers this evening.

The warrants were issued today for the special election of Jan. 27.

Miss Brewer's name is dropped from the list of candidates at her request.

The officers elect of Clan McGregor, No. 5, O. S. C., will be installed Wednesday evening.

The evening meetings at the West Quincy Methodist church are being continued this week.

Local Branch 904 of the Iron Hall will install its officers for the insuing year this evening, at French's hall.

The coperators of the City Hospital will hold their annual meeting at Faxon hall next Monday evening.

A meeting of the Royal Purple and Scarlet degree members, I. O. O. F., will be held Wednesday evening.

Mr. W. Henry Dean arrived home Monday morning from his semi-annual business trip through the southern states.

John McGovern, formerly in the boot and shoe business at West Quincy, is now located in the state of Washington.

B. J. Weeks of Newport, R. I., has accepted the position as general manager of the Quincy & Boston Street Railway.

Those indignant citizens at the retirement of Commissioner Alexander must be very few. We have not yet encountered one.

A Ward Five Republican caucus will be held at the depot on Thursday evening at 7.30 o'clock to elect delegates to the City convention.

The Republican caucuses will be held Thursday evening in the several wards, to be followed by a convention to nominate a councilman-at-large.

Stephen Little has a suit of clothes on exhibition in his store window at West Quincy for the boy who brings in the most LEDGER coupons.

The Norfolk County Undertakers hold their annual meeting today at the United States Hotel, Boston. Messrs. Hall and Brown, of Quincy, will attend.

Those who attended Prof. Banta's first reception and ball will not miss the second, to be given in Faxon hall Wednesday night. Another enjoyable evening may be expected.

Mr. Henry M. Faxon left this afternoon with the Raymond tourists for Mexico, where he will visit the leading cities and go down to the tropics, taking in California on the return.

The City Council is a little slow in getting down to work, but perhaps it will be just as well if fewer meetings are held, as there will be less opportunity to make appropriations. Last year the committees were appointed Jan. 13.

The grand concert and ball of Quincy Court, M. C. O. F., to be held at the Coliseum, Tuesday evening March 31, will be one of the events of the season, and the several committees will leave nothing undone to make it a crowning success.

District Deputy Grand Regent C. W. Cheney and suite of Cambridgeport installed the officers of the John Adams Council, Royal Arcanum, of Wollaston, Monday evening. The installation was followed by a supper.

The testimonial assembly, tendered by Mr. John Westland to his pupils at Doble's hall, Monday evening, was a decided success. The floor was under the able management of Mr. Charles Spargo, assisted by Mr. Edward McIntosh, and a competent corps of aids. Music was furnished by Mr. William Wilson.

Saturday was a day of sleighs, and parties were numerous especially in the afternoon. Miss Theodora Hayward, daughter of Councilman and Mrs. J. Francis Hayward, gave a very pleasant sleighing party to her young friends, out to Brighton to the Milldam. The guests were Miss Hobart, of Braintree, Miss Zayma King, Miss Ruth Randall, Miss Alice Prescott, Miss Sadie Whicher, Mr. Vare King and Mr. Edwin Pratt, of Quincy. Mrs. Hayward chaperoned the party and on the return invited them all to the house where a tempting lunch awaited them. After a few games and much merriment the guests departed thanking their hostess for a very pleasant afternoon.

NOTICE.

THE Annual Meeting of the Corporators of the City Hospital of Quincy, will be held at Faxon hall, on MONDAY EVENING, Jan. 19th, at 8 o'clock, to hear the report of the Trustees; to choose officers for the ensuing year, and to transact any other business that may legally come before it. The public are invited to be present, and parties wishing to become members of the Corporation are requested to send in their names to be voted upon.

W. W. ADAMS, Clerk. Quincy, Jan. 13. 1t

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately.

Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD. Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

Royal Baking Powder Has no Equal.

The United States Official Report

Of the Government Baking Powder tests recently made, under authority of Congress, by the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., furnishes the highest authoritative information as to which powder is the best. The Official Report shows the ROYAL superior to all others in leavening power; a cream of tartar powder of highest quality.

The Canadian Tests:

"The strength of the Royal is shown to be 23 per cent. greater than any other.

"As a result of my investigations I find the Royal Baking Powder far superior to the others. It is pure, contains none but wholesome ingredients, and is of greatest strength.

"F. X. VALADE,
"Public Analyst, Ontario,
"Dominion of Canada."

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another instalment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list concludes all whose surname begins with "R."

WARD ONE.

To Whom Taxed.	Value.	Tax
Rogers Bros. Stock in trade,	$4,000	
Five horses,	700	
Carriage,	50	
Cow,	50	
Ice house,	200	$68 00
Rogers, Albion. House on Canal street,	800	
Land, 2,385 feet,	350	15 64
Rogers, Harriet G. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	2,000	
House on Greenleaf street,	3,300	
Stable,	700	
Land, 21,025 feet,	1,900	107 44
Rogers Howard. Carriage,	100	
Land, Butler estate, 27,458 feet,	2,750	38 76
Rogers, William A. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	6,000	
Horse and carriages,	350	88 36
Russell, Aaron W., estate of. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	500	
Carriage,	100	
House on Hancock street,	2,800	
Stable and office,	600	
Land, 4 acres,	17,200	
Land in rear, 3 acres,	2,000	315 52
Russell, Edward. Stock in trade,	5,000	
Three horses,	450	
Storehouse on Hancock street,	300	78 20
Russell, Elsie. Money and income,	1,000	13 60
Russell, George. Money and income,	1,000	
Yacht,	250	19 00
Ryan, James. House on Granite street,	700	
Land, one-fourth acre,	200	14 24
Ryden, Alexander. Three horses,	400	
House on North common,	1.100	
Land, 8,000 feet,	200	23 12

WARD TWO.

Rogers, Alvin. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	6,000	
Horse and cow,	200	
House on Quincy avenue,	2,300	
Barn,	300	
Land, 13,200 feet,	1,300	139 36

WARD THREE.

Rogers, Alvin. House on Pleasant street,	2,600	
House on Quincy street,	1,000	
Land, 11,000 feet,	900	61 20
Ross, John. House on Liberty street,	1,100	
Land, 6,000 feet,	300	21 04
Rossiter, John. House on Mt. Pleasant street,	800	
Stable,	200	
Land, 17,487 feet,	460	
Land opposite, 27,000 feet,	400	26 48
Roush, Joseph. House on Columbia street,	1,000	
Land, 6,000 feet,	250	19 00
Russell, Edward. Storehouse on Liberty street,	400	
Land, 3,300 feet,	300	9 52

WARD FOUR.

Rogers, O. T. Granite Co. Machinery,	1,500	
Five derricks,	1,600	
Buildings,	2,500	
Land, 12 1-2 acres,	5,000	
Quarry,	7,000	
Two houses off Willard street,	2,600	
Land, one-fourth acre,	500	
Fourteen lots off Willard street,	800	
Land, 1,600 feet,	50	
Land, 26,000 feet,	300	297 16
Rollou, Joseph. House on Common street,	1,400	
Shop,	200	
Land, one-half acre,	300	27 84
Rollou Bros. Machinery,	300	
Derrick,	200	6 80
Rooney, Bartholomew. House and barn on Bates avenue,	750	
Land, 61,698 feet,	600	20 36
Roredder, Mrs. Guerin. House on Arthur street,	900	
Land, 9,360 feet,	300	16 32
Rose, James. House on Centre street,	1,200	
Land, 10,000 feet,	400	23 76
Ryan, John. House on Common street,	1,000	
Land, 55,000 feet,	800	26 48

WARD FIVE.

Rollins, Harriet L. House on Lincoln avenue,	3,500	
Stable,	150	
Land, 9,036 feet,	700	59 16
Rollins, Joshua D. Land in section 2, 9,085 feet,	400	5 44
Russell, Lizzie C. Half house on Marion street,	3,250	
Land, 4,078 feet,	500	51 00

WARD SIX.

Ross, Hugh. Land on Clive street, 7,139 feet,	350	4 76
Russell, A. W., estate of. House on Squantum street,	800	
Barn,	100	
Land, 2 1-2 acres,	1,200	
Land on Atlantic street, 120,000 feet,	4,500	89 76
Russell, Mrs. Mary A. House on Billings street,	1,800	
Stable,	200	
Land, 7,800 feet,	500	34 00

AN OLD FORM OF TRIAL.

DECISION BY WAGER OF LAW, OR TRIAL BY COMPURGATION.

The Party Made Oath to the Facts and Called His Neighbors to Swear They Believed Him—Interesting Results of Such Trials.

There is a charm in antiquity, the force of which we all feel and acknowledge. It lends an additional value to many of those things that we esteem the highest. We love an old friend, a bottle of old wine, an old coin, an old picture, an old statue, an old manuscript, an old book. To the same latent virtue we are probably to attribute the strong attachment of the legal profession to old laws and institutions, and hence the zeal of our legal writers to trace back all that is valuable in both to the remotest period. We cling with tenfold affection to the institutions that can boast the dignity of barbarian origin; and blessed is the man who can prove to our satisfaction that we are living under laws framed by the philosophy of our half clad Saxon ancestors in the contemplative retirement of their bogs and fastnesses.

The persevering efforts of the learned to show that we are indebted to the wisdom of the dark ages for our trial by jury are well known. The attempt was laudable, although not quite successful. But if the pedigree of juries be involved in some doubt, there have been other judicial forms the claims of which to Teutonic origin may be established without even the aid of strained interpretation or far fetched surmise. Of this number is "Wager of Law, or Trial by Compurgation"—a species of trial which maintained its ground in the English courts until a comparatively recent date.

Our ancestors, considering that there were many cases in which an innocent man of good credit might be overborne by a multitude of false witnesses, established this species of trial, by the oath of the defendant himself; for if he absolutely swore that he was not chargeable and appeared to be a person of reputation, he went free and forever acquitted of the debt or other cause of action.

The manner of waging and making law was this: The defendant having given security to make his law—that is, take the benefit which the law has allowed him—brought with him into the court room eleven of his neighbors. The defendant, then standing at the end of the bar, was admonished by the judges of the nature and danger of a false oath. If he still persisted, he was made to repeat an oath in substance as follows: "Hear this, ye justices, that I do not owe unto Richard Jones the sum of ten pounds, nor any penny thereof, in manner and form as the said Richard hath declared against me. So help me, God!" And thereupon his eleven neighbors, or compurgators, were made to avow upon their oaths that they believed in their consciences that the defendant spoke the truth.

The result of wager of law was to perpetually bar the claim of the plaintiff, and it was never permitted except where the defendant bore a fair and irreproachable character, and it was also confined in England to such cases where a debt might be supposed to be discharged or satisfaction made in private without any witnesses to attest it.

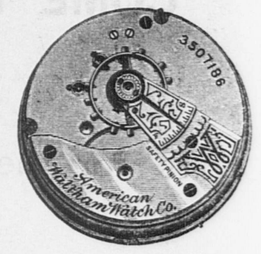
Trial by compurgation was in general use among the northern tribes that overran the Roman empire. It was one of many expedients for eliciting truth which prevailed in an age rather remarkable for active energy than for intellectual acuteness and subtle distinctions. In those days religion was not infrequently called in aid of law. In modern times law is but too often called to the assistance of religion. Repeated mention is made of trial by compurgation in the codes of the northern nations in old charters and by the earlier historians.

In his valuable work on the "Origin of the Laws and Institutions of Modern Europe," Mr. Spence observes that the system of compurgation, so far as putting the party himself to his oath, evidently had its origin from the decisory oath of the Romans. In the same spirit we might assert that the system of trial by jury, so far as regards judges and witnesses, evidently had its origin in the proceedings before a Turkish cadi. The fact is that scarcely a single instance occurs in the whole of the barbarian codes where the decision of any question was left to the unsupported oath of either of the parties. Besides, the decisory oath itself differed most materially from the oath of purgation—the former was tendered by one of the parties to the other, as the means of abridging a civil suit; the latter was prescribed by the law as a specific defense to a criminal charge or a civil claim.

The number of compurgators varied considerably, according to the importance of the subject, the character of the person or the customs of the particular people. In Wales there was a species of purgation, denominated assath, existing at the beginning of the Fifteenth century, in which the number of compurgators amounted to 300. Twelve, however, appears to have been the usual number, including the party himself.

Upon a superficial view of the subject it might seem that the custom of compurgation was calculated to prevent the perjury which would have ensued if the decision of the question had been left to the oath of the accused alone. But when we consider that at the period when it generally prevailed the ties of consanguinity and clanship were regarded as superior to all other obligations, we shall find that the security was rather apparent than real. It cannot, therefore, surprise us that the complaints of the prevalence of false swearing were universal.

Trial by compurgation, thus respectable in its origin, became the inheritance of the English; and they preserved it, as we have already said, to a comparatively recent period, with that jealous affection and filial reverence which have converted their code into a species of museum of antiquities and legal curiosities.—Jurist.



Who's Ahead

IN THE

Ledger Contest?

Is a question asked by a thousand tongues every day.

BUT

When you wish to purchase a

Good Reliable Watch

You naturally ask

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Jewelry Business?

One Peep

Into the Store and a single glance over the Stock of

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

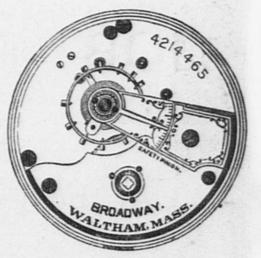
Will convince the most credulous that he has climbed to the top in Quincy, and is prepared to show the finest line of Goods, and give honest prices to all.

☞ Please call and be convinced, whether you wish to purchase or not.

T. L. WILLIAMS,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.



Jan. 9. 6t

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Ledger Contest?

Is a question asked by a thousand tongues every day.

BUT

When you wish to purchase a

Good Reliable Watch

You naturally ask

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Jewelry Business?

One Peep

Into the Store and a single glance over the Stock of

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

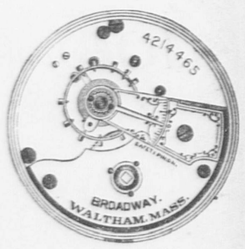
Will convince the most credulous that he has climbed to the top in Quincy, and is prepared to show the finest line of Goods, and give honest prices to all.

☞ Please call and be convinced, whether you wish to purchase or not.

T. L. WILLIAMS,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.



Jan. 9. 6t

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 12. QUINCY, MASS., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

IN ORDER

To comply with this letter we have closed our store WEDNESDAY, Jan. 14th,

Open Thursday morning at 8 o'clock,

WITH THE

MOST FEARFUL MARK DOWN

Ever Known!

—:—

$20 Overcoats, reduced to		$10.00
$1.50 Underwear	"	.75
$12 Suits	"	$6.00

—o—

We have no room here to advertise prices. Come and see for yourself.

—o—

QUINCY ONE PRICE CLOTHING CO.,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

LOOK at these PRICES!

—o—

	Regular Price.	Our Price.
Fellow's Syrup,	$1.50.	96c.
Hood's Sarsaparilla,	1.00.	75c.
Ridge's Food, Medium Size,	65c.	40c.
Armour's Beef,	1.00.	75c.
Armour's Beef, Small Size,	50c.	40c.
Hot Water Bottles, 2 qts.,	1.50.	$1.15
Finest Stationery, In Broken Lots,	20c. per quire,	10c.
Envelopes to Match,	20c. per bunch,	10c.

Durgin's Cough Balsam cures Coughs and Colds.

Durgin's Beef, Iron and Wine for Strength.

Fine lot of Bath Sponges just received.

A lot of Soap to close out, former price, 10c. per cake, present price, your choice for 5c.

DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

—||—

OUR MOTTO:

"RELIABILITY."

THE FOLLOWING LETTER EXPLAINS IT ALL:

Office of

Whitten, Burdett & Young,

3 Winthrop Square,

Boston, Jan. 12, 1891.

Quincy One Price Clothing Co.,

Quincy, Mass.:

In the adjustment of the affairs of Whitten, Burdett & Young, it is important that collections should be made at once. We must therefore ask you to send us $3000 within the next two weeks.

Charles H. Allen,

Jonathan A. Lane,

Assignees.

NEW LEADER.

Miss McGovern is Now Number One.

Mr. Bowditch Jumps Into Fifth Place Today.

A Half Dozen New Candidates—Not at the Foot Either.

For several days Miss McGovern has received the largest vote in the popularity contest, but not until today did she overcome the lead of Miss Leary, and take first place. Her vote today was 520 which gives her a lead of 333.

Miss McGovern is employed in the office of the Citizens Gas Light Company on Temple street. She is a recent graduate of the High School, and as her vote shows, has many friends.

Miss Leary's vote today was 153, while Mr. Tirrell strengthened his claim to third position with 356 new votes. Miss McPhail yields fifth place to Mr. Bowditch, who lacks less than 100 votes of getting his name in larger type.

Among the others to get large votes were Mr. Foy and Mr. Caldwell.

Six new candidates have entered the field; each with four or more votes.

It will again be necessary to shorten the list, and on and after Monday all with less than ten votes will be dropped.

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss McGovern,	Gas Light Co.'s,	2408
Miss Leary,	S. B. Little's,	2075
Henry W. Tirrell,	John Page's,	1817
Robert E. Foy,	Pratt & Curtis,	1108
Galen V. Bowditch,	E. Packard & Co.'s	906
Miss McPhail,	J. F. Sheppard & Sons...	785
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's.....	586
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's....	365
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's.....	294
Frank W. Munroe,	J. F. Merrill's.....	115
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's.....	110
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's.....	97
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's.....	81
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's....	69
Mary G. Drumm,	D. Bamford's.....	60

Miss Agnes Kelley, Clapp Bros	41
J. H. Webb, T. A. Whicher & Co.,	38
E. W. Emery, A. G. Durgin's	23
William Westland, C. B. Tilton's	22
Luther Rogers, A. L. Litchfield	21
Henry L. Jones, E. E. Fellows'	20
John Bradley, John H. Dinegan's	16
Frank Hatch, Thomas Gurney's	12
John T. Bates, W. H. Doble's	10
William French, H. O. Souther's	7
George O. Shirley, McGilvray & Jones',	7
Joseph Faircloth, St. John's Club	6
Gridley Totman, F. W. French's	6
Miss Cahill, W. H. Doble's	5
Edward Preston, Boynton & Russell	5
D. W. Osborne, Timberlake & Small's	5
Frank W. Folsom, Miller & Luce's	5
Capt. Hackett, C. H. Hall & Co.,	5
Henry Curtis, J. M. Hayden's	5
Arthur C. Merritt, W. S. Parker's	5
G. Frank Tarbox, S. K. Tarbox's	4
Miss Clark, Coddington school	4
Robert McLean, Quincy One Price	3
James Cuffe, French's stable	3
Henry A. Willey, McDonnell & Sons	3
James M. Dunbar, Strong & Carroll's, Weymouth	3
Miss Bussey, A. G. Durgin's	3
Wm. McLaughlin, McDonnell & Sons	3
Frank Perkins, C. W. Guy's	2
John Sullivan, Fuller & Foley	2
Wendell T. Dizer, M. T. Dizer & Co., Weymouth	2
Miss Golden, Advertiser office	2
Miss Mundy, Advertiser office	2
Timothy Ford, Thomas & Miller's	2
Frank Revere, John Hall's	2
James Dowd, D. F. French's	2
T. M. Hayden, W. Faircloth & Co.,	2
G. W. Taylor, W. A. Hodges	2

Newsboys Prizes.

There is an exciting struggle among the newsboys for the second prize, between Robert McAuliffe, Fred Bavin and John Mitchell. Charles Walsh has a lead of nearly 3000 for the first prize, but the contest is young yet and the boys should not be discouraged, for it is possible for even a new boy to overtake him.

On and after Monday all boys who have sold less than ten papers will be dropped from the list.

Below is the summary of ten days' sales:

Charles Walsh	**3724**
Robert McAuliffe,	854
Fred Bavin	820
John Mitchell	755
Myron Wilber	479
James Giles,	438
Eddie Hefferman,	361
Willie Esson,	306
Henry Rhines	254
Chris McAuliffe,	245
Charles Carter,	244
John Murphy,	243
John Dackers,	238
Fred Hardwick	200
Patrick Murphy	124
Charles Baxter,	117
Arthur Pinel,	109
Gardner Willey	100
Albert Belliven	77
Napoleon Guillemett	40
Eugene McAuliffe	38
Frank McGrath	37
Duncan Livingstone	37
Frank Walsh,	36
John Anderson	35
William McDonnell	33
Gilbert Bavin,	31
John Morrison	22
Fred Evans	21
Daniel Doran	20
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Warren Cameron	15
Gustin Goolic	15
Parfast Guillemett	13
James Norrie	10
Matthew McDonald	8
George Dunn	7
John Westland	5
Willie Westland	5
Thomas McDonald	3
Daniel Gallager	2

Elected to a Responsible Position.

John Q. McDonnell of the firm of McDonnell & Sons of this city, who four years ago took up his residence in Buffalo, N. Y., was on the 9th inst. elected vice-president of a new national bank, the Union, which will begin business April 1. As the business of Hon. Joshua S. Bliss takes him from the city much of the time, Mr. McDonnell will virtually be the president. Our former townsman stands high among the business and financial circles of that city, where his firm has established a granite yard.

Bank Officers.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the National Granite Bank was held Tuesday and the following directors were elected:

Theophilus King, T. A. Whicher, Edwin W. Marsh, Joseph H. Vogel, George H. Hitchcock, James Thompson, Louis E. Whicher, Rupert F. Claflin.

The directors will organize on Thursday.

☞ David Jacks, a millionare of Monterey county, Cal., can ride twenty miles in a straight line on his own land. He is a Scotchman, and in 1849 stowed himself away in a barrel on a vessel bound for California. Now he has a fortune of $7,000,000. He is a devout Presbyterian churchman.

—The Holbrook Steamer Company will hold its annual concert and ball Jan. 23.

IN ORDER

To comply with this letter, we have closed our store WEDNESDAY, Jan. 14th,

Open Thursday morning at 8 o'clock,

WITH THE

MOST FEARFUL MARK DOWN

Ever Known.

—:—

$20 Overcoats, reduced to		$10.00
$1.50 Underwear	"	.75
$12 Suits	"	$6.00

—o—

We have no room here to advertise prices. Come and see for yourself.

—o—

QUINCY ONE PRICE CLOTHING CO.,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

BUCKWHEAT!

NOW IS THE SEASON FOR

Buckwheat Cakes and Maple Syrup.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF BOTH.

—o—

FLOUR! FLOUR!

We are the only Firm in this City that have CONFIDENCE FLOUR.

—o—

WE HAVE A

FANCY HAXALL FLOUR

That Sells for less money. Give one of our kinds a Trial.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

PLANT FOOD

FOR SALE AT

FRANK F. CRANE'S.

Quincy, Jan. 10. tf

MAKE HENS LAY.

Sheridan's Condition Powder.

Nothing on earth will make hens lay like it. Highly concentrated. One ounce is worth a pound of any other kind. Given in the food once daily. Cures all diseases; worth its weight in gold to keep them healthy. Testimonials Sent Free. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps. 2½-lb. cans, by mail, $1.20. Six cans, express prepaid, $5.00.

L. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston.

BUSSELL'S

Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive an Easy Chair or Gold Watch.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period can have his choice between a richly upholstered easy chair worth $25, or a gold watch valued at $50. These will soon be purchased and put on exhibition in some prominent place.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

—BY—

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

Emma Abbott.

Plucky Emma Abbott was called from this world before it had grown tired of her. Her grit and business shrewdness helped her on in her career quite as much as her musical ability.

She was simply indomitable, and in this respect her life may stand as an example to men and women too. She succeeded in getting before the public favorably by never giving up.

When a mere child she began as a street singer and concert singer in the small towns of Illinois. She knew then that some day she would be rich and famous. Clara Louise Kellogg helped her to get a musical education to fit her for the rank she was determined to achieve. It is pleasant to record this generosity from artist to artist. Emma used the money gained in the small towns to fit her to sing in the large ones to which she intended to be called some day.

From the great army of the poorest and humblest she came, and to her credit be it said that she never denied it. The money she gained by her industry she invested with a shrewdness that few women display, and became rich long before her death. Her husband died suddenly two years ago, and Emma was devotedly attached to him, yet she did not break her professional engagements even to indulge in grief. She wept in private, and sang for the public as she had promised.

The Heavy Matrimonial Chain.

Mrs. E. Lynn Linton writes in The Forum a paper about what she calls "The Revolt Against Matrimony." If divorces are any sign, there is surely such a revolt in our generation, and a tremendous one. Chicago divorces have been noted for some years, but they have been latterly granted at a rate that will land two or three so called lawyers in the penitentiary. A firm of divorce lawyers in New York city has been unearthed that had a magnificent trade in divorces. They were rapidly becoming millionaires at the rate at which they untied unhappy couples. Any husband or wife could get a divorce for any assignable cause from these kind hearted men. The ease with which the thing was done at length aroused suspicion. Investigation was made, and revealed that this enterprising firm had a counterfeit seal of the county of Cook, Ills., and stamped with it all the divorce documents ground out of their mill.

Persons therefore having a Chicago divorce will do well to have it examined.

The queerest divorce cases of all, however, have come to light, strange to say, among a people popularly supposed never to want divorces—namely, Jews. In Russia, as well as in some other parts of Europe, it is the custom of the rabbi of the congregation to which married couples are attached to divorce them when he deems there is sufficient reason; then, in his opinion and theirs, they are free to marry again. Thousands of Russian Jews have come to America in the past few years, and they have brought this delectable custom with them to the land of the free. One little red headed rabbi, with one eye, has been granting such divorces for twenty years, and has got a good pile of money thereby. In case of the Jewish divorces it is the husband who always gets the rabbinical divorce, sometimes because he is tired of supporting his children, sometimes because he wants to marry another woman. The wives are so ignorant that they do not know enough to apply for divorce, or even that a rabbi has no right to divorce them. It was only when some of these abandoned families became objects of charity that the unique custom was discovered, and the husbands were arrested for bigamy.

Still, all this is nothing against matrimony. The people who get the bogus divorces get them because they want to marry somebody else.

BRITISHERS' MONEY

Threatens to Gobble Up One of New England's Industries.

BOBBIN AND SPOOL BUSINESS,

Which Was Once Controlled by a Syndicate, Promises to Pass Into the Hands of Another—Consumers Vigorously Oppose the Movement.

BOSTON, Jan. 14.—The Post says:

Another large New England industry is almost in the hands of an English syndicate. This time it is the business of manufacturing spools, bobbins and shuttles upon which the shrewd eye of the prudent Englishman has turned. These goods are used in cotton, silk, woollen and linen mills, and the industry is a lucrative one in all cases where carried on on a large scale. The idea of a trust which should operate this line of business is not new. The subject was broached a number of months ago to several manufacturers, and it was agreed that a trust to regulate the supply of goods to the demand would be a good thing if the necessary capital could be obtained to buy out the entire business.

A careful statement of the capital invested, the annual product, the number of shops, persons employed, value of stock used, cost of production, was made, together with various other interesting matters, showing how much cheaper a large shop could be run than a small one in proportion to the output.

All these things were necessary for the assurance of capital on the other side that there was money in the move, and then, in August, Lewis Bass, of the H. J. Norwood company, set out for England, prepared to treat with capitalists there for the purchase of the spool and bobbin industry. The large concerns were willing to come into the pool at a liberal figure, and it was well felt that the smaller ones, which were making mighty little money anyway, if they would not enter the combine willingly, could be brought to terms in short order by the sale of goods at less than cost.

With a strong English syndicate behind the American shops prices could be maintained and profits would be regular. Good dividends could be paid on a much larger capital than that now represented in the business, and the small concerns

Once Absorbed or Starved Out,

there would be an end to the competition which had reduced wages to the lowest ebb and permitted only the big concerns to prosper. It was felt that the foreign capitalists could afford to pay a round figure for a monopoly of the business, and the American manufacturers did not propose to sell on any other terms.

Mr. Bass reached England and entered into negotiations with capitalists there. He was gone some time and returned home, it is said, with something like a definite offer if the business, after investigation, turned out to be what it was represented to be. For a long time nothing leaked out in regard to the negotiations pending. Then it was hinted that he had been partially successful and that final results would be entirely satisfactory. Then it was said that the syndicate would organize with $5,000,000 capital some time early in the new year 1891. The principal manufacturers, it is said, are all interested in the new deal, and those who look upon it with most fear are the middlemen or commission agents and those who are running small shops and to whom no overtures have as yet been made to come in out of the wet.

In years past the prices of bobbins, spools and shutties have been most ruthlessly cut, sometimes to ruinous rates. The result has been that gradually experienced, intelligent labor has been replaced by labor of the lowest cost obtainable, and machinery has now rendered high class labor unnecessary. Three or four years ago, after a particularly savage period of rate slashing, the American Spool and Bobbin association was formed. This organization had cast iron rules and regulations to members from cutting prices, and all the manufacturers joined it. It was the means of keeping up rates until the newness wore off, and the profits were quite respectable during that period. While it did not limit protection in any way, it

Kept the Price on a Level

all around so long as it lasted. One of its regulations was that commission men should not be paid over 5 per cent. on their sales. This was enforced for a time, but soon the manufacturers began to make the commission up to the old 10 per cent. rate by giving 5 per cent. rebates. When the association was started one of its objects was to kill out the middlemen and small shops so that the profits would not be diverted into other pockets than their own. The competition had been so sharp that few concerns were making much money at that time and the step taken was in the nature of self-defense, every manufacturer being afraid of his neighbor, and especially of the smaller shops which were charged with leading the rate cutting.

When the members of the American Spool and Bobbin association began to cut rates it was seen that the vital weakness of the organization was in the fact that it did not have more stringent regulations, with heavy penalties for a violation of the agreement regarding the maintaining of prices. As there was no penalty, it was very soon ascertained that the association was an empty name, and one firm after another followed the lead in rate cutting. Two years ago it was acknowledged that the association was as good as dead so far as its usefulness was concerned.

Then an attempt was made to form a syndicate similar to the one now proposed. It had been at first thought best to continue the American Spool and Bobbin association, adding heavy penalties for infractions of the price list agreement, but as several large manufacturers were against it the trust was thought preferable. When it came to forming the trust, however, the manufacturers were quite as unable to agree as before, and the scheme failed of fruition.

It is said that if the present scheme succeeds the stockholders of the trust will be likely to meet with trouble. The consumers of spools, bobbins and shuttles are entirely large firms, companies or corporations, and wealthy manufacturing corporations will not consent to pay more than a fair price for their goods if they have to start a plant of their own to compete with such a trust. It is rumored that a movement is already talked about by which several corporations will establish a joint plant for the manufacture of spools, bobbins and shuttles in case the syndicate is successfully organized.

THE SUGAR TRUST.

General Term Decides That Receiver Gray Shall Not Have an Accounting.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—The action of Judge Ingraham sustaining the demurrer interposed by the Oxnard Bros. company and others in the suit brought by Henry Winthrop Gray, as receiver of the North River Sugar Refinery company, has been confirmed by the general term of the supreme court. Receiver Gray asked for an accounting of the profits of the Sugar Trust on the ground that it was a partnership which was dissolved by the dissolution of the North River company, one of its members, through process of law. The opinion, written by Judge Daniels, in which Judge Brady concurs, states that the receiver had no right to recover the profits of the combination. He should only receive the assets of the North River company. By the trust agreement the profits were to go to the certificate holders. None of these were held by the receiver. Judge Van Brunt agrees in the result of his associates' reasoning, but bases his opinion on the ground that the combination was illegal.

INDIANS ARE AFRAID.

Expected Conference Between Gen. Miles and Hostiles Fails to Materialize.

PINE RIDGE AGENCY, S. D., Jan. 14.—Contrary to expectations, there was no conference between the chiefs of the hostiles and Gen. Miles yesterday. The latter states that the Indians are still timid and apprehensive of punishment, and proposes to allow a couple of days to elapse before attempting to bring the negotiations to a close. A member of G troop, Second infantry, who came in with a detachment of the Seventh infantry, under Maj. Egbert, reports that 600 Indians broke away from the hostile camp and had been followed by Col. Sanford and Col. Henry. At headquarters no report was received confirming the matter. Col. Corbin says the report was occasioned by the fact that the commands mentioned had left in the direction of Wounded Knee on a scout. Big Foot's wife, one of the women injured on Wounded Knee, is dead.

Amelie Rives is Better.

PARIS, Jan. 14.—Amelie Rives, the American author, has improved in health during the last few days. Her attending physician pronounces her much better. He added that she was suffering from severe bronchitis and not from consumption, as was at first feared. Should the improvement continue she will start for Palermo on Monday.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

There is a decline in the prices of white lead and window glass.

A case of asphyxiation by gas is reported from Fall River.

The Paris Siecle says John Dillon is to be made Irish leader.

The London Standard is not enamoured of our copyright bill.

The Irish National Press, the anti-Parnellite paper, is in trouble.

A new company, to deal in rubber, has been formed in Para, Brazil.

The Liberal party in Germany proposes to fight for free American pork.

The Pard Co-operative Shoe company of Lynn has made an assignment.

It is announced that the Chicago Gas Trust will pass the next dividend.

Capt. J. B. Thomas, president of the Standard Sugar Refinery, is dead.

Daniel Hanley & Co., commission merchants, Helena, Mont., have assigned.

Senor A. Martinez, president of the Spanish chamber of deputies, is dead.

The trouble with the spinners at the Acushnet mills, New Bedford, continues.

Mr. Dillon is expected to take sides with the Parnellite wing of the Irish party.

Chicago railway men are much divided in their opinion of the new traffic association.

Nine venturesome persons were drowned while trying to cross the river Seine on the ice.

Senator Mitchell has been renominated by the Republicans in the Oregon legislature.

The gas house at Spencer, Mass., was burned to the ground. Loss estimated at $10,000; insured.

The postoffices of East Northfield and Hopkinton, Mass., have been raised to the presidential class.

Telegraph operators in the employ of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road threaten to strike.

Senator Quay's substitute is looked upon as a stab at the election bill by the friends of the latter.

Somebody has asked the pope to mediate between the Indians and the United States government.

O'Donnell, Spencer & Co., planing mill and lumber, Saginaw, Mich., are temporarily embarrassed.

The Lynn Daily Item now occupies a building erected on the site of the one destroyed by the big fire.

Senator Plumb says the silver senators would be willing to compromise on a bill acceptable to the president.

A conflagration in Bombay has destroyed over 200 houses and rendered homeless hundreds of families.

The Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin has officially denied that he offered Prince Bismarck the premiership of his dukedom.

Jacob Hager, a brakeman, employed in the East Hartford freight yard of the New York and New England railroad, was run over and instantly killed.

Thomas M. Balliet, Springfield's (Mass.) superintendent of schools, has declined to consider a proposal call to succeed Superintendent McAllister of Philadelphia.

Senator Edmunds expresses the opinion that, under the popular pressure, the free coinage experiment will have to be tried, although the people must pay dearly for it.

The sailors who were wrecked on Sunday in Portland harbor, and clung to Junk of Pork rock all night, were rescued yesterday after enduring much from cold and hunger.

It is announced that the French government has abolished the office of French vice-consul at Charleston, S. C., and transferred M. Thiebautie from Charleston to Boston.

An error of 1102 votes in the Maine election returns has been discovered, but inasmuch as Governor Burleigh still has a plurality of 17,814, his right to retain office will not be questioned.

Benjamin H. Currier, the oldest lawyer in Boston at the age of 94, for the sixtieth successive year administered yesterday the oath of office to the directors of the Massachusetts National bank.

The Milwaukee, Lake Shore and Western directors have declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 3 1-2 per cent. on the preferred stock and an annual dividend of 7 per cent. on the common stock.

THE NUTMEG STATE.

The Senate Swears in Democratic Candidates for State Offices.

MR. BULKELEY NOT PRESENT,

But He Gives Warning That He Considers the Action "Revolutionary and Unauthorized"—Democrats Stick It Out—The Nebraska Muddle.

HARTFORD, Jan. 14.—At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the senate took the action that has been so long threatened and swore into the state offices the Democratic candidates, first J. W. Alsop of Middletown for lieutenant governor, then Luzon B. Morris of New Haven for governor, J. J. Phelan of Bridgeport, secretary of state; Marvin H. Sanger of Canterbury, treasurer, and Nicholas Staub of New Milford, comptroller. Senator Pierce administered the oath. Just before taking this action the senate sent a special committee to Governor Bulkeley, inviting him to be present at the inauguration of the governor at 4 o'clock. An interesting scene occurred in the governor's chamber, reported as follows:

Senator Seymour—We are a committee appointed by the senate to invite you to be present at the inauguration of the governor at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

Governor Bulkeley—By what authority does the senate take this action?

Senator Seymour—We are unable to answer that question, as the senate in its vote did not give us instructions.

Governor Bulkeley—I give you notice that I regard such action as revolutionary and unauthorized. No person that they inaugurate will be recognized by the state officials now in office. I regard these proceedings of one branch of the general assembly as revolutionary. I desire you also to say to the senate that they do it at the peril of each individual member.

Senator Seymour—Will you give us your reply in writing that we may submit it to the senate?

Governor Bulkeley—I think you can remember it.

The resolution of the senate which declared the officers elected and invited them to be present, is a long paper reciting the case in detail. It was supported by Senators Pierce and Fox (Democrats) and opposed by Senators Shumway and Clark (Republicans). Senator Shumway protested against such action and called for the yeas and nays. A vote was 16 yeas, all Democrats, 7 nays, all Republicans. Senator Cleveland of Hartford, Democrat, retired from the senate at the time of the vote. It is understood he did favor the at this time.

After this was done and the oaths taken the senate adjourned to next Tuesday at 10:30. Then the persons who had just taken the oath visited the different offices and made demand for them. The present occupants refused to give them up until it was known that the new officers had been duly elected and declared by the general assembly.

The action in the senate is understood to have put an end to the Democratic plan for uniting with the Republicans of the house in its committee of inquiry that begins its work to-day.

NEBRASKA'S GOVERNERSHIP.

Supreme Court Makes a Decision Which Independents Will Ignore.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 14.—The supreme court has allowed the quo warranto proceedings begun by ex-Governor Thayer against Governor Boyd to go on file and summons to issue. The court announced that in case the lieutenant governor should desire to intervene in proceedings, it would allow such jurisdiction, and also ruled that ex-Governor Thayer would lose nothing by vacating the apartments held by him. The hearing may be postponed five weeks. Notwithstanding the decision of the supreme court, the Independents in the house stubbornly refuse to recognize Boyd as governor until the question of citizenship is determined. It looks as if all legislation will be blocked until the contest is decided.

Riflemen's Annual.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—The annual meeting of the National Rifle association was held here. Gen. Wingate was elected president; John B. Woodward, vice president; Capt. J. S. Shepherd, secretary; and L. C. Bruce, treasurer. It was decided to hold the Creedmoor contests during the first week of September, and that all handicaps in favor of the 50-caliber Remington state rifle be abolished.

A Dishonest Insurance Agent.

WILMINGTON, Del., Jan. 14.—William Vance Harper, late agent of the National Life Insurance company of Montpelier, Vt., for the territory of Delaware, Maryland and the District of Columbia, is under $20,000 bail in this city on charges of embezzlement. It is said his shortages will amount to $50,000.

Quarrymen Crushed to Death.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Jan. 14.—John and William Flurey and two Italians were instantly killed, and James O'Connell, Jack McShane and one Italian, name unknown, were fatally injured at Split Rock quarry on Lake Champlain. They were hoisting stone into a car with a large derrick, when it suddenly gave way, crushing the men.

Looks Bad for the Directors.

GLASGOW, Jan. 14.—Thirty-two engine drivers and other railway hands, who were brought to England by the Caledonian Railroad company to take the places of the strikers, have deserted the company on the ground that they had been engaged under false pretences.

Sentence Reduced One Half.

PARIS, Jan. 14.—The sentence of M. Gregoire, the French journalist who was condemned to eight months' imprisonment on Dec. 24 for aiding Padlewski to escape from Paris after the murder of Gen. Seliverstoff, has been reduced to four months' imprisonment.

Works Are Running Again.

CANTON, O., Jan. 14.—The Hampden watch works resumed operations yesterday in pursuance with the arrangements made with the citizens for continuance. The Dueber works went into operation to-day.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Forecast for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont: Fair, except snow flurries in Vermont; slightly warmer; southeasterly winds, increasing in force.

For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Generally fair; slightly warmer; winds becoming southerly.

TWO BIG BARGAINS.

Men's "All-wool" Scarlet SHIRTS AND DRAWERS REDUCED FROM **$1.00 to 75 cts.**

Children's "All-wool" VESTS AND PANTS, Sizes from 20 to 32, Any Size at Only 59 cents.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.,

ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our

Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel.

PRATT & CURTIS,

25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

BOYS, ATTENTION.

START TODAY!

to

A Prize of $10.00

Will be given to the Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS during January and February.

A Prize of $5.00

Will be given to the Newsboy making the second largest sale during the same period.

$5.00 will also be Given

To each boy, including the above, who sells **5000 or more** copies in the two months, an average of 100 per day.

$2.50 will be Given

To other boys selling 2500 or more copies, an average of 50 per day.

$1.00 will be Given

To all other boys selling 1000 or more copies, an average of 20 per day.

CAUTION!

Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys Will be Supplied at 1 1-2 Cents per Copy

BY THE FOLLOWING AGENTS:

HENRY CORAM	West Quincy.
F. E. KIMBALL	West Quincy.
MISS A. A. BARTLETT	Brewer's Corner.
MISS E. M. FREEMAN	Quincy Point.
C. F. WILDE	Wollaston.
THOMAS GURNEY	Atlantic.
KEMP & TISDALE	East Milton.
HENRY B. VINTON	Braintree.
GEORGE H. HUNT	East Weymouth.

OR AT THE

Daily Ledger Office.

Boys or Agents wanting extra papers should give notice before 9 A. M. on the day of publication.

BARGAINS.

Children's "All-wool"

VESTS AND PANTS,

Sizes from 20 to 32,

Any Size at Only 59 cents.

worth & Co.,

LDING, QUINCY.

AY DOWN!

nths we make all the induce-
de, and for the present will

or $6.75 per Barrel.

& CURTIS,

- - - QUINCY.

TTENTION.

TODAY!

of $10.00

e Newsboy selling the
RS during January and

e of $5.00

e Newsboy making the
during the same period.

also be Given

ing the above, who sells
ies in the two months, an
day.

ill be Given

ing 2500 or more copies,
r day.

TION!

allowed to club together,
e of such combinations
tion of the publishers will
all the prizes.

at 1 1-2 Cents per Copy

OLLOWING AGENTS:

West Quincy.
West Quincy.
Brewer's Corner.
Quincy Point.
Wollaston.
Atlantic.
East Milton.
Braintree.
East Weymouth.

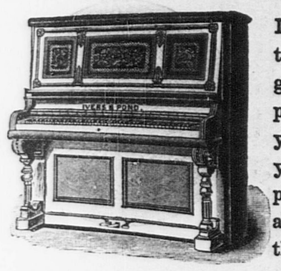
AT THE

dger Office.

s wanting extra papers
before 9 A. M. on the day

DO YOU WANT A

NEW PIANO?



Don't say you cannot afford to get one till you have given us a trial. Ask by postal card and we will send you free, a Catalogue, tell you our prices, explain our plan of EASY PAYMENTS, and generally post you on the Piano question.

You may save $50. by writing us a postal card.

VERS & POND PIANO CO.

183 Tremont St., Boston.

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Nov. 10. tf

BEST IN THE MARKET!

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, July 9. tf

COME RIGHT IN

And select one of our Boxes of Cigars. We have the largest stock in the City to select from of

Cigars for the Holiday Trade.

Our Prices are from

ONE DOLLAR TO SEVEN DOLLARS PER BOX.

GEO. F. WILSON & CO.,

108 Hancock Street, Quincy, Mass.

TRADESMAN:

THIS NEWSPAPER

CIRCULATES IN THE HOMES

OF PEOPLE BUYING THE

KIND OF GOODS YOU MAY

HAVE TO SELL.

MORAL:

INVITE THEM TO YOUR STORE

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 14.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

World Wide.

1611—Death of Edward Bruce, Scottish judge; born 1549.

1643—Death of Dr. John Boyse, translator of the Bible.

1696—Death of Mme. de Sevigne, marchioness; born 1626.

1730—Birth of William Whipple, American general; died 1785.

1742—Death of Edmund Halley, astronomer; born 1656.

1753—Death of Dr. George Berkeley, bishop of Cloyne, metaphysician; born 1648.

1784—Definitive treaty of peace signed at Paris Sept. 3, 1783; ratified by congress.

1858—Attempted assassination of the Emperor Louis Napoleon by Orsini and others by the explosion of three shells; two persons killed, many wounded.

1869—Convention respecting Alabama claims signed by Lord Clarendon and Mr. Reverdy Johnson; afterward rejected by the United States.

1884—Charles Delmonico, of New York, found dead in a ravine near Orange, N. J., aged 43 years.

1888—Death of Gen. Adin B. Underwood at Boston; born 1827.

They Get Rich.

Bjones brought a friend with him.

"Got a very handsome place," remarked his friend as they drew near the house. "Own it probably?"

"No," Bjones replied gloomily, "I'll never have the luck to own a place like that; I rent it."

"By the way," said his friend after a moment's pause, "who lives in that funny little house in your back yard?"

"That's the man I rent from."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Placed.

Mrs. Honeyton—Are those some of the cigars I gave you?

Honeyton—Yes.

Mrs. Honeyton—How are they?

Honeyton—They are of the kind that it is better to give than to receive.—Harper's Bazar.

Books as They Are Named.

Miss Marie Correlli sends us the following list of English novels as they appear printed in the circulating library catalogue at Vevey, Switzerland:

Kavanagh's "Leven years and other thales."

"Too stange not to be Two."

Dickens' "Skatches."

Mrs. Hoey's "Golde Sorron."

Black's "She adventures of a Phaython."

Trollope's "He kne he was Rigt."

Mrs. Craik's "His littl mother and other Skethes."

Mrs. Marshall's "Life's Aftermatch."

Forbes' "Sodiering and Scribbing."

Motley's "Gance at the Pabst of English Literatur."

Bret Harte's "Tankfull Bossom."

"Notes from the pockit-booh of an opiumeeter."

"Confersions."

"Aho creaks-pays" ("He Who Breaks, Pays").

"How to be Lappy Ahough marrier" ("How to be Happy though Married").—St. James Gazette.

The Wrong Man.

When Dan Beard had been engaged to design the illustrations for Mark Twain's last book, "A Yankee in King Arthur's Court," he wrote to Mr. Clemens, asking what instructions he wished to give. Mr. Clemens, a few days later, shambled into Mr. Beard's studio.

"Mr. Beard" (oh, if the types could only reproduce that drawl of his!). "Mr. Beard," he said, "if somebody should come to me and say, 'Clemens, I want you to write a story for me,' I'd say, 'All right, I'll write a story for you.' But if somebody should come to me and say, 'Clemens, here's a story I want you to write for me,' and then should begin to tell me the story, I'd say, 'Hold on, you blamed fool, you don't want to hire me; you want to hire a typewriter.'"

This, Mr. Beard says, was the extent of instructions given by Mr. Clemens.—Aualostan Magazine.

The Last Relic.

"Madam," said the bearded stranger, "ten years ago your son ran away to sea and has never been heard from since. All these years you have waited. When he left you declared that you would know James by the wart on his neck."

"Can it be possible," exclaimed the poor widow, "that you are my long lost son? Oh, James!"—

"Hold on a minute," interrupted the stranger. "I am not your son, but I have got that wart in this carpet bag, and the price to you will be $25."—New York Evening Sun.

Working Into the Spring.

Housewife—Will you clean off this snow for a quarter?

Boy—Yes'm.

Housewife—Well, after you have cleaned off the front walk and steps I shall want you to make a nice path down to the well and through the orchard, clean off the cellar doors, and then bring up the water from the well and a few buckets of coal from down stairs.

Boy—And then, ma'am, I suppose you'll want to have your grass cut?—New York Sun.

COLD AND HUNGRY

Are Many of Antwerp's Citizens—Suffering and Death in Spain—Thaw Begun in Austria and France.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—The rapid thaw continues in this city and in Paris. The thaw has just commenced in Antwerp, where grave fears are entertained that the sudden breaking up of the ice will cause a great deal of damage to shipping. As a means of protection against the immense masses of floating ice, large iron plates and huge timbers are being placed across the bows of the vessels in the Schelett. Fifteen thousand persons were thrown out of employment through the closing of the river, and their means of livelihood having thus been cut off, they have been reduced to a most destitute condition and widespread suffering prevails. The charity of the numerous persons and associations which has been bestowed on these people is inadequate to alleviate all their misery.

The weather which prevailed yesterday was the coldest yet recorded in Spain. Many trains are reported snowed under in Galicia and Austria. Several sentinels have succumbed to the intense cold while on duty at the Monjuich citadel and have been found frozen to death at their posts. Numerous animals, including the monkeys in the zoological gardens in Madrid, have been unable to withstand the terrible weather and have perished.

VIENNA, Jan. 14.—The storm that has been raging throughout Austria has at last ceased and from all quarters come reports that the snow has stopped falling and that railway traffic is being resumed. Four children were recently frozen to death while on their way to school. It is believed that many persons perished in the storm and that when the snow has disappeared a startling number of victims may be revealed.

MADRID, Jan. 14.—The country districts are suffering severely from the recent snowstorms. Snow seems to have fallen everywhere, and has proved excessively damaging to the farmers and vine growers. Heavy gales have prevailed all along the coast.

DEMPSEY IS THE FAVORITE.

New Orleans Full of Sports to Witness the Great Middle-Weight Battle.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 14.—The town is full of strangers, although only about 1400 tickets have so far been sold for the Dempsey-Fitzsimmons fight. Dempsey took his last day's training yesterday and weighs 147 pounds. He will pick up about two pounds before the fight. Fitzsimmons did not arrive until this morning. The betting is still 5 to 4 on Dempsey with a good deal wagered. Jack Dempsey sparred Jack McAuliffe at a benefit last night and looked so finely trained and so small by comparison that even betting is expected to-night. The Nonpareil's friends say, however, that he is better now than ever in his life.

BEYOND RECOVERY.

No Certainty as to When Senator Hearst Will Die of His Lingering Malady.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—A consultation of Senator Hearst's physicians was held and, it is said, a decision was reached that the senator was suffering from cancer of the colon, or large intestines, and that there is absolutely no hope of his recovery. Intimate friends of the family say that while there has been no alarming change within the last few days, death may come at any moment, or it may be delayed for days, weeks, or even months.

The Illinois Senatorship.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Jan. 14.—The three Farmers' Mutual Benefit association representatives unanimously decided on Hon. Alson J. Streeter as their candidate for United States senator, to succeed Farwell. They have decided to support Streeter for an indefinite time in the belief that one or the other of the two parties must come to them. Mr. Streeter has been an active figure in Illinois politics since 1872. In 1888 he was a United Labor candidate for governor of Illinois, polling an unusually large vote.

A Crooked Bank President.

SIOUX, Falls, S. D., Jan. 14.—Proceedings were begun in the United States court for the appointment of a receiver for the Bank of Canton at Canton, which was closed by the officers Monday. The bank has $500,000 capital, $33,000 of which is held in Vermont by eastern capitalists, they being represented in the petition by N. P. Kingsley of Rutland, Vt. The petitioners allege that Charles B. Kennedy, the president, fraudulently mismanaged the affairs of the bank and that the bank is insolvent.

The Floor Gave Way.

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 14.—An accident happened at Ocean dock, at the entrance of the harbor, resulting in the death of four men. A gang of men were employed in discharging the salmon from the steamer Danube, and had piled up about 5000 cases on a large shed. Suddenly the floor gave way and the men and 1000 cases of salmon went into the water below. Three men were killed outright and one fatally injured. Several others were seriously injured.

Not Much of a Revolution.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—Further advices from Chili confirm the statement of the Chilian minister here that only a portion of the Chilian fleet is in revolt and that the army continues to remain loyal to the government. The people are said to be unexcited. A state of siege has been proclaimed and the government is taking energetic measures to repress the disturbance.

Four Men Killed by a Train.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 14.—A special from Fremont, O., states that Charles Reems, Milton Gilmore, Frank Gray and William Babcock were instantly killed by being struck by a train on the Lake Shore road a few miles east of Fremont. All the men lived at Green Springs, O., and were returning home in a sleigh from a marketing junket.

Schooner Wrecked and Two Lives Lost.

FIRE ISLAND, N. Y., Jan. 14.—The two-masted schooner Otter, from St. Kitts, with a cargo of salt, went ashore at Bellport, L. I., and will be a total loss. The life-saving crew saved her captain and four of her seamen, but the colored cook and one seamen were drowned.

Locomotive Boiler Explosion.

ASHLAND, Pa., Jan. 14.—While a Reading locomotive was standing on a sidetrack near the railroad station at Gordon, two miles from here, it exploded from some unknown cause, killing the engineer and two brakemen and fatally injuring another.

Damage by Tides in Nova Scotia.

DIGBY, N. S., Jan. 14.—From every source comes the verdict that the tides of Monday were the highest ever known to the oldest inhabitants, and the damage done is placed at thousands of dollars. At Digby no damage of a serious nature is reported.

ABOUT BEHRING SEA.

Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in the Case Questioned.

FATE OF THE ELECTION BILL.

Not Much Probability That It Will Be Taken Up Again—The Silver Pool Investigation—Senator Hearst in a Dying Condition.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—It is evident the action of the British government in taking the Behring Sea controversy into the United States supreme court was a surprise to Secretary Blaine, although the secretary intimates that he anticipated this action. If the secretary was advised of it he is probably the only man connected with the government who is in the secret, for even the attorney general appears to have had no knowledge of the fact.

This appeal from the department of state to the supreme court is a startling and novel proceeding, but one of which the American people or government cannot properly complain, as the British government has selected the highest tribunal of the United States in which to decide the controverted points to which they are party. Of course it has created much talk in diplomatic circles.

Some of the leading members of the foreign relations committee, in alluding to the matter, expressed some doubt as to whether the court will hold that it has jurisdiction. If, however, they should agree to consider and pass upon the main points submitted a most interesting decision will be rendered. While this question is pending in the court the dispute will be taken out of the domain of diplomacy altogether. And if it should result favorably to the contention of our government, it is admitted by members of the foreign committee that such would be a happy solution.

OTTAWA, Jan. 14.—Sir John Thompson, minister of justice, in an interview said the application by the owners of the Canadian sealing vessel W. P. Sayward to the United States supreme court for a writ of prohibition, was undertaken with the co-operation of the Canadian government and the full approval of her majesty's government. If the application is granted the United States can no longer attempt to exclude vessels of other countries from Behring Sea.

LAID ON THE SHELF.

The Election Bill Not Likely to Be Resurrected at This Session.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—There does not seem to be much probability that the election bill will be taken up again. The report that a new pledge was being circulated to bind Republican senators to vote to take up the bill seems to be without foundation, as several prominent Republican senators state that they have seen no such paper.

Senator Hoar will assume a heavy responsibilty if he attempts to bring up the election bill again, for if he succeeds it means the death of the copyright bill and the bankruptcy bill. The two senators from Idaho who voted to lay aside the election bill the other day might vote to take it up at some future time, but their places would be more than filled by other Republican senators who would find an easy excuse for voting to consider some other measure.

If the silver bill is disposed of to-day—of which there is some doubt, owing to the speeches yet to be made—there will be a struggle between several measures for consideration on Thursday. Senator Paddock has given notice that he will call up the pure food bill, if he can, in spite of everything else; Senator Platt will be ready with the copyright bill; Senator Hale will not care to wait long for the consideration of the apportionment bill, and Senator Allison will soon be anxious to bring up the appropriation bills. The pure food bill is likely to be considered first and the copyright bill after it.

It is generally admitted that if another trial is to be made to pass the election bill, everything else must be allowed to go by the board. Two weeks is the shortest possible time within which a cloture rule could be adopted and debate on the election bill brought to a close on such a rule. All the expressions which the senators have received, who voted to lay aside the election bill, have been in approval of their action.

AN INTERESTING STORY

Might Be Developed Were the Inside Facts of the Silver Pool Known.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The determination of the house to make an investigation into the existence of an alleged silver pool has caused considerable trepidation among the advocates of unlimited coinage of silver. There is no doubt whatever that a pool existed, with extensive munifications, the headquarters of which were located in New York. It included some of the owners of silver mines in Colorado, Montana and Nevada. It is alleged that a number of senators and representatives, in anticipation of the passage of a free coinage bill, made investments in silver bullion, and that they realized very handsomely on their investments.

In the first instances, they commenced the purchase of bullion at 95 and followed the purchases up to 108 and 110, and sold out at the top figure, 121, and it is alleged made in round numbers between $400,000 and $500,000. When the reaction took place, and silver dropped down to 118, the pool again made investments, but the market kept going down until it reached 97 and they lost all they had made and considerable more.

If all the bottom facts could be obtained it would make a very interesting story, but it is exceedingly doubtful whether the committe will be able to get beyond the surface. The business was all transacted through prominent New York houses, and these will undoubtedly refuse to make any statements implicating their customers, or to exhibit their books.

In Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—In the senate Sherman made a long argument in opposition to Stewart's amendment to the financial bill. Other speeches were made by Allison and Aldrich.

In the house, Bland's amendment to the army appropriation bill was voted down. Lodge paid his respects to Stone of Missouri.

Floquet Re-elected.

PARIS, Jan. 14.—M. Floquet has been re-elected president of the chamber of deputies, receiving 282 out of 333 votes cast.

ITS VALUE ESTABLISHED.

Good Progress Made in the Experiments with Lymph in Boston.

BOSTON, Jan. 14.—Success is attending the experiments which are being made with Dr. Koch's lymph in Boston, and the wisdom of the conservative course which has been adopted by the physicians in charge is being fully demonstrated. At the Massachusetts general hospital there are now twenty-four cases under treatment, and in all the reactions are continued as from the first. The progress in the condition of all the patients is steady, and it certainly seems as if the value of the remedy had been clearly established. Inoculations are given every other day, and will be continued at that rate for the present.

At the city hospital there are now ten cases under treatment, one of tuberculosis of the mouth and one of lupus having been received in addition to the list already published. The variety of the cases under treatment (all forms of tubercular disease being included) is so great that results of the utmost value are being obtained. The doses which are being injected are small at first, but increase in size as the treatment goes on. These are given at different intervals, according to the condition of each particular case. Some have injections every other day, while other cases have them only at intervals of four days. It may be said that all the patients are making fair progress.

In regard to the rumor that the supply of lymph may give out, it is a fact that both hospitals have a large enough supply easily to finish all the treatments now under way. There seems to be no probability that more will not be sent from abroad. The German government controls the supply, and it is the intention that all important hospitals shall be equipped with the remedy.

THE THREAD MILLS STRIKE.

The Company Preparing for a Siege—Strikers Think It a "Bluff."

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 14.—Five closed carriages were driven into the yard of the Clark mills, yesterday, bringing twenty men to take the place of the striking spinners. The establishment has been stored with provisions as if for a siege, and there has been posted an order stating that work was to be resumed at once. A number of carders and framers who applied for work at the mills, however, were told to come later. A letter has been received from Dover, N. H., saying that the men employed by the Clark agents are not spinners, only mill laborers. The spinners themselves say that the Clarks are playing a bluff game, and that the mill cannot be run without them.

OLD AND BROKEN DOWN.

Defaulting President of the Charter Oak Returns to Receive Sentence.

HARTFORD, Jan. 14.—George M. Bartholomew, formerly the president of the Charter Oak Life Insurance company, who fled to Canada some years ago, returned voluntarily to Hartford and appeared before Judge Fenn in the superior court and pleaded guilty to embezzlement of $10,000, the proceeds of a note of the Charter Oak Life Insurance company, which was discounted at the Hartford bank. The judge sentenced him to one year in the state prison at Wethersfield, and he went there immediately. Bartholomew is past 70 years old and is in feeble health.

Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, Jan. 14.—The legislature is now fairly ready for work, the committees having been announced yesterday by the president of the senate and the speaker of the house.

In the senate the annual report of the commissioner of public records of parishes, towns and counties was received.

In the house several petitions, among them that for the incorporation of Beverly Farms, were referred to the next general court, on the ground that they had not been filed with the secretary of state in the time required by law. Among the new business presented were orders contemplating radical changes in the charter of the city of Boston, and a resolution, which was laid over, against the free coinage bill.

Woman Missionaries' Conference.

HARTFORD, Jan. 14.—The opening exercises of the twenty-third annual meeting of the Woman's Board of Missions of Boston, at the First church in this city, was not of a public nature, being conferences of delegates only. There were 179 delegates from all over New England and from other parts of the country present and seventeen of the Boston officers. A collation followed the meeting. In the evening a meeting of the officers of the various auxiliaries was held.

Verdict in the Beckman Case.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Jan. 14.—In the Beckman inquest the examination was finished and the case given to the jury by the coroner. The jury then returned the following verdict: "That Edgar Beckman came to his death from a wound in the right breast made on the 6th day of January by a knife in the hands of one Hattie Beckman, and that said Hattie Beckman did kill and slay against the peace and dignity of the state."

Big Fire in New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—The top floor of E. M. Van Tazell's big grain elevator at Eleventh and Thirteenth avenues was discovered to be on fire this morning. Three alarms and special bells were sent out. It is thought the building will go. The elevator is stored with flour, grain, etc.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Latest Quotations of the New York and Boston Stock Markets—Jan. 13.

The New York stock market was firm all around, traders starting a buying movement and foreign houses also purchasing well. The free coinage of silver agitation in congress attracts much attention, the Western Railway association having ceased to inspire bullishness.

In the Boston market trading was not active, but it was a good market. Sugar Trust, Atchison and Mexican Central continued prominent. Shorts bought Atchison, and so did New York brokers.

The New York Market.

Atchison	32	Nor. Pac. pref	70⅞
Central Pacific	34	Oregon Trans	17⅛
Chi & Northwest	106	Oregon Navi	81⅞
Del Lack & West	138⅞	Pacific Mail	35⅛
Del & Hudson	135¼	Reading	33
Illinois Central	101½	Texas Pacific	16
Lake Shore	108½	Union Pacific	48½
Missouri Pacific	66⅛	Wabash St. L. & P.	10⅝
N. J. Central	....	do pref	20⅝
N. Y. Central	104	Wheel & Lake Erie	3½
Northern Pacific	23⅝	Western Union	79⅞

The Boston Market.

Aspinwall Land	8½	Fitchburg pref	85
Fremn's Bay Land	6⅜	Flint & Pere Mar	21½
Newport Land	2¾	Maine Central	....
West End Land	22½	Mexican Central	24¼
Atchison	32½	N Y & N E	37½
Atlantic & Pacific	6	do pref	115
Boston & Lowell	....	Old Colony	188
Boston & Maine	204	Union Pacific	48½
Boston & Prov	....	Wisconsin Central	28⅝
Chicago, B & Q	93⅝	American Bell Tel	195
Central Mass	19	Mexican	80
do pref	89	Erie Tel	50
Eastern	....	New England Tel	51½

H. T. Whitman,

CIVIL ENGINEER

AND

SURVEYOR,

ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

Hours, 8 to 10 A. M.

Boston Office, - - 85 Devonshire St.

Hours, 12 to 2 P. M.

N. B. Plans of nearly all the Real Estate in the City of Quincy can be found at my offices.

May 28. d3t&w—tf

Den Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.

Boston, Nov. 5. tf

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

"Little Monitor."

The Best School Shoe for Misses and Children.

Saville & Jones.

THE ONLY PLACE IN QUINCY

To get the Famous

Lebanon Overalls and Jumpers

is at

SAVILLE & JONES'.

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND

ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING,

QUINCY AVENUE.

Nov. 13. 3 mos

Old Colony.

On and after Oct. 13, 1890. Trains Leave

QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.11, 6.55, 7.27, 7.33, 7.38, 7.52, 8.12, 8.34, 8.40, 9.18, 9.59, 10.38, 10.57 A. M.; 12.05, 1.02, 1.17, 1.42, 2.50, 4.00, 4.07, 4.48, 4.57, 5.33, 5.40, 6.14, 7.05, 7.10, 8.11, 9.06, 10.19, 10.24 P. M. **SUNDAY**—9.19, 9.31 A. M.; 1.46, 5.53, 6.15, 7.25, 8.14, 9.16, 11.01 P. M.

RETURN.—5.45, 6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 10.05, 11.02 A. M.; 12.50 M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.30, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4.42, 5.10, 5.33, 6.00, 6.07 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 8.15, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY**—8.30, 9.00, 9.15, A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 5.45, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

WOLLASTON HEIGHTS FOR BOSTON.—6.14, 6.59, 7.37, 7.41, 8.15, 8.46, 9.21, 10.02, 11.00 A. M.; 12.08, 1.05, 1.45, 2.53, 4.11, 5.00, 5.43, 6.18, 7.14, 8.15, 9.09, 10.28 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.34 A. M.; 1.49, 6.19, 9.20, 11.04 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02 A. M.; 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.07, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR BOSTON.—6.19, 7.02, 7.16, 7.44, 8.05, 9.24, 10.04, 11.15 A. M.; 12.11, 1.22, 1.56, 2.56, 4.15, 5.48, 6.31, 7.12, 7.17, 8.18, 9.12 10.31 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.37 A. M.; 1.52, 6.22, 9.23, 11.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 6.45, 7.35, 8.00, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02 A. M.; 12.02, 12.30, 1.15, 1.55, 2.25, 3.12, 4.18, 4.22, 4.42, 5.33, 5.40, 6.15, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

QUINCY ADAMS FOR BOSTON.—6.07, 6.51, 7.23, 7.35, 8.08, 9.15, 3.56, 10.54 A. M.; 12.02, 1.38, 2.46, 4.03, 5.37, 6.11, 7.07, 8.07, 9.03, 10.21 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.27 A. M.; 1.42, 6.11, 9.12, 10.57 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 9.40, 11.02 A. M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 3.12, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.00, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00 7 05, 10.00 P. M.

WEST QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.08, 7.05, 7.54, 9.11, 11.04 A. M.; 1.46, 3.45, 5.27, 6.20, 10.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25, 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

EAST MILTON FOR BOSTON—6.12, 7.09, 7.58, 9.15, 11.08 A. M.; 1.50, 3.55, 5.31, 6.24, 10.11 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR EAST MILTON AND WEST QUINCY.—6.48, 8.17, 10.00 A. M.; 12.50, 2.40, 4.42, 5.50, 6.42, 8.14 P. M.

GEO. L. CONNOR, Gt. Gen'l Pass't

J. R. KENDRICK, General Manager.

ALL LINEN

CRASH

5c. per Yard.

New Cheviot Shirtings,

10c. and 12 1-2c.

Ladies' and Children's

GAITERS,

50c. a pair

AT

Miss C. S. Hubbard's,

158 Hancock St., Quincy.

Of Course

The Ladies would like a Rubber Shoe which will not break or slip at the heel. Try the

"B. & L. HOLDFAST."

We have all Widths and Sizes.

Saville & Jones.

LOST.

LOST.—Sunday, between the Quincy depot and Cottage street, a Black Astracan Cape. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at the LEDGER OFFICE.

WANTED.

WANTED.—A No. 1 Letter Cutter. Apply at E. J. QUALEY & CO.'S., South Quincy. Jan. 13—2t

WANTED.—A strong, willing girl to do general housework. Swede preferred. Apply at 41 Hancock street. Jan. 13—tf

WANTED.—Protestant girl for general housework at No. 9 Adams street. Quincy, Jan. 12. tf

WANTED.—25 girls at John E. Drake & Co.s' shoe factory. Apply Wednesday morning. Quincy, Jan. 5—tf

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

TO LET.

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.

Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms.

Apply to HENRY H. FAXON. Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—Very desirable property in South Quincy. House contains 11 rooms, city water and furnace; stable attached with accommodation for 6 horses. Five acres of land, cuts 7 tons hay. Plenty of fruit, etc. A sightly location, near Electric cars and railroad station. Will lease for term of years to right party. Enquire of B. N. ADAMS, Real Estate, Quincy. Jan. 13—pl tf

TO LET.—A large unfurnished Room, suitable for doctor or lawyer. For further particulars enquire on the premises, of N. A. WILD, 58 Water street. Dec. 24—tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

BLANKET LINED

Canvas Jackets

AT

Saville & Jones'.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree
Geo. H. Hunt,	East Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 14.

High water at 1.45 A. M. and 2.00 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.12; Sets at 4.36.
Moon sets at 9.41 P. M.
First quarter Jan. 17, 1.18 A. M.

The resolution of Representative Quincy offered in the House Tuesday is timely, and Massachusetts should not hesitate to declare in favor of sound money.

Now that the supreme court has decided adversely in the case of Peabody relative to the establishment of an electric light plant by the town, let the Legislature confer the authority generally, which the court said might be done.

Our representatives in the Legislature have all been placed on very appropriate committees where they can make themselves useful. Senator Eaton, who was Selectman of Quincy for many years is chairman of the joint standing Committee on Towns, and second on the Committee on Prisons. Representative Quincy will be at home on the house Committee on Rules, and on the standing Committee on Cities, and he is also a monitor in the first division. Representative Burke who has served two years on the City Council Committee on Water, will be a valuable man this year on the Legislative committee on Water Supply, to whom the Quincy petition will be referred. Representative Bicknell is a member of the Committee on Public Charitable Institutions.

IRON HALL.

Installation of Officers.

The officers or Local Branch of the Order of the Iron Hall were duly installed on Tuesday evening by the Supreme District Deputy Justice, E. R. Young of Boston, assisted by Past Chief Justice, G. W. Prescott of this city. After the installation the District Deputy made some remarks concerning the order, and the work of the order in the various branches. He said the Iron Hall had 53,000 members, and cash assets of over $1,000,000; and all claims paid, and were able to stand, even if many of the other benefit associations should go under. He said the life insurance companies were endeavoring to impress the public against these associations, and were paying publishers of newspapers in Boston freely for publishing articles against benefit associations.

Mr. Young was formerly a resident of Quincy, a boot-maker by trade, and boarded with Mr. Charles P. Tirrell. But it was some years ago, and there were many new comers in the city,—in fact, among the members present he did not recognize but one whom he knew at that time.

He was much pleased to see the lodge in such excellent condition, and to learn that new and worthy members were being added.

One new member was initiated on Tuesday evening and several applications were handed in. The branch has a reserve fund of $500 deposited in the Co-operative and Savings banks in this city, and an excellent board of trustees to look after its property.

WEYMOUTH.

The officers of Monatiquot Colony, No. 112, U. O. P. F., were publicly installed Tuesday evening by D. D. S. G. Francis A. Bicknell. The ceremony was performed at Engine hall, North Weymouth, and besides the lady friends of the members there was present a large delegation from Wessagusset Colony of East Weymouth. After the ceremony the floor was cleared and dancing indulged in until a late hour. Ice cream, cake and coffee was served during a short intermission.

The Brown University Banjo and Glee club gave an interesting entertainment at Fogg's Opera House, South Weymouth, Tuesday evening.

The Union Literary Circle of Weymouth met Tuesday evening with Miss Ella Sheppard. Quotations were given from American authors previous to the close of Washington's administration.

At the annual meeting of the Norfolk County undertakers at the United States Hotel, Boston, Tuesday evening, William T. Rice was reelected vice president.

Mrs. Monk of Quincy, district deputy grand protector, and suite, installed the officers of Woodbine Lodge, Knights and Ladies of Honor, Wollaston, on Tuesday evening.

Among those registered at the Robertson House this week are Horace Bass, of Gloucester; E. D. Morse, of Bridgeport, Ct., and L. L. Manning of New York.

The order of the Solid Rock will institute a local lodge at Robertson hall, next Tuesday evening.

Prof. Holmes' dancing class will hold an assembly at Robertson hall this evening.

DIED.

GULLIVER—At Quincy home, Jan. 13, Mrs. Helen Gulliver, aged 65 years.

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

More snow.

Mrs. Patrick Duggan of Atlantic is quite sick.

The Democrats of Ward Six hold their caucus tonight.

Do not forget the supper at the Universalist vestry tonight.

Geo. Morris and Sumner Pierce of South Quincy, are away on a short trip.

Prof. Banta tenders a reception to his dancing class at Faxon hall this evening.

The Ward Three Republican caucus will be held in Doble's building, Thursday evening.

William Belcher has moved from Atlantic street to the Glover house on Hancock street.

John Hall of this city was elected a director of the Norfolk County Undertakers' Association on Tuesday.

Commissioner-elect Ewell visited Woburn and Waltham yesterday on an investigating tour. He is after all the points.

The Quincy Savings Bank by the report of Dec. 31, 1890, had 6,088 depositors with deposits amounting to $1,612,724.82.

The comic opera Priscilla drew a good house Tuesday evening, although not as large as on Friday evening. The production was excellent as usual.

The officers elect of Clan McGregor No. 5, O. S. C., were installed Tuesday evening by Deputy Young of Boston. Speech making followed the ceremony.

The farce "Mixed Pickles" is to be given by Braintree talent this evening at the Universalist vestry, and there will also be a nice musical entertainment.

The people of Atlantic are complaining of the poor service of the electric lights, the new incandescents do not burn well, and with the arcs sometimes they burn but more times they do not.

The play off in the hand ball tournament of the Young Men's Lyceum Club of Atlantic was held last Saturday evening, and resulted in a victory for Cunniff and McLean who were awarded two medals.

The Republicans of Ward Six held their caucus last evening and nominated Louis Rinn for Ward Councilman and chose the following delegates: Dr. W. G. Kendall, Harry W. Reed, John Carver, Daniel McGrath.

There seems to be some doubt as to who will be nominated by the Democrats for Councilman-at-large. Ex-Councilman Green is said to positively decline a renomination. The names of ex-Councilman Shea and Slade and Mr. Elisha Packard are mentioned.

The mark down sale to be inaugurated by the Quincy One Price Clothing Co., tomorrow, will cause a sensation in clothing and furnishings. The firm advertise some great bargains and we predict that the store will be overrun with buyers the next few days. Don't miss such an opportunity.

Mrs. S. A. Parker who was to have installed the new officers of Paul Revere Woman's Relief Corps Tuesday afternoon, did not put in an appearance. Large delegations from Braintree and Hingham were present, and the local corps was very much disappointed. The oyster supper was, however, enjoyed.

Tuesday afternoon a slight accident occurred at the Electric Light station but fortunately no one was injured much. Archie Levque and Arthur Scott with a mason were on a staging placing a lintel in position when the staging gave way precipitating the three men to the ground. The mason received a black eye. Levque hurt his leg, but Scott fell into a pile of mortar and escaped uninjured.

Our popular Park Commissioner, Mr. William B. Glover, of Atlantic, entertained last Saturday evening, at his house, a sleighing party of young men, his business associates in Boston. A most enjoyable supper was provided and after three hours had been quickly and pleasantly passed the "boys" reluctantly departed, with three rousing cheers for the genial host.

The testimonial tendered to Mr. Patrick Duggan, at the Young Men's Lyceum hall, Atlantic, Monday evening, was a complete success, something like $300 being realized for the beneficiary. There was dancing in the lower hall and a social gathering in the upper hall, where Hugh Martin was awarded the smoking set. The committee was: J. J. Cunniff, T. J. Golden, D. M. Sullivan, J. F. Lyons, G. F. Hardy, J. F. McKenna, J. Chrisom, T. Leary, D. McCanty, D. A. McLean, J. Shea, W. Lyons, M. Cunniff, J. J. Mahoney, J. H. Cunningham, D. C. Lyons, T. Griffin, D. A. Golden, P. Rowell, W. Hayes, M. Barry, J. Canty, P. Boisclair, Ed. Millet.

A large party of gentlemen and ladies held a gathering at the Neponset Social Club's hall, Monday night. Quite a large crowd from Quincy were present, among whom were the following: Edward McIntosh, Richard O'Brien, George Morrissey, John Sullivan, William Sullivan, Thomas Doyle, Charles Biganess and Michael Scully. During the evening Thomas Doyle and Edward McIntosh brought down the house in a double clog; Leonard Ferguson and Michael Scully sang the old song, "What is man?" which was well received by the gathering. To Josie Forbes is due all the credit of this gathering and the guests went home after partaking of supper, which was served in the lower hall. A sleigh party is expected in the future if we have any more snow.

The True Test
For Baking Powders.

The severe analytical tests to which the various baking powders have from time to time been placed have demonstrated clearly to the public the relative merits of the different brands from a scientific point of view. The official Government investigations, for instance, have shown that the Royal Baking Powder gives off the largest amount of leavening gas, and therefore is the most economical for general use. They also show the Royal to be absolutely pure and wholesome.

But the crucial test of the kitchen is, after all, the most satisfactory to the housekeeper. A baking powder that never fails to make light, sweet, wholesome and palatable bread, biscuit, cake, etc., is the one that will be selected by the practical housekeeper and received into her kitchen for continuous use. This test the Royal Baking Powder has stood for twenty-five years without failure, and hence its reputation as the best baking powder made has spread from house to house, until its use has become as universal as its merits are unrivaled.

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another instalment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list includes all whose surname begins with "Sa."

WARD ONE.

To Whom Taxed.	Value.	Tax.
Safford & Very. Stock in trade,	$2,500	$34 00
Sanborn & Damon. Stock in trade,	1,800	
Horse,	100	25 84
Saunders, Charles W. Horse and carriage,	250	5 40
Saville, Catherine M. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	6,000	
House on Saville place,	2,600	
Land, 22,680 feet,	3,400	163 20
Saville & Jones. Stock in trade,	7,000	95 20
Saville, George G. Yacht,	250	5 40
Saville, Mrs. Lydia. House on Saville place,	1,800	
Land, 6,100 feet,	900	36 72

WARD TWO.

Sandburg, Edwin. Horse,	300	4 08
Sanborn, John W. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	500	
Two yachts,	550	16 28
Sanborn, Mrs. J. W. Horse and carriages,	600	8 16
Saunders, Charles W. Stock in trade,	500	6 80

WARD THREE.

Sanquinet, Helen. Cellar on Centre street,	100	
Land, 5,500 feet,	200	4 08

WARD FOUR.

Sandling, Edward. Five horse,	750	
Stable on Buckley street,	800	
Land, 6,000 feet,	150	23 12
Sanders, William L. House on Town hill,	1,600	
Land, one-fourth acre,	400	29 20
Sanders, William L., and Charles W. Long. Horse,	100	1 36
Sanderson, John. House on Station street,	1,200	
Land, 9,000 feet,	275	20 06
Sargant, Joel. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	1,500	
House on Willard street,	1,200	
Stable,	100	
Land, 1 43-100 acres,	1,300	
Land on Willard street, 1 2-10 acres,	2,500	
Land on Williard street, one-fourth acre,	400	97 20
Savage, Newman A. House on West street,	1,300	
Land, 8,658 feet,	300	23 76

WARD FIVE.

Saunders, Walter C. Cow,	50	
Carriages,	150	
House on Beale street,	2,700	
Barn and buildings,	300	
Land, 16,819 feet,	900	57 76
Sayward, Mrs. William S. House on Warren avenue,	3,300	
Land, 11,340 feet,	1,000	58 48
Sanborn, E. H. Machinery,	1,000	
Two horses, 1 cow,	250	
Carriages,	200	
House on Warren avenue,	3,500	
Stable,	900	
Land, 33,890 feet,	3,000	
Laundry on Newport avenue,	2,000	
Land, 5,000 feet,	600	157 72

WARD SIX.

Safron, Joseph. Horse,	50	68
Safford, Charles R. House on Botolph street,	3,000	
Land, 13,494 feet,	675	51 98
Savage, William. House on Hancock street,	1,000	
Land, one-half acre,	1,200	31 92
Sawtell, Sarah F. House on Oak street,	900	
Stable,	200	
Land, one-fourth acre,	500	21 76

$1.50

Will buy a FIRST-CLASS

Working Shoe

at

Saville & Jones'.

N. CURTIS & CO.'S

Fine Shoes at

Saville & Jones'.

PROBATE COURT.

Business Transacted at the Quincy Session Today.

Wills Approved.

Of Charles E. French of Braintree, Julia Dana French and Asa French executors.

Of Freeman Hollis of Weymouth; Mary E. Hollis executrix, Bond $3000.

Of Susan F. Dean of Holbrook, Nathan Dean executor.

Of Palmer Pratt of Weymouth; Mary Augusta Pratt administratrix, Bond $800.

Of George G. Souther, of Vineland, N. J., John R. Elton, executor.

Of Fannie A. M. Souther, of Vinland, N. J., John R. Elton, executor.

Administrations Granted.

Estate of Mary O'Donnell, of Medway, Edward F. O'Donnell administratrix; bond $10,000.

Estate of Charles B. Patton, of Foxboro, Elizabeth Patton administratrix; bond $500.

Rosamond T. Packard, of Quincy, Edwin W. Marsh administrator; bond $2000.

Inventories Presented.

Estate of Mary J. Carlton late of Quincy; Edward A. Spear, Andrew M. Dean, Geo. W. Lane, appraisers; real estate, $1,300.

Estate of Patrick Watson, late of Milton; Edward Gallagher, Edward Callahan, John H. Watson, appraisers; real estate, $1,500.

Estate of Salome McKenzie, late of Quincy; Edwin W. Marsh, George L. Gill, Hattie L. Burrell, appraisers; real estate; $1,500, personal, $453.07.

Estate of David Quigley, late of Avon; S. Frank Oliver, Daniel J. Connery, John McElaney, appraisers; real estate, $1100, personal, $60.

Estate of Edward Keegan of Quincy; William Cameron, John Reynolds, James Milne, appraisers; real estate, $2,000, personal estate, $1,000.

Accounts Allowed.

First and final of Benjamin F. Curtis and Noah Curtis, executors of estate of Benjamin Curtis, late of Quincy; 39,801.84.

First and final of Eunice M. Curtis, administratrix of estate of Sarah V. Baxter, late of Quincy; $4,753.50.

Second and final of Edwin W. Marsh, administrator of the estate of David Jones, late of Quincy; $4,561.71.

Final of Arthur Buker, executor of the will of Julia A. Buker, late of Walpole; $2156.

Third of Cornelius Moynihan, administrator of estate of Michael McGuane, late of Quincy; $388.

First and final of Maria J. Brooks, administratrix of estate of T. Bryant Nightingale, late of Quincy; $9,114.98.

First and final of Daniel E. Snow, administrator of estate of Catherine F. Snow, late of Needham; $6,593.22.

First and final of Samuel H. Spear, administrator of estate of George Spear, late of Quincy; $1,221.70.

Tenth of George S. Morrison, trustee under will of Ruth H. White, late of Milton.

First and final of Alvina Forbes, administratrix of estate of John Forbes of Hyde Park; $538.05.

Guardians Appointed.

Ellen Regan to be guardian of William Thomas Walsh and Margaret Walsh, minors of Quincy. Bond $500.

Charles McGinnis to be guardian of Joseph Ambrose Wallace, minor of Medway. Bond $200.

Kate S. King, to be guardian of Grace G. King, minor of Somerville. Bond $500.

Hannah M. Bates, to be guardian of Anna B. Bates, minor of Weymouth. Bond $12,000.

Caroline Geib to be guardian of Emma Flora, Caroline and Mabel Geib, minors of Quincy. Bond, widow's allowance.

Susan Quigley, widow of David Quigley, of Quincy, allowed $60.

Almira Forbes widow of John Forbes of Hyde Park, allowed $350.

License to Sell

Was granted to Elizabeth R. Tucker, guardian of William F. Tucker, of Weymouth, to sell real estate.

☞ It was fifty-one years last night, Jan. 13, since the steamer Lexington was destroyed by fire on Long Island sound. Out of 165 persons on board only four were saved. Mr. Crowley, the second mate, was saved after floating all that night and the next day on a bale of cotton. He is still living in good health, now about 76 years of age. Among the passengers lost was Rev. Charles Follen of Boston. He had been in New York a few weeks and left that night for Lexington in this State to preach a sermon at the dedication of the Unitarian church in that place.

☞ The Executive Committee of the Massachusetts Press Association have decided to hold the annual reunion and banquet in Boston on Tuesday, Feb. 10th.

TODAY'S COURT.

John Lynch and Thomas Wilson of Weymouth, for drunk, $8 each; in default committed.

A New Piano Within the Reach of All.

Reference to the announcement in another column of Ivers & Pond, will be of interest to all who desire what is almost as indispensable as a sewing machine, a good piano; as the terms on which they supply one of their noted instruments, are such that all can be accommodated.

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately.

Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.

Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Ledger Contest?

Is a question asked by a thousand tongues every day.

BUT

When you wish to purchase a

Good
Reliable
Watch

You naturally ask

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Jewelry Business?

One Peep

Into the Store and a single glance over the Stock of

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

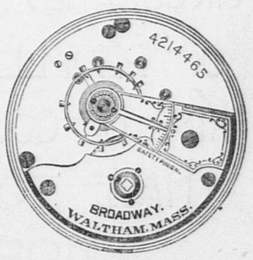
Will convince the most credulous that he has climbed to the top in Quincy, and is prepared to show the finest line of Goods and give honest prices to all.

☞ Please call and be convinced, whether you wish to purchase or not.

T. L. WILLIAMS,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.



Jan. 9. 6t

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Ledger Contest?

Is a question asked by a thousand tongues every day.

BUT

When you wish to purchase a

Good Reliable Watch

You naturally ask

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Jewelry Business?

One Peep

Into the Store and a single glance over the Stock of

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

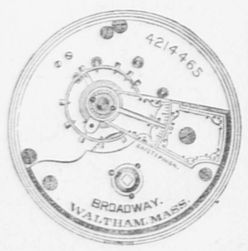
Will convince the most credulous that he has climbed to the top in Quincy, and is prepared to show the finest line of Goods and give honest prices to all.

☞ Please call and be convinced, whether you wish to purchase or not.

T. L. WILLIAMS,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.



Jan. 9. 6t

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 13. QUINCY, MASS., THURSDAY, JANUARY 15, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

IN ORDER

To comply with this letter we have closed our store WEDNESDAY, Jan. 14th,

Open Thursday morning at 8 o'clock,

WITH THE

MOST FEARFUL MARK DOWN

Ever Known!

$20 Overcoats, reduced to	$10.00
$1.50 Underwear "	.75
$12 Suits "	$6.00

We have no room here to advertise prices. Come and see for yourself.

QUINCY ONE PRICE CLOTHING CO.,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

LOOK at these PRICES!

		Regular Price.	Our Price.
Fellow's Syrup,		$1.50.	96c.
Hood's Sarsaparilla,		1.00.	75c.
Ridge's Food,	Medium Size,	65c.	40c.
Armour's Beef,		1.00.	75c.
Armour's Beef,	Small Size,	50c.	40c.
Hot Water Bottles, 2 qts.,		1.50.	$1.15
Finest Stationery,	In Broken Lots,	20c. per quire,	10c.
Envelopes to Match,		20c. per bunch,	10c.

Durgin's Cough Balsam cures Coughs and Colds.

Durgin's Beef, Iron and Wine for Strength.

Fine lot of Bath Sponges just received.

A lot of Soap to close out, former price, 10c. per cake, present price, your choice for 5c.

DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

OUR MOTTO:

"RELIABILITY."

THE FOLLOWING LETTER EXPLAINS IT ALL:

Office of

Whitten, Burdett & Young,

3 Winthrop Square,

Boston, Jan. 12, 1891.

Quincy One Price Clothing Co.,

Quincy, Mass.:

In the adjustment of the affairs of Whitten, Burdett & Young, it is important that collections should be made at once. We must therefore ask you to send us $3000 within the next two weeks.

Charles H. Allen,

Jonathan A. Lane,

Assignees.

IN ORDER

To comply with this letter, we have closed our store WEDNESDAY, Jan. 14th,

Open Thursday morning at 8 o'clock,

WITH THE

MOST FEARFUL MARK DOWN

Ever Known.

$20 Overcoats, reduced to	$10.00
$1.50 Underwear "	.75
$12 Suits "	$6.00

We have no room here to advertise prices. Come and see for yourself.

QUINCY ONE PRICE CLOTHING CO.,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

BRAINTREE MUDDLE.

The Water Question in Town Meeting.

Committee of Five to Investigate Before Annual Meeting.

Three Classes of Suits Now Pending Against The Town.

A special town meeting was held in Braintree Wednesday, the principal articles in the warrant were concerning the "water muddle." B. H. Woodsum, Esq., was moderator.

ART. 2. To see if the town will appropriate a sum of money to defray the expenses of the lawsuit between the town and the mill owners.

Under the above article the Selectmen were instructed to pay the bill of the stenographers and other expenses amounting to $6,475.35 from money in the town treasury.

ART. 3. To see if the town desires to take any action in relation to the lawsuits now pending.

Quite a discussion arose under this article. Hon. F. A. Hobart reviewed the situation, and argued in favor of taking the matter out of the hands of the lawyers.

Col. Drinkwater moved to lay the article on the table.

John Cavanagh, who was the contractor to put in the town system, said the contract with him had been broken. His contract was for $98,000, and 15 per cent. had never been paid.

Commissioner Scollard believed Mr. Cavanagh's claim should be settled by arbitration. There was only a difference of $3000 between him and the town.

Mr. Avery, the town's counsel, said there were three suits pending against the town, viz: that of Contractor Cavanagh, that of the Water Supply Company, and that of the mill owners. The first should be settled, but it was difficult to get a basis from Mr. Cavanagh. He denied personal responsibility in the second. In the third the three towns were still to contest it. He was willing to retire as a council if the town wished.

Mr. Hobart criticised some of Mr. Avery's figures.

After attempts to indefinitely postpone action, the following committee of five was appointed to investigate and report at the annual town meeting: Daniel Potter, John Reed, Joel F. Shepperd, George H. Arnold and George D. Willis.

A New Monthly.

The Quarrymen's Journal is the newest candidate for journalistic favor in Quincy. Its field however is not confined to this city, as it is the official organ of the quarrymen of the United States. It is a monthly, edited by John J. Byron, secretary of the Quarrymen's National Union, which now has 34 branches located in Maine, Vermont, Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Maryland, Virginia, Georgia, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Montana, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Missouri, Washington and Ohio. The paper has a correspondent in every branch.

Wollaston W. C. T. Union.

At the annual meeting of the Wollaston Y. W. C. T. U. held last Saturday evening, the following officers and superintendents were elected:

President.—Miss Bessie C. Jones.
Vice Presidents,—Miss Emma F. Sparrow, Miss Rosetta Key, Miss Emma Osgood.
Recording Secretary,—Miss Rena M. Chamberlin.
Corresponding Secretary,—Miss Anne L. Jones.
Treasurer,—Miss Florence J. Olney.
Superintendents of Juvenile Work,—Miss Mary F. Ela, Miss Emma Osgood.
Superintendent of Press Work,—Miss Bessie C. Jones.
Superintendent of Literature,—Miss Rena M. Chamberlin.
Superintendent of Flower Mission,—Miss Leila Pinkham.

The next meeting will take place January 24th, at 7.30 o'clock, at the home of Miss Lona F. McKay. A full attendance is desired.

Supper and Entertainment.

One of those delightful suppers spread by Universalist ladies was enjoyed by a large number in the vestry Wednesday evening.

And a still larger number attended the entertainment which was furnished mostly by Braintree talent. There were solos by Miss Lizzie Hollenback, contralto; Miss Georgie Hollenback, soprano; Mr. J. Harvey Page, baritone; duetts by the Misses Hollenback, and Messrs. Nye and Page; piano solos by Miss Grace Pettengill, and readings by Miss Lora Simonds, a young lady with considerable promise.

The whole concluded with an amusing parlor comedy entitled Mixed Pickles, in which seven young ladies from Braintree took part.

Wheaton Seminary Club.

It was art day at the January meeting of the New England Wheaton Seminary Club held at the Thorndike, on Saturday, and the programme was in charge of Mrs. Wm. C. Bates of Newton. The attendance was unusually large and among the distinguished guests present were Mme. Le Plongeon, the famous traveller and explorer, and Mrs. M. A. Kidder, a member of Sorosis, New York. The papers read were by Mrs. C. O. Tucker of Newton on "Art Life at Home" illustrated by work from the Cowles Art School, the Art Museum School, the Lowell School of Design, &c.; "Art Life Abroad," treating of Paris as an art center, and the life of students there, by Miss Susan Hayes Ward, and read, in her absence by Miss Mary H. Oldfield of Providence; and the "Verestchagin Pictures" by Miss Kate L. Edwards of Southbridge, Mass. Some very delightful piano forte solos were given by Miss Marian A. Fox of Taunton, and songs by Mrs. Herbert L. Stebbens of West Medford.

Among members present were Mrs. D. B. Lincoln, and Mrs. D. A. Lincoln of Wollaston, Miss Mabel S. Hodges of Quincy, Miss Briggs and Mrs. Fisher of Dedham, Miss Helen L. Crane and her guests Miss Peabody and Mrs. Wm. Peabody of Hyde Park, Miss Lucy Larcom the poet, and many other well-known people.

Emma Abbott's Sepulchre.

Reinhalter & Co., of West Quincy, are building an elaborate monument for the late Emma Abbott to be placed in the family lot at Gloucester.

The monument which is to be of Quincy and Westerly granite, is of the gothic style of architecture and when completed will cost $85,000.

The base which is of Quincy granite contains 26 blocks whose dimensions are 15 feet; radius 18 feet 6 inches. Above the base there is a cap of Westerly granite supported by columns, and above this is another cap supported by pillars of the same stock.

In the centre of the base is a ledger with a receptacle 1 foot 6 inches by 3 feet 7 inches, in which the ashes of this famous singer will repose. This ledger will be located over the grave of her husband.

This monument is said to be the finest monument in New England and the finest for its size in America, and will require a year's time to make the caps and columns as they are to be elaborately carved.

A $20,000 Monument.

The city government of Concord, N. H., appropriated Tuesday the sum of $20,000 for a soldiers' monument.

REAL ESTATE SALES.

In Quincy.

J. Warren Nightingale to Timothy O'Keefe, $132.

Adams Real Estate Trust to David Cramond, $305.

John Clark et al., by guardian, to J. F. Desmond, $1,750.

Adams Real Estate Trust to W. H. Deacon, et al., $961.

Charles R. Sherman, et al., to I. A. MacIntire, $1.

Charles W. Higgins to C. D. Lincoln, $3,200.

Simon Farrell to M. E. Farrell, $1.

Wm. B. Rice assignee, to L. D. Williams, (2) $8,000.

L. Dowley Williams to J. G. Williams, $1.

Charles E. Stratton to H. W. Hunt, $1.

Henry W. Hunt to John Donovan, $1.

John Donovan to C. E. Stratton, $1.

Mrs. T. D. Worrall to Ann Holden trustee, $1.

Wm. H. Doble to E. H. Doble, $1.

Peoples's Five Year.

The officers of the People's Five Year Benefit Order were publicly installed Wednesday evening by George H. Harding, Deputy Imperial Commander and suite, at the Grand Army hall. The officers:

Past Commander,—W. W. Penniman.
Commander,—C. H. Johnson.
Vice Commander,—Emma A. Burrell.
Secretary,—Wesley Walsh.
Treasurer,—E. B. Souther.
Prelate,—Francis Veazie.
Marshal,—Albert J. Shackley.
Guard,—P. J. Smith.
Sentinel,—B. Wilson Carter.

This order continues to grow rapidly, receiving eight applications at this meeting. About 150 were present at the installation, and at the close of the ceremonies enjoyed one of Caterer Wales' suppers.

Birthday Party.

Master Everett Winslow celebrated his eighth birthday on Tuesday evening from 7 to 10 o'clock. There were about seventeen of his young friends and schoolmates present, who made him a present of a very pretty gold ring and a number of other little gifts. Master Winslow returned his thanks for the many gifts, and proceeded to entertain his friends by the playing of games, singing, etc., after which a supper was served.

Natick is fortunate. The will of the late Mary Ann Morse of Natick leaves an estate valued at $150,000 for the purpose of erecting, establishing and maintaining a hospital in that town.

—Mrs. Baker, of Dorchester, widow of the late Walter Baker, died on Wednesday. She will be missed in charitable work.

WEYMOUTH.

The war drama "Newburn, or the Old Flag," will be given this evening at Odd Fellows' Opera House, under the auspices of James L. Bates Camp, No. 36, S. of V.

The Watchful Circle of King's Daughters of East Weymouth held a sociable at the Congregational church Wednesday evening.

The East Weymouth Cemetery Circle meet this afternoon with Mrs. J. R. Totman.

The funeral of Mrs. Charles Clapp was held from the residence of David J. Pierce, on Webb street, Wednesday, Rev. B. F. Eaton officiating.

Bills of 1890.

CITY — OF — QUINCY.

QUINCY, Jan. 14, 1891.

ALL persons having bills against the City of Quincy contracted before January 1st are requested to present them at once.

H. O. FAIRBANKS, *Mayor.*

Jan. 15. 3t

BUSSELL'S Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.

QUINCY

Nov. 25.

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive an Easy Chair or Gold Watch.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period can have his choice between a richly upholstered easy chair worth $25, or a gold watch valued at $50. These will soon be purchased and put on exhibition in some prominent place.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers can 0 cents per copies. No other person hundred. papers for less than $1.50 per

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

—BY—

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

Don't cast slurs upon Chicago. On the contrary, wherever you are and whoever you are, set in and help her make the World's fair a credit to the whole nation.

We shall have opportunity to see, to a limited extent at least, what the military can do in regulating the Indian. By order of the president the Sioux and Cheyenne agencies now are under the jurisdiction of Gen. Miles, and army officers are in command of them. These are instructed, however, in deference to the feelings of the Indian bureau, not to "interfere unnecessarily" with its agents. This leaves to Gen. Miles all that he could desire in the way of authority.

The winter has been a very severe one on the American quail. Where there has been heavy snow fall the food these birds eat has been covered, and they have been left to starve. We hereby appeal to farmers and sportsmen everywhere in behalf of the helpless quail. The thing to do to save them will be to scatter grain in spots sheltered from the snow, or if there are no such spots then upon the snow itself. This should be continued till the weather becomes warmer. In the preservation and increase of the most popular game bird of America humanitarians who feed the quail will have their reward.

"We have no suffering from poverty in Ireland," growled The London Times at the beginning of winter, "and if we had, England has never yet failed to take care of her own." It was an impertinence in the judgment of the solemn old Times for Americans to take the lead in a movement to avert poverty in Ireland. It was all done to capture the Irish vote in the United States. Now both the viceroy and Secretary Balfour himself issue a public circular to the effect that the poverty of west Ireland will, if not relieved, reach the stage of acute distress. They call urgently for contributions of money and clothing. It is apparently not possible for an English newspaper to understand or do justice to any movement that starts in the United States.

Neighborhood Studies.

It is the time of year when there are long, lamplit evenings. It is also the time of year when the human being is full of electric life and vim. Why should not all neighborhoods that have not already done so organize classes for study? In the stretch between now and warm weather there is time for great advancement to be made in science, literature or languages.

In one neighborhood has been formed a French class. It meets once a week for delightful French evenings. Americans are the poorest linguists in civilization. We ought to remedy this and at least learn French, which will take us all over the continent of Europe intelligently and intelligibly. A few seasons with a good teacher who employed the conversational method would make the earnest learner an accomplished French scholar.

Then there is history, too, that ought to be learned, especially the history of our own noble country. Nobody knows as much of it as he ought. With one of the larger, more comprehensive works that have been written of recent years, a winter could be made to pass quickly and profitably. There, too, is political economy, and the study of our own government and constitution. There are the works of Darwin, Huxley and Herbert Spencer. There is the wide and wonderful field of physchology; there is—but it is no good to enumerate. The list is endless, and you cannot go amiss. The social reunions at these class meetings would be delightful.

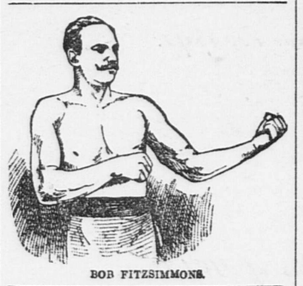
THIRTEEN ROUNDS.

Fitzsimmons Proves to Be a "Whirlwind and a Wonder."

THE BATTLE A STUBBORN ONE,

In Which the Australian Shows That "The Nonpariel" is His Inferior—Dempsey Badly Punished, While His Opponent Comes Out Unscathed.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 15.—About 4000 men, including many of the leading sporting characters of the country, gathered in the ampitheatre of the Olympic club last night and saw Jack Dempsey of Brooklyn knocked out by Robert Fitzsimmons of Australia in a stubborn fight of thirteen rounds. The battle was for the international middle-weight championship of Australia and America, and a purse of $12,000, divided, $11,000 to the winner and $1,000 to the loser. It was fought under the Marquis of Queensbury rules and with gloves weighing five ounces and over.



BOB FITZSIMMONS.

Fitzsimmons weighed 150 1-2 pounds, and Dempsey 147 1-2. Dempsey's seconds were Jack McAuliffe, Gus Tuthill and Mike Conley, the Ithaca Giant, while Jimmy Carroll and Doc O'Connell looked after Fitzsimmons.

Fitzsimmons was the first of the contestants to reach the club. He is 28 years of age and has an unbroken record of sixteen battles won. He stands 6 feet 1 inch in height, and while ungainly in form is very muscular about the shoulders. Fitzsimmons appeared in fine condition.

Jack Dempsey arrived later. He is also 28 years old, and the hero of half a hundred battles. Dempsey was trained down as fine as a racehorse. Although he looked perfection for his inches, he was markedly overshadowed by his awkward-looking rival.

The men came into the ring at 8:55 p. m., Fitzsimmons first and Dempsey a few minutes later. Dempsey offered to wager $1000, which was accepted by Maj. Frank McLaughlin, the millionaire director of the California Athletic club, but the Olympic club officials refused to allow the bet to go, and it was called off.

Time Was Called

promptly at 9:25, with Alexander Brewster of New Orleans as referee; official timekeeper, Professor John Duffy. The master of ceremonies was ex-Mayor J. V. Huilette.

Round 1—The men shook hands and advanced to the centre, Bob from appearances outclassing Jack. The men sparred. Bob led the left and landed; Jack landed right, Bob crowded him in a corner, clinch and break. Bob followed Jack all over the ring. Bob landed heavily right; Jack on the defensive and running away. Jack led with left and missed; Jack led and landed on the stomach. Jack led and missed, led again and countered left. The round ended with honors about evenly divided.

Round 2—Bob came up cautiously and crowded Jack. Bob led right on Jack's head; Bob landed right and left on Jack's head; Bob led and missed; Bob crowded Jack in corner and missed; Jack led right hand body blow; fighting was even. Jack ran away; Jack led and missed; Bob landed right and left on face and Jack ducked away. Bob landed right on Jack's head. Jack ran away, clinch and break away. Jack landed on Bob's head. Bob landed left on Jack's nose; Jack landed right on Bob's head. Bob crowded Jack; Jack led for stomach and missed; clinch and break away. The round ended in Bob's favor. Jack got a left on the nose.

Round 3—Men came up smiling and exchanges of blows followed. Jack was knocked down with a right, got up and ran away. Bob landed left on Jack's face. Jack clinched to save himself from a fall. Jack landed left on Bob's neck. Jack was weak and ran away. This was Bob's round.

Round 4—Jack came up cautious. Bob crowded Jack again and followed him all over the ring. Jack landed a vicious left in stomach. Bob hit Jack with right on the mouth, Bob followed Jack and hit him on the head and then on the nose with the left—clinch and break away. Bob landed terrible left and repeated the dose a moment later. Fitz landed a vicious left-hand upper cut on Jack's stomach and Jack flew away. This was Bob's round.

Round 5—Bob landed a terrible swing on Jack's neck. Jack showed up well. Clinching marked this round. Jack landed left in stomach. Bob landed right on neck and left on nose. Bob landed a terrible left. Bob's round again.

Round 6—Jack came up looking red and marked; Bob landed a terrible right on Jack's head and punched him all over the ring. Jack clinched to save himself. Bob landed a terrible left and Jack landed right. Jack landed terrible right swing. Bob crowded Jack and Jack seemed groggy. Bob reached Jack's nose and the latter retaliated. Fitz's round.

Round 7—Bob landed a terrible body blow with right; Jack feinted and missed. Jack tripped on post in the ring. Bob crowded Jack again. Jack was fought to the ropes and clinched. Jack fell to the ropes with a punch in the stomach. He was groggy and looked beaten. This was Bob's round. Jack's nose was bleeding.

Round 8—Bob crowded Jack and landed left on nose. Bob landed terrible right upper cut on Jack's nose and put the left on his nose a moment later, drawing the blood again. Jack fell on the ropes and Bob landed right on his nose. Jack hugged Bob around the body. Bob punched Jack all over the ring.

Round 9—Bob crowded Jack and Jack clinched. Bob hit Jack all over the ring. Bob landed terrible right swing and Jack was groggy. Bob landed terrible left on Jack's right ear. Both landed on the stomach. Jack was fought into his corner and seemed to die hard.

Round 10—Bob landed terrible right, Jack clinched and pulled Bob around the ring. Jack attempted to upper-cut Bob, but missed. Bob landed three lefts and Jack nearly fell. Bob landed a left and sent Jack down. Bob punched Jack in the stomach and the gong saved Jack, who was down three times and was nearly out. Dempsey fought hard, but nature outclassed him.

Round 11—Bob knocked Dempsey down three times and punished him terribly. The towel was thrown from Jack's corner in token of defeat, but it did not go. It was to fool Fitzsimmons.

Round 12—Bob knocked Jack down repeatedly, and Dempsey was, bar a fluke, doomed.

Round 13—Bob went at Jack in his corner and punched him right and left. Jack clinched and Bob knocked him down. The Nonpareil lay like a log after one or two vain endeavors to rise and fight on. Three gongs sounded the greatest middleweight's career to slumber.

When Referee Alexander Brewster awarded the battle to Fitzsimmons, Jimmy Carroll jumped at his protege and kissed him time and again. Jack Dempsey was badly punished. Fitzsimmons was not scratched. The Australian won in a walk.

Kilrain, Muldoon and other sporting men here agree that Fitzsimmons is a "whirlwind and a wonder."

The fight lasted forty-nine minutes.

AN OBJECTION RAISED.

Big Express Companies Think That Gotham Should Not Tax Their Stock.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—Thomas T. Wood of Chicago, treasurer of the United States Express company, and Chauncey H. Crosby, one of the trustees of the company, began an action in the United States circuit court against the city officials to restrain them from the collection of taxes which have been imposed by the city upon their stock. It is alleged by the plaintiffs that the company is not incorporated under the laws of this state, that the business done by the company is interstate, and that the taxation imposed is illegal. John Hoey, on behalf of the Adams Express company, John W. Crissy of the National Express company and Alex W. Hyers of the Merchants' Express and Transportation company, obtained an order in the United States circuit court restraining the board of aldermen from certifying to any documents imposing taxes upon their company. Bonds have been filed by each company to abide by the issue of the suit.

TELEGRAPHERS WILL STRIKE.

To-morrow They Will Quit Work on a Big Railway System.

CHICAGO, Jan. 15.—As a result of the refusal of the directors of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul company to accede to the demand of the station agents and railway telegraph operators on the line of that system, a strike has been determined upon, to begin Friday. Grand Chief Thurston of the International Order of Railway Telegraphers has sent out an order to every station agent and operator in the employ of the road to send in his resignation at once, to take effect Friday, Jan. 16, at 7 a. m. This course was taken by the men in order to protect their men who would be liable for resulting damages had there been a strike without previous notice been given. There are about 450 who will go out. Chief Thurston says: "We are in splendid condition, and if necessary, can support these men for a year."

Twenty Doctors Looked On.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 15.—The first application of Dr. Koch's lymph in this city was made at the Rhode Island hospital by Dr. G. T. Swarts. The patient was a Swedish sailor in the first stages of consumption. One-half millegram only was injected and twenty physicians witnessed the operation.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The ex-Sultan of Witu is dead.

Salvador is reported financially in difficulties.

Gamblers tapped the race track wire in New York.

The management of The London Star is to be changed.

Two Lowell grocers were fined for selling bogus cream of tartar.

There was an incendiary fire in the lumber district of Newport, R. I.

Five anti-Ingalls state senators in Kansas "jumped" the caucus.

The fight over state offices in Connecticut may be taken to the courts.

Mary Ann Morse has left $150,000 to establish a hospital at Natick, Mass.

There was a fatal explosion of dynamite in a camp in the Black Hills.

There are 62,000 people thrown out of work in Berlin by the cold weather.

The loss of a schooner and fourteen lives in the Gulf of Mexico is reported.

The man arrested in Spain is not the murderer of Gen. Scliverskoff after all.

McAuliffe and Myer are matched to fight for the light-weight championship.

Champions Darrin and Myers are matched to run three races for $2500 a side.

The question of cheaper food was the subject of remarks in the German reichstag.

A telegraph operator at Provincetown, Mass., was sent to jail for contempt of court.

The Chins raided a Burmese village, killing eight persons and capturing twelve.

Arbitration having failed, the Scotch strike probably will be still longer protracted.

Eleven buildings in Grenada, Miss., were burned. Loss over $75,000; partly insured.

Professor Koch, it is announced, will make public the ingredients of his wonderful lymph.

Governor Peck of Wisconsin recommends the repeal of the Bennett compulsory education law.

There is a probability that Wilbur F. Lunt of Portland, Me., will succeed Lewis J. Stackpole as general appraiser.

There will be two professional ball clubs in Boston this year, according to President Prince of the Players' league.

Sir Charles Dilke says that European disarmament is impossible because Russia would not consent. He thinks a conflict inevitable sooner or later.

The trial of Rev. Fr. O'Donnell has begun in Boston. He is charged by Maria Kullberg with having injured her business by statements made in his church and elsewhere.

Rev. David Utter, pastor of the Unitarian church of the Messiah in Chicago, has resigned, and Rev. M. J. Savage of Unity church, Boston, has been asked to take the vacant pulpit.

The upper portion of the palace of justice at Rouen was burned, and other parts were badly damaged by smoke and water. The older and more valuable wing of the building was saved.

The customs committee of the French chamber of deputies has adopted the proposition to impose duties of 14 and 15 francs upon lard, according to quality, and to admit suet free of duty.

The annual report of the treasurer of Harvard college and the majority and minority reports of the faculty on the question of shortening the college course were submitted to the board of overseers.

The Richmond (Va.) Locomotive and Machine works were partly burned. The property destroyed included the armament of the battleship Texas, now under construction at the Gosport navy yard. Loss estimated at $125,000; fully insured.

ARMS SURRENDERED

Hostile Chiefs Have an Interview with Gen. Miles.

BOTH PARTIES ARE PLEASED

With the Result Thereof, and It Looks as Though a Settlement is Near at Hand—Evidence Which Shows That the Indians Have Been Robbed.

PINE RIDGE AGENCY, S. D., Jan. 15.—A second delegation of hostile chiefs has arrived from the camp. It comprised Two Strike, Kicking Bear, Lance High, Hawk and Eagle Pipe. They had a big talk with Gen. Miles. It was agreed that the hostiles would leave their present camp and pitch their tepees on the west side of the White Clay creek, immediately opposite, and less than half a mile from the agency. The Indians are to surrender their arms to their respective chiefs, who will receipt for them, and place the name of each man upon the gun. The weapons will then be sold and the proceeds returned to the Indians. The chiefs will attempt to control their young men, and failing in this, they will themselves arrest those who refuse to act as good Indians, and turn them over to the agent.

Gen. Miles was pleased with the friendly disposition manifested by the chiefs, and proposed to allow them several days in which to redeem their promise. He has also sent to the hostiles several thousand pounds of flour and several hundred pounds of coffee and sugar.

The chiefs were equally pleased with the kindly treatment they had received at the hands of Gen. Miles and left immediately for camp. Gen. Miles demanded the surrender of the slayers of Lieut. Casey, and the chiefs promised to accede to the demand.

ROBBING THE RED MAN.

An Announcement Which May Open the Eyes of Authorities at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The statement that Gen. Miles has been successful in solving the Indian problem and in ending the Indian war by peaceful means was very welcome news in all circles in Washington. But there was one paragraph in the news dispatches announcing this happy result which will not fail to attract attention here. The dispatch says that Gen. Miles has told the Indian chiefs that in future they will not be robbed; but, on the other hand, they will get absolutely honest treatment at the hands of the war department, represented at Pine Ridge by Capt. Pierce.

The conclusion of this statement is that Gen. Miles at least is convinced that the Indians had some cause of complaint, and that one of the causes was that they felt that they had been robbed. The reports which have been received here within the last few days seem to indicate that the Indians were justified to some extent in their complaints as to the beef ration. The report which Indian Inspector Armstrong made to the department some months ago was that the policy of the Indian bureau is wrong in that it accepts the beef from the contractors on the hoof in October, and pays the contractor for the weight at the time; that the agency takes and keeps the beef all winter, and charges it over to the Indians in the spring (when it has lost much in weight) at exactly the same weight for which the contractor has been paid; that in fact the Indian is compelled to lose the weight, averaging often two to three hundred pounds on a bullock, and that he complains of this.

A report from an army officer which has been received here within two or three days, shows that the examinations which which have been made by Capt. Pierce since he entered into the control of the agency at Pine Ridge, show that the weight between the cattle now and the cattle as they were paid for to the contractors and are to be charged to the Indians, vary on an average of 200 to 300 pounds on each head. The aggregate loss to the Indians, of course, if this is true, is considerable.

Three of Them in It.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—Richard Pendleton, a salesman in the employ of the Gorham Manufacturing company, was arrested on a charge of robbing the company of $3000 worth of silverware during the past year. He had a parcel in his possession containing $250 worth of gold and silver goods. At police headquarters he confessed his guilt and implicated George Williams and James Russell, who disposed of the property in Philadelphia. They were arrested at Flatbush, L. I. In Jefferson Market court the trio were held in $5000 bail each for trial.

To Aid the Needy.

CORK, Jan. 15.—The government officials, in order to relieve as much as possible the distress in this section of the country, have opened works at Mizen Head. Thousands of men and women of all ages are already employed there, and steps are being taken to give work to many more. It is stated in this connection that unless the government takes prompt action at Achill island, the fearful scenes of 1846 and 1847 are likely to be reproduced.

Sawtell and Dr. Blood.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 15.—The governor and council made an official visit to the state prison yesterday. They called on Isaac Sawtell. One of the councillors asked the condemned man if he was guilty, and received a prompt answer in the negative. In the talk that followed Isaac intimated that Dr. Blood was responsible for the crime.

Ice Harvesters Making Trouble.

ROXBOUT, N. Y., Jan. 15.—Striking ice harvesters refused to permit men hired by the company to take their places to do any work, and also threatened to burn the property of the Knickerbocker Ice company. The sheriff has sent a posse to the ice houses in this vicinity to protect the property and preserve order.

Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, Jan. 15.—Republicans will favor the anti-silver resolution, but in a new draft, Boston asked for various items of legislation. The law for incorporation of villages was considered. The report of the prison commissioners was received. The power of the committee on rules was abridged.

Will Probably Go Still Higher.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—Charles R. Flint received a dispatch from Para advising him that crude rubber had advanced 2 cents a pound, and that the new Brazilian syndicate was buying all it could get at the advance.

BUCKWHEAT !

NOW IS THE SEASON FOR

Buckwheat Cakes and Maple Syrup.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF BOTH.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

We are the only Firm in this City that have CONFIDENCE FLOUR.

WE HAVE A

FANCY HAXALL FLOUR

That Sells for less money. Give one of our kinds a Trial.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

TWO BIG BARGAINS.

Men's "All-wool" Scarlet SHIRTS AND DRAWERS REDUCED FROM $1.00 to 75 cts.

Children's "All-wool" VESTS AND PANTS, Sizes from 20 to 32, Any Size at Only 59 cents.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.,

ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

PRICES WAY DOWN !

During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our

Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel.

PRATT & CURTIS,

25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

JOB PRINTING

At the Patriot Office.

BEST IN THE MARKET!

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, July 9

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oyste

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUIN

Nov. 10. tf

WHEAT !
THE SEASON FOR
es and Maple Syrup.
LARGE STOCK OF BOTH.
! FLOUR !
is City that have CONFIDENCE FLOUR.
VE HAVE A
AXALL FLOUR
ey. Give one of our kinds a Trial.
Adams Building, Quincy.
G BARGAINS.
et Children's "All-wool"
ERS VESTS AND PANTS,
Sizes from 20 to 32,
s. Any Size at Only 59 cents.
dsworth & Co.,
BUILDING, QUINCY.
WAY DOWN !
months we make all the induce-
trade, and for the present will
for $6.75 per Barrel.
& CURTIS,
ET. - - - QUINCY.
PRINTING
Patriot Office.
THE MARKET!
$6.50 CASH
L A TON OF THE
R NUT COAL
t Economical Coal sold.
CH & SON
NK S. PATCH.
-operative Society.
COLBY, Manager.
visions, Fish and Oyste
OTTOM PRICES.
REAMERY BUTTER,
Best in the Market.
REET, - - - - QUIN

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another instalment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list includes all whose surname begins with "Se" to "Sha." inclusive.

WARD ONE.

To Whom Taxed.	Value.	Tax.
Sears, William G. Stock in trade,	$300	
Horse and carriage,	250	$7 48

WARD TWO.

Scammell, Simeon. Stock in trade,	600	
Machinery,	400	
Horse,	150	
Two shops on Quincy avenue,	2,000	
Barn,	150	
Land, 7,150 feet,	550	
House on Glencoe place,	1,200	
Land, 6,000 feet,	300	74 76
Shapleigh, George W. House off Howard street,	1,100	
Barn,	50	
Land, 1 1-2 acres,	600	23 80
Shaw, George, estate of. House on Quincy street,	100	
Land, one-eighth acre	100	2 72
Shaw, John. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	2,000	
Horse and carriages,	400	
Yacht,	1,000	
House on Hill street,	2,500	
Barn,	200	
Land, 16,113 feet,	650	93 80
Shaw, John W., heirs of. Half house on Washington street,	750	
House on Washington street,	1,500	
Stable,	200	
Land, 18,200 feet,	750	43 52
Shaw, Mabel G. Yacht,	200	2 72

WARD THREE.

Scott, John C. House on Centre street,	1,000	
Land, 6,000 feet,	200	18 32
Shaw, Mrs. Emerson. House on Franklin street,	2,200	
Stable,	400	
Land, 25,880 feet,	1,600	57 12

WARD FOUR.

Schatzel, Frank. House on Willard street,	800	
Land, 19,000 feet,	350	17 64
Schatzel, Frederick. Cow,	50	
House on Willard street,	1,600	
Land, three-fourths acre,	800	35 32
Schatzel, John. House on Willard street,	800	
Land, 3 6-7 acres,	1,200	29 20
Schatzel, John B., 2d. Cow,	50	
House on Willard street,	1,800	
Barn,	200	
Land, one-fourth acre,	250	22 40
Seaberg, August. Land, 7,000 feet, and cellar on Wilson street,	300	4 80
Shackley, Albert J. Bicycle,	50	2 68
Shackley, Jonas. Stock in trade,	1,000	
Money, stocks, bonds and income,	1,500	
Cow,	50	
House on Hall place,	1,700	
Shop,	600	
House on Crescent street,	1,600	
House on Hall place,	1,800	
Land, 32,580 feet,	2,200	144 12
Shannon, Octave. House on California street,	1 200	
Land, one-fourth acre,	1,500	18 36
Shatzel, John. House on Bunker hill,	800	
Land,	300	14 96

WARD FIVE.

Schwartz, Mrs. H. B. House on Beale street,	1,400	
Land, 9,706 feet,	700	28 56

WARD SIX.

* * * * * *

TRADESMAN:
THIS NEWSPAPER
CIRCULATES IN THE HOMES
OF PEOPLE BUYING THE
KIND OF GOODS YOU MAY
HAVE TO SELL.
MORAL:
INVITE THEM TO YOUR STORE

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 15.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1889—Petition for incorporation of City Hospital drawn up and numerously signed at public meeting.

World Wide.

1622—Death of Father Paul Sarpi, theologian; born 1552.
1683—Death of Sir Philip Warwick, political writer and historian; born 1608.
1747—Birth of Dr. Samuel Parr, divine and scholar; died 1825.
1747—Birth of Dr. John Aikin, biographer; died 1822.
1763—Birth of Talma, French tragedian; died 1826.
1798—Birth of Thomas Crofton Croker, antiquary; died 1854.
1865—Fort Fisher, N. C., captured by land troops under Porry, assisted by the navy under Admiral Porter.
1868—Stanton restored to the war department.
1873—Bonapartist manifesto: "The emperor is dead, but the empire is living and indestructible."
1875—Catholic bishops and priests in Prussia imprisoned for infraction of ecclesiastical laws.
1888—Death of George Walker, ex-United States consul general to Paris; born 1825

Good Grounds.

"Do you think you will gain your lawsuit?" asked Gus Smith of Col. Yerger, who had been run over by a fire engine and was suing the city of Austin for damages.

"Yes, I think I'll come out ahead."

"Has your lawyer given you grounds to think so?"

"No, but I have given him grounds to think so. I've deeded him two lots on Austin avenue as a fee."—Texas Siftings.

Lack of Confidence.

Miss Novelette—You say that De Waggstick was a great poet, but ruined by his modesty?

Miss Passionpen—Yes, he would write the most soul inspiring verses, but his extreme diffidence did not give him the necessary confidence, and he used to sign Swinburne's name to them.—New York World.

May Be.

Watt—Wonder why they always call a locomotive she?

Potts—Maybe it is on account of the horrible noise it makes when it tries to whistle.—Indianapolis Journal.

The Proper Accompaniment.

Citizens—Shooting good around here?

Rusticus—Wall, ye-es. I reckon it's as good here as anywhere else, if you've brought your target along with you.—Week's Sport.

Signs of Death.

Bellows—What makes you fear your son out in Colorado is dead?

Fellows (with a sigh)—He hasn't written for money for near a month.—The Epoch.

Engaged.

"What experience as an electrical expert have you had?"

"I've been struck by lightning."—The Epoch.

Timeliness and Style in Advertising.

The trite comment upon success of any sort that "there is everything in knowing how" is particularly applicable to the business of advertising. Merchants generally advertise their business, but not many of them regard advertising as a part of their business; that is, they do not put business methods and business brightness into their advertising. Judicious advertising pays every time, and he who knows how to advertise judiciously is a better equipped business man than is his merchant neighbor who does not know when and how to advertise.

A striking advertisement will run the gamut of popular attention and get into the air like a popular song. Advertisements have become as familiar as household words, and remained advertisements long after they had disappeared from newspaper columns and from advertising billboards. Who will ever forget the mystic "S. T. 1860 X?" It can no longer be seen in print, nor upon billboards, but the name of the compound it advertised comes to mind with the legend, and the advertisement is as bright as it was twenty-five years ago.

"You press the button; we do the rest!" It is hardly necessary to state what these words advertise. They have been so widely read and are so taking and so suggestive of ability that everybody knows what they refer to. To show to what extent an advertisement with brightness in it gets into the public mind, the fact may be cited in relation to the advertisement under comment that no less a personage than Chauncey M. Depew, in a speech before the merchants of New York at their annual dinner, closed an interesting statement of the advantages of reciprocity with the remark. "As merchants, as bankers and business men, we say to congress in the language which advertises that most universal and productive of our institutions, the Kodak, 'You press the button; we will do the rest.'"

If merchants and manufacturers want to win advertising of this happy kind, all they have to do is to advertise in the right way and put happy thoughts into their advertisements.—Milwaukee Wisconsin.

The idea has occurred to many that in some way the power evolved in the rise and fall of the ocean tides might be utilized to run machinery. An attempt is to be made by a French engineer to put the idea into practical shape. He will pen up the tide water into a sixteen foot rise and fall at Havre, believing that thereby he can also capture a force equal to 42,000 horse power. He does this by means of turbine wheels, and expects to transmit the power electrically to Paris, 143 miles away.

WORK OF CHINESE PIRATES.

They Capture a Steamship, Commit Wholesale Murder, and Carry Off $30,000 Worth of Plunder.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 15.—The steamship Oceanic has arrived from China, and reports that the Douglass company's steamer Namoa, which left Hong Kong Dec. 10, for Swartou, with four European passengers and 250 Chinese passengers, was taken possession of by pirates when forty-five miles from Hong Kong. The pirates were armed with revolvers, which they concealed while coming on board. Capt. Pocock was treacherously shot while parleying with the pirates, and Capt. Peterson, a passenger, was also killed. The Malay quartermaster was killed and thrown overboard; two officers, two Malay quartermasters, a Chinese sailor and a Chinese cook were wounded, and two Chinese passengers are said to have been stabbed while on board.

After ransacking the ship from end to end, the pirates anchored close to an island, and the booty was put on board junks, which came off in answer to signals. The ship was released and returned to Hong Kong. Photographs of the leader and several other pirates have been recognized, and the police and naval authorities are in pursuit of them. The plunder is estimated at $30,000.

The boat in which Miss M. M. Phillips, M. D., in charge of the hospital of the Southern Methodist Mission at Swatow, and Miss Smithey, a recently arrived missionary, were going from Shanghai to Loo Chow, was attacked Nov. 27 by pirates. Their boatmen were wounded and the personal property of the ladies plundered. A gunboat was sent in pursuit of the pirates, but their capture has not been reported.

NO INTENTION OF YIELDING,

But Scottish Strikers Regret the Great Inconvenience Caused—Mob Uses Stones.

EDINBURGH, Jan. 15.—At a mass meeting of the railroad strikers of this city and neighborhood, the chairman reported that the strikers on all the roads had resolved to remain firm in their determination to stay out. He added that the men could not accept the terms offered to them by the directors of the railroads, though they regretted the inconvenience the general public was put to on account of the strike. But, said the chairman, the public, if it chose, could take steps to bring about a settlement, honorable to both sides, of the matter in dispute.

A locomotive on the North British line, having a policeman in the cab with the engine driver, was stoned by a mob of strikers near this city. The policeman was severely injured. The police authorities ordered out a force of officers to patrol the railroad lines at all points where the strikers congregate or are likely to assemble.

MORE SEVERE WEATHER.

Snowstorms Follow the Thaw in Austria—Many Shipping Disasters.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—Severe storms are reported to be raging in the North Sea.

Advices from Berlin are to the effect that the Elbe is full of immense ice floes and that navigation in the river is still rendered very dangerous by the huge masses of floating ice. The force with which the floes strike vessels with which they come in contact is enormous, and already the hulls of several ships have been crushed in. Eighteen shipwrecked sailors, whose vessels had been lost in this way, have been landed in Heligoland.

Violent snowstorms are again prevailing throughout Austria-Hungary, and it is feared that the suffering which was experienced in the previous storms will be renewed. A perfect blizzard raged in the city of Vienna all the afternoon. The railroad lines are again blocked by snow, and traffic is greatly interrupted in consequence.

Iowa Liquor Dealers Take a Vacation.

DUBUQUE, Io., Jan. 15.—Thirty Dubuque saloon keepers have locked up their places of business and left the city. Writs of attachment against them, running for three days, have been issued under the prohibitory law, and they take this method of evading service. To-day another squad of saloon men will leave, and to-morrow still another. Sheriff Phillips and his deputies were out yesterday attempting to serve writs, but could find no open saloons, and will so report to the court. Next week the storm will have blown over, and everything will be running as usual.

Do We Want Them?

LONDON, Jan. 15.—It is announced that several British army officers, a number of whom are said to be personal friends of Hon. William F. Cody (Buffalo Bill) have started from England for the Pine Ridge Agency, with the intention of offering their services to Col. Cody in fighting the hostile Indians of that section of the United States. The arrival of some of these enthusiasts may be looked for shortly in New York.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Latest Quotations of the New York and Boston Stock Markets—Jan. 14.

In the New York stock market, weakness in silver was pronounced, the quotation dropping on stop orders from 107¼ to 104, thence it rallied to 107⅛, closing at 106⅝. It was thought that talk of a compromise in silver legislation had something to do with it, and also rumors that the bill which is expected to pass the senate will not go through the house.

Trading in the Boston stock market was of good volume and interest therein was well distributed. New York and New England vied with Atchison in attractiveness and Mexican Central and Wisconsin Central lost none of their interest to the tradgers.

The New York Market.

Atchison	32⅝	Nor. Pac. pref.	71⅝
Central Pacific	30½	Oregon Trans.	17⅝
Chi. & Northwest.	108½	Oregon Navi.	82
Del Lack & West.	138⅝	Pacific Mail.	40⅝
Del & Hudson	136¼	Reading	34⅛
Illinois Central	103	Texas Pacific	16⅝
Lake Shore	108½	Union Pacific	47⅛
Missouri Pacific	66⅝	Wabash St. L. & P.	11
N. J. Central	117⅝	do pref.	21
N. Y. Central	103⅛	Wheel & Lake Erie	3½
Northern Pacific	30	Western Union	79

The Boston Market.

Aspinwall Land	9	Fitchburg pref.	85
Fremn's Bay Land	6¾	Flint & Pere Mar.	22
Newport Land	2¾	Maine Central	
West End Land	93	Mexican Central	24⅛
Atchison	31⅝	N Y & N E	37⅝
Atlantic & Pacific		do pref.	115
Boston & Lowell		Old Colony	168
Boston & Maine		Union Pacific	47¾
Boston & Prov.		Wisconsin Central	
Chicago, B & Q	93	American Bell Tel.	216
Central Mass.	19	Mexican	80
do pref.	39	Erie Tel.	40
Eastern		New England Tel.	51⅜

The Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14. — FLOUR — Weaker: city mills $5 10 to 5 35; city mills patents $5 10 to 5 65; winter wheat, low grades, $3 45 to 4 90; do fair to fancy $3 90 to 5 00; do patents $4 40 to 5 40; Minnesota clear $4 10 to 4 85; do straights $4 55 to 5 10.

WHEAT—Heavy; No 2 red $1 03⅛ elevator; No 3 red $2 00.

CORN—Steady; No 2, 59⅝ to 59⅝c elevator; steamer mixed 59½ to 60⅝.

OATS—Weaker; No 3, 50⅜ to 51c; No 1, 53c; mixed western, 50 to 53c.

COFFEE—Rio firm; fair cargoes 19c.

SUGAR—Raw firm; refined quiet; granulated 5 15-16c cubes 6 1-16c.

PORK—Quiet; mess $11 50 to 12 00; extra prime $9 50 to 10 00.

FOR FREE COINAGE.

Silver Men Have It All Their Own Way in the Senate.

ELECTION BILL TO THE FRONT.

A Parliamentary Victory Won Through the Management of Senator Hoar—Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court Conceded in the Behring Sea Dispute.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Mr. Stewart's free coinage amendment to the financial bill was adopted in the senate, at midnight, after a thirteen hours' debate, by a vote of 42 to 30.

The free coinage men swept all before them. After Ingalls made his speech they felt their strength and determined to drop all proposed compromises and press through the full measure of their desires.

Not only did they propose to adopt a free coinage amendment unlimited, but they proposed to knock out of the bill all that Sherman and the other anti-free coinage men had put in, and make it a free coinage bill, pure and simple.

They had fifteen Republican votes present, and to offset the votes of Grey, McPherson, and Wilson of Maryland (as last year against the free coinage of the Democratic side), thus giving free coinage twelve majority. With the votes of Moody and Pettigrew, who were paired with Ransom and Hearst, all four being free coinage men, they would have had sixteen majority, being the same majority they had last year.

Cameron was the only senator east of the Alleghanies who voted for free coinage.

The free coinage men expect to see the bill go through the house, and they say President Harrison will not veto it.

It is still problematical whether their expectations will be realized.

ON TOP AGAIN.

Senator Hoar Succeeds in Bringing the Election Bill Before the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The election bill is before the senate. The brief interval between the time that the finance bill passed the senate and the moment when the election bill was taken up was one of the most exciting periods in the senate since the war. The finance bill passed the senate a few minutes before midnight. Mr. Hoar, who has waited anxiously for his opportunity, was instantly upon his feet to move that the senate proceed to consider the election bill. Butler of South Carolina at once moved an adjournment.

The roll was called. The friends of the election bill eagerly scanned the roll. The excitement became great as some Republicans voted with the Democrats to adjourn. The motion failed by one majority. The vote recurred on the direct motion to take up the election bill. That made a tie. The excitement was intense. This time the Vice President of the United States was in the chair, and Mr. Morton cast his vote, and the bill was before the senate by the casting vote of the vice president.

After the bill was brought up Mr. Hoar offered some amendments, which the Democrats demanded should be read. The senate then adjourned till noon to-day. Mr. Hoar received many congratulations on his victory, and he was loudly cheered by the crowds from the galleries, who were in waiting, notwithstanding the very late hour. The bill will come up to-day. The cloture may be moved on Monday.

THE BEHRING SEA DISPUTE.

Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in the Case is Now Unquestioned.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The judicial consideration of the Behring Sea controversy is still the theme of much comment in diplomatic and political circles. The statement sent out that Secretary Blaine is offended by the movement, regarding it as a reflection on himself, and that he is preparing a letter which is to be communicated directly to Lord Salisbury, is wholly premature. No decision has yet been reached, although the secretary had a long conference with the president concerning the matter. If it should turn out that Lord Salisbury approved of the course of the Canadian minister in bringing this matter into the United States court without notice to our government, the aspect of affairs may be seriously changed. There will be no hasty or abrupt breaking off of the negotiations.

It is conceded that under the constitution the supreme court has unquestioned jurisdiction, for that instrument expressly declares that its judicial power shall extend to all cases of law and equity arising under the constitution of the United States and treaties made under their authority, to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction, and in the meantime it has been decided by the president that the department of state shall furnish its law officer all the facts bearing on the case, in order that he may meet the issue when the question comes up for argument ten days hence.

Lincoln and Salisbury on the Subject.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The Press Association sent out a statement saying it was understood that United States Minister Lincoln would have an interview with Lord Salisbury a few days after his return to England and submit to the prime minister communications on the subject of the Behring Sea controversy. The statement also says it is improbable that Lord Salisbury will recede from his present position.

Bradford Incorporated.

BRADFORD, Vt., Jan. 15.—At a meeting of voters the act incorporating the village of Bradford, passed by the legislature of 1890, was adopted by a vote of 75 to 23. District organization was abandoned at the same meeting by a vote of 83 to 39. W. B. Stevens was made president and A. F. Coburn clerk of the new corporation. The regular annual meeting of the village is to be held Jan. 26.

And the Woman is Married.

CHICAGO, Jan. 15.—Robert Davis, ex-premier of Manitoba, was sued for $100,000 damages for breach of promise of marriage, by Mrs. Matilda Bruns, a former domestic in his household in Winnipeg, and now the wife of a hotel-keeper near St. Paul. Davis is in the real estate business in Chicago.

Senator Stamford Returned.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Jan. 15.—The legislature in joint session formally declared Leland Stamford elected to the United States to succeed himself.

THE NEW SUGAR TRUST.

It is as Much of a Monopoly as Ever, but the New York State Laws Cannot Interfere in the Matter.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—The legal status of the new Sugar Trust still receives some consideration among people who have followed the legal proceedings carefully. Judge Barrett and the general term held that the trust was illegal, as an organization in restraint of trade—that is, a monopoly. Now, therefore, that the trust has been reorganized in New Jersey, a pertinent question arises, namely: Can the objects of the trust—the restraint of trade, etc.—be lawfully accomplished by reorganization under the statutes of another state, the business being still carried on in this state?

Judge Roger A. Pryor, who was the counsel for the petitioners at whose instance the North River Refinery company was dissolved, said: "The Sugar Trust can lawfully operate its monopoly in this state, since it is now organized under the laws of New Jersey. The state of New York cannot touch a corporation formed under the statutes of another state, and, as its own laws now stand, this state is equally powerless to prevent a trust monopoly, organized elsewhere, from carrying on business within its borders. We therefore have the spectacle of the state forbidding to its domestic corporations what it is compelled to allow to foreign corporations. A domestic corporation organized to restrain trade may be dissolved, as was the North River Refinery company; a foreign corporation of the same character may come here and carry out its objects with perfect impunity and immunity. At present there is no remedy in force whatever.

"The legality of the operations in this state of these foreign corporations is assumed, and exist, however, in the absence of any prohibition by the statutes of the state. Last year, in anticipation of this very action on the part of the Sugar Trust, I prepared and sought to have passed by the legislature a bill prohibiting foreign corporations from carrying on in this state any business of a nature denied to domestic corporations. I could not, however, get anybody to take any interest in my bill. And so the Sugar Trust, by skipping to New Jersey, has comple tely escaped from the jurisdiction of our courts, and may now return here to do business in its own way without restraint or fear."

THE SITUATION IN CHILI.

Present Disturbances Said to Be Due to a Desired Change in Election Laws.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—George L. Duval, who has recently returned from Chili, said to a reporter that feeling ran very high in that republic during the summer between the adherents of the executive and legislative branches of the government. The cause of the difficulty is undoubtedly the urgent desire of the people for a change in the election laws, which will give them greater freedom in the exercise of the franchise. This the president opposed, not from any unworthy purpose, Mr. Duval says, but because he wished to adhere to precedents established by his predecessors. An outbreak was predicted, but, relying on the sound sense of the Chilian people and their well-known patriotism, Mr. Duval says he always felt that an amicable adjustment would prevent any revolution. He looked upon the security to life and property in Chili as good as with us.

SHE IS A GOOD ONE.

Cruiser Concord Exceeds the Speed Required, Under Adverse Circumstances.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—The new cruiser Concord returned last evening from her steam trial. She developed 3565 horse power, although the contract called for only 3400 and her contractors will receive $16,500 premium on horse power. She made an average speed of 15.8 knots against the tide, or an actual speed of 16.8 and this, notwithstanding a three months growth on her bottom.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—A telegram was received at the navy department from Capt. Cook, the president of the trial board on the new gunboat Concord, dated at New London, Conn., in which he says that the trial of the vessel was in all respects successful. She is detained at New London by a snowstorm. The government requires that she will make at least 3400 horse power.

Change in Laws Asked For.

AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 15.—The endowment companies and fraternal associations will ask the legislature for legislation. Under the present law fraternal insurance companies can only be admitted which do a strictly fraternal beneficiary or a disability indemnity business. Persons cannot solicit membership for any organization not authorized by the act. Commissioner Smith now has in his possession applications from forty-seven different associations desiring entrance into the state, but doing a business which Maine laws prohibit.

Theology and Physical Culture.

HARTFORD, Jan. 15.—The offer of Gen. Charles T. Hillyer to establish a department of physical culture at the Hartford Theological seminary was accepted at the semi-annual meeting of the trustees. In accordance with the terms of the gift an instructorship in the department was established. The trustees elected Dr. M. Storrs of this city the new instructor, and his lectures will begin next week.

A Wonderful Old Man.

MIDDLETON, Mass., Jan. 15.—Charles King, who lives with his son, John the Baptist King, at Howe's Station, near here, to-day reached his alleged 110th birthday. He claims to have been born in 1780, in St. Jerva, Canada, and is of French parents. He is the head of six generations, numbering more than 600 persons. He is in good health, comparatively.

Money for Evicted Tenants.

DUBLIN, Jan. 15.—Members of both sections of the Irish party attended the council of the Tenants Defence association in the Mansion house. It was voted to donate £2500 for the relief of evicted tenants, and it was unanimously resolved to invite the treasurers of the association throughout Ireland, to remit the sums which they have in hand.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Forecast for Maine: Snow; much colder in eastern, stationary temperature in western portion; winds shifting to westerly.

For New Hampshire and Vermont: Light snows; clearing during the day; colder, except in northern New Hampshire, stationary temperature; westerly winds.

For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Colder; fair; westerly winds.

Cautionary signals are displayed on the Atlantic coast from Atlantic City to Boston section.

8 Points on Old Honesty PLUG

1. It's the best.
2. It lasts.
3. It's a pleasure to chew it.
4. It satisfies.
5. Always the same.
6. Everybody praises it.
7. You will like it.
8. You should try it.

Ask for it. Insist on having it.
John Finzer & Bros. Louisville, Ky.

THE ONLY PLACE IN QUINCY
To get the Famous
Lebanon Overalls and Jumpers
is at
SAVILLE & JONES'.

MORE BOYS WANTED
to sell the
QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.
See Prizes Offered.

Old Colony.

On and after Oct. 13, 1890.

Trains Leave

QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.11, 6.55, 7.27, 7.35, 7.38, 7.52, 8.12, 8.34, 8.40, 9.18, 9.59, 10.38, 10.57 A. M.; 12.05, 1.02, 1 17, 1.42, 2.50, 4.00, 4.07, 4.48, 4.57, 5.33, 5.40, 6.14, 7.05, 7.10, 8.11, 9.06, 10.19, 10.24 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.19, 9.31 A. M.; 1.46, 5.53, 6.15, 7.25, 8.14, 9.16, 11.01 P. M.

RETURN.—5.45, 6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 10.05, 11.02 A. M.; 12.00 M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.30, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4 42, 5.10, 5.33, 6.00, 6.07 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 8.15, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY**—8.30, 9.00, 9.15, A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 5.45, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

WOLLASTON HEIGHTS FOR BOSTON.—6.14, 6.59, 7.37, 7.41, 8.15, 8.46, 9.21, 10.02, 11.00 A. M.; 12.08, 1.05, 1.45, 2.53, 4.11, 5.00, 5.43, 6.18, 7.14, 8.15, 9.09, 10.28 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.34 A. M.; 1.49, 6.19, 9.20, 11.04 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02 A. M.; 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.1. 4.42, 5.33, 6. 7, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.0 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR BOSTON.—6.19, 7.02, 7.16, 7.44, 8.05, 9.24, 10.04, 11.15 A. M.; 12.11, 1.22, 1.56, 2.56, 4.15, 5.48, 6.31, 7.12, 7.17, 8.18, 9.12 10.31 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.37 A. M.; 1.52, 6.22, 9.23, 11.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 6.45, 7.35, 8.00, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02 A. M.; 12.02, 12.30, 1.15, 1.55, 2.25, 3.12, 4.18, 4.22, 4.42, 5.33, 5.40, 6.15, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

QUINCY ADAMS FOR BOSTON.—6.07, 6.51, 7.25, 7.35, 8.08, 9.15, 9.56, 10.54 A. M., 12.02, 1.38, 2.46, 4.03, 5.37, 6.11, 7.07, 8.07, 9.03, 10.21 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.27 A. M.; 1.42, 6.11, 9.12, 10.57 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 9.40, 11.02 A. M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 3.12, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.00, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

WEST QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.08, 7.05, 7.54, 9.11, 11.04 A. M.; 1.46, 3.45, 5.27, 6.20, 10.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25, 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

EAST MILTON FOR BOSTON—6.12, 7.09, 7.58, 9.15, 11.08 A. M.; 1.50, 5.31, 6.24, 10.11 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR EAST MILTON AND WEST QUINCY.—6.48, 8.[illegible] A. M.; 12.50, 2.40, 4.42, 5.50, 6.42 P. M.

GEO. L. CO[illegible], Gen'l Pass'r Agt.

J. R. KENDRICK, General M[illegible]

ALL LINEN

CRASH

5c. per Yard.

New Cheviot Shirtings,

10c. and 12 1-2c.

Ladies' and Children's

GAITERS,

50c. a pair

AT

Miss C. S. Hubbard's,

158 Hancock St., Quincy.

Of Course

The Ladies would like a Rubber Shoe which will not break or slip at the heel. Try the

"B. & L. HOLDFAST."

We have all Widths and Sizes.

Saville & Jones.

WANTED.

WANTED,—A strong, willing girl to do general housework. Swede preferred. Apply at 41 Hancock street. Jan. 13—tf

WANTED.—Protestant girl for general housework at No. 9 Adams street. Quincy, Jan. 12. tf

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

TO LET.

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month. Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms. Apply to HENRY H. FAXON. Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—Very desirable property in South Quincy. House contains 11 rooms, city water and furnace; stable attached with accommodation for 6 horses. Five acres of land, cuts 7 tons hay. Plenty of fruit, etc. A sightly location, near Electric cars and railroad station. Will lease for term of years to right party. Enquire of B. N. ADAMS, Real Estate, Quincy. Jan. 13—pl tf

TO LET.—A large unfurnished Room, suitable for doctor or lawyer. For further particulars enquire on the premises, of N. A. WILD, 58 Water street. Dec. 24—tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND

ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING,

QUINCY AVENUE.

Nov. 13. 3 mos

BLANKET LINED

Canvas Jackets

—— AT ——

Saville & Jones'.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree
Geo. H. Hunt,	East Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 15.

High water at 2.45 A. M. and 3.00 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.11; Sets at 4.37.
Moon sets at 10.54 P. M.
First quarter Jan. 17, 1.18 A. M.

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

Mrs. Joseph G. Brackett of Elm place is seriously ill.

Mr. James Collins, of South street, is laid up with a broken finger, the result of a fall on the ice.

Driver Collins of Hose 1 represented the Quincy department at the fireman's ball at Brockton this week.

Horace Spear of Franklin street has been obliged to give up business for the present on account of illness.

William F. Loud has filed a mechanic's lien of $2,692 against the city, on the new Willard schoolhouse.

Messrs. James N. White and James Elcock, of West Quincy, are in New York on a short business trip.

The family of Alex. Mason, who was a member of Clan McGregor, has been paid $1960 this week by that order.

There was a rush of early buyers at the Quincy One Price Clothing store early this morning. Don't miss the bargains.

A little city messenger was born to Mr. and Mrs. Harry W. Tirrell Tuesday night; why not name him Porter Fairbanks?

The Democrats of Ward Six held their caucus Wednesday evening and nominated Daniel C. Lyons as Ward Councilman.

Rev. T. J. Danahy, of Newton Upper Falls, has been presented with a horse, sleigh and buggy, by his Quincy friends.

The call for the Republican caucus in Ward Three does not bear any signatures, and the question is asked if the caucus is held will it be legal.

Many of the telephones at South and West Quincy were burnt out the first of the week by the lines becoming crossed with an electric light line.

Miss Mary White, of West Quincy, is in great demand, and is engaged to sing at Somerville, Jan. 25, and at the concert and ball of Clan McGregor, Jan. 30.

The Universalist Ladies' Aid Society are getting up a novel entertainment to be given Feb. 11th in the vestry, it [illegible] is a good old fashioned "District Skewl"

The special services are to be held tonight and tomorrow night in the M. E. church, Wollaston. Much interest has been manifested and excellent results attained.

Mr. John Gallagher, of West Quincy, is to entertain the base ball nine at his residence this evening, and while enjoying his hospitality plans for the coming year will no doubt be discussed.

The interior of the West Quincy Methodist church has been improved in appearance by a new carpet and a handsome new pulpit, the latter the gift of the Little Willing Workers.

Tirrell & Sons are making an elegant double runner to cost $40, which will be placed on exhibition at McGovern Bros. store, to be given to the boy bringing in the greatest number of LEDGER coupons before March 1st.

Mrs. Rose Hull (nee Duffy) of Redwood City, Cal., is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. John Berry, on Williard street. Mrs. Hull was formerly a resident of this city and her many friends will be pleased to meet her once more.

A public meeting will be held in Faxon hall, on Saturday evening for the furthering of the claim of the granite cutters, which is now before the Senate, for back pay. It is said there are 150 claimants in this city, and the amount due them varies from $50 to $800.

A meeting of the "Royal Purple" and "Scarlet" degree members I. O. O. F., who are interested in the formation of an encampment in this city, was held Wednesday evening when matters in relation to rent, paraphernalia, etc., were discussed and committees on the same were appointed.

The Golden Grail is to have a gala time Saturday evening in G. A. R. hall, where the members will invite the public to witness the installation of their officers and to be entertained by some of the best of our local talent, including an Irish sketch by Turner and Phelan; all is free. The charter will be closed Saturday with at least 100 members.

The regular meeting of Clan McGregor, No. 5, O. S. C., held Wednesday evening, was an unusually large one some one hundred and fifty members being present. The first business of the evening was the installation of its officers by Deputy A. D. Smith of Chelsea. This business over there was an informal talk on the hall question which was finely left to be discussed at a special meeting to be held next Monday evening.

MISS McGOVERN.

She Still Leads in the Contest.

Miss Leary Polls a Heavy Vote and Gains 50.

Galen V. Bowditch Gets His Name Into Larger Type Today.

There is an exciting contest now between Miss McGovern and Miss Leary for the first prize, the former receiving 410 votes today against 460 for the latter, reducing Miss McGovern's lead from 333 to 283.

The friends of Mr. Galen V. Bowditch took the hint yesterday and increased his vote to over 1000, thus giving him the distinction of having his name set in larger type as one of the leaders.

Mr. Robert E. Foy received 115 votes today, Mr. Henry W. Tirrell 107, Mr. George F. Field 30, Miss Agnes Kelley 23, Miss McPhail 19 and several a smaller number.

It will again be necessary to shorten the list, and on and after Monday all with less than ten votes will be dropped.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today:

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss McGovern,	**Gas Light Co.'s,**	**2818**
Miss Leary,	**S. B. Little's,**	**2535**
Henry W. Tirrell,	**John Page's,**	**1924**
Robert E. Foy,	**Pratt & Curtis,**	**1223**
G. V. Bowditch,	**Packard & Co.'s,**	**1132**
Miss McPhail,	J. F. Sheppard & Sons...	804
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's.....	586
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's....	395
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's.....	294
Frank W. Munroe,	J. F. Merrill's.....	115
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's.....	110
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's.....	97
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's.....	82
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's....	69
Mary G. Drumm,	D. Bamford's.....	60
Miss Agnes Kelley,	Clapp Bros.....	64
J. H. Webb,	T. A. Whicher & Co.,....	38
E. W. Emery,	A. G. Durgin's.....	23
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's.....	24
Luther Rogers,	A. L. Litchfield.....	21
Henry L. Jones,	E. E. Fellows'.....	20
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's.....	16
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's.....	12
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's....	12
John T. Bates,	W. H. Doble's.....	10
William French,	H. O. Souther's.....	7
George O. Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones',	7
Joseph Faircloth,	St. John's Club.....	6
Gridley Tolman,	F. W. French's.....	6
Miss Cahill,	W. H. Doble's.....	5
Edward Preston,	Boynton & Russell...	5
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	5
Frank W. Folsom,	Miller & Luce's.....	5
Capt. Hackett,	C. H. Hall & Co.,.....	5
Henry Curtis,	J. M. Hayden's.....	5
Arthur C. Merritt,	W. S. Parker's.....	5
G. Frank Tarbox,	S. K. Tarbox's.....	4
Miss Clark,	Coddington school.....	4
John Curley,	J. R. Wild's.....	4
Robert McLean,	Quincy One Price.....	3
James Cuffe,	French's stable.....	3
Henry A. Willey,	McDonnell & Sons...	3
James M. Dunbar,	Strong & Carroll's, Weymouth.....	3
Miss Bussey,	A. G. Durgin's.....	3
Wm. McLaughlin,	McDonnell & Sons..	3
Frank Perkins,	C. W. Guy's.....	2
John Sullivan,	Fuller & Foley.....	2
Wendell T. Dizer,	M. T. Dizer & Co., Weymouth.....	2
Miss Golden,	Advertiser office.....	2
Miss Mundy,	Advertiser office.....	2
Frank Revere,	John Hall's.....	2
James Dowd,	D. F. French's.....	2
T. M. Hayden,	W. Faircloth & Co.,....	2
G. W. Taylor,	W. A. Hodges.....	2

Newsboys' Prizes.

The sales of John Mitchell is the surprise of Tuesday's sales by LEDGER newsboys. He not only jumped from fourth place to second, but says that he is now after that first prize, and is not discouraged at the lead of Charles Walsh.

Newsboy Mitchell sold 560, Walsh 50, Hardwick 50, Giles 50, Heffernan 45, Wilber 33, Robert McAuliffe 32, and a dozen more a less number.

On and after Monday all boys who have sold less than ten papers will be dropped from the list.

Below is the summary of ten days' sales:

Charles Walsh	**3774**
John Mitchell	**1315**
Robert McAuliffe,	886
Fred Bavin	841
Myron Wilber	512
James Giles,	488
Eddie Heffernan,	409
Willie Esson,	331
Henry Rhines	274
Chris McAuliffe,	265
John Dackers,	258
Fred Hardwick	250
Charles Carter,	244
John Murphy,	243
Patrick Murphy	147
Charles Baxter,	128
Arthur Pinel,	121
Gardner Willey	114
Albert Belliven	77
Napoleon Guillemett	40
Eugene McAuliffe	43
Frank McGrath	39
Duncan Livingstone	37
Frank Walsh,	36
John Anderson	35
William McDonnell	33
Fred Evans	33
Gilbert Bavin,	31
Daniel Doran	28
John Morrison	27
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Warren Cameron	15
Gustin Goolic	15
Parfast Guillemett	13
James Norrie	10
George Dunn	9
Matthew McDonald	8
John Westland	5
Willie Westland	5
Thomas McDonald	3
Daniel Gallager	2

TODAY'S COURT.

Holbrook furnished the cases in court this morning, all the result of quarrels among neighbors.

The first warrant was brought by Mrs. Mary L. Wentworth, who charged Mrs. Ellen Bramley with using profane and insulting language. After hearing the evidence, the defendant was found not guilty and discharged

Mrs. Bramley then brought a charge against Mrs. Wentworth for using profane and insulting language. She was found not guilty and discharged.

Case number three was brought by Mrs. Wentworth, who charged Bernard E. Crooker with using profane and insulting language. In this case, as in the previous two, his Honor found the defendant not guilty and he was discharged.

The wise suggestions which the Attleboro Daily News makes relative to insurance will not probably be adopted, yet if there is merit in many of the new-fangled endowment insurance associations now seeking a foothold, how much better a home association would be. It would undoubtedly show up the workings, which are now obscure. Here is the News editorial in full.

"Why would it not be a good idea for those who are putting their money so freely into the multitude of different societies to form one big home association? They would save in dues and in time and labor. They could have the same fraternal association because if it is necessary there could be as many meetings as now, the new lodge could assemble every evening.

"But seriously, would not the money now sent out of town if pooled right at home give the needed security? Of course there would not be so many to draw from in cases of death or illness but then the number of deaths would be small in a single year and the number of assessments correspondingly so. If titles are the attraction everybody could be given one who desired it.

"We assume that with most people the primal idea of insurance is protection in cases of need. The more lodge work there is connected the more it costs. If it is ritual and forms that are desired there are several permanent organizations which offer them in attractive and beneficial ways, into some of which every reputable person would be welcomed. In Germany the idea is being discussed of the government insuring, receiving the dues and paying the benefits. We doubt that idea gaining acceptance in this country but something must be done to counteract the multitude of money catching schemes masquerading under the cloak of benevolent ideas."

BORN.

TIRRELL—In Quincy, Jan. 13, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Harry W. Tirrell.

DIED.

MANSFIELD—In Quincy, Jan. 15, Mrs. Annie M. Mansfield, aged 31 years, 11 months.

COLLIER—In Cohasset, Jan. 14, Capt. James Collier, aged 77 years and 5 months.

GARDNER—In South Hingham, Jan. 6, Marins M. Gardner.

Royal Baking Powder Leads All.

"The Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure, for I have so found it in many tests, made both for them and the U. S. Government. The Royal Baking Powder is undoubtedly the purest and most reliable Baking Powder offered to the public.

"HENRY A. MOTT, PH. D."
Late Chemist for U. S. Government.

"All chemical tests to which I have submitted it have proved the Royal Baking Powder perfectly healthful and free from every deleterious substance. It is purest in quality and highest in strength of any Baking Powder of which I have knowledge.

"WM. McMURTRIE, E. M., PH. D."
Late Chemist-in-chief U. S. Dep't of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

"The strength of the Royal is shown to be 23 per cent. greater than any other.

"As a result of my investigations I find the Royal Baking Powder far superior to the others. It is pure, contains none but wholesome ingredients, and is of greatest strength.

"F. X. VALADE,
"Public Analyst, Ontario, Dominion of Canada."

The latest investigations by the United States and Canadian Governments show the Royal Baking Powder superior to all others in leavening strength.

Statements by other manufacturers to the contrary have been declared by the official authorities falsifications of the official reports.

BATTLING WITH AN OCTOPUS.

Difficult Fight with a Monster Having Seven Foot Tentacles.

Three young men aged about 18 years had an exciting encounter with an octopus, or devil fish, under the old wharf belonging to the Myers Canning company, at West Seattle. It resulted in the frightful creature being killed after a fearful struggle. It was necessary to sever completely every one of the horrible creature's tentacles from its body before it gave up the struggle. The fight was witnessed by quite a number of spectators.

The boys were fishing for tomcod from the front of the wharf when they noticed a considerable commotion in the water under the wharf. One of them, Dick Smith, took a long pole and climbed under the wharf, to find out, if possible, the cause of the disturbance. He had not gone far when in the semi-gloom he discovered a strange shape and saw a pair of small eyes glaring at him. In his fright he poked at the animal with his pole, but to his horror and amazement it was wrenched from his hand as easily as though it had been a straw.

Young Smith gave a frightened yell and climbed to the top of the wharf to give the alarm. Several boys, arming themselves with poles and spades, climbed down under the wharf to investigate this marine monster and if possible capture it.

After the eyes of the boys had become accustomed to the gloom they beheld to their wonder and surprise that the creature with which they had to deal was a huge devil fish, lashing the water into foam with its merciless arms, which were spread out for a distance of about seven feet in every direction.

The boys attacked the creature with poles and spades. One boy made a strike at the animal, cutting it slightly with a spade. The infuriated creature seized the spade in its grasp and threw it far out among the piles.

The fight continued for some time, the animal seizing everything that was thrust at him. Several times one of the boys narrowly missed being caught and drawn beneath the surface by the monster of the deep.

At length, by a united pull at several poles which the octopus has seized in his blind rage, he was drawn from the water, but even then he kept up the fight with unabated fury, striking viciously at everything within reach.

One after another the tentacles were severed from the frightfully misshapen body. Even after the last arm had been severed the animal did not give up the fight, and when any one approached it, glared at them and caused its body to quiver in a manner that induced a thrill of fear to run over the beholder, even with a knowledge that it was harmless

The devil fish was finally dispatched with a spade. The arms were carried away by the several boys who had severed them as trophies of the fight, but the body remained on the ground and was viewed by many people during the remainder of the afternoon.—Seattle Press.

A Challenge.

I hereby challenge any member of the Young Men's Lyceum of Atlantic for best three in five games in hand ball for the championship of Quincy.

CORNELIUS KELLIHER.

Quincy, Jan. 15.

The instalment of taxes will be found on the third page.

Mr. Edwin B. Pratt, president of the Mt. Wollaston National bank of this city, has been elected vice-president of the National Bank of the Commonwealth, Boston.

The Old Homestead for January is as usual an interesting monthly. It will hereafter be published by a syndicate who contemplate improvements. Published by the Old Homestead Publishing Co., Savannah, Ga.

Thinks Miss Leary Will Win.

To the Editors of the Ledger:

The contest for the gold watch so generously offered by the LEDGER to the most popular wage earner in Quincy and vicinity, is proving to be the most interesting affair that has agitated our city for many moons.

The daily rise and fall of candidates for the prize is eagerly watched by hundreds of our citizens. Everyone seemingly is gathering all the votes possible for his or her favorite candidate, and the question now heard on every hand is,—"Who is going to win the watch?"

But one thing is growing painfully evident to me and that is this,—that watch is going to West Quincy.

Ward Four with her usual good judgment and "get there" is massing all her strength on one candidate,—Miss Leary; while the section of our city known as "down town" has nearly a dozen candidates.

The result of this is plainly evident, while Quincy is dividing her strength on her candidates, Miss Leary has a clear field, and the entire backing of her own ward.

Unless the several candidates from the centre combine on one representative candidate and throw their strength to that individual, Miss Leary is a sure winner. This may seem absurd to some, but mark my prediction, no one of the Centre's aspirants can defeat the little lady from Ward 4 alone and unaided by a combination.

Now in order to keep that watch from going to the western ward, let all who would like to prevent this from happening, save their votes for some one candidate who shows the most strength, then let the balance of the Quincy aspirants mass their strength on that one, and the result can readily be brought about. Remember we don't want that watch to go to West Quincy when we have so many fine looking ladies and gentlemen in the centre whom that watch would greatly become.

"HUNK UP."

A Popular Man.

QUINCY, Jan. 13th, 1891.

To the Editors of the Daily Ledger:

Enclosed find six votes for Geo. O. Shirley, as the most popular candidate for the gold watch. If the granite cutters of Quincy wish to do so, any candidate that they want to support can be at the head, and as Bro. Shirley is well liked by all granite cutters, there is no reason why he should not be the winner. Granite cutters and all others who are favorably disposed towards Bro. Shirley are requested to save their coupons, until arrangements can be made for collecting them, of which due notice will be given hereafter.

A GRANITE CUTTER.

"Little Monitor."

The Best School Shoe for Misses and Children.

Saville & Jones.

Den Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.

Boston, Nov. 5. tf

N. CURTIS & CO.'S

Fine Shoes at

Saville & Jones'.

PLANT FOOD

FOR SALE AT

FRANK F. CRANE'S.

Quincy, Jan. 10. tf

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately.

Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.

Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

$1.50

Will buy a FIRST-CLASS

Working Shoe

at

Saville & Jones'.

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Ledger Contest?

Is a question asked by a thousand tongues every day.

BUT

When you wish to purchase a

Good Reliable Watch

You naturally ask

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Jewelry Business?

One Peep

Into the Store and a single glance over the Stock of

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

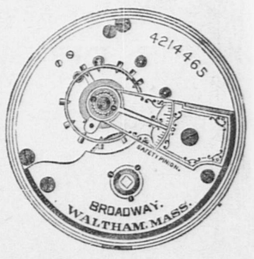
Will convince the most credulous that he has climbed to the top in Quincy, and is prepared to show the finest line of Goods, and give honest prices to all.

☞ Please call and be convinced, whether you wish to purchase or not.

T. L. WILLIAMS,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.



Jan. 9. 6t

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 14. QUINCY, MASS., FRIDAY, JANUARY 16, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Ledger Contest?

Is a question asked by a thousand tongues every day.

BUT

When you wish to purchase a

Good Reliable Watch

You naturally ask

Who's Ahead

IN THE

Jewelry Business?

One Peep

Into the Store and a single glance over the Stock of

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

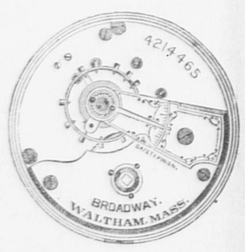
Will convince the most credulous that he has climbed to the top in Quincy, and is prepared to show the finest line of Goods, and give honest prices to all.

☞ Please call and be convinced, whether you wish to purchase or not.

T. L. WILLIAMS,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.



Jan. 9. 6t

IN ORDER

To comply with this letter we have closed our store WEDNESDAY, Jan. 14th,

Open Thursday morning at 8 o'clock,

WITH THE

MOST FEARFUL MARK DOWN

Ever Known!

$20 Overcoats, reduced to		$10.00
$1.50 Underwear	"	.75
$12 Suits	"	$6.00

We have no room here to advertise prices. Come and see for yourself.

QUINCY ONE PRICE CLOTHING CO.,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

LOOK at these PRICES!

	Regular Price.	Our Price.
Fellow's Syrup,	$1.50.	96c.
Hood's Sarsaparilla,	1.00.	75c.
Ridge's Food, Medium Size,	65c.	40c.
Armour's Beef,	1.00.	75c.
Armour's Beef, Small Size,	50c.	40c.
Hot Water Bottles, 2 qts.,	1.50.	$1.15
Finest Stationery, In Broken Lots,	20c. per quire,	10c.
Envelopes to Match,	20c. per bunch,	10c.

Durgin's Cough Balsam cures Coughs and Colds.

Durgin's Beef, Iron and Wine for Strength.

Fine lot of Bath Sponges just received.

A lot of Soap to close out, former price, 10c. per cake, present price, your choice for 5c.

DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

OUR MOTTO:

"RELIABILITY."

THE FOLLOWING LETTER EXPLAINS IT ALL:

Office of

Whitten, Burdett & Young,

3 Winthrop Square,

Boston, Jan. 12, 1891.

Quincy One Price Clothing Co.,

Quincy, Mass.:

In the adjustment of the affairs of Whitten, Burdett & Young, it is important that collections should be made at once. We must therefore ask you to send us $3000 within the next two weeks.

Charles H. Allen,

Jonathan A. Lane,

Assignees.

GALEN NO. 4.

Miss McGovern Leads for the Third Day.

Mr. Tirrell Gains on Miss Leary's Vote.

C. W. Purdy More Than Doubles His Vote —New Candidates.

Miss McGovern has strengthened her claim to first position today, polling nearly double the number of votes of her nearest rival.

Mr. Tirrell has closed up considerable of the gap between he and Miss Leary.

Mr. Bowditch has jumped into fourth place, but leads Mr. Foy only 22.

The total of C. W. Purdy is increased by 129.

Todays vote was: Miss McGovern, 405; Mr. Tirrell, 328; Miss Leary, 218; Mr. Purdy, 129; Mr. Bowditch, 118; Mr. Caldwell, 39; Mr. Walsh, 35; Miss McPhail, 24; Miss Drumm, 23, and several a less number. The total vote for the day is 1551.

Miss T. A. Cahill's name is dropped from the list at her request.

It will again be necessary to shorten the list, and on and after Monday all with less than ten votes will be dropped.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today:

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss McGovern,	Gas Light Co.'s,	3223
Miss Leary,	S. B. Little's,	2753
Henry W. Tirrell,	John Page's,	2252
G. V. Bowditch,	Packard & Co.'s,	1250
Robert E. Foy,	Pratt & Curtis,	1228
Miss McPhail,	J. F. Sheppard & Sons.	828
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's,	586
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's,	395
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's,	329
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's,	239
Frank W. Munroe,	J. F. Merrill's,	115
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's,	108
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's,	97
Mary G. Drumm,	D. Bamford's,	83
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's,	82
Miss Agnes Kelley,	Clapp Bros	64
J. H. Webb,	T. A. Whicher & Co.,	38
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's	24
E. W. Emery,	A. G. Durgin's	23
Luther Rogers,	A. L. Litchfield	21
Henry L. Jones,	E. E. Fellows'	20
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's	17
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's,	16
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's	12
John T. Bates,	W. H. Doble's	10
G. Frank Tarbox,	S. K. Tarbox's	9
F. A. Dunbar,		9
William French,	H. O. Souther's	7
George O. Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones',	7
John H. Newcomb,	S. G. Elliott's	6
Joseph Faircloth,	St. John's Club,	6
Gridley Totman,	F. W. French's	6
Edward Preston,	Boynton & Russell,	5
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	5
Frank W. Folsom,	Miller & Luce's,	5
Capt. Hackett,	C. H. Hall & Co.,	5
Henry Curtis,	J. M. Hayden's	5
Arthur C. Merritt,	W. S. Parker's	5
Miss Clark,	Coddington school	4
John Curley,	J. R. Wild's	4
Miss Golden,	Advertiser office	4
Robert McLean,	Quincy One Price	3
James Cuffe,	French's stable	3
Henry A. Willey,	McDonnell & Sons,	3
James M. Dunbar,	Strong & Carroll's, Weymouth	3
Miss Bussey,	A. G. Durgin's	3
Wm. McLaughlin,	McDonnell & Sons,	3
G. W. Taylor,	W. A. Hodges	2
Frank Perkins,	C. W. Guy's	2
John Sullivan,	Fuller & Foley	2
Wendell T. Dizer,	M. T. Dizer & Co., Weymouth	2
Miss Mundy,	Advertiser office	2
Frank Revere,	John Hall's	2
James Dowd,	D. F. French's	2
T. M. Hayden,	W. Faircloth & Co.,	2
Albert Belliven		77
Napoleon Guillemett		50
Eugene McAuliffe		43
Fred Evans		43
Frank McGrath		39
Duncan Livingstone		37
Frank Walsh,		36
John Anderson		35
William McDonnell		33
Gilbert Bavin,		31
Daniel Doran		31
John Morrison		31
John Ross,		15
Eddie McDonald,		15
Warren Cameron		15
Gustin Goolic		15
George Dunn		14
Parfast Guillemett		13
James Norrie		10
Matthew McDonald		8
John Westland		5
Willie Westland		5
Promise Parker		3
Thomas McDonald		3
Daniel Gallager		2

Newsboys' Prizes.

On and after Monday all boys who have sold less than ten papers will be dropped from the list.

Below is the summary of twelve days' sales:

Charles Walsh	**3974**
John Mitchell	**1340**
Robert McAuliffe,	966
Fred Bavin	856
Myron Wilber	562
James Giles,	532
Eddie Heffernan,	449
Willie Esson,	356
Henry Rhines	305
Fred Hardwick	300
Chris McAuliffe,	285
John Dackers,	285
Charles Carter,	244
John Murphy,	243
Patrick Murphy	157
Charles Baxter,	142
Gardner Willey	140
Arthur Pinel,	132

MR. WILDE RENOMINATED.

Unanimous Choice of a Well Attended Representative Caucus.

The Republicans of the various wards of the city completed their work Thursday evening, of electing delegates to the convention to nominate a candidate for Councilman at large. There was no contest for the position, it being conceded by all that the nomination belonged to Ward Six, and to ex-Councilman Wilde who failed of an election because of a tie vote.

The caucuses and conventions were therefore merely matter of form. Ward Six held its caucus Tuesday evening, Ward Four Wednesday evening, and the other wards Thursday evening.

At 8.30 P. M., a convention of the delegates was held in the Ward room, City hall. John F. Merrill was chosen chairman and A. W. Newcomb, secretary.

The committee on credentials reported 35 delegates present, representing every ward.

It was voted to make the nomination by acclamation, and upon motion of Daniel McGrath of Ward Six, Roger H. Wilde was unanimously nominated by a rising vote.

Chairman Merrill urged the delegates and especially the Ward committee to strive to get out a full vote, as though a full ticket was to be elected.

The convention then dissolved.

THE Woburn City Press Co. will commence the publication of a daily on Saturday, which will be the first daily in our twin city. We wish it success; it will be found to be an uphill job at the start, but Woburn people should recognize it to be a necessity and go out of their way to assist it.

IN ORDER

To comply with this letter, we have closed our store WEDNESDAY, Jan. 14th,

Open Thursday morning at 8 o'clock,

WITH THE

MOST FEARFUL MARK DOWN

Ever Known.

$20 Overcoats, reduced to		$10.00
$1.50 Underwear	"	.75
$12 Suits	"	$6.00

We have no room here to advertise prices. Come and see for yourself.

QUINCY ONE PRICE CLOTHING CO.,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

"Little Monitor."

The Best School Shoe for Misses and Children.

Saville & Jones.

Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.

Boston, Nov. 5. tf

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND

ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING,

QUINCY AVENUE.

Nov. 13. 3 mos

PLANT FOOD

FOR SALE AT

FRANK F. CRANE'S.

Quincy, Jan. 10. tf

$1.50

Will buy a FIRST-CLASS

Working Shoe

at

Saville & Jones'.

Bills of 1890.

CITY

— OF —

QUINCY.

QUINCY, Jan. 14, 1891.

ALL persons having bills against the City of Quincy contracted before January 1st are requested to present them at once.

H. O. FAIRBANKS, *Mayor.*

Jan. 15. 3t

N. CURTIS & CO.'S

Fine Shoes at

Saville & Jones'.

BUSSELL'S

Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCO[CK]

QUI[NCY] tf

Nov. 25.

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive an Easy Chair or Gold Watch.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period can have his choice between a richly upholstered easy chair worth $25, or a gold watch valued at $50. These will soon be purchased and put on exhibition in some prominent place.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

NO LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

—BY—

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

By Carriers or Mail.

month,	$ .50
months,	1.50
months,	3.00
year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

Silver Coin and Currency.

The country is familiar by this time with the new silver currency one dollar greenbacks, which represent the 4,500,000 ounces of silver bullion the government now buys monthly. The course of recent silver legislation in the Union is as follows: Up to 1873 we had free coinage of silver; that is to say, anybody with a quantity of silver bullion could take it to the United States mint and have it coined into silver dollars containing 371.25 grains each of pure silver. The government only charged him for this a sum sufficient to pay for refining and alloying the metal. In 1873 the coinage of silver dollars (except the trade dollar for foreign silver countries) was stopped, as the silver men said, in the interest of the "gold bugs"—those who clung to the gold standard alone.

In 1878, under the Bland silver law, silver dollars of the old weight and fineness (371.25 grains) began to be coined again. Under this law $2,000,000 worth of the metal was required to be coined monthly, and $4,000,000 worth might be coined. As a matter of fact, the minimum was scarcely at all exceeded at any time, and the utmost amount of actual silver dollars coined was about 2,500,000 a month. These dollars were piled up in vast heaps in the treasury vaults.

The silver law of 1890 changed the face of things once more. Under that law the government stopped coining silver dollars, but buys silver bullion and issues legal tender notes instead at the rate of $4,500,000 a month. The currency of the country is, therefore, increasing at that rate, and will be added to by $54,000,000 a year.

The free coinage men are more active and powerful than they have been for years, and expect in this congress or next to pass a law permitting the unlimited making of silver dollars, just as it was previous to 1873. It is predicted that then silver will become so abundant as to drive gold altogether from the United States' circulation and make it command a premium in the markets. As to what would happen then the veteran financial writer of The New York Sun has this to say:

My own notion is that so long as men can produce twenty ounces of silver at the same cost of labor as one ounce of gold, and then with 16 or 15½ ounces of the silver coined into money can procure by exchange an ounce of gold, they will prefer silver mining to gold mining. Therefore, with international bimetallism at 16 or 15½ to 1 the product of silver would increase, while that of gold would diminish. Only the more cheaply workable gold mines would be worked, and the others would be closed. At some time or other, therefore, the supply of gold, relatively to that of silver, would become so small that the "peg" would give way, and gold would no longer be used as money.

Obviously, the precaution to be taken against the impending depreciation of the dollar is similar to that which a buyer of dry goods would take against an apprehended shortening of the unit of measure. If he had reason to fear that before the delivery of the goods to him the legal yard would be reduced in length he would, in making his bargains, stipulate for measurements to be determined by the yard as it stood. So in regard to loans payable at a future date, which are, in effect, contracts for the future delivery of money, and in making long leases the lender or the landlord should stipulate for money of the present standard. This has already been done to a great extent.

Many leases, bonds and mortgages on real estate and millions of railroad and municipal bonds have been made within the past few years calling either for "gold coin," or, what is better, for "gold coin of the present standard of weight and fineness." As to banks and bankers, they may, if they choose, do what they did during the war—open accounts in gold, and make their loans specifically in that kind of money. In California this is provided for by statute.

The beautiful Lake Minnetonka in Minnesota has been discovered to be gradually disappearing. The water within it is drying out. It is now shallower by 5 feet 8 inches than it was in 1882. The legislature is to be asked to take action in the matter, though what a legislature can do to stop the water of a lake from drying up is hard to see.

IMMIGRATION LAWS.

Leading Features of a Bill Agreed Upon and Reported.

FREE COINAGE BILL'S FUTURE.

It May Strike a Snag in the House, but Its Friends Assume to Be Confident of Its Passage—Defeat of the Election Bill Prophesied.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The immigration committee has agreed upon the immigration bill and reported it to the house. The bill is considerably modified from the measure heretofore decided on by a majority of the committee, the modification being in the direction of greater leniency toward immigrants. Under the present law the classes of immigrants prohibited from coming to this country are convicts, lunatics, idiots and paupers. The bill reported also prohibits persons likely to become paupers, polygamists and persons convicted of any crime involving moral turpitude. Simple political offenders are not included. The bill also provides that any persons whose transportation was paid for by another or has been "assisted" to immigrate must show affirmatively or satisfactorily that they are not within the inhibited classes. The object of this is to meet the case of persons sent over here by poor law guardians.

A number of provisions are made to meet evasions of the contract labor law which experience has brought to light. Persons who come here in response to advertisements in foreign papers are prohibited from landing, and it is also sought to prevent steamship companies from fostering immigration by means of agents. Ministers or persons in recognized professions are specialky exempt from these provisions. The system of inspection of immigrants is strengthened by competing steamship companies in order to secure clearance papers to keep immigrants aboard their vessels until landed at the barge office for examination. They must also file with the immigration commissioners descriptive manifests of their passengers, and will be held responsible for difference between these manifests and the regular shipping manifests. The purpose of these provisions is to prevent the present custom of immigrants walking ashore as soon as the vessel lands.

Vessels are also to be compelled to care for and to return immigrants whom the inspectors decide come within the inhibited classes and also to return without charge any person found within one year to have entered the United States contrary to law. No provision is made for railway inspection, great opposition being encountered from New England and Michigan to legislate in this particular. Mr. Owen, the chairman of the committee, says the bill is conservative and permits all desirable persons to come to this country while shutting out those who come here without knowing or caring why they come.

The report accompanying the bill says:

The intent of our immigration laws is not to restrict immigration, but to sift it, to separate the desirable from the undesirable immigrants, and to permit only those to land on our shores who have certain physical and moral qualities. The inadequacy of the laws and amended laws on this subject is confessed, but your committee believe that the testimony taken in this investigation and herewith submitted contains suggestions, which put in operation, will cure defects in existing laws, and that with added amendments the statute will furnish regulations that will be just to the immigrant and beneficial to the country.

FREE COINAGE.

The Administration is Against It, but It May Receive Executive Clemency.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The silver advocates will now concentrate their forces in the house, and conferences have been held by the friends of silver in that body. The opponents of free silver are depending on Speaker Reed to defeat the senate scheme. It has reached the house and was referred to the committee on coinage, weights and measures. The fight will be made in this committee.

The opponents of free silver on the committee will endeavor to agree upon a compromise measure, but it is very doubtful whether they can accomplish their purpose. It all depends upon the action of Democrats representing the eastern states. If the delegations from Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England vote as they did at the last session, the senate bill probably will be defeated. The silver advocates, however, claim that they have strengthened their lines in the west sufficiently to overcome the Democratic defection in the east.

A good deal depends on the course of the speaker. It is alleged that he is disposed to antagonize the bill unless assurances are given that the silver senators will support the election bill. It is well known that the speaker is earnestly working for the passage of that measure. In this he is in full accord with the president and the administration. He and the Republicans generally in the house are aware that the president is against free coinage and does not want to meet the issue. The statements that have recently appeared that the president would sign the free coinage bill if presented are wholly unauthorized.

It is evident from the talk among members of the house that there is to be an animated and possibly bitter struggle on this question, and it would not be safe to predict the outcome. If the president and the administration should throw their influence against the free coinage proposition, they may be able to hold enough members to secure its defeat. It must not be forgotten that a very large proportion of those now in the house will disappear after March 4, and many of them are looking for executive favors. This fact may have a controlling influence over the situation.

THE ELECTION BILL.

Its Chances of Becoming a Law Thought to Be Very Small.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The narrow margin by which the consideration of the election bill was carried is regarded by the Democrats as favorable to its final failure. The Republican senators who have arrayed themselves against the further consideration of this measure will not recede from the position they have taken, and should it become apparent that the election bill is likely to consume so much time as to defeat other important legislation, there are two or three other Republican senators who will vote to lay it aside in order that legislation in which they are interested may be taken up. It is evident that Senator Hoar and the friends of the election bill are not very confident of passing it. The Democratic managers openly express the belief that the bill will never pass. They regard the situation as favorable, although they are anxious so long as this bill is before the senate.

COLORADO'S POLITICAL TURMOIL.

She Has Two Speakers of the House and There is Fear of Bloodshed Before the Rival Factions Settle Their Disputes.

DENVER, Jan. 16.—Yesterday's session of the Colorado house of representatives will be one long remembered. It proved to be the most exciting in the history of Colorado. For some time efforts have been made to have Speaker Hanna resign, owing to factional differences regarding the appointment of committees. At yesterday's session Representative Brown of Denver moved to expunge from Friday's records that portion referring to the appointment of committees.

Speaker Hanna refused to recognize the motion, holding that Mr. Brown's sole object was to cause a rupture between the factions. An appeal from the decision of the chair was made without result. Mr. Brown's followers number twenty-eight out of the forty-nine.

Mr. Brown then made a motion to impeach Speaker Hanna, which was carried, the minority refusing to vote. Judge Jesse White was then elected speaker of the house by the majority, and the amusing spectacle of two speakers, each entertaining motions, attracted hundreds to the legislative halls. A new set of officers was appointed.

Speaker Hanna, for his own protection, had his desk surrounded with deputy sheriffs. Governor-elect Routt, desiring to protect the state's property in case of an outbreak, called out two companies of the National Guard, who surrounded the building. By Governor Routt's advice, Speaker Hanna adjourned the house. Previous to doing so, dozens of special deputies were sworn in, and instructed to clear the halls. Speaker White shortly afterward adjourned his following.

Two separate armed bodies are in charge of the hall, and should either attempt to oust the other, bloodshed will be inevitable. Neither side will compromise, and it is more than probable that Speaker White will secure another hall. The city is in a state of excitement, and the outcome is awaited with fear.

In front of the Windsor hotel, last night, Harley McCoy insulted Chief of Police Hawley. The latter drew a revolver and shot McCoy several times. McCoy returned the fire, killing Hawley. McCoy is not expected to live. Policeman Morris, who came to Hawley's assistance, was shot through the shoulder. The quarrel grew out of the legislature trouble.

New England Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The president sent to the senate the following nominations of postmasters: Maine—S. Merrill, Fairfield. Vermont—F. M. Pierce, Brandon, N. F. Dunshe, Bristol. Massachusetts—J. S. Fay, Marlboro; J. O. Hodges, Mansfield; H. P. Waite, North Easton; Miss A. J. Smith, Stockbridge; A. B. Wyman, Woburn.

The senate confirmed the following nominations of postmasters in New Hampshire: Luther Gage, Penacook; E. V. Cooly, Lancaster; W. A. Churchill, Lebanon.

British Steamer Wrecked.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The British steamship Carrie, bound from Hartlepool for Bombay, went ashore upon the breakwater at the mouth of the river Tees, and will probably become a complete wreck. A heavy sea was running when the Carrie went ashore and her crew were forced to remain on board, lashed to the rigging, all night. Toward morning the life-savers managed to shoot a rocket over the Carrie, and her crew were brought safely to the shore by the breeches buoy.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The body of the Duke of Bedford is to be cremated.

Crews are deserting the ice-bound vessels in the Elbe.

Robbers made a big haul in the Key West, Fla., postoffice.

The Northwestern Autographic Register company is to be wound up.

Garibaldi's family refused $60,000 for the patriot's former island home.

The jury disagreed in a suit for $5000 against the town of Needham, Mass.

Mrs. James Brown Potter is said to have had a most successful tour in India.

The Gloucester schooner Charles H. Boynton was lost on Libby Island. The crew was saved.

Hurricanes are reported as prevailing in the Mediterranean sea from Marseilles to the Algerian coast.

The owners of the Gloucester schooner William D. Daily have given her up for lost with all on board.

Vienna patients are frightened by Professor Virchow's statements regarding the lymph of Dr. Koch.

Sheffield, Eng., houses are represented to be suffering much from the operation of the McKinley tariff.

Irrepressible, the anti-Parnell paper, denies hotly that Mr. O'Brien has changed front and gone over to Mr. Parnell.

Rev. Edward J. Dunne of All Saints church, Chicago, is to be appointed bishop of the new Catholic see of Dallas, Tex.

Sir John Thompson thinks there is no cause for indignation in the course taken by Canada in the Behring Sea question.

Several large steamers which attempted to leave Hamburg were forced to return, the ice in the lower reaches of the river being impassable.

The appeal of the murderer, Eyraud from the sentence of death pronounced upon him for strangling the police notary, Gouffe, has been rejected.

Julius Freid, a Brooklyn liquor dealer, committed suicide by shooting through the head. He was a prominent Free Mason and was in poor health.

Gunsberg won another game from Steinitz in the chess contest, and the score now stands: Steinitz 5, Gunsberg 4, drawn 7. Four more games are to be played.

The crew of the schooner Helen A. Chase of Bath, Me., were rescued from the sinking vessel sixty miles off Hatteras after thirty hours' exposure to the fierce blasts of a winters's gale.

Lord Salisbury is said to work fourteen hours a day, writing and reading dispatches. Add to this the time consumed in social duties and he rarely gets more than four or five hours' sleep.

John M. Galloway died at Guthrie, O. T., of pneumonia. He was a noted Kansas lawyer and Democratic politician, and was United States commissioner for the Oklahoma district under Mr. Clevelands administration.

A dispatch says that Levi Beebe of Lee, Mass., who won fame as a weather prophet by predicting the blizzard of March, 1888, four months prior to that date, says the worst storm of the season will visit this country between Feb. 1 and 15.

THE WAR AT AN END.

Gen. Miles Announces the Surrender of the Hostiles.

YOUNG BUCKS IN BAD HUMOR.

Kicking Bear and His Followers Surrender Their Arms—The Military Prepared for Any Treacherous Move On the Part of the Indians.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Dispatches were received by Gen. Schofield from Gen. Miles announcing the end of the Indian troubles in the west. Gen. Miles says the entire camp of Indians came into the agency yesterday. He thinks it fair to estimate their number at not less than 4000 people, and says he has directed the chiefs to have the different bands gather up their arms and turn them in, which they are now doing. He continues:

"Kicking Bear, supposed to be the leader, was the first to surrender his rifle, and others of the same character will follow his example. Of course many of the young men may hold back and may cache their arms, but I believe the disarming will be complete. It will require some time to get the Indians under full control, but everything is moving in a satisfactory manner. The troops under Gen. Brooke have moved forward and are now in three strong commands, with the Indians, upward of 7000, in the center, the whole within a radius of ten miles."

THE INDIAN CAMPING GROUND.

Hundreds Upon Hundreds Pitch Their Tents Just South of Pine Ridge.

PINE RIDGE, S. D., Jan. 16.—The Indians are coming in. They string along the west bank of the White Clay creek for a distance of two miles. They are mounted, walking, riding on wagons, and, in fact, are advancing in every manner known to them. They are driving and leading immense herds of ponies. The scouts estimate the number of lodges at 742, and the Indians at no less than 3500. The Indian camp, two miles from the agency, has been broken up. Gen. Brooke has been ordered to march with his command from below the mission to this point.

The Brules have pitched their tepees with the Ogallalas, forming a camp nearly a mile and a half in length, connecting with the friendlies south of the agency. The main part of the camp extends westward from White Clay Creek up the bluffs, on the summit of which the Indians have posted pickets to prevent surprise. They took possession of the bluffs just about the time the main body reached the camping ground, suddenly appearing as a display party, both mounted and on foot, after the most approved military fashion. Since the surrender by Big Road of nine rifles yesterday afternoon, nothing has been heard or received from the hostile camp. All the guns, rifles and Hotchkiss guns in the agency are, however, trained in that direction, and the indications of life in that quarter will be watched with interest. To-day, it is asserted, the other chiefs will turn over to Agent Pierce the arms of their followers, but it is doubted whether the surrender will exhaust the supply of the hostiles.

The Indians of Big Road are done in the matter of giving up their miserable weapons, the same as the warriors of Big Foot did when the tepees of the latter were searched for weapons. There is doubt entertained, however, that Gen. Miles will order a searching of tepees for any more arms. There is also a certainty that he will not seek for hidden weapons in the Bad Lands or near the camp sites which the hostiles have abandoned. Such being the case the Indians scarcely miss the weapons which they have surrendered or will voluntarily surrender, knowing that they may at any time regain possession of those which they have temporarily stored away in their tepees or in the hills. Gen. Miles has already assured the Indians that hereafter they have nothing to complain of, so far as their treatment by the government is concerned.

Gen. Carr reached the beef corrall last night with troops A, C, D, E, F, G, H, I and K, all of the Sixth cavalry. Gen. Wheaton is now flanking the Indians on the west, and Col. Sanford is flanking them on the east. The missing commands will either reach the agency very soon or be ready to respond at a moment's notice. The band of Young-Man-Afraid-of-His-Horse, which has been visiting the Crows for the past two months and numbers about 300, has arrived. They were accompanied by about fifty of the most aged and worn out hostile squaws that have ever been seen on the reservation.

The Associated Press correspondent made an attempt last night to enter the hostile camp, but was prevented by some friendly Indians. The latter claims that the hostiles, especially the younger ones, are in very bad humor. They are suspicious of the intent of the military, and are exercising the same vigilance in guarding against a surprise as if they had not agreed to come in.

How Capt. Wallace Was Killed.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Jan. 16.—John Gilmore, Jr., has just returned from the west, where he was a servant of Capt. Joslyn of company B, Twenty-first infantry. Young Gilmore saw Capt. Wallace killed, and says his head was crushed in by a squaw with a war club that Wallace had picked up after the battle. The squaw was riddled with bullets.

One More Victim.

JUNCTION CITY, Kan., Jan. 16.—Lieut. James D. Mann, Seventh cavalry, U. S. A., died at Fort Riley from the effects of a wound received at the battle of Wounded Knee Creek.

Ended in a "Scrap."

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 16.—In Block hall, Blackstone, two pugulists named Sullivan and Powell started in to spar in the presence of 200 spectators. In round three Sullivan was getting the better of it, when a free fight began. It was said that arrests were made.

Financial Bickering.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—A dispatch from Buenos Ayres states that a number of private banks have offered to advance the government £2,000,000, on condition that the government rescinds the tax of 2 per cent. levied on all private bank deposits.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Forecast for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont: Local snows; colder; winds shifting to northerly.

For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Increasing cloudiness; light snow during the evening; colder to-night; winds shifting to northerly.

BUCKWHEAT !

NOW IS THE SEASON FOR

Buckwheat Cakes and Maple Syrup.

WE HAVE A LARGE SUPPLY OF BOTH.

FLOUR ! FLOUR !

We are the only Firm in this City that have CONFIDENCE FLOUR.

WE HAVE A

FANCY HAXALL FLOUR

That Sells for less money. Give one of our kinds a Trial.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

TWO BIG BARGAINS.

Men's "All-wool" Scarlet SHIRTS AND DRAWERS REDUCED FROM $1.00 to 75 cts.

Children's "All-wool" VESTS AND PANTS, Sizes from 20 to 32, Any Size at Only 59 cents.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.,

ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

PRICES WAY DOWN !

During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our

Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel.

PRATT & CURTIS,

25 SCHOOL STREET. - - - QUINCY.

JOB PRINTING

At the Patriot Office.

BEST IN THE MARKET!

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, July 9.

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Nov. 10. tf

KWHEAT !
IS THE SEASON FOR
kes and Maple Syrup,
A LARGE SUPPLY OF BOTH.
FLOUR!
this City that have CONFIDENCE FLOUR.
WE HAVE A
AXALL FLOUR
oney. Give one of our kinds a Trial.
, Adams Building, Quincy.
G BARGAINS.
rlet Children's "All-wool"
ERS VESTS AND PANTS,
Sizes from 20 to 32.
ts. Any Size at Only 59 cents.
dsworth & Co.,
BUILDING, QUINCY.
WAY DOWN !
r months we make all the induce-
w trade, and for the present will
r for $6.75 per Barrel.
& CURTIS,
EET. - - - QUINCY.
PRINTING
Patriot Office.
THE MARKET!
$6.50 CASH
L A TON OF THE
R NUT COAL
st Economical Coal sold.
CH & SON.
NK S. PATCH.
-operative Society.
COLBY, Manager.
visions, Fish and Oysters
BOTTOM PRICES.
REAMERY BUTTER,
Best in the Market.
REET, - - - - QUIN

UNQUENCHABLE.

My love is like the dewy rose
She wears upon her breast;
Her breath is like the wind that blows
Balm laden from the west;
Her smiles are like the sunlight shed
On wavelets as they roll,
And like the blue sky overhead
Her purity of soul.

Her generous thoughts are like the rain
That falls on high and low;
Her kindly gifts to age and pain
None but the wretched know;
Her sympathies are broad as day
And stormy as the night,
And when there's darkness on the way
Her presence sheds a light!

Such were my thoughts when love was young.
But now, when love is old,
Each fancy of my pen or tongue
Is silver turned to gold.
I woo'd her in the morn of life,
Ere yet by sorrow tried,
But now I cherish her as wife—
More than I loved as bride.
—Dr. Charles Mackay.

FOUGHT IT OVER.

Early in the spring of 1814 the beautiful harbor of Valparaiso, the chief seaport of Chili, was the scene of several stirring events. Capt. Porter, afterward admiral, on returning from his famous cruise in the southern seas, repaired to the Chilian seaport before beginning his long voyage to the United States. During his trip among the warm seas he had won great glory for the American navy by capturing nearly every English whale ship known to be off the coast of Peru and Chili, and by taking from the enemy property valued at over two million dollars. Besides relieving the American whalers of all danger he had inspired the Peruvian and Chilian authorities with respect for the power of the United States.

While putting up for a short time in this South American port his ship, the Essex, was attacked by the English men-of-war Cherub and Phœbe. The gallant fight which followed was one of the bravest in naval history. Though the Essex was injured by a squall before the battle commenced, and the weight of men and metal was heavily in favor of the British, the American man-of-war had strong chances of victory until the hawser of the Essex parted and fire was discovered below decks.

The burning of the ship decided the fate of the conflict. The flames spread rapidly, driving the gunners from their places and terrifying the seamen. Efforts were made to subdue the flames, but under the heavy fire of the enemy's guns this was impossible. They crept nearer and nearer to the magazine, where several hundred kegs of powder were stored away. Appreciating the danger that awaited the ship and its gallant crew Capt. Porter called his men together and gave them liberty to make the attempt to swim ashore. Many made the attempt and succeeded, but others were drowned.

The flag of the Essex was finally hauled down and the surrender made. Among the seventy-five prisoners who were transferred to the decks of the Phœbe was a boy midshipman, who was not more than 13 years of age. He had been active in the battle, and now that all was lost he refused to leave the ship until his captain was ready to go. Dressed in his bright but battle worn uniform the young midshipman attracted no little attention from the English sailors. There was a manly, determined look on the youthful face, which betokened strength of character and will. When he stepped from the deck of the Essex to that of the Phœbe he cast a lingering glance at the burning ship, and seemed to be taking a long farewell of his old friend.

"See the little youngster," remarked one of the old sailors on the English ship. "He looks as if he was the captain."

"Captain of his mother's apron strings," volunteered another.

A general laugh followed these remarks, but the boy, without deigning to notice the jeers, stepped lightly from the bulwark of the ship to the deck. Taking his place among the prisoners he quietly waited for further developments. The English seamen were actively engaged in transferring everything of value from the burning vessel to the Phœbe. The magazine, storeroom, staterooms and even the captain's cabin were ransacked for valuables. The flames, meanwhile, were being put out gradually by the Englishmen.

As one thing after another was brought from the hold of the doomed ship and thrown recklessly across to the deck of the successful man-of-war, the American sailors closed their teeth with rage, and almost longed for a renewal of the conflict. Articles that had become dear and familiar to their gaze during their long journey in the southern seas were now passing before their eyes into the hands of the enemy. It was a sight sufficient to cause bitter feelings in any heart.

Finally one of the sailors came up from the hold of the Essex clasping a small pig in his arms. The pig was squealing from fright, while the sailor shouted out to his comrades in a loud voice:

"A prize, boys, a prize! By Jove! it's a fine grunter."

He leaped upon the deck of the English ship. There was a commotion for a moment among the prisoners. The young midshipman stepped up to the sailor with the pig, and claimed it as his own.

"It's my pet pig" said the midshipman, "and he doesn't belong to you. His name is 'Murphy,' and he has been with us ever since we left the island of Mocha. Will you give him up?"

"No; you are a prisoner and so is your pig," shouted the sailor, at which a general laugh was set up by the others.

The young midshipman, however, was not to be robbed so easily. His face flushed up with anger, and seizing the pig with both hands he said sharply:

"But we always respect private property, and this pig belongs to me."

The pig in question by this time began to feel uncomfortable in the hands of its two claimants, and its squealing was renewed and increased tenfold. The sailor clung to his prize, and the young midshipman kept his hold with equal determination.

The pig had been captured on the island of Mocha, off the shores of Araucania, when the Essex was cruising in the Pacific. Running short of provisions after leaving the Brazilian coast, Capt. Porter had landed at this island while his men enjoyed an exciting hunt inland. The island had been inhabited by Spaniards at one time, and fat wild swine were abundant. Among those captured was the small pig, which the sailors named "Murphy." During the rest of the journey the little porker of the midshipman's had become a great favorite, and now that its ownership was in dispute the American, as well as the English, seamen crowded around the two contestants.

The English sailors were fair minded and ready for any kind of sport. They enjoyed the scene hugely, and saw in it the germs of an exciting fight. One or two of them shouted out words of encouragement to the disputers. Then one of the English sailors cried out:

"Go it, my little Yankee; if you can thrash 'Shorty,' you shall have the pig."

This decided the matter. The young midshipman let go of his hold and said:

"Agreed. I'm ready to fight for 'Murphy.'"

A shout of approval greeted this brave remark. The sailors, ready for a lark, fell back and formed a ring. On one side stood the American sailors, who, for the time being, forgot the sting of their recent defeat and shouted and cheered their young champion. On the other side were the English, equally excited over the contest, and though prejudiced in favor of "Shorty," their own man, they could not help admiring the youthful gladiator.

The midshipman was slight in build, but his muscles were hard and well knit for one of his age. His quick, agile movements indicated an athletic training that would now stand him in good stead.

His opponent was an older man, thick, strong and stocky. Long service in the English navy had hardened his muscles and made him somewhat callous to pain. The battle really seemed all one sided at the beginning; but the American sailors still had confidence in their champion. They had witnessed some of his bravery in the recent naval conflict.

The ring was finally formed, and certain simple rules regulating the fist fight were agreed upon. The two men then threw off their coats and began the encounter. For the first two or three rounds there was no evident advantage on either side. Shorty was the heavier of the two, and his blows powerful enough to knock his young antagonist down, but the wily midshipman avoided them well, and succeeded in getting in a stroke now and then that fairly stupefied the Englishman. The fight continued for five or ten minutes with unabated fury.

Then the English sailor began to puff and blow. His efforts to knock his enemy down were all abortive, and his blows were parried so well that he had really punished the boy but very little. The spectators cheered and shouted.

"Go it, my little Yankee! Go it, Shorty! I'll bet on the man that gets the pig. Give it to me."

The fight was renewed, but the midshipman's pugilistic education now began to come to the front. He parried every blow of his antagonist with ease, and sent in his own blows with unerring accuracy. Several times the Englishman was nearly knocked off his feet, but each time his comrades braced him up and sent him at it again.

"Don't give in yet. Remember the pig. Give it to the young Yankee."

The shouts of the sailors were confusing, but they served to encourage the fighters. Finally a well directed blow, followed up by two or three others from the midshipman, settled the question. The Englishman acknowledged that he was whipped and surrendered the pig to its rightful owner.

The American sailors, prisoners though they were, felt that the second battle of Valparaiso had been fought, and with a cheer that was deafening they joined in a hearty hurra for their champion. The young champion, taking the pig under his arm, acknowledged the cheer and walked away to his place among the prisoners.

Thus did Admiral Farragut, the hero of Mobile and New Orleans and the first American upon whom the title of admiral was conferred, win his first fist fight and partially wipe out the disgrace of the naval defeat at Valparaiso.—George Athelbert Walsh in Yankee Blade.

No Spoked Wheels in 1841.

At this time there was not in California any vehicle except a rude California cart. The wheels were without tires, and were made by felling an oak tree and hewing it down till it made a solid wheel nearly a foot thick on the rim and a little larger where the axle went through. The hole for the axle would be eight or nine inches in diameter, but a few years' use would increase it to a foot. To make the hole an auger, gouge or chisel was sometimes used, but the principal tool was an ax. A small tree required but little hewing and shaping to answer for an axle. These carts were always drawn by oxen, the yoke being lashed with rawhide to the horns.

To lubricate the axles they used soap (that is one thing the Mexicans could make), carrying along for the purpose a big pail of soapsuds which was constantly put in the box or hole; but you could generally tell when a California cart was coming half a mile away by the squeaking. I have seen the families of the wealthiest people go long distances at the rate of thirty miles or more a day, visiting in one of these clumsy two wheeled vehicles. They had a little framework around it made of round sticks, and a buck hide was put in for a floor or bottom. Sometimes the better class would have a little calico for curtains and cover. There was no such thing as a spoked wheel in use then.—Gen. Bidwell in Century.

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 16.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1873—Baptist Church at Wollaston dedicated.

1876—Congregational Sunday School organized at Wollaston.

World Wide.

490—Death of Edmund Spenser, poet; born 1553.
1622—Birth of John Moliere, French dramatist; died 1673.
1698—Birth of Richard Savage, poet; died 1743.
1794—Death of Edward Gibbon; born 1737.
1809—Death of Sir John Moore, general; fell at Corunna; born 1761.
1839—Death of Edmund Lodge, herald and antiquary; born 1755.
1872—General amnesty bill passed by congress.
1878—Samuel Bowles, editor of The Springfield Republican, died in Springfield, Mass., aged 63 years.
1881—News of snow slides in the Wahsatch mountains, Utah; eleven lives lost.
1889—United States Senator C. F. Manderson, from Nebraska, elected.

Evidently Not His Sphere.

Proprietor of a Dry Goods Store (to a clerk who has just lost a sale)—What was the matter with that lady?

"Oh, we didn't have what she wanted."

"Didn't have what she wanted?" repeated the proprietor in amazement; "anybody could have sold to her what she wanted. The thing is to sell her what she don't want."—Philadelphia Record.

Doing Well.

Advertising Poet—There, Bell, I've got out three lines of my poem already.

His Good Wife—And I've got out three lines of my wash.—Harper's Bazar.

Difference in Tastes.

A very amusing story was told about Chancellor Bismarck by Earl Russell. The incident occurred at Versailles during the war of 1870. Lord Russell was to have an audience, and he was waiting for Count von Arnim to leave Bismarck's study. Presently Von Arnim came out, fanning himself furiously with his handkerchief.

"I really cannot understand," he said, "how Bismarck can live in such an atmosphere; he is continually smoking, and the strongest cigars, too. I had to ask him to open the window, for I could not stand it."

Then he took leave of Lord Russell and went his way. As soon as Lord Russell entered the room Bismarck said to him:

"What strange tastes some people have! There is Von Arnim, now, who has just gone out of the room; it is a fad of his to scent himself up to an unbearable degree, and today the perfume was so intense that I had to open the window."—St. Louis Republic.

The Red Cross.

It is a pity mankind are so conscienceless. Perhaps it arises from ignorance of what is the really best. The International Red Cross society is the leading benevolent organization of the world. It is the one brotherly tie that binds together all the civilized nations. It was formed to give aid to the wounded on a battlefield. Clara Barton, its American president, has extended its labors in this country to include all great calamities by flood, fire, earthquake, famine or pestilence.

The emperor of Japan and the king of Belgium are the presidents of the society in their respective realms, so earnestly are they interested in the good works which are its object. Wherever there is need the Red Cross steps in and does its task swiftly and deftly, making no call on the general public or on government for aid or money. The badge of the Red Cross society is a crimson cross on a white ground. Wherever it is seen it is sacred, and guards and hostile armies relax their lines and let it enter.

And now come some thoughtless Americans, and for purpose of gain appropriate this sacred badge as a trade mark to sell their wares. It has been used as a label on cigars, patent medicines and washboards. Worse than all, organizations formed for private gain have taken this badge, called themselves Red Cross societies, and have obtained sums of money under false pretenses. The real Red Cross society therefore has brought a bill before congress asking that it be made an offense against the United States statutes for outsiders to use the name or insignia. It is to be hoped that hereafter, for the good name of the country and mankind, Americans will stop appropriating them to private and commercial uses, whether there is any law passed or not.

Even if you kept it only a week, the good resolution you made the beginning of the year did some good.

With the retirement of Gen. Ben Butler from practice as a criminal lawyer the world will lose a good deal of fun.

SENATOR BLAIR DEFEATED.

Dr. Jacob H. Gallinger Nominated to Be United States Senator from New Hampshire—Nominations in Other States.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 16.—The Republican senatorial caucus assembled in White's opera house at 8 o'clock last evening. Only members and newspaper men were admitted to the floor, but the galleries were crowded with representative Republicans. The chairman stated that he understood there were to be nominating speeches, and refused to admit a motion to proceed to ballot without this. Then there was an interrim of ten minutes, chiefly occupied with sporadic cries of "ballot" and good-natured guying of the chairman. Finally Senator Baker took the floor and stated that he was to have presented the name of Mr. Gallinger of Concord, but that he would not take any advantage of the other candidates.

DR. GALLINGER.

A motion to proceed to ballot was finally put and carried. Senator Beal of Keene and Representatives Blake of Northwood and Clarke of Manchester were appointed tellers. Voting rapidly proceeded.

The first ballot resulted in no choice.

The second ballot resulted in the nomination of Dr. Gallinger, he having 120 out of the 191 votes cast. The nomination was made unanimous amid great applause.

Dr. Gallinger on being escorted to the platform was vigorously applauded, and in his speech accepted the nomination, declaring his adhesion to the McKinley bill which should never be repealed with his consent, and declaring his opposition to the free coinage bill, and his belief in a national election law.

Hon. Jacob H. Gallinger, the Republican senatorial nominee, was born in Cornwall, Ont., March 28, 1837, and learned the printer's trade. He studied medicine and practiced in Cincinnati and in Keene, this state, and has been located here since 1862. He had served several years in the lower branch of the legislature and three terms in the state senate, having been president of that body in 1880. He was elected to congress in 1884 and served two terms. For many years he has taken an active interest in politics, and was for a long time chairman of the Republican State committee. The Democrats recognize him as one of the most astute politicians in New Hampshire. He was chairman of the delegation to the Chicago convention, and eloquently seconded the nomination of President Harrison. Senator Blair's term expires March 4 next.

Senator Cameron's Opponents.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 16.—In accordance with the usual custom, both branches of the state legislature proceeded to the nomination of candidates for the United States senatorship, balloting for which will take place on the 20th. In the senate, J. Donald Cameron, the present incumbent, was the only nominee upon the Republican side. The Democrats placed in nomination State Senator Ross and Chauncy F. Black. In the house, after Cameron, Ross and Black had been nominated, Mr. Maguire (Rep.) of Delaware county placed in nomination Austin L. Taggart of Montgomery county. In a speech following the nomination, Mr. Maguire said he was "confident of being able to defeat Cameron now that Taggart has the grangers at his back."

"Uncle Dick" Beats Farwell.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Jan. 16.—Ex-Governor Richard J. Oglesby received the caucus nomination for United States senator, defeating Charles B. Farwell, the present incumbent.

Our Copyright Bill Under Fire.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Sir Frederick Pollock, bart, at a meeting of the Society of Authors, said that he did not think the copyright bill, if it passed the American congress, would be of any great benefit except to popular authors. There was reason to hope, he added, that the society's efforts, in union with those of the colonial and foreign offices, would increase the profits of British authors.

Mr. Lunt's Fat Job.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The vacancy on the board of general customs appraisers, caused by the resignation of Judge Stackpole of Massachusetts, will probably be filled in a few days by the appointment of Wilbur F. Lunt, formerly United States district attorney at Portland, Me. This is practically a life position, with an annual salary of $7500.

Deep in Debt and Missing.

BRADFORD, Pa., Jan. 16.—The liabilities of Rich & Robinson, shoe dealers, who failed three weeks ago, amount to $90,000, and their assets barely foot up $10,000. Both members of the firm have disappeared and their whereabouts are unknown. Among the creditors are firms in Boston, New York, New Brunswick, N.J., and Detroit.

Bubear Defeated by Stevenson.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—A dispatch from Sydney, N. S. W., says that Stevenson of New Zealand defeated Bubear of England in a sculling match rowed on the Paramatta river. The championship match will be contested on April 28, between McLean and Stanbury. The stakes are £200 a side.

Forty-Six Years in the Army.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Gen. S. V. Benet, chief of the bureau of ordnance, war department, was placed on the retired list of the army. His services in the army extended over a period of forty-six years, during seventeen years of which he filled the position of chief of ordnance.

A Poor Way to Hire Men.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 16.—Seven spinners brought here from Utica to take the place of the strikers, have deserted. The men said they were induced to come here under the representation that the strike was ended, and when they learned the true situation they refused to work.

Protective League's Sixth.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The sixth annual meeting of the American Protective Tariff league was held here. The concensus of opinion expressed was that the work of the league should be continued with vigor. The old board of officers was re-elected for the ensuing year.

Banker Horner Arrested.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—Edward H. Horner, banker, of 88 Wall street, was arrested on a charge of sending lottery circulars through the mails, advertising that he had for sale premium bonds. The warrant for his arrest was obtained in Illinois.

WONDERFUL LYMPH.

Its Composition and Circumstances of Its Discovery.

DISCLOSED BY ITS INVENTOR.

The Ingredients Announced to Be a Glycerine Extract from the Pure Cultivation of Tubercle Bacilli — Action and Effect of the Remedy.

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—The long talked of secret of the ingredients entering into the composition of Professor Koch's famous lymph is made public at last. Dr. Koch says:

Since publishing, two months ago, the results of my experiments with the new remedy for tuberculosis, many physicians who received the preparation have been enabled to become acquainted with its properties through their own experiments. So far as I have been able to review the statements published and the communications received by letter, my indications have been fully and completely confirmed.

Before going into the remedy itself, I deem it necessary, for the better understanding of its mode of operation, to state briefly the way by which I arrived at the discovery. If a healthy guinea pig be inoculated with the pure cultivation of German Kultur of tubercle bacilli the wound caused by the inoculation mostly closes over with a sticky matter and appears, in its early days, to heal. Only after ten or fourteen days a hard module presents itself, which, soon breaking, forms an ulcerating sore, which continues until the animal dies. Quite a different condition of thing occurs when a guinea pig already suffering from tuberculosis is inoculated.

An animal successfully inoculated from four to six weeks before is the best adapted for this purpose. In such an animal the small indentation assumes the same sticky covering of the beginning, but no module forms. On the contrary, on the day following, or the second day after the inoculation, the place where the lymph is injected shows a strange change. It becomes hard and assumes a darker coloring, which is not confined to the inoculation spots, but spreads to the neighboring parts until it attains a diameter of from .05 to 1 centimeter. In a few days it becomes more and more manifest that the skin thus changed is necrotic, finally falling off, leaving a flat ulceration, which usually heals rapidly and permanently, without any cutting into the adjacent lymphatic glands.

Thus the injected tubercular bacilli quite differently affects the skin of a healthy guinea pig from one affected with tuberculosis. This effect is not exclusively produced with living tubercular bacilli, but is the same whether, as I discovered by experiments at the outset, the bacilli are killed by a somewhat prolonged application of a low temperature or boiling heat or by means of certain chemicals. This peculiar fact I followed up in all directions, and this further result I obtained—that killed pure cultivations of tubercular bacilli, after rinsing in water, might be injected in great quantities into healthy guinea pigs skin, without anything occurring beyond local suppuration.

Professor Koch here interpolates a note that such injections belong to the simplest and surest means of producing suppuration free from living bacteria. Tuberculous Guinea pigs, on the other hand, are killed by the injection of very small quantities of such diluted cultivations. In fact, within six or forty-eight hours, according to the strength of the dose, an injection which is not sufficient to produce the death of animal may cause extended necrosis to the skin in the vicinity of the place of injection. If the dilution is still further diluted until it is nearly visibly cloudy, the animals inoculated remain alive and a noticeable improvement in their condition soon supervenes.

Continuing, Dr. Koch says:

If the injections are continued at intervals of from one to two days, the ulcerating inoculation wound becomes smaller and finally scars over, which otherwise it never does; the size of the swollen lymphatic glands is reduced, the body becomes better nourished and the morbid process ceases, unless it has gone too far, in which case the animal perishes from exhaustion. By this means

The Basis of a Curative Process

against the tuberculosis was established. Against the practical application of such dilution of dead tubercle bacilli there presented itself the fact that the tubercle bacilli are not absorbed at the inoculation points, nor do they disappear in another way, but for a long time remain unchanged and engender greater or smaller suppurative foci.

Anything, therefore, intended to exercise a healing effect on the tuberculous process must be a soluble substance, which would be lixiviated to a certain extent by the fluids of the body floating around the tubercle bacilli and be transferred in a fairly rapid manner to the juices of the body, while the substance producing suppuration apparently remains behind in the tubercular bacilli, or dissolves but very slowly. The only important point was therefore to induce outside the body the process going on inside, if possible, and to extract from the tubercular bacilli alone the curative substance. This demanded time and t until I finally succeeded with the aid a 40 to 50 per cent. solution of glycerine in obtaining an effective substance from the tubercular bacilli.

With the fluid thus obtained I made further experiments on animals and finally on human beings. This fluid was given to other physicians to enable to repeat the experiments. The remedy which is used in the new treatment

Consists of a Glycerine Extract,

derived from the pure cultivation of tubercle bacilli. Into the simple extract there naturally passes from the tubercular bacilli, besides the effective substance, all the other matter soluble to 30 per cent. of glycerine. Consequently it contains a certain quantity of mineral salts, coloring substances and other unknown attractive matter.

Regarding the manner in which the specific action of the remedy on tuberculosis tissue is to be represented, various hypotheses may naturally be put forward. Without wishing to affirm that my view affords to best explanation, I represent the process myself in the following manner:

The tubercle bacilli produced when growing in living tissues the same as in artificial cultivations contain certain substances which variously and notably unfavorably influence living elements in their vicinity. Among these is a substance which in a certain degree of concentration kills or so alters living protoplasm that it passes into a condition that Weigert describes as coagulation necrosis. In tissue thus become necrotic the bacillus finds such unfavorable conditions of nourishment that it can grow no more and sometimes dies.

Effect of the Remedy.

The lymph contains a certain quantity of necrotizing substance, a correspondingly large dose of which injures certain tissue elements even in a healthy person, and perhaps the white blood corpuscles or adjacent cells, thereby producing fever and a complication of symptoms, whereas with tuberculous patients a much smaller quantity suffices to induce at certain places, namely, where tubercle bacilli are vegetating, and have already impregnated the adjacent region with the same necrotizing matter, more or less extensive necrosis of the cells, with the phenomena in the whole organism which result from and are connected with it.

Thus, for the present at least, it is impossible to explain the specific influence which the remedy in accurately defined doses exercises upon tuberculous tissue, and the possibility of increasing the doses with such remarkable rapidity and the remedial effects which have unquestionably been produced under not too favorable circumstances.

Professor Koch concludes with a reference to the duration of the remedy of the consumptive patients whom he described as temporarily cured. Two have returned to the Moabil hospital for further observation. No bacilli have appeared in their sputum for the past three months, and their physical symptoms have gradually and completely disappeared.

MILLIONS CHANGE HANDS.

Hon. M. P. Kennard Takes Charge of the Sub-Treasury in Boston.

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—A change has taken place in the management of the sub-treasury. Hon. Samuel N. Aldrich, who resigned some weeks ago to accept the presidency of the State National bank, has left his position as assistant treasurer of the United States, while his successor, Hon. M. P. Kennard, took the required oaths before a notary public and the delegation of examiners from Washington, and assumed the administration of the office.

The first thing to be done is to count the money and examine the accounts. This work has begun and will require a week or ten days for completion. Hon. Jerome Wise, with four assistants, is on from Washington to do the work for the treasury department, and H. M. Aldrich, son of the retiring treasurer, will represent his father in the count and examination. Last night the balance left in the treasury at the change of administration was, in round numbers, $12,250,000.

BIG FRAUD UNEARTHED.

Someone Has Been Picking Uncle Sam's Pocket of Nearly $25,000.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 16.—Special Agent Chance of the customs service has discovered what looks like a gigantic conspiracy to defraud the government out of legitimate revenue, by lowering the sugar entries of W. Ford Thomas, representing the Claus Spreckels sugar refinery. Fraudulent alterations have been made in the sugar entries, and the casual examinations lead to the opinion that the government has been cheated out of almost $25,000. Mr. Spreckels has given a certified check of $20,000 to protect the government, and believes that there is a conspiracy to discredit his firm, or some one of its employes, by seeking to have the firm implicated in fraud.

Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, Jan. 16.—In the senate the new business included orders to regulate the companies organizing under laws of other states to do business here, and for an eight-hour law.

The house spent two hours over the new rule to regulate the introduction of business, which was finally adopted, and on which a motion to reconsider is pending. The committee on rules was authorized to employ a clerk.

Nearly $60,000 Behind.

ALBANY, Jan. 16.—Insurance Examiner Shannon, who has been investigating the standing of the Fidelity and Casualty company of New York, reports that the value of the company's assets is $1,207,076.77, and that its liabilities, including $250,000 capital stock, amount to $1,286,190.23. In all probability there will be a very large profit in the amount held as an unearned premium reserve.

New York Times Sued for $50,000.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 16.—Commissioner Adams has commenced a suit for libel against The New York Times and asks $50,000 damages. The alleged libel consisted in an article published by The Times in reference to the Long Island Water Supply company, in which Mr. Adams was mentioned as a stockholder and which associated him with the alleged corruption.

The British Affront.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Mr. Morgan in the senate followed the example of Enloe in the house and introduced a resolution declaring that the intervention of Great Britain in the Behring Sea matter in the United States supreme court is without precedent and is contrary to the courtesy of nations, and that a copy of the resolution shall be sent to the British government.

Bankers Out of the Bucket.

BUFFALO, Jan. 16.—Allen & Co., bucket-shop brokers, have decided to close their business on account of recent heavy losses. Mr. Allen said: "If I had been let alone everything would have come out all right. As it is I am compelled to close up. The losses aggregate fully $500,000.

"Expectations" Didn't Materialize.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Jan. 16.—Ex-Adjt. Gen. M. L. Bonham, son of ex-Governor Bonham, is a defaulter for $5000. He says he took the money expecting to replace it.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Latest Quotations of the New York and Boston Stock Markets—Jan. 15.

The report in the New York stock market that the New York and New England people and the New York, New Haven and Hartford will apply to the legislatures of the respective states for the passage of such laws as will permit them to consolidate is said to have been counted by New York and New England people, and the rise in the stock continued with odd-time fervor.

In the Boston stock market, interest centered in telephone, New York and New England and Atchison, with Sugar Trust by no means neglected.

The New York Market.

Atchison	31⅝	Nor. Pac pref	70⅝
Central Pacific	30½	Oregon Trans	16⅝
Chi & Northwest	108	Oregon Navi	81⅝
Del Lack & West	134¾	Pacific Mail	34⅝
Del & Hudson	136	Reading	33⅝
Illinois Central	102	Texas Pacific	16
Lake Shore	108¾	Union Pacific	45⅝
Missouri Pacific	67⅝	Wabash St. L. & P.	10⅝
N. J. Central	115	do pref	29⅝
N. Y. Central	103¾	Wheel & Lake Erie	3½
Northern Pacific	27⅝	Western Union	79⅝

The Boston Market.

Aspinwall Land	9	Fitchburg pref	85
Fremn's Bay Land	6⅝	Flint & Pere Mar	22
Newport Land	2¾	Maine Central	....
West End Land	23½	Mexican Central	13⅝
Atchison	30⅝	N Y & N E	46⅝
Atlantic & Pacific	6	do pref	116
Boston & Lowell	....	Old Colony	168
Boston & Maine	204	Union Pacific	46
Boston A. Prov	....	Wisconsin Central	21⅝
Chicago, B & Q	92⅝	American Bell Tel	206
Central Mass	19	Mexican	80
do pref	48	Erie Tel	46
Eastern	....	New England Tel	51

The Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—FLOUR—Heavy; city mills $5 10 to 5 35; city mills patents $5 10 to 5 65; winter wheat, low grades, $3 45 to 3 90; do fair to fancy $3 90 to 5 00; do patents $4 40 to 5 40; Minnesota clear $4 10 to 4 85; do straights $4 35 to 5 10.

WHEAT—Firmer; No 2 red $1 05⅝ elevator; No 3 red $1 00.

CORN—Firmer; No 2, 59¼ to 59⅝c elevator; steamer mixed 59⅝ to 60⅜.

21,979 FEET.

Eleven thousand, four hundred and sixty-seven columns of advertisements were printed last year in the

BOSTON HERALD
And the
SUNDAY HERALD.

If placed end to end, they would extend twenty-one thousand, nine hundred and seventy-nine feet.

SEE *Saturday's Boston Herald for the contents of next Sunday's Herald.*

The ablest and cleanest Newspaper published in New England. No Objectionable News or Advertising.

Just the Paper for your Family to read.

THE ONLY PLACE IN QUINCY
To get the Famous
Lebanon Overalls and Jumpers
is at
SAVILLE & JONES'.

MORE BOYS WANTED
to sell the
QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.
See Prizes Offered.

Old Colony.

On and after Oct. 13, 1890. Trains Leave

QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.11, 6.55, 7.27, 7.33, 7.38, 7.52, 8.12, 8.34, 8.40, 9.18, 9.59, 10.38, 10.57 A. M.; 12.05, 1.02, 1.17, 1.42, 2.50, 4.00, 4.07, 4.48, 4.57, 5.33, 5.40, 6.14, 7.05, 7.10, 8.11, 9.06, 10.19, 10.24 P. M. **SUNDAY**—9.19, 9.31 A. M.; 1.46, 5.53, 6.15, 7.25, 8.14, 9.16, 11.01 P. M.

RETURN.—5.45, 6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 10.05, 11.02 A. M.; 12.00 M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.30, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4.42, 5.10, 5.33, 6.00, 6.07 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 8.15, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY**—8.30, 9.00, 9.15, A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 5.45, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

WOLLASTON HEIGHTS FOR BOSTON.—6.14, 6.59, 7.37, 7.41, 8.15, 8.46, 9.21, 10.02, 11.00 A. M.; 12.08, 1.05, 1.45, 2.3, 4.11, 5.00, 5.43, 6.18, 7.14, 8.15, 9.09, 10.28 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.34 A. M.; 1.49, 6.19, 9.2, 11.04 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02, A. M.; 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.07, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR BOSTON.—6.19, 7.02, 7.16, 7.44, 8.05, 9.24, 10.04, 11.15 A. M.; 12.11, 1.22, 1.56, 2.56, 4.15, 5.48, 6.33, 7.12, 7.17, 8.18, 9.12 10.31 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.37 A. M.; 1.52, 6.22, 9.23, 11.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 6.45, 7.35, 8.00, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02 A. M.; 12.02, 12.30, 1.15, 1.55, 2.25, 3.12, 3.52, 4.22, 4.42, 5.33, 5.40, 6.15, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY** 8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

QUINCY ADAMS FOR BOSTON.—6.07, 6.51, 7.24, 7.35, 8.08, 9.15, 9.56, 10.54 A. M.; 12.02, 1.38, 2.46, 4.03, 5.37, 6.11, 7.07, 8.07, 9.03, 10.21 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.27 A. M.; 1.42, 6.11, 9.12, 10.57 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 9.40, 11.02 A. M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 3.12, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.00, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY** 8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

WEST QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.08, 7.05, 7.54, 9.11, 11.04 A. M.; 1.46, 4.45, 5.27, 6.20, 10.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25, 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

EAST MILTON FOR BOSTON.—6.12, 7.09, 7.58, 9.15, 11.08 A. M.; 1.50, 4.55, 5.31, 6.24, 10.11 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR EAST MILTON AND WEST QUINCY.—6.48, 8.17, 10.06 A. M.; 12.50, 2.40, 4.42, 5.50, 6.42, 8.14 P. M.

GEO. L. CONNOR,
Gen'l Pass'r Agt.

J. R. KENDRICK,
General Manager.

MAKE HENS LAY.

Sheridan's Condition Powder.

Nothing on earth will make hens lay like it. Highly concentrated. One ounce is worth a pound of any other kind. Given in the food once daily. Cures all diseases; worth its weight in gold to keep them healthy. Testimonials Sent Free. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps. 2½-lb. cans, by mail, $1.20. Six cans, express prepaid, $5.00.

L. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston.

ALL LINEN

CRASH

5c. per Yard.

New Cheviot Shirtings,

10c. and 12 1-2c.

Ladies' and Children's

GAITERS,

50c. a pair

AT

Miss C. S. Hubbard's,

158 Hancock St., Quincy.

Of Course

The Ladies would like a Rubber Shoe which will not break or slip at the heel. Try the

"B. & L. HOLDFAST."

We have all Widths and Sizes.

Saville & Jones.

WANTED.

WANTED,—A strong, willing girl to do general housework. Swede preferred. Apply at 41 Hancock street. Jan. 13—tf

WANTED.—Protestant girl for general housework at No. 9 Adams street. Quincy, Jan. 12. tf

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

TO LET.

TO LET,—Two nice Tenements, one of three rooms and one of four; well water. Apply to M. W. FROLUND, 4 Hillside street, West Quincy. Jan. 8—6t 10—1w

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.
Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms.
Apply to HENRY H. FAXON.
Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—Very desirable property in South Quincy. House contains 11 rooms, city water and furnace; stable attached with accommodation for 6 horses. Five acres of land, cuts 7 tons hay. Plenty of fruit, etc. A sightly location, near Electric cars and railroad station. Will lease for term of years to right party.
Enquire of B. N. ADAMS, Real Estate, Quincy. Jan. 13—pl tf

TO LET.—A large unfurnished Room, suitable for doctor or lawyer. For further particulars enquire on the premises, of N. A. WILD, 58 Water street. Dec. 24—tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms To Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

The Estate belonging to the heirs of the late John Page, consisting of a one story and a half cottage house, and about 14,000 feet of land, situated on Foster street.
JOHN PAGE, 104 Hancock St.
Quincy, Feb. 15. 2tw—tf

BLANKET LINED

Canvas Jackets

—— AT ——

Saville & Jones'.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS.

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree
Geo. H. Hunt,	East Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 16.

High water at 3.45 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.11; Sets at 4.38.
First quarter Jan. 17, 1.18 A. M.

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

G. H. Curtisof Springfield is visiting in town.

The Republican city committee for 1891 meet for organization this evening.

The second meeting of the City Council of 1891 will be held next Monday evening.

The soloists for the Quincy Musical Club concert, which occurs Feb. 4th, will soon be announced.

The German to be given at the Robertson hall this evening promises to be the swell party of the season.

Prof. George of Boston will open a dancing school at Music hall, Atlantic, next Tuesday evening.

The Mackenzie Specialty Concert Company appear at Music hall, Atlantic, Saturday afternoon and evening.

The directors of the National Granite Bank have organized by re-electing Mr. Theophilus King as president.

"Transforming power of faith" will be Rev. W. F. Lawford's subject at the St. Paul's church Sunday afternoon.

T. L. Williams offers a Waltham watch to the boy who will bring him the most LEDGER coupons before March 1.

The case of Catherine McLeod vs. the Quincy & Boston Street Railway to recover $5000 for personal injuries, on April 28, 1890, is on trial at Dedham.

Mr. Andrew Case, formerly Secretary of the Lynn Y. M. C. A., will deliver an address at the meeting to be held at Grand Army hall on Sunday afternoon.

A degree staff has been formed in Bay View L. O. L. 187. With this improvement the lodge will be able to give degrees without the help from Boston lodges.

All nominations by caucuses and conventions for the special election of Jan. 27, must be filed today. Nominations by nomination papers many be filed Saturday.

Considerable interest has been manifested in the meetings at the Congregational church, Quincy Point, the past week. Rev. Mr. Lisle will preach on Sunday at 11 and 6.

L. H. Guimond has moved his barber's shop from Durgin & Merrill's block to 78 Hancock street, and would invite his old customsrs to give him a call at his new quarters.

Meetings have been held in the vestry of the corner church, Quincy Point, every evening this week and conducted by Mr. and Mrs. Lyle of Newton. Tuesday and Thursday afternoons Mrs. Lyle spoke to the leaders.

The Democrats of Ward Two elected the following delegates Thursday evening to the convention: John C. Ring (at large), W. H. Sampson, Jr., John A. Avery, W. Sullivan, James Foy, M. Ring, M. Moynihan and D. Russell.

The New England Granite Manufacturers' Assosiation at its annual meeting in Boston on Thursday, elected W. L. Lyons president, Wellington Smith vice-president, Henry Murray treasurer, and Alexander Wright, secretary.

The Democrats of Ward One held their caucus last evening and chose the following delegates to the convention tonight: Hon. William A. Hodges, E. E. Fellows, F. F. Green, Walter B. Wilson, E. Becker, J. J. Byron, D. C. McCarthy, F. M. Hodges, W. A. Metcalf and L. J. Coyle.

William Thom, a prominent member of Clan McGregor, No. 5, O. S. C., died at his residence on Glencoe place, Thursday evening, after a brief illness of typhoid pneumonia. Deceased was a stone cutter by trade and has resided in Quincy for the past ten years. He leaves a widow. Funeral Saturday afternoon.

David and Robert, sons of Alex. Robertson, foreman of the Lake Champlain Granite Co., at Westport, N. Y., were instantly killed by the fall of a derrick on Tuesday at that quarry. Mr. Robertson was formerly foreman of the New England Granite Works at Westerly, R. I., and is well known by many of the granite men in West Quincy, who sympathize with him at his bereavement.

Miss Lizzie Mason was very agreeably surprised on Thursday evening, by a large company of friends from South and West Quincy. The evening was spent in singing, speech making, story telling and games. During the evening Mr. Robert Allen in behalf of the company presented Miss Mason with an elegant silver cake basket and berry spoon. Miss Mason was completely surprised. At a late hour the company departed leaving their best wishes with the household.

NO LIME IN

Royal Baking Powder

The ROYAL BAKING POWDER is made from Cream of Tartar specially refined and prepared for its use by patent processes by which the Tartrate of Lime is totally eliminated.

This highly important result has been attained only with great care, labor and expense. In money alone a half a million dollars has been invested in patents, machinery and appliances by which the crude Cream of Tartar, being procured direct from the wine districts of Europe, and subjected in this country to these exclusive processes, is rendered entirely free, not only from the objectionable Tartrate of Lime, but from other foreign substances.

This adds greatly to the cost of manufacturing ROYAL BAKING POWDER; but, as all its other ingredients are selected and prepared with the same precise care, and regardless of labor or expense, an article is produced that is entirely free from any extraneous substance, and pure in all respects. The ROYAL contains no ingredients except those certified by the most eminent chemists necessary to make a pure, wholesome and perfect Baking Powder.

It costs more to manufacture the Royal Baking Powder than any other; but it is, as shown by chemical analysis, the only "absolutely pure" Baking Powder made.

MAJ.-GEN. B. F. BUTLER.

He will Return to the South for the First Time Since the War.

It seems hardly necessary to say anything of the history of Gen. B. F. Butler. No man in the whole nation has been more constantly in the pulic eye for the last four decades than he. As a successful lawyer and influential politician before the war, as a patriot who was among the first to respond to the country's call at the firing upon Fort Sumter, as the man who gave New Orleans the best government the city ever had, as Commander of the Army of the James, as a Representative in Congress and a leading politician since the war, he has had public attention constantly focused upon him. No man in the country has received more praise and more abuse than he, and no man has more warm, personal friends and admirers. Many of the people of the South have been particularly bitter against him, and have tried to make his name the synonym for all that was detestable. He is now about to return good for evil, and heap coals of fire upon the heads of his detractors by a great enterprise to help restore prosperity to the region which suffered so severely from the ravages of the war. He is at the head of the great Georgia-Alabama Investment and Development Co., whose advertisement appears elsewhere in this paper, which is made up of capitalists whom he has associated with himself in a scheme to rebuild and develop large portions of Dixie. Early next month he intends to make a tour of the South, visiting that section for the first time since the close of the war—twenty-six years ago. He will go to New Orleans, and to all other prominent points, and survey the field of operations of this company carefully, to inform himself personally as to the possibilities of each locality. There is something phenominal in such a tour by a General whose first visit was sword in hand, but who now goes as a restorer. It will be watched with great interest by all sections of the country.—*National Tribune, Washington, D. C.*

How Watson got a Pension.

Moses Stearns and C. T. Littlefield, two forlorn-looking individuals of about 50 years of age, pleaded guilty to perjury in the U. S. district court Thursday morning, and Judge Carpenter sent them to Cambridge jail for three months each. One night last winter Stearns and Littlefield wandered into a liquor saloon on North street. A man named Watson was there. Watson was buying liquor pretty freely and soon excited the interest and affection of the two men. The result was that Stearns and Littlefield got pretty drunk, and when Watson wanted them to identify him on his application for a Mexican War pension they did not hesitate in swearing that they had known Watson for 35 and 40 years respectively. Watson, who had drawn seven different Mexican War pensions under seven different aliases, claiming service on the ship Savannah in each case, was arrested and is serving a seven years' sentence in state prison. He was an inmate of the Quincy Soldiers' Home.—*Record.*

Watch Them.

To the Editors of the Ledger:

I don't agree with "Hunk Up" in his suggestion of yesterday that the contestants of the Centre, mass their votes on one candidate. I say give everyone a fair show. But I don't think there is any danger of the watch going West, or to the Centre as for that. There are other wards in Quincy, and that hard working class, the clerks, are interested in a candidate. Watch 'em.

FAIR PLAY.

A BIG SALE.

Great Reduction in Clothing.

The greatest rush we ever saw at any private sale in this city was at the store of the Quincy One Price Clothing Company last night. They had a number to assist them in the sales, but could not begin to attend to the rush; and were compelled to lock the doors several times doing the evening to keep the crowd out. A thousand dollars' worth or more was sold in a short time, and the customers were well pleased with their bargains.

We would advise buyers to visit the store in the day time, while the sale lasts, as they can have a much better opportunity to examine the stock, which is of an excellent quality, and also to avoid the crowd.

Mr. Very, the junior member of the firm, is much pleased with their advertisement in the DAILY LEDGER, and believes the little daily is a big thing for advertisers.

WEYMOUTH.

The officers of Delphi lodge, K. of P., were installed Thursday evening by Deputy Mudge and suite of Boston.

The war drama, "Newbern or the old flag" was given Thursday evening at Odd Fellows Opera House, under the auspices of James L. Bates Camp 35, S. of V., before a large audience. The drama abounds in beautiful tableaux, war songs, etc., which were received with loud applause which was certainly merited. The drama will be repeated to night after which there will be a social da ce until 2 o'clock.

The Democratic town committee met Thursday evening and organized for the ensuing year by the choice of John W. Hart as chairman; A. P. Worthen as secretary; and Robert McIntosh as treasurer.

MILTON.

Messrs. Kemp & Tisdale report unusual large sales of the LEDGER.

Some twenty members of Granite lodge, S. of T., paid a fraternal visit to the Harrison Square lodge Wednesday evening, and it is unnecessary to add that a rousing good time was enjoyed.

The John Boyle O'Riley club of East Milton hold a social dance at Washington hall this evening.

Messrs. Kemp & Tisdale have recently purchased 100 barrels of old wheat flour which is said by many to be the finest in the market.

Aid Society Officers.

The Ladie's Aid Society held its annual meeting in the vestry of the Corner church, Quincy Point, last Tuesday afternoon. The following officers were re-elected:

President,—Mrs. A. A. Harlow.
Vice President,—Mrs. H. W. Federhen.
Treasurer,—Mrs. T. H. Newcomb.
Secretary,—Miss E. F. Lapham.

—There was a huge blast at the ledge on Codman street, Dorchester, Thursday, which caused a loud rumbling in the vicinity.

DIED.

THOM—In Quincy, Jan. 15, Mr. William Thom, aged 44 years.

STRAYED OR STOLEN,—A Pug Dog. A liberal reward will be paid for return to the owner. GEORGE O. LANGLEY, 59 Washington street. Jan. 16—tf

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately.
Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.
Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another instalment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list concludes all whose surname begins with "Sh."

WARD ONE.

To Whom Taxed.	Value.	Tax.
Shea, Henry & Co. Stock in trade,	$300	
Derrick,	75	$5 10
Shea, James, estate of. House on Packards lane,	550	
Land, one-fourth acre,	150	9 52
Shea, William & Sons. Stock in trade,	2,000	
Machinery,	700	
Two derricks,	400	
House on North common,	300	
Land, one-fourth acre,	150	
House off Quarry street,	100	
Land, 5,000 feet,	50	
Building,	150	
Land, 3 acres and quarry,	3,000	
Land, 3 acres,	450	99 28
Sheen, Mrs. William G. House on Greenleaf street,	3,500	
Barn,	1,200	
Land, 11,592 feet,	1,400	82 96

WARD TWO.

Sheahan, Joseph M. Land on Glencoe place, 5,551 feet,	225	3 06
Shepherd, Mrs. Helen. House on River street,	1,500	
Land, 22,285 feet,	875	32 30
Sherburne, Charles H. House on South street,	1,000	
Land, 10,750 feet,	400	21 04

WARD THREE.

Sheahan, Joseph M. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	2,000	
Personal mortgage,	500	
Four horses,	500	
Cow,	50	
Carriages,	300	
Land on Centre street, 5,550 feet,	200	50 28
Sheahan, Maurice, heirs of. House on Summer street,	1,400	
Barn,	400	
Land, 7,932 feet,	850	36 04
Shirley, George O. House on Quincy street,	1,200	
Land, 7,200 feet,	400	
Land on Brook road, 7,200 feet,	150	25 80

WARD FOUR.

Shea, Catherine. Land on Town hill, 7,500 feet,	100	1 36
Shea, Daniel. House on Copeland street,	700	
Land, 9,810 feet,	300	
Land on Copeland street, 12,338 feet,	300	17 68
Shea, Dennis. Two cows,	100	
House on Larry place,	600	
Stable,	50	
Land, 33,800 feet,	700	21 72
Shea & Milford. Stock in trade,	300	4 08
Shea, Luke. Land on Common street, 8,490 feet,	200	2 72
Shea, Michael. Horse and cow,	150	
Carriages,	100	
House on Bunker hill,	700	
Barn,	100	
Land, one-half acre,	100	
House on Bunker hill,	200	
Land, 1 acre,	300	24 44
Shea, William, estate of. House on Common street,	500	
Two stables,	150	
Land, 57,600 feet,	2,400	41 48
Shea, William, Sen. Five horses,	500	6 80
Sheehy, John. House on Prospect hill,	2,000	
Land, 5,244 feet,	250	30 60
Sheahan, Jeremiah. House on Bates avenue,	1,200	
Land, 24,634 feet,	700	
House and stable on Bates avenue	800	
Land, 40,932 feet,	1,000	52 32
Sheahan, Joseph M. Land off Hall place, 12,180 feet,	500	
Land on Hall's hill, 4,767 feet,	300	10 88
Sheahan, Michael. House on Rogers street,	1,000	
Land, 12,000 feet,	500	22 44
Sheppard, Joel F., & Sons. Buildings,	300	
Land on Kent street, 12,653 feet,	300	8 16
Shirley, Alexander. House on Common street,	1,000	
Land, 7,000 feet,	200	18 32
Shevlin, Owen, heirs of. House on Willard street,	600	
Land, 11,300 feet,	450	14 28
Shortelle, Mrs. Sarah. House on Common street,	1,000	
Land, three eighths acre,	500	20 40

WARD FIVE.

Sherman, Charles R. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	1,000	
House on Grand View avenue,	7,000	
Land, 22,615 feet,	2,700	
House and store on Beale street,	1,800	
Land, 5,984 feet,	550	
Land in section 4, 18,712 feet,	450	
" " 6, 18,413 feet,	850	
" " 1, 6,000 feet,	750	
Land on Old Colony avenue, 7,544 feet,	450	213 48
Sherman & Hewitson. Taylor block,	4,000	
Land, 14,780 feet,	1,800	
House on Safford street,	1,500	
Land, 15,000 feet,	750	
Land in section 1, 5,000 feet,	200	
Land on Belmont street, 14,630 feet,	300	
Land on Belmont street, 7,110 feet,	150	
Land in section 1, 11,400 feet,	700	127 84
Shepard, Stephen W. Land on Newport avenue, 5,000 feet,	150	4 04
Shuman, Almond. House on Winthrop avenue,	1,600	
Land, 5,850 feet,	600	31 92
Shunk, John. House on Prospect avenue,	2,000	
Land, 11,340 feet,	1,000	42 08

WARD SIX.

Shea, Jeremiah. House off Newbury street,	400	
Land, one-fourth acre,	200	10 16
Sherman, Charles R. Land in section 7, 6,256 feet,	250	3 40

BOYS

OF QUINCY.

ATTENTION!

WILLIAMS,

THE

JEWELER,

Will give a Fine Silver Waltham Watch to the boy bringing the greatest number of LEDGER COUPONS to his store before March 1st.

This Watch is

No Waterbury Humbug;

It is one of the Genuine

American Waltham Watch Co.'s

Make, and is Warranted to give perfect satisfaction. It is now on exhibition in his Show Window, and may be inspected by anyone.

Now Boys, get a gait on you, and hustle for it!

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 15. QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, JANUARY 17, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

IN ORDER

To comply with this letter we have closed our store WEDNESDAY, Jan. 14th,

Open Thursday morning at 8 o'clock,

WITH THE

MOST FEARFUL MARK DOWN

Ever Known!

$20 Overcoats, reduced to		$10.00
$1.50 Underwear	"	.75
$12 Suits	"	$6.00

We have no room here to advertise prices. Come and see for yourself.

QUINCY ONE PRICE CLOTHING CO.,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

THE FOLLOWING LETTER EXPLAINS IT ALL:

Office of

Whitten, Burdett & Young,

3 Winthrop Square,

Boston, Jan. 12, 1891.

Quincy One Price Clothing Co.,

Quincy, Mass.:

In the adjustment of the affairs of Whitten, Burdett & Young, it is important that collections should be made at once. We must therefore ask you to send us $3000 within the next two weeks.

Charles H. Allen,

Jonathan A. Lane,

Assignees.

IN ORDER

To comply with this letter, we have closed our store WEDNESDAY, Jan. 14th,

Open Thursday morning at 8 o'clock,

WITH THE

MOST FEARFUL MARK DOWN

Ever Known.

$20 Overcoats, reduced to		$10.00
$1.50 Underwear	"	.75
$12 Suits	"	$6.00

We have no room here to advertise prices. Come and see for yourself.

QUINCY ONE PRICE CLOTHING CO.,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

BOYS

OF QUINCY.

ATTENTION!

WILLIAMS,

THE

JEWELER,

Will give a Fine Silver Waltham Watch to the boy bringing the greatest number of LEDGER COUPONS to his store before March 1st.

This Watch is

No Waterbury Humbug;

It is one of the Genuine

American Waltham Watch Co.'s

Make, and is Warranted to give perfect satisfaction. It is now on exhibition in his Show Window, and may be inspected by anyone.

Now Boys, get a gait on you, and hustle for it!

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.

LOOK at these PRICES!

		Regular Price.	Our Price.
Fellow's Syrup,		$1.50.	96c.
Hood's Sarsaparilla,		1.00.	75c.
Ridge's Food,	Medium Size,	65c.	40c.
Armour's Beef,		1.00.	75c.
Armour's Beef,	Small Size,	50c.	40c.
Hot Water Bottles, 2 qts.,		1.50.	$1.15
Finest Stationery,	In Broken Lots,	20c. per quire,	10c.
Envelopes to Match,		20c. per bunch,	10c.

Durgin's Cough Balsam cures Coughs and Colds.

Durgin's Beef, Iron and Wine for Strength.

Fine lot of Bath Sponges just received.

A lot of Soap to close out, former price, 10c. per cake, present price, your choice for 5c.

DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

OUR MOTTO:

"RELIABILITY."

THE WILLARD.

Mayor Fairbanks Takes Possession.

The Important Step Causes Some Surprise.

The Mayor to Lay All the Facts Before the City Council.

The turn of affairs relative to the new Willard schoolhouse, which took place Friday afternoon, show that our new Mayor is determined that the completion of the building shall not be retarded if he can prevent. There were fears that the failure of the contractors would indefinitely postpone the completion, and such might have been the case but for Mayor Fairbanks.

Friday afternoon about 1.45, Mayor Fairbanks, Commissioner-elect Ewell, Officer McKay and a representative of the PATRIOT were driven to the site of the new schoolhouse. Reaching their destination they found the unfinished structure deserted and padlocked. Foreman Loring was in the vicinity however and he soon allowed the visitors to enter.

After a brief inspection Mayor Fairbanks said: "I take possession of this building in the name of the City of Quincy." At the same time he handed to Officer McKay the following document, which is self explanatory:

CITY OF QUINCY, MAYOR'S OFFICE.
QUINCY, MASS., Jan. 16, 1891.

DANIEL A. MCKAY, Esq.,

DEAR SIR: You are hereby directed to take charge of the Willard school building and all property in the same or on the land adjoining. Permit nothing to be removed without an order from me.

HENRY O. FAIRBANKS, *Mayor.*

The important step was not taken unadvisedly. On Tuesday morning Mayor Fairbanks had served a legal notice that he should take possession in the name of the city in three days.

The step was taken after consultation with City Solicitor Pattee and Francis L. Hayes, Esq.

The Mayor has not yet made public his future intention, but he will present all the facts to the City Council on Monday evening. It is his intention, however, to *rush* the building to completion.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

Difficulty in Securing a Candidate—Shea and Green Decline.

The Democratic delegates from the several wards in the city held their convention at the Democratic headquarters in Adams building last evening.

In the absence of the chairman of the city committee the convention was called to order by W. F. Powers at 7.45, after which J. F. Burke was chosen chairman and W. H. Sampson, Jr., secretary. A committee on credentials was then appointed who reported credentials from 49 delegates of which 35 were present.

Mr. Cunningham of Ward Six moved that John A. Duggan be nominated by acclamation, as he said his ward was not represented in the councilmen-at-large, and in the late election he stood next to Mr. Green, he would make a strong candidate.

E. E. Fellows thought as Ward Four was the largest ward the nomination should be made from there, as he thought they would be more certain of electing their candidate if he came from this ward, and hoped Mr. Shea would be nominated.

Mr. Shea said while he thanked his friends for their appreciation of him he must decline.

Mr. Cunningham then withdrew his motion, and a motion of George Cahill that an informal ballot be taken prevailed.

The result of the first ballot was a tie between Messrs. Shea and Duggan, and a second ballot another tie.

Mr. Duggan here entered the room and said he must decline the nomination and hoped Mr. Shea would stand.

This made matters look rather dubious and a recess was taken.

A committee waited upon Mr. Green to see if he would accept the nomination. This committee reported that Mr. Green would not stand, and when the convention reassembled it was nearly nine o'clock, and as the papers must be filed before 9.30 something must be done immediately. Mr. Shea was pressed to accept but held firm, saying that he had neglected his business for two years, and now having begun to increase his trade he must attend to that. Mr. Duggan than consented to stand and was unanimously nominated.

The convention then adjourned shortly after nine o'cock.

The Cunningham Murder.

Judge Bishop in the Norfolk superior court Thursday, gave a hearing on the demurrer filed by defendants in the case of F. W. Brown vs. J. W. Bradlee, T. F. Ruggles and J. A. Simpson, selectmen of Milton. It is an action of contract to recover $2,500, the reward offered by defendants for the detection of the party who shot Edward Cunningham at Milton, on Nov. 21, 1889. There are three claimants for this reward, including Brown, who furnished the first clew. At the hearing the plaintiff's counsel contended that the town, being responsible only for a reward of $500, according to Massachusetts' statutes, the defendants knowing this limitation by law, exceeded their authority in offering more than that sum, and are therefore personally responsible for the whole amount offered. The counsel for defendants contend the town acted through its agents, and that they, as such, incurred no personal liability, and that the town is wholly responsible for their act of offering the reward. Judge Bishop took the case under advisement.—Record.

BRILLIANT GERMAN.

Largely Attended by Society Young People—Those Present.

Robertson hall was the scene last evening of one of the most brilliant germans ever given in this city, and drew out a party well known in the social world. The whole affair was characterized by its elegant simplicity; the rich docorations, and the elegant toilets, relieved by the sombre hued dress suits, making a striking picture. The matrons were Mrs. John O. Holden, Mrs. Charles H. Porter and Mrs. J. Frank Faxon. The arrangements were managed by Mr. Henry R. Holden and Mr. Charles H. Porter, Jr. Among the prominent society young people present were:

Miss Faxon,	Mr. Rice,
Miss Dewson,	Mr. Dewson,
Miss Rice,	Mr. Hunt,
Miss Eaton,	Mr. Dean,
Miss Louise Eaton,	Mr. Harlow,
Miss Emery,	Mr. Swan,
Miss Williams,	Mr. Swallow,
Miss White,	Mr. Walter Holden,
Miss Hollis,	Mr. Bass,
Miss Morrison,	Mr. Bullard,
Miss Pratt,	Mr. Schenkelberger,
Miss Adams,	Mr. Edwards,
Miss Harlow,	Mr. Wm. Edwards.
Miss Whitmarsh,	Mr. Williams,
Miss Farrington,	Mr. Whitcher,
Miss Lane,	Mr. Price,
Miss Hodges,	Mr. Pfaffman,
Miss Rodgers,	Mr. Farrington,
Miss Darrow,	Mr. Geo. Farrington,
Miss Edwards,	Mr. Mendum,
Miss Temple,	Mr. Bockus,
Miss Belle Temple,	Mr. Wing,
Miss Haskel,	Mr. Adams,
Miss Shaw,	Mr. Wadsworth,
Miss Hunt,	Mr. Glover,
Miss Dickey,	Mr. Frank Wing.
Miss Barker,	Mr. Fox,
Miss Mosley,	Mr. Benson,
Miss Jackson,	Dr. Hunting,
Miss Freeman,	Mr. Lincoln,
Mr. Speare,	Mr. Griffin.

TODAY'S COURT.

Dennis Whelan drunk, $10.

Frank Anderson for assault on Henry Levine was found guilty and fined $8.

OUR ANNUAL

MARK DOWN!

Tremendous Discounts.

ULSTERS, - OVERCOATS, AND SUITS

Lower than they have been sold this Season.

GRANITE CLOTHING CO.,

ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

NEW BAKERY

JUST OPENED,

IN

Adams Building, cor. Temple and Hancock Sts.

The public are informed that I have opened a Bakery in the Adams Building, where will be kept a full line of

Bread, Cake, Pastry.

TRY OUR ANGEL CAKE.

Plain and Fancy Crackers. All kinds of Confectionery.

HOT BREAD AND ROLLS EVERY AFTERNOON.

WEDDING CAKE A SPECIALTY.

W. A. HODGES,

PROPRIETOR.

Jan. 17. 2w

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive an Easy Chair or Gold Watch.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period can have his choice between a richly upholstered easy chair worth $25, or a gold watch valued at $50. These will soon be purchased and put on exhibition in some prominent place.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

— BY —

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

A Bright Look Ahead.

It has been definitely announced that some of the patients under treatment for consumption at the Mount Sinai hospital in New York city have been discharged cured. One patient, a young lady, afflicted with the repulsive eruption known as lupus, was also discharged, with her arm that had been so long disfigured with the sore as smooth, round and fair as the other. So then consumption is no longer incurable. Always there is a way to do things if we can only find it out.

Professor Lister, one of the most famous pathologists living or dead, has given in a public lecture his adhesion perfectly to Koch's lymph, both as a method of detecting tuberculosis and as a means of curing it. Dr. Shrady has thought he observed improvement in some cancer cases where he used the lymph. In Vienna Professor Bilroth declares that he has observed marked effects from its use in leprosy. May it not be that this marvelous fluid, whatever it is, will also remove the awful scourge of leprosy from the world?

Such a vista has been suddenly opened to us as never before appeared to man. If consumption can be absolutely cured, then other diseases believed to be fatal—diphtheria, leprosy, rheumatism and lockjaw—can also be cured, if not by Koch's lymph, at least by something else. Cancer can likewise be healed, if not by the lymph, then by some other curative agent. Professor Lister believes that the Koch remedy will cure lockjaw and diphtheria. He saw animals apparently cured of these diseases by hypodermic injections of certain unnamed substances. It has been several times announced that bee stings have given marvelous relief in cases of acute rheumatism. Here is a hint for some professor who has time to experiment. If a bee sting will cure rheumatism, then let him analyze the chemical constitution of bee sting poison, make a compound containing the same elements, and give it to rheumatic patients by hypodermic injection and cure them. Why not?

If consumption, diphtheria, lockjaw, lupus and leprosy can be cured, then every other ailment known to man can be annihilated. This Dr. Paul Gibier, of the Pasteur institute, in New York, believes will be accomplished sooner or later. Then, whereas by sin death and disease came into the world, if man ceases to sin, in course of time the glorious, perfect race will be evolved. God speed the day!

There should be at the World's fair the fullest representation of everything pertaining to the American Indian and aboriginal life. That life is fast passing away, and if the braves keep on fighting it will be quite passed away, and the braves themselves safe in the happy hunting grounds before the World's fair begins. Let us have collections of Indian tepees, canoes, wampum and bows and arrows. A few hundred dried scalps might be loaned by their proud possessors for the occasion in order to make it interesting. Articles illustrating the life of the Navajos and Zunis, and the radical difference between them and the northern Indians, would be an admirable object lesson for some of our visitors. Many Europeans believe that the red Indian with war paint and tomahawk still roams the streets of New York and Boston.

Now that the true story of Bismarck's fall has come out, it will show the world a new side of the blood and iron man. When he went groveling at the feet of Empress Frederick to induce her to intercede with her imperial son to take him back as chancellor the answer the mother made is one that will pass into history: "My lord, I would gladly do as you wish, but you have so estranged my son from me that I have now no influence over him."

TWO LEAGUES, NOW.

The Base Ball War Has at Last Come to an End.

THE NEW AGREEMENT SIGNED.

Players' League Men Must Return to Their Old Teams—Western Association Admitted—Boston Will Have Two Teams—Many Important Changes.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The base ball war is at an end, the National league, American Association and remnant of the Players' league having in joint session formed into two leagues, absorbing the Players. The Western association is admitted to the new national agreement. The Players' league clubs of Boston, Chicago and Philadelphia and Washington were admitted to the American Association, in place of Rochester, Syracuse, Toledo and the Athletics. The Players' league men made some show of resistance, but finally succumbed gracefully to the inevitable. The Boston league club magnates consented to having an association club in their city. Then the American Association bought out Rochester and Toledo for $8500 each and Syracuse for $7000. The Boston and Philadelphia clubs were given two of the open franchises. Chicago and Washington completes the circuit.

Boston must charge 50 cents admission. All the Players' league sheep must return to the folds where they were reserved, but undoubtedly many of them will be allowed to stay where they are. Al. Johnson was referred to John P. Brush of Indianapolis with whom he will make a settlement in regard to the Cincinnati club. The new national agreement provides for the board of three, which shall control the workings of the associations. It destroys the sales system and blacklist, but retains the reserve rule. Players whose salaries are not paid may secure their release from the clubs which are in arrears for fifteen days.

Many important changes are made, all looking for the elevation of the game and justice and harmony as between players, managers and capitalists. The three presidents, Young, Thurman and Krauthoff signed the agreement on the spot and it was unanimously adopted.

The national agreement of professional base ball associations

Displaces Similar Agreements

of the past, but all existing acts, contracts, or reservations will stand, except where otherwise provided for. All future controversies are to be referred to the national board of professional base ball associations, which is to consist of one delegate each from the National league, American association and Western association. Members of the board are elected for five years, but anyone may be elected by a three-quarter vote of his association and a successor chosen. There are rules governing the election, compensation and duties of officers of the board, and a provision that an office in charge of a responsible person shall be established at a central point, to be open during regular hours every day the year round. The board shall keep a record of all contracts and agreements made by it and promulgate them, and interpret playing rules when called on to do so by club officials, managers or umpires. It may appoint official scorers and umpirers and shall compile the records of players. It shall have the power to interpret and enforce playing rules, and prescribe forms of contracts for players and managers.

The treasurer, elected by the board, shall give such bond as the board may approve.

Duties of the Board.

The board shall hear and have final jurisdiction in all disputes between associations, clubs, managers and players. It shall impose fines or other penalties; enforce or remit them; cause suspension or reinstatement; make assessments; carry out present regulations and originate amendments. The board shall classify clubs and players, and they may arrange for the transfer of players from one club or association to another, but neither the board nor a club has the power to transfer a player without his consent. The board may also release from contract or reservation any player or manager when the club with which he has contracted or by which he has been reserved shall be in arrears to him for salary for more than fifteen days after the salary became due; or whenever the reserving club has failed to tender to any player on or before March 15, after such reservation, a regular contract with a salary of at least such an amount per month as the board may fix as the proper salary to be paid to such player; or when any such reserving club other than of an association party hereto has transferred its membership after the close of a championship season to a different association, if the board shall deem that the player will be prejudiced by such transfer.

On or before the 10th day of October, 1891, and of every year thereafter, the secretary of associations, parties hereto, or belonging to any class which may be entitled to the privilege of reservation, shall transmit to the board a reserve list of players, not exceeding fourteen in number, then under contract, with each of its several club members for the current or any succeeding season or seasons; and in addition thereto a list of such players reserved on any prior annual reserve list who have refused to contract with said clubs, and of all ineligible players. Such players, together with all others thereafter to be regularly contracted with by such clubs, are and shall be ineligible to contract with any other club of any association, except as hereinafter prescribed. The said board shall thereupon promulgate such lists; provided that no club shall be permitted to reserve any player while in arrears of salary to him.

Clubs belonging to associations, parties thereto, may contract with players for any period of time that may be mutually agreed upon, provided that no club shall at any time enter into negotiation or contract with any player under contract, agreement or reservation with or by any club, without the latter's consent. The board shall have power to enforce this section by such fines and penalties upon and against all bodies or persons violating this section as it may deem proper.

When a player under contract with, or reservation by any club or any association, party hereto, shall be expelled, suspended or rendered ineligible in accordance with the rules of such association, notice of such disqualification shall be given to the board by the secretary of the association from whose club such player shall have been thus qualified, and the board shall forthwith give notice of such disqualification to the several clubs under this agreement. When a player shall become ineligible under the provisions of this agreement, or any order of the board, the board shall notify the several clubs acting under the agreement of such disqualification. From the receipt of any such notice, all club members of associations acting under this agreement

Shall Be Debarred

from employing or playing with or against such disqualified player, until the period of disqualification shall have terminated or the disqualification be revoked by the association from which such player was disqualified by the board, and due notice of such revocation shall be given by the board to the several clubs.

No game shall be played between any clubs of any association acting hereunder or any of its players under contract or reservation with any other club or team while presenting on its nine an ineligible player. A violation of this section shall subject the offender to fine, suspension or expulsion, in the discretion of the board.

Other sections of the agreement pertain to the territorial rights of associations and clubs, and provide for punishments where members of the national association do not live up to the agreement. The agreement may be amended at any time by a vote of the associatiods in the "combine," and it goes into effect Feb. 1, 1891.

INCLEMENT WEATHER

Brings Much Suffering to the People of France—Shipping Damaged in Germany.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—Heavy snowstorms are reported from Bordeaux and Perigueux, coupled with the statement that traffic of all kinds in those cities and the surrounding regions has been brought to a complete standstill. In the department of Dordogne all the rivers are frozen over and wolves are ravaging the sheep pens. The village of Pontarlier and the farms about it are completely isolated, all communication being cut off by the heavy snows. Several deaths by freezing are reported from the department of Cher.

BERLIN, Jan. 17.—The freezing weather which has again set in is causing much alarm among those interested in shipping. The immense ice floes in the Elbe render navigation in that river extremely dangerous for even the stoutest vessels. Several steamers carrying mails started from Hamburg, but only succeeded in forcing their way to Blankenese, where they are stuck fast in the ice. Several other steamers have become disabled by the ice and are drifting helplessly off Cuxhaven.

BRAZIL'S BIG OFFERS.

Many Immigrants Flocking Into the Country—A Chance for Americans.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Dr. Salvador de Mendonca, the newly appointed minister of Brazil at Washington, has arrived here, accompanied by his wife. Dr. Mendonca said everything in Brazil was prospering. The general election ends this month. Fonseca will surely be elected president. Elections have already taken place in seven states and all passed off in an orderly manner. Dr. Mendonca says he is surprised at the great influx of foreign capital and of immigrants into Brazil. The immigrants are taking advantage of the offer of free land made by the Brazilian government, and are settling in the southern portion of the Republic. Americans can avail themselves of these offers of the government as well as people of any other nation.

A Big Railroad Scheme.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 17.—A capitalist who does not want his name made public says that plans are almost completed for the formation of a company to build an air line railroad from Kansas City to Galveston, Tex., there to connect with a Pan-American steamship line. The proposed line will be 200 miles shorter than any other road to the gulf, and it is estimated that $12,000,000 will build and equip it The merchants of Galveston hope the state of Texas will advance $5,000,000 to the company, accepting as security the road's bonds.

He Squared Up.

NYACK, N. Y., Jan. 17.—Frank P. Demorest, member of the assembly for Rockland county, was arrested here charged with misappropriating money and forging endorsements on checks. He was attorney for the Union steamboat company of Buffalo, which had its office in Upper Nyack to save the heavy city taxes. The Union steamboat company had him arrested, when he refunded the entire amount to the company.

Two Savings Banks Fail.

GREENVILLE, Pa., Jan. 17.—The Stoneborough Savings bank and the Sandy Lake Savings bank, both of which were largely managed by the same parties, have failed. The liabilities of the Stoneborough institution probably exceed the assets, but the Sandy Lake concern claims to be able to pay its debts in full. All the money in the eastern part of Mercer county is tied up in the failures.

A Farmer in the Role of Outlaw.

SHERMAN, Tex., Jan. 17.—At Mills, Tex., George Smith, a farmer, entered a saloon and compelled several men at the point of a revolver to hand over their valuables As he was leaving the saloon, Jim Sibel, the town marshal, fired, but missed him. Smith returned the shot and the bullet entered Sibel's head. He was afterward captured, brought here and placed in jail.

A New England Earthquake.

NASHUA, N. H., Jan. 17.—A severe shock of earthquake was felt in Pepperell and adjoining towns. Sleigh bells were rung in stables and crockery ware rattled. The vibrations lasted a few seconds, causing an alarming sensation. It is learned that the vibrations extended to Ayer and Fitchburg and this vicinity. Rumbling sounds were heard in Hollis.

Work for Four Thousand.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—It is reported that the Washburn-Moen company, which controls all of the barbed wire patents, has abandoned its plant at South Chicago and has purchased a tract of 250 acres for the purpose of erecting a plant at the northern suburb of Waukeegan. It is given out that the shops are capable of accommodating 4000 employes to be located there.

Subscriptions Piled Up Fast.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—A cablegram was received from Paris by a large commercial house in this city stating that the subscription books to the new rubber company were opened and closed in Rio and in Paris the same day, the full amount of the capital, $10,000,000, being subscribed. The company is looked upon as a great success.

Railway Traffic Blocked by Snow.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—Advices received here are to the effect that the running of trains in Belgium and Germany is greatly impeded by the immense mass of snow which covers the tracks. Every effort is being made to restore railroad traffic to its normal condition and even the troops are being employed in the work of clearing the different lines.

The Week's Failures.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Business failures reported to Bradstreet's number 326 in the United States this week, against 391 last week and 355 this week last year. Canada had 51 this week, against 46 last week. The total number of failures in the United States, Jan 1 to date, is 903, against 1018 last year.

A TALKING MATCH.

Senate Holds an All-Night Session on the Election Bill.

CLOSURE RULE WILL COME UP

If a Quorum Can be Secured by the Republicans—The New Law and the Maple Sugar Bounty—Coinage Bill Must Be Changed or It Will Be Vetoed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The senate was in session all night. It was the understanding on the Republican side of the senate last night, when the motion made by Mr. Wolcott to adjourn was defeated, that the extension of the senate would not result in any measurable advancement of the election bill. The real purpose was to convince the few Republican senators who are of conservative opinions, that the old method of passing a measure obnoxious to the minority by excess of sheer physical endurance is no longer effective. The majority feel that after short practice in the tactics tried yesterday, if the few senators who have retained their belief in the other methods will consent to support the proposed closure rule. This measure is now on the calendar, and it can be taken up at a moment's notice by an affirmative vote, and it is rumored that the effort may be made to-day.

But there are several obstacles to the enactment of the rule. In the first place some way must be found to limit the debate upon it. Otherwise the debate may be as absorbent of time as the debate on the election bill, which it is mainly intended to cut short. In the second place there arises the question of the ability of the Republicans (supposing they can maintain their majority) to secure a quorum; for they fear that the Democrats, as a last resort may refuse to vote in the attempt to break a quorum. There are six Republican senators absent from the city, all involved in matters relative to their own or their colleagues re-election, and it is improbable that they could return before the middle of next week at least, the time for the legislative senatorial elections, although it is possible that Senators Chandler and Blair could be induced to return in shorter time.

The Republicans were much encouraged by the action of Senator Washburn in voting with them against adjournment, and they feel that although he may eventually vote against the bill, he will still vote and thus help to make up the quorum. Senator Ingalls' position is the subject of much speculation. He refrained from voting Wednesday night to take up the election bill, and last night he was not present when the first motion to adjourn was defeated.

MAPLE SUGAR BOUNTY.

The Law Regarding It Does Not Apply to This Year's Crop.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Attorney General Miller, at the request of Secretary Windom, has rendered an opinion as to whether the tariff act of Oct. 1, 1890, authorizes the commissioner of internal revenue to issue the licenses therein provided for previous to April 1, 1891, and to pay to manufacturers the bounty on sugar produced between March 31 and July 1, 1891. After a full discussion of the question the attorney general says that the sugar produced between March 31 and July 1 entitled to bounty under the act is that of domestic manufacture, and that the only sugar of domestic manufacture produced between the dates given is maple sugar. To pay a bounty on maple sugar and not on other sugars, he holds, was not the intention of congress, for to do so would be paying a bounty for fifteen years on maple sugar and a bounty for fourteen years on all other sugars which are not produced in the spring, but which mature in the summer and fall. "It seems clear," concludes the attorney, "that it was not intended that bounties should be demandable on sugars produced prior to the first of July next."

A PRESIDENTIAL VETO

Likely to Meet the Free Coinage Bill Unless It Greatly Changes.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—While it is impossible to obtain an authoritative statement from the president in regard to the senate silver bill, it is intimated very broadly by gentlemen who have conversed with him on the subject that he is very much dissatisfied with the measure in its present shape and that he will certainly veto it unless it undergoes a material modification before it is submitted to him for action. He is in entire accord with Secretary Windom on the subject and the latter's opposition to the free coinage of silver is a matter of record.

The Censure "Goes."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Secretary Tracy addressed a letter to Commander Reiter, refusing to grant his request for a court martial investigation of his connection with the surrender and killing of Gen. Barrundia on board the Acapulco. The secretary insists that he has a right to rebuke an officer publicly or privately for failure in the performance of duty, and denies that Reiter, under department regulations, has a right to demand the court martial.

Nearly Half a Million Knocked Off.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The fortifications bill, as reported to the senate, carries an aggregate appropriation of $3,800,435, a reduction of $432,500 in the total as it passed the house. The estimates on which the bill was passed aggregate $7,484,323. Among the changes made in the bill by the senate committeee is a reduction from $1,000,000 to $750,000 of the appropriation for providing gun and mortar batteries for Boston, New York and other cities.

Gen. Banks Was Cheered.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The house passed seventy private pension bills, including one granting a pension of $50 a month to Gen. Franz Sigel, and one granting a pension of $100 a month to Gen. N. P. Banks. The passage of the latter bill was greeted with general applause on both sides of the house.

Big Fire in Rutland.

RUTLAND, Vt., Jan. 17.—The most destructive fire in several years visited Rutland yesterday. About 5 a. m. fire was discovered in the four-story brick block at the southeast corner of Merchant's Row and Centre street. The entire fire department worked till noon before the fire was extinguished. The loss is estimated at $50,000, covered by an insurance of $113,000. Many valuable documents and records that cannot be replaced were also destroyed.

GOD'S CARE OF ELIJAH.

LESSON III, FIRST QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, JAN. 18.

Text of the Lesson, I Kings xvii, 1-16. Commit Verses, 2-5—Golden Text, Ps. xxxiv, 10—Commentary by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

[Compiled from Lesson Helper Quarterly by permission of H. S. Hoffman, publisher, Philadelphia.]

1. "And Elijah the Tishbite, who was of the inhabitants of Gilead, said unto Ahab."

Sixty years have passed since the kingdom was divided. Six kings have reigned over the ten tribes (Jeroboam, Nadab, Baasha, Elah, Zimri and Omri), each seeming to excel his predecessor in wickedness (xvi, 25, 30), and all walking in the ways of Jeroboam, who made Israel to sin (xiv, 16; xv, 26, 30, 34; xvi, 19, 26), and now we have Ahab, the seventh, the worst of all, the perfection of wickedness (xvi, 33).

"As the Lord God of Israel liveth, before whom I stand, there shall not be dew nor rain these years, but according to my word."

2. "And the word of the Lord came unto him, saying."

There is nothing under the sun like "the word of the Lord." It is pure, sure and unchanging like the Lord Himself. "Forever, O Lord, thy word is settled in heaven." "The word of our God shall stand forever." His name is called the word of God (Ps. cxix, 89; Isa. xl, 8; Rev. xix, 13). Let us be filled with His word and wholly subject to it.

3. "Hide thyself by the brook Cherith, that is before Jordan."

"Get thee hence" teaches us that one who would live close to God must not tarry long with those who know Him not; just long enough to testify for Him and then be gone.

4. "Thou shalt drink of the brook; and I have commanded the ravens to feed thee there."

5. "So he went and did according unto the word of the Lord."

Here is one man who is obedient; he questions not, but simply obeys. He is subject to the word of the Lord.

6. "And the ravens brought him bread and flesh in the morning, and bread and flesh in the evening; and he drank of the brook."

He could sing the song of Hab. iii, 17, 18, and say, "Though vineyard, field and flock all fail, yet I will rejoice in the Lord, I will joy in the God of my salvation!"

7. "And it came to pass, after awhile, that the brook dried up, because there had been no rain in the land."

The source of this brook was not unfailing; it was dependent upon the clouds, which empty their contents upon the earth. Elijah, however, depended neither upon the brook nor upon the clouds, but upon Him who is far above all.

8. "And the word of the Lord came unto him."

God does not forget those who trust in Him, nor is He ever too late with His providing. Elijah saw the brook drying up day by day, but so did his God whom he served. Just enough of the necessaries of this life, and one day's supply at a time, keeps one very close to God, while an abundance is apt to lead us to forget Him.

9. "Arise, get thee to Zarephath, * * * behold I have commanded a widow woman there to sustain thee."

Young says that Zarephath signifies "place of refining;" and if Cherith signifies "cutting," as the word would seem to indicate, we can see the processes by which the Lord was fitting His servant for the great day on Carmel. Without the cutting and refining of Cherith and Zarephath he never would have been able to stand alone for God as he afterward did on Carmel.

10. "When he came to the gate of the city, behold the widow woman was there gathering of sticks."

It was quite a journey from Cherith to Zarephath, but the journey is not noticed. Observe the silence of Scripture concerning such matters.

11. "Bring me, I pray thee, a morsel of bread in thine hand."

As he came near to the city and saw this poor woman the Spirit must have whispered, "This is she."

12. "As the Lord thy God liveth, I have not a cake, but an handful of meal in a barrel, and a little oil in a cruse."

Behold the larder that is to sustain the prophet in this widow's home. By the brook he had bread and flesh twice a day; but now there is no flesh, and only enough meal to make one last cake for the woman and her son, after which they expect to die.

13. "And Elijah said unto her, Fear not; go and do as thou hast said."

He wavers not, he trembles not, he is not moved; "his heart is fixed, trusting in the Lord;" "he waits only upon God; his expectation is from Him" (Ps. cxii, 7; lxii, 5, 6). God, who could direct ravens where to find bread and flesh, can as easily supply the need in this case. If ever a woman had cause to fear to give away her last morsel surely this woman had; but the command comes strong and clear: "Fear not, * * * Make me a little cake first." If we would grow strong in faith let us consider well the "Fear nots" of Scripture from the first ones in Gen. xv, 1; xxi, 17, to the last in Revelation, and see how God, even our own God, is above all circumstances of time or place; and how abiding in His love will cast out all fear (I John iv, 18).

14. "Thus saith the Lord God of Israel, the barrel of meal shall not waste, neither shall the cruse of oil fail, until the day the Lord sendeth rain upon the earth."

It would seem from this that God had told Elijah how he would provide in this case, viz., by a miraculous increase of the meal and oil from day to day; and this is told the widow for her encouragement, for she has not been living at Cherith, and has not learned the secret of peace when cut off from seen resources. This meal and oil would make unleavened bread, symbol of the putting away of all evil (1 Cor. v, 7, 8), for we cannot know the power of God unless we walk with him in sincerity and truth.

15. "And she went and did according to the saying of Elijah; and she, and he, and her house did eat many days (Margin: "A full year")."

Here again is obedience and consequent blessing. It was a poor time to take in a boarder, with not enough in the house for present company. It seemed to the disciples a poor time to have 5,000 hungry men around when five loaves and two fishes were all that the disciples had for themselves. But they learned, and this widow learned, that "There is that scattereth and yet increaseth" (Prov. xi, 24). Many are poor because they keep their little all for themselves.

16. "The barrel of meal wasted not, neither did the cruse of oil fail, according to the word of the Lord, which He spake by Elijah."

This is the fourth time that we have met in this lesson the expression, "the word of the Lord." We called attention to it in the second verse, urging full subjection.

BOYS

OF QUINCY.

ATTENTION!

WILLIAMS,

THE

JEWELER,

Will give a Fine Silver Waltham Watch to the boy bringing the greatest number of LEDGER COUPONS to his store before March 1st.

This Watch is

No Waterbury Humbug;

It is one of the Genuine

American Waltham Watch Co.'s

Make, and is Warranted to give perfect satisfaction. It is now on exhibition in his Show Window, and may be inspected by anyone.

Now Boys, get a gait on you, and hustle for it!

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.

BOYS

OF QUINCY.

ATTENTION!

WILLIAMS,

THE

JEWELER,

Will give a Fine Silver Waltham Watch to the boy bringing the greatest number of LEDGER COUPONS to his store before March 1st.

This Watch is

No Waterbury Humbug;

It is one of the Genuine

American Waltham Watch Co.'s

Make, and is Warranted to give perfect satisfaction. It is now on exhibition in his Show Window, and may be inspected by anyone.

Now Boys, get a gait on you, and hustle for it!

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.

TWO BIG BARGAINS.

Men's "All-wool" Scarlet SHIRTS AND DRAWERS REDUCED FROM $1.00 to 75 cts.

Children's "All-wool" VESTS AND PANTS, Sizes from 20 to 32, Any Size at Only 59 cents.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.,

ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our

Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel.

PRATT & CURTIS,

25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

JOB PRINTING

At the Patriot Office.

BEST IN THE MARKET!

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, July 9. tf

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Nov. 10. tf

BUCKWHEAT!

NOW IS THE SEASON FOR

Buckwheat Cakes and Maple Syrup.

WE HAVE A LARGE SUPPLY OF BOTH.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

We are the only Firm in this City that have CONFIDENCE FLOUR.

WE HAVE A

FANCY HAXALL FLOUR

That Sells for less money. Give one of our kinds a Trial.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 17.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1796—Quincy warned persons to depart from town.

1867—Violent no theast storm; trains blockaded for two days.

World Wide.

1701—Birth of Leonard Von Fuchs, German physician and botanist; died 1566.

1655—Birth of B. de Montfaucon, critic and antiquary; died 1741.

1686—Born, Archibald Bower, ex-Jesuit; died 1766.

1705—Death of John Ray, naturalist; born 1628.

1706—Birth of Benjamin Franklin, philosopher; died 1790.

1709—Birth of George Lyttleton, First Lord of Frankley; died 1773.

1749—Birth of Victor Alfieri, Italian poet; died 1803.

CALEB CUSHING

1771—Birth of Charles Brockden Brown, American novelist; died 1810.

1781—Battle of Cowpens; British defeated with 500 made prisoners, a loss of almost 300 men in killed and wounded, and a large quantity of arms, ammunition and stores.

1792—Death of George Horne, bishop of Norwich; born 1730.

1800—Birth of Caleb Cushing; died Jan. 2, 1879.

1863—Death of Horace Vernet, French painter; born 1789.

1873—Modoc Indians defeated troops that were sent to expel them.

1879—Two thousand two hundred and forty-five French communists pardoned.

1889—Arab slave dealers killed eight German missionaries in East Africa, and sold the inmates of German mission premises at Tugu, fifteen miles from Dar-es-salem, into slavery.

Tomorrow's Anniversaries,—Jan. 18

1857—Cold Sunday; heavy snow storm; Old Colony blocked until 22d.

World Wide.

1701—Fredarick I proclaimed king of Prussia, and instituted the Order of the Black Eagle.

LORD LYTTON.

1782—Birth of Daniel Webster at Salisbury, N. H.; American statesman and jurist; died 1852.

1795—Utrecht acquired by the French, but restored in 1814.

1854—William Walker proclaimed the republic of Sonora divided into two states, Sonora and Lower California.

1871—King William proclaimed emperor of Germany at Versailles.

1873—Death of Edward Bulwer, Lord Lytton, orator, poet and novelist, aged 66.

1889—Di Murska, singer, aged 45, died in Munich.

1889—Colliery explosion near Manchester, England, killing thirty miners.

Only One Thing Lacking.

Friend—Gogson, how is your airship getting along?

Inventor—It is complete, with the exception of one little detail I have not yet perfected. I shall take that up next.

"What is it?"

"A mere trifle that I can think out at any time. The principal feature of my invention is a safety net that will travel along under the airship to prevent fatal accidents. It will make navigating the air absolutely free from danger. In the making of that net I have revolutionized the entire business."

"But how is the net itself to be kept from falling to the ground when anything happens to your airship?"

"That is the little detail I haven't worked out yet."—Chicago Times.

Sixty Stories at Once.

Here is a good story of Justin McCarthy. It refers to the day when The Galaxy was alive. Sheldon & Co. were the publishers of the magazine. McCarthy had submitted a story. One day he said to Mr. Sheldon:

"I have come to see if you will take that story I offered to The Galaxy."

"Yes," cordially responded Mr. Sheldon, "and sixty more like it."

Time passed, and one day McCarthy walked into The Galaxy office with an imposing pile of manuscript under his arm.

"What is that?" asked Mr. Sheldon.

McCarthy laid the bundle of manuscript upon the publisher's desk and replied, "Here are the sixty stories you ordered on the occasion of my last visit."

He got a check covering the whole sixty.—New York Times.

Obeying Orders.

Jeames—The doctor can't be here, sir, 'e says, for 'arf an hour, sir.

Irascible Old Gentleman (sotto voce)—Curse him!

Jeames—Yes, sir. Dod gast his blankety blank blank——

Irascible Old Gentleman (in a violent rage)—What do you mean, you rascal, speaking in that way about my old friend before my very face?

Jeames—You ordered me to curse 'im, sir, didn't you?—Toronto Grip.

Economy.

"How is it, Muller, that here of late you take such fearfully big steps going to business? It wasn't always so."

"No, but you see since my family became so large it's necessary to economize in all directions. The longer the step of course the more I save in shoe leather."—Fliegende Blatter.

The Most Credulous Man Alive.

Brown—Tell me, do you think that Hobbs ever says what isn't exactly true?

Foggs—Well, I should not like to charge Hobbs with untruthfulness, but if he himself believes one hundredth part of the stories he tells, he must be the most credulous man alive.—Boston Transcript.

In the Matrimonial Office.

"Well, here is a photograph of the lady whom I have described to you."

"But, my dear sir, according to this picture the lady is much older than you gave me any reason to believe."

"Oh, I assure you that is a very old photograph."—Fliegende Blatter.

His Reason.

At the Theatre—"But, Mr. Finkelstein, why applaud the play so vigorously when it is so execrably bad?"

"That makes no difference to me, my dear fellow. I lent the author 100 mark this morning."—Fliegende Blatter.

THE IRISH BATTLE.

Anti-Parnell Federation to Be Formed—McCarthyites Balked at Waterford.

DUBLIN, Jan. 17.—At a private meeting of the national committee, Mr. Healy in the chair, it was decided to form a national federation and to invite branches of the national league opposing Mr. Parnell to affiliate themselves and be controlled by a council of sixty-one members. Of these members seventeen are to be nominated by the McCarthyite parliamentary party, twelve by the central body and thirty-two by the county organization. A sub-committee was appointed to give the project a definite shape.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—Timothy Harrington has sued The Irrepressible for libel, the newspaper having asserted that he did not promptly forward funds intended for the relief of evicted tenants.

WATERFORD, Jan. 17.—The McCarthyites proposed to hold a meeting in the town hall here for the purpose of establishing a branch of the National league. The Parnellites, however, got wind of their intention, and headed by the mayor, took possession of the town hall and barred out their opponents, who were obliged to retire and hold their meeting elsewhere.

STILL SHROUDED IN MYSTERY.

Criticisms of French Physicians on Dr. Koch's Report Upon His Lymph.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—The French physicians criticise Professor Koch's report upon the ingredients of his famous lymph. They say that the report is incomplete and does not indicate the quantity of the dose or the substances composing the liquid. They add that the remedy is shrouded in mystery and hold that the necessity for caution is unaltered. The French critics also say that its efficacy has not been shown and that no patient treated according to the Koch system in France has been cured. Further and long experiments, they claim, are needed before a final opinion can be formed as to the merits of the lymph. Meanwhile the French physicians urge that the remedy be neither decried or overpraised.

IRELAND'S POTATO CROP.

Product of 1890 Was Over a Million Tons Less Than That of 1888.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—The Irish registrar general, in his report on the potato crop in Ireland, announces that 780,901 acres of potatoes were planted in 1890, against 787,234 acres in the preceding year, and that the yield had decreased 1,637 193 tons. Of the entire acreage 78.6 has been given up to the potatoes known as "champions," and the report adds that the farmers placed too much reliance on this variety.

NEBRASKA'S TRIANGULAR ROW.

A New Scheme Inaugurated, Which is Said to Be in Behalf of Powers.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 17.—Petitions are being circulated over the state, asking the legislature for a recount of the ballots of the November election. This is supposed to be a scheme of the Independents to get possession of Douglass county, in which Omaha is situated, for the purpose of counting out Boyd, and seating Powers as governor.

Death of Lillian Owen.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17.—Miss Lillian Owen, of Sol Smith Russell's company, who was journeying eastward from San Francisco to wed Charles Kent of Stuart Robson's company, died here after a short illness. Like Emma Abbott, she was taken sick with pneumonia at Salt Lake. Miss Owen had considerable reputation as a bright little soubrette. She was 24 years old.

Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, Jan. 17.—The senate had a short session and attended to routine business. The report of the commissioners on the new insane asylum was received. The house took up the silver resolution presented by Mr. Quincy on Wednesday. A substitute from the Republicans was accepted and adopted.

A Notable Event.

BERLIN, Jan. 17.—A brilliant ball was given by the United States legation here. The affair was a huge success and was the most notable festive assembly of Americans ever held in Berlin. A large number of Americans were present.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Forecast for Maine: Colder in eastern, stationary temperature in western portion; easterly winds: fair weather.

For New Hampshire: Fair; stationary temperature; easterly winds.

For Vermont: Fair; warmer; southeasterly winds.

For Massachusetts: Fair; easterly winds; stationary temperature.

For Rhode Island: Colder; northeasterly gales; increasing cloudiness and rain on the coast.

For Connecticut: Fair; easterly winds; colder in eastern, stationary in western portion.

Cautionary signals are displayed at Sandy Hook, New York city, New Haven, New London, Newport section, Boston and Boston section; storm at Narragansett section and Wood's Holl section.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Latest Quotations of the New York and Boston Stock Markets—Jan. 16.

The New York stock market opened weak. Traders sold freely, but foreign buying was a feature, and London prices coming higher than yesterday's closing steadied the market somewhat.

The Boston stock market maintained activity with steady pressure to sell. The latter was long stock in the main, but there was early putting out of shorts.

The New York Market.

Atchison	36⅜	Nor. Pac. pref.	70⅝
Central Pacific	36⅝	Oregon Trans.	....
Chi & Northwest	106⅝	Oregon Navi.	80
Del Lack & West	138	Pacific Mail	44½
Del & Hudson	134⅝	Reading	33
Illinois Central	102¾	Texas Pacific	12⅝
Lake Shore	107⅜	Union Pacific	46½
Missouri Pacific	86½	Wabash St. L. & P.	10⅝
N. J. Central	114	do pref	19⅞
N. Y. Central	102⅝	Wheel & Lake Erie	3⅝
Northern Pacific	27½	Western Union	78⅞

The Boston Market.

Aspinwall Land	8½	Fitchburg pref.	85
Fremn's Bay Land	6⅜	Flint & Pere Mar.	....
Newport Land	2⅛	Maine Central	....
West End Land	23	Mexican Central	23½
Atchison	36⅛	N Y & N E	41
Atlantic & Pacific	6⅝	do pref	116
Boston & Lowell	....	Old Colony	168
Boston & Maine	234	Union Pacific	46½
Boston & Prov	231	Wisconsin Central	21½
Chicago, B & Q	97¼	American Bell Tel.	205
Central Mass	19	Mexican	80
do pref	38	Erie Tel	....
Eastern	....	New England Tel.	51

The Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—FLOUR—Heavy; city mills $5 10 to 5 35; city mills patents $5 10 to 5 65; winter wheat, low grades, $4 45 to 4 80; do fair to fancy $4 90 to 5 00; do patents $4 40 to 5 40; Minnesota clear $4 10 to 4 85; do straights $4 55 to 5 10.

WHEAT—Firmer; No 2 red $1 04⅝ elevator; No 3 red 93½ to $1 00.

CORN—Steady; No 2, 59 to 59¼c elevator; steamer mixed 59 to 60⅝.

OATS—Lower; No 3, 50c; No 1, 52c; mixed western, 49 to 52c.

COFFEE—Rio firm; fair cargoes 19c.

HOSTILES ARE WILY.

They Appear to Be Reluctant to Give Up Their Arms.

MILES EXHIBITS PATIENCE

But Will Resort to Extreme Measures If Necessary—Another Version, This Time by a Woman, of the Battle at Wounded Knee.

PINE RIDGE AGENCY, S. D., Jan. 17.—It was reported on good authority that Gen. Miles had ordered civilians to keep out of the hostile camp, because he intended to disarm the Indians if he had to shell their camp to accomplish his purpose. Adjt. Gen. Corbin would neither admit nor deny that such a course had been decided upon. So long, he said, as the arms were being given up by the Indians, there was no necessity to use force to compel a more speedy surrender of the weapons. Gen. Miles was disposed to be patient so long as the Indians seemed ready to comply with his demands.

Yesterday about twenty Indians came into the agency, under Little Hawk—a dilapidated-looking sport, in a battered white hat—and surrendered thirty-one guns, some Winchesters, and some as old as the flood. The weapons were received in the name of Gen. Miles and turned over to Agent Pierce, and tagged with the owners' and chiefs' name for safe keeping. The delegation was as motley a crowd of crafty warriors as mortal ever gazed upon. They would not hesitate to repeat the story of Wounded Knee, and Agent Pierce wisely prevented all civilians from standing around them during the surrender.

They kept their eyes steadily fixed upon Gen. Miles' headquarters and seemed disappointed because he did not appear. Their clothing was not searched, but no one doubted that they bore hidden arms which they would not hesitate to use in an emergency. Thus far fifty-one guns have been turned over out of at least 1400, which the hostiles are believed to possess.

The Cheyennes belonging to Little Chief's and Standing Elk's band have left for Tongue river. It has been decided that they cannot live comfortably among the Sioux.

THE WOUNDED KNEE BATTLE.

Another Version of the Slaughter, as Told by Miss Elaine Goodale.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—Miss Elaine Goodale, supervisor of education at the Pine Ridge Agency, has made a report to the Indian office, in which she gives her version of the battle at Wounded Knee. She was not an eye witness of the fight, but says her information was based chiefly from Indian prisoners who engaged in it, and half-breeds who were present, and from parties who visited the battle-field several days after the encounter. She says:

"The testimony of the survivors of Big Foot's band is unanimous on one important point, namely, that the Indians did not deliberately plan a resistance. The party was not a war party, according to their statements (which I believe to be true), but a party intending to visit the agency at the invitation of Red Cloud. The Indians say that many of the men were unarmed. When they met the troops they anticipated no trouble. There was constant friendly intercouse between the soldiers and the Indians, even women shaking hands with the officers and men. The demand for their arms was a surprise to the Indians, but the great majority of them chose to submit quietly. The tepees had already been searched and a large number of guns, knives and hatchets confiscated when the searching of the persons of the men was begun. The women say they too, were searched, and their knives, (which they always carried for domestic purposes) taken from them.

"A number of the men had surrendered their rifles and cartridges, when one young man (who was described by the Indians as a good-for-nothing young fellow) fired a single shot. This called forth a volley from the the troops, and the firing and confusion became general."

Miss Goodale does not credit the statement that women carried arms and participated in the fight. The weight of testimony, she says, is overwhelmingly against this supposition. There may have been one or two isolated cases of this kind, but there is no doubt that the majority of the women and children, as well as many unarmed men and youths had no thought of anything but flight.

"They were pursued up the ravines and shot down indiscriminately by the soldiers," Miss Goodale says in conclusion: "It is reported that one of the officers called out 'Don't shoot the squaws,' but the men were doubtless too much excited to obey. The killing of the women and children was in part unavoidable, owing to the confusion, but I think there is no doubt that it was in many cases deliberate and intentional. The Seventh cavalry, Custer's old command, had an old grudge to repay."

At All Druggists.

BERLIN, Jan. 17.—It is officially announced that the public sale of the Koch lymph will soon be entrusted to druggists throughout this country. Steps in this direction have already been taken and the necessary plans, it is understood, will be completed within a few days.

Jury Failed to Agree.

BOSTON, Jan. 17.—The jury which heard the case of Maria Kolberg vs. Rev. Hugh Roe O'Donnell, charged with boycotting, in the superior court this week, reported that it could not agree and was discharged. The jury stood eight to four in favor of the plaintiff.

A Significant Statement.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 17.—The unanimity that exists among the Farmers' Alliance men in the legislature bodes no good for Senator Ingalls' re-election. They are reticent on the question, but say that when the time comes they will agree on a candidate and elect him.

French Tariffs.

PARIS, Jan. 17.—The tariff committee has decided to increase the duties as proposed by the government, on oils and cheese, with a temporary remission of the duty on raw material for oil factories and with drawbacks for stearine and soap products.

Foreigners on the Sugar Tax.

BERLIN, Jan. 17.—The committee of the reichstag having the matter in charge, has approved of the abolition of the sugar tax, provided that the bounties are maintained until all the countries interested have concurred in their abolition.

MILLIONS INVOLVED.

A Test Suit Concerning the Ownership of Property on the Hudson.

YONKERS, N.Y., Jan. 17.—A suit has been brought against the New York Central and Hudson River railroad company which involves $5,000,000 of property. It is a test case. The property is the river front along the Hudson river, extending from Spuyten Duyvil to Albany. It is the strip of land from the water's edge to and including the tracks of the railroad company, and also certain portions of land at divers stations along the road which are now being used by the company in transacting their business. The amount of ground included is about 19,000 acres.

If the railroad company wins, certain dock property, river fronts of wealthy men who have their country estates along the Hudson and large manufacturing interests, city wharfage, etc., will be forfeited to the company. Among the many who are thus interested are Jay Gould and the Astor estate. This particular suit is to eject the railroad company from the property used by it in this city. The company claims to have acquired the strip from Spuyten Duyvil to Albany by a grant from the state of New York in 1873.

LONG SENTENCE BEFORE HIM.

Crotty, the Diamond Thief, Brought Back to Boston.

BOSTON, Jan. 17.—Crotty, the cool, bold fellow with a smooth face, who carried off a tray of diamonds and rings from under the very nose of the owner, Dec. 30, was brought to this city last evening by Inspector Gerraughty. He was captured in New York by Inspector Byrnes' men Jan. 8 as an "habitual criminal," and will, it is thought, be successfully prosecuted as such.

He was fully identified by Mr. Morse, but no article of all he had taken from the Tremont street store was found about him. He is said to be a shrewd fellow and to cover his tracks with consummate skill when it is practicable. His prison record of eleven years, however, will not be covered, and, with the last case sustained, will bring him under the operation of the "habitual criminal" act, which means a long stretch of prison life.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

There is trouble over John Ericsson's will.

Chili has proclaimed it rebellious navy as pirates.

The Michigan Salt association is to go out of existence.

The navy will want 1000 seamen within the next sixty days.

Sealing schooners are fitting out for next season at San Francisco.

Senator Quay contemplates resigning and securing a vindication.

The Dominion and Quebec governments are in need of millions of dollars.

Middleweight Jack Dempsey announces that he has retired from the ring.

Governor-elect Pattison has resigned the presidency of a Philadelphia bank.

A revolt is threatened in Entre Rios, a province of the Argentine Republic.

St. Paul officials pronounce the walk-out of agents and telegraphers a failure.

The new Panama canal scheme has not the support of the French governm ent.

Negotiations between England and Italy regarding Kassala have been broken off.

A Paris physician has just had a severe illness from an inoculation with Koch's lymph.

At Boston Charles Herbert Goodwin was held in $2000 for trial on charge of forgery.

Lord Salisbury is to propose to France a renewal of the Newfoundland modus vivendi.

The Chinese viceroy of Shanghai refused to grant a state reception to the czarewitch.

The closing of a Newfoundland lobster factory is to be considered by a commission in London.

A wealthy Wisconsin banker has been convicted of complicity in the Hurley bank robbery.

Chicago bankers agree in declaring the free coinage measure a menace to commercial interests.

The property of the Mexican Iron Mountain company is offered for sale to English capatalists.

Poor people in three counties in Ireland are reported to have reached the extreme limit of destitution.

Balfour's action in relieving the poor in the west of Ireland has averted many deaths from starvation.

The Paris Figaro says Emperor William's visit to England next summer has an important object in view.

The London Post thinks the copyright bill will transfer English printing and publishing to the United States.

An English paper ascribes Secretary Blaine's slowness in the matter of arbitration to a consciousness of weakness.

Charles H. Willis, former treasurer of the Stockbridge (Mass.) Savings bank, has been arrested, charged with embezzlement.

A. C. Petrie & Co., wholesale dealers in lumber, Dallas, Tex., have made an assignment. Assets $240,000; liabilities $190,000.

John W. Southworth, 72, a paper manufacturer and generous given to educational and charitable institutions, died at Springfield, Masss.

M. Leo Delibes, the composer, died in Paris. He was born in St. Germain du Val in 1836. He married Mme. Derlain, an ex-artiste of the Comedie Francaise.

The statement that Rev. Edward Dunn, pastor of All Saints church in Chicago, has been appointed by the pope to the recently created see of Dallas, Tex., is unfound.

Cecil Bancroft, class '91, Yale, while playing hockey was struck betweeu the eyes with the ball, which smashed his glasses. It is thought that he will lose the sight of one of his eyes.

The Toronto Empire denies that the English government advised Canada to endeavor to secure reciprocity with the United States, but says the latter government has suggested reciprocity.

The new house purchased in London by Mrs. Mackay is one of the most palatial in the kingdom. The marble staircase alone cost $100,000, and all the rooms have been fitted up in the most magnificent manner.

The Hamburg-American line steamer Rugia, from Hamburg for New York, has put into Havre with one of her bow plates stove and a screw blade gone. The damage was caused by ice in the Elbe. The Rugia is not leaking.

The Worcester Spy states that Mrs. Gough, the widow of John B. Gough, lies the victim of steadily advancing disease, which has progressed to entire helplessness, though, from the nature of the malady, paralysis, she may survive many months, it may be years.

H. T. Whitman,

CIVIL ENGINEER

AND

SURVEYOR,

ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

Hours, 8 to 10 A. M.

Boston Office, - - 85 Devonshire St.

Hours, 12 to 2 P. M.

N. B. Plans of nearly all the Real Estate in the City of Quincy can be found at my offices.

May 28. d3:&w—tf

"Little Monitor."

The Best School Shoe for Misses and Children.

Saville & Jones.

Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.

Boston, Nov. 5. tf

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND

ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING,

QUINCY AVENUE.

Nov. 13. 3 mos

THE ONLY PLACE IN QUINCY

To get the Famous

Lebanon Overalls and Jumpers

is at

SAVILLE & JONES'.

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

Old Colony.

On and after Oct. 13, 1890. Trains Leave

QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.11, 6.55, 7.27, 7.33, 7.38, 7.52, 8.12, 8.54, 8.40, 9.18, 9.59, 10.38, 10.57 A. M.; 12.05, 1.02, 1.17, 1.42, 2.50, 4.00, 4.07, 4.48, 4.57, 5.33, 5.40, 6.14, 7.05, 7.10, 8.11, 9.06, 10.19, 10.24 P. M. **SUNDAY**—9.19, 9.31 A. M.; 1.46, 5.53, 6.15, 7.25, 8.14, 9.16, 11.01 P. M.

RETURN.—5.45, 6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 10.05, 11.02 A. M.; 12.00 M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.30, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4 42, 5.10, 5.37, 6.00, 6.07 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 8.15, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY**—8.30, 9.00, 9.15, A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 5.45, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

WOLLASTON HEIGHTS FOR BOSTON.—6.14, 6.59, 7.37, 7.41, 8.15, 8.46, 9.21, 10.02, 11.00 A. M.; 12.08, 1.05, 1.45, 2.53, 4.11, 5.00, 5.43, 6.18, 7.14, 8.15, 9.09, 10.28 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.34 A. M.; 1.49, 6.19, 9.20, 11.04 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02 A. M.; 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.07, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR BOSTON.—6.19, 7.02, 7.16, 7.44, 8.05, 9.24, 10.04, 11.15 A. M.; 12.11, 1.23, 1.56, 2.56, 4.15, 5.48, 6.31, 7.12, 7.17, 8.18, 9.12, 10.31 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.37 A. M.; 1.52, 6.22, 9.23, 11.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 6.45, 7.35, 8.00, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02 A. M.; 12.02, 12.30, 1.15, 1.55, 2.25, 3.12, 4.18, 4.22, 4.42, 5.33, 5.40, 6.15, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

QUINCY ADAMS FOR BOSTON.—6.07, 6.51, 7.23, 7.35, 8.08, 9.15, 9.56, 10.54 A. M.; 12.02, 1.38, 2.46, 4.03, 5.37, 6.11, 7.07, 8.07, 9.03, 10.21 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.27 A. M.; 1.42, 6.11, 9.12, 10.57 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 9.40, 11.02 A. M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 3.12, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.00, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

WEST QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.08, 7.05, 7.54, 9.11, 11.04 A. M.; 1.46, 3.45, 5.27, 6.20, 10.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25, 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

EAST MILTON FOR BOSTON—6.12, 7.09, 7.58, 9.15, 11.08 A. M.; 1.50, 3.55, 5.31, 6.24, 10.11 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR EAST MILTON AND WEST QUINCY.—6.48, 8.17, 10.00 A. M.; 12.50, 2.40, 4.42, 5.50, 6.42, 8.14 P. M.

GEO. L. CONNOR,
Gen'l Pass'r Agt.

J. R. KENDRICK,
General Manager.

ALL LINEN

CRASH

5c. per Yard.

New Cheviot Shirtings,

10c. and 12 1-2c.

Ladies' and Children's

GAITERS,

50c. a pair

AT

Miss C. S. Hubbard's,

158 Hancock St., Quincy.

Of Course

The Ladies would like a Rubber Shoe which will not break or slip at the heel. Try the

"B. & L. HOLDFAST."

We have all Widths and Sizes.

Saville & Jones.

FOUND.

FOUND,—On Quincy avenue, Jan. 17, a Black Horse with white star on forehead; nickel trimmed breastplate Harness and a Democrat Wagon, nearly new. Owner can recover by paying costs and applying to THOS. F. KEENAN, 68 South street.
Quincy, Jan. 17. 2t*

WANTED.

WANTED,—An Experienced Girl to do general housework. Apply to MRS. JAS. R. WILD, Washington street.
Quincy, Jan. 17. 3t

WANTED,—A strong, willing girl to do general housework. Swede preferred. Apply at 41 Hancock street. Jan. 13—tf

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

TO LET.

TO LET,—Furnished rooms, with or without board, at 41 CHESTNUT STREET. Quincy, Jan. 17.—9t

TO LET.—Very desirable property in South Quincy. House contains 11 rooms, city water and furnace; stable attached with accommodation for 6 horses. Five acres of land, cuts 7 tons hay. Plenty of fruit, etc. A sightly location, near Electric cars and railroad station. Will lease for term of years to right party.
Enquire of B. N. ADAMS, Real Estate, Quincy. Jan. 13—pl tf

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.
Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms.
Apply to HENRY H. FAXON.
Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—One good new Milch Cow and Calf. L. E. WEYMOUTH, Glover avenue, Atlantic, Mass. Jan. 17—9t

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms To Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

The Estate belonging to the heirs of the late John Page, consisting of a one story and a half cottage house, and about 14,000 feet of land, situated on Foster street.
JOHN PAGE, 104 Hancock St.
Quincy, Feb. 15. 2tw—tf

BLANKET LINED

Canvas Jackets

—AT—

Saville & Jones'.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry P. Vinton,	Braintree
Geo. H. Hunt,	East Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 17.

High water at 4.30 A. M. and 5.00 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.10; Sets at 4.39.
Moon rises at 12.05 A. M.
First quarter Jan. 17, 1.18 A. M.

THE Wollaston ward has the Mayor, and all the other wards except Ward Six, have a Councilman-at-large. It is therefore very proper that both parties should attempt to fill the vacancy by a gentleman from that ward.

THE action of Mayor Fairbanks in taking possession of the unfinished Willard schoolhouse came as a thunderbolt, and there are those who fear it will prove a costly step to the city. Whichever method was pursued the cost to the city would have been greater than the contract price, and if the city did not show its hand, goodness knows when the building would be completed.

There is a difference of opinion whether the Mayor's action has released Messrs. Cushings bondsmen. There are now three avenues of procedure, either to allow the bondsmen to finish, for the city to let on a new contract or to take hold and finish itself. Mayor Fairbanks is determined in either case that it shall be rushed, and we trust he will not be balked.

THE contest at the special election of Jan. 27 will wage the hottest in Ward Six, which it has been decided shall fill both vacancies in the City Council. It has a Ward Councilman to elect, and the candidates are the gentlemen who received the tie vote at the annual election. Both candidates for Councilman-at-large are from this ward, Messrs. Roger H. Wilde and John A. Duggan. Mr. Wilde has served two years very acceptably in the Council, and by the ward returns of the annual election was elected by two votes. Mr. Green was but two behind and petitioned for a recount, and a tie resulted. Now Mr. Green declines a renomination, and the Democrats have nominated a Ward Six man to run against Mr. Wilde. Here are the votes of Messrs. Wilde and Duggan, who were running for the same office in December :

	Wilde.	Duggan.
Ward One,	233	155
Ward Two,	184	164
Ward Three,	214	208
Ward Four,	150	350
Ward Five,	207	49
Ward Six,	138	103
	1126	1029

Verdict of $1,500.

In the Norfolk superior civil court, before Judge Bishop, at Dedham, in the case of Catherine McLeod, pro ami, vs. Quincy & Boston Street Railway Company, an action of tort to recover $5000 damages for injuries received by plaintiff while a passenger in one of defendant's electric cars through plaintiff being thrown against a seat when the car left the track on the evening of April 28, 1890, on Hancock street, Quincy, the jury returned a verdict for plaintiff of $1500.

QUINCY POST OFFICE.

Letters advertised Jan. 17.

Esther Bosworth.	W. McConnell.
John Bradley.	T. C. Morse.
E. W. Chandler.	William J. McNeil.
John M. Crocker.	F. N. Niles.
E. C. Duran.	Julia F. Powell.
Michael Greslist.	S. Parker.
Mary A. Gallagher.	Geo. H. Reed.
Lulie Griffin.	Frederick Ranhol.
Flossie Goss.	F. M. Ripley.
Geo. Gaunthier.	F. T. Rogers.
Angus Gunn.	Carl Sjostrand.
E. C. Harris.	Plares Shirley.
Mary MacChen.	Henry H. Tirrell.
Edw. Maloney.	A. C. Woodward.
Crealy Wichard.	

Sunday Services.

M. E. Church, Wollaston.

Miss Clara Cushman, formerly a missionary to China, will speak at 10.45 A. M. The annual collection will be taken.

Sunday School at 12 M. Epworth League at 6 P. M. Praise service at 7 P. M., followed by sermon by Rev. Luther Freeman, pastor. "Christ's Farewell to Capernaum." All seats free. Every one invited.

Methodist Church, West Quincy.

Rev. W. F. Lawford, pastor. Preaching at 10.30 A. M. by pastor. Subject, "Manifestations of Christ in his people."

St. Paul's Methodist Church.

St. Paul's Methodist church, Fort street, English preaching at 3 o'clock by Rev. W. F. Lawford. Subject, "Transforming power of Faith."

Christadelphian Services.

At French's hall, at 7.00 P. M., there will be a lecture delivered by Mr. Joseph McKellar of Boston. Subject, "Have we Eternal Life now?" All are welcome, free.

Spiritualist Meeting.

Miss Nettie M. Holt of Charlestown, trance medium, will speak at Faxon Hall on Sunday evening at 7 o'clock unless stormy.

Young Men's Christian Association.

Gospel service at Grand Army hall, at 4 P. M. Mr. Andrew Case formerly general secretary of the Lynn Associaaion will speak. Subject: "Are the Young Men Safe?"

THE DAY BOOK.

Mr. I. M. Holt has returned from Florida

Daniel Crammond is building on Intervale street.

The Granite Clothing Company advertises a mark down sale.

Tonight is magazine night with the Clan McGregor Literary club.

This is the anniversary of a violent storm, so look out for a good one today.

The snow begun to get in its work on the electric cars before 9 o'clock this morning.

A "pome," booming Galen in the popularity contest, has been received but it is too lenthy to be published.

Mrs. J. Faircloth and son of Buffalo, N. Y., who has been visiting Mrs. William Faircloth on Quincy avenue, returned home Friday.

The Odd Fellows' grand ball, an event now annually looked forward to with pleasure, will take place next Friday evening.

All the nominations for the special election were filed within the legal time limit. The specimen ballots will be posted the coming week.

The Republican Committee in Ward Two have organized by reelecting ex-Councilman John Shaw as chairman and A. W. Newcomb as secretary.

The petition of the mayor of Quincy for an act to authorize the city to establish a system of sewerage was received in the House of Represetatives Friday.

The new sexton of the Unitarian church has been learning how to ring the bell for the last two days. He had the tongue muffled so as not to make any noise.

The pug dog of Officer Langley, advertised in Friday's LEDGER as strayed or stolen, met with an accidental death by getting through the ice on the canal.

Miss Mary E. Hayden, daughter of the late Solomon Hayden, who has been an inmate of the Quincy Home for the past 34 years, died yesterday at that institution aged 60 years.

Arrangements have been made with the street railway to have late cars leave the depot on the night of the Odd Fellows ball for Atlantic, Quincy Point and West Quincy.

The class of '91, Quincy High school, have organized and have elected the following officers: President, John W. Thompson; secretary, Alice M. M. Richards; treasurer, Walter H. Hersey.

The Republican City Committee of 1891 organized last evening with ex-Representative John F. Merrill as chairman, ex-Councilman John Shaw and Mr. Albert Keating as vice presidents, Arthur W. Newcomb as secretary, and ex-Councilman Graham as treasurer.

Miss Mary Powers was surprised on Thursday evening, by a large number of her friends. The evening was pleasantly spent in singing, dancing and games. Miss Nellie Griffin in behalf of the company presented her with a gold locket and chain. Refreshments were served and at a late hour all returned home happy.

Miss Clara Cushman, formerly a missionary to China, and a most interesting speaker, will speak in the Methodist church, Wollaston, next Sunday morning at 10.45 o'clock. The annual missionary collection will be taken at that time. The services held during the past few weeks have been full of good results. Rev. Mr. Freeman will preach after the praise service at 7, Sunday evening. His subject will be "Christ's Farewell to Capernaum."

Most everybody knows George Taylor, and they also know that he is not a fighting man, and this has led them to wonder what caused the bark to peal from his nose, and to relieve the minds of his many friends, the LEDGER man will explain. George has been in the habit of spinning a washbowl on the end of his finger a-la-circus style for the amusement of his friends, and was doing the same act the other night when the bowl lost its balance and fell upon his proboscis leaving the mark which has been noticed.

BORN.

DRUMMOND—In Quincy, Dec. 31, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. William Drummond of Brook street.
SOUTER—In Quincy, Jan. 1, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Souter of Tabor street.

MARRIED.

JONES—HALE—In Milford, Jan. 15, by Rev. Webster Woodbury, Mr. Clarence E. Jones of Quincy to Miss Winona L. Hale of Milford.

DIED.

CLINTON—In Quincy, Jan. 15, Ann, wife of Barney Clinton, aged 77 years.
HAYDEN—At Quincy Home, Jan. 16, Miss Mary E. Hayden, aged 60 years.

Bills of 1890.

CITY

— OF —

QUINCY.

QUINCY, Jan. 14, 1891.

ALL persons having bills against the City of Quincy contracted before January 1st are requested to present them at once.

H. O. FAIRBANKS, *Mayor.*
Jan. 15. 3t

MR. FOY'S BIG GAIN.

1478 Votes Put Him Into Third Place.

Three Other Candidates Receive Over 300 Votes Each.

Another Newsboy Gets His Name Into Black Type

The greatest surprise today is the large vote polled for Mr. Robert E. Foy, the popular young clerk in the employ of Pratt & Curtis. It was enough to make the vote counter weary to count his pile which contained 1,478, and this was only about one-half of the total vote of today. Mr. Foy's great vote did not place him in first position as one would naturally expect, both Miss McGovern and Miss Leary having secured too much of a lead, but he is now within hailing distance, and another week may take the lead.

Another surprise of two days' vote is the closeness of the vote polled for Miss Leary, Mr. Bowditch and Miss McGovern. The first two had 305 each and the latter 303.

Mr. Tirrell's vote was 170, Mr. Westland 20, Mr. Shirley 17, Miss Kelley 16, and others a less number.

Miss McGovern leads for the fourth consecutive day.

It will again be necessary to shorten the list, and on and after Monday all with less than ten votes will be dropped.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today:

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss McGovern,	**Gas Light Co.'s,**	**3526**
Miss Leary, S. B. Little's,		**3058**
Robert E. Foy,	**Pratt & Curtis,**	**2706**
Henry W. Tirrell,	**John Page's,**	**2422**
G. V. Bowditch,	**Packard & Co.'s,**	**1555**
Miss McPhail,	J. F. Sheppard & Sons.	828
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's.	586
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's.	395
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's.	329
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's.	239
Frank W. Munroe,	J. F. Merrill's.	115
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's.	108
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's.	97
Mary G. Drumm,	D. Bamford's.	83
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's.	82
Miss Agnes Kelley,	Clapp Bros.	80
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's.	44
J. H. Webb,	T. A. Whicher & Co.,	38
George O. Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones',	24
E. W. Emery,	A. G. Durgin's.	23
Luther Rogers,	A. L. Litchfield.	21
Henry L. Jones,	E. E. Fellows'.	20
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's.	17
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's.	16
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's.	12
John T. Bates,	W. H. Doble's.	10
G. Frank Tarbox,	S. K. Tarbox's.	9
William French,	H. O. Souther's.	7
John H. Newcomb,	S. G. Elliott's.	6
Joseph Faircloth,	St. John's Club.	6
Gridley Totman,	F. W. French's.	6
Edward Preston,	Boynton & Russell.	5
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	5
Frank W. Folsom,	Miller & Luce's.	5
Capt. Hackett,	C. H. Hall & Co.,	5
Henry Curtis,	J. M. Hayden's.	5
Arthur C. Merritt,	W. S. Parker's.	5
Miss Clark,	Coddington school.	4
John Curley,	J. R. Wild's.	4
Miss Golden,	Advertiser office.	4
Robert McLean,	Quincy One Price.	3
James Cuffe,	French's stable.	3
Henry A. Willey,	McDonnell & Sons.	3
James M. Dunbar,	Strong & Carroll's, Weymouth.	3
Miss Bussey,	A. G. Durgin's.	3
Wm. McLaughlin,	McDonnell & Sons.	3
G. W. Taylor,	W. A. Hodges.	2
Frank Perkins,	C. W. Guy's.	2
John Sullivan,	Fuller & Foley.	2
Wendell T. Dizer,	M. T. Dizer & Co., Weymouth	2
Miss Mundy,	Advertiser office.	2
Frank Revere,	John Hall's.	2
James Dowd,	D. F. French's.	2
T. M. Hayden,	W. Faircloth & Co.,	2
G. A. Sheahan,	J. M. Hayden's.	2

Newsboys' Prizes.

On and after Monday all boys who have sold less than ten papers will be dropped from the list.

Below is the summary of thirteen days' sales:

Charles Walsh	**4474**
John Mitchell	**1577**
Robert McAuliffe	**1166**
Fred Bavin	874
Myron Wilber	712
James Giles,	607
Eddie Heffernan,	494
Willie Esson,	386
Henry Rhines	333
Fred Hardwick	310
Chris McAuliffe,	305
John Dackers,	305
Charles Carter,	244
John Murphy,	243
Patrick Murphy	166
Gardner Willey	158
Charles Baxter,	153
Arthur Pinel,	146
Albert Belliven	77
Fred Evans	53
Napoleon Guillemett	50
Eugene McAuliffe	48
Frank McGrath	39
Duncan Livingstone	37
Frank Walsh,	36
John Morrison	36
John Anderson	35
William McDonnell	33
Gilbert Bavin,	31
Daniel Doran	31
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Warren Cameron	15
Gustin Goolic	15
George Dunn	14
Parfast Guillemett	13
James Norrie	10
Matthew McDonald	8
Matthew Fay	7
John Westland	5
Willie Westland	5
David Norrie	4
Promise Parker	3
Thomas McDonald	3
Arthur Farmer	3
Daniel Gallager	2

O. S. S. G.

FIFTH ANNIVERSARY

— OF —

Granite Lodge, No. 193,

Order Sons of St. George, Quincy.

GRAND

Entertainment

AND DANCE

—AT—

FAXON HALL,

WEDNESDAY EVENING,

JAN. 21st, 1891.

To commence with an address of welcome by John T. Pearce, W. P.
Vocal music by the following well-known gentlemen: Louis G. Griffiths, R. E. Chapple, D. Williams, John Lillicrap, J. Symonds. Recitation by Miss Mabel Oxford. Following with a Carnival of Fun by PROF. CLARE, the Great American Illusionist, with his Immense and Brilliant Cabinet of Wonders. Extraordinary feats of Ledgerdemain. BLACK ART as performed by Prof. Kellar at the Boston Museum.

DANCING TO WILSON'S ORCHESTRA.

Grand March to commence at 9.30.
Floor Director,—S. T. Rex. Aids.—Fred Barnicoat, John Lawry and H. Barnicoat.
A responsible person will take charge of Clothing.
Admission to Entertainment and Supper, 50 Cents. Dancing 50 Cents.
Doors open at 7 P. M. Commence at 7.30.
Quincy, Jan. 17. 4t

BUSSELL'S

Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

N. CURTIS & CO.'S

Fine Shoes at

Saville & Jones'.

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately.
Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.
Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

PLANT FOOD

FOR SALE AT

FRANK F. CRANE'S.

Quincy, Jan. 10. tf

$1.50

Will buy a FIRST-CLASS

Working Shoe

at

Saville & Jones'.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another instalment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list includes all whose surname begins with "Si" to "Sm," inclusive.

WARD ONE.

To Whom Taxed.	Value.	Tax.
Sleeper, Mrs. Mary. House on Washington street,	$2,200	
Land, 6,987 feet,	1,000	$43 55
Smith, Harry. Two cows,	100	3 36
Smith, Robert B. House on Granite street,	700	
Land, 24,900 feet,	1,500	31 92

WARD TWO.

Sidelinger, Jonas H. House on South street,	1,350	
Land, 12,865 feet,	500	27 16
Slade, James H. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	500	
Horse and carriage,	350	
Yacht,	200	
House on Hill street,	2,000	
Stable,	800	
Land, 28,890 feet,	1,100	69 32
Slade, James H., Jr. Bicycle,	75	3 02
Smith, Frederick H. Carriage,	50	
House on Washington street,	3,500	
Stable,	300	
Land, 6 1-2 acres,	4,000	108 76

WARD THREE.

Smith, Alexander B. House on Granite street,	1,500	
Land, 8,100 feet,	500	29 20
Smith, Francis. House on Columbia street,	1,200	
Land, 6,000 feet,	250	21 72
Smith, Robert. House on Centre street,	200	
Land, one-fourth acre,	400	10 16
Smith, Thomas W. Stock in trade,	600	
Machinery,	2,000	
Horse,	100	
House and barn on Water street,	800	
Land, 17,200 feet,	700	
Polishing shop,	1,200	
Land, 33,226 feet,	1,350	93 80
Smith, William. Personal mortgage,	400	5 44
Smith, William A. Stock in trade,	1,200	13 62

WARD FOUR.

Sneider, Joseph. House on West street,	800	
Land, 6,000 feet,	200	15 60
Sneider, Joseph, and others. German hall on West street,	600	
Land, 6,390 feet,	200	10 88
Simonds, James. Shop on Copeland street,	150	
Land, 6,665 feet,	500	10 84
Simons, William. Cow,	50	
House and barn on Willard street,	350	
Land, 37,500 feet,	1,100	20 40
Sinburg, August. House on Nelson street,	1,500	
Land, 8,000 feet,	200	25 12
Small, Michael. House on Copeland street,	1,600	
Land, 6,330 feet,	950	36 68
Smith, Ann. House on Cross street,	1,200	
Land, 4,950 feet,	400	21 76
Smith, Charles. House off Nelson street,	200	
Land, 6,500 feet,	150	6 76
Smith, John. Stock in trade,	1,000	
Derrick,	50	
House on Town hill,	1,000	
Stable,	50	
Land, 17,222 feet,	600	
Sheds and tannery on Copeland street,	600	
Land, 20,352 feet,	800	
Quarry on Adams land,	500	64 56
Smith, John S. House on Copeland street,	1,100	
House and store on Copeland street,	4,000	
Store on Copeland street,	1,600	
Bakehouse,	300	
Land, 10,700 feet,	2,000	122 40
Smith, Mary E. Land on Town hill, 5,650 feet,	150	2 04
Smith, Robert H., estate of. House on Crescent street,	1,900	
Land, 4,230 feet,	250	20 24
Smith, Wellington. House on Willard street,	1,500	
Stable,	100	
Land, 41,952 feet,	1,300	44 44

WARD FIVE.

Simmons, Walter E. House on Central avenue,	2,000	
Land, 8,525 feet,	500	36 00
Smith, Abram T. Bicycle,	75	1 02
Smith, Chandler W. Horse and carriage,	300	
House on Arlington street,	1,900	
Stable,	400	
Land, 5,000 feet,	350	42 12
Smith, Frederick A. Horse and cow,	150	
Carriage,	100	5 40
Smith, Mary J. Land in section five, 10,068 feet,	500	6 80
Smith, William H. House on Pine street,	2,200	
Windmill,	200	
Land, 10,000 feet,	500	41 44

WARD SIX.

. . . . . .

ng Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 188

al Baking Powder

OLUTELY PURE

TAXABLE PROPERTY.

ment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain being published in each issue, so that the total of a the Wards may be computed by interested parties. amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. rname begins with "Si" to "Sm," inclusive.

WARD ONE.

	Value.	Tax.
Washington street,	$2,200	
	1,000	$43 55
	100	3 36
anite street,	700	
	1,500	31 92

WARD TWO.

n South street,	1,350	
	500	27 16
s, bonds and income,	500	
	350	
	200	
	2,000	
	800	
	1,100	69 32
	75	3 02
	50	
reet,	3,500	
	300	
	4,000	108 76

ARD THREE.

n Granite street,	1,500	
	500	29 20
lumbia street,	1,200	
	250	21 72
ntre street,	200	
	400	10 16
trade,	600	
	2,000	
	100	
er street,	800	
	700	
	1,200	
	1,350	93 80
ortgage,	400	5 44
trade,	1,200	13 02

WARD FOUR.

West street,	800	
	200	15 60
German hall on West street,	600	
	200	10 88
ppeland street,	150	
	500	10 84
	50	
lard street,	350	
	1,100	20 40
Nelson street,	1,500	
	200	25 12
ppeland street,	1,600	
	950	38 68
street,	1,200	
	400	21 76
elson street,	200	
	150	6 76
	1,000	
	50	
	1,000	
	50	
	600	
Copeland street,	600	
	800	
	500	64 56
ppeland street,	1,100	
peland street,	4,000	
t,	1,600	
	300	
	2,000	122 40
wn hill, 5,650 feet,	150	2 08
House on Crescent street,	1,900	
	250	29 24
n Willard street,	1,500	
	100	
	1,300	44 44

WARD FIVE.

on Central avenue,	2,000	
	500	36 00
	75	1 02
nd carriage,	300	
eet,	1,900	
	400	
	350	42 12
nd cow,	150	
	100	5 40
ion five, 10,068 feet,	500	6 80
n Pine street,	2,200	
	200	
	500	41 44

WARD SIX.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 16. QUINCY, MASS., MONDAY, JANUARY 19, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

THE GREAT

SACRIFCE

— OF —

Clothing and Furnishing Goods

Still Goes On.

Further Reductions in all Departments.

Men's Blue Wool Underwear, 35 cents,

Suits at much less than Cost.

Overcoats, 50c. on the dollar.

In fact everything in our Stock at a great discount.

QUINCY ONE PRICE CLOTHING CO.,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

THE FOLLOWING LETTER EXPLAINS IT ALL:

Office of

Whitten, Burdett & Young,

3 Winthrop Square,

Boston, Jan. 12, 1891.

Quincy One Price Clothing Co.,

Quincy, Mass.:

In the adjustment of the affairs of Whitten, Burdett & Young, it is important that collections should be made at once. We must therefore ask you to send us $3000 within the next two weeks.

Charles H. Allen,

Jonathan A. Lane,

Assignees.

LOOK at these PRICES!

We have in stock what we advertise. Keep your eye on our Window. Display from week to week, and notice our prices and we will surprise you. You can positively do better with us than in Boston.

	Regular Price.	Our Price.
Mellin's Food, Large Size,	$0.75	58c.
Mellin's Food, Small Size,	.50	38c.
Ridge's Food, Medium Size,	.65	40c.
Armour's Beef, Large Size,	1.00	75c.
Armour's Beef, Small Size,	.50	40c.
Fellow's Syrup,	1.50	96c.
Hood's Sarsaparilla,	1.00	75c.
Hydrobromates Caffeine, For Headache,	1.00	75c.
Hunyadi Water,	.35	25c.
Morse's Dyspepsia Cure,	.50	38c.
Green's Nervura,	1.00	79c.
Cashmere Boquet Soap,	.25 to .35	21c.
Cuticura Soap,	.75 box,	50c.
"	.25	18c.
Pear's Unscented,	.20	15c.
2-qt. bottles Extract Hamamelis,		75c.
Florida Water,	.74	40c.
Wyeth's Malt,	$3.00 per dozen, delivered.	

Finest Stationery, regular 15 to 25 cents per quire, your choice for 10 cents. Envelopes to match, 10 cents per bunch. This is positively a great Bargain.

Toilet Soap, your choice for 5 cents a cake. Fine lot of bath Sponges.

OUR MOTTO.

"RELIABILITY."

DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

A SECOND PRIZE.

Gold Watch the First, Easy Chair Second.

Miss McGovern Increases Her Lead Today by 57.

Charles Walsh Also Increased His Lead for Newsboy's First Prize.

As was our original intention, if a lively interest was manifested in the popularity contest, we today offer a second prize to be given to the candidate second on the list.

The gold watch which cost over $50 will be the first, and for the second an easy chair valued at $25 will be given.

Possibly later in the contest other prizes will be offered to other candidates. The LEDGER proposes that the interest shall not lag.

The relative position of the candidates is unchanged today. The total vote of today is about 1300 mostly divided among the five leaders. Miss McGovern had 432, Miss Leary 375, Mr. Bowditch 210, Mr. Tirrell 123, Mr. Foy 76, and others a less number.

D. W. Osborne's friends have rallied and put him ahead of Frank Hatch, and this is only the beginning of a little local contest in Atlantic between the two rival stores.

The total vote in the contest is now over 20,000, and the coupons have been printed but fifteen days.

The following, having less than ten votes, were dropped from the list today: G. F. Tarbox, John H. Newcomb, Joseph Faircloth, Edward Preston, Frank W. Folsom, Capt. Hackett, Arthur C. Merritt, Miss Clark, John Curley, Miss Golden, Robert McLean, James Cuffe, Henry A. Willey, James M. Dunbar, Miss Bussey, William McLaughlin, G. W. Taylor, Frank Perkins, John Sullivan, Wendell T. Dizer, Miss Mundy, Frank Revere, James Dowd, T. M. Hayden and G. A. Sheahan. It will take but one or two votes to put some of these back.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today:

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss McGovern,	Gas Light Co.'s,	3958
Miss Leary,	S. B. Little's,	3433
Robert E. Foy,	Pratt & Curtis,	2882
Henry W. Tirrell,	John Page's,	2545
G. V. Bowditch,	Packard & Co.'s,	1765
Miss McPhail,	J. F. Sheppard & Sons	828
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's	586
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's	395
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's	329
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's	239
Frank W. Munroe,	J. F. Merrill's	115
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's	108
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's	97
Mary G. Drumm,	D. Bamford's	83
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's	82
Miss Agnes Kelley,	Clapp Bros.	80
Henry L. Jones,	E. E. Fellows'	45
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's	44
E. W. Emery,	A. G. Durgin's	43
Luther Rogers,	A. L. Litchfield	42
J. H. Webb,	T. A. Whicher & Co.,	38
George O. Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones',	24
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	18
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's	17
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's	16
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's	12
John T. Bates,	W. H. Doble's	10
William French,	H. O. Souther's	10
Gridley Totman,	F. W. French's	10
Henry Curtis,	J. M. Hayden's	10

Newsboys' Prizes.

Below is the summary of fourteen days' sales:

Charles Walsh	**4674**
John Mitchell	**1602**
Robert McAuliffe	**1241**
Fred Bavin	899
Myron Wilber	882
James Giles,	665
Eddie Heffernan,	539
Willie Esson,	403
Henry Rhines	358
Fred Hardwick	320
Chris McAuliffe,	325
John Dackers,	335
Charles Carter,	244
John Murphy,	243
Patrick Murphy	180
Gardner Willey	174
Charles Baxter,	166
Arthur Pinel,	161
Albert Belliven	77
Fred Evans	57
Napoleon Guillemett	50
Eugene McAuliffe	48
John Morrison	41
Frank McGrath	39
Duncan Livingstone	37
Frank Walsh,	36
John Anderson	35
William McDonnell	33
Gilbert Bavin,	31
Daniel Doran	31
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Warren Cameron	15
Gustin Goolic	15
George Dunn	14
Parfast Guillemett	13
James Norrie	10

WEYMOUTH.

Mr. A. S. Jordan, one of Weymouth's well known citizens, died Friday at Chelsea, aged 78 years. Mr. Jordan carried on the fancy goods business in Boston for thirty years, but for the past twenty years he has been in the insurance business in Weymouth under the firm name of A. S. Jordan & Co., his son Edward T. Jordan being associated with him. He was one of the oldest members of the Massachusetts Mechanics' Charitable association, and before the war was prominently identified with the anti-slavery movement. He leaves a widow and two sons.

Sunday night two East Weymouth young men went to Weymouth, and after filling up with Rockville rum, got into a row in which one of the East Weymouth crowd named Maguire had his head badly cut. Dr. Fitzgerald was called, who took a number of stitches in the wound and sent the young man home.

BRAINTREE.

The Old Colony will probably abandon the proposed bridge over its tracks on Elm street, in fact Col. Benton, the counsel, said at the hearing, Saturday, that the company did not desire to push any plan which the substantial views of the citizens opposed. The plan had also met with opposition from the State authorities.

The scheme was opposed by John Reed, F. E. Arnold. Thomas B. Vinton, Col. Drinkwater, Mr. Keith and John Kelley.

An adjourned hearing will be held March 7 at 3 P. M.

A Milford Bride.

The Milford Gazette says: There was a pleasant wedding at the residence of W. B. Hale on Grove street, Milford, last Thursday, the contracting parties being his eldest daughter Winona and Mr. Clarence E. Jones, of Quincy, formerly book-keeper for James Tucker & Co. here. The wedding was private and the ceremony was performed at 3 o'clock by Rev. Webster Woodbury. The couple left on the 4 o'clock train for their new home in Quincy, bearing with them the best wishes of many friends. The wedding gifts were numerous and of much value.

—One of Dedham's aged twins, Mrs. Sally Cole, died on Friday in her 94th year. Her surviving sister is Mrs. Hepzibah Everett.

OUR ANNUAL

MARK DOWN!

Tremendous Discounts.

ULSTERS, - OVERCOATS, AND SUITS

Lower than they have been sold this Season.

GRANITE CLOTHING CO.,

ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

Improve the Opportunity

— AND —

GET A PAIR OF SHOES CHEAP.

We have 500 Pairs of Shoes, which we now offer at a bargain. These goods are not old or shopworn, but comprise a number of lines which we desire to close out in order that we may substitute new pieces for them.

EVERY SHOE OFFERED IS A BARGAIN.

Among the lot there are:

38	pairs	Ladies' Light Goat Button Waukenphast,	$2.00, formerly	$2.50
36	"	" Kid Button Opera Toe,	2.00, "	2.50
7	"	J. N. Smith's Ladies' bright Dongola Laced, pat. tip,	2.00, "	2.50
22	"	Ladies' Pallah Kid Button,	1.65, "	2.00
9	"	Misses' Dongola Spring Heel Button,	1.50, "	2.00
12	"	" St. Goat Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.50, "	2.00
19	"	Children's Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.10, "	1.50
10	"	Men's Calf Balmorals,	3.00, "	3.75
5	"	each Cong. and Bals., Men's Fine Calf Shoes,	3.00, "	4.00
6	"	" " " " " Enamel Shoes,	2.00, "	2.75

While we call your especial attention to these goods, we believe it is for your interest to examine the whole lot on our **BARGAIN TABLES,** for **EVERY SHOE is a BARGAIN.**

SAVILLE & JONES, Adams Building.

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive an Easy Chair or Gold Watch.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period can have his choice between a richly upholstered easy chair worth $25, or a gold watch valued at $50. These will soon be purchased and put on exhibition in some prominent place.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

—BY—

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

Earnestness.

The following extract from one of the best stories ever written contains a valuable suggestion for everybody, and especially is it golden advice to every advertiser. Be earnest. Have faith in your work. Attend to it. Be honest:

I have been very fortunate in worldly matters; many men have worked much harder and not succeeded half so well, but I never could have done what I have done without the habits of punctuality, order and diligence, without the determination to concentrate myself on one object at a time, no matter how quickly its successor should come upon its heels, which I then formed. Whatever I have tried to do in life I have tried with all my heart to do well; whatever I have devoted myself to I have devoted myself to completely. In great aims and in small I have always been thoroughly in earnest. There is no substitute for thoroughgoing, ardent and sincere earnestness. Never to put one hand to anything on which I could throw my whole self, and never to affect depreciation of my work, whatever it was, I find now to have been my golden rules.—David Copperfield.

On the 4th of November last the Prince of Wales opened to the London public the best railway yet devised to facilitate rapid transit in cities. It would be well for our large American cities to take some notes from this London road before permitting streets to be ruined and lives imperiled by so called rapid transit roads elevated on stilts.

The London railway is an electric road, over which trains can travel at thrice the speed at which the American elevated trains run. The road is an underground one, built so far below the surface that it does not interfere with sewer or gas pipes. Thus one point is solved easily. The tunnel is an immense and powerful arch of white-washed brick. There is no smoke or cinder.

Elevators carry passengers up and down through the deep shaft leading to the tunnel. There are no tickets. Four cents are paid at a window. Then the passenger goes through a turnstile to the station. The road passes under the river Thames, far beneath the water. It is three miles long, the tunnels of the up and down lines being separate. Trains are run at very short intervals. The effect in relieving the plethora of travel upon the dangerously crowded bridges and thoroughfares is marked.

It is found that a large proportion of the 15,000,000 peasant population of Russia are lapsing into paganism. They have been abjectly poor and miserable for so many years that at length they begin to believe the doctrines of the Greek church cannot be the true religion, or such sufferings would not be permitted to them. They therefore resort to divers mystical and heathen rites in the hope to bring prosperity to themselves. Poverty and suffering will cause anybody but an enthusiast or fanatic to fall away from any religion, and this is a point which philanthropists ought to bear in mind when they seek to do good. It is ill preaching to a hungry man.

Divers persons who have read how Koch's lymph cures lupus have wondered what lupus was. Well, it is an ulcerated sore that lasts a long time and eats away the patient's flesh. Fortunately there is little of it in America, and less than there used to be, thanks to our growing knowledge of ventilation and bathing.

The Philadelphia Press has been asking its readers to give their ideas of what constitutes good society. One responds that he believes the best society in America is to be found in college towns. This is probably true, although such society is inclined to be a little prim and priggish, not to say narrow.

In the palace of the emperor of Germany a small electrical railway carries the food from kitchen to dining room.

Once more the days are lengthening; once more our faces are turning sunward.

A WASTE OF MONEY.

What the World's Fair Commissioners Have Been Doing.

WILL BE HUSTLING THIS WEEK

All Eyes Turned Toward the Senate—Election Bill Makes Its Appearance Again To-day—Silver Bill Goes to the House Next Week.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Representative Candler of Massachusetts, chairman of the select committee on the World's fair, has presented to the house the report of the sub-committee that went to Chicago to examine into the condition of World's fair matters there. The report says that the World's Columbian commission had produced confusion as well as caused unnecessary expenditure in using money which had been intended by congress to pay expenses of the government exhibits and not to pay excessive salaries to the officers of the commission. These salaries, in the opinion of the committee, are excessive and should not be continued. Too great expenses have also been incurred in the appointment of such a large number as 115 women on the board of lady managers, and the calling together of the board when the duties which will devolve upon it were not ready for its attention.

In order to carry out the suggestions of the report to place the whole enterprise on a more solid footing and carry out the evident intention of congress, the board submits a joint resolution directing the secretary of the treasury not to approve the payment of any expense attendant upon a meeting of the World's Columbian commission or of the board of lady managers except such meetings as may be called at the time of the dedication and opening of the World's fair; nor to approve the payment of any expense attendant upon a meeting of the executive committee of the World's Columbian commission, or the executive committee of the board of lady managers, except such meetings as may be held not oftener than once in six months; nor to approve the payment of any salary to any officer of the World's Columbian commission out of any money which has been or may be available for such purpose other than an annual salary not in excess of $5000 to the president, $4000 to the vice chairman of the executive committee, and $3000 to secretary, nor to approve the payment of any salary to any officer of the board of lady managers in excess of $5000 to the president and $3000 to the secretary, nor to approve the payment of any expenses of the World's Columbian commission or of the board of lady managers other than those hereinbefore mentioned, which shall amount to more than $10,000 per annum in the aggregate. The committee renews the opinion that the director general and his employes should be paid from the exposition funds and not from the government appropriation.

CONGRESSIONAL FORECAST.

Election Bill Comes Up as Unfinished Business—Work in the House Will Be Governed by the Senate's Action.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The elections bill comes up in the senate to-day again as the unfinished business. How long it will remain so is largely a matter of conjecture at best. Progress was made with bill Saturday, but it was the belief among the friends of the bill that the minority permitted this in order to weaken the argument that may be advanced in support of the cloture rule, while reserving sufficient material and resources to protract the debate on it for an indefinite period of time. The course of business will depend altogether, it is felt, upon the attendance. If the expected Republican quorum is apparent, the next move will be to consider the Aldrich cloture resolution, for the bill managers of the believe that the time is at hand when the last doubt as to the efficacy of the old method of "sitting out" a measure must have been removed. Mr. Aldrich has given notice of his intention to call up the resolution Tuesday. Efforts to lay aside the election bill will doubtless be renewed, but should they fail, the cloture promises to be the feature of the proceedings of the senate during the week.

Proceedings in the House

during this week will be governed in a large measure by the progress of the senate with the election bill, the purpose of the Democrats manifestly being to delay business as long as this measure remains pending in the senate. The senate proceedings will therefore furnish the motive power for whatever scene shifting takes place in the house. The district appropriation bill has right of way, and the present indications are that it will make no more rapid progress this week than during the last. Other appropriation bills are treading on the heels of the district bill, ready for consideration as soon as the departing shadow of the bill now before the house points the way. To-day, under the rules, is committee suspension day, and the postoffice committee wishes to pass the bill to reclassify railway postal service, but the outlook is not promising. The shipping bill and bills for private relief are possibilities, though not probabilities, for action during the week.

The principal interest is centered in the proceedings of the house committee to which the free coinage silver bill has been referred. The fate of the bill depends largely upon its action, as the committee practically has power to shelve it, and thus render action by the house almost, if not quite impossible. For this reason the proceedings of the committee will be followed with the liveliest interest. Its first meeting of the week will occur Wednesday, when Mr. Leech, director of the mint, is expected to be present and give his views with reference to the effect of silver legislation. It is the understanding that no attempts shall be made to order a report on the bill at this meeting of the committee, so that at the very earliest, the silver bill is not likely to engage the attention of the house until the following week.

In Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—In the senate the election bill was debated in continuous session for thirty hours, amended and then laid aside informally until to-day.

In the house there was an animated debate on the District of Columbia appropriation bill in committee of the whole. Democrats protested against the policy of the Republican party toward the negro.

The five-story brick building occupied by Waybridge & Co., Buffalo, as a general hardware store was burned. Total loss about $225,000; insurance over $200,000.

THE WHOLE CITY ROCKED.

Girl Steps Upon a Match and Causes an Explosion—Three Persons Killed and Many Injured.

FINDLAY, O., Jan. 19.—An explosion of natural gas occurred yesterday afternoon at the Hotel Marvin, wrecking the building, killing two girls and injuring a dozen other persons. Mr. Marvin, the owner of the building, with three plumbers, had spent the whole forenoon trying to locate a gas leak, and about 1 o'clock found it in a chamber underneath the dining room, the accumulation of gas being so great that they could not breathe. A hole was sawed through the floor into the dining room, in order to obtain fresh air. One of the dining room girls, who was sweeping the floor, stepped upon a match, and in an instant the explosion occurred. The whole city rocked as if in an earthquake by the concussion, and all the windows on the square were demolished. The only rooms in the hotel escaping destruction were the parlors and the office. Had the explosion occurred ten minutes later, the loss of life would have been frightful, as nearly a hundred people were waiting in the rooms to be called to dinner.

Frank Poundstone, one of the clerks, was on his way to make this announcement when the explosion occurred and was painfully hurt in the falling debris. Katie Walters, a waitress, was killed outright, and Ella Johnson, a dining room girl, died soon after being removed from under a mass of brick and mortar. Kate Rooney, another dining room girl, was fatally injured. Anson Marvin, owner of the building, was probably fatally injured by inhaling the flames. Albert French, porter at the hotel, was cut on the neck and head. Frank Andrews, one of the proprietors, had his right eye knocked out and was seriously bruised about the face and throat. Charles Graves, Philip Weil and Jack Cahill, the plumbers, were painfully shocked and stunned. The financial loss will be about $25,000 on the building and $10,000 on the furniture, all fully covered by insurance. It is a question, however, whether any insurance will be realized, as none of the destruction was caused by fire.

TO SAVE A BROTHER'S LIFE.

Over a Hundred Chicago Knights Templars Contribute a Piece of Cuticle.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.—One hundred and thirty-two Knights Templars contributed yesterday, each a piece of his cuticle to save the life of Sir Knight John Dickerson. A cancer was removed some time ago from Dickerson's thigh, but the incision in the flesh was so deep and wide that nature was unequal to the task of healing over the wound. The experiment was tried of engrafting the skin of some of the lower animals, but failed. The surgeon in charge announced to Dickerson's brethren that if human skin could be obtained it would in all probability save the patient's life and insure his complete recovery. The matter was broached in the commandery, and to a man the knights offered to submit themselves to the necessary operation. Those selected by the surgeons have had to go through a sort of training, being dieted, etc., for several days past. They were particularly admonished to refrain from any alcoholic stimulants. Yesterday morning each man took a bath and then repaired to the Emergency hospital, where the operation was performed. Five or six fainted when their cuticle was being removed, but were quickly resuscitated. The surgeons worked hard for three hours and were themselves pretty well tired out when through.

THE LEADERS MEET.

Dillon and O'Brien Begin their Conference at Havre.

HAVRE, Jan. 19.—John Dillon arrived here on the French steamer La Gascogne, from New York. He was met at the pier by Mr. O'Brien, and after an exchange of social greetings the two Irish leaders drove to a hotel, where they at once retired for a social conference. Mr. Dillon was asked his opinion of the political situation, but he said he must decline to make any statement until he had conversed fully with Messrs. O'Brien and Gill and other important men of the Irish parliamentary party. He said that the voyage across the Atlantic had been very enjoyable and that he was feeling very well after his trip to America.

After a consultation of six hours Mr. Dillon informed the Associated Press correspondent that a complete accord has been established. Mr. Dillon went to Paris with Messrs. O'Brien and Gill this morning.

THE JUDGE WAS DRUNK.

Prominent Man Responsible for a Tragedy for Which No Cause is Assigned.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Jan. 19.—S. M. Fugette, cashier of the South Chattanooga Savings bank, was shot and killed by his father-in-law, Judge J. A. Warder, the city attorney. Judge Warder is shot in two places, and is in a critical condition. Mrs. Fugette, the only child of Judge Warder, is dangerously wounded in the right thigh. The judge came home very drunk and went to Mr. and Mrs. Fugette's room, where the shooting took place, the judge firing five times with a revolver and Fugette twice. No cause for the tragedy is known. The Fugettes lived happily together and had a young baby. Judge Warder is a prominent Republican politician, a leading lawyer and an ex-Union soldier, and was United States district attorney from the middle district of Tennessee under President Hayes.

In the Mohawk Valley.

FONDA, N. Y., Jan. 19.—A heavy snowstorm has prevailed in the Mohawk valley since Saturday morning, and it is still snowing hard. More than fifteen inches has already fallen. Traffic is impeded on both the West Shore and New Yord Central railroads. A number of freight trains were stalled on the Mohawk division of the Central road. Snow plows are kept running on both railroads.

A Freight Wreck.

HARTFORD, Jan. 19.—A train of five freight cars on the New England road was run into by another train near Clayton's station, piling them up and blocking the road. A wrecking train was sent from here and the road cleared before daylight. No lives lost.

Pleasure Ends in Death.

APPLETON, Wis., Jan. 19.—A party of ten young people were coasting on Lowe street hill, ran off the side of a bridge and were hurled into the river below. Emma Adsil was instantly killed and Mary Carey and Jay Briggg are supposed to be drowned.

The Chilian Revolution.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—A dispatch from Buenos Ayres says the revolt in Chili is spreading rapidly. The insurgents are very energetic and are said to be managing the campaign in a very skilful manner. They appear to be possessed of large resources.

WILL FIGHT AGAIN.

Sullivan Announces That He Will Give Slavin a Chance.

AUSTRALIAN CAN HAVE $5000

If He Will Stand Before the Champion for Six Rounds with Six-Ounce Gloves. Corbett is Looking for Slavin.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.—John L. Sullivan entertained his New York friends, Jim Wakely and Phil Lynch, who passed through Chicago on their return from the Fitzsimmons-Dempsey mill in New England.

"Wakely and Lynch are my guests," remarked Sullivan; "they are stopping with me at the Leland; to-morrow they will go on to New York. Charley Johnson of Brooklyn and Wakeley and Lynch were my principal backers in my fight with Kilrain.

"Yesterday they laid a proposal before me to fight Slavin for $10,000. This proposal comes, as I understand, from friends of Slavin in New Orleans, who are willing to back their faith in the Australian to that extent. My reply is that I will give Slavin $3500 or $5000 if he prefers it, if he will show that he can stand before me for six rounds with five ounce gloves. I will meet him at any place he may name as soon as my present engagement will permit.

The facts about this business are that, while I have fairly demonstrated that I am champion of the world, and all that sort of thing, there are three men who still call themselves champions. They are Jim Corbett, Slavin the Australian, and Jake Kilrain.

"I want to say a word about Dempsey. He is a game little fellow. He outclassed himself, that is all."

James J. Corbett, the San Francisco pugilist, met Sullivan for the first time last night, and expressed warm admiration for him. Asked if he would fight Sullivan Corbett replied that there was a number of men for him to whip before he thinks of world's championship honors.

"If Slavin wants to fight," said he, "why don't he fight me? I'm nearer his class than Sullivan. I am convinced that Slavin is a blowhard. If I am successful in my coming match with Peter Jackson, I will go to England and make Slavin fight or expose him as a duffer.

PRINTERS LOCKED OUT.

The Boston Post Makes a Sudden Change in Its Composing Room.

BOSTON, Jan. 19.—Late Saturday afternoon the foreman of the composing room of The Boston Post was notified by the proprietors that a new force of compositors had been secured, and that the office would no longer be open to the men heretofore employed. Briefly stated, the men, who numbered about fifty, had been "locked out," and their successors, who had collected quietly, were even then in actual possession. The news made a considerable stir among the printers in town, and there was much discussion as to measures of retaliation which might be adopted. The Post has been a strictly union office for several years, and it is said that the purpose of the proprietors now is not to reduce the stated rate of compensation, but to effect a saving in some of the details, such as the setting of advertisements, etc., and in other respects to secure a closer hold upon the conduct of affairs.

The Typographical union held a meeting Sunday afternoon and arranged for a mass meeting of Boston printers at Faneuil hall Saturday evening.

Committed Without Bail.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Jan. 19.—The continued case of Mrs. Hattie Beckman, who is charged with having killed her husband at Seabrook, Jan. 7, was held at the jail before Judge Batchelder. The prisoner was represented by her counsel, Hon. Calvin Page, who stated that his client waived examination. She was then committed, without bail, for her appearance at the April term of court.

They Were Carlisle Pupils.

CARLISLE, Pa., Jan. 19.—Capt. R. H. Pratt, manager of the Indian training school, learns through a letter from Pine Ridge Agency that three of the Carlisle pupils named White Horse, Little Bull and Mack Kutepi, were killed in one of the recent skirmishes, and that Clayton Brave, another pupil, was wounded. The letter does not state upon which side these pupils were engaged.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Professor Tyndall is seriously ill.

Chili is offering amnesty to revolutionists.

Senator Quay has not resigned and will not resign.

Frank Rummell, the well-known bookmaker, is dead.

Two missing children in Cincinnati were found locked in an empty house.

The seventeenth game in the chess match in New York ended in a draw.

There is a possibility that Governor Hill may accept the senatorship in New York.

The steamer Carlton foundered at sea. The crew was rescued and brought to port.

There is a probability of a great colliery strike and railroad troubles in England this week.

There was a free fight between sophomores and juniors of the Washington Jefferson college.

There was an immense labor demonstration in Edinburg in sympathy with railroad strikers.

The liquidator of the Panama canal says it will be finished before that in Nicaragua is completed.

The loss by the burning of the John & James Dobson's carpet mills at Philadelphia is over $1,250,000.

The Canadian minister admits that his government has heard from the United States on closer trade.

Senator Teller declares that there was no combination between the silver senators and the Democratic leaders.

There is no truth in the report that the Kansas senate will adjourn sine die to prevent the election of a United States senator.

The congressional silver pool investigation has opened in Washington. The inquiry is to be pursued in New York next week.

Three Indian boys run away from school at Anadarko, Ok., and froze and their parents threaten to burn the school and scalp the teacher.

George Ward Cook, a Haverhill lecturer, was pelted with sausages and eggs and kicked and beaten at the Opera house in Lawrence, Mass.

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another instalment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list includes all whose surname begins with "So."

WARD ONE.

Souther, Edward B. Stock in trade,	$2,000	
House on Foster street,	4,000	
Land, 8,563 feet,	1,275	$100 94
Souther, Horace O. Stock in trade,	500	6 80
Souther, Edward W. House on Coddington street,	4,000	
Land, one-fourth,	1,300	72 08
Souther, Henry L. Bicycle,	50	2 68
Southworth, Edward. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	1,500	
House on Greenleaf street,	3,500	
Land, 14,000 feet,	1,250	87 00

WARD TWO.

Soule, Mrs. Hannah. House on Howard street,	700	
Land, one-fourth acre,	300	13 60
Souther, Frederick. House on Mill street,	1,000	
Stable,	250	
Land, 23,075 feet,	900	31 24
Souther, Horace O. Two horses,	250	5 40
Souther, John L. Carriage,	50	
House on Washington street,	1,500	
Stable,	400	
House on Mill street,	1,200	
Land, 41,400 feet,	1,800	69 32

WARD THREE.

Souther, E. B. House on Mt. Pleasant street,	550	
Land, 8,260 feet,	300	11 56
Souther, John L. House on Hammond place,	1,700	
Land, 13,420 feet,	550	30 60
Souten, Alexander. House on Trafford street,	1,200	
Land, 7,984 feet,	300	20 40
Southard, C. Personal mortgage,	250	
Three horses and 1 cow,	450	9 52

WARD FOUR.

Soderman, Charles. Land and cellar on Centre street,	300	4 08

WARD FIVE.

. . . . . .

WARD SIX.

. . . . . .

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Nov. 10. tf

BEST IN THE MARKET!

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, July 9. tf

WE TAKE

Old Pianos in Exchange.

Mail us a postal, and a competent man will be sent to value your instrument, and tell you how far it will go toward a new one. The balance can be in monthly payments, running thro' two or even three years. Don't say you can't afford a New Piano till you have given us a trial. Write us TO-DAY.

IVERS & POND PIANO CO.

183 Tremont St., Boston.

XABLE PROPERTY.

of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain published in each issue, so that the total of a Wards may be computed by interested parties. unt of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. ne begins with "So."

RD ONE.

	$2,000	
	4,000	
	1,275	$100 94
	500	6 80
ddington street,	4,000	
	1,300	72 08
	50	2 68
ks. bonds and income,	1,500	
	3,500	
	1,250	87 00

RD TWO.

oward street,	700	
	300	13 60
l street,	1,000	
	250	
	900	31 24
	250	5 40
	50	
	1,500	
	400	
	1,200	
	1,800	69 32

RD THREE.

asant street,	550	
	300	11 56
mond place,	1,700	
	550	30 60
fford street,	1,200	
	300	20 40
	250	
	450	9 52

RD FOUR.

lar on Centre street,	300	4 08

RD FIVE.

* * * *

RD SIX.

* * * *

operative Society.

COLBY, Manager.

sions, Fish and Oysters

OTTOM PRICES.

EAMERY BUTTER,

Best in the Market.

EET, - - - - QUINCY.
tf

THE MARKET!

6.50 CASH

A TON OF THE

R NUT COAL,

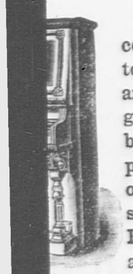
Economical Coal s id.

CH & SON.

NK S. PATCH.]
tf

E TAKE

s in Exchange.



Mail us a postal, and a competent man will be sent to value your instrument, and tell you how far it will go toward a new one. The balance can be in monthly payments, running thro' two or even three years. Don't say you can't afford a New Piano till you have given us a trial. Write us TO-DAY.

OND PIANO CO

remont St., Boston.

TWO BIG BARGAINS.

Men's "All-wool" Scarlet SHIRTS AND DRAWERS REDUCED FROM $1.00 to 75 cts.

Children's "All-wool" VESTS AND PANTS, Sizes from 20 to 32, Any Size at Only 59 cents.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.,

ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our

Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel.

PRATT & CURTIS,

25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

BUCKWHEAT!

NOW IS THE SEASON FOR

Buckwheat Cakes and Maple Syrup.

WE HAVE A LARGE SUPPLY OF BOTH.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

We are the only Firm in this City that have CONFIDENCE FLOUR.

WE HAVE A

FANCY HAXALL FLOUR

That Sells for less money. Give one of our kinds a Trial.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

JOB PRINTING

At the Patriot Office.

FLANDERS' TONIC

Tones up the Stomach. Makes the Brain Active

Purify your Blood with Flanders' Tonic. That Tired Feeling will be Unknown to those who use it.

A Boon to Overworked Men and Women!

If your Children are ailing, "no appetite," languid and without Strength, Flanders' Tonic will build them up.

TRY IT! TAKE NO OTHER!

WONDERFUL IN ITS MAKE-UP!

A Combination of Malt Calisaya and Hypophosphites. Tonic and Stimulant.

Guaranteed by all Druggists.

$1.00. Six Bottles for $5.00.

FLANDERS' MANDRAKE PILLS beats them all. Price 25 Cents.

Physicians endorse it. Ask your druggist for it; if he cannot supply you, send direct to us. We prepay express charges upon receipt of price. Made only by

Flanders' Tonic Co., Woburn, Mass., U. S. A.

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 19.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Interesting Matters.

1770—Rev. Peter Whitney born.
1810—Cold Friday.
1888—Legislative hearing on Quincy's petition for a city charter.

World Wide.

JAMES WATT.

1473—Birth of Nicholas Copernicus, celebrated astronomer; died 1543.
1729—Death of William Congreve, dramatic poet; born 1670.
1736—Birth of James Watt, Scottish mechanician, engineer and inventor, improver of the steam engine; died 1819.
1812—Battle of Ciudad Roderigo, between the French and British, and defeat of the former.
1348—Death of Isaac Disraeli, miscellaneous writer; born 1767.
1861—Secession of Georgia.
1862—The Confederates defeated in the battle of Mill Springs, Ky., and Gen. Zollicoffer killed. Confederate loss, 400 men, 1,200 horses and other valuable property.
1863—James T. Dick, artist, died in Brooklyn, N. Y.; born in New York city, 1834.
1871—Great sortie from Paris of Gen. Trochu, and 100,000 men repulsed with loss of about 1,0 0 dead, 5,000 wounded.
1878—Adrianople occupied by the Russians, and on the 31st an armistice signed between the Russians and Turks, war having lasted from April 12, 1877, to March 3, 1878.
1889—The mahdi's forces defeated on the White Nile by Emin Pasha's troops.

WEYMOUTH.

The Y. P. S. C. E. have elected the following officers: President, James L. Wilder; vice-president, George Beard; secretary, Miss Alice Humphrey; corresponding secretary, Miss Mary E. Jones; treasurer, Miss Mabel Hatch.

The benevolent contributions of the congregation of the Union church, during the past year amounted to $1,200.

W. O. Collyer Hose Co. of North Weymouth, held a social dance Friday evening, music being furnished by Chark's orchestra of Boston.

The "Ten One's" Circle of King's Daughters of East Weymouth, has elected the following officers: President, Mrs. C. D. Canterbury; vice-president, Miss Carrie E. Gardner; secretary and treasurer, Miss Nettie Harlow.

The treasurer of the North Weymouth Cemetery Association makes the following report: Amount deposited in Savings bank as a permanent fund, of which the interest only can be used $5,389.80. Amount deposited in Savings bank as a general fund, $1,682.10. Interest due from Savings bank, $74.64. Cash on hand $5.01, and all bills paid as far as known.

The First National Bank of South Weymouth has elected the following officers: Directors, John S. Fogg, Josiah Reed, Loring Tirrell, Henry B. Reed, Allen B. Vining, John H. Stetson, Joseph Dyer. At a subsequent meeting of the directors, John S. Fogg was chosen president, and Josiah Reed vice president.

The Union National Bank of Weymouth has elected the following directors: Francis Ambler, William H. Clapp, Albert Humphrey, Thomas H. Humphrey, John P. Lovell, Henry A. Nash, John B. Rhines, Amos. S. White, Edwin P. Worster. At a subsequent meeting of the board, Albert Humphrey was chosen president, and Henry A. Nash vice president.

The second night of "Newburn, or the Old Flag" Friday at the Odd Fellows' Opera house, drew another large audience. At the close of the performance the floor was cleared and dancing enjoyed until 2 A. M., the floor being in charge of Leonard T. Mitchell, assisted by Edward E. Chapman, J. Henry Moran, James F. Otis, John F. Fennell, John W. Hagerty

BRAINTREE.

Mr. Thomas A. Watson positively declines the re-election to the Presidentship of the Business Men's Association.

Gus A. Nelson, farmer at Hillside, East Braintree, has secured his stock of ice from Factory pond for his milk business. The ice was twelve inches thick.

James E. Brady, station agent at East Braintree, having resigned, owing to ill health, George E. Woodword, a rather nice-looking young man, has taken his place.

J. F. Sheppard & Sons have finished the storing of ice amounting to 3,000 tons, filling the three large houses owned by the firm at Little Pond from which the ice was taken. The ice, as everybody knows must be of the best quality, and from ten to twelve inches thick. The storing occupied two weeks and employed twenty-five men, not counting horses.

Shipping at Quincy Point.

Arrived Jan. 10th, Schooner Mollie Rhodes from New York, with 325 tons of coal for C. Patch & Son.

Jan. 12th, Schooner Irene, from N. S., with 112,000 feet of lumber for B. Johnson.

Jan. 12th, Schooner H. R. Emerson, from N. S., with 114,000 feet of lumber for B. Johnson.

Schooners Irene and H. R. Emerson required the services of two tug boats to break the ice, it being six inches thick, to get to B. Johnson's wharf.

AT PINE RIDGE.

Hostiles Are Still Turning in Their Arms—Gen. Miles Coming East.

PINE RIDGE AGENCY, S. D., Jan. 19.—Yesterday morning about a dozen more rifles were given up to Capt. Pierce by the hostiles. They informed him that a systematic search was being made in their tepees for weapons and those found would be turned over at once. The exact number of guns surrendered cannot be ascertained from the custodian, though the latter places the number at about 500. At headquarters it is claimed the arms surrendered exceed in number any received by them under similar circumstances in the history of the army. Saturday night eighteen shots were fired in the Indian camp, though nobody was hurt. Yesterday the Indians were morose and gloomy. The Sixteenth infantry of Fort Douglas and the Twenty-first infantry of Fort Sydney, now doing duty at Rosebud and various other points distant from here, left for their respective posts last night.

Gen. Miles is preparing his congratulatory address to the soldiers and may issue it to-day. Gen. Miles will leave for the east some time next week unless something unusual should take place, and Gen. Brooke will assume command of the forces which may remain in the field. The general is experiencing some opposition in Washington to his policy of segregating the several Indian tribes. Notwithstanding that the Cheyenness had started back to the Tongue river, the tribe is still detained outside the breastworks, awaiting permission from the interior department to move.

SEVERE WEATHER ABROAD.

France, Italy, Germany and Spain Suffer Greatly from Storms.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Reports of snow storms and increasing cold weather come from various parts of the continent. In France the Gironde is covered with ice floes and communication between Lyons and Savoy is completely cut off by snow. Trains from Switzerland are eight hours behind time. The Rhone is nearly frozen over. In Paris the weather is unusually severe.

In Switzerland it is very cold. The port of Geneva is completely blocked by ice.

From Germany come similar reports. Several ships have been abandoned in the Elbe, badly damaged while trying to force their way through the ice. A heavy fall of snow has cut off all communication between Gettinje, Montenegro and the interior of the country. Many misasters and a heavy loss of livestock are feared. A large number of travellers are snowed up at various post road stations. Wolves, driven from the mountains by hunger, are ravaging the inhabited districts.

Valencia, Spain reports a violent hurricane. Many vessels are unable to leave port.

A terrific storm at Palermo, the capital of Sicily, tore off the roof of the Opthalmic hospital and the upper stories fell in, seriously injuring a number of patients.

STARVATION AWAITS THEM.

Inhabitants of an Algerian Town Snowed in Without Food.

ALGIERS, Jan. 19.—The inhabitants of the small town of Sebdom, in the Tiemcen district of the province of Oran, are snowed in, and will probably starve to death. Like the majority of small Algerian towns the inhabitants of Sebdon depended almost entirely upon the convoys of provisions which reach them from the larger towns.

The military authorities of Tiemcen sent a quantity of provisions, but, unhappily, the convoy was snowed up in the Taiterney pass. An additional force of troops was then sent to the relief of the snowed-up troops, but the information was received that the attempt to provision Sebdom had failed; that the district was hopelessly snowed in.

The French African troops, accustomed to the burning heat of the African summer, and utterly unaccustomed to such severe cold winters as the one they are now experiencing, made but poor headway in fighting their way through the snow.

MANY READ HIS WRITINGS.

Death of Charles Tabor Congdon, a Liberal Contributor to the Press.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Charles Tabor Congdon, newspaper man, poet and magazine writer, died of heart failure at the Hotel Albert, aged 68. He will be buried Wednesday at his old home, New Bedford, Mass. He studied at Brown university, and that institution gave him the degree of A. M. At different times he had worked on The Daily Register, Daily Bulletin and Daily Mercury of New Bedford, The Age of Providence and The Boston Atlas. Horace Greeley called him to The Tribune in 1857, and he wrote editorials for that paper till 1882. He contributed to The Century, Atlantic Monthly, Harpers, The Forum, The Galaxy other and magazines, and was for years the New York correspondent of The Boston Courier, signing himself "Paul Potter."

How France Looks at It.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—The Journal des Debats cannot understand the feeling of indignation that has been aroused in America by the reference of the Behring Sea question to the United States supreme court. This proceeding, it says, although usual, in no way reflects upon the United States government, while the members of the supreme court cannot be otherwise than flattered by this sign of confidence placed in their judgment. Europe, it adds, will look forward with curiosity to the conclusion of the judicial interlude to a weighty diplomatic controversy.

First in the United States.

WORCESTER, Jan. 19.—The first Armenian church in the United States was dedicated with impressive ceremonies yesterday. Rev. H. V. Sarajian, who has charge of the native Armenian church here, officiated in a black cassock with purple sleeves lined with purple, and over it a flowing robe of rich purple damask, secured by a silver clasp. The services were conducted entirely in the Armenian language.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Forecast for Maine and New Hampshire: Light snow or rain; northerly winds; stationary temperature.

For Vermont: Light snow; winds shifting to southerly; slightly warmer.

For Massachusetts: Local snow; clearing during the day; northerly winds; slight changes in temperature.

For Rhode Island and Connecticut: Generally fair; northwesterly winds; slightly colder.

Cautionary signals are displayed from Portland to Eastport.

The city engineer of Boston pronounces the old Charlestown bridge as unsafe and inadequate for the public needs.

A HEAVY ICE STORM

Prevails at Various Points Along New England's Shore.

TELEGRAPHS FARE BADLY.

Telephone and Fire Alarm Circuits Suffer Considerably—Falling Poles Cause Much Damage—Street Car Travel Interfered With.

BOSTON, Jan. 19.—An ice storm came Saturday morning and continued through Sunday. Last evening the clouds had grown filmy and the moon shown feebly. About three inches of snow fell Saturday forenoon, followed by rain, which froze as fast as it fell, transforming the city parks into miniature fairy lands and the city sidewalks into miniature skating rinks. Wherever the ice dams turned the course of the gutter streams from the sewer traps they augmented in size until further obstruction caused them to gether in ponds that to the timid pedestrian appeared to be of unknown depth. The lightning effects of electricity were witnessed last Saturday evening by pretty nearly everybody who had occasion to be out of doors in the vicinity of any of the electric car lines. The falling rain would strike the trolly wires along the railway lines, run down and freeze on the side next the car, and when the wheel of the trolly pole rolled over—or under—this surface the current had to "burn" its way through the ice. Therefore, every car was accompanied by a moving arc light greenish in color and not at all steady.

Falling wires and poles created a considerable disturbance in Lechmere square, East Cambridge, at about 9 o'clock Saturday evening. Seven large telephone wires, with 200 single wires and one cable wire fell at that time. Each of the poles bore eleven or more heavy cross arm beams, which, in falling, were caught on the roofs of buildings along the line of the accident, while the wires, in a chaotic state, were partially suspended in midair and lay partially in the street. One of the poles struck a Boston bound horse car, which was caught in a tangle of wires. The car was drawn by tour horses, and the left leader received a shock from falling wires and was instantly killed. Although the car was crowded at the time, no one was seriously injured save a young woman named Annie O'Brien, who rushed from the car and received a shock which rendered her unconscious. It took some time before the tangle was straightened out. The telephone and electric light service were badly disorganized.

HARTFORD IN DARKNESS.

Telephones Burned Out — Worst Storm Since 1884—Damage at New Britain.

HARTFORD, Jan. 19.—The most severe and damaging ice storm for many years began Saturday and continued through most of yesterday. Hundreds of telephone and other wires came down, making innumerable crosses so that the electric lights had to be cut off, and the city last night was in darkness. Before the current was shut off some damage was done by burning out telephones, and Maj. J. C. Kinney had a very narrow escape. As he approached his to use it a blaze a foot long shot out of the instrument, which was entirely burned out. He was unhurt except for a slight burn, but had he gone to the telephone a minute sooner he could not have escaped without serious harm. Great numbers of trees were broken down by the load of ice, which formed to a thickness of about three-quarters of an inch. Last evening one wire for the Associated Press was the only telegraph line working out of the city, and news from New York comes over that by way of Albany and Springfield. No telephone line out of the city is working.

During the most of the day it was warm enough for a good deal of ice to loosen and fall, but everything was still very heavily coated when night came and it again began to freeze. There has been little wind. The damage is probably substantially over unless the wind should rise before the remaining ice is thawed off. The storm is decidedly worse than that of 1884, which was heavier than any for many years. The storm was especially severe at New Britain. The whole telephone service was destroyed as well as the electric light service.

AT PROVIDENCE.

Telephone, Telegraph and Fire Alarm Wires Demoralized—Damage to Trees.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 19.—Saturday night's sleet storm was particularly severe upon the overhead wire service of every kind in this city. Telegraph, telephone and fire alarm wires were constantly crossing the electric lighting wires and the heavy current was carried into buildings, burning out telephones and in some instances setting fire. In the Western Union office the lighting current came in on one of the messenger circuits, and started a fire which required the services of a hose company. One-half the telephones in the city were inoperative, and none of the telephones in the police station circuit would work. By midnight it would have been impossible to turn in a fire alarm from any box in the city, as the circuit was down. The police signal box wires were about the only ones left in working order. At 3 o'clock Sunday morning the electric lighting station was shut down by order of the fire department, to prevent further damage. Limbs are reported broken from trees all over the city.

The Storm in Vermont.

RUTLAND, Vt., Jan. 19.—The snowstorm here was the heaviest of the season in this vicinity. From eight to ten inches fell and it was badly drifted in places. Horse car travel was entirely suspended at 8 p. m. The sleeper from Montreal was stuck at Shelburne and was delayed fifty minutes, till another engine came from Burlington.

Foot of Snow in New Hampshire.

LANCASTER, N. H., Jan. 19.—A foot of snow has fallen since Saturday noon. A high wind accompanies the snow, and the latter is piling up in large drifts, seriously impeding travel. It has been the hardest storm of the winter, and apparently has not ended. The Grand Trunk mail from Portland was two hours late.

At Bangor.

BANGOR, Me., Jan. 19.—A very bad storm raged here and about ten inches of snow and sleet has fallen. Trains were delayed several hours by the storm. The wires were somewhat damaged.

Friends of civil service had a satisfactory interview with the president regarding the extension of the classified service.

AT A RIPE OLD AGE.

Hon. George Bancroft, the Historian, Receives Death's Summons.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—George Bancroft, the venerable historian, is dead.

THE LATE HON. GEORGE BANCROFT.

He had been sick only two days, and was on the streets Wednesday. On Thursday he took to his bed as a matter of precaution, but was taken seriously ill Friday. Saturday afternoon he failed rapidly, and all day hovered between life and death. At 3 p. m. the doctor left, thinking that Mr. Bancroft would live through the night, but before the hour was up Mr. Bancroft was dead.

His end was quiet and peaceful, and the first cause of death was simply the weakness of old age. His son was at the bedside when the aged historian died. Mr. Bancroft was born in Worcester, Mass., on Oct. 2, 1800.

It was decided to hold funeral services at 11 o'clock Tuesday morning in St. John's Episcopal church. The interment will take place at Worcester, Mass., where Mr. Bancroft's wife is buried.

Mr. Bancroft graduated at Harvard and pursued a course of three years further study in Germany. On his return to this country he contemplated entering the ministry, but settled down to a literary life. His principal work has been his history of the United States, the first volume appearing in 1834, and the tenth and last forty years later. At times he has taken a lively interest in politics; was collector of the port of Boston in 1838, secretary of the navy under Polk, minister to England in 1846, to Prussia in 1867, to the North German confederation in 1869, and to the German empire in 1871.

A HEARTLESS WOMAN.

She Employs a Negro to Assassinate Her Husband, a Wealthy Gambler.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 19.—A negro barber named McFarland confesses that he murdered John Sheedy, a gambler worth $400,000, who was assassinated last Monday while entering his residence. He says Mrs. Sheedy hired him for $20,000 to commit the deed. Mrs. Sheedy was a divorced woman, and had become infatuated with a young man whom she wished to marry. As Mr. and Mrs. Sheedy were entering their home after returning from the opera Monday night, McFarland struck Sheedy on the head with a loaded cane, crushing his skull. Five times before attempts had been made to kill Sheedy. He was brother of Dennis Sheedy, president of the Colorado National bank of Denver, and cousin of Pat Sheedy, the noted Chicago gambler. Mrs. Sheedy and her supposed paramour, Harry Walstrom of Buffalo, were arrested yesterday afternoon. McFarland asserts that Mrs. Sheedy poisoned her husband after the negro assault so as to make sure of his death.

SUFFOCATED BY COAL GAS.

A Defective Main Responsible for the Death of a Family of Three.

BOSTON, Jan. 19.—A family of three persons, consisting of a man, his wife and their child, were found dead in bed at the West End, Sunday morning. George and Maggie Clark and their daughter Mary, aged 5 years, were the victims, and the conditions attending their discovery left no do ubt as to the cause being coal gas, which probably escaped from a defective main pipe in the street.

From the examination of the premises it was evident that the leak did not exist in the house pipes, but came from the street, probably along outside the pipe communicating with the main pipe. It is said another occupant of the building smelled gas late at night, and being suspicious of danger left an outside door open and by that means escaped. Clark was a colored man, aged 30 years, his wife being white and 35 years of age. The daughter is said not to be Clark's child.

A RAVING MANIAC.

Strain Upon the Nerves of Nebraska's Ex-Governor Proves Too Much.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 19.—The long vigil of ex-Governor Thayer during the exciting scenes of the opening of the legislature, when he remained in his apartments eighty hours for the purpose of keeping out Governor Boyd, has resulted in a dangerous attack of nervous prostration. The ex-governor is a raving maniac, and his physicians say his condition is alarming. He is nearly 75 years old.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.—A dispatch from Lincoln denies that ex-Governor Thayer of Nebraska is insane, but says he is suffering from a severe attack of nervous prostration.

A Valuable Discovery.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—The Times announces that the authorities of the British museum have discovered among a collection of papyrus rolls acquired recently in Ezypt, the text of Aristotle's treatise on the constitution of Athens, from which numerous writers of antiquity quoted, but which has hitherto been known only in detached fragments. The opening chapter is missing, and the concluding chapter is mutilated, but otherwise the manuscript is in perfect condition.

Serious Blow to a Kansas Town.

HORTON, Kan., Jan. 19.—All the buildings along the east side of Main street, from Front to Vera, except one small building, were burned, with several on East Front street. Total loss $200,000; insured. The Bank of Horton, erected at a cost of $50,000, was destroyed. Other heavy losses are: Deustche Bros., dry goods, $20,000; Craig Bros. & Co., $35,000; C. R. Suttler, drugs, $40,000; Hemphill, dry goods, $10,000; Horton Commercial, newspaper, $8000.

An Algerian Earthquake.

ALGIERS, Jan. 19.—Further details of the destruction wrought by the severe earthquake in Algeria reported on the 15th inst. have been received here. The towns of Gouraye and Villebourg were practically destroyed by the shocks, and forty persons were killed by the falling of walls. The amount of damage done to property is estimated at £20,000.

$1.50

Will buy a FIRST-CLASS

Working Shoe at Saville & Jones'.

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately. Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.

Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

PLANT FOOD

FOR SALE AT

FRANK F. CRANE'S.

Quincy, Jan. 10. tf

N. CURTIS & CO.'S

Fine Shoes at

Saville & Jones'.

H. T. Whitman,

CIVIL ENGINEER —AND— SURVEYOR,

ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

Hours, 8 to 10 A. M.

Boston Office, - - 85 Devonshire St.

Hours, 12 to 2 P. M.

N. B. Plans of nearly all the Real Estate in the City of Quincy can be found at my offices.

May 28. d3t&w—tf

Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.

Boston, Nov. 5. tf

"Little Monitor."

The Best School Shoe for Misses and Children.

Saville & Jones.

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING, QUINCY AVENUE.

Nov. 13. 3 mos

THE ONLY PLACE IN QUINCY

To get the Famous

Lebanon Overalls and Jumpers

is at

SAVILLE & JONES'.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Unlike Any Other.

As much

For INTERNAL as EXTERNAL use.

Many people do not know this.

The Most Wonderful Family Remedy Ever Known.

Positively cures Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Hoarseness, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Catarrh, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Sciatica, Lame Back and Soreness in Body or Limbs. Stops Inflammation in Cuts, Burns, and Bruises. Relieves all Cramps and Chills like magic. Price, 35 cts. post-paid; 6 bottles, $2. Express prepaid. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

ALL LINEN

CRASH

5c. per Yard.

New Cheviot Shirtings,

10c. and 12 1-2c.

Ladies' and Children's

GAITERS,

50c. a pair

AT

Miss C. S. Hubbard's,

158 Hancock St., Quincy.

FOUND.

FOUND,—On Quincy avenue, Jan. 17, a Black Horse with white star on forehead; nickel trimmed breastplate Harness and a Democrat Wagon, nearly new. Owner can recover by paying costs and applying to THOS. F. KEENAN, 68 South street.
Quincy, Jan. 17. 2t*

WANTED.

WANTED,—An Experienced Girl to do general housework. Apply to MRS. JAS. R. WILD, Washington street.
Quincy, Jan. 17. 3t

WANTED,—A strong, willing girl to do general housework. Swede preferred. Apply at 41 Hancock street. Jan. 13—tf

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

TO LET.

TO LET,—Furnished rooms, with or without board, at 44 CHESTNUT STREET. Quincy, Jan. 17.—9t

TO LET.—Very desirable property in South Quincy. House contains 11 rooms, city water and furnace; stable attached with accommodation for 6 horses. Five acres of land, cuts 7 tons hay. Plenty of fruit, etc. A sightly location, near Electric cars and railroad station. Will lease for term of years to right party.
Enquire of B. N. ADAMS, Real Estate, Quincy. Jan. 13—pl tf

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.
Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms.
Apply to HENRY H. FAXON.
Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—One good new Milch Cow and Calf. L. E. WEYMOUTH, Glover avenue, Atlantic, Mass. Jan. 17—9t

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms To Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

The Estate belonging to the heirs of the late John Page, consisting of a one story and a half cottage house, and about 14,000 feet of land, situated on Foster street.
JOHN PAGE, 104 Hancock St.
Quincy, Feb. 15. 2tw—tf

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

BORN.

BISSON—In San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 5, son to Mr. Walter J. and Mrs. Annie N. Bisson.

DIED.

GRIFFIN—In South Quincy, Jan. 18, Mrs. Christina, wife of Daniel J. Griffin, aged 29 years and 3 months.
MARSH—In Quincy, Jan. 18, Mrs. Susanna, widow of Thomas M. Marsh, aged 88 years, 4 months and 18 days.
VAN WAGNER—At Sailors Snug Harbor, Jan. 18, Mr. James D. L. Van Wagner, aged 65 years and 10 months.
ALLEN—In Sanford, Fla., Jan. 14th, Mr. Samuel T. Allen, aged 54 years and 8 months.

BOYS

OF QUINCY.

ATTENTION!

WILLIAMS,

THE

JEWELER,

Will give a Fine Silver Waltham Watch to the boy bringing the greatest number of LEDGER COUPONS to his store before March 1st.

This Watch is

No Waterbury Humbug;

It is one of the Genuine

American Waltham Watch Co.'s

Make, and is Warranted to give perfect satisfaction. It is now on exhibition in his Show Window, and may be inspected by anyone.

Now Boys, get a gait on you, and hustle for it!

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree
Geo. H. Hunt,	East Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 19.

High water at 6.30 A. M. and 7.15 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.09; Sets at 4.42.
Moon sets at 2.24 A. M.
Full Moon Jan. 24, 7.25 P. M.

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

Slippery walking.

Sleighs are out again.

City Council tonight.

Exit Commissioner Alexander.

Good morning Commissioner Ewell.

Councilman S. H. Spear is very low today.

The trees looked beautiful Sunday with their coating of ice.

Annual meeting of the corporators of the City hospital this evening.

Clan McGregor will hold a special meeting tonight to discuss the hall question.

Miss Florence J. Hawley, of West Quincy has returned home from her trip to Halifax.

The city has five teams at work today sanding the sidewalks. One team was out Sunday.

Mrs. Susanna Marsh, widow of the late Thomas M. Marsh, died on Sunday in her 89th year.

Alexander Cow and David J. Wyllie, leave Tuesday for Los Angeles, Cal., via. the popular Santa Fe route.

Mayor Fairbanks had gangs of men and teams in each ward, early this morning, sprinkling sand on the icy sidewalks.

Assistant Supt. Ellis took time by the forelock Saturday, when it commenced to storm, and put on horse cars and this kept the line open.

One of the electric light wires in front of Gurney's store blew down Saturday night during the storm, but was promptly repaired by the company, who were notified by officer McGrath.

Eben D. Stocker has bought out the newspaper route of Frank Gardner, and will take possession February first. He has hired one of the stores under Music hall and will open a periodical store there.

The great sale of clothing and furnishing goods now taking place at the Quincy One Price Clothing store is attended by crowds of eager buyers, and all go away pleased at their bargains.

The Adams street end of Common street, thought to have been thoroughly repaired last year, is in a wretched condition. The heavy rains have removed the foundation of the paved gutter and edgestone and allowed them to settle about a foot for a hundred feet or more.

Quincy looked like a fairy land this morning. The heavy incrustation of ice on the slender branches of the saplings is breaking them off by the score. In some instances trees have succumbed to the heavy weights and broken down. Very little damage has been reported in this city to the telegraph, telephone and electric light wires.

Sunday Mr. Tilson A. Mead severed his connection with the Congregational church as chorister to accept a flattering offer from East Boston. He has been eminently successful in building up a good choir here and his departure will be a hard blow. The good feeling of the members of the choir toward him was manifest Saturday evening, when at the weekly rehearsal they presenting him with a beautiful painting costing $23.

Commissioner Ewell.

About 8 o'clock this morning Commission Alexander handed over the office to Mayor Fairbank's appointee, Ex-Councilman William Walter Ewell, who was sworn in by City Clerk Spear. The retiring official wished Commissioner Ewell and his department success.

The new official needs no introduction to Quincy people, being a native of this city, and for a number of years one of its successful business men. He held his first public office last year, when he was elected a Councilman from Ward One. He was chairman of the Committee on Legislative Matters, Elections and Returns, but his best work was done on the Committee on Contracts, Streets, Ways, Sidewalks, Bridges and Lights. He personally investigated every subject referred to these committees and was a regular attendant, both at Council and committee meetings.

He informs a representative of the LEDGER that he will give his whole time to the office, and endeavor to make it a success.

It is a business administration which the city wants and may reasonably expect of Commissioner Ewell. His first official act, to stop work on the rebuilding of Hancock street shows his good judgment.

The report that Superintendent Spencer had been reappointed is denied by Commissioner Ewell, although he will undoubtedly be retained if satisfactory arrangements can be made.

Here's success to Commissioner Ewell.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

MAGAZINE NIGHT.

Some Thoughts on the Social Condition and Prospects of the American People.

The Clan McGregor Literary Club held its weekly meeting in Doble hall on Saturday—Mr. Copland presiding.

Last week this society got some salutary hints on physiology. This time the members had a skirmish with political economy. A few effective shots were fired at avarice, fraud, injustice and selfishness as displayed by the inordinate lovers of gain. On the other hand the best qualities of human nature, such as generosity, honesty, justice, &c., received their need of praise.

The editor of the magazine read a paper contributed by "Veritas" on "Some thoughts on the social condition and prospects of the American people." The essayist after reviewing briefly some of the salient points of the subject which suggest themselves to the mind of a casual observer, comes to the conclusion that there is room for improvement.

He asks, "Where is the reform to begin?" and after making some suggestions, says: "The fact of our successful career as a commercial people has been the principal agent in fostering a spirit of unrest and discontent among the people. It has set up a false estimate of human work, until today it is a generally conceded fact that a man is judged by the thousands of dollars that stand to his credit. The lives of such men are held up as shining examples of success to the youth of our day, or embalmed in facinating biography. The natural result is the all-absorbing eagerness in the pursuit of riches so characteristic of the average business man of the present time."

In dealing with the subject of capital and labor, "Veritas" thinks that "The only points of identity of interests are that a peaceful condition of the industrial field is beneficial to both parties."

"The most effective method of dealing with the question to our mind rests with the people themselves. Let them dispense with the aid of the capitalist. Let every man be a capitalist to the extent of his physical and mental capacity, and by the system of co-operation in the production and distribution of all commodities effect a peaceful revolution."

"Having established an industrial system on this basis our periodical labor conflicts, with all the bitterness and hostility they engender in society; the injury they cause to our material progress; and the misery they entail on innocent children and women shall be a thing of the past; and our country shall go on in the path of progress and prosperity."

Several members criticised and imparted their quota of wisdom and knowledge. A few aired the beauties of the socialistic system. Others dwelt on the advantages of co-operation, while one member who had participated in a co-operative venture which failed, drew a discouraging picture of the incapacity and incompatibility of working men when yoked in co-operative harness.

The editor of the magazine summed up. He remarked it was futile to expect governments to initiate reforms. The inception and propulsion of all great reforms, must be by the people. He thought we had much to learn, and as a severe commentary on our unfitness, remarked that the honey bees co-operate with perfect accord. They build their cells with the utmost precision and skill; and after the day's toil, return home with their sweet earnings and lay it by for a rainy day.

"Hail, tolerant teachers of the world, whose dower
Of spirit-wealth outweighs the monarch's might!
Blest be your holy mission! may it shower
Blessings like rain, and bring, by human right
To all our hearts and hearths, love, liberty and light."

O. S. S. G.

FIFTH ANNIVERSARY

— OF —

Granite Lodge, No. 193,

Order Sons of St. George, Quincy.

GRAND

Entertainment

AND DANCE

—AT—

FAXON HALL,

WEDNESDAY EVENING,

JAN. 21st, 1891.

To commence with an address of welcome by John T. Pearce, W. P.

Vocal music by the following well-known gentlemen: Louis G. Griffiths, R. E. Chapple, D. Williams, John Lillicrap, J. Symonds. Recitation by Miss Mabel Oxford. Following with a Carnival of Fun by PROF. CLARE, the Great American Illusionist, with his Immense and Brilliant Cabinet of Wonders. Extraordinary feats of Ledgerdemain. BLACK ART as performed by Prof. Kellar at the Boston Museum.

DANCING TO WILSON'S ORCHESTRA.

Grand March to commence at 9.30.

Floor Director,—S. T. Rex. Aids.—Fred Barnicoat, John Lawry and H. Barnicoat.

A responsible person will take charge of Clothing.

Admission to Entertainment and Supper, 50 Cents. Dancing 50 Cents.

Doors open at 7 P. M. Commence at 7.30.
Quincy, Jan. 17. 4t

BUSSELL'S

Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

NEW BAKERY

JUST OPENED,

— IN —

Adams Building, cor. Temple and Hancock Sts.

The public are informed that I have opened a Bakery in the Adams Building, where will be kept a full line of

Bread, Cake, Pastry.

TRY OUR ANGEL CAKE.

Plain and Fancy Crackers. All kinds of Confectionery.

HOT BREAD AND ROLLS EVERY AFTERNOON.

WEDDING CAKE A SPECIALTY.

W. A. HODGES,

PROPRIETOR.

Jan. 17. 2w

STREET RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

Miss Catherine McLeod against Quincy & Boston Street Railway Company.

The following case was tried before the Superior Court at Dedham last Friday. It was an action of tort in which the plaintiff sought to recover $5,000 damages for personal injuries received while a passenger in a car owned by defendants, by reason of car leaving track on Hancock street on the evening of April 28, 1890. Plaintiff was thrown across car. Accident was caused by the breaking of a wheel flange. Defence claimed accident occurred through something beyond their control.

The first witness called was Miss Catherine McLeod, the plaintiff, aged 21 years, one year in the United States, is a native of Prince Edwards Island; worked for Mrs. Brown; took car at Neponset bridge at 9.30 P. M. on evening of day of accident; was seated on the rear seat of car on right side; three young men were passengers beside herself; car was going very fast; jolted up and down before leaving track; was thrown over to left hand side of car; lights in car went out; conductor of car picked her up and asked her if she was hurt; answered him, "not much"; was so "excited I didn't know nothing"; felt pains in her side after getting back to Mrs. Brown's house; showed hurts to Mrs. Brown the next day; feels sore yet; went to see Dr. McLennan; remained with Mrs. Brown until July; "left her because we didn't agree about something"; works now for Dr. Gordon.

Mrs. Laura A. Brown, Quincy: Plaintiff worked for her at time of accident; paid her $2.50 per week before and $1 to $1.50 after accident; examined plaintiff's person the following evening; found bruises above her groin; after accident favored her all she could in her work.

Dr. Broderick McLennan, Quincy: Plaintiff called on him three times; described injuries he found and his treatment of same.

Plaintiff rested here and defence called for their first witness, Dr. J. H. Gilbert, Quincy, medical examiner of Norfolk County: Plaintiff visited his office and consulted him, but his testimony was largely that of an expert.

John A. Duggan, superintendent of the road at the time of the accident: Car B. was the one that left the tracks; its wheels weigh 300 pounds each; average weight of wheels is 200 pounds; saw car an hour or so after the accident; examined same; found a piece broken from flange of wheel; afterward found a piece on track an eighth of a mile from scene of the derailment; tracks or rails were in good condition; the car was injured only slightly; fitted piece into break; fit was perfect; the break was a fresh one; break was not the result of an old crack, or flaw in the iron; a trip takes from twenty to thirty minutes.

Conductor Hunter of Quincy was the next witness. He said the car was running at a speed of about nine miles an hour; did not know there was anything matter with car before it left the track; Miss McLeod told him she was not hurt; the shock was not enough to throw the cushions off the seats.

Daniel Moran, Quincy, car inspector: Inspected car just prior to accident and found it in perfect order.

Edward Whitehouse, Quincy: Was the driver of car and corroborated Conductor Hunter's statements.

The jury returned a verdict for plaintiff and assessed damages in the sum of $1500. E. C. Bumpus appeared for plaintiff; W. G. A. Pattee for defendants.

National League Annual.

At the annual meeting of the Quincy branch, Irish National League, held Sunday evening, the following officers were elected:

President,—George Cahill.
Vice-President,—Frank Rafferty.
Secretary,—George D. Cahill.
Financial Secretary,—Thomas Carroll.
Treasurer,—James Parker.
Executive Committee,—James Collins, Andrew Costa, Peter McConarty, Michael Goodhue, Michael Daley.

COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

Fourth Annual Report.

From the forthcoming annual report of the treasurer of Norfolk County are gleaned the following interesting figures:

Balance in treasury, January 1, 1890, $17,328.70; city and county tax, $84,596.27; delinquent taxes, $911.17; criminal costs, $11,072.88; received from dog licenses, $15,736.15; temporary loan, $75,000; miscellaneous receipts, $3,880.91; total amounts received and on hand, $208,526.97.

The expenditures were: Interest on temporary loan, $1,595.65; support of prisoners, $11,070.91; care of Court house, $1,926.82; salaries county officers and employes, $12,125.51; salaries of justices and clerks of police and district courts, $4,234.56; truant school expenses, $4,870.99; amounts refunded to cities and towns, damages by dogs and expenses incurred in receiving and disbursing same, $16,783.70; highways and bridges, $14,676.23; repairs on county buildings, $5,138.73; miscellaneous expenses, $1,308.59; paid temporary loan, $75,000; expenses of criminal prosecutions, $28,793.62; medical examiners, $602.70; printing, fuel, etc., $6,182.39; civil court expenses, $8,765.56; insane, $852.74; auditors, $6,369.57; balance cash on hand, $8,198.81; total expenditures for the year, $200,328.16.

TODAY'S COURT.

Dennis D. Mahoney of Braintree was brought in by Officer Kelley for assault on Charles Thayer at the Braintree depot last Friday night. As Mr. Thayer is still unable to leave his home the case was continued to January 29th. Mahoney being held in $200 bonds. Being unable to furnish the same he was committed.

PEANUT CRAFTINESS.

AN ITALIAN PEDDLER WHO UNDERSTANDS HUMAN NATURE.

Others "Maka de Appetite" and He "Maka de Mon"—How a Shrewd Vender Takes Advantage of the Wind and His Companions' Ignorance.

A newspaper man who is fond of hot roasted peanuts, and generally purchases a pint of them daily from some street vender in Park row, noticed on one occasion that a particularly swarthy old Italian gave him better measure for his money and also larger and more perfect nuts than any other. Accordingly, being a thrifty man, even in small things, he resolved to deal with this fellow exclusively if possible.

The next day, however, as he descended the stairway of the elevated railway he missed the vender at his accustomed stand, and so purchased a pint of peanuts, which subsequently turned out to be a rather wormy lot, from another son of Italy. He had not got half way to Broadway when he came across the generous vender selling his wares as usual, but in a different place from the one he occupied the day before.

The newspaper man did not want two pints of peanuts, and in fact he had not then discovered the wormy condition of his recent purchase, nevertheless he made a mental note of the new stand of his chosen source of supply and passed along.

DODGING AROUND.

The next time he had occasion to go through Park row he entered it from Broadway. He looked about for his peanut vender, expecting to find him at the new stand, but he was not. "His honesty has bankrupted him," soliloquized the newspaper man. "It evidently pays better to remain in one spot and sell wormy nuts." So he purchased from another vender and got among his change a plugged Canadian dime, which a humorous conductor subsequently returned to him with loudly expressed scorn.

This thing happened several times. The honest vender always shifted his position and his would-be customer always bought his nuts elsewhere. Finally it flashed into the mind of the newspaper man, whose brain was generally so busy with the big questions of the day, that the circumstances just described had hardly been noticed by him at all up to that time, that this honest vender was always in Park row, somewhere between the elevated road and Broadway, so he determined not to buy any nuts till he came up to him, wherever his chosen stand for the day might be.

Accordingly, the next day he passed several venders before he came to the shifting merchant, but was rewarded by a heaping measure of particularly fine nuts.

"Why don't you stay in one place?" asked the newspaper man. "I like to buy your nuts, and I would do so every day if I could find you without so much trouble. I really can't spare the time to keep thinking of you and a trifling pint of nuts all the way from the elevated road to Broadway. If I knew just where you were I need only think of you as I pass your stand, and my mind would do that mechanically without interupting my other thoughts. See?"

"No unnerstando," said the Italian, with a bright smile.

THE SECRET OUT.

"I suppose not," said the other. "Why don't you get one stand and stay there like the other fellows?" he shouted, falling into the popular belief that people understand a foreign tongue when it is screamed at them more readily than when it is whispered.

The Italian shrugged his shoulders. "Tinka I get reglah customers?" he asked with a grin.

"Certainly," said the adviser. "Look at me, for instance."

"Why you reglah customer of me and not of other fellahs? Lika de good nut, eh?" and he showed his white teeth from ear to ear.

"Well, that's so," replied the newspaper man with a laugh. "I'd deal with you anyway, and you've found that out. I suppose you'll begin to treat me less generously by degrees, now that you think you've got me. But what makes you shift about so anyway? The others don't do it."

"The wind," said the peddler, and then he looked as if he had admitted too much, and would say no more. But the newspaper man's curiosity was aroused, and after dealing with the man for a week or two he won his confidence, and finally learned what the wind had to do with it.

"Well," said the Italian, still grinning, "I tell you. People dat lika de good nut reglah follow me; people dat lika nut once in while I follow dem. More of dose don de odder. Today wind blow from dat Dago vender up de street, who always stand in one place, to me, who shift about. Man come along very busy and pass his stand. Just as he go by he get strong smell of roasta peanut. He tink he like some, but no time to go back. 'Plenty other fellahs,' he say. Den he come to me and buy some. To-morra praps, wind blowa de odder way. I go odder side of Dago dat always stand in one place, and I catcha de customahs dat he cause wanta de nut. He maka de appetite. I maka de mon."—New York Tribune.

Japanese Lacquer.

The Japanese lacquer which attracts so much attention here on trays and ornaments imported from that mysterious land has an interesting history. It is extracted from a tree, like sugar from the maple, and these lacquer yielding trees reach a very large size. They only yield about forty years, when they are cut down, and the lacquer extracted from the branches, and young trees take their place. The varnish is proof against boiling water, alcohol and almost every agent known, while it takes a paint which is practically indestructible. It can be used for the most diverse purposes.—New York Telegram.

VOL. 2.

LOOK

We have in stock
Display from week to w
You can positively do b

Mellin's Food,
Mellin's Food,
Ridge's Food,
Armour's Beef,
Armour's Beef,
Fellow's Syrup,
Hood's Sarsapa
Hydrobromates C
Hunyadi Water,
Morse's Dyspep
Green's Nervura,
Cashmere Boque
Cuticura Soap,
"
Pear's Unscented
2-qt. bottles Ext
Florida Water,
Wyeth's Malt,

Finest Stationery, regu
velopes to match, 10 cents pe
Toilet Soap, your choic

"REL

URGIN'S

Durgin &

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 17. QUINCY, MASS., TUESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

PEANUT CRAFTINESS.

AN ITALIAN PEDDLER WHO UNDERSTANDS HUMAN NATURE.

Others "Maka de Appetite" and He "Maka de Mon"—How a Shrewd Vender Takes Advantage of the Wind and His Companions' Ignorance.

A newspaper man who is fond of hot roasted peanuts, and generally purchases a pint of them daily from some street vender in Park row, noticed on one occasion that a particularly swarthy old Italian gave him better measure for his money and also larger and more perfect nuts than any other. Accordingly, being a thrifty man, even in small things, he resolved to deal with this fellow exclusively if possible.

The next day, however, as he descended the stairway of the elevated railway he missed the vender at his accustomed stand, and so purchased a pint of peanuts, which subsequently turned out to be a rather wormy lot, from another son of Italy. He had not got half way to Broadway when he came across the generous vender selling his wares as usual, but in a different place from the one he occupied the day before.

The newspaper man did not want two pints of peanuts, and in fact he had not then discovered the wormy condition of his recent purchase, nevertheless he made a mental note of the new stand of his chosen source of supply and passed along.

DODGING AROUND.

The next time he had occasion to go through Park row he entered it from Broadway. He looked about for his peanut vender, expecting to find him at the new stand, but he was not. "His honesty has bankrupted him," soliloquized the newspaper man. "It evidently pays better to remain in one spot and sell wormy nuts." So he purchased from another vender and got among his change a plugged Canadian dime, which a horsecar conductor subsequently returned to him with loudly expressed scorn.

This thing happened several times. The honest vender always shifted his position and his would-be customer always bought his nuts elsewhere. Finally it flashed into the mind of the newspaper man, whose brain was generally so busy with the big questions of the day, that the circumstances just described had hardly been noticed by him at all up to that time, that this honest vender was always in Park row, somewhere between the elevated road and Broadway, so he determined not to buy any nuts till he came up to him, wherever his chosen stand for the day might be.

Accordingly, the next day he passed several venders before he came to the shifting merchant, but was rewarded by a heaping measure of particularly fine nuts.

"Why don't you stay in one place?" asked the newspaper man. "I like to buy your nuts, and I would do so every day if I could find you without so much trouble. I really can't spare the time to keep thinking of you and a trifling pint of nuts all the way from the elevated road to Broadway. If I knew just where you were I need only think of you as I pass your stand, and my mind would do that mechanically without interrupting my other thoughts. See?"

"No unnerstando," said the Italian, with a bright smile.

THE SECRET OUT.

"I suppose not," said the other. "Why don't you get one stand and stay there like the other fellows?" he shouted, falling into the popular belief that people understand a foreign tongue when it is screamed at them more readily than when it is whispered.

The Italian shrugged his shoulders. "Tinka I get reglah customers?" he asked with a grin.

"Certainly," said the adviser. "Look at me, for instance."

"Why you reglah customer of me and not of other fellahs? Lika de good nut, eh?" and he showed his white teeth from ear to ear.

"Well, that's so," replied the newspaper man with a laugh. "I'd deal with you anyway, and you've found that out. I suppose you'll begin to treat me less generously by degrees, now that you think you've got me. But what makes you shift about so anyway? The others don't do it."

"The wind," said the peddler, and then he looked as if he had admitted too much, and would say no more. But the newspaper man's curiosity was aroused, and after dealing with the man for a week or two he won his confidence, and finally learned what the wind had to do with it.

"Well," said the Italian, still grinning, "I tell you. People dat lika de good nut reglah follow me; people dat lika nut once in while I follow dem. More of dose don de odder. Today wind blow from dat Dago vender up de street, who always stand in one place, to me, who shift about. Man come along very busy and pass his stand. Just as he go by he get strong smell of roasta peanut. He tink he like some, but no time to go back. 'Plenty other fellahs,' he say. Den he come to me and buy some. To-morra, praps, wind blowa de odder way. I go odder side of Dago dat always stand in one place, and I catcha de customahs dat he cause wanta de nuts. I maka de appetite, I maka de mon."—New York Tribune.

Japanese Lacquer.

The Japanese lacquer which attracts so much attention here on trays and ornaments imported from that mysterious land has an interesting history. It is extracted from a tree, like sugar from the maple, and these lacquer yielding trees reach a very large size. They only yield about forty years, when they are cut down, and the lacquer extracted from the branches, and young trees take their place. The varnish is proof against boiling water, alcohol and almost every agent known, while it takes a polish which is practically indestructible. It can be used for the most diverse purposes.—New York Telegram.

THE GREAT

SACRIFICE

— OF —

Clothing and Furnishing Goods

Still Goes On.

Further Reductions in all Departments.

Men's Blue Wool Underwear, 35 cents,

Suits at much less than Cost.

Overcoats, 50c. on the dollar.

In fact everything in our Stock at a great discount.

QUINCY ONE PRICE CLOTHING CO.,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

THE FOLLOWING LETTER EXPLAINS IT ALL:

Office of
Whitten, Burdett & Young,
3 Winthrop Square,
Boston, Jan. 12, 1891.

Quincy One Price Clothing Co.,
Quincy, Mass.:

In the adjustment of the affairs of Whitten, Burdett & Young, it is important that collections should be made at once. We must therefore ask you to send us $3000 within the next two weeks.

Charles H. Allen,
Jonathan A. Lane,
Assignees.

LOOK at these PRICES!

We have in stock what we advertise. Keep your eye on our Window. Display from week to week, and notice our prices and we will surprise you. You can positively do better with us than in Boston.

		Regular Price.	Our Price.
Mellin's Food,	Large Size,	$0.75	58c.
Mellin's Food,	Small Size,	.50	38c.
Ridge's Food,	Medium Size,	.65	40c.
Armour's Beef,	Large Size,	1.00	75c.
Armour's Beef,	Small Size,	.50	40c.
Fellow's Syrup,		1.50	96c.
Hood's Sarsaparilla,		1.00	75c.
Hydrobromates Caffeine,	For Headache,	1.00	75c.
Hunyadi Water,		.35	25c.
Morse's Dyspepsia Cure,		.50	38c.
Green's Nervura,		1.00	79c.
Cashmere Boquet Soap,		.25 to .35	21c.
Cuticura Soap,		.75 box,	50c.
"		.25	18c.
Pear's Unscented,		.20	15c.
2-qt. bottles Extract Hamamelis,			75c.
Florida Water,		.74	40c.
Wyeth's Malt,		$3.00 per dozen, delivered.	

Finest Stationery, regular 15 to 25 cents per quire, your choice for 10 cents. Envelopes to match, 10 cents per bunch. This is positively a great Bargain.

Toilet Soap, your choice for 5 cents a cake. Fine lot of bath Sponges.

OUR MOTTO.

"RELIABILITY."

DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

Adopts the Rules of the Council of 1890.

An Additional $10,000 Wanted for the New Willard.

The Order Ratifying the Mayor's Action Not Adopted Thus causing Delay.

Councilman Spear was the only absentee at the City Council meeting, Monday evening. The attendance of citizens was above the average, including several ex-Councilmen. Mayor Fairbanks and the following heads of departments were present: Commissioner Ewell, Treasurer Adams, Auditor Hall and others.

Upon motion of Councilman Sherman the reading of the records was suspended.

Councilman Fallon who was absent at the organization two weeks previous was then sworn in by City Clerk Spear.

The Willard Schoolhouse.

The following was received from Mayor Fairbanks:

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
QUINCY, Jan. 19, 1891.

James Thompson, Esq.,
Pres. of City Council:

A communication having been received from Messrs. Sturgis & Cabot, the architects upon the Willard schoolhouse, certifying that the neglect of the contractors, the Messrs. Cushing, to carry out the provisions of their contract with the city for building said schoolhouse, had been such as to furnish sufficient ground for the city to terminate their employment, take possession of the premises and employ other persons to finish the work, and provide materials therefor, acting under the advice of the City Solicitor I caused a written notice to be served on the said Cushings, notifying them that their employment would be terminated in three days after service of the notice. This notice was served January 13, 1891.

The premises are now in the possession of the city. It remains to take such steps as may be necessary and proper to complete the building.

The amount remaining in the treasury of the sum already appropriated for the purpose is $32,756.36.

About $10,000 more will be required to complete the work. Whatever sums may be received from the bondsmen will, of course, reduce the total cost of building to the city. I therefore recommend that an appropriation of not less than $10,000 be made by the City Council, and that the Treasurer be authorized to borrow the same upon the note of the city, payable in one year from July 1, 1891, and that the Commissioner of Public Works be requested to proceed forthwith and employ responsible persons to complete the building in accordance with the terms of the contract with said Cushings, the drawings and specifications therein referred to, having due regard to the rights of the bondsmen.

Respectfully,
H. O. FAIRBANKS, Mayor.

Councilman Moxon offered the following:

ORDERED,—That the City Council hereby ratifies the action of His Honor, the Mayor, in terminating the employment of the Messrs. Cushing, and that the Commissioner of Public Works is hereby requested to proceed forthwith and employ responsible persons to complete the Willard school building in accordance with the terms of the contract with the Messrs. Cushing, the drawings and specifications therein referred to, having due regard for the rights of the bondsmen.

This order, and one authorizing a loan of $10,000, were read and ordered to a second reading.

Claim of Thomas Devine.

Mayor Fairbanks forwarded the claim of Thomas Devine for damages to team caused by defective highway. Laid on table until committees are appointed.

Rent at Houghs Neck.

The Mayor forwarded the claim of the estate of Relief Whicher for rent of land at Houghs Neck for Chemical Engine house. Laid on table.

Commissioner Appointed.

Mayor Fairbanks notified the Council of the nomination of W. Walter Ewell, as Commissioner of Public Works. Placed on file.

List of Jurors.

A list of jurors for 1891 was submitted. Read by the clerk and action deferred two weeks.

Auditor's Statement.

Auditor Hall submitted his monthly statement for Dec. 31, 1890. President Thompson requested the Auditor to read the same, but Councilman Sherman objected, and the Council thought it not necessary.

The Treasurer's statement was also received and laid on the table.

A Bill for $106.50.

The Mayor forwarded the claim of Michael McGovern for use of derrick on Common street. Laid on table.

1000 Reports.

An order of Councilman Duffield appropriating $700 to pay for the printing of 1000 reports, was ordered to a second reading.

Petitions.

Applications of A. P. Rousse for a common victualler's license, and E. F. Thayer for State Aid, were laid on the table.

Manager of Woodward Fund.

Upon motion of Councilman Jones, a ballot was taken for one Manager of the Woodward Fund, resulting in the unanimous re-election of George L. Gill.

City Messenger Re-elected.

The Council proceeded upon motion of Councilman Warner to elect a City Messenger, and Harry W. Tirrell was unanimously re-elected.

Auditor Re-elected.

Upon motion of Councilman Sherman the Council proceeded to the election of a City Auditor and John O. Hall was unanimously re-elected.

In Anticipation of Taxes.

The order authorizing the City Treasurer to borrow $60,000 in anticipation of taxes came up for its final reading.

Councilman Bryant believed it should be amended to read "as needed," arguing that it would now be imperative to borrow the whole amount.

The Council did not so interpret the order and it was passed to be ordained, 18 to 1.

Rules of the Council.

Councilman Newcomb's motion to take from the table his order for the adoption of the Rules of 1890 prevailed and the question then came upon their adoption.

Councilman Sherman moved to amend rule two, which required the records of the preceding meeting to be read, making it necessary only when requested by a Councilman. He said the rule had been suspended thirty-nine cases out of forty last year.

Councilmen Jones, Newcomb and Moxon objected but the amendment prevailed, 10 to 8.

Councilman Sherman then moved that the Committee on streets consist of three members instead of five. Personally he did not believe in committees, but if we must have them, make them small.

Councilman Fallon believed each ward should be represented on the street committee.

Councilman Jones and Little also opposed and the amendment was lost.

Councilman Sherman's next amendment was to make the President of the Council, chairman of the Finance Committee.

This met with opposition from Councilman Jones and was lost.

Councilman Powers believed committees should not be given four weeks in which to report.

Councilman Jones favored, and Councilman Warner did not think it made much difference as committees generally took about as long as they wished.

No change was made.

Business for Committees.

Councilman Newcomb moved that all business laid over by the last Council be referred to appropriate committees, when appointed. Voted.

Councilman Jones moved that the business laid on the table this evening be taken therefrom and referred to appropriate committees, when appointed. Voted.

Washington Street.

Councilman Duffield moved that the attention of the Commissioner of Public Works be called to the condition of Washington street between Tisdale's stable and Mr. Dunn's residence. Voted.

Adjourned at 9.20 for one week.

The Wollaston Musicale.

The regular meeting of the Wollaston Young People's Musicale Society was held on Monday evening at the residence of Dr. George B. Rice. Fifty-seven members and twenty guests were present. The programme was devoted wholly to English music:

Programme.

"English Music and Composers,"
Miss Harriet W. Lincoln

1. Prelude, March, Romance and Menuet from Suite, Berthold Tours
Misses F. G. Olney and Lizzie E. Jones.
2. "Let me dream again," Sir Arthur S. Sullivan, 1842
Dr. George B. Rice.
3. Quartet—"O hush thee, my babie," Sullivan
Misses Etta Key and Lizzie Jones.
Messrs. H. Battison and C. P. Hutchins.
4. Quartets—
a. "Star that shines so fair," Sir Henry Smart, 1813-1879
b. "A wife's song," Joseph Barnby, 1838
Miss Nan L. Jones, Mrs. N. G. Nickerson.
Mr. F. H. Sprague, Dr. A. J. Colgan
5. "O that we two were maying," John Hullah, 1812
Mrs. Geo. B. Rice.
6. Quartet—"Where has the summer fled?" Henry Hiles
Misses H. W. Lincoln, Lona T. McKay.
Locia Haynes, and Leila Pinkham.
7. "A song of morning," Cowen
Miss Mabel Shaw.
8. "Melody," Cowen
Miss Florence G. Olney.
9. Quartet—"Rise, fair goddess," Smart
Misses Lottie Swift and Lizzie Jones.
Messrs. J. F. Emery and J. G. Swift.
10. "In the chimney corner," Cowen
Mrs. F. E. Wilson.
11. "My love has gone a-sailing," Molloy
Mrs. Rice.
12. Toccata, Op. 38, Sir Wm. Sterndale Bennett, 1816-1875
Miss Mary D. Chandler.
13. Quartet—"Old May-day," Sir Julius Benedict, 1804
Miss Nan Jones, Mrs. Nickerson.
Mr. Sprague, Dr. Colgan.

Next meeting, Feb. 2d, at house of Mr. F. H. Bishop.

Installation.

In spite of the snow and rain there was a good audience at G. A. R. hall Saturday evening, to witness the installation of the officers of Excelsior Commandery No. 75, Order of the Golden Grail, by the Imperial Commander W. P. Edwards, assisted by Imperial keeper of wards F. E. Stedman. After the installation ceremony these two officers explained to the satisfaction of all present, how the order pays its members on the present increase of membership. $100 for $75 without any interest on the money invested nor any lapses; and should they consider these two sources of profit, they can pay for much less. The order paid to its members last month $150,000, at a cost of $51 each.

O. S. S. G.

FIFTH ANNIVERSARY

— OF —

Granite Lodge, No. 193,

Order Sons of St. George, Quincy.

GRAND

Entertainment

AND DANCE

—AT—

FAXON HALL,

WEDNESDAY EVENING,

JAN. 21st, 1891.

To commence with an address of welcome by John T. Pearce, W. P.

Vocal music by the following well-known gentlemen: Louis G. Griffiths, R. E. Chapple, D. Williams, John Lillicrap, J. Symonds. Recitation by Miss Mabel Oxford. Following with a Carnival of Fun by PROF. CLARE, the Great American Illusionist, with his Immense and Brilliant Cabinet of Wonders. Extraordinary feats of Ledgerdemain. BLACK ART as performed by Prof. Kellar at the Boston Museum.

DANCING TO WILSON'S ORCHESTRA.

Grand March to commence at 9.30.

Floor Director,—S. T. Rex. Aids.—Fred Barnicoat, John Lawry and H. Barnicoat.

A responsible person will take charge of Clothing.

Admission to Entertainment and Supper, 50 Cents. Dancing 50 Cents.

Doors open at 7 P. M. Commence at 7.30.

Quincy, Jan. 17. 4t

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive a Gold Watch or Easy Chair.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period will be presented with a gold watch now on exhibition at T. L. Williams' jewelry store which cost over $50. A second prize is also offered to be given to the one standing second on the list, and will be a richly upholstered easy chair valued at $25.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

NO LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

—BY—

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

THE BLUE AND THE GRAY.

Confederate Veterans Pay Tribute to the Memory of Their Opponents' Leader.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—The first annual dinner of the Confederate Veteran Camp was held last night at the New York hotel. Col. Charles Marshall, a member of Gen. Lee's staff, made the speech of the evening. In responding to the toast, "In Memory of Gen. Lee," he touched upon the final surrender of Lee to Gen. Grant, and in concluding said: "There is nothing in the whole war more magnanimous than the conduct of Gen. U. S. Grant at the final surrender of the Confederate army. Whenever I think of Gen. Lee I think of his great opponent, Gen. Grant."

These words were received with cheer after cheer, and shouts of "Let us build his monument!" Thomas A. Young sprang to a table and said he wished to pledge the energy of every member of the western camp to complete the monument of Gen. Grant. His sentiment was loudly applauded. The entire body then rose and in silence drank to the memory of this great general of the north. Miss Winnie Davis, who graced the banquet with her presence, was enthusiastically received on entering the banquet hall.

DEFAULTER WILLIS' SENTENCE.

He Will Spend Seven Years of His Life in the State Prison at Charlestown.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Jan. 20.—Charles H. Willis, the defaulting treasurer of the Stockbridge Savings bank, was brought before Judge Barker in the superior court and arraigned on three indictments, charging embezzlement. His counsel, Hon. John C. Crosby, waived the reading of the indictments and Willis pleaded guilty to all. One charged $5000, one $4000, and a third $3000. District Attorney Hibbard stated the facts of the case and that the amount of defalcation would probably reach $25,000, and said it was his duty to ask for sentence on two indictments. Willis' lawyers argued various circumstances for a mild sentence. Judge Barker said the fact that Willis had made all possible restitution and shown repentance would be considered, and sentenced him to four years on one and three on the other indictment, in the state prison at Charlestown.

GUILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER.

Jeremiah Sullivan Sentenced to Ten Years in Prison for Killing His Wife.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 20.—The trial of Jeremiah Sullivan for the murder of his wife, Ellen, began in the court of common pleas, Judges Tillinghast and Wilbur on the bench. Mrs. Sullivan was found dead on the floor at home, corner of West Exchange and Dale streets, early in the evening of Friday, Nov. 21 last, and in another room was her husband drunk and surly. From a heavy fall the neighbors heard it was supposed Sullivan killed his wife by felling her to the floor. By arrangements between defendant's counsel, George J. Webb, and Attorney General Slocum, the prisoner was allowed to plead guilty of manslaughter. Sullivan was sentenced to ten years in prison.

Heavy Land Damages Awarded.

BOSTON, Jan. 20.—In the superior court a verdict of $222,182.79 was returned for plaintiff in the case of the Boston and Roxbury Mill corporation vs. city of Boston, which was a petition for the assessment by a jury of the damages occasioned by the taking of 176,750 feet of land belonging to the plaintiff, for the purpose of widening Commonwealth avenue between Beacon and Malvern streets, under an order of the board of street commissioners passed Dec. 8, 1887, in which the damages for taking the land were assessed at $70,000.

Took a Snowbank for His Couch.

SHARON, Mass., Jan 20.—John Doyle of this town, while under the influence of liquor, wandered away to Stoughton, and coming near a house, thought he had reached home, undressed himself out of doors and laid down to sleep. He was discovered and taken to his home and a physician called, but his hands and feet are so badly frozen that they will have to be amputated.

In Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—In the senate, members of both parties sympathized with Mr. Blair. An agreement with the Crow Indians was received from the president. Mr. George argued against the election bill for five hours.

In the house the journal of Saturday was approved after an acrimonious debate. The bill for the relief of Sarah E. Perine was passed.

Reward to Be Divided.

BOSTON, Jan. 20.—The reward of $3000 for the arrest of Kimball, the Worcester defaulter, will be divided between the New York detective, named Rogers, who made the arrest, and the Boston man, named Shea, who gave the information upon which Kimball was captured by the detective. Rogers will get $1600 and Shea $1400

A CRISIS AT HAND.

Connecticut Democrats Warned by Governor Bulkeley.

THEY MUST NOT TAKE OFFICES

For Which They Have Not Been Duly Qualified—Citizens Commanded to Refuse to Recognize Their Authority. Nominations for the United States Senate in Many States.

HARTFORD, Jan. 20.—Following is the full text of Governor Bulkeley's proclamation issued yesterday afternoon:

State of Connecticut. By His Excellency Morton G. Bulkeley, governor:

A PROCLAMATION.

It having come to my knowledge that certain persons, without authority of law, have combined to demand, take and hold the chief executive offices of this state and to perform the functions thereof, claiming possession of said offices under a canvass and declaration of the senate of this state, while the canvass of votes therefor is under consideration by the general assembly for the purpose of ascertaining if any persons have been legally elected to succeed the present incumbents, and such claims, demands and attempts to take and hold said offices being unauthorized, illegal and prejudicial to the good order and peace of the state and tending to confusion in the administration of its government; therefore, by authority vested in me by the constitution to maintain the laws enacted in pursuance thereof, I do hereby command all such persons to desist from their unlawful acts and from interfering with any of such executive offices, and all citizens of this state not to recognize any acts of such pretended officers, and not to aid or abet them in their unlawful acts; and I further give notice that, in the absence of any constitutional finding and declaration by the general assembly of the legally chosen executive officers of the state, any and every such attempt to enter upon or perform the duties of said offices by any person or persons will be resisted by all the authority vested in me under the constitution and laws of this state.

Given under my hand and seal at the capitol in Hartford this nineteenth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, and the independence of the United States the one hundred and fourteenth.

MORGAN G. BULKELEY.

By His Excellency's command,

R. JAY WALSH, Secretary of State.

Both houses of the Connecticut general assembly meet to-day, and the crisis developed by the senate last week in inaugurating the state officers is likely to come to a head then. Governor Bulkeley's proclamation warns the persons who have taken office in advance of being declared elected by the general assembly to refrain from acting. Should any of them undertake to assume office, it is likely that force will be used to prevent. The senate is Democratic, and if an attempt is made there to oust Mr. Alsop, whom it has declared lieutenant governor, a scene may result. It is intimated that Mr. Alsop may purposely be absent, leaving the senate's president pro tem. to occupy the chair.

The house committee appointed to investigate the vote for state officers will probably report that it has not yet finished its work. At noon each house voted for United States senator. The senate has ten Democratic majority, and the house, as it stands, has fourteen Republican majority. The Republicans unanimously renominated O. H. Platt some time ago.

The Democratic caucus met last night, but voted to make no nomination for senator until to-night. This gives rise to rumors of an attempt at a trade against Mr. Platt, but the members refuse to talk, except that they agreed to vote as they chose in the house.

In the house, should the contested election committee report in favor of seating Mr. Chichester of Wilton, the Republican who had the most votes but was not declared elected because of "for" on the ballots, and should the house seat him the Republican majority will be 16 instead of 14.

NEW YORK'S SENATORSHIP.

Democrats Nominate Governor Hill and the Republicans Senator Evarts.

ALBANY, Jan. 20.—The Democratic joint caucus nominated Governor Hill for United States senator to succeed Senator Evarts. He was nominated by Speaker William F. Sheehan, who said the Democratic party proposes to signalize the great victory of November last by nominating for senator in congress a leader of genius and courage, a statesman of breadth and capacity, a man who more than any other contributed to Democratic supremacy. Mr. Sheehan made a thirty-five minute speech, during which, whenever Governor Hill's name was spoken, there were thunders of applause, and the house rang with plaudits when the speech was finished. Senator Cantor and several other senators and representatives seconded the nomination, all speaking in high eulogy of the candidate. Some of the speakers gave assurance that Governor Hill would accept and one applauded his presidential aspirations. Mr. Sheehan moved the nomination by acclamation, and the result was hailed with applause. The caucus then adjourned.

ALBANY, Jan. 20.—The Republican caucus renominated William M. Evarts for United States senator.

The North Dakota Contest.

BISMARCK, N. D., Jan. 20.—This afternoon the balloting will be begun for United States senator. There are 24 Democrats, 6 Independents and 63 Republicans in the legislature. The Democrats have caucused and agreed to support ex-Secretary M. L. McCormack. The fight of the field on the Republican side against the re-election of Gilbert A. Pierce has been so determined that all efforts to hold a Republican caucus thus far have failed. It is probable that the majority of Democrats, after casting a complimentary ballot for McCormack, will vote for a low tariff Republican.

Dr. Gallinger's Opponent.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 20.—The two houses of the legislature will to-day vote separately for a United States senator, as required by the national law. At the Democratic caucus, Hon. Harry Bingham positively declined to be considered a candidate for another nomination. The caucus then unanimously nominated for senator Hon. Charles A. Sinclair of Portsmouth, now a re-elected member of the state senate.

Moody Wins in South Dakota.

PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 20.—The Republican caucus nominated Moody for the United States senatorship in South Dakota. Fifteen members were absent from the caucus. The Independents decided not to make any caucus nomination. There is increasing talk of a dark horse with Mellette the favorite.

Hovey in Ohio.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 20.—The Republican senatorial caucus was brief but exciting. On the first ballot Governor Hovey received the nomination by a majority of three over Charles W. Fairbanks, who received seventeen votes.

Chauncey Black.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 20.—The Democratic members of the legislature in caucus nominated ex-Lieutenant Governor Chauncey F. Black for United States senator.

Colorado's Choice.

DENVER, Jan. 20.—Henry L. Teller was unanimously nominated for United States senator by the Republican caucus.

PROVIDENCE STILL SUFFERS.

Plenty of Work in Repairing Prostrate Wires and Broken Poles.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 20.—Telegraph, telephone and other wire service continues to suffer from the storm. The men who, since the storm began its ravages, have been hard at work repairing the mischief, find their labors by no means completed, but in many cases increased. At the telephone headquarters it was found that from 90 to 100 wires were prostrate, throwing out about 250 subscribers. Some half dozen poles were broken. Twenty men have been working hard, and Superintendent White thinks that everything will be in working order by to-night. The Long Distance Telephone is suffering severely, its New York wires being completely gone. The force of the storm broke off eighty-one poles beyond Cranston and a large number inside the city. These poles are of cedar and very tall, so that they break off comparatively easy, much easier than those of the Providence Telephone Company, which are of chestnut and shorter. The fire alarm system is still more or less impaired, but Superintendent Cloudman and his men are making rapid headway in their work.

DANGEROUS STUFF TO FOOL WITH.

Five Scientists Have Died After Experimenting with Glanders Baccilus.

BERLIN, Jan. 20.—Further details have been learned of Professors Koch's experiments with his lymph. They show that many thousands of guinea pigs which have been inoculated have been cremated after the work of vivisiction had been completed. The bodies of the animals are burned in a huge furnace situated in the Hygienic institute. The researches which are being carried on with the new remedy are attended with considerable danger. It is reported that five scientists died after testing the glanders baccilus and that three medical men who were working on the cholera microbe subsequently suffered from a violent attack of the disease. It is explained that Professor Koch and his assistants owe their immunity from sickness to the unceasing precautions which they take while pursuing their experiments.

TRAIN WRECKED BY ROBBERS.

Many Thousands of Dollars in Cash and Valuables Secured by Masked Men.

BROWNSVILLE, Tex., Jan. 20.—The train on the Rio Grande railroad between here and Point Isabel was wrecked and robbed by fifteen masked men. They placed obstructions on the track, derailed the train, held up the passengers and got away with about $20,000 in Mexican money which was en route for shipment at Brazos by the steamboat Morgan to New Orleans. The ship's mail was also taken and passengers robbed of money and valuables. A brakeman was badly injured in the wreck. The sheriff and a posse are out scouring the country for the robbers, who are doubtless safe in Mexico.

New Ocean Line Contemplated.

MONTREAL, Jan. 20. — President Van Horne and Vice President Shaughnessy of the Canadian Pacific railway have returned here from a trip from St. John, N. B. It is understood that the company is considering the advisability of establishing a line of fast foreign steamers between St. John and Liverpool, and, if satisfactory accommodations can be arranged for, the steamers will be put on to carry through freight from China and the west to the English markets.

A New Sort of Swindle.

BOSTON, Jan. 20.—Jewelers test watches by pouring acid on a certain part of the rim of the back cover of the timepiece. A clever swindler, knowing this, got some cheap, gold plated watches and cleverly inserted a piece of solid gold in the particular part of the rims of the watches where the tests are applied. Thus he was able to pawn the watches for three times their actual value. He disposed of about twenty of those watches in the North End.

Goes to the "Nursery."

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 20. — The supreme court has decided in the case of John B. Cady, executor, against the Rhode Island Children's Hospital and Nursery, et al., that the $500 bequeathed "to the children's nursery (so-called) in said Providence, to and for its benefits" by the will of Maria L. H. Cady, was intended to go to the Rhode Island Children's Hospital and Nursery, and not to St. Mary's Orphanage.

Lee Day in Virginia.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 20.—Yesterday, the first public observance of Gen. R. E. Lee's birthday, made a legal holiday by the last legislature, was celebrated by the principal cities throughout the commonwealth. State and municipal offices and banks were all closed and business was quite generally suspended. The observance consisted generally of military parades and meetings.

Emperor William Ailing.

BERLIN, Jan. 20.—A banquet was given at the imperial palace in honor of the officers who were recently decorated. The reception usually held on such occasions was omitted on the advice of Emperor William's physicians, who cautioned the emperor against using his voice any more than was absolutely necessary, owing to an affection of the throat from which he is suffering.

Forty-Nine Little Ones Injured.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—While a large number of children were playing in a school ground at Nantwich an infuriated cow charged upon them, tossing some in the air and trampling others under its hoofs. Forty-nine children received more or less serious injuries.

The Lottery Squabble.

BATON ROUGE, La., Jan. 20.—Judge Buckner has declined to grant a mandamus to compel the secretary of state to promulgate the lottery amendments passed by the last session of the legislature. The case now goes to the state supreme court.

BOYS

OF QUINCY.

ATTENTION!

WILLIAMS,

THE

JEWELER,

Will give a Fine Silver Waltham Watch to the boy bringing the greatest number of LEDGER COUPONS to his store before March 1st.

This Watch is

No Waterbury Humbug;

It is one of the Genuine

American Waltham Watch Co.'s

Make, and is Warranted to give perfect satisfaction. It is now on exhibition in his Show Window, and may be inspected by anyone.

Now Boys, get a gait on you, and hustle for it!

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another instalment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list includes all whose surname begins with "Sp."

WARD ONE.

To Whom Taxed.	Value.	Tax.
Spear, Mrs. Abigail B. House on Granite street,	$2,000	
House on Granite street,	900	
Land, 12,540 feet,	1,000	$53 04
Spear, Charles A., heirs of. Salt marsh, 4 acres,	300	4 08
Spear, Christopher A. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	250	
House on Newcomb street,	2,300	
Land, 12,267 feet,	850	
House on Newcomb street,	1,600	
Land, 14,300 feet,	850	
Land on Adams street, 8,490 feet,	850	93 12
Spear, Francis A. Stable on Thayer street,	400	7 44
Spear, George W., heirs of. House on Thayer street,	2,000	
Land, 33,653 feet,	2,400	63 92
Spear, Horace B. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	15,000	
Vessels,	800	
House on Adams street,	6,500	
Land, 39,192 feet,	4,700	369 20
Spear, Horace F. Bicycle,	75	3 02
Spear, Joseph G. Bicycle,	50	2 08
Spear, Judith. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	9,000	
House on Savil place,	2,000	
Land, 5,130 feet,	1,200	165 92
Spear, Samuel H. Stock in trade,	1,000	15 60
Spear, Seth, estate of. House on Spear street,	3,000	
Stable,	500	
Land, 23,740 feet,	2,400	
Land on Spear street, 23,300 feet,	2,300	111 52
Spillane, Cornelius. House on Field street,	700	
House on Field street,	600	
Land, 12,750 feet,	600	27 84
Sproul, Arthur E. Bicycle,	75	3 02

WARD TWO.

Spear, Mrs. Caroline A. House on Washington street,	2,500	
Stable,	500	
Land, 11,100 feet,	975	54 06
Spear, Samuel H. House off Mill street,	600	
Land, 25,340 feet,	550	15 64

WARD THREE.

Spargo, William T. Stock in trade,	1,200	
Derrick,	100	
Building on Liberty street,	250	
Land, 14,000 feet,	800	33 96
Spear, Charles H. Stock in trade,	3,000	
Six horses,	700	
House off Franklin street,	1,400	
House on Franklin street,	2,500	
House off Franklin street,	2,000	
Barn,	400	
Stable and sheds,	700	
Land, 79,100 feet,	7,900	
Ice-house,	2,500	
Land, 34,416 feet,	1,000	
House off Franklin street,	2,500	
Ice pond site, 3 acres,	600	344 72
Spear, Edward A. Horse and cow,	150	
House on Pearl street,	1,800	
Barn,	300	
Land, 17,390 feet,	1,000	46 20
Spear, Horace E. Bicycle,	75	1 02
Spear, Mary A. House on Quincy street,	1,600	
Land, one-fourth acre,	700	31 28

WARD FOUR.

Spear, Susannah, heirs of. Woodland, 4 1-2 acres,	100	1 36

WARD FIVE.

Sparrow, Josiah. House on Safford street,	2,000	
Land, 5,000 feet,	300	
House on Winthrop avenue,	2,300	
Land, 22,500 feet,	1,800	89 04
Sparrow, Marcena R. Three cows,	150	
House on Prospect avenue,	1,700	
Land, 11,250 feet,	800	38 04
Sprague, A. W. Land in section 2, 7,915 feet,	150	4 04
Sprague, Ellen A. House on Central avenue,	2,600	
Barn,	400	
Land, one-half acre,	900	
Tillage, one-half acre,	300	
Land in section 2, 23,400 feet,	200	59 84
Sprague, Frank H. Land in section 2, 11,250 feet,	600	10 16

WARD SIX.

. . . . . .

JOB PRINTING

At the Patriot Office.

BLE PROPERTY.

e list of taxable property of the city, a certain
lished in each issue, so that the total of a
ls may be computed by interested parties.
f the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60.
ins with "Sp."

D ONE.

	Value.	Tax.
e street,	$2,000	
	900	
	1,000	$53 04
4 acres,	300	4 08
onds and income,	250	
	2,300	
	850	
	1,600	
	850	
	850	93 12
et,	400	7 44
hayer street,	2,000	
	2,400	63 92
and income,	15,000	
	800	
	6,500	
	4,700	369 20
	75	3 02
	50	2 68
d income,	9,000	
	2,000	
	1,200	165 92
	1,000	15 60
street,	3,000	
	500	
	2,400	
	2,300	111 52
et,	700	
	600	
	600	27 84
	75	3 02

D TWO.

hington street,	2,500	
	500	
	975	54 06
	600	
	550	15 64

THREE.

	1,200	
	100	
	250	
	800	33 96
	3,000	
	700	
	1,400	
	2,500	
	2,000	
	400	
	700	
	7,900	
	2,500	
	1,000	
	2,500	
	600	344 72
	150	
	1,800	
	300	
	1,000	46 20
	75	1 02
reet,	1,600	
	700	31 28

D FOUR.

d, 4 1-2 acres,	100	1 36

RD FIVE.

street,	2,000	
	300	
	2,300	
	1,800	89 04
	150	
	1,700	
	800	38 04
,915 feet,	150	4 04
avenue,	2,600	
	400	
	900	
	300	
	200	59 84
2, 11,250 feet,	600	10 16

RD SIX.

PRINTING

atriot Office.

NEW BAKERY

JUST OPENED,

—IN—

Adams Building, cor. Temple and Hancock Sts.

The public are informed that I have opened a Bakery in the Adams Building, where will be kept a full line of

Bread, Cake, Pastry.

TRY OUR ANGEL CAKE.

Plain and Fancy Crackers. All kinds of Confectionery.

HOT BREAD AND ROLLS EVERY AFTERNOON.

WEDDING CAKE A SPECIALTY.

W. A. HODGES,

PROPRIETOR.

Jan. 17. 2w

TWO BIG BARGAINS.

Men's "All-wool" Scarlet SHIRTS AND DRAWERS REDUCED FROM **$1.00 to 75 cts.**

Children's "All-wool" VESTS AND PANTS, Sizes from 20 to 32, Any Size at Only 59 cents.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.,

ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our

Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel.

PRATT & CURTIS,

25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

BEST IN THE MARKET!

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, July 9. tf

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Nov. 10. tf

TRADESMAN:
THIS NEWSPAPER
CIRCULATES IN THE HOMES
OF PEOPLE BUYING THE
KIND OF GOODS YOU MAY
HAVE TO SELL.
MORAL:
INVITE THEM TO YOUR STORE

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 20.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1637—John Wheelwright preached the famous sermon which finally occasions his expulsion from the Colony.

1870—House struck by lightning at Atlantic.

World Wide.

JOHN HOWARD.

1612—Death of Rudolph II; born 1552.

1706—Birth of Frederick, prince of Wales; died 1751.

1716—Birth of Jean Jacques Barthelemy (author of "Young Anacharsis"); died 1795.

1732—Birth of Richard Henry Lee, American statesman; died 1794.

1734—Birth of Robert Morris, American financier; died 1806.

1745—Death of Emperor Charles VII; born 1697.

1790—Death of John Howard, philanthropist; born 1726.

1807—Birth of Nathaniel P. Willis, American author and journalist; died 1867.

1814—Birth of David Wilmot, statesman and author of "Wilmot's Proviso."

1841—Hong Kong ceded to Great Britain by the Chinese authorities, and $6,000,000 agreed to be paid as an indemnity to England.

1873—Cost of the Franco-Prussian war announced as £395,400,000.

1875—Death of Jean Francois Millet at Barbison, France; celebrated artist; aged 60.

Collectors Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The senate confirmed the nominations of J. W. Palmer to the collector of customs, district of Bangor, Me., and E. H. Bryant to be collector at Machias, Me.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Forecast for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont: Light local snows; slightly warmer; northerly winds, shifting to westerly.

For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Fair; winds shifting to westerly; slightly warmer.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Latest Quotations of the New York and Boston Stock Markets—Jan. 19.

The New York stock quotations showed an active market with early strength, later reaction and a rally in the latter part of the afternoon. In Boston, apart from New England, the trading was quiet.

The New York Market.

Atchison	30	Nor. Pac. pref	71⅞
Central Pacific	36⅝	Oregon Trans	
Chi & Northwest	107⅛	Oregon Navi	78
Del Lack & West	138⅝	Pacific Mail	34⅝
Del & Hudson	134¼	Reading	33½
Illinois Central	101⅞	Texas Pacific	15⅝
Lake Shore	107¾	Union Pacific	45½
Missouri Pacific	66½	Wabash St. L. & P.	10¼
N. J. Central	114	do pref	20⅝
N. Y. Central	102½	Wheel & Lake Erie	72
Northern Pacific	28⅝	Western Union	80

The Boston Market.

Aspinwall Land		Fitchburg pref	85
Fremn's Bay Land	6¾	Flint & Pere Mar	33
Newport Land	2⅞	Maine Central	140
West End Land	23	Mexican Central	24
Atchison	30	N Y & N E	38¾
Atlantic & Pacific		do pref	116
Boston & Lowell		Old Colony	168
Boston & Maine	204	Union Pacific	45⅝
Boston & Prov		Wisconsin Central	21½
Chicago, B & Q	91⅜	American Bell Tel	206½
Central Mass	2⅝	Mexican	80
do pref	40¾	Erie Tel	48⅜
Eastern		New England Tel	52

The Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—FLOUR—Heavy; city mills $5 10 to 5 25; city mills patents $5 10 to 5 65; winter wheat, low grades, $3 45 to 3 90; do fair to fancy $3 90 to 5 00; do patents $4 40 to 5 40; Minnesota clear $4 10 to 4 85; do straights $4 35 to 5 10

It Pays, That's Why.

The advertiser in a small way often stands aghast at the large sums of money which certain masters of the art are known to spend annually in bringing their goods before the public. Having had experience only within his own narrow circle he asks in a bewildered way how it is possible that they can make it pay. He takes pencil and paper and begins to figure it out. Supposing their profits on a single sale to be so much, he determines how many sales they would have to make to cover their entire advertising expenditure. About the time he reaches this result he gives up in despair and falls back upon the old but safe conclusion that these princes of advertising are conducting their business for the purpose of making money, and that if they did not find their advertising paid they would not continue it.—Exchange.

A Common Sense Opinion.

The newspaper without any advertisements, which Mrs. Julia Ward Howe wants to see, might suit the tastes of some people, but it would be without a very interesting feature. The idea that the advertisements in a newspaper only please the counting room unfortunately obtains in some quarters, but to the great mass of the people they are not only interesting but useful and instructive reading. They are the shoppers' constant companion, the business man's guide and everybody's instructor. A newspaper without advertising columns would fail to accomplish its mission. Besides, it would be about as poor as Job's turkey.—Boston Herald.

The German government will not take hold of the manufacture of lymph for Dr. Koch, and so he will continue to make it himself in his laboratory. He will only furnish it to hospitals in America hereafter, because he says there are so many failures with it in private practice.

The course of legislation in Minnesota and Nebraska will be watched with interest the rest of this winter. In these two states the Farmers' Alliance has control of the legislatures. We shall see now what they can do.

NEW COMPLICATIONS

Now Confront the Military Officers at Pine Ridge.

INDIANS SHOT FROM AMBUSH.

They Were Friendlies, and One Was a Relative of a Powerful Chief—Hostiles Stirred Up Over the Matter.

PINE RIDGE AGENCY, S. D., Jan. 20.—When the treacherous whites in Bear Butte county wantonly murdered old Few Tails last week and wounded his squaw, they committed an outrage that came near ruining Gen. Miles' plans and stampeding the 5000 hostiles who are in camp here. Few Tails was a relative of Young-Man-Afraid-of-His-Horses, the only hereditary chief of the great Sioux nation, and the most powerful leader among his people.

Young-Man-Afraid-of-His-Horses discreetly went to the Crow country when he saw how things were going on here on the reservation last summer, and it was only by the urgent pleas of the military that he returned with his band to quell the uprising which was beginning to spread after the wounded Knee battle.

The chief came with a strong escort of cavalry. He was accompanied by three of his best lieutenants. He had not been here thirty hours before he withdrew the hostiles from the warpath and brought them simultaneously under the guns of the military.

While he was performing this splendid work some white scoundrels ambushed six members of his band who were on their way to Pine Ridge from Eagle Hunt in Bear Butte county. The party consisted of six bucks, two squaws, twelve ponies and two wagons. They carried with them a pass from Gen. Brooke and assurances from Capt. Taylor that they were peaceable. Not a member of the little band was painted, and they carried no ammunition or guns.

Early on the morning of the 11th they started on their journey southward. They had gone but a short distance when they were fired upon from ambush. Few Tails fell dead. His squaw was shot in the leg and breast, and probably fatally hurt.

The squaw managed to crawl to the bushes, where she hid for the day, before setting out on her painful tramp to Pine Ridge, 100 miles away. The rest of the Indians abandoned the other wagon and fled.

On the day of the murder two young men by the name of Culberison called at the camp of Col. Merriam of the Seventh infantry and admitted that they had killed the Indians, but claimed that the band had been caught stealing horses. Col. Merriam, in his report to Gen. Miles, says that this story is untrue, and requests that the governor of South Dakota be advised of the outrage, so that the murderers may be punished.

When Few Tails' squaw reached here yesterday she began to rave about the murder of Few Tails. The Indians who were nursing the other wounded Sioux quickly spread the report that a relative of the great Young-Man-Afraid-of-His-Horses was killed by the whites. Almost instantly there was a commotion in the hostile camp.

Scouts reported the situation to Gen. Miles, who immediately sent runners after Young Man. When that chief appeared at headquarters and learned of the ingratitude of the whites for the heroic work he had been doing in their behalf, he scowled, and for a few moments refused to be pacified.

Meantime the hostiles were saddling up their horses on the sides of the buttes and heading their cattle. It took all the diplomacy at the command of Gen. Miles and his staff to win back the good will of the great chief. Finally, Young-Man-Afraid walked away, apparently satisfied that the army, at least, was not responsible for the assassination.

The assassination has, however, left a deeper scare than that inflicted on the northern Sioux by the Big Foot battle.

The situation has now become so complicated that the quartermaster has ordered twenty days' additional rations, and the troops that were expected to come to the agency for a grand review have been ordered to remain in camp. This order for rations is as heavy as any that has been issued since the war began.

Few Tails was not only a relative of Young-Man-Afraid-of-His-Horses, but one of the most powerful sub-chiefs at the Pine Ridge. Big Road said that the cowboys had slaughtered the little band, and that the squaw of Few Tails was the only survivor.

There was a big uproar in the hostile camp last night, the particulars of which are not yet definitely known. It was reported that one of the dare devil Brules attempted to start a ghost dance, and, refusing to stop the demonstration, was clubbed to death by Two Strike. Friendly Indians admit that Two Strike killed a man. One of Capt. Taylor's Sioux scouts was in the camp, when he was set upon by a Brule who tried to shoot him.

Cheyennes Shifted.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Authority has been granted to Gen. Miles to transfer temporarily, as a military measure, the northern Cheyenne band of 500 from Pine Ridge to Fort Keogh, Mont. This authority is granted by the secretary of war, with the concurrence of the secretary of the interior. This has been thought to be necessary by Gen. Miles for the protection of the Cheyennes, who have been serving as scouts against the hostile Sioux.

Favorable to the Grand Trunk.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—George M. Pogue and Henry B. Stone, who were appointed to arbitrate the question of what differential the Grand Trunk railway should be allowed on dressed beef shipments from Chicago to New England seaboard points, by way of Montreal, have decided that the Grand Trunk is entitled to a differential of 2 1-2 cents per 100 pounds by its Canada route. This is considered a victory for the Grand Trunk.

The Scheme Didn't Pay.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—Evanston's Co-operative Housekeeping association, formed on the lines laid down by Edward Bellamy, has made an assignment in the county court. The assets are $4000, and the liabilities $4900.

Got Out Minus Their Wraps.

JERSEY CITY, Jan. 20.—The Hoboken skating rink was burned last night by a gasoline lamp exploding, and many lady skaters had difficulty in escaping from the burning building. Most of them lost their wraps.

THE DEAD HISTORIAN.

Funeral Services This Morning — Action of President Harrison—Message of the Emperor of Germany.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The president issued the following executive order yesterday afternoon.

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
WASHINGTON, Jan. 19, 1891.

The death of George Bancroft, which occurred in the city of Washington on Saturday, Jan. 17, at 3:40 o'clock, p. m., removes from among the living one of the most distinguished Americans.

As an expression of the public loss and sorrow the flags of all the executive departments at Washington and of the public buildings in the cities through which the funeral party is to pass will be placed at half-mast on to-morrow and until the body of this eminent statesman, scholar and historian shall rest in the state that gave him to his country and to the world.

By direction of the President,
E. W. HALFORD, Private Secretary.

The secretary of the navy has ordered as a mark of respect to the memory of the late George Bancroft that the navy department be draped in mourning for the period of thirty days, and that all business be suspended therein on the day of the funeral.

J. C. Bancroft received the following telegram from the Emperor of Germany, transmitted through the German legation in this city:

SIR—His Majesty the Emperor and King remembering the relations of friendship which for many years existed between his majesty, the late Emperor William, and the late Hon. George Bancroft as minister of the United States to Berlin, has directed me to express to you and to your family his most sincere sympathy with the great loss which has fallen upon you and upon your country.

The pall-bearers were Chief Justice Fuller, Justice Field, Justice Blatchford, Senator Evarts, Mr. Bayard, Admiral Rodgers, Mr. Spofford, George Curtis and John A. King. In accordance with the expressed wish of Mr. Bancroft before he died, in which his family concurred, there were no military ceremonies in connection with his funeral, but the secretary of the navy and other principal officers of the department attended his funeral in a body. Rev. Dr. Douglass of St. John's church conducted the service, which was held at St. John's at 11 a. m.

A COSTLY LOTTERY TICKET.

The Numbers Were Changed and It Cost a Boston Liquor Dealer $250.

BOSTON, Jan. 20.—A few days after the December drawing of the Louisiana State Lottery, a young man entered the liquor store of James M. Fitzgerald at the corner of Washington and Water streets, and showed the proprietor a ticket distributed from the New York office. Examination of the list of drawings showed that the number on the ticket had drawn $300. The young man wanted to sell the ticket, so Mr. Fitzgerald gave the man $250 for it. He then sent it on for collection, but it has been returned with a letter stating that the figures on the ticket had been altered and the ticket was worthless.

A similar game was successfully worked on a lawyer in the Rogers building last summer.

HIS RECOVERY DOUBTFUL.

King Kalakaua Lying on What Will Probably Prove to Be His Death Bed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 20.—King Kalakaua of the Hawaiian Islands is lying at the point of death at the Palace hotel, suffering from Bright's disease and uræmia. Col. McFarlane, the king's chamberlain, said: "The disease took a sudden turn for the worse yesterday morning and the king has been in a semi-unconscious state ever since. For forty-eight hours he has been unable to take solid food and is nourished with milk and brandy. He is attended by First Surgeon Wood of the U. S. S. Charleston and Dr. Sawyer. The physicians are greatly alarmed and have held several consultations with prominent physicians of this city."

Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, Jan. 20.—In the senate, a message was received from the governor transmitting certain recommendations from the departments. The orders included compulsory railroad passes to the state officials, reduction of hours of labor, etc. In the house, Messrs. Quincy and Wardwell had a personal explanation over last Friday's silver resolutions. The house determined to give the new rule a fair trial before bringing up the question of its repeal.

Sullivan and Slavin.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—John L. Sullivan is said to have last night signed articles for a fight with the heavyweight, Slavin.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

W. F. Spink, worsted mills, North Kingston, R. I., has assigned.

formerly filled by Judge Devens, asserting that the salary was too small.

Wilbur F. Barker, a worthless Syracuse man, shot his wife, a school teacher.

Offensive boil works in Charlestown (Boston) have been temporarily closed.

Professor Tyndall, who has been seriously ill, is reported to be improving.

The lymph patients at the Massachusetts general hospital are making satisfactory progress.

The schooner Lucinda G. Potter, before reported capsized, has been towed into Delaware Breakwater.

Holyoke, Mass., hosiery manufacturers were fined $1000 with costs, for violating the contract labor law.

B. C. Keeble & Co. of Selma, Ala., have failed. Liabilities $225,000; assets about one-half that amount.

The Prince of Nassau is in England in search of a wife. He is heir to £250,000 a year, is of fine appearance and exemplary character.

Alphonso Taft of Ohio, at one time a member of Gen. Grant's cabinet, and now nearly 80 years of age, is expected to live but a short time.

A dispatch from Bangkok, the capital of Siam, says that a portion of the city was swept by fire. The damage is estimated at $500,000.

A statue of Henry Bergh, in bronze, is to be erected at the center of a huge drinking basin for horses in Milwaukee, at a cost of $15,000.

Boston business men protested against the silver coinage bill at a meeting held at the mayor's office. A public meeting is to be held in Faneuil hall to-day.

Fire in the Camden house, Boston, at midnight, caused a panic among the guests, including a number of theatrical people. There was no loss of life.

Mrs. Lorraine J. Pitkin of Chicago, whose husband was Capt. J. Pitkin of the volunteer service in the late war, has just been elected postmistress of the Illinois senate.

The schooner Marguerite of Gloucester, Mass., reports that during a storm off the Newfoundland banks on Jan. 4, Mate Rupert McClancey was washed overboard and drowned.

STREET FIRES BUILT

To Keep the Poor of Paris from Freezing to Death.

SUFFERING IN OTHER PLACES.

Wild Beasts Driven by Cold and Hunger Into Villages—Mr. Dillon Answers The Insuppressible's Charge.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—Dispatches from all parts of France, telling of great inconvenience and suffering caused by the intense cold weather, are continually being received here. The harbors of Toulon and Laseyne are frozen over for the first time on record. The olive crop in the department of Gard is fast being ruined. Whole communes in the neighborhood of Perpignan, in the Pyrenees, are cut off from communication with the rest of the world, and wayfarers in those districts who had set out for mountain villages, have been found frozen to death. The Algiers mail steamer arrived at Port Vendres, on the Mediterranean, covered from stem to stern with ice and snow, like a ship in the Arctic regions. A dispatch from Saragossa, in Spain, reports that the mercury there is at 14 degrees Fahrenheit, and that snow is falling. The Seine at its confluence with the Oise is jammed with pack ice ten feet high. At Nimes wine has frozen in cellars. The Loire at Nevers is frozen over. A large number of vessels are ice-bound at Bordeaux, and many steamers, to avoid being frozen in, have gone down the river to anchor in the Verdon roads.

Packs of wolves and numerous wild boars are invading isolated districts in France. The unusually large fall of snow and the terrible severity of the weather have cut off their means of subsistence, and the animals have become desperate through hunger and fearlessly prowl about the houses, to the great consternation of the people.

The same state of affairs is said to exist in Spain, and from Cadiz come reports of wolves being killed in the streets of the suburbs. Advices have been received from Algiers to the effect that the country is covered with snow. A snow storm is raging in Tunis, and the fall of snow is already so heavy that traffic has been stopped.

The chamber of deputies has appropriated 2,000,000 francs for the relief of people in the towns who are suffering from the effects of the severe winter. It is the intention of the chamber, later on, to appropriate a sum of money for the relief of sufferers in the country districts.

The municipal authorities last night lighted

Hundreds of Fires in the Streets

and large numbers of wretchedly poor persons crowded around them and in the warmth afforded by the blaze endeavored to obtain some relief from the intense cold which prevailed. Every effort is being made to relieve the great distress which exists, and to this end the Palais des Beau Arts has been converted into a night shelter for the homeless and is provided with a soup kitchen and a large number of straw mattresses. The machine gallery in the exhibition buildings is used as a day shelter. Municipal buildings elsewhere in the city are also used for a similar purpose, and the protection which they afford is eagerly taken advantage of by a large number of the suffering people. The water supply in Versailles has become very scarce owing to the freezing weather, and venders of water are meeting with a brisk demand at fourpence a gallon.

A slight rise in the mercury was reported in France and Germany yesterday, but the temperature is still below the freezing point in both countries. An epidemic of a disease resembling influenza has broken out in Berlin. The persons affected have a tendency toward inflammation of the bowels.

Frozen to Death in a "Carriage."

LONDON, Jan. 20.—The bitter cold weather from which people are suffering here may be imagined when it is stated that a lady was found frozen to death in a railroad carriage at one of the stations in this city. The fact will also give the American public some idea of the comfort of an English railroad carriage. Heavy ice has blocked the docks at Newport, in Monmouthshire, and it is impossible for vessels to either enter or leave the docks. A number of vessels that are loaded and ready to proceed to sea are compelled to await the breaking up of the ice before they can sail.

Gen. Booth to the Front Again.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—Gen. Booth, the leader of the Salvation Army, has asked the lord mayor of London to allow destitute persons to sleep in the various municipal buildings during the present severe weather. The general says he will undertake to feed everybody thus sheltered, and to see that good order is preserved.

Decidedly Unusual.

HAMBURG, Jan. 20.—A dispatch from Kiel says that the Baltic sea, so far as it can be seen from Buelk lighthouse, is covered with ice. The channel separating the island of Fehmarn from the Holstein shore is frozen over. The lake of Constance is so covered with ice that navigation upon it has been suspended.

EVICTED TENANTS.

Their Interests Not Affected by the Dispute Over the Leadership.

PARIS, Jan. 20.—John Dillon, T. P. Gill and William O'Brien have arrived in this city. In an interview Mr. Dillon said he had made inquiries in regard to the matter and had found that there was absolutely no foundation for the statement which recently appeared in The Insuppressible to the effect that Mr. Harrington had held back the funds which had been collected in America for the relief of the evicted tenants in Ireland, for the political advantage of Mr. Parnell. On the contrary, Mr. Dillon continued, Messrs. Webb, Kenny and Harrington were using the funds strictly in accordance with the agreement arrived at in America. Not a farthing had been used for any purpose connected with the present dispute over the Irish leadership. "I am happy to state "said Mr. Dillon, "that both sides, including Mr. Parnell, have agreed to an arrangement whereby the persons evicted from their homes will be protected, quite apart from the dispute in regard to the leadership."

A circular has been issued calling a meeting of the Parnellite committee in London to-night. It is expected that Mr. Parnell will preside.

Gen. P. A. Collins is reported to have declined the tender of Governor Russell of the position on the supreme court bench

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately.

Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.

Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

PLANT FOOD

FOR SALE AT

FRANK F. CRANE'S.

Quincy, Jan. 10. tf

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

H. T. Whitman,
CIVIL ENGINEER
—AND—
SURVEYOR,

ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

Hours, 8 to 10 A. M.

Boston Office, - - - 85 Devonshire St.

Hours, 12 to 2 P. M.

N. B. Plans of nearly all the Real Estate in the City of Quincy can be found at my offices.

May 28. d3:&w—tf

Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.

Boston, Nov. 5. tf

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING,

QUINCY AVENUE.

Nov. 13. 3 mos

POSTAL SERVICE.

Mails Arrive.		Mails Close.	
Boston,	6.20 A.M.	Boston,	7.15 A.M.
"	9.00 "	"	9.35 "
"	12.15 P.M.	"	12.25 P.M.
"	3.40 "	"	4.40 "
"	5.15 "	"	6.00 "
"	6.30 "	"	8.00 "
N. Y., South and West,	7.20 A.M.	N. Y., South and West,	7.15 A.M.
N. Y., South and West,	4.45 P.M.	N. Y., South and West,	7.55 P.M.
Cape Cod,	4.15 "	Cape Cod,	7.45 A.M.
Quincy Point,	8.30 A.M.	" "	3.15 P.M.
" "	4.15 P.M.	Quincy Point,	8.30 A.M.
South Shore,	6.30 "	" "	5.00 P.M.
		South Shore,	7.45 A.M.

Deliveries.

At 7.30 A. M. (12.30 P. M. Business Delivery.) and 4 P. M.

Collections.

From Boxes at 5.45, 8.00 A. M. (Business Section 12.45) and 4.15 P. M.

W. W. ADAMS, *Postmaster.*

Old Colony.

On and after Oct. 13, 1890.

Trains Leave

QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.11, 6.55, 7.27, 7.33, 7.38, 7.52, 8.12, 8.34, 8.40, 9.18, 9.59, 10.38, 10.57 A. M.; 12.05, 1.02, 1.17, 1.42, 2.50, 4.00, 4.07, 4.48, 4.57, 5.33, 5.40, 6.14, 7.05, 7.10, 8.11, 9.06, 10.19, 10.24 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.19, 9.31 A. M.; 1.46, 5.53, 6.15, 7.25, 8.14, 9.16, 11.01 P. M.

RETURN.—5.45, 6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 10.05, 11.02 A. M.; 12.00 M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.30, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4.42, 5.10, 5.33, 6.00, 6.07 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 8.15, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30, 9.00, 9.15, A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 5.45, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

WOLLASTON HEIGHTS FOR BOSTON.—6.14, 6.59, 7.37, 7.41, 8.15, 8.46, 9.21, 10.02, 11.00 A. M.; 12.08, 1.05, 1.45, 2.53, 4.11, 5.00, 5.43, 6.18, 7.14, 8.15, 9.09, 10.28 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.34 A. M.; 1.49, 6.19, 9.20, 11.04 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02 A. M.; 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.07, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR BOSTON.—6.19, 7.02, 7.16, 7.44, 8.05, 9.24, 10.04, 11.15 A. M.; 12.11, 1.22, 1.56, 2.56, 4.15, 5.48, 6.31, 7.12, 7.17, 8.18, 9.12, 10.31 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.37 A. M.; 1.52, 6.22, 9.23, 11.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 6.45, 7.35, 8.00, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02 A. M.; 12.02, 12.30, 1.15, 1.55, 2.25, 3.12, 4.18, 4.22, 4.42, 5.33, 5.40, 6.15, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

QUINCY ADAMS FOR BOSTON.—6.07, 6.51, 7.23, 7.35, 8.08, 9.15, 9.56, 10.54 A. M.; 12.02, 1.38, 2.46, 4.03, 5.37, 6.11, 7.07, 8.07, 9.03, 10.21 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.27 A. M.; 1.42, 6.11, 9.12, 10.57 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 9.40, 11.02 A. M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 3.12, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.00, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

WEST QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.08, 7.05, 7.54, 9.11, 11.04 A. M.; 1.46, 3.45, 5.27, 6.20, 10.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25, 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

EAST MILTON FOR BOSTON.—6.12, 7.09, 7.58, 9.15, 11.08 A. M.; 1.50, 3.55, 5.31, 6.24, 10.11 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR EAST MILTON AND WEST QUINCY.—6.48, 8.17, 10.00 A. M.; 12.50, 2.40, 4.42, 5.50, 6.42, 8.14 P. M.

GEO. L. CONNOR,
Gen'l Pass'r Agt.

J. R. KENDRICK,
General Manager.

ALL LINEN

CRASH

5c. per Yard.

New Cheviot Shirtings,

10c. and 12 1-2c.

Ladies' and Children's

GAITERS,

50c. a pair

AT

Miss C. S. Hubbard's,

158 Hancock St., Quincy.

BUSSELL'S

Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

WANTED.

WANTED,—An Experienced Girl to do general housework. Apply to MRS. JAS. R. WILD, Washington street.
Quincy, Jan. 17. 3t

WANTED,—A strong, willing girl to do general housework. Swede preferred. Apply at 41 Hancock street. Jan. 13—tf

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

TO LET.

TO LET,—Furnished rooms, with or without board, at 44 CHESTNUT STREET. Quincy, Jan. 17.—9t

TO LET.—Very desirable property in South Quincy. House contains 11 rooms, city water and furnace; stable attached with accommodation for 6 horses. Five acres of land, cuts 7 tons hay. Plenty of fruit, etc. A sightly location, near Electric cars and railroad station. Will lease for term of years to right party.
Enquire of B. N. ADAMS, Real Estate, Quincy. Jan. 13—pl tf

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.
Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms.
Apply to HENRY H. FAXON.
Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—One good new Milch Cow and Calf. L. E. WEYMOUTH, Glover avenue, Atlantic, Mass. Jan. 17—9t

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms To Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree
Geo. H. Hunt,	East Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 20.

High water at 7.30 A. M. and 8.15 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.08; Sets at 4.43.
Moon sets at 3.31 A. M.
Full Moon Jan. 24, 7.25 P. M.

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

Rehearsal of the Quincy Musical Club at Faxon hall tonight at 7.30 o'clock.

A lodge of the Solid Rock will be instituted at Robertson hall this evening.

Mt. Wollaston lodge work the third degree upon two candidates this evening.

J. P. S. Churchill, clerk of the District Court has returned from his southern trip.

Lewis T. Tupper, who resides on Spear street, left on Monday for a voyage to South America, for his health.

George Collier was kicked in the breast this morning, while fooling with a horse, but fortunately escaped injury.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Dinegan are receiving congratulations upon the advent of a little girl, who arrived last Friday.

Miss Florence Randall Faxon has returned to the city, having graduated from the Framingham State Normal School.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Henry Emery entertained a whist club of which they are members, at their residence on Hancock street, Monday evening.

Clan McGregor, No. 5, O. S. C., held a special meeting Monday evening, when, after discussing the hall question at length, the subject was laid on the table.

Granite lodge, No. 193, order, Sons of St. George, will celebrate its fifth anniversary by an entertainment and dance at Faxon hall, Wednesday evening.

Looking from the West Quincy depot, Monday, a view was presented to the eye that was very beautiful for the trees and rocks on the hillside were one mass of ice.

The Grand Encampment I. O. O. F. committee on petitions will meet the Royal Purple and Scarlet degree petitioners for the new encampment in Quincy, at Odd Fellows' hall, next Monday evening.

The Ladies' Social Union connected with the West Quincy Methodist church, will hold a sociable in the church, Wednesday afternoon and evening. Supper will be served at 6 o,clock, to be followed by an entertainment.

The officers of Joan of Arc lodge, Order of the Red Cross, will be publicly installed at Doble's hall, Thursday evening. An entertainment and address by the supreme president will follow the ceremony.

Don't miss a good thing when it is free. The Automatic Warblers have kindly offered their services for the entertainment at the West Quincy M. E. church social, Wednesday evening. A remarkable troupe.

The birch trees on Farrington street were a sight, Monday. The limbs were one mass of ice, the weight of which bent them so that the tops nearly touched the street and passing in carriages was almost impossible.

A sleigh owned and driven by Mr. Thomas McDonnell, was capsized near Williams' corner Monday. The horse ran with the sleigh toward West Quincy, where he was caught. The sleigh was not injured any to speak of. Mr. McDonnell who was thrown out was not injured.

There seems to be a good amount of "sand" in the present city government, and Commissioner of Public Works Ewell, is making himself popular by a judicious use of that article on slippery sidewalks and crossings. Mayor Fairbanks is level headed.

It looks now as though the Willard school would be pushed forward toward completion now that the Mayor has assumed charge. His action in taking possession is commented upon favorably by West Quincy people, one of whose prominent business men says, he is glad some one has the move and it aught to have been done before.

The gospel meeting held under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. Committee last Sunday afternoon was well attended. Mr. Case of Lynn gave an interesting and instructive talk to the young men, and many applications for membership were signed. Rev. Luther Freeman of Wollaston will speak next Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock; subject—"Wanted, Men!"

NOTICE.

A Party for the Children of the Unitarian Parish will be given by the Social Club,

FRIDAY, Jan. 23, 1891,

From 4 until 9 o'clock.

Refreshments solicited to be sent at 4 o'clock.
Quincy, Jan. 20. 3t

CITY HOSPITAL.

The Annual Meeting of the Corporation.

Receipts of the Year $16,244.70—$7,000 from Old Colony.

A Balance on Hand of $4,617.70—Endowment Fund of $28,600.50.

The annual meeting of the Quincy Hospital Corporation was held Monday evening at Faxon hall. William B. Rice, president of the corporation presiding.

Mr. Timothy Reed, secretary of the trustees, submitted his report which was accepted. Mr. Reed's report gave a brief history of the origin and final completion of the hospital, also a brief history of the railroad accident. He said the hospital was completed and in working order June 17, 1890. The number of patients received from June 17 to December 31, 1890, was 102, of which 74 had been discharged, 12 now remain and 16 have died; ten of the latter being victims of the railroad accident. He hoped the endowment fund, which is now $28,600.50 would soon be increased to $100,000. He also gave an outline of the financial standing which is embodied in the treasurer's report, which was made by Mr. Theophilus King, as follows:

Receipts.

From Ladies Aid Society	$3,700 00
From City of Quincy	1,000 00
Income from Endowment fund	794 31
Hospital Sunday	385 81
Granite Association	500 00
Entertainments	535 46
Circle of Ten	90 00
From patients	374 61
O.C.R.R. Co. on acc't of accident	7,000 00
Individuals and associations	1,864 51
Total	$16,244 70

Expenditures.

Paid matron, nurses and labor to Jan. 1, 1891	$3,932 04
Furnishing and refurnishing, owing to R.R. accident patients	3,308 56
Provisions and housekeeping	3,334 79
Fuel and light	288 68
Medicines and surgical instruments	390 68
Insurance	241 50
Expressing	130 75
Total expenditures	$11,627 00
Balance on hand	4,617 70
	$16,244 70

The corporation then proceeded to the election of a clerk and Mr. Warren W. Adams was re-elected and was sworn in by Mr. King.

Upon motion of Dr. Gordon the board of trustees was increased from twelve to fifteen, of which twelve are elected by the corporation, two by the City Council and the Mayor, ex-officio. The following trustees were then elected: William B. Rice, John H. Gilbert, Theophilus King, Joseph W. Robertson, Timothy Reed, John A. Gordon, Francis L. Hayes, Rupert F. Claflin, John Quincy Adams, James F. Burke, Roger H. Wilde, Charles H. Porter.

Interesting remarks were then made by Dr. Gordon, who said we could not tell by the past what the expenses of the coming year would be because it had been under an unusual expense, but he hoped the coming year would be about $6500; and as we have money enough on hand to carry us through half of the coming year he had no fears about the remainder of the year, and if the future is as good as the past we have a great future before us in our hospital. The doctor thought they were extremely fortunate in securing so good a matron. There was one thing that was needed very much and that was a laundry, the expense of which would be between $1000 and $1500, and hoped such a one would be had before the close of the year. He also said a school for nurses had been established for the past two months and had now four young ladies training for this branch of the work and in a very short time anyone in the city can secure a good nurse from the hospital at a moderate cost.

Mr. Rice spoke of the amount of interest which the people of Quincy had taken in the Hospital, for every man, woman and child had done something towards it.

During the evening fourteen new members were elected to the corporation, making a total membership now of about 400.

MILTON.

Mr. John L. Esau, a resident of East Milton, died on Monday in his 43d year. He was a member of Mt. Wollaston Lodge of Odd Fellows and a Past Chief of Shalom Encampment of Dorchester.

MARRIED.

IGO—GOODHUE—In Quincy, Jan. 19, by Rev. F. A. Frigulietti, Mr. Patrick Igo to Miss Nellie M. Goodhue, both of Quincy.
SHINE—WARD—In Quincy, Jan. 19, by Rev. F. A. Frigulietti, Mr. Daniel Shine to Miss Ellen Ward, both of Quincy.

DIED.

ESAU—In East Milton, January 19, Mr. John L. Esau, aged 42 years and 9 months.

DIDN'T KEEP A DIRECTORY.

A Druggist, Whose Store Adjoins a Large Dry Goods House, Has No Picnic.

"I would like to look at your directory, please," said I, the other day, on entering a drug store on Sixth avenue, near Nineteenth street.

The man behind the counter looked up with a weary expression and quietly shook his head.

"What's the matter," I asked. "Don't you keep a directory here?"

Again the head shake was repeated, and then I sought for an explanation. 'You see," said the druggist, "we are right in among all these large dry goods stores, and as their customers are mostly ladies of more or less leisure, our place would be fairly overrun with women all day long if we had a directory there in the window.

"Yes," he went on, "we did keep a directory once, but it got to be such an intolerable nuisance that we either had to stop it or close out our business. I believe," said the druggist, "that some women like to go into a drug store and look over the directory. Not, mind you, because they really wish to find out any addresses, but simply from pure cussedness. Maybe they think it looks businesslike. And then, you know, a drug store is a great place of rendezvous for the ladies who do shopping, and studying over a directory helps them to kill time if the other party is late.

"You have no idea," he went on, "of the number of women who stop in here every day and ask foolish questions. Why, sometimes when I tell them we don't keep a directory they ask me whether I know where so-and-so lives, and a thousand and one questions besides that might be answered in the directory, but which they never stop to consider. And then these women come in here and want to leave their bundles while they do their shopping elsewhere. They hold regular conversation bees, and interfere with customers passing in and out, and fairly worry my life out with their petty questions and annoyances.

"Stamps, did you say, miss?" he added, turning to address a young lady who had just entered. "No, miss; we do not keep stamps.

"I'd have to keep a branch postoffice up here," said the druggist as the young lady went out, and then he turned to some score or more of ladies who were waiting to receive attention.—New York Herald.

The Vice of Idleness.

It is exceedingly difficult to understand the cause of this vice, or of its reported increase, but we incline to believe that while it is in a few a sort of disease, it is in the majority nothing but a low form of selfishness, curable only by punishment, whether the natural punishment of starvation or an artificial one. The man hates the self suppression involved in work just as a savage does, but he can suppress himself if he chooses, and invariably does choose, if for any reason he passes under the terrible though avoidable discipline of a convict prison. The compulsion which usually falls upon the idle takes the form of bad food, bad lodging and want of tobacco, and it is not sufficient.

Such wants are all horrible things, but they are none of them so horrible as steady work, which presses and tortures and almost maddens the really idle, just as civilization, which is its essence, is a multitude of small restraints, does the savage. They will not put up with the suffering for the time necessary to teach them that it is endurable, and will rather break away into the desert, often a street, where there are only bread to eat and water to drink and no shelter, but where there also is no work to do.—London Spectator.

Cabbage Palm Trunks for Submarine Use.

One hundred thousand running feet of palmetto logs will be shipped right away from Brunswick to Santiago, Cuba. This is a new article of export from this state, and bids fair to become an important factor in increasing Brunswick's already enormous timber and lumber trade.

Mr. W. F. Carnegie, the millionaire iron man, is largely interested in an iron mine near Santiago, and the order was made by his company. A great part of the timber is to be used in the construction of cribs to inclose a harbor near the mines in which ships can load. The rest will be converted into piles for building a railroad across quite a large body of water.

A gentleman well informed in such matters said that this material would last an indefinite length of time under water, but could not very well stand exposure to the air. It is almost proof against the attack of worms, and is entirely free from barnacles. And while it will no doubt finally succumb to these two destroying agencies, yet there can be no doubt of its lasting at least twice as long under water as any other kind of wood.—Brunswick Times.

The Youth's Knowledge.

Is it that the average youth of today knows more geography in a minute than his father, when he was a schoolboy, knew in ten years, or is it that the father forgot nearly all of his knowledge immediately after closing the covers of his big geography? However that is, one thing is certain—that nine youngsters out of ten who can't count so many years as they have fingers can "floor" their whole grown up families on mountains, lakes, rivers and streams, cities, towns and villages and boundaries. They not only do this persistently and uncompromisingly, but they take particular delight in making their sisters' callers flush to the roots of their hair with their terribly erudite questions.—New York Tribune.

The Navy of China.

So far as the power of the fleet is concerned China is the eighth in rank. But the lack of proper organization, equipment and personnel renders her fine vessels practically valueless for purposes of war. It may be said that China has no army, only collections of uniformed men, and that she has no navy, but simply a number of naval vessels, with some of the inhabitants on board.—New York Herald.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

WEYMOUTH.

There will be a meeting of the Town Club at Lincoln hall, Weymouth, this evening. Supper will be served at 7.30 o'clock following which there will be short speeches by prominent members of the club.

Hiram Porter, Josiah Tirrell, Herbert Prouty, Fred Loring, Willie A. Deere, Mrs. Charles Cram and Mrs. William W. Hayden, attend the quarterly convention of the State Reform Club at Boston today as delegates from the East Weymouth Reform Club.

The People's Institute evening school opened Monday evening with 217 scholars.

An Italian baby aged 10 months was buried Monday at East Weymouth with much ceremony. The casket which contained the remains was placed in a large hearse with glass sides, and the procession to the church of the Immaculate Conception was headed by an Italian band of Boston; following which were some fifty of the sons of Italy. Then come the hearse following which were several more men bearing the flowers. After the body had been taken to the cemetery the procession started for the village, the band playing lively music and the Italians shouting at the top of their voices.

TODAY'S COURT.

Edward McMannus of Randolph, for an assault on Elizabeth A. McMannus his wife, was fined $8.50 in default of which he was committed.

A Full Assortment

OF

Dried Fruits, Apricots, Peaches, Prunes,

Evaporated Apples, &c.

WE ALSO HAVE IN STOCK A VARIETY OF

PICKLES, PRESERVES AND KETCHUPS.

A LARGE STOCK OF

Fancy and Common Caackers at very Low Prices.

The only agents for Keene Creamery Butter. In 1-2 lb. Prints and 5 and 10 lb. Tubs. Fresh every Week.

Doble's Hot Rolls and Bread every Afternoon. Try them if you want the best.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

Improve the Opportunity

AND

GET A PAIR OF SHOES CHEAP.

We have 500 Pairs of Shoes, which we now offer at a bargain. These goods are not old or shopworn, but comprise a number of lines which we desire to close out in order that we may substitute new pieces for them.

EVERY SHOE OFFERED IS A BARGAIN.

Among the lot there are:

38	pairs	Ladies' Light Goat Button Waukenphast,	$2.00,	formerly	$2.50
36	"	" Kid Button Opera Toe,	2.00,	"	2.50
7	"	J. N. Smith's Ladies' bright Dongola Laced, pat. tip,	2.00,	"	2.50
22	"	Ladies' Pallah Kid Button,	1.65,	"	2.00
9	"	Misses' Dongola Spring Heel Button,	1.50,	"	2.00
12	"	" St. Goat Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.50,	"	2.00
19	"	Children's Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.10,	"	1.50
10	"	Men's Calf Balmorals,	3.00,	"	3.75
5	"	each Cong and Bals, Men's Fine Calf Shoes,	3.00,	"	4.00
6	"	" " " " Enamel Shoes,	2.00,	"	2.75

While we call your especial attention to these goods, we believe it is for your interest to examine the whole lot on our BARGAIN TABLES, for EVERY SHOE is a BARGAIN.

SAVILLE & JONES, Adams Building.

OUR ANNUAL

MARK DOWN!

Tremendous Discounts.

ULSTERS, - OVERCOATS, AND SUITS

Lower than they have been sold this Season.

GRANITE CLOTHING CO.,

ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

MISS McGOVERN.

She Leads for the Sixth Consecutive Day.

Miss Leary, However, Polled the Largest Vote Today.

The Clerks' Candidate Steadily Gaining Each Day---250 Today.

Miss McGovern continues in the lead, it being the sixth consecutive day she has held the position, and more days than any other leader since the start. Miss Leary has headed the column five times.

The total vote today was 1438, divided as follows: Miss Leary, 405; Miss McGovern, 317; Mr. Foy, 250; Mr. Bowditch, 214; Mr. Tirrell, 119; Miss Drumm, 59; Mr. Walsh, 26; Miss McPhail, 22, and others a less number.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today:

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss McGovern,	Gas Light Co.'s,	4275
Miss Leary,	S. B. Little's,	3838
Robert E. Foy,	Pratt & Curtis,	3132
Henry W. Tirrell,	John Page's,	2664
G. V. Bowditch,	Packard & Co.'s,	1979
Miss McPhail,	J. F. Sheppard & Sons	850
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's	586
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's	395
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's	355
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's	239
Mary G. Drumm,	D. Bamford's	142
Frank W. Munroe,	J. F. Merrill's	115
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's	108
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's	97
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's	82
Miss Agnes Kelley,	Clapp Bros	80
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's	58
Henry L. Jones,	E. E. Fellows'	45
E. W. Emery,	A. G. Durgin's	43
Luther Rogers,	A. L. Litchfield	42
J. H. Webb,	T. A. Whicher & Co.,	38
George O. Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones',	24
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	18
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's	17
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's	16
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's	12
John T. Bates,	W. H. Doble's	10
William French,	H. O. Souther's	10
Gridley Totman,	F. W. French's	10
Henry Curtis,	J. M. Hayden's	10

Newsboys' Prizes.

Below is the summary of fifteen days' sales:

Charles Walsh	**4799**
John Mitchell	**1727**
Robert McAuliffe	**1291**
Myron Wilber	902
Fred Bavin	899
James Giles,	705
Eddie Heffernan,	579
Fred Hardwick	429
Willie Esson,	419
Henry Rhines	411
John Dackers,	355
Chris McAuliffe	345
Charles Carter	244
John Murphy	243
Patrick Murphy	191
Gardner Willey	190
Charles Baxter,	182
Arthur Pinel,	173
Albert Belliven	77
Fred Evans	57
Napoleon Guillemett	53
Eugene McAuliffe	48
John Morrison	46
Frank McGrath	39
Duncan Livingstone	37
Frank Walsh,	36
John Anderson	35
William McDonnell	33
Gilbert Bavin,	31
Daniel Doran	31
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Warren Cameron	15
Gustin Goolic	15
George Dunn	14
Parfast Guillemett	13
James Norrie	10

CARD.

The undersigned in behalf of the Steamer Co., No. 1. Q. F. D., desire to announce to the public the receipt of the Globe souvenirs—The students encyclopædia, 6 volumes,—and most respectfully thank the citizens of Quincy who so generously supported and assisted said Steamer Co., in the late Globe contest, and assure them of a due appreciation by the members of said company, of the effort made in its behalf. Special praise is due to the members of the Quincy Fire Department, and to District Engineer F. C. Packard for the good work done by him for the company, and also to Quincy's veteran fireman, Galen V. Bowditch, for his valuable service. Mr. Bowditch we are pleased to note is one of the leaders in the LEDGER contest.

W. H. RIPLEY,
Chief Engineer Q. F. D.
Quincy, Jan. 20, 1891.

Ignorant attempts to supply a substitute for mother's milk are often attended with ill effects; a suitable food given judiciously will always give satisfaction. Mellin's Food is now thoroughly established as the best nutriment for infants. Its good effects are witnessed in the robust health of the thousands of children who have been reared upon it.

VOL.

LOOK

We have in st
Display from week t
You can positively

Mellin's Food
Mellin's Food
Ridge's Food
Armour's Bee
Armour's Bee
Fellow's Syru
Hood's Sarsap
Hydrobromates
Hunyadi Water
Morse's Dyspe
Green's Nervu
Cashmere Boq
Cuticura Soap,
"
Pear's Unscent
2-qt. bottles E
Florida Water,
Wyeth's Malt,

Finest Stationery, r
velopes to match, 10 cents
Toilet Soap, your ci

"REL

DURGIN'

Durgin

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 18. QUINCY, MASS., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

MISS McGOVERN.

She Leads for the Sixth Consecutive Day.

Miss Leary, However, Polled the Largest Vote Today.

The Clerks' Candidate Steadily Gaining Each Day---250 Today.

Miss McGovern continues in the lead, it being the sixth consecutive day she has held the position, and more days than any other leader since the start. Miss Leary has headed the column five times.

The total vote today was 1438, divided as follows: Miss Leary, 405; Miss McGovern, 317; Mr. Foy, 250; Mr. Bowditch, 214; Mr. Tirrell, 119; Miss Drumm, 59; Mr. Walsh, 26; Miss McPhail, 22, and others a less number.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today:

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss McGovern,	Gas Light Co.'s,	4275
Miss Leary,	S. B. Little's,	3838
Robert E. Foy,	Pratt & Curtis,	3132
Henry W. Tirrell,	John Page's,	2664
G. V. Bowditch,	Packard & Co.'s,	1979
Miss McPhail,	J. F. Sheppard & Sons,	850
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's,	586
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's,	395
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's,	355
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's,	239
Mary G. Drumm,	D. Bamford's,	142
Frank W. Munroe,	J. F. Merrill's,	115
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's,	108
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's,	97
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's,	82
Miss Agnes Kelley,	Clapp Bros,	80
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's,	58
Henry L. Jones,	E. E. Fellows',	45
E. W. Emery,	A. G. Durgin's,	43
Luther Rogers,	A. L. Litchfield,	42
J. H. Webb,	T. A. Whicher & Co.,	38
George O. Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones',	24
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	18
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's,	17
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's,	16
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's,	12
John T. Bates,	W. H. Doble's,	10
William French,	H. O. Souther's,	10
Gridley Totman,	F. W. French's,	10
Henry Curtis,	J. M. Hayden's,	10

Newsboys' Prizes.

Below is the summary of fifteen days' sales:

Charles Walsh	4799
John Mitchell	1727
Robert McAuliffe	1291
Myron Wilber	992
Fred Bavin	899
James Giles	705
Eddie Hefferman	579
Fred Hardwick	420
Willie Esson	419
Henry Rhines	411
John Dackers	355
Chris McAuliffe	345
Charles Archer	244
John Murphy	243
Patrick Murphy	191
Gardner Willey	190
Charles Baxter	182
Arthur Pinel	175
Albert Belliven	77
Fred Evans	57
Napoleon Guillemett	53
Eugene McAuliffe	48
John Morrison	46
Frank McGrath	39
Duncan Livingstone	37
Frank Walsh	36
John Anderson	35
William McDonnell	33
Gilbert Bavin	31
Daniel Doran	31
John Ross	15
Eddie McDonald	15
Warren Cameron	15
Gustin Goolic	15
George Dunn	14
Parfast Guillemett	13
James Norrie	10

CARD.

The undersigned in behalf of the Steamer Co., No. 1. Q. F. D., desire to announce to the public the receipt of the Globe souvenirs—The students encyclopaedia, 6 volumes,—and most respectfully thank the citizens of Quincy who so generously supported and assisted said Steamer Co., in the late Globe contest, and assure them of a due appreciation by the members of said company, of the effort made in its behalf. Special praise is due to the members of the Quincy Fire Department, and to District Engineer F. C. Packard for the good work done by him for the company, and also to Quincy's veteran fireman, Galen V. Bowditch, for his valuable service. Mr. Bowditch we are pleased to note is one of the leaders in the LEDGER contest.

W. H. RIPLEY,
Chief Engineer Q. F. D.
Quincy, Jan. 20, 1891.

Ignorant attempts to supply a substitute for mother's milk are often attended with ill effects; a suitable food given judiciously will always give satisfaction. Mellin's Food is now thoroughly established as the best nutriment for infants. Its good effects are witnessed in the robust health of the thousands of children who have been reared upon it.

THE GREAT

SACRIFICE

— OF —

Clothing and Furnishing Goods

Still Goes On.

Further Reductions in all Departments.

Men's Blue Wool Underwear, 35 cents,

Suits at much less than Cost.

Overcoats, 50c. on the dollar.

In fact everything in our Stock at a great discount.

QUINCY ONE PRICE CLOTHING CO.,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

THE FOLLOWING LETTER EXPLAINS IT ALL:

Office of

Whitten, Burdett & Young,

3 Winthrop Square,

Boston, Jan. 12, 1891.

Quincy One Price Clothing Co.,

Quincy, Mass.:

In the adjustment of the affairs of Whitten, Burdett & Young, it is important that collections should be made at once. We must therefore ask you to send us $3000 within the next two weeks.

Charles H. Allen,

Jonathan A. Lane,

Assignees.

LOOK at these PRICES!

We have in stock what we advertise. Keep your eye on our Window. Display from week to week, and notice our prices and we will surprise you. You can positively do better with us than in Boston.

	Regular Price.	Our Price.
Mellin's Food, Large Size,	$0.75	58c.
Mellin's Food, Small Size,	.50	38c.
Ridge's Food, Medium Size,	.65	40c.
Armour's Beef, Large Size,	1.00	75c.
Armour's Beef, Small Size,	.50	40c.
Fellow's Syrup,	1.50	96c.
Hood's Sarsaparilla,	1.00	75c.
Hydrobromates Caffeine, For Headache,	1.00	75c.
Hunyadi Water,	.35	25c.
Morse's Dyspepsia Cure,	.50	38c.
Green's Nervura,	1.00	79c.
Cashmere Boquet Soap,	.25 to .35	21c.
Cuticura Soap,	.75 box,	50c.
"	.25	18c.
Pear's Unscented,	.20	15c.
2-qt. bottles Extract Hamamelis,		75c.
Florida Water,	.74	40c.
Wyeth's Malt,	$3.00 per dozen, delivered.	

Finest Stationery, regular 15 to 25 cents per quire, your choice for 10 cents. Envelopes to match, 10 cents per bunch. This is positively a great Bargain.

Toilet Soap, your choice for 5 cents a cake. Fine lot of bath Sponges.

OUR MOTTO.

"RELIABILITY."

DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

THE SAILORS' HOME.

The Traveller Alleges Mismanagement.

The Charges Denied by Dr. Faxon, the Superintendent.

He Says They Are a Jumbled Mass of False Statements.

Tuesday evening's Traveller contained a sensational article alleging mismanagement at the National Sailors' Home in this city of which Dr. W. L. Faxon is the superintendent. The LEDGER regrets that it has not seen the article in question, as the small number of Travellers on sale in this city was soon exhausted.

The following interview of a Herald man with Dr. Faxon will be of interest:

Dr. Faxon states emphatically that there is not an essential fact in the article alluded to that is true. The article, he says, is a jumbled mass of false statements, and of such a character as to scarcely require refuting.

It is true, he says, that the building is beginning to show the wear and tear of age, but it is today as comfortable, cleanly and safe as any private residence in Quincy. There are two broad stairways leading from the first to the second floor, one at each end of the building, and there isn't the slightest danger of any one being injured by fire, even if the building should catch a fire, which is highly improbable, as the heat is furnished by steam.

In conformity with a plan which the management have been formulating for years, it is the intention at some time in the near future to dispose of the Wollaston property and with the proceeds build a home on the Lakeville farm. For this reason the present buildings are being kept in repair instead of being rebuilt.

The representative was shown through the institution by Dr. Faxon and everything presented an attractive and cleanly appearance. That terrible hospital which the inmates, so it is claimed, are so averse to entering, presented a neat and pleasant appearance. It is a large, well lighted, well ventilated and comfortably warmed apartment.

The sleeping rooms are not warmed, but as none of the inmates are obliged to occupy their rooms except during the night, there is no greater hardship than the average family have to endure.

There is a large smoking room, library and other apartment where the old tars can pass the time as best suits their pleasure. If they choose rather to pass their time in their rooms, it is from choice and not from necessity nor compulsion.

The institution, which, by the way, is a private one to the extent that it is controlled by the board of trustees, who are alone responsible for its management, is always open to visitors, who are allowed the privilege of visiting any and every part of it without hinderance so long as they conduct themselves with propriety.

The food furnished to the inmates is of the best, and of unlimited quantity, served in a superior manner.

The management of the home is perfectly satisfactory to the trustees. Dr. Faxon points to the fact that the mortality rate in the home is much lighter than in other similar institutions.

When an inmate dies the remains are given a respectable Christian burial, the services are usually conducted by Rev. D. M. Wilson, pastor of the First Unitarian church, and the arrangements are in charge of City Undertaker John Hall.

The neglected graves are many of them without headstones, it is true, but a record of the grave is kept by Dr. Faxon, and it is a very easy matter to locate the resting place of any deceased inmate.

Annual Church Meeting.

The annual meeting of the members of the Wollaston Congregational church was held in the vestry on Tuesday evening. Preceding the meeting a supper was served by Caterer Hendric, of Dorchester.

The annual reports of the clerk and treasurer of the society, Mr. Edward L. Robbins, showed that the membership was 89, nineteen new members having been taken in the past year. The total collection and money received during the year 1890 was $441.02, and for 1889, $227.03.

The following officers were elected for ensuing year:

Clerk and Treasurer,—Edward L. Robbins.

Deacon,—A. A. Lincoln.

Two members of Standing Committee,—N. G. Nickerson and S. B. Harrington.

Supt. of Sunday school,—Edward Hewitson.

Asst. Supt. of Sunday school,—Rev. E. A. Robinson.

Clerk and Treasurer of Sunday school,—H. W. Marshall.

CHURCH WEDDING.

The Long—Fernald Nuptials in First Church Braintree.

The First Congregational church Braintree, was the scene of a very pretty wedding at 7.30 Tuesday evening, the contracting parties being Miss Mabelle H. Fernald, daughter of Mrs. Caroline S. Fernald, and Mr. Richard H. Long, a well known business man of the town. Rev. Henry C. Graves D. D., of New Bedford officiated, being assisted by Rev. A. A. Ellsworth.

The best man was Mr. Fred C. Davis of Haverhill, and the maid of honor, Miss Maud B. Sellers of Haverhill. The bridemaids were Miss Maud A. Mayall of Boston, Miss Bertha M. Arnold, Miss Alice M. Long and Miss Agnes B. Hayward of Braintree. Mr. Edward Hayward was chief usher and he was assisted by Mr. Charles Foster of New York, Mr. James of Boston, and Mr. Kenney of Somerville,

Lohengrin's wedding march was played as the bridal party entered. The bride was given away by her uncle, Mr. Albert H. Fernald of Boston.

The bride wore a white faille francaise, cut en-traine, with a tulle veil fastened with a diamond aster; her boquet was of bride roses. The maid of honor wore blue silk, Miss Hayward white silk, Miss Mayall a pale blue, and Misses Arnold and Long pink silk.

A reception followed at the residence of the bride's mother. After a short wedding tour Mr. and Mrs. Long will reside on River street.

New Lodge Instituted.

Supreme Councillor Robert C. Huntress, assisted by Supreme Banker William E. Littlefield, Supreme Judge Charles E. Abbott, and Supreme Medical Director David Evans, instituted Amethyst Lodge, No. 23, Order of the Solid Rock, at Robertson hall last evening. The following are the officers of the new lodge:

Chief Councillor,—Joseph W. Lombard.
Vice Councillor,—Hugh Owens.
Recorder,—John Evans.
Banker,—George Prout, Jr.
Chaplain,—Mrs. Edith Green.
Guide,—William J. Star.
Guard,—C. J. Rouse.
Sentinel,—Peter Star.

Celebrate Tonight.

This evening Granite lodge, of the Order Sons of St. George, will celebrate its fifth anniversary at Faxon hall with an entertainment, dance and supper. John T. Pearce will give the address of welcome. A variety entertainment will follow, a prominent feature being Prof. Clare's carnival of fun. The grand march will be at 9.30.

Improve the Opportunity

— AND —

GET A PAIR OF SHOES CHEAP.

We have 500 Pairs of Shoes, which we now offer at a bargain. These goods are not old or shopworn, but comprise a number of lines which we desire to close out in order that we may substitute new prices for them.

EVERY SHOE OFFERED IS A BARGAIN.

Among the lot there are:

38	pairs	Ladies' Straight Goat Button Waukenphast,	$2.00,	formerly $2.50
36	"	" Kid Button Opera Toe,	2.00,	" 2.50
7	"	J. N. Smith's Ladies' bright Dongola Laced, pat. tip,	2.00,	" 2.50
22	"	Ladies' Pallah Kid Button,	1.65,	" 2.00
9	"	Misses' Dongola Spring Heel Button.	1.50,	" 2.00
12	"	" St. Goat Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.50,	" 2.00
19	"	Children's Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.10,	" 1.50
10	"	Men's Calf Bals,	3.00,	" 3.75
5	"	each Cong. and Bals., Men's Fine Calf Shoes,	3.00,	" 4.00
6	"	" " " " " Enamel Shoes,	2.00,	" 2.75

While we call your especial attention to these goods, we believe it is for your interest to examine the whole lot on our **BARGAIN TABLES**, for **EVERY SHOE is a BARGAIN.**

SAVILLE & JONES, Adams Building.

A Full Assortment

— OF —

Dried Fruits, Apricots, Peaches, Prunes,

Evaporated Apples, &c.

WE ALSO HAVE IN STOCK A VARIETY OF

PICKLES, PRESERVES AND KETCHUPS.

A LARGE STOCK OF

Fancy and Common Crackers at very Low Prices.

The only agents for Keene Creamery Butter. In 1-2 lb. Prints and 5 and 10 lb. Tubs. Fresh every Week.

Doble's Hot Rolls and Bread every Afternoon. Try them if you want the best.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive a Gold Watch or Easy Chair.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period will be presented with a gold watch now on exhibition at T. L. Williams' jewelry store which cost over $50. A second prize is also offered to be given to the one standing second on the list, and will be a richly upholstered easy chair valued at $25.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

—BY—

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

MORE STOCK WANTED.

Boston and Maine Road to Make Extensive Improvements in Maine.

AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 21.—A bill introduced into the Maine legislature is of interest to Massachusetts people. It authorizes the Boston and Maine railroad to increase its capital stock by an amount not exceeding $5,000,000, the proceeds to be devoted to providing additional property and equipment for the road to construct additional railroads and the payment and reduction of debts. This act is not to impair the statute of the state relating to the Boston and Maine, passed in 1887. A lengthy communication was submitted from Hon. William L. Putnam, Portland, attorney for the road. It comprised the bill. He says that $1,500,000 of 7 per cent. bonds of the road become due before the session of the next legistature, also there is an unsecured floating debt represented by promissory notes which will soon mature, amounting to $2,555,000. There are $1,710,000 in improvements in progress, including $80,000 for new rolling stock contracted for. The executive officers of the road are satisfied that as soon as practicable they must double track thirty-five additional miles of the western division at a cost of $700,000, and about sixty-four miles of the Eastern division at a cost of $1,280,000, completely double-tracking both roads.

A GENERAL TIE-UP.

Alleged Breach of Faith on the Part of Railroad Officials Leads to Trouble.

HUNTINGTON, Ind., Jan. 21.—The Chicago and Erie railroad has a serious strike on its hands. Ever since the appointment of F. E. Merill as superintendent of the road there has been considerable dissatisfaction among the employes. About thirty days ago, C. C. Scott, one of the train dispatchers, was discharged, but all the dispatchers on the road took up his case and threatened a tie-up. The matter was compromised by the company suspending him for thirty days with the understanding that he was to be reinstated at the end of the time. The thirty days was up on Sunday, when the officials discharged Scott from the employ of the company. The employes claim that the discharge was a breach of faith on the part of the railway officials and resented it. The members of different brotherhoods, engineers, conductors and firemen, took the matter up and last evening decided to tie up the road. The strike on the Chicago and Erie from Marion, O., to Chicago will involve not less than 600 men. The employes of the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio and the New York, Lake Erie and Western as far east as Salamanca endorse the movement and will aid the men here.

MOHAMMEDANS PROTEST

Against the Czar's Expunging of Certain Verses from the Koran.

MOSCOW, Jan. 21.—There is deep-felt agitation among the Mohammedans of the czar's dominions in connection with what they consider an unwarranted interference with the Koran. Some time ago, it appears, Councillor Smirnoff, of the official press censorship bureau, issued an order which called for the expunging of thirteen verses from the Koran, or sacred book used by the Moslems within the Russian empire. The agitation is gradually spreading through Central Asia, and the Moslem preachers are now energetically denouncing the action of Russia in this matter. The Emir of Bokara and the Khan of Kiva, it is announced, will send delegates to the czar, asking him to restore to the Koran the verses which have been expunged.

DANGEROUS SPORT.

Serious Coasting Accidents at South Hadley Falls and Ansonia.

ANSONIA, Conn., Jan. 21.—As a result of the past few days' coasting, the double ripper has laid up eight persons with broken arms and legs. The authorities are to be asked to prohibit coasting on the steepest streets.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 21.—What will probably be two fatal accidents took place at South Hadley Falls. Both were coasting accidents. Joseph Wilson, an 8-year-old boy, ran against a tree, and Mattie Selfridge, a 4-year-old girl, ran into a hydrant, and both suffered concussion of the brain. The physicians give but little hope of recovery for the girl and none for the boy.

A Hermit's Treasure.

HADDAM, Conn., Jan. 21.—One day last week the emaciated body of William Munson was found in a small hut a few rods from Arnold's station on the Connecticut Valley railroad. He had occupied the hut for the past twelve years, living the life of a hermit. Munson's relatives removed the body, but did not trouble themselves to examine the hut, supposing it contained nothing of value. On Friday a party of young men visited the shanty and after a short investigation turned up bank books and railroad bonds valued at $7,000.

THE MAJORITY FIRM.

There Will Be a Vigorous Battle in the Senate.

VICE PRESIDENT'S POSITION

Is Causing Much Uneasiness Among the Democrats—The Behring Sea "War" Scare—A Row in the House—Appropriations for Indians.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The outcome of the next twenty-four hours will probably work a revolution in the senate. In official and political circles the deepest interest and concern are manifested. The struggle is now on the adoption of the cloture, and on its success or failure depends the fate of the election bill. It is apparent, from conversations with Senators Hoar, Aldrich, Sherman, Edmunds and others, that they are not certain of carrying their point, owing to the narrow margin in favor of the cloture or the election bill. There has been some doubt entertained as to the course Vice President Morton would pursue in the emergency. But in conversation upon the subject he defined his position as follows:

"As the constitutional presiding officer of the senate, and chosen to that place ex officio by the suffrages of the party which which holds the majority in that body, it would be my duty to conform to the wishes of that majority. The vice president is not a senator, nor does he exercise senatorial functions. He is Vice President of the United States, and, by authority of the constitution, president of the senate. To a certain degree he is responsible for the progress of legislation, and if any dilatory methods are resorted to to embarrass the majority, it is his duty to prevent in such line of procedure as the majority may direct."

The vice president bases his position on the ground that the constitution gives the majority the right to make rules for the conduct of business. The Democrats are very much alarmed, and one of the leaders remarked that if the vice president continued to hold to the position that an appeal was not debatable, of course the majority would be able to force a vote, and carry the cloture, if a quorum of Republicans were present. If they find themselves without a quorum the Democrats will leave the chamber, in the event of the adoption of the cloture, which means the passage of the election bill.

The order has gone forth to the Democrats of the house to throw every barrier in the way of legislation and to employ every parliamentary device for delay, even to the defeating of the appropriation bills. By this course they hope to prevent the final passage of the election bill and force an extra session. While the president desires an extra session of congress, Mr. Harrison, under the circumstances, is alarmed at the Democratic attitude and threats.

ABOUT THAT WAR SCARE.

Europe Got Its "Tip" from an American Correspondent of the London Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Secretary Blaine was asked if the state department had learned what was the cause of the "war" excitement a fortnight since in London. He replied that he had just received a copy of The London Times of Jan. 6, in which he found a dispatch from its regular American correspondent, dated Philadelphia, Jan. 5, as follows:

"Naval orders recently issued indicate the gathering of a formidable American fleet in the Pacific waters before the Behring sea fishing season opens. Eleven war ships and five revenue cutters are now, or will soon be there, having 90 guns and 2262 men. Seven other steamers, it is rumored, will also be chartered for revenue duty, thereby increasing the fleet to 23 ships, with 118 guns and 3000 men, including two of the fastest and most powerful of the new cruisers—the San Francisco and the Charleston. All these can arrive at Port Townsend by May. Six are at San Francisco and nine others in the Pacific."

Mr. Blaine said that, on hearing of this unfounded and mischievous telegram, he had sent to the navy department and had been informed by Secretary Tracy that there has been this winter a smaller naval force on the Pacific than at any time for the last ten years. Instead of the large force with 118 guns and 3000 men, as The Times correspondent stated, the whole number of ships is five, the guns thirty-one and the number of men 856. The force is not so great as it was in January, 1890, and the force then was much smaller than in January, 1889. Mr. Blaine added that he thought the correspondent of The Times owed an explanation to the American people. It is stated at the navy department that anyone making inquiry could have received definite and accurate information, and that there was, therefore, no excuse whatever for transmitting erroneous statements to Europe.

MACE BROUGHT INTO USE.

Representative Mills of Texas Creates Rather an Exciting Scene in the House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Representative Mills created a scene in the house that was attended with great excitement, which was only quelled by the mace of the sergeant-at-arms. Mr. McKinley demanded the yeas and nays on the approval of the journal after the Democrats had caused about an hour's time to be consumed in reading all the petition and other irrevalent matter, and the speaker ordered the roll call to proceed, whereupon Mr. Mills charged both the speaker and Maj. McKinley with an attempt to perpetrate a fraud upon the house. The speaker and Mr. McKinley remained perfectly cool, making no reply to the Texan's vehement attacks, but Mr. Cutcheon of Michigan came down the center aisle, and he and Mr. Mills would have got into an altercation that would have led to blows had not the friends of Mr. Mills got him back to his seat. Quiet was then restored, and the roll call then proceeded.

A SLIGHT INCREASE

In the Appropriations for Our Red Brethren the Next Fiscal Year.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The house committee on Indian affairs has nearly completed the Indian appropriation bill for the coming fiscal year. The bill will carry an appropriation of about $6,950,000, against $6,742,767 appropriated for the current fiscal year. The most important items in the bill are for the support of Indian tribes, $2,930,245, for the subsistence and civilization of various bands, purchase of agricultural implements, etc., $755,000, and for the miscellaneous expenses of the service, $893,255. The appropriation for Indian schools is placed at $1,800,900. The appropriation for the support of the Sioux is fixed at $1,000,000, an increase of $250,000 over that for the present fiscal year.

The Second State Dinner.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The second of the series of state dinners to be given this season by President and Mrs. Harrison took place last night, the guests being members of the diplomatic corps. The White House was decorated elaborately with plants, palms, ferns and many specimens of cut and growing flowers. The dinner was held in the state dining room, where a lavish display of flowers and plants was also made.

In Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—In the senate, ten ex-governors of Massachusetts, with other prominent men, petitioned that Gen. Banks be placed on the army retired list. Mr. Aldrich's attempt to call up the cloture rule was thwarted by the Democrats, and Mr. George continued his argument against the election.

In the house, Speaker Reed's course was denounced by Mr. Mills of Texas, amid much confusion and uproar. The negro question was again brought into the debate on the District of Columbia bill in committee of the whole.

O'BRIEN NOT IN IT.

He Disclaims Having Any Connection with the New National Paper.

PARIS, Jan. 21.—In an interview here William O'Brien said he knew nothing of the alleged circular announcing that the promoters of the new national paper in Dublin were offering to return the money which had been subscribed for the enterprise, owing to his declining to accept the editorship. Mr. O'Brien further said that the new company was launched during his voyage homeward, and that those interested in the paper had no authority to announce him as the chairman of the company or the editor of the publication.

Getting Along Without Leaders.

DUBLIN, Jan. 21.—From official sources it is learned that 900 tenants in Kilkenny who adopted "the plan of campaign" have paid their rents since the split in the Irish party, and that 30 per cent. of the tenants are now anxious to come to terms with the landlords.

Timothy Healy's Close Call.

DUBLIN, Jan. 21.—Timothy D. Healy, M. P., lectured at Mullingar, and as he left the hall a mob of Parnellites tried to assault him. A number of priests interposed and saved him from rough handling.

OF INTEREST TO RAILROADS.

A Decision Which Gives Them an Advantage Over the Pullman Company.

CHICAGO, Jan. 21.—Judges Gresham and Blodgett denied the application of the Pullman Palace Car company for a temporary injunction to restrain the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad company and the Michigan Central Railroad company from using vestibule face plates and equalizer mechanism, said to have been invented and patented by George M. Pullman on their Wagner car sleeping cars. This same patent was involved in a suit recently tried in the United States circuit court of Massachusetts, before Judge Colt. There it was held that the Wagner company and President Webb were infringing upon Mr. Pullman's rights, and an injunction was issued against them. Since that time the Michigan Central and Lake Shore roads have been using the Pullman vestibule, merely omitting the spring in the face plates, which was covered by the Sessions patent. This decision makes it possible for any railroad not operating in Massachusetts to use the Pullman vestibule without the Sessions spring, pending the final hearing of the case.

CAUGHT IN THE ACT.

Two Burglars Have a Fight with a Plucky Man in Springfield.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 21.—Upon entering the wholesale meat and provision establishment of Armour & Co. last night, H. W. Phillips, the cashier, discovered two burglars operating upon the safe in the office. The burglars approached him and demanded the combination, which he positively declined to disclose.

In a melee which ensued young Phillips grabbed a chair and used it freely in self-defense. He raised an alarm, whereupon a shot was fired, the bullet passing through the top of his hat. The burglars escaped, but without the desired booty.

Noted Newspaper Man Dead.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—Charles P. Jones, connected with The New York Times for the past fourteen years as news and telegraph editor, died suddenly. He was 39 years old and a son of Justin Jones, publisher of The Yankee Blade at Boston. He founded The Sunday Voice at Cleveland, O., managed The Richmond (Va.) Whig for a time and in 1878 came to The Times.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Latest Quotations of the New York and Boston Stock Markets—Jan. 20.

A firm tone prevailed in the New York stock market, but the dullness was most intense, and it was only in a few of the leading stocks that any motion could be detected, and the limited trading was devoid of feature of any kind. There was some animation in Union Pacific and Northern Pacific preferred.

The Boston market was dull and steady until within a few minutes of the close. Apart from Atchison and New England there was little interest.

The New York Market.

Atchison	30⅛	Nor. Pac. pref.	71¼
Central Pacific	30¼	Oregon Trans.	....
Chi & Northwest	108	Oregon Navi.	78
Del Lack & West	138½	Pacific Mail.	34
Del & Hudson	135	Reading	32⅞
Illinois Central	99½	Texas Pacific	18⅜
Lake Shore	107½	Union Pacific	45½
Missouri Pacific	65⅜	Wabash St. L. & P.	10
N. J. Central	114	do pref.	20
N. Y. Central	102½	Wheel & Lake Erie	70¼
Northern Pacific	28¼	Western Union	79¾

The Boston Market.

Aspinwall Land	....	Fitchburg pref.	85
Fremn's Bay Land	6¾	Flint & Pere Mar.	....
Newport Land	2⅛	Maine Central	....
West End Land	23	Mexican Central	23½
Atchison	30⅛	N. Y. & N. E.	37⅜
Atlantic & Pacific	5¾	do pref.	119
Boston & Lowell	....	Old Colony	....
Boston & Maine	204	Union Pacific	45⅝
Boston & Prov.	....	Wisconsin Central	....
Chicago, B & Q.	91⅜	American Bell Tel.	204
Central Mass.	20	Mexican	....
do pref.	39½	Erie Tel.	50
Eastern	....	New England Tel.	52

The Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—FLOUR—Unsettled; city mills $5 10 to 5 35; city mills patents $5 to 5 65; winter wheat, low grades, $3 45 to 3 90; do fair to fancy $3 90 to 5 00; do patents $4 40 to 5 40; Minnesota clear $4 10 to 4 85; do straights $4 35 to 5 10.

WHEAT—Higher; No 2 red $1 05⅝ elevator; No 3 red 100 to 100½.

CORN—Quiet; No 2, 59½ to 60c elevator; steamer mixed 59½ to 59¾c.

OATS—Higher; No 3, 50c; No 1, 52 to 52¾c; mixed western, 4 9to 52c.

COFFEE—Rio easy; fair cargoes 19c.

SUGAR—Raw higher; refined quiet; granulated 6¼c cubes 6 7-16c.

PORK—Quiet; mess $11 50 to 12 00; extra prime $9 50 to 10 00.

BEEF—Firm; beef hams quiet; cut meats firm; pickled bellies 5⅞ to 5¾c.

LARD—Dull; western steam 6 07½; city 5 50 to 5 55.

CHEESE—Firm; state 8 to 10¼; fancy 10 to 10¼c.

BOYS

OF QUINCY.

ATTENTION!

WILLIAMS,

THE

JEWELER,

Will give a Fine Silver Waltham Watch to the boy bringing the greatest number of LEDGER COUPONS to his store before March 1st.

This Watch is

No Waterbury Humbug;

It is one of the Genuine

American Waltham Watch Co.'s

Make, and is Warranted to give perfect satisfaction. It is now on exhibition in his Show Window, and may be inspected by anyone.

Now Boys, get a gait on you, and hustle for it!

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.

NEW BAKERY

JUST OPENED,

—IN—

Adams Building, cor. Temple and Hancock Sts.

The public are informed that I have opened a Bakery in the Adams Building, where will be kept a full line of

Bread, Cake, Pastry.

TRY OUR ANGEL CAKE.

Plain and Fancy Crackers. All kinds of Confectionery.

HOT BREAD AND ROLLS EVERY AFTERNOON.

WEDDING CAKE A SPECIALTY.

W. A. HODGES,

PROPRIETOR.

Jan. 17. 2w

TWO BIG BARGAINS.

Men's "All-wool" Scarlet	Children's "All-wool"
SHIRTS AND DRAWERS	VESTS AND PANTS,
REDUCED FROM	Sizes from 20 to 32,
$1.00 to 75 cts.	Any Size at Only 59 cents.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.,

ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our

Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel.

PRATT & CURTIS,

25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

DO YOU WANT A

NEW PIANO?

Don't say you cannot afford to get one till you have given us a trial. Ask by postal card and we will send you free, a Catalogue, tell you our prices, explain our plan of EASY PAYMENTS, and generally post you on the Piano question.

You may save $50. by writing us a postal card.

IVERS & POND PIANO CO.

183 Tremont St., Boston.

IS BUSINESS DULL WITH YOU?

ADVERTISING IS AN ANTIDOTE FOR DULLNESS.

•TRY•IT•

AND SEE YOUR STORE FILL WITH CUSTOMERS.

ERY

P,

Hancock Sts.

have opened a
here will be kept

Pastry.

CAKE.

of Confectionery.

Y AFTERNOON.

LTY.

GES,

2w

CAINS.

ren's "All-wool"

AND PANTS,

from 20 to 32,

at Only 59 cents.

n & Co.,

NCY.

OWN!

make all the induce-
r the present will

75 per Barrel.

URTIS,

QUINCY.

NT A

ANO?

y you cannot afford
one till you have
a trial. Ask by
rd and we will send
, a Catalogue, tell
prices, explain our
EASY PAYMENTS,
erally post you on
no question.

s a postal card.

ANO CO.

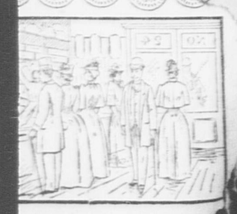
Boston.

USINESS

ULL

T YOU?

SING
DULLNESS.



BEST IN THE MARKET!

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, July 9. tf

JOB PRINTING

At the Patriot Office.

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Nov. 10. tf

TRADESMAN:
THIS NEWSPAPER
CIRCULATES IN THE HOMES
OF PEOPLE BUYING THE
KIND OF GOODS YOU MAY
HAVE TO SELL.
MORAL:
INVITE THEM TO YOUR STORE

FLANDERS' TONIC

Tones up the Stomach. Makes the Brain Active

Purify your Blood with Flanders' Tonic. That Tired Feeling will be Unknown to those who use it.

A Boon to Overworked Men and Women!

If your Children are ailing, "no appetite," languid and without Strength Flanders' Tonic will build them up.

TRY IT! TAKE NO OTHER!

WONDERFUL IN ITS MAKE-UP!

A Combination of Malt Calisaya and Hypophosphites. Tonic and Stimulant.

Guaranteed by all Druggists.

$1.00. Six Bottles for $5.00.

FLANDERS' MANDRAKE PILLS beats them all. Price 25 Cents.

Physicians endorse it. Ask your druggist for it; if he cannot supply you, send direct to us. We prepay express charges upon receipt of price. Made only by

Flanders' Tonic Co., Woburn, Mass., U. S. A.

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 21.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1880—Granite Lodge, No. 193, Sons of St. George, instituted.

World Wide.

1457—Birth of Henry VIII, king of England; died 1509.
1609—Death of Joseph Scaliger; born 1540.
1750—Birth of Thomas, Lord Erskine, lord chancellor; died 1823.
1788—Birth of William Henry Smith, admiral, naval surveyor; died 1865.
1793—Louis XVI guillotined in Paris. When the guillotine descended the priest said, "Son of St. Louis! ascend to heaven," and the people shouted, "Vive la Republique!" Born 1754.
1825—Birth of Stonewall Jackson, American Confederate general; died 1863.
1837—Death of Dr. Robert Macnish, miscellaneous writer; born 1802.
1858—Death of Henry Hallam, historian; born 1778.
1870—Death of George D. Prentice at Louisville, Ky., wit and journalist.
1880—Died in New York, Commodore Homer C. Blake, aged 58 years.
1888—Death of Eliza Ballou Garfield, mother of ex-President Garfield, at Mentor, O.; born 1802.

Gone Up.

CHICAGO, Jan. 21.—The Chicago Gas Trust has decided to surrender its charter and wind up its business as soon as possible. Another corporation having the same ends and purposes, but organized differently, will probably succeed it. The cause of the Gas Trust's disruption was a decision of the supreme court that under the anti-trust laws of Illinois the trust could not legally hold the stock of its constituent companies.

A Maniac's Power.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 21.—During mass last night a maniac calling himself Patrick, took possession of St. Paul's cathedral here. He obstinately held the worshippers of the great church in terror all the evening, and at this morning's early mass was especially violent. He was finally removed by policemen after holding the cathedral for eighteen hours, and is now under lock and key.

Care of Maine's Insane.

AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 21.—At the meeting of the governor and council, the council committees were announced. The commissioners to purchase a site for the Eastern Maine Insane hospital at Bangor, and prepare plans for building such institution, have reported to the governor and council. The legislature will be asked for an appropriation to erect the buildings.

Ocean Steamer Disabled.

LONDON, Jan. 21.—The Wilson line steamer Otranto, which sailed for Newcastle Jan. 18 for New York, arrived here from Gravesend in a damaged condition. She was docked for repairs. Her bows were damaged in a collision with the sinking steamer Lyon, the accident occurring near Gravesend at midnight.

Carl Brunn, the workman who aided Carl Schurz to effect his escape from Spandau in 1850, has just died in Hoerde, Westphalia. He was imprisoned two years for this act of help to Mr. Schurz.

Did Not Trouble Him.

When Sam Jones was preaching in a western town some time ago he was annoyed by a young man who was whispering to his girl. Finally the preacher could stand the interruption no longer, so he looked straight at the young man and said:

"I will pause until the young man in the back of the room gets through talking."

The silence was intense, and every eye was on the young man, who was still whispering to his girl. He had been so busy that he had not caught the preacher's censure. Mr. Jones repeated the remark, and this time the young man heard him. Not an instant did he hesitate, but he immediately tried to square himself. While every one was watching him he looked squarely at the preacher and said:

"Go right ahead, Mr. Jones, you are not bothering me."—Yankee Blade.

Politeness.

A Neapolitan gentleman happened to show a beautiful watch to a Frenchman. The latter admired it so much that the Neapolitan politely offered it to him. The Frenchman, to his great surprise, accepted it, whereupon the donor remarked:

"How now, sir, where are your manners? What I so politely offered to you, you should have as politely refused!"—London Tit-Bits.

Business Always.

This inscription was found upon a tablet in a country cemetery:

"Here lies the body of ——, who for many years conducted a highly respectable general business in an adjoining village, which is now continued by his widow. N. B.—No trust given."—London Tit-Bits.

Quite Proper.

"Talk about the fitness of things," exclaimed Dumley, pointing to a speeding vehicle. "There's an illustration of it. Dr. Lancet, the surgeon, out sleighing in a cutter."—Boston Courier.

A Crisis.

She—Please hold my wrap.
He—Certainly. Shall I put it around you first?—Life.

A FAMOUS MONARCH.

King Kalakaua Breathes His Last at San Francisco.

HIS SISTER SUCCEEDS HIM.

He Was an Extensive Traveler and Was Universally Liked—A Story of His Career and Tribulations as a Ruler.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 21. — Kalakana, King of the Hawaiian Islands, died at the Palace hotel in this city. At his bedside were his physicians and other attendants, including Consul General McKinley, Col. R. H. Baker, the king's chief of staff, Col. George MacFarlane, his chamberlain, and several ladies. As the end was seen to be approaching, Rev. Dr. J. Sanders Reed, rector of Trinity church, began reading scriptural passages, which were continued until Medical Inspector Woods, who was bending over the king, announced that the last spark of life had fled. The king's remains will be embalmed at once. While no definite arrangements have been made yet for the funeral services here, and the the removal of the remains to the islands, it is probable that the services will be held in Trinity Episcopal church on Thursday and that the remains will leave for Honolulu on the United States flagship Charleston before the close of the week. Flags on the public buildings in this city were placed at half-mast.

PRINCESS LILIUKALANI.

[Heir presumptive to the throne.]

Kalakaua, King of the Sandwich Islands was personally known to many in America through his three visits in 1860, 1874 and 1881, and his name was familiar to nearly every one. It is not so many years back that the King of the Sandwich Islands was regarded as almost a mystic personage, about whom there was little knowledge and more jokes, but the visits of Kalakaua and afterward of his wife, Queen Kapiolani, served to emphasize the noticeable advance made in their land and the prospects of still greater progress. Kalakaua spoke English fluently. He wore the European costume with familiarity and grace, and comported himself as a man of the world. His complexion was dark brown, his hair black as night, his forehead large, his eyes brilliant and piercing and his lips curved and somewhat sensual.

He was born Nov. 16, 1836. Descended from the ancient Kings of Hawaii, he was educated at the royal school of his native city—a thoroughly English institution—and was at once installed among the leading nobles of the kingdom. At the age of 27 he was married to Kapiolani (the prisoner of heaven) who was then 29 years old. Eleven years later, in 1874, King Lunalilo died, and Kalakaua (David), son of Kapaaka, was elected king by the legislature on Feb. 12, 1874, thirty-nine votes having been given for him against six for his rival, the dowager Queen Emma, who was much revered. A riot in favor of the queen took place upon the occassion, but owing to the interference of an American and an English vessel of was, then laing in the harbor, it was speedily quelled, and Kalakaua placed securely upon the throne.

That year Kalakaua made his tour of the world, accompanied by Attorney General William N. Armstrong of the Hawaiian Islands, who traveled with him as one of his four ministers of state, by Col. Judd, his first chamberlain, and by Maj. McFarland and many domestics. His first visit was to San Francisco, where he was entertained most sumptuously. He next went to Sacramento and thence to Japan, where he was the guest of the emperor, and was entertained by the mikado and princes of the royal blood. Having attained the thirty-third degree of Masonry, the fraternity tendered him a ball at Yokohama; but the massacre of the Emperor of Russia occurring at the time, the idea of giving the festival was abandoned.

He next visited China, and from there proceeded through India, Egypt and the European countries, becoming the guest of Queen Victoria, the King of Portugal and other royal rulers, and finally landing in New York. Boston was visited then and afterward. In Washington during his first tour Kalakaua was handsomely entertained by President and Mrs. Grant at the White House. Queen Emma was in America as the guest of the government in 1866, so that three members in all of the royal family of the Sandwich Islands have been welcomed in America.

About the year 1881 Kalakaua requested his cabinet to resign, and appointed a new set of ministers, one of whom, Celsius Caesar Moreno, was especially obnoxious to the residents of the capital. Mass meetings were called, and the deposition of the king was openly threatened if he did not yield to their demands and dismiss the adventurer Moreno. Finally the king, at the demand of the people, backed by the representatives of the foreign consuls, dismissed Moreno, and the matter was settled. During the crisis the king's army was drawn around the palace, and two small cannon defended the gates.

An open revolt and general uprising of the people occurred in July, 1887, by which the Gibson ministry was overthrown, the king was deprived of his power, but was permitted to remain on the throne, and a new cabinet was formed, headed by William M. Green. A new constitution was also formed, which established the principle of ministerial responsibility.

The question of succession is clear, according to past custom of the islands, but for all that there is likely to be trouble. The recent attempt at revolution indicated that when the time came for a change of administrative leader complications would at once be started by interested people or nations. The Queen Kapiolani will become the Queen Regent.

The heir presumptive is Liliukalani, who visited Boston with the queen. She is the sister of Kalakaua, and was born Sept. 2, 1838. There is also another sister, Miriam Likelike, who was born Jan. 13, 1851, and who married in 1870 Hon. Archibald Scott Cleghorn. Those are all the members of the royal family eligible for the throne, there being no children of the king.

Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, Jan. 21.—Yesterday's senate business included the oleomargarine question and the abolition of grade crossings without the consent of railroad directors. The house order for the regulation of mercantile agencies was rejected. The house attended only to routine matters.

A RUSSIAN TRANSACTION

In Which a Jewish Baron Narrowly Escapes Imprisonment.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 21.—A well known Jewish banker named Baron Ginzburg last week waited on M. Durnovo, minister of the interior, and asked him to try to alleviate or to postpone the carrying out of the edict which had been issued for the repression of Jews in Russia. During the interview the baron handed to the minister an envelope containing a check for 1,000,000 roubles, payable to the order of M. Durnovo and endorsed by the Mendelssohns of Berlin. M. Durnovo subsequently obtained an audience with the czar and gave him the check, telling him of the manner in which it had come into his possession. The czar thereupon gave orders for the arrest of Baron Ginzburg. The baron declared that the check was not given as a bribe, but as an ordinary banking transaction, as the books of his firm would show. Upon an investigation being made the books proved that the order had been received in the usual manner from Berlin. The czar then ordered that the prisoner be released and the check returned to him. Baron Ginzburg refused to take the check. The czar thereupon ordered that half of the money be given to the Red Cross society and the other half used for the relief of the poor.

THE WESTERN STYLE.

Poker Players Object to Being Robbed and are Killed Therefor.

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 21.—Particulars in regard to a quintuple tragedy reported from McCarthyville are received. McCarthyville is a tent town, located at the head of the Great Northern railroad extension, in the Flathead country. Three masked men entered the tent where five graders were seated at a table playing poker, being attracted by the sight of $700 lying on the table. The players were commanded to throw up their hands, and upon refusing the robbers opened fire, killing two of the graders and seriously wounding the other three. They then took the money and fled.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

A general thaw has set in throughout England.

The Bank of Downs, Downs, Kan., has closed its doors.

A new refuge for the homeless has been opened in Paris.

Heavy snow storms are reported throughout Greece.

The Fall River Board of Trade is opposed to free coinage.

Senator Ingalls' chances of re-election are said to have improved.

Sweeping reductions in the pope's household expenses are to be made.

The Chinese port of Chun-Khing is to be opened to foreign vessels.

About twenty more fishermen left Halifax for the Behring sea seal fishery.

Car works at Kansas City, have shut down because of proscriptive freight rates.

Chinese officials have been ordered to accord a proper reception to the czarewitch.

Mr. Parnell urges a full attendance of Irish members at the reopening of parliament.

A Stoughton, Mass., man attempted to kill his wife and child and cut his own throat.

The will of Mrs. Walter Barker contains public bequests amounting to about $120,000.

Gregoire, who helped Padlewski to escape, has been set free by the French court of appeals.

An ex-collector of Halifax is to run for parliament on the issue of unrestrained reciprocity.

News has been received at Berlin from Zanzibar that Baron Wissmann has become insane.

Massachusetts sent out her protest last night from Faneuil hall against the free coinage of silver.

In Georgia town four children perished in their burning home while their parents were at church.

The pope denies having written to President Harrison in regard to the treatment of the Indians.

The French chamber of deputies approves Minister Ribot's course of treaties with other countries.

The refusal to grant increased pay to engineers on the Lake Erie and Western railroad may result in a strike.

There is great distress in Rawlings county, Kan., and the legislature has been asked to authorize state aid.

E. H. Forbush has resigned the presidency of the Worcester Natural History association on account of ill health.

George T. Hathaway, who acquired fame as a defaulter in Fall River, was found drowned in the bleachery pond at Assonet.

Charles Bradlaugh, M. P., was a tailor's shopwalker when he was a young man, and first came into notice as a member of a country debating club.

The Citizens' Association of Boston has addressed congress on the subject of more stringent methods in the naturalization of aliens in United States courts.

The civil service commissioners deny that the president has rebuked them for publicly answering certain statements in the postmaster general's report.

The Grand Duke Nicholas, the czar's uncle, is said to be recovering his mental balance. His physique is also said to be showing signs of improvement.

The first female deputy county clerk in West Virginia has been sworn in. Her name is Miss Sallie Tierney, and she was appointed by the clerk of the county court of Lewis county.

Signor Jessada of Genoa, Italy, a leader in the great lace industry of that country, has specimens of the fabric woven in the year 1400. He considers these the earliest productions of the art.

Willis S. Lee, a brakeman on a New York and New Haven freight train, failed to stoop as his train came into New Haven under a bridge. His skull was broken and he died in an hour.

It appears that the late Duke of Bedford shot himself during a temporary fit of insanity and while suffering from extreme pain and weakness. A verdict in accordance with the facts has been rendered.

The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad's depot at Montclaire, N. J., was burned with four Pullman and two passenger coaches, seven freight cars and a considerable quantity of freight. The loss is estimated at $100,000; covered by insurance.

The King of Siam will soon send six youths from his kingdom to Pennsylvania to be educated. They are all to become physicians. The young men are chosen from among the poorer classes, and the expense of their tuition, about $500 a year each, is to be borne by the Siamese government.

THE NUTMEG FIGHT.

Meeting of Both Branches of the Legislature.

THE "FOR" VOTES ALLOWED

In the House—Senate Called to Order by Lieutenant Governor Merwin—United States Senatorial Nominations and Elections in Various States.

HARTFORD, Jan. 21.—A large number of people, politicians and other spectators, gathered at the capitol to watch the developments in the political situation. The house met, and, after preliminary business, received a report from the committee on contested elections in the Wilton case, where Chichester, Rep., was counted out because of a "for" on the Republican ballots. The committee reported in favor of Mr. Chichester, and a vote by yeas and nays resulted in seating him, 151 to 88.

The senate assembled, and was called to order by Lieutenant Governor Merwin, Republican, who holds over under the old administration. Hon. J. W. Alsop, Democrat, who was declared lieutenant governor last week, was absent, and it is said not to be in the city. After a prayer by the chaplain, Lieutenant Governor Merwin made a short address to the senate, explaining that circumstances over which he had no control kept him in office longer than was expected, and that thereby he was placed in a most delicate position. No one would welcome Mr. Alsop more cheerfully than he after the general assembly should declare Mr. Alsop elected. Until then he himself should hold the office, and when it appeared to be his duty, he should come and take up the gavel. He then called the president pro tem—Senator Reed—to the chair, and retired.

The house proceeded to vote for United States senator. The result of the call was announced as follows: Total number of votes, 253; necessary to a majority, 127. Orville H. Platt of Meriden, Republican, had 134, and was therefore declared elected.

In the senate, C. H. Platt had 7 votes and Charles French 17, every senator being present.

Another Adjournment.

HARTFORD, Jan. 21. — The adjourned Democratic caucus called for the nomination of a United States senator, was attended by hardly fifty members of the legislature. The nomination was again postponed and an adjournment taken until to-day. Both bodies were in joint assembly to-day. The re-election of Mr. Platt is universally expected by Republicans. It is thought that the Democratic nomination will finally go to Hon. Carlos French of Seymour.

SENATOR BLAIR'S SUCCESSOR.

Voting for United States Senator in the New Hampshire Legislature.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 21.—A ballot was taken in the house for United States senator to succeed Hon. Henry W. Blair. The clerk called the roll and each member arose and announced the candidate for whom he desired to vote. The ballot resulted as follows: Charles H. Burns 1, Charles A. Sinclair 163, Jacob H. Gallinger 181. The pairs announced were Mr. Gallinger with Mr. Bingham, and Mr. Thing, Rep., of Gilford, with Mr. Prescott, Dem., of Laconia. In the senate the vote was as follows: Harry Bingham 1, Charles A. Sinclair 9, Jacob H. Dallinger 14. The vote for Bingham was given by Mr. Sinclair. In each house the name of Jacob H. Gallinger was entered upon the records as the choice of the majority of members.

A caucus of the Republicans of the legislature was held last night, and the following nominations were made for state officers, to be balloted for to-day: Secretary of the state, Ezra S. Stearns, Rindge; state treasurer, Solon A. Carter, Concord; state printer, Edward W. Pearson, Concord; commissary general, Oliver A. Gibbs, Dover.

Senator Mitchell's Big Vote.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Senator Mitchell of Oregon was re-elected by the Oregon legislature as his own successor for the ensuing term of six years from March 4 next, receiving on first ballot every Republican vote in each house of the legislature, thus giving him a two-thirds majority in each house and a majority of thirty-six over all.

It is Senator Cameron.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 21.—The vote for United States senator in the senate resulted: Cameron (Rep.), 31; Black (Dem), 15. Senator Logan (Dem.) voted for J. C. Aibly. Three Democrats absent and not voting. In the house the vote was: Cameron, 113; Black, 77; Taggart (Ind-Rep.), 7.

Vance Leads in North Carolina.

RALEIGH, S. C., Jan. 21.—In the North Carolina legislature a ballot for United States senator was taken. In the senate the vote was 40 for Zebulon B. Vance and 7 for Peter C. Pritchard. In the house the vote was 86 for Vance, 13 for Pritchard and one for Oliver H. Dockery.

Senator Squire Has One Majority.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Jan. 21.—At the caucus of the Republicans Senator Squire was nominated for United States senator. Fifty-six Republican members signed the call for the caucus and agreed to abide by its choice. This gives Squire a majority of one on joint ballot.

Senator Voorhees Renominated.

INDIANAPOLIS Jan. 21.—The Democratic majority of the legislation in caucus nominated Daniel W. Voorhees to succeed himself as United States senator. The election will occur Thursday.

She Lost Her Gold.

BANGOR, Jan. 21.—Mrs. Abigail Snow of South Orrington had a large amount of gold in her trunk in her sleeping room, which she claimed she had not looked at for a year. Yesterday she found the box empty and there is no clue to the thieves.

Giving In.

GLASGOW, Jan. 21.—Forty-four railway strikers, including a number of veteran engineers and other old employes, returned to work last night on the Caledonian railway.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Forecast for Maine and New Hampshire: Fair; westerly winds; stationary temperature, except in eastern Maine, warmer.

For Vermont: Warmer; fair, except local snows in northern portion; winds shifting to southerly.

For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Fair, warmer; southerly winds.

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately.

Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.

Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

PLANT FOOD

FOR SALE AT

FRANK F. CRANE'S.

Quincy, Jan. 10. tf

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND

ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING,

QUINCY AVENUE.

Nov. 13. 3 mos

POSTAL SERVICE.

Mails Arrive.

Boston,	6.20 A.M.
"	9.00 "
"	12.15 P.M.
"	5.40 "
"	5.15 "
"	6.30 "
N. Y., South and West,	7.20 A.M.
N. Y., South and West,	4.45 P.M.
Cape Cod,	7.00 "
Quincy Point,	8.30 A.M.
"	4.15 P.M.
South Shore,	6.30 "

Deliveries.

At 7.30 A. M. (12.30 P. M. Business Delivery.) and 4 P. M.

Mails Close.

Boston,	7.15 A.M.
"	9.35 "
"	12.25 P.M.
"	4.40 "
"	6.00 "
"	8.00 "
N. Y., South and West,	7.15 A.M.
N. Y., South and West,	7.55 P.M.
Cape Cod,	7.45 A.M.
"	3.15 P.M.
Quincy Point,	8.30 A.M.
"	5.00 P.M.
South Shore,	7.45 A.M.

Collections.

From Boxes at 5.45, 8.00 A. M. (Business Section 12.45) and 4.15 P.M.

W. W. ADAMS, *Postmaster.*

Old Colony.

On and after Oct. 13, 1890.

Trains Leave

QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.11, 6.55, 7.27, 7.33, 7.38, 7.52, 8.12, 8.34, 8.40, 9.18, 9.59, 10.38, 10.57 A. M.; 12.05, 1.02, 1.17, 1.42, 2.50, 4.00, 4.07, 4.48, 4.57, 5.33, 5.40, 6.14, 7.05, 7.10, 8.11, 9.06, 10.19, 10.24 P. M. **SUNDAY**—9.19, 9.31 A. M.; 1.46, 5.53, 6.15, 7.25, 8.14, 9.16, 11.01 P. M.

RETURN.—5.45, 6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 10.05, 11.02 A. M.; 12.00 M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.30, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4 42, 5.10, 5.33, 6.00, 6.07 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 8.15, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY**—8.30, 9.00, 9.15, A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 5.45, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

WOLLASTON HEIGHTS FOR BOSTON.—6.14, 6.59, 7.37, 7.41, 8.15, 8.46, 9.21, 10.02, 11.00 A. M.; 12.08, 1.05, 1.45, 2.53, 4.11, 5.00, 5.43, 6.18, 7.14, 8.15, 9.09, 10.28 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.34 A. M.; 1.49, 6.19, 9.20, 11.04 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02 A. M.; 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.07, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.19, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR BOSTON.—6.19, 7.02, 7.16, 7.44, 8.05, 9.24, 10.04, 11.15 A. M.; 12.11, 1.22, 1.56, 2.56, 4.15, 5.48, 6.31, 7.12, 7.17, 8.18, 9.12 10.31 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.37 A. M.; 1.52, 6.22, 9.23, 11.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 6.45, 7.35, 8.00, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02 A. M., 12.02, 12.30, 1.15, 1.55, 2.25, 3.12, 4.18, 4.22, 4.42, 5.33, 5.40, 6.15, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00 7 05, 10.00 P. M.

WEST QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.08, 7.05, 7.54, 9.11, 11.04 A. M.; 1.46, 3.45, 5.27, 6.20, 10.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25, 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

EAST MILTON FOR BOSTON—6.12, 7.09, 7.58, 9.15, 11.08 A. M.; 1.50, 3.55, 5.31, 6.24, 10.11 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR EAST MILTON AND WEST QUINCY.—6.48, 8.17, 10.00 A. M.; 12.50, 3.40, 4.42, 5.50, 6.42, 8.14 P. M.

GEO. L. CONNOR,
Gen'l Pass'r Agt.

J. R. KENDRICK,
General Manager.

MAKE HENS LAY.

Sheridan's Condition Powder.

Nothing on earth will make hens lay like it. Highly concentrated. One ounce is worth a pound of any other kind. Given in the food once daily. Cures all diseases; worth its weight in gold to keep them healthy. Testimonials Sent Free. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps. 2½-lb. cans, by mail, $1.20. Six cans, express prepaid, $5.00.

L. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston.

ALL LINEN

CRASH

5c. per Yard.

New Cheviot Shirtings,

10c. and 12 1-2c.

Ladies' and Children's

GAITERS,

50c. a pair

AT

Miss C. S. Hubbard's,

158 Hancock St., Quincy.

BUSSELL'S

Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

WANTED.

WANTED,—A girl to do general housework. Apply at No. 6 Baxter street. Quincy, Jan. 21. 3t

WANTED,—A strong, willing girl to do general housework. Swede preferred. Apply at 41 Hancock street. Jan. 13—tf

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

TO LET.

TO LET,—Furnished rooms, with or without board, at 44 CHESTNUT STREET. Quincy, Jan. 17.—9t

TO LET.—Very desirable property in South Quincy. House contains 11 rooms, city water and furnace; stable attached with accommodation for 6 horses. Five acres of land, cuts 7 tons hay. Plenty of fruit, etc. A sightly location, near Electric cars and railroad station. Will lease for term of years to right party. Enquire of B. N. ADAMS, Real Estate, Quincy. Jan. 13—pl tf

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month. Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms. Apply to HENRY H. FAXON. Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—One good new Milch Cow and Calf. L. E. WEYMOUTH, Glover avenue, Atlantic, Mass. Jan. 17—9t

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms To Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree
Geo. H. Hunt,	East Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 21.

High water at 8.30 A. M. and 9.30 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.08; Sets at 4.45.
Moon sets at 4.35 A. M.
Full Moon Jan. 24, 7.25 P. M.

THERE is an order in the Senate as to authorizing cities to collect assessments for watering streets, either by action at law or by lien upon abutting estates.

WE have received the first two numbers of the Woburn Daily City Press. It is a four-page paper, six columns to a page. It makes a neat appearance and we are pleased to note that it meets with encouragement in advertisements and sales at the start.

Is the City Council to give us more law this year? Upon the desk of each member Monday evening was a pocket edition of Cushing's Manual, with the Councilman's name printed in gilt thereon. We have known societies where it was thought the less Cushing the better, but with a city it is very different and every move must be according to law.

THE Councilman from Ward Five says he favors more business being done at the meeting of the Council, yet he objects to the reading of the Auditor's report for the closing month of the year, preferring it should be referred to a committee which may not be appointed for several weeks yet. Meanwhile the appropriation bill for 1891 may come in.

THE Mayor was much disappointed that the City Council did not speedily ratify his action relative to taking possession of the new Willard schoolhouse, as today he has a conference with Mr. Cushing and his bondsmen, and his position would have been stronger. His Honor intimated after the session that he might call a special meeting. Although he would gain but three or four days at the most, he argues that delays are costly, the recent storms doing considerable damage. The Council could have adopted the order offered, and would probably have done so willingly had they realized the importance.

O. S. S. G.

FIFTH ANNIVERSARY

— OF —

Granite Lodge, No. 193,

Order Sons of St. George, Quincy.

GRAND

Entertainment

AND DANCE

—AT—

FAXON HALL,

WEDNESDAY EVENING,

JAN. 21st, 1891.

To commence with an address of welcome by John T. Pearce, W. P.

Vocal music by the following well-known gentlemen: Louis G. Griffiths, R. E. Chapple, D. Williams, John Lillicrap, J. Symonds. Recitation by Miss Mabel Oxford. Following with a Carnival of Fun by PROF. CLARE, the Great American Illusionist, with his Immense and Brilliant Cabinet of Wonders. Extraordinary feats of Ledgerdemain. BLACK ART as performed by Prof. Kellar at the Boston Museum.

DANCING TO WILSON'S ORCHESTRA.

Grand March to commence at 9.30.

Floor Director,—S. T. Rex. Aids,—Fred Barnicoat, John Lawry and H. Barnicoat.

A responsible person will take charge of Clothing.

Admission to Entertainment and Supper, 50 Cents. Dancing 50 Cents.

Doors open at 7 P. M. Commence at 7.30.

Quincy, Jan. 17. 4t

NOTICE.

A Party for the Children of the Unitarian Parish will be given by the Social Club,

FRIDAY, Jan. 23, 1891,

From 4 until 9 o'clock.

Refreshments solicited to be sent at 4 o'clock.

Quincy, Jan. 20. 3t

Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.

Boston, Nov. 5. tf

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

For dried fruit visit Rogers Bros.

Excellent coasting and it is being enjoyed.

Mr. O'Brady has moved to his new house on Newbury avenue.

A church wedding is announced for tonight at Christ's church.

Durgin's is the place for a few days to get cut prices in medicines.

Have you examined the bargains in shoes advertised by Saville & Jones?

Mr. E. Blanchard, of Lexington, has been visiting with Mrs. Wilson at Atlantic.

Con Maguire, night flagman at the Quincy depot, who has been sick is on duty again.

Speciman ballots for the special election of Jan. 27 will be posted today or tomorrow.

John J. McCluskey is quite sick with pneumonia at his home on Hancock street, Atlantic.

There is to be a supper and entertainment at the West Quincy M. E. church this evening.

The fourth assembly of the Atlantic Social club will be held Friday evening, at Music hall.

An order has been adopted by the House as to increasing the salaries of the Norfolk County Commissioners.

Mt. Wollaston lodge worked the third degree upon a candidate, Tuesday night, and received four applications.

Next Friday is Children's Night with the Unitarian Social Club as will be seen by their notice in another column.

It is not definitely settled yet whether the first or second floor in the Perry building, Ward Five, will be used as a polling place.

A bon-bon party will be held at Robertson hall Thursday, under the management of Mr. John Westland and Mr. William Wilson.

The sum of $1800 was sold at 10 cents at the regular monthly meeting of the Wollaston Co-operative Bank held on Tuesday evening.

The Harmony Whist club spent a very pleasant evening with Dr. and Mrs. W. G. Kendall, Monday evening, at their residence on Atlantic street.

An old folks' concert is to be given at the Memorial church, Atlantic, at an early date under the direction of Mr. H. H. Bemis and Mrs. C. L. Coe.

Prof. George of Boston opened his dancing school at Music hall, Atlantic, Tuesday evening. His class, which numbers about forty, is composed of some of Atlantic's best people who anticipate a jolly time.

Company K, 5th Regiment (Braintree Light Infantry), will hold its annual prize drill and assembly at the Town Hall, South Braintree, Friday evening, Jan. 30. Arrangements have been made to convey the Quincy members and their friends by barges from South Braintree after the dance.

Mr. F. C. Packard, who is chairman of the committee which is booming Mr. Galen V. Bowditch in the LEDGER popularity contest, desires that all votes intended for that gentleman be forwarded to the headquarters at E. Packard & Co.'s, that a careful canvas may be made. Correspondence on the subject solicited.

Stephen L., 10-year-old son of Mr. George M. Harris, is suffering from a broken collar bone. Sunday morning while assisting J. Q. Adams' driver in delivering milk at West Quincy, he fell striking on his shoulder and although it pained the little fellow some, nothing serious was thought of it until he came home from school Monday when complaining of the increased pain a physician was summoned, who pronounced the bone broken. The little fellow is doing well but is suffering some pain.

TODAY'S COURT.

Henry Bride, of Randolph, for being drunk, paid a fine of $8.

George H. Bates and Dummer Sewall, of Cohasset, for assault on Mrs. Ida Litchfield and Mrs. Louise Litchfield, of Weymouth, at Cohasset Saturday Jan. 10, were found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of $24 and one half the costs each, from which an appeal was taken.

The evidence in this case showed that upon the day in question, Robert L. Curtis, accompanied by the two above named ladies were driving in a sleigh from the Cohasset depot toward the home of Mr. Curtis, and on their way they were overtaken by Messrs. Bates and Sewall who were in a buggy. Bates and Sewall would drive past Curtis and then allow Curtis to pass them; this they continued to do much to the annoyance of Curtis until the two conveyances came together, when after same words a altercation ensued in which Mrs. Ida Litchfield was struck in the face with a whip and Mrs. Louisa Litchfield had her hat torn from her head, both ladies being badly frightened.

The defence was a denial of the charge, and the claim made that Mr. Curtis began the trouble and in the altercation which ensued, the ladies were struck accidentally,

DIED.

COLLINS—In West Quincy, Jan. 21, James A., son of Mr. Arthur and Mrs. Mary G. Collins, aged 6 days.

BARTON—In Boston at the City Hospital, Jan. 20, Mr. Edward J. Barton of Milton Lower Mills.

HARTSHORN—In Walpole, Jan. 19, Mrs. Mary A., widow of Calvin Hartshorn aged 83 years, 3 months and 12 days.

WEYMOUTH.

A number of ladies and gentlemen from East Weymouth go to South Weymouth this evening to take the Rebecca degree.

Weymouth will hold a special town meeting Friday evening, when the question of adopting the Australian ballot system for town election will be brought up.

Dr. W. L. Roberts a member of the Weymouth Republican town committee, has followed the example of Louis A. Cook, and resigned from serving on that committee.

Alonzo Bicknell, of Hingham, had his hand crushed Tuesday in a sole leather machine, at M. C. Dizer & Co. manufacturers.

The Weymouth Town Club held its quarterly and annual town meeting Tuesday evening at Lincoln hall, President N. D. Canterbury in the chair. The after supper topic for discussion was, "Can the taxes of Weymouth be reduced? If so, how, and to what extent?" and was participated in by Mr. Douglas M. Easton, Hon. James Humphrey, Mr. John G. Hutchings, Mr. Augustus J. Richards, Mr. Bradford Hawes, Mr. Henry B. Reed, Mr. John S. Fogg, Mr. Alvah Raymond, Representative Z. L. Bicknell and Wilmot Cleverly.

At the business meeting the following officers were elected:

President,—Edgar R. Downs.
Vice-President,—Hon. James H. Flint.
Secretary,—Frank H. Torrey.
Treasurer,—John A. Raymond.
Directors,—Augustus Beals, Michael Sheehy, Edwin W. Hunt, S. S. Spear, E. H. Ewell.

A committee was appointed to draft resolutions on the death of A. W. Clapp.

Draughts Not Dangerous.

Now is the time of year when windows are closed up to keep out draughts. Just the contrary should be adopted. Where the body is not overheated the draught caused by the ordinary incoming of air will do infinitely less harm than the impure air caused by closed windows. The way to enjoy pure air in cold weather is to turn on the heat when the room gets cold, not shut up the windows. Heat was invented for use. If the room becomes too warm don't turn off the heat, but open the windows. By that means a person who knows anything about ventilation can have an equable, summer-like atmosphere about him all winter long. The necessity of open windows is doubly apparent where tobacco smoking is indulged in, as the smoke is dangerous to the breathing apparatus and makes it liable to pulmonic troubles.—London Lancet.

The Growth of a New Project.

The Ladies' Guide and Chaperon bureau, opened in New York last winter, has found so much work on its hands that it is now on the brink of resolving itself into a stock company, and using its capital to fit a house and add to its functions some of those originated by the Ladies' Guide association in London, such as opening dressing rooms to women from out of town who wish to array themselves for reception or theatre, and lodgings to women traveling alone, who are refused accommodation under the mediæval regulations in vogue at some of the hotels. The bureau finds one of its most successful features the sending out women to assist timid entertainers in dinner serving.—New York Letter.

Unpopular Empress Frederick.

The Empress Frederick has excited the clamorous protests of her son's subjects by commissioning a London firm of upholsterers to decorate and partly furnish the future residence of Princess Victoria at Bonn. It is certainly a strange belise on the part of the empress, who did exactly the same thing when the Schloss of Charlottenburg was redecorated during her husband's brief reign. What a general roar of execration would have been excited in England if the Prince Consort had sent for Germans to decorate any of the royal palaces.—London Truth.

A Wealthy School Ma'am.

One of the queer things noticed in this metropolitan town is the sight of a young lady teacher in a public school who is driven to the school door daily in her own victoria, with blooded horses and a liveried coachman. The young lady, too, is an excellent, faithful teacher, and earns her salary as fully as do any of those dependent upon it for bread. She is the daughter of Lawson N. Fuller, and teaches in the new grammar school at One Hundred and Thirty-fourth street and Lenox avenue.—New York World.

Women's Work in San Francisco.

Mrs. Sarah B. Cooper is the inspiration of the Golden Gate Kindergarten association. In the last report she states that 6,000 little children have been enrolled in San Francisco since 1880, and $100,000 spent on the little ones in whom lies the hope of the world. One of the schools is controlled by Miss Marwedel, whose classes are made up entirely of the stray children and waifs, between 2 and 10 years, picked out of the gutters and alleys of San Francisco.—San Francisco Letter.

Women in the Synagogue.

Miss Ray Frank is one of the first Jewesses to preach in the synagogue in modern times, for, notwithstanding the fact that Miriam and Deborah preached to women, and Huldah preached to men as well, the prejudice against women preachers is greater among the Jews than in any other congregation. Even female choristers are not allowed in the orthodox synagogue.—Boston Transcript.

Mrs. Vicken, a member of an English woman's bicycle club, has won a road race against a team of men riders in a race of nineteen miles, which she accomplished in one hour and forty minutes. Another wonderful English rider, Miss Fordham, has ridden a safety 1,900 miles, at a rate of seventy-six miles a day, during the season, and hopes to accomplish 2,000 miles before the season closes.

NO CHANGE.

About the Usual Number of Ballots.

Miss McGovern and Mr. Bowditch Receive the Same Number.

Another Newsboy Gets His Name in Black Type and Takes Third Place.

There is no relative change in the leaders in the popularity contest today, but the interest does not flag, as is shown by the total vote.

Today the largest vote for any candidate was 254, and both Miss McGovern and Mr. Bowditch received that number.

Robert Foy, the clerks' candidate, had but four less, and it is whispered he will have another surprise for his rivals in a few days, which may put him in the lead. He has many friends at work for him.

Miss Leary's vote today is but 151, but one would be surprised if he knew the reserve force of this young lady.

A goodly number were received today for John W. Walsh, William Caldwell, Miss Agnes Kelley, George E. Sanborn and Miss McPhail.

Rogers Bros. have started a new candidate with a dozen votes.

Candidates noticing any errors in the figures will please notify the "Vote Counter" promptly, that the same may be corrected.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today:

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss McGovern,	**Gas Light Co.'s,**	**4529**
Miss Leary,	**S. B. Little's,**	**3989**
Robert E. Foy,	**Pratt & Curtis,**	**3382**
Henry W. Tirrell,	**John Page's,**	**2664**
G. V. Bowditch,	**Packard & Co.'s,**	**2233**
Miss McPhail,	J. F. Sheppard & Sons,	874
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's,	586
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's,	408
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's,	395
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's,	239
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's,	150
Mary G. Drumm,	D. Bamford's,	142
Miss Agnes Kelley,	Clapp Bros,	119
Frank W. Munroe,	J. F. Merrill's,	115
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's,	97
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's,	82
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's,	58
Henry L. Jones,	E. E. Fellows',	51
E. W. Emery,	A. G. Durgin's,	43
Luther Rogers,	A. L. Litchfield,	42
George O. Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones',	24
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	18
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's,	17
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's,	16
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's,	12
Tina Wilson,	Rogers Bros.',	12
John T. Bates,	W. H. Doble's,	10
Gridley Totman,	F. W. French's,	10
Henry Curtis,	J. M. Hayden's,	10

Newsboys' Prizes.

The sales by the newsboys starting from the LEDGER office on Monday amounted to 1712 copies, of which number 900 were by Charles Walsh and 450 by Myron Wilber. Several sold nearly 100. Newsboy Walsh continues to increase his lead, and Newsboy Wilber has taken third place and got his name in black type.

Below is the summary of sixteen days' sales:

Charles Walsh	**5699**
John Mitchell	**1752**
Myron Wilber	**1442**
Robert McAuliffe	**1341**
Fred Bavin	899
James Giles,	744
Eddie Heffernan,	624
Charles Carter,	544
Fred Hardwick	470
Willie Esson,	437
Henry Rhines	431
John Dackers,	381
Chris McAuliffe,	366
John Murphy,	243
Patrick Murphy	201
Gardner Willey	200
Charles Baxter,	194
Arthur Pinel,	185
Albert Belliven	77
Napoleon Guillemett	62
Fred Evans	57
John Morrison	56
Eugene McAuliffe	48
Frank McGrath	39
Duncan Livingstone	37
Frank Walsh,	36
Daniel Doran	36
John Anderson	35
William McDonnell	33
Gilbert Bavin,	31
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Warren Cameron	15
Gustin Goolic	15
George Dunn	14
Parfast Guillemett	13
James Norrie	10

RISING SUN STOVE POLISH

FOR BEAUTY OF POLISH. SAVING LABOR, CLEANLINESS, DURABILITY & CHEAPNESS. UNEQUALLED. NO ODOR WHEN HEATED.

The True Test For Baking Powders.

The severe analytical tests to which the various baking powders have from time to time been placed have demonstrated clearly to the public the relative merits of the different brands from a scientific point of view. The official Government investigations, for instance, have shown that the Royal Baking Powder gives off the largest amount of leavening gas, and therefore is the most economical for general use. They also show the Royal to be absolutely pure and wholesome.

But the crucial test of the kitchen is, after all, the most satisfactory to the housekeeper. A baking powder that never fails to make light, sweet, wholesome and palatable bread, biscuit, cake, etc., is the one that will be selected by the practical housekeeper and received into her kitchen for continuous use. This test the Royal Baking Powder has stood for twenty-five years without failure, and hence its reputation as the best baking powder made has spread from house to house, until its use has become as universal as its merits are unrivaled.

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another instalment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list includes all whose surname begins with "St."

WARD ONE.

To Whom Taxed.	Value.	Tax.
Stetson, A. W. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	$2,000	$29 20
Stetson, Charles E. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	5,000	70 00
Stetson, David B. Stock in trade,	3,000	
Money, stocks, bonds and income,	1,000	
Horse and carriages,	300	
House and store on Washington street,	2,500	
Stable,	200	
Land, 5,365 feet,	1,000	110 80
Stetson, James H. Money, bonds, stocks and income,	3,000	
Two horses and carriages,	500	
Bicycle,	75	
Store on Hancock street,	3,500	
Post office building,	1,500	
Land, 11,700 feet,	7,000	
House on School street,	3,500	
Stable,	800	
Land, 44,900 feet,	5,800	
Stoddard, Elliot. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	2,000	
House on Hancock street,	3,500	
Buildings,	100	
Land, 15,120 feet,	1,500	
House on Hancock street,	2,500	
House on Hancock street,	7,000	
Land, 26,865 feet,	2,700	264 48
Stoner, John K. House on Greenleaf street,	4,500	
Land, 27,240 feet,	2,450	96 52

WARD TWO.

* * * * * * *

WARD THREE.

Stanley, Charles A. Sixteen horses,	2,000	
Wagons,	700	38 72
Stearns, Mrs. Levi. House on Granite street,	1,800	
Shop and building,	100	
Land, 37,600 feet,	1,500	46 24
Steer, Jabez. House on Rodman street,	1,200	
Land, 6,000 feet,	250	21 72
Stewart, Alexander. House on Liberty street,	1,000	
Land, 6,000 feet,	300	19 08

WARD FOUR.

Stewart, John C. House off Centre street,	700	
Land, 8,000 feet,	200	14 24

WARD FIVE.

Stetson, James H. House on Brooks street,	3,000	
Land, 10,000 feet,	800	51 68
Stephen, Charles A. House on Belmont street,	2,100	
Land, 5,285 feet,	350	35 32
Stiggins, Andrew S. House on Safford street,	1,600	
Land, 7,500 feet,	375	28 86
Stoddard, Lucias C. Land in section 6, 5,000 feet,	250	3 40
Stokes, Gilmand. House on Fayette street,	1,900	
Land, 10,000 feet,	400	33 28

WARD SIX.

Stocker, Eben. House on Botolph street,	1,700	
Land, 6,365 feet,	250	28 52
Stenzel, Charles H. House on Botolph street,	1,700	
Land, 5,000 feet,	200	27 84

OUR ANNUAL

MARK DOWN!

Tremendous Discounts.

ULSTERS, - OVERCOATS,

AND SUITS

Lower than they have been sold this Season.

GRANITE CLOTHING CO.,

ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 19. QUINCY, MASS., THURSDAY, JANUARY 22, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

LOOK at these PRICES!

We have in stock what we advertise. Keep your eye on our Window. Display from week to week, and notice our prices and we will surprise you. You can positively do better with us than in Boston.

	Regular Price.	Our Price.
Mellin's Food, Large Size,	$0.75	58c.
Mellin's Food, Small Size,	.50	38c.
Ridge's Food, Medium Size,	.65	40c.
Armour's Beef, Large Size,	1.00	75c.
Armour's Beef, Small Size,	.50	40c.
Fellow's Syrup,	1.50	96c.
Hood's Sarsaparilla,	1.00	75c.
Hydrobromates Caffeine, For Headache,	1.00	75c.
Hunyadi Water,	.35	25c.
Morse's Dyspepsia Cure,	.50	38c.
Green's Nervura,	1.00	79c.
Cashmere Boquet Soap,	.25 to .35	21c.
Cuticura Soap,	.75 box,	50c.
"	.25	18c.
Pear's Unscented,	.20	15c.
2-qt. bottles Extract Hamamelis,		75c.
Florida Water,	.74	40c.
Wyeth's Malt,	$3.00 per dozen, delivered.	

Finest Stationery, regular 15 to 25 cents per quire, your choice for 10 cents. Envelopes to match, 10 cents per bunch. This is positively a great Bargain.

Toilet Soap, your choice for 5 cents a cake. Fine lot of bath Sponges.

OUR MOTTO.

"RELIABILITY."

DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

THE GREAT

SACRIFICE

— OF —

Clothing and Furnishing Goods

Still Goes On.

Further Reductions in all Departments.

Men's Blue Wool Underwear, 35 cents,

Suits at much less than Cost.

Overcoats, 50c. on the dollar.

In fact everything in our Stock at a great discount.

QUINCY ONE PRICE CLOTHING CO.,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

"DRUNKEN LOAFERS"

Well, They Were Foreigners, Some of Them.

How Treasurer Crane Speaks of Inmates of Sailors' Home.

Extracts From the Traveller's Article on Mismanagement.

The charges contained in Tuesday's Traveller relative to the National Sailors' Home in this city are too serious to be hushed up if true, and there should be an investigation. The author of the article is known, as he had the manliness to sign his name. Here are some of the charges.

Disagreeable and Dangerous.

The writer went through the home from basement to cupola. The whole house is in a wretched and dangerous condition, the plastering in many places being either off or hanging from the walls. There is a boiler in the basement, but the piping of the house is unscientific. Only the first two floors get any heat; the third and fourth stories are cold and dreary, and get no heat from any source. It was stated by the inmates that they have either to sit with their overcoats on while in the rooms on these floors or else go to the smoking room. On the top floor the writer entered one of the rooms looking to the rear of the home.

A Dismal Den.

It was a dismal little den, and is occupied, so the writer was told, by an old man of 80 years. The only covering on the bare floor was a piece of carpet almost two feet square, the bed was small and hard, having a single mattress about two inches thick, stuffed with shavings and covered with a couple of ragged blankets. A chair and a table completed the furnishings. Right beneath the window was a space of a foot square where the plaster had fallen off, and the only protection this old veteran could get from the cold air that whistled through the outside was by pasting a piece of brown paper over the aperture. The writer held his hand a yard away from the paper and could feel the strong draught that came in.

This room is but a sample of others. It is furnished like the rest, and the beds are the same throughout the house.

The Hospital.

On the lower floors of the building are the superintendent's rooms, the chapel, the hospital and the dining rooms. The superintendent's rooms, beside the heat from the boiler, are provided with stoves. The chapel is a small room, adequate enough for its purposes. So also is the dining rooms. But the hospital is the dreariest sick room the writer ever entered. A few beds are provided little better than those in the upper part of the house.

There was one patient in bed when the writer entered, and the inmates say they would put up with anything rather than go to the hospital. The whole place looked unclean and uninviting, a glaring contrast to the whiteness and comfort of the hospital at the Sailors' Home in Chelsea, a home managed on the same principles as this, but which in comparison is a palace.

Animals Fare Better Than Inmates.

The barns are new and well-built. The animals have better accommodations than the veterans. The general condition of the grounds show a careless management. There is no pretension to keeping the grounds in proper condition.

How is the money that goes to the support of the home spent where so little is shown for it? Ask the veterans.

Extravagant Expenses.

The entire cost of conducting the Home for the year was $15,618.54. The income was $14,052.28. As shown in the report the expense was $1566.26 above the income.

This fact, however, does not necessarily show that the affairs of the Home could not be conducted better and on more economic principles.

The superintendent receives a salary of $1200; his wife as matron gets $600; her sister, who plays the organ in the chapel Sunday, it is said, gets $300 a year, and it is stated that the minister receives $60 per month.

Servants to Foreigners.

Superintendent Faxon had one servant girl, one seamstress, a coachman and seven farmers in his employ aside from the inmates. The latter sleep in the Home and board there, while some of the inmates are compelled to do chamber work. Three of the seven farmers are employed during the winter. They are French Canadians, and as one inmates expressed it, "when the ducks fly south, these bipeds of the queen will fly to Canada, shake rolls of Yankee greenbacks in the faces of their friends and bray how they had Yankee man-of-war's men for their servants and lackeys."

Middleboro "Reciprocity."

The home has a farm in Middleboro adjacent to another owned by Mr. Faxon. On the first farm no produce is raised. Apples and hogs and heifers have come to the home from Middleboro, and yet Mr. Faxon had stated to the boss farmer that these came from the farm belonging to the home. Mr. Joshua Crane states that nothing is raised on the home's Middleboro farm. The inmates claim that the superintendent is carrying on a little individual reciprocity; that he is the buyer and seller of his own goods.

The farm at Wollaston is ample to provide the greater demands of the home, and yet the farm has been neglected; hay has been allowed to rot where it was cut. Vegetables have a month ago been bought in Boston for the home.

The Swamp Island.

About an eighth of a mile away from this home, and almost on the shore of the ocean, is a little wooded spot, at the sight of which the tears would spring from many a war-hardened veteran's eye. There on that little Swamp Island, as it is named by the inmates, repose the mortal remains of 73 brave fellows, alone and unknown to any who might reverently visit the spot. The writer stepped along between the rows of graves, in the deep silence of the place, and could scarcely control his emotions and indignations at the same time, that decent burial could not be given to the heroes who fought for the Union.

No Flag.

For not one minute in two years has the stars and stripes floated over the National Sailors' Home. The patriotic impulse that prompted the raising of a United States flag over our schoolhouses finds no response in an institution whose inmates crimsoned it with their blood for its protection.

No Public Reports.

No reports are ever issued to the public. Although Alexander H. Rice is president of the trustees, it is said that he is a sick man, and hardly ever is able to visit the home. The inmates say he is a good man, but is controlled by the superintendent and treasurer. Not in six months has a committee of the trustees been to the home, despite a provision to the effect that they should visit once a month. As far as the inmates know, Mr. Crane and Superintendent Faxon are the only ones in authority. They do not complain about food. They complain of the death-trap they live in. They complain that decent burial is not given their dead comrades.

They complain that the funds are being squandered. They feel that a different management would command the co-operation of the Woman's Aid Society, and that the home could be conducted better and more economically.

Like Prisoners.

They want to know by what authority their letters are opened by Superintendent Faxon, whether they are prisoners or beneficiaries because of their service to the Union.

Treasurer Crane Speaks.

The writer called upon Mr. Joshua Crane, the treasurer, at his office on Tremont street, and presented the facts embodied in the above story.

Mr. Crane was thoroughly astonished when the writer said he had been through the home. He wanted to know if Superintendent Faxon was aware of his visit, and when he was told that he was not, evinced much curiosity to know how it was done.

Mr. Crane was indignant that any charge against the safety of the building should be made, but after some pointed interrogations admitted that some years ago even the trustees themselves were fearful of its condition, and had it examined. He said it was not a state inspector who made the examination, but a builder. He could not give the name.

He did not think it was the public's business how the money is spent, and thought if the management wanted to spend money upon the dyke and neglect the farm, it was their own affair.

Disparages the Sailor.

When the graveyard was spoken of, Mr. Crane asked the writer if he knew how many of the dead were ever in actual engagement. The latter replied that they were in the service of the Union, and that at least ought to entitle them to decent burial, and that over two-thirds of them had seen actual war.

This brought out the astounding remark from Mr. Crane: "Well, they were foreigners, some of them."

Could Not Answer.

As to the absence of fire apparatus he could say nothing, and when questioned about the coldness of the third and fourth stories, where the inmates sleep, admitted that no heat ever got there, but said that the inmates were well enough off.

When the treatment of the living was again referred to, he made the same remark, and added:

"If we could get a set of decent fellows down there it would be different. If these men have complained they should have done so to the trustees." And then, in the same breath, said: "They are drunken loafers, and I would not believe them under oath." And this remark directed against a lot of sick and paralytic veterans is the best evidence against the animus that guides the management of the home.

Contradicts Faxon.

He stated positively that nothing is raised on the home's Middleboro' farm, notwithstanding Supt. Faxon's statement to the contrary, quoted in the story above.

He further said he was unaware of the salary of the organist. He denied in toto the fact that affairs are mismanaged, could not give a reason for there being no flag over the home, and said that this talk about the old veterans loving its colors is all bosh. Altogether, he betrayed such a lack of knowledge about the general affairs of the place as to give the impression that he never looked into them himself. He took notes from the writer, promising to make an investigation.

JAMES A. ANDERSON.

FIFTH ANNIVERSARY.

The Order Sons of St. George Pass Enjoyable Evening at Faxon Hall.

Granite lodge, No. 193, Order Sons of St. George, celebrated its fifth anniversary Wednesday evening, by a gathering of the members with their wives and sweethearts at Faxon hall.

The first thing in order was a short entertainment which consisted of an address of welcome by John T. Pearce, W. P., followed by a solo by Mr. Louis C. Griffiths, entitled "Death of Nelson," also a solo entitled "Little Sister is gone to sleep" by Mr. John Lillicrap, a reading by Miss Mabel Oxford, and solos by Messrs. D. Williams, R. E. Chappie and J. Symonds; the selections by these gentlemen were "Bugler," "Sold Everywhere," and "The Little Hero." Prof. Clare then entertained the audience with his feats of ledgerdemain black art.

An adjournment was then made to the lower hall where an anniversary supper was enjoyed, after which there was a social dance, music being furnished by Wilson's orchestra. The grand march was led by Mr. and Mrs. Samuel T. Rex.

The floor was in charge of Samuel T. Rex, assisted by F. Barnicoat, H. Barnicoat and John Lawry, while the committee of arrangements consisted of John T. Pearce, Jas. Richards, S. T. Rex, C. H. Richards, H. Holton, R. E. Chapple, and J. F. Kemp.

W. Andrews and W. D. Steer were the reception committee.

Among the guests present were representatives from Earl Shaftesbury lodge of Brockton; Victory, of Cambridgport; Garfield and Albion, of Boston, and Mayflower of Chelsea.

The order of Sons of St. George is composed of Englishmen, their sons and grandsons, and its object is similar to many of the fraternal societies in existence today; namely to alleviate the suffering of its members in a pecuniary manner. Granite lodge now numbers 122 members, 12 of whom were initiated during the past year. It has paid to its members in sick benefits the past year $512, and for donations $152. During the past five years it has paid out in sick benefits $1441.

The affair was a grand success and was thoroughly enjoyed by the large party gathered.

RICHARDS--LOWE.

One of Quincy's Business Men takes a Partner for Life.

A very pretty wedding was solemnized Wednesday evening at Christ's church in the presence of a large gathering by Rev. H. Evan Cotton. The contracting parties were Mr. John R. Richards, treasurer of the Craig & Richards' Granite Company of this city, and Miss Florence A. Lowe, third daughter of Mr. George and Mrs. Annie Lowe, of Chelsea.

The bride looked pretty, attired in a gown of cream cashmere trimmed with brocaded silk and lace, she wore no head dress but carried a boquet of bridal roses.

Miss Kate Richards, sister of the groom was bridesmaid, and Mr. J. S. Swingle, an intimate friend of the groom, was groomsman.

After the ceremony at the church, carriages were taken for the residence of the groom's parents on Granite street where a reception was held from 8 to 10 o'clock. A supper was served in the true "old English style," and there were cheers for Richard the Third.

Mr. and Mrs. Richards will reside at No. 77 Water street, and will be at home Wednesdays in February.

They were the recipients of many beautiful and costly presents, among which was a black oak chamber set and a French clock from the employes of the Craig & Richards' Granite Company.

Complimentary Supper.

A good feeling evidently exists between Mr. A. R. French, proprietor of the Granite Clothing Company in this city, and his present and past clerks, and the bond of friendship was undoubtedly cemented closer Wednesday evening when employer and employes sat down to one of Young's suppers.

There were present: Mr. E. F. Porter, Mr. Geo. N. Nash Mr. Arthur W. Ryder, Mr. Wm. M. Rea, from the Granite Clothing Co., Mr. W. J. Earle, Mr. William Earle, from the Weymouth Clothing Co., Mr. B. Stevens, of Braintree Clothing Co., Mr. Cheeney, from Stoughton.

After the repast a vote of thanks was extended to Mr. French for his kind and generous act which was appreciated and enjoyed by all present, after which Mr. French accompanied the young men to the Park Theatre where he had provided seats for all.

—Holbrook in town meeting Tuesday evening instructed its selectmen to grant a franchise under proper restrictions on the petition of the East Side Electric Railway Company.

OUR ANNUAL

MARK DOWN!

Tremendous Discounts.

ULSTERS, - OVERCOATS, AND SUITS

Lower than they have been sold this Season.

GRANITE CLOTHING CO.,

ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

Improve the Opportunity

— AND —

GET A PAIR OF SHOES CHEAP.

We have 500 Pairs of Shoes, which we now offer at a bargain. These goods are not old or shopworn, but comprise a number of lines which we desire to close out in order that we may substitute new prices for them.

EVERY SHOE OFFERED IS A BARGAIN.

Among the lot there are:

38	pairs	Ladies' Straight Goat Button Waukenphast,	$2.00, formerly	$2.50
36	"	" Kid Button Opera Toe,	2.00, "	2.50
7	"	J. N. Smith's Ladies' bright Dongola Laced, pat. tip,	2.00, "	2.50
22	"	Ladies' Pallah Kid Button,	1.65, "	2.00
9	"	Misses' Dongola Spring Heel Button,	1.50, "	2.00
12	"	" St. Goat Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.50, "	2.00
19	"	Children's Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.10, "	1.50
10	"	Men's Calf Bals,	3.00, "	3.75
5	"	each Cong. and Bals., Men's Fine Calf Shoes,	3.00, "	4.00
6	"	" " " " " Enamel Shoes,	2.00, "	2.75

While we call your especial attention to these goods, we believe it is for your interest to examine the whole lot on our **BARGAIN TABLES**, for **EVERY SHOE is a BARGAIN.**

SAVILLE & JONES, Adams Building.

A Full Assortment

— OF —

Dried Fruits, Apricots, Peaches, Prunes,

Evaporated Apples, &c.

WE ALSO HAVE IN STOCK A VARIETY OF

PICKLES, PRESERVES AND KETCHUPS.

A LARGE STOCK OF

Fancy and Common Crackers at very Low Prices.

The only agents for Keene Creamery Butter. In 1-2 lb. Prints and 5 and 10 lb. Tubs. Fresh every Week.

Doble's Hot Rolls and Bread every Afternoon. Try them if you want the best.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

TRADESMAN:

THIS NEWSPAPER CIRCULATES IN THE HOMES OF PEOPLE BUYING THE KIND OF GOODS YOU MAY HAVE TO SELL.

MORAL:

INVITE THEM TO YOUR STORE

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive a Gold Watch or Easy Chair.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period will be presented with a gold watch now on exhibition at T. L. Williams' jewelry store which cost over $50. A second prize is also offered to be given to the one standing second on the list, and will be a richly upholstered easy chair valued at $25.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-2 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

—BY—

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

THE DEAD MONARCH.

His Memory Will Be Amply Honored by the United States.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The president was officially notified of the death of King Kalakaua, and, through Secretary Blaine, sent his condolence to Hawaiian Minister Carter, who will submit them to the royal family. Instructions have been sent to the major general commanding the division of the Pacific station to pay full military and naval honors to the dead king. Acting under these instructions the army and navy authorities at San Francisco have assumed charge of the funeral arrangements and the transfer of the remains to the flagship Charleston will be marked by the highest military honors authorized by regulations, including the firing of salutes from forts and the warship Charleston, which has been placed entirely at the disposal of the Hawaiian authorities. She will be specially prepared for the reception of the body and will make the trip to Honolulu as rapidly as possible. She will also remain in that port to participate in the ceremonies attending the burial of the king and the coronation of his successor, and will at the same time see that the interests of this country are fully protected.

Secretary Blaine said that the United States had lost a good friend in King Kalakaua and would do every possible honor to his memory. "Our relations with Hawaii," he said, "are of the friendliest character and so far as I am able to judge, will be in no wise affected by the change of government."

MR. BANCROFT'S FUNERAL.

Interment in the Family Lot at Worcester—Commemorative Exercises.

WORCESTER, Jan. 22.—The burial of the late George Bancroft took place here. The funeral party reached this city on the New York and New England railway. The casket was taken to the baggage room, where hundreds of people viewed it and the magnificent floral tributes, which included those from the Emperor of Germany, the president, the vice president, Chief Justice Fuller and many others. Accompanying the remains were Mr. John C. Bancroft, son of the deceased, Col. Alexander Bliss, stepson, and Mr. A. Taylor. The procession was formed, and the remains were taken to Rural cemetery and interred in the family lot. Meanwhile the bells were tolled, and in the public schools exercises commemorative of the dead historian were had.

Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—Petitions have begun to come in in the senate for municipal suffrage for women. An order was adopted as to the repeal of the law allowing abutting real estate owners to object to the granting of liquor licenses. The annual report of the board of health on water supply and sewerage was received.

In the house the first steps were taken toward a state representation at the dedication of the Bennington battle monument. An order was adopted as to removing the liability of corporation officers for criminal acts committed without their knowledge or consent by other officers. The resolutions of Mr. Bill on the federal election bill were sent to the committee on federal relations.

Two Important Appointments.

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—At an executive council meeting Governor Russell made public the fact that Warden Russell of the State prison had tendered his resignation, and appointed as his successor Henry B. Lovering, the present United States marshal.

At the same meeting of the council Governor Russell nominated Judge John Lathrop to be an associate justice of the supreme judicial court, vice Gen. Devens, deceased.

A Gladstonian Victory.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—An election was held at Hartlepool to fill the parliamentary seat made vacant by the death of the late Thomas Richardson. Mr. Furness, the Gladstonian candidate, received 4603 votes against 4305 for Mr. Gray, Unionist. At the last election Mr. Richardson, Liberal-Unionist, received 3381 votes, and Mervin L. Hawkes, Home Ruler, 2469.

Collared Across the Border.

HAMILTON, Ont., Jan. 22.—Isaac Rich and D. W. Robinson of Bradford, Pa., who obtained credit for about $100,000 worth of boots and shoes from Little, Maxwell & Co. of Boston and other firms, sold out and decamped with the proceeds, were arrested here to-day. They were going to England with their wives.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Forecast for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont: Rain and snow; winds shifting to easterly; slight changes in temperature.

For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Threatening weather and rain; southerly winds, shifting to easterly; stationary temperature.

A QUORUM WANTED.

Outlook for the Election Bill is Decidedly Poor.

COMPROMISE MAY BE REACHED

On the Free Coinage Bill—Another Scene of Excitement in the House—What the Silver Pool Investigation Has Revealed—Latest Concerning Behring Sea.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The senate wrangled until midnight, nominally over a proposition on the part of the Democrats to correct the journal of Tuesday.

The Democrats have all the tactical advantages under the present rule, and will continue to have them until the Republicans have a quorum, and shall determine that the present situation can only be altered by that particular act of revolution, which is inevitable if the cloture rule is to be adopted. The Republicans do not appear as yet to have been able to form a plan as to what they shall do when that event shall arise. They consequently have been from week to week postponing the evil day. One of the reasons why they have not forced a crisis is that they have not been sure of a quorum. Now they have a quorum, and will have a quorum, providing the members present do not absent themselves.

It is not expected, even under the best results, that the election bill can be disposed of before early next week. At present there is nothing to indicate when the senate will take final action upon the cloture resolution, or whether it will be able to adopt the new rule. Yesterday the speeches were unprofitable, and made largely by the same persons. Mr. Morgan resumed the floor to support the objection to the journal, and commenced to make what promised to be another election speech. But after speaking an hour he suggested that this was only a prelude to what he hoped to be able to say whenever the election bill should be again brought before the senate.

Mr. Gorman preserved the same imperturbable composure, and manifested the same qualities of organization and leadership which have thus far characterized his management of the Democratic campaign in such a signal manner. He has an advantage which the Republicans do not appear to have. The Democrats recognize a leader and follow implicitly every suggestion which Mr. Gorman makes. The same is not true of the Republicans. There are leaders enough on the Republican side, but the difficulty is with the followers.

Some of the Republicans are half-hearted in the business which the senate has been attempting to prosecute since the session began, and there is always a suspicion that a few of them may fail at the last moment. It is with difficuly that they are retained in their seats. At times when the Republican leaders have thought it possible to press some matter to a final conclusion, they have discovered that a quorum was not present, and that some senator has thought it necessary to abandon his seat.

THE SILVER SITUATION.

A Fair Promise of a Compromise—Boston Will Be Heard.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The house coinage committee has commenced consideration of the silver question. It will probably be several days before a conclusion is reached. An earnest canvass is going on among the Republicans, which includes this committee and the banking and currency committee, looking to a compromise measure. The free coinage advocates on the Republican side announce their willingness to support a bill limiting the consumption of silver to the American product. The question is whether the anti-silver Republicans from the east will accede to this. Unless they do, there is great danger that the senate bill will receive the concurrence of the house. The Republicans understand that the president and Secretary Windom approve of the proposed compromise.

Representative Walker has secured the postponement of the consideration of the silver bill before the coinage committee for one week in order to give the Boston committee an opportunity to present their views against the senate free coinage bill. The advocates of free coinage endeavored to prevent all hearings, but were voted down.

THE RACKET CONTIUES.

Another Scene of Uproar in the House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The house yesterday dropped the curtain upon a scene of excitement almost rivaling that which was precipitated upon it Tuesday. Messrs. Bland of Missouri, Rogers of Arkansas and Mills of Texas excoriated the speaker, and the speaker in a calm manner stated that he was administering the rules as he understood them (and as sustained by the house) and that he would continue to administer them as long as he retained the exalted position to which he had been elected by the votes of the house. Mr. Kerr of Iowa added to the confusion by a criticism of the report of Mr. Mills' remarks as published in The Record, asserting that it did not coincide with the reports in the public press.

Mr. Mills excitedly demanded to know whether the gentleman accused him of having mutilated the record, but Mr. Kerr disclaimed any such intention.

The tumult was quelled by a roll call on the approval of the journal.

THE BEHRING SEA SUIT.

Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court Will Be Questioned by Our Government.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The attorney general has been in consultation with the president and Secretary Blaine in the preparation of the government's case in the Behring sea suit in the supreme court. The government will contend that the court has no jurisdiction and will demand the dismissal of the case. The attorney general, in setting forth the views of the state department, will maintain that the question of marking the boundaries and the rights of our government is one that does not belong to the United States courts, but must be settled by diplomacy. It is the opinion of the ablest jurists and international lawyers here that the court will sustain the contention of the state department by dismissing the suit.

THE SILVER POOL.

Senator Vest States That Senator Cameron Was Interested in It.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Senator Vest created a sensation before the silver pool investigating committee by stating that Senator Cameron had bought and sold silver. He did not say how much he had bought, but claimed that he had as much right to buy that product as wheat or any other commodity. Mr. Cameron had stated to Mr. Vest that it did not influence his vote, as he was in favor of the free coinage bill aside from his transaction. Mr. Cameron also informed him that the pool was managed by David T. Littler of Illinois, who was at the head of the silver pool. This is the first definite information implicating any member of congress, and it occasions much excitement at both ends of the Capitol. It is expected that other names of members and senators will be disclosed.

Lewiston Gets Its Building.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The president has signed the bill for the public building at Lewiston, Me., which Dingley got through Congress. The bill provides for an expenditure of $75,000.

In Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—In the senate, Mr. Gorman's motion to correct the journal of Tuesday was argued until midnight and is still pending. Mr. Hoar replied to an attack on Massachusetts by Mr. Eustis of Louisiana.

In the house, Speaker Reed's action was again severely criticised, and he made a statement regarding his position. Mr. Cannon arraigned the Democrats for their dilatory opposition. The District of Columbia bill was debated in committee of the whole and reported to the house with amendments, when a quorum suddenly disappeared.

MAPLE SUGAR BOUNTIES.

Statement Concerning the Time When the Law Goes Into Effect.

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—F. E. Orcutt, United States internal revenue collector for the Third district, has issued the following:

Numerous inquiries have been made to this office by persons intending to engage in the business of making maple sugar the coming season whether they would be entitled to the bounty on sugar produced between April 1 and July 1, 1891, under the provisions of the act of Oct. 1, 1890.

The honorable attorney general has rendered an opinion that no bounty is payable on sugar produced prior to July 1, 1891, and this office will be governed accordingly.

The expressions as to the provisions of the act taking effect April 1, is understood to mean that the law begins to operate on that date, that before April 1 there is no authority to issue licenses, but that on that date the machinery begins to move and application may be then made and bonds filed and licenses issued for the next ensuing year, commencing July 1, 1891.

Maple sugar producers, therefore, who intend to make sugar in the spring of 1892, under the provisions of said act, must file their notices and execute the bonds between April 1 and July 1, 1891. The blank form of notice and application for license by sugar producers and of the bond required to begin are being prepared and will be printed and ready for distribution by April.

Regulations and instructions will be issued very soon, and will be furnished with the other necessary blanks to the collectors of internal revenue districts, and persons intending to manufacture sugar and applying for bounty will be able to obtain them upon application to the collector of the district in which they reside.

IRISH AMENITIES.

O'Shea Writes a Sharp Letter to McCarthy—A Warm Reply Looked For.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—It has become known that on Dec. 9 last, Capt. O'Shea wrote a letter to Justin McCarthy, demanding that he should apologize for hinting, during the course of a speech delivered at the Leinster hall meeting, that a different color would have been given to Mr. Parnell's conduct, in connection with Mrs. O'Shea, if, during the divorce proceedings, Capt. O'Shea had been cross-examined. To this demand, according to Capt. O'Shea, Mr. McCarthy is said to have replied with several letters, classed as "shuffling" communications by the captain and his friends. Capt. O'Shea then, on Jan. 15, addressed a letter to Mr. McCarthy, denouncing his replies as "contemptible quibbling," adding, "However funny, you must always appear as a leader of men, ill-constructed dummy that you are, straws starting from every seam. I acknowledge you possess two qualifications for your present post—meanness and mendacity." Capt. O'Shea's letter has created quite a stir in Irish parliamentary circles, and a warm reply from Mr. McCarthy is looked forward to.

DISTRESS IN IRELAND.

Government Works Entirely Insufficient to Afford Needed Relief.

DUBLIN, Jan. 22.—In spite of the liberal efforts of the government to relieve the distress from which many thousands of the poorer classes are suffering in Ireland, the railroad and other relief works commenced here have proved insufficient to meet the wants of the sufferers, especially in the poverty crushed districts of Mayo. Chief Secretary Balfour seems to be doing a great deal of good at present, but a great deal more will be required to make any marked improvement in the condition of the suffering poor.

Awful Mining Disaster.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—A terrible explosion of fire damp has occurred in a colliery at Jasinowata, near the city of Charkov, European Russia. Over 100 miners have been killed.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Latest Quotations of the New York and Boston Stock Markets—Jan. 21.

In the New York stock market London quotations came lower, and there was some disposition of prices to shade off, albeit it was not pronounced, but the list as a whole was soft.

In the Boston market trading was not very large in volume, but there was several features which combined to make it interesting.

The New York Market.

Atchison	30½	Nor. Pac. pref.	71½
Central Pacific	30¼	Oregon Trans.	....
Chi & Northwest	106	Oregon Navi.	77
Del Lack & West	138½	Pacific Mail	34
Del & Hudson	135½	Reading	33
Illinois Central	93	Texas Pacific	15
Lake Shore	107½	Union Pacific	45¼
Missouri Pacific	65½	Wabash St. L. & P.	10¼
N. J. Central	113¾	do pref.	19⅝
N. Y. Central	102¼	Wheel & Lake Erie	7½
Northern Pacific	28¼	Western Union	79⅝

The Boston Market.

Aspinwall Land	....	Fitchburg pref.	84
Fremn's Bay Land	6½	Flint & Pere Mar.	....
Newport Land	9¼	Maine Central	....
West End Land	22¾	Mexican Central	24⅛
Atchison	29⅞	N Y & N E	38⅛
Atlantic & Pacific	5⅛	do pref.	114
Boston & Lowell	....	Old Colony	168
Boston & Maine	203¾	Union Pacific	45¼
Boston A. Prov	....	Wisconsin Central	22⅜
Chicago, B & Q	98¾	American Bell Tel.	204
Central Mass	13¾	Mexican	80
do pref.	40	Erie Tel	49
Eastern	....	New England Tel.	52

The Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—FLOUR—Steadier; city mills $5 10 to 5 35; city mills patents $5 10 to 5 65; winter wheat, low grades, $4 45 to 5 00; do fair to fancy $5 00 to 5 00; do patents $4 40 to 5 40; Minnesota clear $4 10 to 4 85; do straights $4 35 to 5 10.

WHEAT—Higher; No 2 red $1 05⅝ elevator; No 3 red 100½ to 101.

CORN—Quiet; No 2, 60½c elevator; steamer mixed 60¼ to 61½c.

BOYS

OF QUINCY.

ATTENTION!

WILLIAMS,

THE

JEWELER,

Will give a Fine Silver Waltham Watch to the boy bringing the greatest number of LEDGER COUPONS to his store before March 1st.

This Watch is

No Waterbury Humbug;

It is one of the Genuine

American Waltham Watch

Co.'s

Make, and is Warranted to give perfect satisfaction. It is now on exhibition in his Show Window, and may be inspected by anyone.

Now Boys, get a gait on you, and hustle for it!

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another instalment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list concludes all whose surname begins with "S."

WARD ONE.

To Whom Taxed.	Value.	Tax.
Sullivan, Jeremiah. Cow,	$50	
House on Packards lane,	1,000	
House on Packards lane,	200	
Land, one-fourth acre,	200	$21 72
Swallow, A. Moreton. Money, bonds, stocks and income,	3,000	
Horse and carriage,	450	48 92
Swithin, J., and T. & J. Jones. Personal mortgage,	700	9 52
Swift, Mark. House on Bicknell street,	700	
Land, one-half acre,	600	19 68
Swingle, Jonathan S. Bicycle,	75	3 02
Swithin Bros. Stock in trade,	3,000	
Derrick,	250	
Shed and office,	500	
Quarry land, one-half acre,	800	61 88

WARD TWO.

Sullivan, Eugene. House on Quincy avenue,	1,000	
Land, one-half acre,	500	20 40
Sullivan, John M., estate of. House on Washington street,	2,500	
Land, 23,815 feet,	950	46 92
Sullivan, Michael. House on Main street,	800	
Barn,	50	
Land, 36,375 feet,	1,000	27 16
Sullivan, Timothy M. House on Main street,	1,500	
Shop,	100	
Land, 10,300 feet,	400	20 20
Sweeney, George M. Cow,	50	
House on Pond street,	1,200	
Stable,	300	
Land, 41,520 feet,	1,000	36 68
Sweeney, Michael. House on Main street,	1,200	
Land, one-sixth acre,	200	21 04

WARD THREE.

Sullivan, Mrs. Bridget. House on Water street,	600	
House on Sumner street,	700	
Land, one-fourth acre,	500	24 48
Sullivan, Daniel, 2d, estate of. House on School street,	900	
Land, 11,100 feet,	875	24 14
Sullivan, Ellen T. Land and cellar on Granite street, 6,770 feet,	550	7 48
Sullivan, James H. Land on Penn street, 6,000 feet,	350	6 76
Sullivan, Patrick. Land on Payne street, 5,240 feet,	375	5 10
Swaine, Edward. House on Mt. Pleasant street,	600	
Land, 32,890 feet,	650	19 00
Sweeney, Anthony. House on Phipps street,	900	
Shop,	100	
Land, one-fourth acre,	400	21 04
Sylvester, Jeremiah. House on Centre street,	1,400	
Land, 7,450 feet,	200	23 76

WARD FOUR.

Sullivan, Daniel C. Land off Common street, 7,520 feet,	300	4 08
Sullivan, John D. House on Copeland street,	2,000	
Land, 11,706 feet,	400	34 64
Sullivan, Michael J., estate of. House on West street,	2,000	
Land, 42,600 feet,	1,300	44 88
Sullivan, Patrick. House off Common street,	500	
Land, 15,915 feet,	700	
House on Copeland street,	800	
Land, 10,300 feet,	500	36 00
Sullivan, Thomas J. Four cows,	200	
House on West street,	1,200	
Barn,	400	
Land, 5 1-2 acres,	2,700	
House on West street,	450	
House on West street,	1,200	
Land, one-half acre,	800	
House on Station street,	1,000	
Land, 9,844 feet,	400	
Meadow on Furnace street, 40,850 feet,	600	
Meadow on Furnace street, 37,500 feet,	600	131 88
Sullivan, Thomas J., and Michael. Woodland, 9 acres,	250	3 40
Sweeney, Patrick. House on Rail street,	800	
Land, one-half acre,	600	21 04
Swithin, John, and Thomas. Woodland, 160 acres,	5,300	
Woodland, 7 acres,	1,000	
Woodland, 6 acres,	1,000	99 28

WARD FIVE.

Sullivan, Mrs. Mary. Land in section 2, 6,000 feet,	100	1 36
Sutermeister, Gottleib. House on Beal street,	1,800	
Land, 9,803 feet,	500	33 28
Swift, Almira S. B. House on Webster street,	2,000	
Land, one-fourth acre,	500	34 00

WARD SIX.

Sullivan, Mrs. Mary. House on Old Colony street,	1,500	
Land, one-third acre,	700	
Land, 6,000 feet,	100	31 28
Sullivan, Owen. One horse and 4 cows,	150	
House at Squantum,	100	5 40
Sullivan, Mrs. Patrick, 2d. House on Linden street,	1,000	
Land, 15,951 feet,	650	22 44
Sutermeister, Emil. House on Walnut street,	1,200	
Land, 10,906 feet,	450	22 44

JOB PRINTING

At the Patriot Office.

OPERTY.

perty of the city, a certain
ne, so that the total of a
d by interested parties.
ate per thousand, $13.60.

	Value.	Tax.
	$50	
	1,000	
	200	
	200	$21 72
	3,000	
	450	48 92
	700	9 52
	700	
	600	19 68
	75	3 02
	3,000	
	250	
	500	
	800	61 88
	1,000	
	500	20 40
	2,500	
	950	46 92
	800	
	50	
	1,000	27 16
	1,500	
	100	
	400	20 20
	50	
	1,200	
	300	
	1,000	36 68
	1,200	
	200	21 04
	600	
	700	
	500	24 48
	900	
	875	24 14
0 fee.	550	7 48
	350	6 76
	375	5 10
	600	
	650	19 00
	900	
	100	
	400	21 04
	1,400	
	200	23 76
	300	4 08
	2,000	
	400	34 64
	2,000	
	1,300	44 88
	500	
	700	
	800	
	500	36 00
	200	
	1,200	
	400	
	2,700	
	450	
	1,200	
	800	
	1,000	
	400	
	600	
	600	131 88
	250	3 40
	800	
	630	21 04
	5,300	
	1,000	
	1,000	99 28
	100	1 36
	1,800	
	500	33 28
	2,000	
	500	34 00
	1,500	
	700	
	100	31 28
	150	
	100	5 40
	1,000	
	650	22 44
	1,200	
	450	22 44

TING

Office.

PRICES WAY DOWN !

During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our

Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel.

PRATT & CURTIS,

25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

NEW BAKERY

JUST OPENED,

— IN —

Adams Building, cor. Temple and Hancock Sts.

The public are informed that I have opened a Bakery in the Adams Building, where will be kept a full line of

Bread, Cake, Pastry.

TRY OUR ANGEL CAKE.

Plain and Fancy Crackers. All kinds of Confectionery.

HOT BREAD AND ROLLS EVERY AFTERNOON.

WEDDING CAKE A SPECIALTY.

W. A. HODGES,

PROPRIETOR.

Jan. 17. 2w

TWO BIG BARGAINS.

Men's "All-wool" Scarlet SHIRTS AND DRAWERS REDUCED FROM $1.00 to 75 cts.

Children's "All-wool" VESTS AND PANTS, Sizes from 20 to 32, Any Size at Only 59 cents.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.,

ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Nov. 10. tf

BEST IN THE MARKET !

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, July 9. tf

IS BUSINESS DULL WITH YOU?

ADVERTISING IS AN ANTIDOTE FOR DULLNESS.

TRY IT AND SEE YOUR STORE FILL WITH CUSTOMERS.

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 22.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1876—Niagara Engine and house burned.

World Wide.

1561—Birth of Lord Bacon, viscount St. Albans; died 1626.
1570—Birth of Sir Robert Cotton, collector of Cottonian library; died 1631.
1592—Birth of Peter Gassendi, mathematician and philosopher; died 1655.
1729—Birth of Gotthold Lessing, celebrated writer; died 1781.
1788—Birth of Lord George Byron, poet; died 1824.
1800—Death of George Stevens, commentator on Shakespeare; born 1736.

LORD BYRON.

1813—Battle of Frenchtown, Mich.; Americans defeated and massacred by Indians.
1836—Death of Richard Westall, historical painter and illustrator of books; born 1765.
1840—Death of John F. Blumenbach, naturalist; born 1752.
1877—Emperor of Prussia celebrated his eightieth birthday.
1882—Death in Brooklyn, N. Y., of Maj. Gen. Silas Casey, U. S. A., aged 75 years.

"PAYMENT IN GOLD" CLAUSE

Being Inserted in Mortgages by New York Money Lenders for the Purpose of Providing Against Future Loss.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—While bankers here have taken no action to protect themselves against silver, many of the big lenders of money on mortgage evidently do not mean to run any risks of loss on that account. Inquiry shows that, while many lenders have not yet insisted on a gold payment clause in their securities, a few have done so. Half a dozen mortgages filed last week contained a gold payment clause, which the lenders insisted on having inserted in them before they would advance the money.

The proportion to the whole number of mortgages given was small, but, as stated by an officer of one of the guarantee companies, it indicated apprehension and forethought by some people. This officer said that his company, although a large lender of money, did not insert a gold payment clause in its mortgages although of course it would do so if such a course became necessary to protect its interests. He thought that the unwarranted apprehension of a few might perhaps be the means of bringing about the very thing that was dreaded.

All the mortgages taken by the Equitable Life Assurance society contain the gold payment clause, while those of the Mutual Insurance company do not. The life policies of both companies, however, are payable in the lawful tender money of the country (except South American policies), unless otherwise specially agreed upon. If a payment in gold clause is required by a person taking out a life policy, it is inserted, and with it, of course, a corresponding provision requiring the premium also to be paid in gold by the insurer if demanded.

Among other large lenders of money on mortgage who require a gold payment clause in the deeds is the Tilden estate, and there are others who do the same.

Gloves for evening wear again match in tone the prevailing color of the gown. They are very long, in most cases covering the entire arm, and are embroidered on the back of the hand and about the wrist with beads and silk. Stockings also harmonize with the rest of the costume. Gloves and stockings are bought in sets in all the desirable evening shades.

Here is a list of the brilliant English women who are announced to lecture on female suffrage during the winter: Mrs. Ormiston Chant, Dr. Kate Mitchell, Mrs. L. Wynford Phillips, Mrs. Benjamin Clarke, Mrs. Ashton Dilke, Mrs. Massingberd, Mrs. Stanton Blatch, Miss G. Rose Armstrong, Miss Ellen Chapman and Miss Caroline Fothergill.

Dr. Caroline Dodson has been elected president of the American National Health society for the purpose of enlisting the interest of the medical profession in public health, with particular reference to filthy streets and nuisances in the shape of unkept smoke stacks, stables and slaughter houses.

Miss Carrie L. Horton, a pretty apple cheeked English girl, won the first prize for a butter study of Marechal Neil roses at the Cheshire dairy show, and now the museum men want to engage her to make butter roses by the year at a salary of ever so many thousand pounds sterling.

Mrs. J. C. Ayer is negotiating for the purchase of one of the most magnificent hotels on the Champs Elysees in Paris. The price demanded is $600,000, which is not considered excessive, in view of the fact that the house is one of the most superb in Paris.

The Working Girls' club of Baltimore has decided to take up the study of woman suffrage, and intends to have lectures given upon the subject. The club is flourishing, and will probably have a club house of its own next year.

There is nothing more certain than the fact that the World's fair will bring into prominence hundreds of gifted women in the west about whom the world would otherwise be ignorant.

A scholarship of $200 is offered by the Vassar Students' Aid society for a student who passes all the requirements for admission to the freshman class at the examination to be held in June, 1891.

PLATT RE-ELECTED.

Gen. Merwin's Right to Preside Over the Senate

QUESTIONED BY DEMOCRATS.

Result of Elections in Many States for United States Senator—New Hampshire Legislature Elects State Officers.

HARTFORD, Jan. 22.—In the senate a resolution was offered declaring that the announcement made by Gen. S. E. Merwin that he may later return and take up the gavel as lieutenant governor was a threat of usurpation and that the senate would resent such action. After some debate it was tabled and the senate took a recess to attend the joint convention for the election of United States senator. The house did the same. The adjourned Democratic caucus nominated Charles French for senator.

Both houses then met in joint convention. The Republicans nominated Speaker Paige to preside. The Democrats nominated Senator Read, who is president pro tem of the senate. The vote was taken by roll call and resulted as follows: Paige, 140; Read, 133. The roll call on the vote was announced as follows: Total number of votes, 275; necessary to elect, 138; Orville H. Platt received 141 and Charles French 134. Mr. Platt was declared elected.

The senate reassembled immediately after the close of the joint convention. After a long discussion, a resolution to protest against the action of Gen. Merwin was passed. A motion by Senator Clark (Rep.) to amend the record so that it would show that Lieutenant Governor Merwin called the senate to order, instead of declaring, as it does now, that the speaker pro tem called the senate to order, was not received by the Democrats. The motion to refuse to receive called out an extended debate. The senate finally adjourned to 1 o'clock on Tuesday, Jan 27.

After the recess the house adopted so much of the joint rules as provide for the appointment of the regular committee. This action was taken that the committee work of the session might be advanced as rapidly as possible. This is dependent, however, on the senate adopting the joint rules in question, after which would come the appointment of a committee.

UNITED STATES SENATORS.

Hill Beats Evarts in New York—Results in Other States.

ALBANY, Jan. 22.—Every member of both houses of the legislature was present when the joint ballot for United States senator was taken. The vote as announced gave D. B. Hill 81 and William M. Evarts 79 votes. D. B. Hill was declared elected.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Jan. 22.—The legislature elected Watson C. Squire United States senator.

SALEM, Ore., Jan. 22.—The legislature re-elected John H. Mitchell United States senator.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 22.—Senator Voorhees was re-elected by the legislature.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 22.—The legislature re-elected Senator Vest.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 22.—The legislature re-elected Senator J. K. Jones.

New Hampshire State Officers.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 22.—In joint convention of the legislature, Hon. Solon A. Carter of Concord was re-elected state treasurer and Oliver A. Gibbs of Dover was elected commissary general. The matter of the election of a public printer was regarded with unusual interest. Two ballots were had, the second resulting in the choice of Ira C. Evans. The election of Mr. Evans was the result of a personal quarrel in the Republican party. Mr. Pearson stood as the representative of the Republican Press association, of whose stock Senator Chandler owns a controlling interest. Hon. Zera S. Stearns of Rindge, secretary of state-elect, being a member of the house of representatives, will not accept the office until about or after the session.

Burglars Convicted.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 22.—James Ryan and James Conlon, two of a trio who had their trial jointly on a charge of highway robbery, and whose cases went to the supreme court on exceptions, had their cases on the separate charge of breaking and entering the house of Arthur W. Reed, Oct. 2, concluded. They were apprehended on the night of Oct. 18, while robbing a shop in Richmond street. In their possession were fuses, drills, chisels and other tools. The jury submitted a verdict of guilty.

In Memory of Gen. Terry.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 22.—Memorial services in honor of the late Maj. Gen. Alfred H. Terry were held at the United church, under the auspices of Admiral Foote post, Grand Army. Addresses were made by Rev. H. L. Wayland of Philadelphia, chaplain of the Seventh Connecticut volunteers, and Rev. H. Clay Trumbull of Philadelphia, formerly chaplain of the Tenth Connecticut volunteers.

Lymph Did Him Good.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—William Degan, the consumptive patient who was sent to Berlin in charge of Dr. W. A. Taltavall of this city to be treated by Professor Koch, has returned. Degan has improved considerably. Dr. Taltavall brought two bottles of lymph for Dr. G. F. Shrady to be used in the St. Francis hospital in this city, where the treatment of Degan will be continued.

A Wolf in Sheep's Clothing.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Jan. 22.—It is reported that John Relyea, aged 29 years, junior member of the firm of Homer, Relyea & Son, millers, has suddenly left town, forging checks, notes and other negotiable paper to the extent of $20,000 or more. He was prominent in musical, literary, church and social circles.

A Boston Lawyer Disappears.

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—There is considerable talk about town concerning the disappearance of Thomas E. Barry, a lawyer, of 10 Tremont street. It is alleged by the grievance committee of the Bar association that he embezzled $1600 from a servant girl, and steps were taken to have him disbarred. There are rumors of other irregularities.

A Missing Teacher's Body Found.

BOSTON, Jan. 22.—The body of Ewald Weiss, a professor in the Conservatory of Music at Boston and teacher of the violin at the Worcester school of music, has been discovered by a band of hunters on one of the peaks of the Presidential range of the White Mountains.

SALISBURY ON HOME RULE.

He Says Many Positions Must Be Carried Before It is Victorious — The Power of the Priesthood.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—Lord Salisbury delivered a political address at Cambridge. He did not believe, he said, that the home rule contest was on the point of victory, or that it is now dead. Many positions must be carried before home rule is victorious. Even if the mysterious home rule bill is passed, it will be our duty to undo the mischief. My belief in home rule owes its existence to two very clever men—Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Parnell. While they support it, I should give you imprudent advice if I persuaded you the battle was over. Many a victorious struggle is still before you. Recent events have cleared the air and shown us what to expect.

In the absence of documentary evidence it is probable that Mr. Parnell's account of the Hawarden interview is the most accurate; but what Mr. Gladstone thought a year ago is no guide to his thoughts a year hence. He said that recent events had proved that Irishmen were quite incapable of conducting an independent parliament. It had further shown the unlimiting power of the priesthood, whose matchless organization had swept down a man who had been the despot of the Irish movement here and in America. That is the ruthless organization beneath whose heel you would place Protestants by granting home rule. We shall be mad indeed if we neglect the lesson which the tempest unveiled. The antagonist with which you have been contending is the sinister domination of Croke and Walsh. To me it is a matter of rejoicing that the disclosure has happened, as it will fortify Ulster. If she is true to herself home rule will never be carried.

In concluding, Lord Salisbury attributed the suffering and discontent in Ireland to natural deficiencies, due to climate and absence of the mineral resources which enriched England. He believed that the construction of light, or relief, railways, the peasant proprietary system and emigration were more important for Ireland's well-being than experimental legislation. If the Unionist efforts succeded in dissipating ill dreams and passions and passing good measures, the present Unionist struggle would be in the future regarded as the foundation of Ireland's prosperity.

THE SITUATION IN CHILI.

A Long-Time President of That Country Explains the Revolt.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—A gentleman who has returned here after a residence of fifteen years in Chili, says: "President Balmaceda has exasperated the very people who put him in office by his dictatorial actions. He was elected by the Liberal party under a pledge to abolish abuses which existed, particularly those which enabled the president, through tremendous patronage, to practically dictate who his successor should be. The elections will take place in a few months and the Liberals are determined that the president shall keep his hands off.

"The present revolt is undoubtedly to force pledges from him that he will not interfere in any way with the coming elections. The party opposed to him includes the wealthiest and most influential citizens of Chili, and President Balmaceda must agree to a satisfactory compromise or involve his countrymen in a desperate conflict. He is a stubborn, determined man, but I do not think he would carry his obstinancy to so great a length as that. My family is at Valparaiso, but I am not yet alarmed as to their safety, as I think a satisfactory settlement will soon be reached."

LONDON, Jan. 22.—A dispatch from Buenos Ayres says that the Chilian insurgents have occupied Pisagua.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The pope is suffering from a chill and is confined to his bed.

The opening of the Paris churches as night shelters is urged.

Gilmour, Lindsay & Co., Montreal, have failed. Liabilities, $225,000.

The house of parliament, in Tokio, Japan, was destroyed by fire.

It appears that there is no naval vessel ready for service in Chilian waters.

Wisconsin Democrats are moving for the repeal of the Bennett school law.

Ezra S. Stearns was elected secretary of state by the New Hampshire legislature.

A bill conferring the right of suffrage on women was introduced in the Kansas house.

Seven fishermen crossed the Zuyder Zee on the ice, a feat without precedent since 1740.

Russia is urged to seize the Pamir Plateau, "the roof of the world," in Central Asia.

The firm of McLachlan Bros. & Co., Montreal, has made an assignment. Liabilities over $700,000.

Emperor William stirred up the Hanover garrison by arriving there nine hours before he was expected.

One of the most prominent Alliance candidates for United States senator from Kansas has been side-tracked.

The London Times, discussing the negro question in this country, advocates assisted emigration to Central Africa.

William J. Lane, one of the Irish leaders in parliament, was married at Brooklyn to Miss May Armstrong of Brooklyn.

Minnesota and the Dakotas are being treated to summer weather, and the people are enjoying out-of-door pastimes and sports.

Steinitz won another game in the chess match yesterday. The score now stands: Steinitz 6, Gunsberg, 4, drawn 8, and two more games to be played.

Munderloh & Co., general agents of the Hanso Steamship company, contradict the report that they had closed their Boston offices and returned to Montreal.

The law department of Boston is preparing for Mayor Matthews a bill providing for consolidation of city departments, and it will be presented to the legislature.

The New York Equitable Insurance company is going out of business. It is fifty years old and has a capital of $210,000, but cannot compete with the low rates of larger companies.

Henry Kellogg of Hartford, president of the Phœnix Fire Insurance company since 1863, is dead. He organized the Phœnix Insurance company in 1854 and was its first secretary.

It is stated on semi-official authority that a decided majority of the holders of Poughkeepsie bridge bonds had assented to the proposed interest funding scheme, and that there would not be any effort made to reorganize the company.

A few months since, Rev. William F. Markwick, then pastor of the St. John Street Methodist Episcopal church, New Haven, announced a change in his views and resigned the pastorate. Last night he was installed pastor of the First Congregational church at Ansonia, Conn.

TIPS FOR FARMERS

As Given Out by Men Who Are Practical Producers.

THE RAISING OF GOOD PORK.

Timely Hints as to How the Best Results May Be Accomplished -- Interesting Address on Market Gardening.

MARSHFIELD, Mass., Jan. 22.—The first of the series of three farmers' institutes, which the laws of the state require each agricultural society to hold annually before it can receive the state bounty, was held at Agricultural hall, under the auspices of the Marshfield Agricultural and Horticultural society. It was very largely attended, and the addresses and discussions of the day were of the most interesting and instructive character.

The opening address was by Charles O. Ellms of Scituate on "Farmers' Food." Ellms said the farmer should have the best of food, as he can raise almost everything he needs for his table. One of the most important foods he raises is pork, which will always be an important food, however much it may be condemned.

Referring to various criticisms of pork as a food, the speaker said: "One would naturally be distrustful of that article, but every farmer knows the value of a barrel of pork in his cellar. The favorite dish of our New England ancestors, pork and beans, cannot or has not been excelled. Animals that have been fed well make the best food; the flesh of animals fed on turnips or onions will taste of those vegetables. Eggs from the Cape sell cheaply, as fish is largely a diet of the hens. For good pork give me a good clean sty, good diet, plenty of sunshine and exercise for my hogs."

Concerning Other Food for Farmers,

the speaker referred at considerable length to butter, and the proper mode of making it, the food required for the cattle, etc. He strongly advocated the making of butter by all farmers, and advised the greatest of care in its production. Beans he also considered an important and staple article, and one in the cultivation of which the greatest care should be used. These, together with squashes, are the chief foods which are needed by the farmer for the winter, and from which, with very little labor, the farmer's wife may quickly get up a first-class dinner.

The next speaker was W. W. Rawson of Arlington, a member of the state board of agriculture, and the largest market gardener in New England. Mr. Rawson's address covered various branches of market gardening, and he gave many valuable hints, both as to profitable production and mode of cultivation.

"This market gardening, said he, "has increased more in the last ten years than any other branch of agriculture. There are now many engaged in it who do not understand it, and for this reason success depends more upon the man than on anything else. He should fit himself for the business and then he will be sure of success. But some may ask, How can this be done. My answer is—Get a good school education, and, if time will allow, go through the agricultural college. Then go to work for some one who understands the business for five years at least. If a man has been attentive to his business and saving, he may now have at his command perhaps $1000. With this he can hire a small place near some large city, where there is a good market and land is cheap, and get a good start in about five years more. He may increase his stock of sash and hothouses as fast as his funds will allow, and a little faster, perhaps, and at the end of ten years he will be surprised to find himself worth $10,000 at least, and everything ready for doing business.

"The time has come when, to be a market gardener or a farmer, the man

Must Be Educated for It,

and the more brains and common sense he has the greater will be his success. I never saw a successful man in any kind of business who did not spend from twelve to fifteen hours a day at it for the first ten to twenty years of his business career, and what business is there at present that will give better return for the money and time invested than market gardening or farming. We may not get rich, but we can have a nice farm and buildings and everything to go with them and pay all our bills and have something left every year. I worked night and day for my success.

"The location of a farm for market gardening should be on a slope to the east, south or west, sloping because it inclines to the sun and is better for irrigation, and toward these points because they are warmer than a northerly slope. The soil should be sandy loam, with a few acres of low land if it can be had; but one acre of upland of the right kind is worth two of the low. Ten acres of land is sufficient in most cases. It will take about $5000 to stock that in good shape for the business; this stock will consist of three horses, with wagons and harnesses, 200 cords of manure, 500 sashes, one greenhouse. This may possibly exceed the amount of capital a very little.

"Twenty cords of good manure to the acre will grow most any crop that can be grown, and in some cases two crops to one application. If the land had been worked for a long time, some fertilizer may be applied for the second crop when partly grown; it should be whatever material the crop is mostly composed of, and should be applied when the crop is about half grown. It may be applied broadcast or in the rows as the crop may be arranged, and never less than half a ton to the acre. I believe in liberal application of manures and fertilizers, because I believe in

Liberal Feeding of Plants

as well as animals. If plants are well supplied with the proper nourishment they will show it, and a plant or animal that is well fed is more easily taken care of than one that is not, and if there is any profit in a crop it is always in a good one.

"It is always difficult to get reliable men in this business. I have found that by keeping a large number of men it is easier to get good help, and by keeping them all the year it is still easier. But the old saying, that "good men are scarce," is as true in this business as in any other."

Following Mr. Rawson's address, brief remarks were made upon various topics by several of the prominent South Shore farmers present.

The next of the series will be held the second or third week in February.

From One Extreme to the Other.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—The thaw now prevailing has caused disastrous floods in many parts of the country, especially in Kent.

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately.

Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.

Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

PLANT FOOD

FOR SALE AT

FRANK F. CRANE'S.

Quincy, Jan. 10. tf

Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.

Boston, Nov. 5. tf

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING,

QUINCY AVENUE.

Nov. 13. 3 mos

POSTAL SERVICE.

Mails Arrive.

Boston,	6.20 A.M.
"	9.00 "
"	12.15 P.M.
"	3.40 "
"	5.15 "
"	6.30 "
N. Y., South and West,	7.20 A.M.
N. Y., South and West,	4.45 P.M.
Cape Cod,	7.00 "
Quincy Point,	8.20 A.M.
" "	4.15 P.M.
South Shore,	6.30 "

Deliveries.

At 7.30 A. M. (12.30 P. M. Business Delivery.) and 4 P. M.

Mails Close.

Boston,	7.15 A.M.
"	9.35 "
"	12.25 P.M.
"	4.40 "
"	6.00 "
"	8.00 "
N. Y., South and West,	7.15 A.M.
N. Y., South and West,	7.55 P.M.
Cape Cod,	7.45 A.M.
"	3.15 P.M.
Quincy Point,	8.30 A.M.
" "	5.00 P.M.
South Shore,	7.45 A.M.

Collections.

From Boxes at 5.45, 8.00 A.M. (Business Section 12.45) and 4.15 P.M.

W. W. ADAMS, *Postmaster.*

Old Colony.

On and after Oct. 13, 1890. Trains Leave

QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.11, 6.55, 7.27, 7.33, 7.38, 7.52, 8.12, 8.34, 8.40, 9.18, 9.59, 10.38, 10.57 A. M.; 12.05, 1.02, 1.17, 1.42, 2.50, 4.00, 4.07, 4.48, 4.57, 5.33, 5.40, 6.14, 7.05, 7.10, 8.11, 9.06, 10.19, 10.24 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.19, 9.31 A. M.; 1.46, 5.53, 6.15, 7.25, 8.14, 9.16, 11.01 P. M.

RETURN.—5.45, 6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 10.05, 11.02 A. M.; 12.00 M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.30, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4 42, 5.10, 5.33, 6.00, 6.07 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.15, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30, 9.00, 9.15, A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 5.45, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

WOLLASTON HEIGHTS FOR BOSTON.—6.14, 6.59, 7.37, 7.41, 8.15, 8.46, 9.21, 10.02, 11.00 A. M.; 12.08, 1.05, 1.45, 2.53, 4.11, 5.00, 5.43, 6.18, 7.14, 8.15, 9.09, 10.28 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.34 A. M.; 1.49, 6.19, 9.26, 11.04 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02, A. M.; 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.07, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR BOSTON.—6.19, 7.02, 7.16, 7.44, 8.05, 9.24, 10.04, 11.15 A. M.; 12.11, 1.22, 1.56, 2.56, 4.15, 5.48, 6.31, 7.12, 7.17, 8.18, 9.12, 10.31 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.37 A. M.; 1.52, 6.22, 9.23, 11.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 6.45, 7.35, 8.00, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02 A. M.; 12.02, 12.30, 1.15, 1.55, 2.25, 3.12, 4.18, 4.22, 4.42, 5.33, 5.40, 6.15, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

QUINCY ADAMS FOR BOSTON.—6.07, 6.51, 7.23, 7.35, 8.08, 9.15, 9.56, 10.54 A. M.; 12.02, 1.38, 2.46, 4.03, 5.37, 6.11, 7.07, 8.07, 9.03, 10.21 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—9.27 A. M.; 1.42, 6.11, 9.12, 10.57 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 9.40, 11.02 A. M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 3.12, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.00, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. **SUNDAY.**—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00 7 05, 10.00 P. M.

WEST QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.08, 7.05, 7.54, 9.11, 11.04 A. M.; 1.46, 3.45, 5.27, 6.20, 10.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25, 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

EAST MILTON FOR BOSTON—6.12, 7.00, 7.58, 9.15, 11.08 A. M.; 1.50, 3.55, 5.31, 6.24, 10.11 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR EAST MILTON AND WEST QUINCY.—6.48, 8.17, 10.00 A. M.: 12.50, 2.40, 4.42, 5.50, 6.42, 8.14 P. M.

GEO. L. CONNOR, Gen'l Pass'r Agt.

J. R. KENDRICK, General Manager.

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

NEW DRESS

GINGHAMS

SPRING STYLES,

Striped and Plaided.

ALSO NEW DIAGONAL

PLAID PERCALES,

ALL

12 1-2c. per Yard,

AT

Miss C. S. Hubbard's,

158 Hancock St., Quincy.

BUSSELL'S

Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

WANTED.

WANTED,—A girl to do general housework. Apply at No. 6 Baxter street. Quincy, Jan. 21. 3t

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

TO LET.

TO LET,—Furnished rooms, with or without board, at 44 CHESTNUT STREET. Quincy, Jan. 17.—9t

TO LET.—Very desirable property in South Quincy. House contains 11 rooms, city water and furnace; stable attached with accommodation for 6 horses. Five acres of land, cuts 7 tons hay. Plenty of fruit, etc. A sightly location, near Electric cars and railroad station. Will lease for term of years to right party. Enquire of B. N. ADAMS, Real Estate, Quincy. Jan. 13—pl tf

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month. Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms. Apply to HENRY H. FAXON. Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—One good new Milch Cow and Calf. L. E. WEYMOUTH, Glover avenue, Atlantic, Mass. Jan. 17—9t

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms To Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree
Geo. H. Hunt,	East Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 22.

High water at 9.15 A. M. and 10.15 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.07; Sets at 4.46.
Moon sets at 5.34 A. M.
Full Moon Jan. 24, 7.25 P. M.

THE honors of the front row of seats in the City Council are very evenly divided; every ward is there represented.

MALDEN has an inspector of buildings to whom she will pay $1,500 this year. Who would like the office in this city?

THE claim of rent for the Houghs Neck chemical has hung fire long enough. It was a sharp game, after free rent had been offered. But such generous offers should hereafter be shunned. Effect a settlement as speedily as possible and then adopt the Mayor's suggestion and look about for a desirable location which can be bought.

IT is rather surprising when one comes to think of it, with what practical unanimity the offices are filled by the City Council of Quincy. A president, clerk, city auditor, city messenger and manager of the Woodward fund, were all unanimously elected. Is it owing to our model charter or superior officers, or is Quincy a more peaceful community than other cities? Deadlocks and close contests are frequent in our sister cities.

THE work of removing the obstructions along the line of Sachem brook, under the direction of Commissioner Ewell, from Hancock street to Elmwood avenue, Wollaston is a long needed improvement, and meets the hearty approval of the citizens. The policy of doing the best you can under the circumstances always has merit, and will insure the appreciation it deserves.

A Great Enterprise.

The project of passing from New York to Brooklyn upon dry land instead of over a bridge or upon ferryboats has hovered like a dream in the imagination of enthusiasts for years. As other dreams sometimes do it has at length taken real shape and body. Work has been commenced upon a great tunnel which will connect New York with Long Island at Long Island City, which is all one with Brooklyn except in the feelings of its inhabitants. It is north of Brooklyn and separated from it by Newtown creek.

The tunnel will be blasted through the solid rock that underlies New York city. It will run under Forty-second street the whole length of that thoroughfare, so that it will take freight and passengers from the Grand Central station. On the west side of New York the tunnel will start in at Tenth avenue. At the eastern end of Forty-second street it will be 114 feet below the surface of the earth, consequently below the water bed of Long Island sound. It will cross the sound, which New York people time out of mind have called East river, just at Blackwell's island. Thence it will cant northward slightly and come out at Long Island City.

The tunnel will be twenty-six feet wide and twenty-two feet three inches high. It is built to facilitate the rapid transit of freight between Long Island and New York city. In course of time passengers will be whirled through the great brick tube under East river, but not at first. The New York and Long Island Railway company, who are building this gigantic engineering work, expect to get a mint of money from the freight that now passes so clumsily and expensively from New York to Brooklyn and the reverse. In the single item of coal alone, which must all be taken to Brooklyn from the mainland, the company expect to reap a fortune. It will require not less than two years to finish the work.

A car heating company is now endeavoring to do away altogether with the murderous stove. This company claims that it can equip a car thoroughly with steam heating apparatus, and then heat it, for a cost of $40 a year cheaper than can be done by coal and stoves.

Counterfeit two dollar bills with the head of Gen. McClellan on them are dangerously numerous. They are so well executed that it is difficult to distinguish them from the genuine. Look out for them.

They do say there was a ghost dance among Republican senators when the silver men succeeded in shoving aside the federal election bill to make room for the financial bill.

Biliousness follows bad temper.

☞A recent count shows that the Christian Endeavor movement begins the new year, 1891, with more than 13,000 societies, and at least 7,'0,000 members. This is a gain of 110,000 members in six months. This is by far the largest gain in the history of the movement.

Although sometimes seen 400 leagues from land, the frigate bird is said to return every night to its solitary roost.

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

Rain.

Sleighing has gone.

No school this afternoon.

The storm increases in violence.

The walking is worse than slippery.

The Atlantic Social Club hold its fourth assembly Friday evening at Music hall.

Fallon Bros. have a contract to build a 1200 foot wall for Alderman Carruth at Boston.

T. L. Williams the West Quincy jeweler has added to his stock of machinery a very handsome lathe of the latest design.

Among those registered at the Robertson house this week are John James, Nathaniel Averill and F. B. Hare of New York.

A sleigh party of twenty-five from Brockton stopped at the Robertson house Wednesday evening, and had a supper and dance.

The Wollaston W. C. T. U. will hold its business meeting for the election of officers on Friday afternoon, Jan. 30, at 3 o'clock.

The lower floor of the Perry building, Wollaston, has been secured for the polling place, and the rent, with heat, will be but $5.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Penniman entertained a Tiddledy Winks party at their residence on Pleasant street Wednesday evening.

Atlantic wants free postal delivery and has a petition in circulation which has been largely signed and will be forwarded to Postmaster General Wanamaker.

Yesterday's Herald says: Mr. L. S. Anderson, assistant to the president, secretary, and treasurer of the Union Pacific road at the Boston office for several years, leaves the service of the company Feb. 1 to become business manager of the New England Conservatory of Music.

Fatal Accident.

Cyrus Waterhouse, a well-known and respected citizen of Atlantic, was instantly killed Wednesday evening at the Atlantic station by the 5.15 outward South Shore train from Boston.

Mr. Waterhouse was employed as a blacksmith at the Wollaston Machine shops, and was on his way and had almost reached his home when he was killed, almost at his own door.

It seems he had walked up the track and had nearly reached the bridge when he stepped to the side of the track to allow an inward train to pass. As soon as the train had passed he crossed over on to the outward track, immediately in front of the outward express train, which struck him, breaking his arm and making a concussion on his head which must have caused instant death.

Medical Examiner Gilbert was notified, and the body removed to Hall's undertaking rooms.

Mr. Waterhouse was about 65 years of age and leaves a widow and four children, three sons, and one daughter who resides at Matfield and was on the train which killed her father.

WEYMOUTH.

Crescent lodge work the first degree this evening. Visitors are expected.

Section 5, Cadets of Temperance, paid a fraternal visit to Unity Section of Cambridgeport Wednesday evening.

The Weymouth and East Braintree Business Association holds its annual meeting in the Institute parlors this evening.

MILTON.

H. S. Russell was re-elected president of the Bay State Agricultural Society on Wednesday.

The funeral of John L. Esau of East Milton, who died suddenly on Monday evening, will be held Friday afternoon, and will be attended by delegations of Odd Fellows.

REAL ESTATE SALES.

In Quincy.

Roxana M. Baillie, to V. M. Ross, $1.

Patrick McDonnell, Jr., to John Masson, et al., $2,700.

Ellen L. Hunt, et. al., to Owen Brady, $1.

John Q. Adams, to Anton Carlson, $200.

Alice J. Watts, to C. M. Richards, $1.

Catherine M. Richards, to W. H, Watts, $1.

Manet Land Associates, to Helen Crossman, $112.

Charles A. Wood, et ux., to S. D. Ramsdell, $50.

India takes the palm for free postage. Postal cards cost half a cent each, and a letter goes for one cent.

In a minute an express train goes a mile, and a street car 32 rods; the fastest trotting horse 148 rods and an average pedestrian has got over 15 rods.

MARRIED.

RICHARDS—LOWE—In Quincy, Jan. 21. by Rev. H. E. Cotton, Mr. John R, Richards to Miss Florence A. Lowe, both of Quincy.

MOODY—GRADY—In Quincy, Jan. 21, by Rev. F. A. Frigulietti, Mr. William Moody to Miss Hannah Grady.

DIED.

WATERHOUSE—In Atlantic, Jan. 21, Mr. Cyrus Waterhouse, aged 65 years and 10 months.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

MISS McPHAIL.

Joins the Leaders With Over 1000 Votes.

Candidates Withdraw to Boom Mr. Foy.

Miss McGovern Leads for the Eighth Day —Miss Leary Second.

Miss McGovern polled the heaviest vote today and further increased her lead over 100.

The relative position of the candidates is unchanged today. Miss Leary is second, Mr. Foy third, Mr. Tirrell fourth and Miss McPhail fifth. The latter has now over 1000 votes and her name appears in larger type today, strengthening her claim as one of the leaders.

Nine votes were received for a new candidate today, but as it now takes ten votes to enter the list, her name does not appear. Send in another or fifty more tomorrow and give her a start.

The names of Mr. Frank W. Munroe and E. W. Emery are dropped from the list today at their request. It is understood that their friends will unite on Mr. Robert E. Foy, the clerk's candidate.

Candidates noticing any errors in the figures will please notify the "Vote Counter" promptly, that the same may be corrected.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today:

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss McGovern,	**Gas Light Co.'s,**	**4787**
Miss Leary,	**S. B. Little's,**	**4139**
Robert E. Foy,	**Pratt & Curtis,**	**3445**
Henry W. Tirrell,	**John Page's,**	**2664**
G. V. Bowditch,	**Packard & Co.'s,**	**2444**
Miss McPhail,	**Sheppard & Sons,**	**1006**
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's,	586
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's,	408
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's,	395
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's,	239
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's,	150
Mary G. Drumm,	D. Bamford's,	142
Miss Agnes Kelley,	Clapp Bros.	119
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's,	119
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's,	97
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's,	58
Henry L. Jones,	E. E. Fellows',	51
Luther Rogers,	A. L. Litchfield,	42
George O. Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones',	24
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	18
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's,	17
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's,	16
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's,	12
Tina Wilson,	Rogers Bros.'	12
John T. Bates,	W. H. Doble's,	10
Gridley Totman,	F. W. French's	10
Henry Curtis,	J. M. Hayden's,	10
Miss Clark,	Coddington school,	10

Newsboys' Prizes.

The LEDGER newsboys find a ready demand for the favorite little daily retailing about 1500 a day. Large numbers are also sold at wholesale to friends of the candidates in the contest.

Today's list includes the boys starting from the agencies of H. Coram and Miss Freeman in addition to those from the LEDGER office. The sales of the West Quincy and Quincy Point boys are up to last Monday, the others include sales of Tuesday:

Charles Walsh	**6199**
John Mitchell	**1777**
Myron Wilber	**1473**
Robert McAuliffe	**1416**
Fred Bavin	899
James Giles,	794
Eddie Heffernan,	669
Fred Hardwick	500
Willie Esson,	462
Henry Rhines	451
John Dackers,	411
Chris McAuliffe,	371
John Murphy,	243
Patrick Murphy	227
Gardner Willey	216
Charles Baxter,	210
Arthur Pinel,	197
Albert Belliven	77
Napoleon Guillemett	69
Fred Evans	57
John Morrison	56
Eugene McAuliffe	48
Daniel Doran	40
Frank McGrath	39
Duncan Livingstone	37
Frank Walsh,	36
John Anderson	35
William McDonnell	33
Gilbert Bavin,	31
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Warren Cameron	15
Gustin Goolic	15
George Dunn	14
Parfast Guillemett	13
James Norrie	10

Miss Freeman's Newsboys.

Charles Carter,	544

H. Coram's Newsboys.

Dan Shea,	151
Robert Hayes,	122
Willie Williams,	98
Charlie McCue,	73
Eddie Kane,	68
Dan Reardon,	66
John Riley,	56
John Bean,	54
John Menahan,	49
Dan McDevitt,	47
Frank Reinhalter,	40
Joseph Kelley,	33
Arthur LaClare,	31
Harry Rodman,	16
Robert Foy,	15
—— Cochran,	11
John Dillion,	8
Bennie Driscoll,	6

For "Robert E. Foy."

An honest man you all should seek,
Without reproach or fear;
Nor should you stop, until you pop
"Robert E. Foy," number one on the voting list.

We have shortened the race,
And we will run a faster heat,
For the "Boys," of the "Q. M. C. B. A.,"
Will place "Robert," where he can't be beat.
Now, "boys" don't hesitate, nor speculate
On how, or when or where,
What e'er you do, do with your might—
And the prize to our goal will come.
Those that hold the "clerks" as brethren,
Their truthfulness will show,
By casting votes by hundreds,
For "Robert E. Foy." BY J. L. F.

Moody--Grady.

Miss Hannah Grady, daughter of Mrs. Jane Grady, was united in marriage Wednesday evening to Mr. William Moody, the ceremony being performed by Rev. A. F. Frigulietti.

The bride wore a costume of steel gray silk, tulle veil and a wreath of orange blossoms. Miss Kate Grady, sister of the bride, was bridesmaid and Mr. John Forbes best man. A reception was held at the residence of the bride's mother on Canal street. Mr. and Mrs. Moody will reside at Quincy Adams.

PLEASURE AND AMUSEMENT.

A Week of Old Time Southern Sport.

Amid the vast forest of Long Leaf Pines, in the high sand hills of North Carolina, a large number of Northern people have congregated from year to year for the past six years on account of the great benefit to be derived by those suffering with throat and lung troubles, until quite a village has been built, consisting of six hotels and a number of boarding houses.

The place has been named Southern Pines. The surrounding forest abounds in game of all kinds; and during the first week in February a programme has been arranged for a great week of sport for the visitors and excursonists; low rates of fare from the North having been arranged. From New York City the fare will be less than twenty dollars for the round trip. There will be a deer hunt, a fox chase, a quail hunt, a squirrel hunt, a rabbit chase, a wild turkey hunt, and a coon hunt. Also a Southern barbecue, a 'possum supper, and an old time plantation dance by colored men and women who will introduce some of their plantation songs.

A large number of native Southerners are lending their help and influence to make the occasion a great success; among whom is Hon. Jno. T. Patrick, of Raleigh, N. C., one of the chief managers in the Southern Immigration work, and Secretary of the Executive Committee of the Southern Inter States Immigration Bureau. This Bureau is sustained by all the Southern States, and Mr. Patrick's special business is to furnish information to anyone desiring to learn of the South. Mr. Patrick has the reputation of being the best manager of entertainments and fairs in the South, and no doubt he will make this novel entertainment quite interesting to the many Northern people who will attend.

In New York, the other day, two letters were mailed simultaneously, one to Philadelphia, the other to Brooklyn, and the Philidelphia message was delivered first.

NOTICE.

A Party for the Children of the Unitarian Parish will be given by the Social Club,

FRIDAY, Jan. 23, 1891,

From 4 until 9 o'clock.

Refreshments solicited to be sent at 4 o'clock.

Quincy, Jan. 20. 3t

DREAMING.

In the deep silence of the night I dreamed
I trod where once the waning sunlight gleamed
Upon a garden, brightened by your smile,
Dreamed, idly dreamed, and lost my cares the while.

I heard the sighing of the evening breeze
That stirred the leaves of apple laden trees;
I saw the purple pansy's quaint old face
Look out from 'neath the harebell's swinging grace.

I saw again the fair verbena's bloom
And breathed once more the heliotrope's perfume.
I watched, as once we watched in days of old
Ere sorrow came and life grew dark and cold,
The swift winged humming bird that loved to sip
The sweets distilling from the lily's lip.

I seemed to hear your voice as in the days
When every tree was vocal with the praise
Of happy birds who dwelt around your home,
And like the flowers knew no desire to roam.

That gentle voice which breathed in tones of love,
And seemed the echo of the one above,
Which speaks as once it spake on Galilee
The "peace be still" that calmed that troubled sea.

O, songs of joyous birds! I hear ye still,
Hear, too, the music of the murmuring rill,
Hear every voice in which glad nature loves
To call her children to the silent groves,
And tell them there the story of his power,
Who reared each tree and fashioned every flower.

O, thou whose voice the winds and waves obey,
As fade the visions of the night away,
Speak to the troubled heart thy words of peace,
And bid all sorrow and repining cease;
Make us to feel though earthly love may fail,
O'er all life's woes the heavenly will prevail.
—Edward L. Rideout in Lewiston Journal.

An Editor's Fairness.

That editors are heartless beings—ever regardful of themselves, always regardless of the author—has become almost a proverb in the minds of hundreds of literary people, especially those whose editorial experience is limited. Once in a while an instance leaks out which shows the fallacy of this belief, and the following is such a one:

Quite a well known author not long ago sent a poem to a prominent magazine. The poem was duly read, accepted, and a generous check was sent the author, who was thoroughly satisfied with the amount paid. The poem was laid by for a while, when it was again read by the editor, this time with a view to illustration. The merit of the verses not only again appealed to the editor, but so strikingly did it impress itself upon him at a second reading that he had another check made out and forwarded to the author, with a note saying that the editor felt the previous amount insufficient with the striking merit of the work.

The cynical mind will say, "Yes, but such a course is exceptional." Not at all, my friend, only the instances do not come to light. Who is the editor in this case? Well, I will give the names: Mr. Alden, of Harper's Magazine; the author, Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, and the poem, "The Quaker Lady."—Edward W. Bok's Letter.

A Hard Case.

A Fort street car which was traveling the northerly end of its route was hailed by a bareheaded and excited housewife, who said to the conductor as the car came to a stop.

"Oh, sir, you and the driver and all the passengers come into my house as quick as you can!"

"What's the matter?"

"It's perfectly awful, sir. I opened the stair door and a mouse ran into the sitting room, and he's there yet. That's my daughter crying in the back yard, and that's the poor baby yelling in the kitchen, and bring your revolver and a club and"——

The conductor rang two bells and the car rolled on.—Detroit Free Press.

Electricity in Philadelphia.

There are over 5,000 buildings in Philadelphia equipped with electric wires for light and power purposes. During the year the insurance companies writing these risks have not suffered a dollar's loss from fires caused by electric wires. Fires from this cause in previous years have been so few and far between as to create great surprise when they did occur. A perfect understanding is said to exist between the insurance and the electrical companies. The natural result of this is good insulations, which fact explains why fires from electrical causes are so few in Philadelphia.—Electric Review.

Singular Question of Jurisdiction.

A singular question recently arose between the coroners for Shropshire and South Staffordshire. A farmer named James, of Ruckley Wood, near Shiffnal, was killed by a passing train on the Great Western line near that place on Saturday night. The body was found near the scene of the accident, but the head was carried by the engine to Wolverhampton. The question was, which of the two coroners in whose respective districts the divided remains lie should hold the inquest?—London Tit-Bits.

The Girl Was Too Coy.

They were rich. The daughter was taking lessons in coyness and social small talk. "A penny for your thoughts," she archly remarked to an abstracted visitor, and then felt, from the look of horror that overspread her parent's face, she must have been guilty of a false step. "Why didn't you offer him a dollar?" was that lady's criticism after the visitor's departure. "We've got money, and you mustn't be afraid to let folks know it."—Philadelphia Times.

Getting Along Easy.

"There is nothing like letting other people exert themselves for you," sighed a tall, spare gentleman as he followed in the wake of a portly individual as they passed through the swinging doors at the postoffice corridor. The portly gentleman hurled himself against the door with a bang, and as it swung back the gentleman behind him passed out without lifting his hands from his overcoat pockets.—New York Times.

Competition in Marriage Fees.

The marriage license fee in Quebec is $8. As a lower charge is made in the United States many couples living near the boundary line cross the border to get united. In all probability the Quebec charge will be reduced to meet the foreign competition.—Toroto Mail.

CHINESE EXECUTIONS.

HOW THE CONDEMNED ARE KILLED WHERE THERE ARE NO LAWYERS.

Nine Crimes Invite Capital Punishment. The Headsman Is Kept Busy—He Must Be a Trained Artist, Without Nerves.

There are in the Chinese criminal calendar nine crimes which are punishable with death, and the executioners of the several provinces are in consequence kept busy with the sword. The crimes are murder in any degree, rape, conspiracy, robbery, counterfeiting, kidnaping, forgery, assaulting parents and swindling. The manner of execution is interesting, and the capital prisoners, like those in France, never know until the hour has almost arrived when they are to be taken out to meet death.

Chinese trials are never very long nor are the proceedings elaborate, and acquittals are infrequent. Immediately after the conviction of a criminal the death sentence is pronounced, and then the governor of the province is officially notified. He sets the day for the execution. All the condemned men are placed in one cell under a strong guard. The night previous to the day upon which they are to suffer all the men occupying the condemned cell are feasted and wined. A genuine banquet is served at the expense of the governor. The condemned men know that some of their number have been picked out to die the following day, but it is impossible to tell how many or who will be called out. So they all make the most of their feast and drink up all the wine, and generally wind up the affair by tumbling over on their strips of matting in a state of complete intoxication. It has been said that the wine and dinner were designed as a sort of "bracer" preparatory to the criminals' taking off. As a rule the banquet lasts until daybreak, and lively farces, introductory to the tragedy, are enacted during the night in the cell, where the keepers and guards act as waiters.

At daybreak on the morning of the execution a "poye" or marshal, accompanied by half a dozen soldiers, appears at the cell door with a list of names, which he solemnly reads off to the half drunken wretches. When he has finished he says:

"Goon hi ta koo" (I greet you on your ascension).

The cell door is then opened by the guards, and the soldiers, each picking out—or up, as the case may be—a man, begins to disrobe him. When the naked men have been stood up in a row, a short red cape is placed over the shoulders of each, and their hands are bound behind their backs with ropes, their feet are chained together, and ropes are tied around their heads at the line of the mouth. This latter answers a double purpose, as it makes a very handy and effective gag, and can be used with effect in lifting the head up. These preliminaries finished, the men are bundled into bamboo baskets like so many sacks of rice. The baskets are provided with ropes and a pair of poles each, and the soldiers carry them as they would carry sedan chairs.

A procession is formed outside of the jail. The soldiers, carrying the baskets, lead, escorted by the executioners with drawn swords. Immediately behind them is a man with an enormous gong, upon which he produces, with the aid of a padded drumstick, a series of tolling notes. Then follow the presiding magistrate and the attaches of the court to the number usually of 100.

The beating of the great gong upon such occasions arouses the populace, and long before the parade of death moves the narrow streets of the town are lined with sleepy eyed citizens, anxious to see the baskets with their condemned freight.

In order to make as deep an impression as possible upon the people, these occasions are made as dreadful as may be. The march is at the slowest pace, the dismal tolling of the gong, sounding the death knell of the basketed criminals, is the only sound, save the shuffling of sandaled feet, which breaks the early morning stillness.

Upon the arrival of the procession at the place of execution, which is usually on the outskirts of the town, the cortege is surrounded by an imposing number of guards in waiting, in order to avert all possible risk of a rescue. The presiding magistrate ascends a platform and seats himself at a desk, facing the south. On the ground in front of him are a series of holes dug in the earth, each three feet distant from the other. The criminals are taken from their baskets and made to kneel before these holes, facing south. The people form a deep, solidly packed half circle at a respectful distance in front of the kneeling men, and the chief executioner steps forward with his sword poised in the air. Behind him are the other executioners ready to relieve him in case of an accident or if he should become tired before his work is completed. It not unfrequently happens that there are as many as six men kneeling in a row before him. He stands at the left end of the line, and, with his eye fixed on the magistrate, waits for the signal to begin his work. It is given. The crowd know it because they see the stalwart form of the swordsman move slightly and plant his feet more firmly on the ground. The sword is raised a trifle higher, the double grip on the big handle tightens, there is a second's pause, and then the great shining blade sweeps through the air in a downward, forward stroke. When it meets the neck of the victim it seems to halt for an instant, but the space of time is so brief that it is barely perceptible, and with the impetus of its weight and swing it shears its way through. The head of the victim topples forward, and as it falls into the hole prepared for it a fountain of blood spouts into the air impelled by the final spasmodic pulsations of the heart. Before its force is half spent the trunk of the criminal falls forward over the hole.

Before the convulsive twitching of the muscles has ceased the killer steps forward until he reaches the next poor trembling wretch and the performance is repeated. If he becomes tired while wielding that heavy instrument of death he gives way to one of his assistants.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 20. QUINCY, MASS., FRIDAY, JANUARY 23, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

NESE EXECUTIONS.

HE CONDEMNED ARE KILLED
E THERE ARE NO LAWYERS.

mes Invite Capital Punishment. leadsman Is Kept Busy—He Be a Trained Artist, Without

are in the Chinese criminal cal- ne crimes which are punishable ath, and the executioners of the provinces are in consequence y with the sword. The crimes ler in any degree, rape, conspir- bery, counterfeiting, kidnaping, assaulting parents and swin- The manner of execution is in- , and the capital prisoners, like France, never know until the almost arrived when they are ken out to meet death. se trials are never very long nor proceedings elaborate, and ac- are infrequent. Immediately e conviction of a criminal the ntence is pronounced, and then rnor of the province is officially He sets the day for the execu- l the condemned men are placed ell under a strong guard. The revious to the day upon which to suffer all the men occupying demned cell are feasted and A genuine banquet is served at nse of the governor. The con- men know that some of their have been picked out to die the g day, but it is impossible to tell ay or who will be called out. So make the most of their feast and p all the wine, and generally the affair by tumbling over on ips of matting in a state of com- oxication. It has been said that and dinner were designed as a bracer" preparatory to the crim- king off. As a rule the banquet til daybreak, and lively farces, tory to the tragedy, are enacted he night in the cell, where the and guards act as waiters. ybreak on the morning of the n a "poye" or marshal, accom- y half a dozen soldiers, appears ell door with a list of names, e solemnly reads off to the half wretches. When he has finished

hi ta koo" (I greet you on your n. ell door is then opened by the and the soldiers, each picking up, as the case may be—a man, o disrobe him. When the naked e been stood up in a row, a short is placed over the shoulders of d their hands are bound behind cks with ropes, their feet are together, and ropes are tied their heads at the line of the This latter answers a double , as it makes a very handy and e gag, and can be used with effect g the head up. These prelimina- ished, the men are bundled into baskets like so many sacks of The baskets are provided with nd a pair of poles each, and the s carry them as they would carry chairs. ocession is formed outside of the The soldiers, carrying the baskets, scorted by the executioners with swords. Immediately behind them an with an enormous gong, upon he produces, with the aid of a pad- umstick, a series of tolling notes. follow the presiding magistrate he attaches of the court to the r usually of 100. beating of the great gong upon casions arouses the populace, and efore the parade of death moves row streets of the town are lined deep eyed citizens, anxious to see with their condemned freight. to make as deep an impression sion upon the people, these occa- are made as dreadful as may be. march is at the slowest pace, the l tolling of the gong, sounding the knell of the basketed criminals, is ly sound, save the shuffling of ed feet, which breaks the early ng stillness. on the arrival of the procession at ace of execution, which is usually outskirts of the town, the cortege rounded by an imposing number of s in waiting, in order to avert all le risk of a rescue. The presiding strate ascends a platform and seats lf at a desk, facing the south. On round in front of him are a series es dug in the earth, each three feet it from the other. The criminals aken from their baskets and made el before these holes, facing south. people form a deep, solidly packed circle at a respectful distance in of the kneeling men, and the chief tioner steps forward with his sword d in the air. Behind him are the executioners ready to relieve him se of an accident or if he should be tired before his work is completed. t unfrequently happens that there as many as six men kneeling in a before him. He stands at the left f the line, and, with his eye fixed e magistrate, waits for the signal gin his work. It is given. The d know it because they see the stal- form of the swordsman move tly and plant his feet more firmly e ground. The sword is raised a higher, the double grip on the big le tightens, there is a second's , and then the great shining blade ps through the air in a downward, ard stroke. When it meets the of the victim it seems to halt for stant, but the space of time is so that it is barely perceptible, and the impetus of its weight and swing ears its way through. The head o victim topples forward, and as it into the hole prepared for it a foun of blood spouts into the air impell he final spasmodic pulsations of th t. Before its force is half spent th k of the criminal falls forward ov hole. fore the convulsive twitching of th cles has ceased the killer steps fo d until he reaches the next poi bling watch and the performan peated. If he becomes tired w ding that heavy instrument of d ives way to one of his assistant

LOOK at these PRICES!

We have in stock what we advertise. Keep your eye on our Window. Display from week to week, and notice our prices and we will surprise you. You can positively do better with us than in Boston.

	Regular Price.	Our Price.
Mellin's Food, Large Size,	$0.75	58c.
Mellin's Food, Small Size,	.50	38c.
Ridge's Food, Medium Size,	.65	40c.
Armour's Beef, Large Size,	1.00	75c.
Armour's Beef, Small Size,	.50	40c.
Fellow's Syrup,	1.50	96c.
Hood's Sarsaparilla,	1.00	75c.
Hydrobromates Caffeine, For Headache,	1.00	75c.
Hunyadi Water,	.35	25c.
Morse's Dyspepsia Cure,	.50	38c.
Green's Nervura,	1.00	79c.
Cashmere Boquet Soap,	.25 to .35	21c.
Cuticura Soap,	.75 box,	50c.
"	.25	18c.
Pear's Unscented,	.20	15c.
2-qt. bottles Extract Hamamelis,		75c.
Florida Water,	.74	40c.
Wyeth's Malt,	$3.00 per dozen, delivered.	

Finest Stationery, regular 15 to 25 cents per quire, your choice for 10 cents. Envelopes to match, 10 cents per bunch. This is positively a great Bargain.

Toilet Soap, your choice for 5 cents a cake. Fine lot of bath Sponges.

OUR MOTTO.

"RELIABILITY."

DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

THE GREAT

SACRIFICE

— OF —

Clothing and Furnishing Goods

Still Goes On.

Further Reductions in all Departments.

Men's Blue Wool Underwear, 35 cents,

Suits at much less than Cost.

Overcoats, 50c. on the dollar.

In fact everything in our Stock at a great discount.

QUINCY ONE PRICE CLOTHING CO.,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

73 HOURS.

Record of the City Council of 1890.

Forty Meetings and Four Present at Every One.

The Longest Session 3 Hours 45 Minutes---Shortest 4 Minutes.

The City Council of 1890 held forty meetings, eight less than its predecessor, and a glance at the roll calls, show the same faithful attendance on the part of the Councilmen.

At five meeting there was a full attendance, at ten but one was absent, at eleven but two, at ten but three, at three there were four absentees and at one a special held August 30, nine.

The Individual Record

Was as follows:

Perfect attendance—Councilmen Hall, Newcomb, Sherman and Thompson. It may be added that Messrs. Newcomb and Thompson had a perfect record in 1889, and that Mr. Hall missed but one in 1889.

Missed One—Three members missed but one meeting, Councilmen Fairbanks, Burke and Souther. Both Mr. Fairbanks and Mr. Burke had a perfect record in 1889.

Missed Two—Councilmen Bass, Kapples, and Warner. Mr. Kapples missed but one in 1889.

Missed Three—Councilman Green.

Missed Four—Councilmen Ewell, Fallon, Graham, Lovett, Morton, and Wilde.

Missed Five—Councilmen Shea and Slade.

Councilman Duffield was absent from six, Councilman Jones from seven, Councilman Read from eight, while Councilman Faunce took the booby prize with sixteen black marks.

Record by Wards.

Considering the Councilmen-at-Large a separate delegation, the attendance of the Ward Five delegation was the best. When the Councilmen-at-large are considered individually as a part of the ward delegations then Ward Three which had no one at large had the best record. Here is a summary of the absentees both ways:

	At Large Separate.	At Large Included.
At Large,	16	...
Ward One,	10	13 (four)
Ward Two,	11	16 (five)
Ward Three,	9	9 (three)
Ward Four,	10	12 (four)
Ward Five,	5	21 (four)
Ward Six,	12	12 (three)

Length of Sessions.

As stated previously there were forty meetings in 1890, and the aggregate of the hours in session was 72 hours, 53 minutes, against 75 hours, 17 minutes, in 1889, when there were 48 meetings.

The shortest session was four minutes Sept. 29. The longest four hours and twenty-five minutes Dec. 10, the night of the recount. There was another long meeting Dec. 29, three hours and forty-five minutes, when the water report was under consideration.

The average length of the sessions was one hour and fifty minutes, against one hour and thirty-five minutes in 1889.

Minor Mention.

The total attendance of the members was 914 out of a possible 997, making the total number of absentees but 83.

Christopher A. Spear, the efficient clerk, missed but one meeting, occasioned by sickness.

City Messenger Tirrell received 100 per cent. for attendance.

May the Council of 1891 attend to business as faithfully.

Mutual Relief Association.

All young men, over eighteen years of age, are requested to meet at building corner of Phipps and Water street, on Saturday evening, to join with others now about forming an athletic, and mutual relief association. The promoters of this plan, have now about thirty-five names on their list, and wish to get about fifty to start with. The object is to have a club which will be a benefit, socially, and morally, as well as to give relief and aid, to any member who may be sick, or disabled, after he is six months a member. The building is a good one for the purpose, and contains plenty of room for all kinds of sport, and to transact the business of the society. No distinction as to religion, or politics. The only requisite will be good moral character. Initiation is now but $1.00, and will be collected on Saturday night. Come and see for yourselves and hand in your name.

The installation of the Young Crusaders' band eleven of the Church Temperance Society, will take place next Sunday in Christ's church, at the evening service, 7 P. M. The Rev. S. H. Hilliard, Deputy Commander for the Diocese of Massachusetts, will preach and officiate, assisted by the Rector. The offertory will be for the needs of the association.

WATER SUPPLY.

Official Investigation by Chief Engineer of State Board.

Today F. B. Stearns, Chief Engineer of the State Board of Health, is making an official investigation of the proposed source of supply for the new water system for the city. He is accompanied by W. W. Ewell, the Commissioner of Public Works, Councilmen Newcomb and Bass, who were members of the Council committee of 1890, Engineer Blake, ex-Councilman Shaw and George W. Prescott of the LEDGER. Particulars will be given Saturday.

Engineer Stearns makes his report to the State Board of Health, who will report to the city. Their investigation may cover several weeks. They hold regular meetings on the first Tuesday of each month.

Mayor Fairbanks intended to accompany the party, but could not arrange his business so as to get away.

Daughters of the King.

On Wednesday afternoon and evening the "Whatsoevers," a circle of King's Daughters, connected with the Centre Congregational church, observed their first anniversary by a social tea and literary entertainment at the house of one of their members, Miss Nellie Mitchell of Pleasant street.

Business over, about six o'clock an ample collation was served, after which an hour or more was spent socially and in the enjoyment of a pleasant programme of music and readings.

Miss Mitchell set the ball in motion by a piano solo, followed by the recital of an original poem by Miss Lena Elliott, another piano solo by Miss Fay and a reading by Miss Rosa Drake bearing upon the opportunities daily occurring to the King's Daughters to scatter seeds of kindness along life's pathway. After music by Miss Hitchcock, a recitation entitled "Little Boy Blue," was given by Miss Gurney of Wollaston in a pleasing and unaffected way. Then came a vocal duett, a colloquy, illustrating the work of the organization, and a piano solo by Miss Gray, which brought to a close the formal exercises of an occasion thoroughly enjoyed by all present.

The Circle, which now numbers twenty-two, has reason to congratulate itself upon the good accomplished in its brief existence. In a backward glance over the twelve-month it can recall three barrels of clothing collected and sent to Miss Steele of the Chattanooga Mission, the presentation of a clock for the main ward of the City Hospital, a pillow for its invalids, numerous comfort bags for the use of sailors, sent to their good friend, Mr. Snow of the Boston Mission, and, together with these charities, unobtrusive acts of kindness in ministering to the "shut-ins" in private homes in our own community.

May the truth embodied in their latest motto: "Not to be ministered unto but to minister," so permeate these young lives that this circle will widen into other ever-increasing circles like those on a still lake when a pebble is cast into its depths.

A Busy Firm.

A call at the shed of Swithin Bros. on Granite street found this firm rushing business, which has increased to such an extent that one of the best draughtsmen on original designs is constantly employed by them.

Among the many monuments which are being cut at their works, is one for Capt. William Reynolds, a former whaling captain of New Bedford, which represents a capstan against which rests a large anchor from which a hauser winds around the capstan.

The anchor and capstan are of Westerly granite and the pedestal on which they rest is of Quincy granite.

The monument is a very handsome one and very appropriate. When completed it will be placed in the Union cemetery at New Bedford.

They also have under way two statues which are to be placed in Mount Calvary cemetery, Boston, one of which represents "Mary at the cross," and the other a composite figure of Faith and Hope. These two statues are cut of Westerly granite and rest upon pedestals of Quincy granite.

They also have a number of other orders for monuments all of which are for local cemeteries. A visit to their works will well repay one for the time spent.

Public Installation.

The following officers of Joan of Arc lodge, order of the Red Cross, were publicly installed Thursday evening by the supreme officers:

President,—John A. Elliott.
Vice President,—David McBrain.
Secretary,—Robert Thomson.
Treasurer,—Joseph Walker.
Chaplain,—A. M. I. McLeod.
Marshall,—Simon Goldman.
Guard,—Edward Lane.
Sentinel,—Malcolm Campbell.

After the ceremony there was an address by the Supreme President, an entertainment and supper.

TODAY'S COURT.

Herman Ezexon of Quincy, drunk, $9, in default of which he was committed.

DIED.

MALONE—In South Quincy, Jan. 22, Mrs. Honora C., wife of Mr. James F. Malone, aged 34 years and 11 months.

OVER 5000.

Is the Total Figure of Miss McGovern.

Largest Vote Today for Mr. Galen V. Bowditch.

No Votes Today for Miss Leary---Look Out for a Surprise.

The vote today is the smallest for many days. This is not because a less number of papers have been sold but because of the policy of some to hoard their ballots, and it is reasonable to expect some large quantities next week. Today Mr. Bowditch received 256, Miss McGovern 232, Mr. Purdy 75, and the others a less number.

In the local contest in Atlantic Mr. Hatch is again on top of Mr. Osborne.

Candidates noticing any errors in the figures will please notify the "Vote Counter" promptly, that the same may be corrected.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today:

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss McGovern,	Gas Light Co.'s,	5043
Miss Leary,	S. B. Little's,	4139
Robert E. Foy,	Pratt & Curtis,	3445
Henry W. Tirrell,	John Page's,	2664
G. V. Bowditch,	Packard & Co.'s,	2500
Miss McPhail,	Sheppard & Sons,	1006
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's,	586
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's,	408
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's,	395
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's,	314
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's,	150
Mary G. Drumm,	D. Bamford's,	142
Miss Agnes Kelley,	Clapp Bros,	119
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's,	119
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's,	97
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's,	58
Henry L. Jones,	E. E. Fellows',	51
Luther Rogers,	A. L. Litchfield,	42
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's,	31
Tina Wilson,	Rogers Bros.',	26
George O. Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones',	24
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	18
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's,	16
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's,	12
John T. Bates,	W. H. Doble's,	10
Gridley Totman,	F. W. French's,	10
Henry Curtis,	J. M. Hayden's,	10
Miss Clark,	Coddington school,	10

Newsboys' Prizes.

The first summary includes the sales of boys starting from the LEDGER office:

Charles Walsh	**6649**
John Mitchell	**1792**
Myron Wilber	**1526**
Robert McAuliffe	**1466**
Fred Bavin	899
James Giles,	858
Eddie Heffernan,	669
Fred Hardwick	550
Willie Esson,	493
Henry Rhines	477
John Dackers,	437
Chris McAuliffe,	411
Patrick Murphy	244
John Murphy,	243
Gardner Willey	236
Charles Baxter,	226
Arthur Pinel,	209
Albert Belliven	77
Napoleon Guillemett	74
Fred Evans	57
John Morrison	56
Eugene McAuliffe	48
Daniel Doran	40
Frank McGrath	39
Duncan Livingstone	37
Frank Walsh,	36
John Anderson	35
William McDonnell	33
Gilbert Bavin,	31
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Warren Cameron	15
Gustin Goolic	15
George Dunn	14
Parfast Guillemett	13
James Norrie	10
Jerry Conley	10

Miss Freeman's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 17.

Charles Carter,	544

H. Coram's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 17.

Dan Shea,	151
Robert Hayes,	122
Willie Williams,	98
Charlie McCue,	73
Eddie Kane,	68
Dan Reardon,	66
John Riley,	56
John Bean,	54
John Menahan,	49
Dan McDevitt,	47
Frank Reinhalter,	40
Joseph Kelley,	33
Arthur LaClare,	31
Harry Rodman,	16
Robert Foy,	15
—— Cochran,	11
John Dillion,	8
Bennie Driscoll,	6

BOYS OF QUINCY.

ATTENTION!

WILLIAMS,

THE

JEWELER,

Will give a Fine Silver Waltham Watch to the boy bringing the greatest number of LEDGER COUPONS to his store before March 1st.

This Watch is

No Waterbury Humbug;

It is one of the Genuine

American Waltham Watch Co.'s

Make, and is Warranted to give perfect satisfaction. It is now on exhibition in his Show Window, and may be inspected by anyone.

Now Boys, get a gait on you, and hustle for it!

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.

O. S. C.

1759 ROBERT BURNS 1891

Grand Celebration

OF THE

132d ANNIVERSARY

OF THE BIRTH OF

Scotland's Favorite Poet,

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

Clan McGregor, No. 5,

QUINCY, MASS.,

IN THE

QUINCY OPERA HOUSE,

ON

FRIDAY EV'NG,

JAN. 30th, 1891.

PROGRAMME.

1. Pot Pourri, Scotch Airs — Dunbar's Orchestra.
2. Opening Address, — Chief James Copland.
3. Song, McGregor's Gathering — Mr. Lewis G. Griffiths.
4. Song, When the Heart is Young — Miss Fanny W. Hatch.
5. Impersonations, (Assorted) — Mr. Edward W. Emerson.
6. Song, Come under my Plaidie — Miss Mary F. White.
7. Song, Jessie, the Flower o' Dunblane — Mr. William Elrick.
8. Recitation, Prince Charlie at Versailles on the Anniversary of Culloden, — Miss Annie MacKenzie.
9. Piano Solo, (Selected) — Mr. William Wilson.
10. Address, — Hon. H. O. Fairbanks, Mayor of Quincy.
11. Song, (Selected) — Miss Fanny W. Hatch.
12. Legerdemassachusetts, — Mr. Edward W. Emerson.
13. Song, Robin Adair — Miss Mary F. White.
14. Song, My Nannie's Awa' — Mr. William Elrick.
15. Recitation, Mary, Queen of Scots — Miss Annie MacKenzie.
16. Song, The Lass of Patie's Mill — Mr. Lewis G. Griffiths.

Accompanist, Mr. William Wilson.

☞ Royal Secretary Kerr, Grand Chief Allen and others will be present. Programme subject to change.

Supper Furnished in Dining Hall,
A. E. NASH, Caterer.

Dancing at 10.30.

MUSIC, - DUNBAR'S ORCHESTRA.

J. B. DUNBAR, Prompter.

Admission to Celebration, 50 and 35 Cents. Children under 12 years, 15 Cents. Dancing 50 Cents extra for Gentlemen. Ladies free.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Entertainment at 7.45.

A responsible person will have charge of Clothing.

Gentlemen wishing to take part in the dancing are requested to leave the hall after the Concert.

Tickets for sale at the Stores of John O. Holden, C. B. Tilton, Williams' Jewelry Store, and the following Committee of Arrangements: Alex. Emslie, William Norrie, James Copland, Oscar W. Riddle, A. B. Davidson, William Elrick and Maxwell McIntosh.

JAMES COPLAND, Chief.

ALEX. B. DAVIDSON, Sec. of Com.

Jan. 23. 6t

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive a Gold Watch or Easy Chair.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period will be presented with a gold watch now on exhibition at T. L. Williams' jewelry store which cost over $50. A second prize is also offered to be given to the one standing second on the list, and will be a richly upholstered easy chair valued at $25.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

—BY—

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

A "Psalm" of Business.

"Tell me not in mournful numbers"
Advertising doesn't pay,
For the man's non compos mentis
Who would such absurd things say.

'Life is real! Life is earnest!"
And the man who hopes to rise
To eminence in any calling
Must expect to advertise.

"In the world's broad field of battle,
In the conflict of real life,"
Advertising is the magnet
Of achievements in the strife.

Lives of rich men all remind us,
"We can make our own sublime,"
And by liberal advertising
To the highest summit climb.

"Let us, then, be up and doing,"
In this sheet your "ads" insert;
"Still achieving, still pursuing,"
Business then will be alert.

—Exchange.

MR. AND MRS. BOWSER.

BY MRS. BOWSER.

I expected a new dress to come up one evening in time for a party to which we had been invited. At 6 o'clock Mr. Bowser began to grow uneasy and queried:

"Why on earth didn't you have it here this morning?"

"It wasn't done."

"Then you should have given your order further ahead. Mrs. Bowser, you are a very soft mark."

"But the dress will be here by 7."

"Bet you two farms to a cent! Never knew anything of yours to come up within twenty-four hours of the time promised. This is a nice state of affairs, I must say!"

"The dress will come."

"Not until to-morrow, and we might as well make up our minds to stay at home."

It was there at half-past 6 and he got out of it by saying that it was a mistake for which the dressmaker would probably commit suicide. A week later he ordered a new suit, stipulating that they were to be sent up at noon on a certain day. We were to go to a party that night, and at breakfast I queried:

"Do you feel certain of your new suit?"

"Do I feel certain that I live?" he replied, with a grand wave of his hand.

"But it may not come up."

"And the sun may bust its biler and the pieces tumble to earth. The clock will not have struck 12 before that suit is here."

But when he came up to dinner I had to inform him that no suit had arrived.

"Oh, well, the parcel boy is taking it slow," he answered. "It will be here before I go."

But it wasn't. He waited ten minutes over time, and then went to the telephone and called the tailor up and said:

"I suppose that suit has started on its way up."

I could not, of course, hear the reply.

"Why, that suit I ordered a week ago."

[Tailor's reply unheard.]

"You haven't! That's a pretty idea! Do you mean to tell me that suit isn't finished?"

[Tailor's reply unheard.]

"Well, you see that you do! If it's one minute after 6 I'll leave the suit on your hands!"

"How about my dressmaker?" I asked as he hung up the trumpet.

"How about nothing! Dressmakers deliberately perjure themselves, while this was a mere oversight. It'll be up at 6."

"And if not?"

"Didn't I say it would be up at 6? Make all your arrangements to go to that party."

When he came up at 6 and failed to find the suit he turned five shades whiter. Going to the phone he yelled to the tailor:

"Where in Halifax is that suit of mine?"

[Tailor's reply unheard.]

"No, it hasn't! What do you mean by such conduct?"

[Tailor's reply unheard.]

"Yes, if it comes at sharp 7, but not a minute later! You folks down there must have all been on a drunk this week!"

"Is it coming at 7?" I asked.

"Certainly. I didn't expect it before, but wanted to hurry 'em up a little."

"Well, I hope it will come."

"Hope! It will come, and that's all there is about it."

But 7 o'clock came without the suit. It didn't come at half-past, nor at 8, and Mr. Bowser called up the central and was told that the tailor shop was shut up. He danced up and down, rapped on the box, kicked the cat and told baby to shut up, and finally he fell into a chair and looked at me in a cold, icy way.

"Well, how about dressmakers?" I asked.

"Not a word, Mrs. Bowser—not a word! I see how it is!"

"How what is?"

"More of your revengeful work! You wanted to get even with me and you have done it."

"But what did I do?"

"Never you mind! Let your own conscience answer! I'm going down town, and if I shouldn't return to the house you can communicate with any lawyer you see fit."

But he was home and in bed by 11, and glad to drop the subject.—Detroit Free Press.

DAMAGE BY STORMS.

Sudden Freshets Cause Consternation in Many Places.

NEW ENGLAND IS DRENCHED.

Palmer and Great Barrington Get a Good Share of the Storm—Part of Birmingham, Conn., Under Water—Much Damage from Floods in New York and Pennsylvania.

PALMER, Mass., Jan. 23.—The rain has done considerable damage in this section. The river rose six feet, and many houses and barns and cellars along the banks are flooded. The main road to Monson is two feet under water and packed with ice cakes. A mile east of the village the road to Springfield is under water, and the floating ice has cut off telephone poles and dropped them across the highway.

At Three Rivers it is feared that the bridge of the New London Northern railroad may be carried away. Two miles east of the village the tracks of the Boston and Albany railroad are eighteen inches under water. Many cellars in this place are flooded, and the water is five feet deep in the basement of the Union Passenger station. Roads are badly washed, and the dam at the reservoir of the Palmer Water company came near being washed out. There was a washout on the New London Northern road a mile north of this village, but it was discovered in time to prevent accident. One man had a narrow escape from drowning while trying to wade through Commercial street, being rescued just as the water was taking him off his feet.

Great Barrington Flooded.

GREAT BARRINGTON, Mass., Jan. 23.—The heavy rain worked considerable destruction in portions of this village. About 11 o'clock the water came pouring down from the hill west of the village, and in a short time the sewers were choked up. The water set back into the cellars, and as the freshet continued cellars on the west side of Railroad street and the west side of Main street were filled to a depth of six to eight feet. The water swept down so suddenly that merchants had no opportunity to remove their goods, and many hundred dollars' worth were ruined.

In some cellars the water rose to the level of the sidewalks, pouring through the gratings into the street. The fire department was set at work pumping out the cellars containing the most valuable goods. Cellars of private residences were flooded and furnace fires extinguished. The Housatonic track at the lower end of the village was submerged to a depth of a foot, and the middle road to Sheffield covered with several feet of water.

IN CONNECTICUT.

Disastrous Effects of the Freshet in the Neighborhood of Birmingham.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 23.—The unusually heavy rain storm of the past two days has caused a flood at Birmingham. Early yesterday morning the water in the Housatonic and Naugatuck rivers began rising and by noon seven feet of water was falling over the dam. The meadows were flooded, as was the Derby driving park. Large quantities of lumber floated down the stream and over the dam and lodged against the railroad threstle.

A gang of six men who were at work on the railroad bridge, which was wrecked in last week's flood, had a very narrow escape from being swept from the pier. All of the factories were closed down at noon and large crowd gathered along the river.

Faers were entertained that the dam would not withstand the pressure, so Foreman Curley of the Water company stationed sentinels along the river at 6 o'clock and arranged to have an alarm sounded in case of danger so that the people could seek places of safety.

At 7:5 p. m. the gate house on the west end of the long dam began to waver and the danger signal was at once given. Five minutes after the signal was sounded the gate house was twisted round by a large body of pack ice and this movement was closely followed by the giving away of a section of the dam, three feet in depth and about 300 feet in length. Just before the dam gave way the gauge showed seven feet ten inches of water going over the dam. The gong continued to sound and the people rushed from their houses amid great excitement, but the immense volume of water rushed down the river without doing nearly so much damage as had been feared.

The water mill and Albert Daggett's postal card factory were the heaviest losers. Two hundred feet of the Housatonic railroad trestle was carried away at the same spot as in last week's flood. A pile driver was swept down the river, and two men had to save themselves. There is now four feet of water on the Derby railroad tracks, and trains have stopped running.

Reports were circulated that the Seymour dam had also given way, but this story proved untrue. A number of factories will be compelled to close through lack of water in the canal. At midnight the worst was over, the water being on the decline. Hundreds of people are flocking to the scene and great excitement prevails. So far no accidents have been reported. The dam, which was built in 1870, was 500 feet long and 22 feet deep. It cost $1,000,000 to build it.

In Shelton, Miss May Schillinger was blown down by the force of the wind and rendered unconscious, and in Birmingham Capt. Robert May was blown over and severely injured.

In McDermott's saloon at Derby the water rose level with the bar.

In Waterbury many cellars were flooded and considerable damage was done. A train on the Derby road was stalled between Ansonia and Birmingham, the water extinguishing the fire, and another train standing at the depot had to pull out suddenly to avoid the same trouble.

BRIDGES CARRIED AWAY.

People in a Flooded New York Village Compelled to Go About in Boats.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Jan. 23.—High water did serious damage in this county. A dam at Hibernia, on Wapping creek, broke about 4 o'clock, adding the water of a large pond to the already swollen stream. The rush of ice and water struck the large iron bridge on the Central New England and Western railroad just below the dam, and moved it out of line, stopping trains. An iron highway bridge was destroyed and part of the mill at Hibernia was torn away. At Pleasant Valley, a few miles below, the lower floor of the cotton mill was flooded. The people of the village were driven into the second stories of their houses, and were only able to get about in boats, but no property was carried away. Two or three bridges were carried away on the New York and Massachusetts railroad, near Pine Plains.

GORGE IN THE SUSQUEHANNA.

It is Twenty-Seven Miles Long, and Wyoming Valley is in Danger.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 23.—A terrific rain storm swept over the Wyoming Valley yesterday morning, continuing until 3 p. m. and working extensive damage in the low lying districts. Over one-third of this city is now under water and traffic is completely suspended on the Scott street extension of the suburban street railway. Along Canal and North Washington streets every cellar is flooded to the first floors. The steam heating plant is completely submerged. The gorge in the Susquehanna now extends from Tunkhannock to Nanticoke, a distance of twenty-seven miles, and it is feared that the storm may cause the river to back up and flood the valley from end to end.

MOVED BY JEALOUSY.

A Brockton Woman Seeks to Kill Herself and Her Three Children.

BROCKTON, Mass., Jan. 23.—Mrs. Ludwig Anderson, wife of Louis Anderson, purchased a drachm of morphine and when her husband left for his work she mixed the entire quantity, and, dividing it into four parts, gave one each to her three children, aged 5, 4 and 2 years, and took the fourth drink herself. She then retired to her chamber, taking the children with her, with the intention of never waking up again.

Her brother, by mere accident, returned to the house, and, finding all quiet, proceeded to investigate, and on entering his sister's room, found her and her children in a stupor. He called for assistance. After heroic efforts the mother and children were brought to consciousness, but rapidly sank again and are now expected to die at any moment. The cause attributed for Mrs. Anderson's rash act is that of jealousy. She consulted a medium, who told her that her husband was keeping company with other women, and she resolved to commit suicide.

NEWS FROM PINE RIDGE.

Big Batch of Troops Ordered from the Field—No Disturbances Reported.

PINE RIDGE, Jan. 23.—The troops of the department of the Missouri now in the field were ordered by Gen. Miles to proceed to their several stations, except Capt. Wells' battalion of the Eighth cavalry, which goes to Fort Meade, S. D. Col. Henry has instructions to seek a sheltered camp with his battalion of the Ninth cavalry at a distance of not more than ten miles from Pine Ridge. The changes still leave four troops of the Seventh cavalry. Capron's light battery of the First artillery, all of the First, Second and Seventeenth infantry, the Sixth cavalry and two companies of the Eighth infantry in the field. Forty more guns were surrendered by the Indians to Gen. Miles last evening.

WILL RETIRE FROM THE RING.

"Old Hutch" Has Lost Heavily, and is Now Worth "Only" $1,000,000.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—The Journal says that Hutchinson, the veteran board of trade man and boldest speculator the Chicago Board of Trade has ever known, has withdrawn from speculation. "It is estimated," says the Journal, "that Mr. Hutchinson has lost about $19,000,000 within twenty years. In 1870 he was reported to have a fortune of $20,000,000. Ten years ago his wealth had dwindled to $10,000,000 and now there is but $1,000,000. It was to save this from following the rest of his money that Mr. Hutchinson's family insisted upon his retirement."

Maine Press Association.

AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 23.—The Maine Press association met and organized in the senate chamber at the state house by choosing the following officers: President, S. T. Pickard of Portland; vice presidents, J. A. Smith of Skowhegan, James C. Chilcott of Ellsworth, F. G. Rich of Bangor; secretary, Joseph Wood of Bar Harbor; corresponding secretary, F. A. Dexter of Skowhegan; treasurer, W. B. Lapham of Augusta. Dr. J. F. Hill of Augusta was chosen essayist and Mark P. Pendleton of Belfast was chosen poet for next year.

Parnell's Intentions.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—During a conversation in the lobby of the house of commons, Mr. Parnell declared his intention to assert his authority as the leader of the Nationalist party, and to engage actively in work during the present session of parliament. It is claimed that the motion in regard to the administration of the crimes act made by Mr. Parnell at yesterday's session of the house cuts the ground from under Mr. McCarthy's feet, as obtaining precedence of McCarthy's motion concerning the trial of William O'Brien.

Crushed Into Jelly.

BOONTON, N. J., Jan. 23.—Thomas Northwood, a boss roller in the iron rolling mills here, was caught between the rollers while making repairs and was drawn through, his body being crushed flat. The rollers turn out wrought iron plates half an inch in thickness. Northwood's flesh and bones were crushed to jelly. He was 56 years old and leaves a wife and three children.

Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, Jan. 23.—In the senate petitions came in for the exemption from taxation of the property of the blind, and for an increase of 10,000 shares in the capitalization of the Boston and Lowell railroad. One of the orders was for a return to the system of electing Boston aldermen at large. The house received one order and one petition, and adjourned after a very brief session.

Wedding in High Life.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 23.—Miss Virginia Schley, daughter of Capt. Schley, commander of the man-of-war Baltimore, and Ralph G. M. S. Wortley of England, were married in Christ Episcopal church. The church was handsomely decorated with tall palms and plants, and many prominent people were present.

Suffocated by Coal Gas.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 23.—Wednesday the family of Rueben Rousseau of Valley Falls was sick and went to bed. None of them were seen moving about until yesterday when the door was forced in and Rousseau was found dead, having been suffocated by coal gas. His wife and child had a narrow escape.

The Montana Deadlock.

HELENA, Mon., Jan. 21.—Both parties to the legislature deadlock have been caucussing but have not yet made a compromise. It is thought, however, that they will do so before Monday.

THE NAMELESS EVA.

She is Declared to Be the Wife of Joshua A. Mann.

THE HAMILTON MARRIAGE VOID

Decision of Surrogate Rawson Deprives Her of the Millions Which She Hoped to Get—Her Counsel Will Appeal.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Surrogate Ransom has decided that the marriage of Eva L. Hamilton to Robert Ray Hamliton was void and that Eva is still the wife of Joshua A. Mann.

The surrogate held that his findings of fact on conflicting evidence are like a jury's. If he makes a mistake, he holds the court of appeals may correct it, but that court is powerless to settle a conflict of evidence, which, in his belief, the surrogate settles forever.

Col. Charles W. Fuller, her counsel, served notice of an appeal, and says he will carry the case up to the court of appeals. He will abandon, he said, all other proceedings, and make no attempt to hinder the probate of the will.

In closing the case for the will, Elihu Root said: "This woman has displayed a fabric of fraud and falsehood in her testimony, and upon such testimony as that your honor can now award a widow's portion. She has certainly presented the most extraordinary fabric of falsehood ever presented in this court room. Her testimony is the coldest and plainest perjury that your honor has ever been called to pass upon."

"Shall this woman," said Col. Fuller, closing his appeal, "be thrown from her position as the lawful widow of Hamilton back into the slums from which Hamilton took her, and will the court say that she is to be deprived of her right of dower and sent back to the old life?"

The surrogate spoke as follows:

Whether the contestant was or was not, at the time of the ceremony between her and Robert Ray Hamilton, worthy of being the wife of an honorable man is not for me to decide. Beyond cavil, she was worthy in his own opinion, and he was satisfied to make her his wife. Whether this was perpetrated by fraud is not for me to decide, and I express no opinion on that subject.

The question presented is whether the contestant is what she claims to be—the widow of the descedent. That she was married ceremoniously to Hamilton may be regarded as admitted. If she had the right in law to contract a marriage and Hamilton was capable of doing the same, the ceremony accomplished its object and a marriage was made.

If at that time either of them were incapable in law of contracting a marriage, then the ceremony was void and must be so declared. The only question is whether the contestants had the right to make the matrimonial contract.

The contestant's lawyer has proceeded necessarily upon the premise that the relations between this woman and Joshua Mann were meretricious. The admissions or declarations of this woman and Joshua Mann that they were man and wife do not establish a marriage, but they either disclose the honest feelings of the heart or were made for the purpose of concealing the true relations. I believe that Mrs. Mann stated her honest feeling toward a man who had been the man of her choice of all the world.

The court of appeals says that marriage can be proved by cohabitation, repute, introduction and reception among neighbors, and the like. Upon the proof in the case can any unbiased man come to any other conclusion than Josh Mann and Eva were man and wife, almost from the first time they met?

Whether Hamilton had passed, as a lawyer, upon a confession of Eva and Josh is of no consequence. A contract of marriage would have been utterly impossible, even if Hamilton were willing to contract a lawful marriage with this woman.

I must refer to an item of evidence which has had great weight with me. The motive of the contestant in confessing, after first denying that any improper relations existed, is easily discovered. If she could persuade the court that she was lawfully married to Hamilton, her station is necessarily established. Therefore, her evidence must be taken with suspicion.

I regret that my duty compels me to say anything in the way of criticism against this contestant, and I shall content myself by saying substantially that her evidence is unworthy of belief, and I do not believe her.

I hold that, on Jan. 7, the date of the ceremony between this contestant and Robert Ray Hamilton, she was the lawful wife of Joshua J. Mann, and has no standing in this court to contest the will of Robert Ray Hamilton.

There was a bustle in the court room as the surrogate finished.

Gen. Schuyler Hamilton, the father of Ray, who had watched the proceedings intensely, wrung the hands of his lawyers, while Eva's counsel quietly slipped out. Beatrice Ray's guardian, Sherman W. Knevals, said that in view of the surrogate's decision and Eva's own admission on Wednesday, that Beatrice was not Hamilton's child, he would not enter any objections to the probate of the will.

Prominent Rhode Island Man Dead.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 23.—The funeral of Hon. Schuyler Fisher, 86, was held at Hope Valley. He began manufacturing woolen goods in Fisherville, Exeter, in 1837. He was a temperance worker and a Democrat. He was the nominee of the Democratic party for governor in 1852-53 and was a delegate to the Baltimore convention that nominated Franklin Pierce for the presidency. He was state senator from Exeter for three years.

'Twill Be a Big One.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Members of the National Farmers' Alliance, Knights of Labor, Colored Farmers' Alliance, Farmers' union and Citizens' Alliance, who are here to consider the federation of all the organizations, have organized and adopted an agreement looking to such a confederation.

Dynamite Did It.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—Two large gasometers belonging to the City of Glasgow corporation exploded a week ago, two men being injured. Experts who have been investigating the matter report that dynamite probably caused the catastrophe.

Made Off with Diamonds.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—William C. Duncan, a city salesman for the diamond house of Lewesohn & Co., No. 41 Maiden Lane, has disappeared with $30,000 worth of loose diamonds and pearls. The bulk of the property is in diamonds.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—Forecast for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont: Rain or snow; westerly winds.

For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Generally fair; colder; westerly winds.

Storm signals are displayed from New York city to Eastport.

NEW BAKERY

JUST OPENED,

—IN—

Adams Building, cor. Temple and Hancock Sts.

The public are informed that I have opened a Bakery in the Adams Building, where will be kept a full line of

Bread, Cake, Pastry.

TRY OUR ANGEL CAKE.

Plain and Fancy Crackers. All kinds of Confectionery.

HOT BREAD AND ROLLS EVERY AFTERNOON.

WEDDING CAKE A SPECIALTY.

W. A. HODGES,

PROPRIETOR.

Jan. 17. 2w

Improve the Opportunity

—AND—

GET A PAIR OF SHOES CHEAP.

We have 500 Pairs of Shoes, which we now offer at a bargain. These goods are not old or shopworn, but comprise a number of lines which we desire to close out in order that we may substitute new prices for them.

EVERY SHOE OFFERED IS A BARGAIN.

Among the lot there are:

38	pairs	Ladies' Straight Goat Button Waukenphast,	$2.00, formerly	$2.50
36	"	" Kid Button Opera Toe,	2.00, "	2.50
7	"	J. N. Smith's Ladies' bright Dongola Laced, pat. tip,	2.00, "	2.50
22	"	Ladies' Pallah Kid Button,	1.65, "	2.00
9	"	Misses' Dongola Spring Heel Button,	1.50, "	2.00
12	"	" St. Goat Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.50, "	2.00
19	"	Children's Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.10, "	1.50
10	"	Men's Calf Bals,	3.00, "	3.75
5	"	each Cong. and Bals., Men's Fine Calf Shoes,	3.00, "	4.00
6	"	" " " " " Enamel Shoes,	2.00, "	2.75

While we call your especial attention to these goods, we believe it is for your interest to examine the whole lot on our **BARGAIN TABLES**, for **EVERY SHOE is a BARGAIN.**

SAVILLE & JONES, Adams Building.

JOB PRINTING

At the Patriot Office.

FLANDERS' TONIC

Tones up the Stomach. Makes the Brain Active

Purify your Blood with Flanders' Tonic. That Tired Feeling will be Unknown to those who use it.

A Boon to Overworked Men and Women!

If your Children are ailing, "no appetite," languid and without Strength, Flanders' Tonic will build them up.

TRY IT! TAKE NO OTHER!

WONDERFUL IN ITS MAKE-UP!

A Combination of Malt Calisaya and Hypophosphites. Tonic and Stimulant.

☞Guaranteed by all Druggists. 61

$1.00. Six Bottles for $5.00.

FLANDERS' MANDRAKE PILLS beats them all. Price 25 Cents.

Physicians endorse it. Ask your druggist for it; if he cannot supply you, send direct to us. We prepay express charges upon receipt of price. Made only by

Flanders' Tonic Co., Woburn, Mass., U. S. A.

WE TAKE

Old Pianos in Exchange.

Mail us a postal, and a competent man will be sent to value your instrument, and tell you how far it will go toward a new one. The balance can be in monthly payments, running thro' two or even three years. Don't say you can't afford a New Piano till you have given us a trial. Write us TO-DAY.

IVERS & POND PIANO CO.

183 Tremont St., Boston.

A Full Assortment

— OF —

Dried Fruits, Apricots, Peaches, Prunes,

Evaporated Apples, &c.

WE ALSO HAVE IN STOCK A VARIETY OF

PICKLES, PRESERVES AND KETCHUPS.

A LARGE STOCK OF

Fancy and Common Crackers at very Low Prices.

The only agents for Keene Creamery Butter. In 1-2 lb. Prints and 5 and 10 lb. Tubs. Fresh every Week.

Doble's Hot Rolls and Bread every Afternoon. Try them if you want the best.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another instalment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list includes all whose surname begins with "Ta."

WARD ONE.

To Whom Taxed.	Value.	Tax.
Taber, Alonzo. Six horses,	$600	
Carriages,	300	
Cow,	50	$12 92
Taber, James D. Horse,	100	
Carriages,	300	
Yacht,	50	
Two billiard tables,	150	
House on Sea street,	900	
House on Sea street,	200	
House on Sea street,	1,600	
Barn,	600	
Casino building,	1,800	
Out-buildings,	100	
Land, 44,875 feet,	2,200	110 80

WARD TWO.

Talbot, Catherine. House on North street,	500	
Land, 8,160 feet,	275	10 54
Tarbox, Stephen K. Cow,	50	2 68
Taylor, George W. Horse,	100	
House on Cherry street,	1,500	
Land, 27,608 feet,	1,000	37 36
Taylor, George W. Cow,	50	2 68
Taylor, Julia. House on Main street,	600	
Land, 6,410 feet,	300	12 24

WARD THREE.

Talbot, William H. House on High street,	800	
Land, 21,736 feet,	650	19 72
Tanner, Jonathan. House on Marsh street,	600	
Land, one-eighth acre,	400	15 60
Tarbell, Mrs. Ellen M. Money and bonds,	1,000	
Horse and carriage,	250	
House on Lawyers lane,	1,800	
Land, 6,000 feet,	250	44 88
Tarbox, Mrs. Emma. Shop on Quincy avenue,	300	4 08
Tarbox, Stephen K. Stock in trade,	300	4 08
Tate, Catherine. House on Phipps street,	800	
Land, one-sixteenth acre,	100	12 24

WARD FOUR.

* * * * * *

WARD FIVE.

Taylor, Abby B., trustee. Land on Woodbine street, 24,273 feet,	900	
Land on Berlin street, 17,547 feet,	700	
Land on Berlin street, 8,340 feet,	350	26 52
Taylor, Mrs. Edmund B., administratrix. Stocks and bonds,	6,000	
Horse,	100	82 96
Taylor, Edmund. Bicycle,	75	1 02
Taylor, Edmund F. Two horses,	200	
Carriage,	50	
Cow,	50	
House on Hancock street,	2,300	
Stable,	500	
Land, one-half acre,	1,000	57 76
Taylor, Edmund B., heirs of. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	4,500	
House on Hancock street,	3,000	
Barn and buildings,	2,000	
Land, 30 acres,	16,000	
Land off Hancock street, 10 3-8 acres,	5,000	
House on Hancock street,	700	
Land, 1 acre,	700	
House on Hancock street,	1,000	
Land, one-eighth acre,	200	
House on Hancock street,	700	
Land, 5 acres, and swamp,	500	
House on Hancock street,	700	
" "	700	
" "	700	
Land off Hancock street, 3 acres.	1,500	515 44
Taylor, George W. B., estate of. Land in section 1, 55,092 feet,	4,100	55 76
Taylor, Mrs. Mary T. Horse and carriage,	200	
House on Newport avenue,	3,200	
Stable,	500	
House on Newport avenue,	2,200	
Land, 31,701 feet,	2,550	117 64

WARD SIX.

* * * * * *

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 23.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1882—David Whittemore's house burned.

World Wide.

WILLIAM PITT.

1570—Death of James, earl of Moray, regent of Scotland.
1806—Death of William Pitt, statesman; born 1759.
1844—Death of Sir Francis Burdett, politician; born 1770.
1854—M. de Bodisco, Russian minister at Washington, died at his home in Georgetown, Md.
1855—Death of Julius Hare, archdeacon; born 1795.
1871—Disturbances in Paris suppressed by the army; resignation of Gen. Trochu.
1872—Severe snow storm in western territories of United States; railroads blockaded till Feb. 19.
1874—Marriage of the Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh (the latter Archduchess Marie, of Russia).
1883—In Paris, Gustave Dore, artist, died, aged 50 years.
1883—Dr. George M. Beard died in New York, aged 43 years.

Mrs. Beere's Artistic Dressing.

Mrs. Bernard Beere is considered the most artistic dresser in all England. She is taller than Bernhardt, very thin, and has glorious brown hair, which she powders with amber, gold or copper dust to match the color of her dress. She affects golden hued brocade, which she elaborates with gold embroidery or gold passementerie. Her neck is very long, and she delights in wearing an extremely high spreading collar of woven gold and mock jewels, which necessitates the arrangement of her beautiful hair on the very top of her head. So deft is she in treating her hair that you would declare it was a dozen colors instead of one. The effect is in no way the result of dye or bleach.

Mrs. Beere is an artistically beautiful woman. One feels and sees the artist the moment she enters a room. Instead of mixing colors she blends them, and with a red gown she will carry red flowers, wear red shoes and red jewels and throw all the different tints into her hair. She is not only an imitator but a warm friend of Mme. Bernhardt, whose plays she does in English, often with the gifted Frenchwoman for an adviser and critic. Mrs. Beere it was who, at a drawing room last season, appeared in red, carrying a great bunch of wall flowers in her hand. The next day all London was clamoring for wall flowers. Like the willowy Sara, she is perfectly independent of corsets and never wears them.—London Letter.

Music at Weddings.

It is to be wondered at that the music of fashionable weddings is not made more of a feature than it is. A man at the organ, with Mendelssohn to go in and Wagner to come out by, or vice versa, seems to be the Alpha and Omega of the musical ambition of most brides. Yet there is no moment in a woman's life, or a man's either, when music is more suitable and effective than at the ceremony which sees the public plighting of her troth. At Miss Coudert's wedding in this city recently the music was rendered by a stringed orchestra and the organ, and was a most attractive feature of the event. People listened delightedly as the almost human voices of the violins swept through the great church, and fairly forgot to crane their necks for the bridal party under the magic influence.

At Miss Telfair's wedding in Staten Island the same week a most pleasing novelty was introduced. Just before the arrival of the bride, her aunt, Mrs. C. C. Burr, sang with charming effect Ricci's "My Heart with Joy Is Brimming O'er." Nothing could have been more in keeping with the occasion.—Her Point of View in New York Times.

Cheap Mittens.

If a lady wants to make a good many presents to poor people she cannot have $5 go farther than by buying cheap, heavy flannel or other cloth and making it up in mittens. Cut the piece for the hand whole on one side, and cut a slit to let the thumb piece in. It is easy to make the patterns by marking around hands of different sizes and allowing for seams. Line the mittens or not as you choose. Hem at the wrist, and be sure to leave the wrist wide enough to go over the hand, or leave them open and button up close. They may be ornamented a little if desired by the giver, but will be thankfully received by the barehanded child or washerwoman without it. They are good to hang out clothes in. An apron with pockets for clothes pins goes well with them. Pieces of cloth somewhat worn make good mittens. Odd pieces of cloth, velvet and flannel are serviceable, and often ready at hand to use.—Cor. Housekeepers' Weekly.

Some young women of my acquaintance are deeply shocked at the extravagant prices paid by young men for ordinary silk ties. They affirm that excellent ties of first class silk can be made up in the four-in-hand style, or, for that matter, in any other fashion, and sold at a profit for fifty cents each. They propose to have the girls of a free sewing school go into the business, and I doubt not that all the men of their acquaintance will presently be buying and wearing these ties. I have noted one dangerous symptom, however, and that is a disposition on the part of young women advising men upon this subject to give riotous freedom to a somewhat gay taste in colors. In the scarf alone, they argue, is the American man permitted to be gay, and the consequence is this lamentable tendency to deck out the docile victim in crimson and gold.—New York Star.

BOYD IS ON TOP.

Adherents of Powers and Thayer in the Nebraska Muddle Receive a Setback from the Supreme Court.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 23.—The triangular contest over the governorship of Nebraska has reached an interesting stage.

The Independents had been endeavoring to proceed with the Powers-Boyd gubernatorial fight without recognizing Mr. Boyd as governor, and without presenting the call for the joint convention to him for signature. Wednesday the whole matter was submitted to the court for settlement, and yesterday the court handed down a decision declaring that under the constitution of the state no joint convention can be held unless it has been ordered by a regular resolution, which must pass both houses and receive the approval of the governor. This decision has caused the greatest consternation among the Independents.

They must now pass another resolution, which will take six days to do, and if the governor refuses to sign the resolution, under the supreme court decision no contest can be held, and Mr. Boyd will remain in the chair.

SHROUDED IN MYSTERY.

Coroner's Jury Finds That the Duke of Bedford Committed Suicide.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The coroner's jury which has been investigating the death of the Duke of Bedford has formally rendered a verdict to the effect that the duke died from a bullet wound through his heart, and that he committed suicide while suffering from temporary insanity during an attack of pneumonia. The whole affair is shrouded in mystery. Five days elapsed before the duke's death was registered and the newspapers join in censuring the attempts of the various public officials concerned to hush the matter up. The body of the duke was cremated after the inquest, which was conducted in secret. To such an extent was the policy of secrecy followed that even some of the members of the duke's family were not aware of the real cause of his death until the facts were published in the newspapers.

A NEEDLESS SCARE.

Run on a Kansas City Bank Ended—Nothing Lost but Interest.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 23.—The run on the Kansas City Safe Deposit and Savings bank, caused by its occupying quarters in the same building with the American National bank, which suspended last Monday, has ended. Since Monday the savings bank has paid out $150,000 to depositors and was prepared to pay the full amount of deposits, $900,000.

The Central bank has been absorbed by the Merchants' National bank, which will pay all claims and receive all funds and accounts. The bank was entirely solvent and went out of business simply because its profits were too small to pay an adequate interest on the $100,000 capital stock.

FIRST CASE ON RECORD.

A Patient Cut Open for the Purpose of Injecting the Koch Lymph.

BERLIN, Jan. 23.—At the charity hospital Professor Sonneburg exhibited a consumptive patient whom the doctors had cut open in order that Koch lymph might be injected in the cavity in a diseased lung. The professor said that the patient, who was in an advanced stage of the disease, had been making rapid progress toward recovery since the operation was performed. This is the first case in which a patient has been operated upon with the knife for the purpose of injecting lymph.

CAN'T BE DOWNED.

Steinitz Proves That He is the Champion Chess Player of the World.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—The nineteenth game in the contest for the championship of the world resulted in favor of the veteran, Steinitz. America's chess champion thus still retains the title of champion of the world, which he has held for twenty-five years. The final score is: Steinitz, 6; Gunsberg, 4; drawn 9.

Smallpox Conveyed by a Letter.

ERIE, Pa., Jan. 23.—Brother Charles, of the St. Benedictine order of priests, was stricken yesterday with smallpox. His attack is attributed solely to the receipt of a letter written by one of the brother priests from the smallpox districts of Texas, about six weeks ago, as he had no contact with the outside world for several months. The case is isolated, and there is no fear of any spread of the disease.

Sarah Will Pay Us a Visit.

PARIS, Jan. 23.—Sarah Bernhardt will sail from Havre for New York on the steamer La Champagne Saturday. She will take with her an unpublished play by the Italian dramatist, Signor Giacone, which she intends to produce before leaving New York.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Latest Quotations of the New York and Boston Stock Markets—Jan. 22.

The deadlock at Washington is given as the principal reason for the dullness in the New York stock market. Some people expected an advance in the market, but it happens that most of the traders are on the short side, and on even chances favor the bear side rather than the bull.

Although not very active, Boston stock market trading had a few features. Mexican Central was in very good borrowing demand, probably against sales for arbitrage accounts.

The New York Market.

Atchison	29⅞	Nor. Pac. pref.	71
Central Pacific	30¼	Oregon Trans.	....
Chi & Northwest	106	Oregon Navi.	78
Del Lack & West	138	Pacific Mail.	33⅞
Del & Hudson	134	Reading	32⅞
Illinois Central	98	Texas Pacific	15¼
Lake Shore	107¼	Union Pacific	45⅛
Missouri Pacific	65¼	Wabash St. L. & P.	10
N. J. Central	113⅝	do pref.	19¾
N. Y. Central	101⅝	Wheel & Lake Erie	70½
Northern Pacific	28	Western Union	79⅝

The Boston Market.

Aspinwall Land	8¾	Fitchburg pref.	83
Fremn's Bay Land	6¾	Flint & Pere Mar.	....
Newport Land	2½	Maine Central	140
West End Land	21⅞	Mexican Central	24
Atchison	29⅞	N Y & N E	38⅛
Atlantic & Pacific	....	do pref.	114
Boston & Lowell	....	Old Colony	168
Boston & Maine	204	Union Pacific	45½
Boston & Prov.	....	Wisconsin Central	21⅝
Chicago, B & Q	90¾	American Bell Tel.	204
Central Mass.	10½	Mexican	80
do pref.	39	Erie Tel.	....
Eastern	....	New England Tel.	52

The Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—FLOUR—Heavy; city mills $4 90 to 5 20; city mills patents $5 00 to 5 40; winter wheat, low grades, $3 45 to 3 90; do fair to fancy $3 90 to 4 90; do patents $4 40 to 5 25; Minnesota clear $4 10 to 4 85; do straights $4 35 to 5 00.

WHEAT—Lower; No 2 red $1 05 elevator; No 3 red 100.

CORN—Quiet: No 2, 60½ to 60¾c elevator; steamer mixed 60½ to 61½c.

OATS—Irregular: No 3, 51c; No 1, 51; mixed western, 50 to 53c

COFFEE—Rio firmer; fair cargoes 19c.

SUGAR—Raw firmer; refined quiet; granulated 6¼c cubes 6 7-16c.

PORK—Quiet: mess $11 50 to 12 00; extra prime $9 50 to 10 00.

BEEF—Firm: beef hams dull; cut meats firm; pickled bellies 5½ to 5¾c.

LARD—Weaker; western steam $5 05; city $5 50 to 5 55.

THAT SILVER POOL.

Three Senators Examined by the Investigating Committee.

THEY ALL PROFESS IGNORANCE

Of the Existence of Any Such Combination, and Were Not Buyers of Silver—Cloture Rule Taken Up and Now Before the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23. — The special house committee on the silver pool examined Senators Stewart, Teller and Wolcott. They denied all knowledge of a pool. E. N. Hill and James A. George testified that they knew of no senators or representatives that were interested in a silver pool, but that they had been told of the existence of a pool by a man named Hedenberg, who sought to have them interest congressmen in its operations.

Senator Stewart said he had talked frequently with various persons about the silver question and in the senate and elsewhere had opposed legislation for the purchase of the 12,000,000 ounces of silver said to be accumulated in New York, on the ground that it would have the appearance of passing a special act of congress to relieve those persons who had purchased silver. He had frequently said that those who had gone into the speculation must take care of themselves. What he insisted on was permanent legislation which would stop speculation by keeping the price steady. He had made no reference in his conversations to any members of congress and knew nothing with regard to persons who had speculated in silver. As to himself, Senator Stewart stated that he had never bought or sold silver bullion, except years ago when he was mining and sold his product. He had not for several years been interested in any silver mine, either directly or indirectly. It might be that he held title to some abandoned silver mines, but he would sell all his interest for $10.

E. N. Hill testified that he was a lawyer and writer. He answered an advertisement last spring for a ready writer, familiar with bimetallism. The next day a man called on him and said he was satisfied there was going to be a difference between the senate and house bills, and he wanted the question brought before the people intelligently. The man's name was Hedenberg, and Mr. George, who was present at the time, said he was a wealthy real estate man from Chicago. Subsequently, in company with Mr. George, he met Hedenberg again, and was told the bill was satisfactory, and no writing was needed. Hedenberg then remarked, "Here is something perhaps you can make money out of," and pulled out of his pocket book what he said were certificates for a thousand ounces of silver each, though witness did not examine them. Hedenberg suggested that witness could sell some of the certificates on a margin of $25 a thousand ounces, and he would be paid one certificate for every four shares sold. Witness replied that he might sell some to his business friends. Hedenberg interrupted him with the statement that he wanted the certificates sold to members of congress. Witness replied that the members of congress he knew were so d——d poor they could not put up $25 margin. He did not want to go into the thing, and turned it off with a laugh. Witness had not the slightest knowledge of a single certificate being offered to members of congress. He had written a number of bimetallist articles, and had written some essays on the subject which, he believed, appeared in The Congressional Record.

Mr. Dingley—Do you mean that they were delivered as speeches?

Witness—I do not know what was done with them. [Laughter.]

Mr. Oates—What do you usually get for a speech?

Witness—If you desire, I will make terms with you, Mr. Oates? [Renewed laughter.]

James A. George, who said he ran a provision store in this city, testified to being present at conversations between Hill and Hedenberg. His general statements of these conversations agreed with Hill's. Hedenberg had told him he (Hedenberg) had got a pool organized which held at that time 1,000,000 ounces of silver. Hedenberg wanted witness to see southern members in the interest of the house bill, and said he did not want free coinage. Witness replied that he was a free coinage man, and that if he knew of a southern man going the other way he would expose him and get him expelled from congress. Hedenberg, in reply to a suggestion from witness that Hedenberg, coming from Chicago, ought to see Illinois members, replied that he would look after them, and wanted witness to see southern members. After witness' statement that he was a free coinage man, Hedenberg dodged him constantly.

Senator Teller said that he had never heard of any pool or syndicate having any silver or proposing to buy, sell or handle silver in any shape, until he had read it in the newspapers and heard of Mr. Conger's speech on the floor. He had never heard of any pool. Of course he had heard there was speculation in silver certificates in New York as there was speculation in everything else, but he had never heard of it here, or of any senator being engaged in it. Senator Teller added: I never dealt in silver; never bought an ounce of silver in my life; never mined and never expect to mine an ounce.

Senator Wolcott said he had no knowledge of any silver speculation directly or indirectly, either before, pending or since the last legislation. He knew absolutely nothing of any one in official life being in any way interested in the purchase or sale of silver. He had never heard it mentioned in the cloak rooms. As to himself, he had not since he had been in the senate speculated in any way. He wished he was as innocent as his colleague about speculation and gambling of that kind; but, unfortunately, he had known something of it, to his sorrow. But, he repeated, since he had been in the senate he had nothing to do with it. As to silver mines, he was, unfortunately, the owner of some mines which had not produced for some time. Whatever value they had was therefore still in the mine, and consequently he might be said to have no mining interest. Senator Wolcott expressed surprise at the constant statement that there was in New York some large blocks of silver which could be handled. It would seem if that it were so, that it would be possible to ascertain who held it. Senator Stewart had referred on the floor of the senate to a set of silver speculators whom he did not want to benefit. He suggested that Mr. Stewart might have some knowledge on the subject for the committee.

Chairman Dingley remarked that Senator Stewart had already been on the stand and disclaimed knowing anything.

"Oh," said Mr. Wolcott, "he was speaking generally. It is like the robber barons people talk about." (Laughter).

Before leaving the room Senator Teller said he wanted it understood that he meant by his remark to cover transactions for several years past and not simply the recent speculation.

A CHANGE OF FRONT.

The Cloture Resolution is Now the Unfinished Business Before the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The status of business in the senate has changed somewhat. The cloture resolution has been taken up and is now the unfinished business before the senate in place of the election bill, and this has been achieved by the support given by the vice president to Mr. Aldrich in his effort to displace the journal of Tuesday last, which threatened to engross the attention of the senate for the remainder of the session. The resolution now before the senate (the cloture) will probably be debated until the Republicans can secure the attendance of more of the absentees, and this they expect will be early next week. It is believed that by that time Senators Squire, Pettigrew, Pierce, Cameron, Quay, Moody and perhaps Ingalls will find their affairs in such shape that they can return to the Capitol. Mr. Ingalls by his absence causes a practical loss of two votes, for he is paired with Senator Allison, who is present, but cannot vote. The purpose of taking a recess at the end of the day's proceedings was to prevent the unpleasant question of the approval of the journal again arising, and the effect of the recess will be to continue the legislation day of Thursday until an adjournment is had.

Internal Revenue Receipts.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The total collections of internal revenue during the first six months of the present fiscal year ending June 30, 1891, were $75,697,114, an excess of $6,619,662 over the collections during the corresponding period of the previous fiscal year. The receipts for December, 1890, were $1,893,803 greater than for December, 1889.

In Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—In the senate, Mr. Aldrich's cloture resolution was taken up and made the unfinished business, in place of the election bill.

In the house, the District of Columbia appropriation bill was passed. The naval appropriation bill was discussed in committee of the whole.

BAD WEATHER HOLDS OUT.

Railway Traffic Interrupted and Many Persons Frozen in Europe.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The intense cold in Belgium has somewhat moderated, and a heavy snow has set in, causing great interruption to railway traffic.

In Italy snow has fallen to a depth of eighteen inches, causing many accidents. At Ceprano the roof of the railway station has been crushed in, and the railway line from Rome to Naples has been blocked. The people are suffering terribly and many deaths from exposure have already been reported.

In Vienna the cold has considerably abated, but in the eastern provinces of Austria the temperature is still very low. Four persons are known to have been frozen to death in Bohemia. A Galician peasant was eaten by a pack of wolves.

Railroad and telegraphic communication has been restored in Russia.

Russia's First.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 23.—Two thousand miners at Sosnowice have gone on strike. This is the first strike that has occurred in Russia.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Snow has cut off the town of Medeah from Algiers.

Ex-Queen Natalie announces her intention to leave Servia.

M. Benjamin Constant, Brazilian minister of war, is dead.

Men, women and children are reported starving in Galway, Ire.

Meissonier, the painter, has been seriously ill, but is improving.

A mine explosion at Marissa, Mo., probably fatally injured six men.

A fire at Marquette, Mich., did $62,000 damage. About one-third insured.

London brokers express the opinion that congress should pass the free coinage bill.

The new Canadian steamship Empress of India made 19 3-4 knots on her trial trip.

Prominent Republicans favor the retention of Gen. Corse at the Boston postoffice.

The French seaport Fecamp is inundated, and the inhabitants were rescued with difficulty.

A French journalist is to be expelled from Italy for attacking Signor Crispi and his policy.

The Mozambique company is to sue the British East African association for $10,000,000 damages.

About 20,000 unemployed men are now in Chicago, and some apprehension is felt over the situation.

A Chicago dispatch notes some big obstacles in the way of the final inauguration of the new railroad agreement.

Charles E. Eaton, a prominent manufacturer of Woburn, Mass., was badly injured by being caught in an elevator.

A notable instance of ungratefulness is the strike of laborers on government relief works at Hare Island and Skibbereen, Ire.

The proposals of Gen. Booth to open the municipal buildings of London to the destitute for lodging purposes have been declined.

Funeral services over King Kalakaua were held in San Francisco. The body was taken to Hawaii on the cruiser Charleston.

Offended by a vote of censure in the assembly, two Brazilian ministers, interior and commerce, have tendered their resignations.

The Grand Duchess of Mecklenberg-Schwerin, sister of the late Emperor William, died at Schwerein, as the result of a cold caught early last week.

The secretary of the Columbus Base Ball association team states that there is no truth in the report that Pitcher Baldwin has been released to the Boston club.

Officers and members of the crew of the steamer Pennsylvania have been given plate medals and cash for rescuing the crew of the British steamer Falcon.

A wild engine run into a train on the Boston and Maine railroad near Scarborough Beach station, smashing the baggage car, and injuring six persons.

A man about 40 years old, who gave his name as Fred Seray, was run over on the Boston and Albany railroad at Springfield, Mass., and died from his injuries. The body is unclaimed.

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately. Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.
Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

PLANT FOOD

FOR SALE AT

FRANK F. CRANE'S.

Quincy, Jan. 10. tf

Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.
Boston, Nov. 5. tf

FIFTY-SIX HORSES.

It takes fifty-six horse power to run the two mammoth presses which are soon to be placed in the

BOSTON HERALD

Office.

SEE *Saturday's Boston Herald for the contents of next Sunday's Herald.*

The ablest and cleanest Newspaper published in New England. No Objectionable News or Advertising.

Just the Paper for your Family to read.

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING, QUINCY AVENUE.

Nov. 13. 3 mos

POSTAL SERVICE.

Mails Arrive.		Mails Close.	
Boston,	6.20 A.M.	Boston,	7.15 A.M.
"	9.00 "	"	9.35 "
"	12.15 P.M.	"	12.25 P.M.
"	3.40 "	"	4.40 "
"	5.15 "	"	6.00 "
"	6.30 "	"	7.55 "
N. Y., South and West,	7.20 A.M.	N. Y., South and West,	7.15 A.M.
N. Y., South and West,	4.45 P.M.	N. Y., South and West,	7.55 P.M.
Cape Cod,	7.00 "	Cape Cod,	7.45 A.M
Quincy Point,	8.30 A.M.	"	3.15 P.M
"	4.15 P.M.	Quincy Point,	8.30 A.M
South Shore,	6.30 "	"	5.00 P.M
		South Shore,	7.45 A.M

Deliveries.

At 7.30 A. M. (12.30 P. M. Business Delivery.) and 4 P. M.

Collections.

From Boxes at 5.45, 8.00 A. M. (Business Section 12.45) and 4.15 P.M.

W. W. ADAMS, *Postmaster.*

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Unlike any other,

is as much for *Internal* as *External* use.

Many people do not know this.

The Most Wonderful Family Remedy Ever Known.

Positively cures Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Hoarseness, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Catarrh, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Sciatica, Lame Back and Soreness in Body or Limbs. Full particulars sent free. Price, 35 cts.; 6 bottles, $2. Express prepaid

L. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS

NEW DRESS

GINGHAMS

SPRING STYLES,

Striped and Plaided.

ALSO NEW DIAGONAL

PLAID PERCALES,

ALL

12 1-2c. per Yard,

AT

Miss C. S. Hubbard's,

158 Hancock St., Quincy.

BUSSELL'S

Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

MONEY TO LOAN

ON First Mortgages at the lowest rates of Interest.

GEO. H. BROWN & CO.,

Adams Building, Quincy.

Jan. 23—tf,p&l

WANTED.

WANTED,—A girl to do general housework. Apply at No. 6 Baxter street. Quincy, Jan. 21. 3t

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

TO LET.

TO LET,—Furnished rooms, with or without board, at 44 CHESTNUT STREET. Quincy, Jan. 17.—9t

TO LET.—Very desirable property in South Quincy. House contains 11 rooms, city water and furnace; stable attached with accommodation for 6 horses. Five acres of land, cuts 7 tons hay. Plenty of fruit, etc. A sightly location, near Electric cars and railroad station. Will lease for term of years to right party. Enquire of B. N. ADAMS, Real Estate, Quincy. Jan. 13—pl tf

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month. Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms. Apply to HENRY H. FAXON. Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—One good new Milch Cow and Calf. L. E. WEYMOUTH, Glover avenue, Atlantic, Mass. Jan. 17—9t

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms to Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot, Boston
Ledger Office, 115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store, Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store, Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office, West Quincy
Post Office, Atlantic
Coram's Store, Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store, Jones' Corner
Post Office, Quincy Point
Depot, Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton, Braintree
Geo. H. Hunt, East Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 23.

High water at 10.15 A. M. and 11.15 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.06; Sets at 4.47.
Moon sets at 6.27 A. M.
Full Moon Jan. 24, 7.25 P. M.

WE acknowledge the receipt of complimentary tickets to the Burns' anniversary to be observed Friday night, Jan. 30. We mention the fact because it is a courtesy which committees on entertainments often overlook. Many reason that representatives of the press will seek admission whether or no tickets are sent, and perhaps they will; but did committees know the feelings of reporters on this point, they would not forget to forward tickets in advance.

It has been costing New Bedford about $300 a month for several months to support its city forester's department, and the big increase in the bills leads the Mercury of that town to ask knotty questions and quote scripture and poetry at the boss woodchopper. This is one of the evils of having streets encumbered with trees. In Brockton we have cut them about all down. This enables us to go without shade and a city forester.—*Brockton Enterprise.*

Which city will Quincy follow? Mayor Fairbanks in his inaugural said he should recommend a small appropriation for shade trees, believing if the practice was continued it would be one magnet in inviting new residents to our city.

IT looks as if the Traveller writer meant business in exposing the management of the National Sailors' Home, and that the charge of mismanagement was well backed up. The evidence grows more and more serious upon investigation. It seems formal charges were preferred some months ago, and if investigated were not done properly, as the old veteran who preferred them was unaware of a hearing.

The Traveller says editorially: "We published Tuesday evening a detailed account of the condition of things at the Quincy Naval Home. Complaints had come to us in so many ways, and with such definite charges, that we sent a trusty, fearless man to look up the facts. Of the facts there can be no question. Before allowing the statements to be given the public, however, we sought an explanation from those in authority, and became personally satisfied that it was a case, of which there are all too many, in which the unfortunate are treated in a heartless manner, while the management is shielded by the distinguished men upon the board of trustees, who give little or no attention to their duties. It seems to be parallel to the case of eminent bank directors who do not direct, and in whom the public has no interest until the undirected agents wreck the bank. It is simply an outrage for any man to be entrusted with the use of charitable funds who can talk of those for whom he is supposed to provide comfortably as one of these men has spoken in our presence. Our commendation is based, not on the reports of the suffering inmates, nor on the observed condition of things alone, but rather on the tone of the conversation of the man to whom we looked as the highest representative of the sentiment and wisdom behind the management. This is an evil that will not down until the flag floats over the naval veterans, until the sick and aged are better cared for, until the building is made reasonably comfortable, until it shall be possible for comrades to know the graves of their dead, until these men are spoken of respectfully, at least decently, by those who are entrusted with the responsibility of the management of the home and its funds."

WEYMOUTH.

Tuesday afternoon Mrs. John P. Buzzell while on her way to the depot in Boston slipped on the ice on the sidewalk on Essex street and fell violently to the sidewalk, Her companion secured a carriage and had her conveyed to the depot. Upon her arrival at East Weymouth a physician was summoned who made an examination and found she had bruised her side quite badly, and it is also feared she is injured internally. Mr. Buzzell visited Boston Wednesday and entered a claim against the city for damages.

The Y. P. S. C. E., give a progressive jack-straw party this evening at the Union church, under the management of Miss Nancy S. Tirrell.

Hon. John D. Long will deliver his lecture on "Abraham Lincoln," in the Institute course this evening.

MILTON.

Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Osgood are to entertain their friends at their residence on Granite avenue next Wednesday evening.

Rev. F. P. Chapin will occupy the pulpit at the Congregational church Sunday for the first time since his illness.

A party of twenty ladies and gentlemen had arranged for a sleigh party Thursday evening, but as the storm had caused the snow to disappear a barge was taken and the party drove to Weymouth where they met a similar party from that town. Lincoln hall was secured and a social dance enjoyed.

Electric Lodge of the One Year Benefit Order will hold a social dance at Washington hall next Wednesday evening.

Last Tuesday William S. Leavitt and John Egan went to Milton in a sleigh to see the sport, on their way home the shaft broke and the horse becoming frightened cleared himself and started for home where he was stopped. The sleigh was somewhat damaged and the horse's legs cut.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE DAY BOOK.

Most of the ice as well as the snow has disappeared.

Messrs. H. F. and E. H. Doble have returned from the West.

The Woman's Relief Corps will have a dance next Wednesday evening.

Mr. A. E. Linnell will build a dwelling-house on West Elm avenue, in Wollaston Park, soon.

The Unitarian Social club will entertain the children this afternoon and evening at Faxon hall.

Telephone service is out of the question, but few of the lines in the city being in working order.

The Odd Fellows' hold their annual grand ball this evening, and are favored with delightful weather.

The annual meeting of the Wollaston Congregational society will be held in that church, on Tuesday evening next.

Mt. Wollaston Lodge, I. O. O. F., attend the funeral of their late brother John L. Esau of East Milton this afternoon.

The Hospital Aid Association will hold a business meeting at two o'clock next Thursday afternoon, the 29th.

An express driver and a young man, engaged in a Sullivan-Killrain encounter in the Coddington school yard Thursday afternoon, when the expressman came off the victor.

Four of the six pupils in the preparatory class at the Thayer Academy are from Quincy, viz: Nellie M. Bliss, Edward A. Bumpus, Edith M. Crane and Charles H, Hardwick.

A large chimney on the factory of J. D. W hicher, blew down early Thursday afternoon, breaking in the roof. The chimney on Durgin & Merrill's block also blew down but did no damage.

Mrs. Diana Richardson of Elm street, who left for the West about Christmas time, is expected to reach Hot Springs, Arkansas, this week, where it is hoped the change will improve her health.

The senior class at the Thayer Academy now number fifteen, of whom three are from Quincy, viz: Eva E. Hall in the general course, Winifred M. Claflin in the classical course and Cornelia Elliott in the partial course.

Parents and children attending Mrs. Buffum's dancing school at Robertson hall will be pleased to learn that she has decided to hold the class Saturdays at two o'clock in the afternoon instead of in the morning as heretofore.

The Y. M. C. A. Committee announce that Rev. Luther Freeman of Wollaston will speak at their meeting at Grand Army hall Sunday at 4 o'clock. Subject: "Wanted, Men!" A quartette from Boston University will sing. All young men are cordially invited to attend.

The Quincy Musical Club concert has been postponed from Feb. 4th, to Wednesday evening February 18th. The solo parts in the cantata will be taken by Miss Grace M. Isaac of Quincy, soprano; Mr. Charles A. Chase of Boston, tenor; and Mr. G. B. Rice, of Wollaston, bass.

The streets around Brewer's corner and especially Garfield street, were covered with water Thursday, the depth of water on some parts of the latter street being four feet. Many of the cellars in this neighborhood contains from three to four feet of water, in which are floating all kinds of vegetables, etc.

Herman Ezexon, accompanied by a bottle of liquor, a larger part of which was under his vest, attempted to navigate the ice covered streets near Gurney's store, Thursday afternoon. In this he was unsuccessful and after measuring his length in the water several times, he was arrested by Officer Hunt.

In the notice of the accidental death of Mr. Cyrus Waterhouse, in Thursday's LEDGER, it was inadvertently stated that he left a widow, three sons and one daughter, when it should have been a widow and two sons. Mr. Waterhouse had no daughter of his own, but a daughter in law, who was to take that train at Braintree, and was not on the train at the time of the accident.

Mr. T. B. Pollard, who for sometime has had charge of the music at the Washington street Congregational church. Quincy Point, was offered and has accepted the position as chorister at the Congregational church, Quincy. Mr. Pollard has given a great deal of time and work to the music at the Point, and will be greatly missed both by the choir and congregation.

Mr. Paul R. Blackmur of this city was admitted to the bar in Suffolk county on Tuesday and is now entitled to practice in all the courts of the commonwealth. His six years training under the late John L. Eldridge, during which time he prepared cases for trial, and a course of two years at the Boston University, eminently fit him to continue the business of Mr. Eldridge. He has also formed a business connection with Judge Everett C. Bumpus.

Thursday's heavy rain turned Sachem and Furnace brooks into minature rivers. Both brooks overflowed their banks. The large meadow of the Adams estate bordering on Newport avenue had about a foot and a half of water over it, caused by the small culvert which carries the brook under the avenue.

THE SAILORS' HOME.

The Kearsarge Naval Veterans' Association Investigating.

Lieutenant William Daley of the Kearsarge Naval Veterans' Association says the exposure of the management of the National Sailors' Home at Quincy is no surprise. The Traveller publishes the following statement made by him:

"For the past six months the Kearsarge Association has been aware of the condition of things at this institution, and we have been doing considerable work about it. Lieutenant William Abbot, a prominent member, has visited the home several times as you visited it, unknown to Faxon, and has talked with the old men down there. His reports of the place tally with yours exactly. Our association has, through a committee, had conferences with the trustees, but with no better satisfaction than that they have promised an investigation that has never occurred.

"I am glad the Traveller is going to let daylight into this place, and I propose, at our meeting Thursday night, to offer a motion that a committee of our organization be appointed to co-operate with the Traveller in this work."

Henry Bond's Charges.

The Traveller also prints the charges of Henry Bond as follows:

"I wish it understood that I have not at any time connived or conspired with any inmate or employe, male or female, in reference to the charges I now make. I only ask that when the proper time comes they speak the truth. A man named John Devoy entered the home in June, 1886, while I was an inmate. The man was suffering from consumption and was placed in the hospital. He remained there seven or eight days, and was a rather troublesome patient, but not one of the other patients complained. A room ten feet away from the hospital was occupied by a Miss Babcock. She complained about Devoy and he was ordered to be removed to a place occupied as a store room over the smoking room. While the master-at-arms, the hospital nurse and a man named Lawrence McGivern, were removing this unfortunate fellow he became unconscious at the foot of the stairs. This so alarmed the three men that they concluded to take Devoy back to the hospital at once. I happened along at the time and saw the servant girl crying about what she said was the cruel treatment of the poor man, and holding a bottle of holy water in her hand. When the men got back to the hospital, Devoy was dead. I heard the inmates complain of the treatment of Devoy, and I saw the room it was proposed to take him to. I would not consider it a fit place for a sick man. I want to ask who is responsible for the removal of a man in such a condition, and to such a room as that was, right over a smoking room that is filled with smoke continually?

"I applied for my discharge in the spring of 1887 and remained out of the home until October, 1888, when I returned on account of a broken leg I received on board ship. When I was again in the home I inquired for some of my old shipmates and friends, and was informed that several of them had died. I inquired particularly for old Master-at-Arms Hawes, and was told that he died. It appears that he was sent to stow ice in the ice house attached to the home on a very cold day, when the mercury was below zero. He complained of sickness right afterwards, and died, the inmates say, from cold and exposure. He was in no condition, in the first place, to do that work, for he was the victim of a rupture.

An Inmate's Will Ignored.

"I also inquired for Andrew Benson, and was told of his death. Shortly before he died he was granted a pension and arears amounting to several hundred dollars. But just previous to his death he got one of the patients in the hospital to write out a will, in which he granted his niece, a Mrs. Helen Thompson, of Gloucester, Mass., from $250 to $300. He informed Supt. Faxon of his wish.

"About eight months after, while I was employed as master-at-arms, I received a letter from Mrs. Thompson addressed to her uncle, who had been dead so long. I reported the receipt of the letter to Mrs. Faxon, and she ordered me to destroy it. I did not destroy the letter, but opened it, and found out by the contents that the woman was a widow with two children, was not even notified about the death of her uncle, nor had she received the money left her in his will.

"I hope Faxon can account for this money. I want to know what became of it."

The LEDGER has begun a personal investigation, the result of which will soon be made public.

THE ARIZONA KICKER.

A Few Personal and Local Items Recorded Just for Fun.

TOLD HIM SO.—Three months ago, when a young man who had stuck type for thirty-five cents per 1,000 ems on a Cleveland paper, and had knocked off because he couldn't agree with the editorial policy of the paper, came out here to establish a plant and grow wool on his back, we sat down and talked to him like a brother. There's nothing mean about us. We don't want the earth. We have a great weekly newspaper, a butcher shop, grocery, saddlery, shoe shop, millinery store and signal service bureau all under one roof, and we don't care how many other enterprises are established in this wild west.

This young man planned to start a weekly over at Pedro Valley, and we warned him to pitch into the czar of Russia and go light on the boys at home. That's the safe policy while learning to shoot right and left handed. He didn't seem to take kindly to our advice, and our last words, as we lent him sixteen letters out of a font of job type, were to prepare for the up-hills and down-hills of the hereafter. The sequel proves that we were correct. He issued one edition, jabbed his home subscribers, and now he sleeps in lot No. 17, section 21, of Tower's subdivision of the 2,000 acre tract. He died a victim to the climate, assisted by willing hands.

TOOK A WALK.—Any particular lack of interest on our editorial page this week must be laid to a little incident which occurred Tuesday forenoon. A cross eyed pressman, who was working his way from San Francisco to Boston to see his mother die, had put in a couple of weeks with us as literary editor. He seemed a prudent, level headed fellow, and we passed in his copy without reading it. What did he do but ring in a little item to the effect that four aces always beat a royal flush, no matter what old liar held to the contrary. Col. Johnson, who is Arizona authority on poker, came around to have a look at our man and ask where and how we had captured him, and he had scarcely stepped inside the office when the pressman lost his nerve and began to shoot.

What was the colonel's gain was our loss. We had a finger split by a bullet, the devil got a rake across the skull, and the foreman now carries his arm in a sling. The colonel, it is needless to say, was untouched. When our young man got through shooting at everybody except the man he wanted to hit we assisted to take him out, head him for the cactus plantation and start him off. He won't see his mother die—not if he keeps on in that direction. Tenderfoots sailing in this direction should bear in mind that our customs, ways and habits are somewhat different from those of Boston and New York, and on arriving in this locality they should expect to be advised and posted by citizens who can exhibit nine graves in their private burying grounds.—Detroit Free Press.

In Its Concentrated Form.

"Doctor," said the tired looking caller, "I believe a trial of Dr. Koch's lymph would do me good."

"Your lungs, sir," replied the physician, "are perfectly sound. You need no consumption cure."

"But I have a tired feeling all the time."

"A kind of indisposition to take any active exercise?"

"Yes."

"Or any other kind of exercise?"

"Yes."

"Or to do anything like work?"

"Um—yes."

"What you need, sir, is the lymph of industry."

"I believe you are right, doctor," said the caller, rising languidly. "I'll live on honey for the next thirty days and see how it goes."—Chicago Tribune.

School Mistakes.

"Fallacious" means "likely to fall," as "He rode a fallacious horse." A girl in the course of an essay on the use of pictures in schools, said, "Sight is a gift of nature, for without sight pictures would be of very little use." In the certificate examination a second year student wrote, "Constantinople was formerly not belonging to England, and was a dull place, as the Turks generally are, but since it has belonged to us it has brightened up, and is now the key to the Black Sea." Another student said glaciers move "down slopes, along valleys, over hills, just as streams do."—London Journal of Education.

The Root of the Evil.

He—While the choir was trying to master the new Te Deum the other night at the church rehearsal the organ suddenly stopped, and we found the boy who had been blowing it flat on his back, unconscious.

She—What did you do—send for a doctor?

He—No. We stopped singing.—Life.

Kind to His Staff.

Poet—You were so good as to accept my poem and to print it. But I was sorry to see that you put my name to it. Why was that?

Editor—Why, you see, I did not want to bring any of the staff under suspicion.—Fliegende Blatter.

Nerving Him Up.

Nellie—You're a timid sort of a fellow, are you not, William?

William — Not particularly, I guess. Why?

Nellie—Jennie said you were afraid to kiss a girl.—Boston Herald.

Astronomical Item.

Friend—Do you know that according to the latest discoveries the fixed stars move?

Actor—Move, do they? Well, I'm not surprised. I find it cheaper myself to move than to pay rent here in New York.—Texas Siftings.

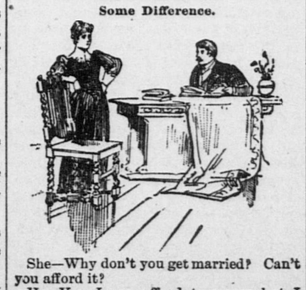
A Nightmare.

"I nevah eat mince pie," said Chappie.

"Why not?" asked Hicks.

"It makes me dweam of my ancestahs, and, between us, they were all twadesmen."—Life.

Some Difference.



She—Why don't you get married? Can't you afford it?

He—Yes, I can afford to marry, but I can't stand the expense of an engagement. —Munsey's Weekly.

MARK-DOWN SALE

— OF —

Men's and Children's

OVERCOATS!

To Reduce Stock.

This is a genuine mark-down sale and we guarantee these prices to be as low or less than can be found where bargains are offered. Many of these lots are small and an early call would be to the advantage of those looking for bargains. We would suggest to those having the time to examine during the day.

Any person buying one or more of these Overcoats, not being satisfied that what we say is the truth, can return the same and money will be refunded.

ALL OF OUR

Men's Overcoats,

Former price $5. Now $3.50

Children's Overcoats,

Former price $4.50 and $5. Now $3.50

Men's Overcoats,

Former price $7 and $7.50. Now $5

Children's Dark-Mixed Overcoats,

Former price $3. Now $1.50

Men's $10 Coats, Now $8

Men's $12, $13.50 and $15 Coats, Now $10

Children's $3.50 and $4 Coats, Now $2.50

Children's $6.50 and $7 Coats, Now $5

Children's Gray Overcoats, a little shopworn, former price $2.50 and $3, Now $1

GRANITE CLOTHING CO.,

ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.

BARGAINS IN

Ladies', Men's and Children's Woolen Underwear,

LADIES', MEN'S AND CHILDREN'S WOOL HOSE,

Ladies' Fleece-lined Colored and Black Hose,

APRONS, WRAPPERS AND CORSETS.

We are selling the FIBROLINE CORSET for 59 Cents.

In fact D. E. Wadsworth & Co. have marked down their stock of Winter Goods to prices that will sell them, as they wish the room for new stock.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our

Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel.

PRATT & CURTIS,

25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Nov. 10. tf

BEST IN THE MARKET!

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, July 9. tf

SALE

dren's

ATS!

ck.

e these prices to be as
d. Many of these lots
f those looking for bar-
examine during the day.
, not being satisfied that
ey will be refunded.

ats,
Now $3.50

coats,
Now $3.50

oats,
. Now $5

vercoats,
Now $1.50
Now $8

oats, Now $10
Now $2.50
Now $5

le shopworn,
$3, Now $1

NG CO.,
- QUINCY.

h & Co.
N
Woolen Underwear,
WOOL HOSE,
and Black Hose,
D. CORSETS.
SET for 59 Cents.
their stock of Winter Goods to
ew stock.

DOWN!

make all the induce-
for the present will

.75 per Barrel.

URTIS,
- - QUINCY.

ive Society.
Manager.
ish and Oysters
RICES.
RY BUTTER,
Market.
- - - QUINCY.
tf

MARKET!
CASH
OF THE
UT COAL,
nical Coal sold.
& SON
ATCH.]
tf

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 21. QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, JANUARY 24, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

Improve the Opportunity

— AND —

GET A PAIR OF SHOES CHEAP.

We have 500 Pairs of Shoes, which we now offer at a bargain. These goods are not old or shopworn, but comprise a number of lines which we desire to close out in order that we may substitute new prices for them.

EVERY SHOE OFFERED IS A BARGAIN.

Among the lot there are:

38 pairs	Ladies' Straight Goat Button Waukenphast,	$2.00,	formerly	$2.50
36 "	" Kid Button Opera Toe,	2.00,	"	2.50
7 "	J. N. Smith's Ladies' bright Dongola Laced, pat. tip,	2.00,	"	2.50
22 "	Ladies' Pallah Kid Button,	1.65,	"	2.00
9 "	Misses' Dongola Spring Heel Button,	1.50,	"	2.00
12 "	" St. Goat Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.50,	"	2.00
19 "	Children's Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.10,	"	1.50
10 "	Men's Calf Bals,	3.00,	"	3 75
5 "	each Cong. and Bals., Men's Fine Calf Shoes,	3.00,	"	4.00
6 "	" " " " " Enamel Shoes,	2.00,	"	2.75

While we call your especial attention to these goods, we believe it is for your interest to examine the whole lot on our **BARGAIN TABLES**, for **EVERY SHOE is a BARGAIN.**

SAVILLE & JONES, Adams Building.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.

BARGAINS IN

Ladies', Men's and Children's Woolen Underwear,

LADIES', MEN'S AND CHILDREN'S WOOL HOSE,

Ladies' Fleece-lined Colored and Black Hose,

APRONS, WRAPPERS AND CORSETS.

We are selling the FIBROLINE CORSET for 59 Cents.

In fact D. E. Wadsworth & Co. have marked down their stock of Winter Goods to prices that will sell them, as they wish the room for new stock.

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Nov. 10. tf

THE GREAT

Easy To Read

SACRIFICE

— OF —

Clothing and Furnishing Goods

Still Goes On.

Further Reductions in all Departments.

Men's Blue Wool Underwear, 35 cents,

Suits at much less than Cost.

Overcoats, 50c. on the dollar.

In fact everything in our Stock at a great discount.

—o—

QUINCY ONE PRICE CLOTHING CO.,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

TOTAL VOTE 25,196.

Mr. Bowditch is Again Number Four.

Miss McGovern Has Increased Her Lead to Over 1000.

Great Rivalry Between the Employes of Mr. J. M. Hayden.

Mr. Bowditch polled the heaviest vote today, 245, and as his total was too small by 200 yesterday, his gain is quite material. He has jumped from fifth to fourth position and has 2945 to his credit.

Miss Leary's friends did not put in any votes today, allowing Miss McGovern to increase her lead 229, making it now over 1000. Her total for the twenty days is 5272.

Mr. Foy also made a good gain today, 164, and is a strong third.

Mr. John W. Walsh gained 35, John H. Newcomb 21, and others a less number.

Candidates noticing any errors in the figures will please notify the "Vote Counter" promptly, that the same may be corrected.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today:

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss McGovern,	**Gas Light Co.'s,**	**5272**
Miss Leary,	**S. B. Little's,**	**4139**
Robert E. Foy,	**Pratt & Curtis,**	**3609**
G. V. Bowditch,	**Packard & Co.'s,**	**2945**
Henry W. Tirrell,	**John Page's,**	**2664**
Miss McPhail,	**Sheppard & Sons..**	**1015**
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's,	586
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's,	443
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's,	395
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's,	314
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's,	150
Mary G. Drumm,	D. Bamford's,	142
Miss Agnes Kelley,	Clapp Bros,	119
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's,	119
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's,	97
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's,	58
Henry L. Jones,	E. E. Fellows',	51
Luther Rogers,	A. L. Litchfield,	42
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's,	31
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's,	28
John H. Newcomb,	S. G. Elliott's,	27
Tina Wilson,	Rogers Bros.'	26
George O. Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones',	24
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's,	21
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	18
John T. Bates,	W. H. Doble's,	10
Gridley Totman,	F. W. French's,	10
Henry Curtis,	J. M. Hayden's,	10
Miss Clark,	Coddington school,	10
George M. Sheahan,	J. M. Hayden's,	10

Newsboys' Prizes.

The first summary includes the sales of boys starting from the LEDGER office:

Charles Walsh	**6899**
John Mitchell	**1807**
Myron Wilber	**1701**
Robert McAuliffe	**1491**
Fred Bavin	899
James Giles,	908
Eddie Heffernan,	714
Fred Hardwick	650
Willie Esson,	543
Henry Rhines	497
John Dackers,	457
Chris McAuliffe,	436
Patrick Murphy	260
John Murphy,	243
Gardner Willey	246
Charles Baxter,	241
Arthur Pinel,	222
Albert Belliven	77
Napoleon Guillemett	74
Fred Evans	57
John Morrison	56
Eugene McAuliffe	48
Daniel Doran	40
Frank McGrath	39
Duncan Livingstone	37
Frank Walsh,	36
John Anderson	35
William McDonnell	33
Gilbert Bavin,	31
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Warren Cameron	15
Gustin Goolic	15
George Dunn	14
Parfast Guillemett	13
James Norrie	10
Jerry Conley	20

Miss Freeman's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 17.

Charles Carter,	544

H. Coram's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 17.

Dan Shea,	151
Robert Hayes,	122
Willie Williams,	98
Charlie McCue,	73
Eddie Kane,	68
Dan Reardon,	66
John Riley,	56
John Bean,	54
John Menahan,	49
Dan McDevitt,	47
Frank Reinhalter,	40
Joseph Kelley,	33
Arthur LaClare,	31
Harry Rodman,	16
Robert Foy,	15
—— Cochran,	11
John Dillion,	8
Bennie Driscoll,	6

VERY SATISFACTORY.

The Visit of Chief Engineer Stearns to Proposed Water Supply.

F. B. Stearns, Chief Engineer of the State Board of Health, and the party who accompanied him yesterday for an official inspection of the source of the proposed water supply for the city, were first shown the site for the proposed reservoir on Pine Hill. It is situated about one-third of a mile south of the West Quincy village; on the easterly side of the road leading to Braintree, and only a short distance from the old place, known as the "Purgatory House." The summit of the hill is 262 feet above the city base.

They next went by the Ebenezer Harmon place, now occupied by Mr. Forsaith, to the water-shed on the southerly slope of the Blue Hills, and the meadows near the outlet of Braintree Great Pond. Here they found a large tract of land, covered according to Civil Engineer Blake's report 3500 acres of land, with apparently an

Abundant Supply of Water,

free from contamination; enough in the mind of Chief Engineer Stearns to supply a city twice the size of Quincy. After examining the outlet of Great Pond, and the meadows below, the party went up the valley to the Blue Hill river; and across the Randolph turnpike near the junction of the Taunton turnpike.

A short distant westerly from there, they examined the spot where it is proposed sometime in 1900, when Quincy becomes a city of from 50,000 to 75,000, to construct a dam across Blue Hill river, from cliff to cliff, where there is abundant of granite to build the same at a moderate cost. The storage basin formed by this dam will have a surface area of from 300 to 400 acres; more than twice the size of Braintree Great Pond; and a storage capacity of 190,000,000 cubic feet of water.

All things considered it has not been a difficult task for Engineer Blake to find a competent water supply for the city of Quincy, and at a moderate cost. But it is probably the only one in a radius of many miles that would last the city for many years.

The examination proved, if we could judge from remarks made, very satisfactory to the Chief Engineer, the Commissioner of Public Works and the Councilmen.

BOSTON POSTMASTERSHIP.

The Candidacy of Mr. E. E. Williamson—Interviewed by the Globe.

The Globe evidently believes Mr. E. E. Williamson of this city is the strongest candidate for Gen. Corse's position as postmaster of Boston, for it has an interview with both gentlemen on the subject. Mr. Williamson's position is clearly stated and his course manly. He said to the Globe reporter:

"I have never supposed that so large and important an office as the Boston post office would be classed under the civil service rules, and therefore, if, in the wisdom of the President and those whose advice he may seek, it shall be deemed wise, all things considered, to appoint a Republican at the time of the expiration of Gen. Corse's term, I desire that my name shall be presented in a manly, honest way. No man worthy to hold so conspicuous and important Federal office should aspire to it before the people of the Commonwealth except by the most manly methods. All the post offices between Boston and Cape Cod would not tempt me to seek to gain the postmastership by any but the most honorable and above-board means—I would not wish my fitness for the duties of the office to be exaggerated or for others to believe me different from that which is true.

"Whatever my political service may have been, it has been honest and clean in the sight of God and of men, and I shall not now begin to put a glamor about my actions. Hence, when I see it stated publicly, ostensibly for temporary political effect that Congressman Morse is for this candidate or for that one, I feel it to be my duty to Mr. Morse, to truth and myself to say that if he is not working vigorously for me his actions misrepresent his written statement to me.

"As for Gov. Long's position, it is well known that some time since he gave his testimony that it would be best to reappoint Gen. Corse. Mr. Burdett was most emphatic in declaring to me that he believed Gen. Corse should be appointed. I have no reason to believe he has changed his mind. The postmastership of Boston is a great public trust, and any man, however great his abilities of an executive character and however sincere his wish to keep the service up to its present condition, if not to improve it, might well distrust his capacity to assume so arduous duties.

"At the same time my name was mentioned for the place I had seen no other name brought forward except that of the venerable Mr. Tobey. I do not view the office as one properly to be classed under civil service rules.

"At any rate you are at perfect liberty to state that so far as subordinate positions are concerned, I have one sincere wish at heart and I express it without cant. It is this, that whoever may finally be selected by the President, he will have firmness enough and honor enough to say that the former soldiers of this republic in the public service under his jurisdiction who came to their places honorably, and are performing their duties faithfully and satisfactorily to the government and to the people, shall hold their places irrespective of any political considerations.

"I hope Gen. Corse has carried out this view. I suppose the record will show. *A man who was good enough to be shot at that this nation might live, is good enough to hand me my mail, if he be an upright and faithful employe.* The day has gone by when the public would tolerate the dismissal of a subordinate official—especially if he be a discharged soldier—on merely political grounds. Indeed, I suppose the civil service laws forbid it. It is generally felt that it is best for an aspirant for public position not to talk for publication, yet I doubt if the people of Boston will think any the less of me for an honest expression of my views."

FREE DELIVERY.

A Movement to Extend the Service to All Parts of the City.

Understanding that the government contemplated extending the free delivery system to all parts of the city now uncovered, and knowing that an inspector from the Post Office department had visited this city and inspected the offices at Wollaston, Atlantic and Quincy Point with that object in view, a LEDGER representative called upon Postmaster Adams to get some official information.

Mr. Adams said: "Inspector Stoddard, who was recently here from Washington, has recommended to the department that the whole city shall now be covered by carriers. It is the policy of a department to give the whole of a city free delivery and not limit it to certain parts, as is the case of Quincy. I see by the LEDGER that a petition is now being circulated in Atlantic for free delivery and is being generally signed.

People have an erroneous idea that the post-offices in these sections will be abolished. Theoretically, they will; practically, they will not. That is to say, the government will hereafter designate them as postal stations. The boxes will be retained, stamps sold and letters registered, the only difference being that the government will deliver the mail at the houses, or, if the residents do not wish they can have it placed in boxes as heretofore.

Street boxes will be located in convenient places throughout the various districts.

If the system is established at Atlantic, at the same time it is at Wollaston, and which Inspector Stoddard has recommended the Department to do, there will probably be four collections from the boxes and stations and three from the stations alone. There will be five deliveries from the main office to the stations and three from the stations to the houses.

Regarding the Wollaston collections and deliveries Mr. Adams said that the collections would be as follows:

5.45 A. M. from boxes and station.
8.00 " " " " "
12.00 M. " " "
1.00 P. M. " "
2.30 " " " "
4.30 " " " "
6.00 " " " "

The deliveries will be as follows:

Leaving the Quincy office at 7 and 11 A. M., 12.30, 4, and 6.30 P. M., for the station, and from the station at 8 A. M., 1 and 4.30 P. M.

There is but little opposition in Wollaston to the proposed change, and when the residents of that ward understand that the government will not grant free delivery to Atlantic, unless Wollaston agrees to it, what little opposition there is will be withdrawn.

QUINCY POST OFFICE.

Letters advertised Jan. 24:

Benj. Coburn.	Mr. Linde.
Mary Annie Cahill.	Doll McIntire.
Mrs. P. Desmond.	Annie O'Hara
John Goodwin.	Hindrick Pihisson.
Michael Greelish.	W. L. Roberts.
George E. Harne.	Annie Simpson.
R. D. Johnson.	Emil Skerberg.
Hattie Jellow.	Ida Sandberg.
Jimmie E. Long.	Ladies' Aid Society.

Mrs. J. Walsh.

CHARLIE WONG,

LAUNDRY.

No. 1 Cottage Ave., Quincy.

Having had a long experience in the laundry business, I can guarantee to do the best work in the City.

☞ **Give me a trial.**

Jan. 24. Sat—6m

RAYMOND'S VACATION EXCURIONS.

All Travelling Expenses Included.

The last party of the season will leave BOSTON FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 20, for a

GRAND EXCURSION

—TO—

WASHINGTON, D. C.

There will be a choice of Sound Line or All-Rail Route between Boston and New York. **Five Days will be passed in Washington,** with headquarters at **Willard's Hotel.** A Carriage Ride to the Public Buildings and other places of interest, and a Steamer Trip to Mount Vernon.

Excursions to California, Feb. 3 and 12; March 5 and 10; April 20 (Eleventh Annual Spring Trip); also on same date, Spring Trip to California, the Pacific Northwest and Alaska.

Mexico Excursions, March 10.

☞ Send for descriptive circulars, designating whether book of Washington, California or Mexico Tours is desired.

RAYMOND & WHITCOMB,
296 Washington St. (opp. School St.) BOSTON.
Jan. 24. 3t

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

MARK-DOWN SALE

— OF —

Men's and Children's OVERCOATS!

To Reduce Stock.

This is a genuine mark-down sale and we guarantee these prices to be as low or less than can be found where bargains are offered. Many of these lots are small and an early call would be to the advantage of those looking for bargains. We would suggest to those having the time to examine during the day.

Any person buying one or more of these Overcoats, not being satisfied that what we say is the truth, can return the same and money will be refunded.

—o—

ALL OF OUR

Men's Overcoats,

Former price $5. Now $3.50

—‡—

Children's Overcoats,

Former price $4.50 and $5. Now $3.50

—§§—

Men's Overcoats,

Former price $7 and $7.50. Now $5

—o—

Children's Dark-Mixed Overcoats,

Former price $3. Now $1.50

—o—

Men's $10 Coats, Now $8

Men's $12, $13.50 and $15 Coats, Now $10

Children's $3.50 and $4 Coats, Now $2.50

Children's $6.50 and $7 Coats, Now $5

Children's Gray Overcoats, a little shopworn, former price $2.50 and $3, Now $1

—‡‡—

GRANITE CLOTHING CO.,

ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

LOOK at these PRICES!

—o—

We have in stock what we advertise. Keep your eye on our Window. Display from week to week, and notice our prices and we will surprise you. You can positively do better with us than in Boston.

		Regular Price.	Our Price.
Mellin's Food,	Large Size,	$0.75	58c.
Mellin's Food,	Small Size,	.50	38c.
Ridge's Food,	Medium Size,	.65	40c.
Armour's Beef,	Large Size,	1.00	75c.
Armour's Beef,	Small Size,	.50	40c.
Fellow's Syrup,		1.50	96c.
Hood's Sarsaparilla,		1.00	75c.
Hydrobromates Caffeine,	For Headache,	1.00	75c.
Hunyadi Water,		.35	25c.
Morse's Dyspepsia Cure,		.50	38c.
Green's Nervura,		1.00	79c.
Cashmere Boquet Soap,		.25 to .35	21c.
Cuticura Soap,		.75 box,	50c.
"		.25	18c.
Pear's Unscented,		.20	15c.
2-qt. bottles Extract Hamamelis,			75c.
Florida Water,		.74	40c.
Wyeth's Malt,		$3.00 per dozen, delivered.	

Finest Stationery, regular 15 to 25 cents per quire, your choice for 10 cents. Envelopes to match, 10 cents per bunch. This is positively a great Bargain.

Toilet Soap, your choice for 5 cents a cake. Fine lot of bath Sponges.

OUR MOTTO.

"RELIABILITY."

—o—

DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive a Gold Watch or Easy Chair.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be contiuned during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period will be presented with a gold watch now on exhibition at T. L. Williams' jewelry store which cost over $50. A second prize is also offered to be given to the one standing second on the list, and will be a richly upholstered easy chair valued at $25.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

—BY—

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

DRIVEN FROM HOME.

People Living on Low Lands in the Empire State Flooded Out.

RONDOUT, N. Y., Jan. 24.—Rondout, Walkill and Esopus creeks have swollen to immense proportions and the waters are still continuing to rise rapidly. Houses, stores, barns and outbuildings are flooded, and much of their contents destroyed. The situation at Eddyville is alarming. The immense ice jam which formed last week causes the water to back up and flood the village to a depth of several feet. The people have fled from their homes and sought safety on higher ground. The ground floor of the hotel, a quarter of a mile from the creek, is covered with water to a depth of three feet. Boats are being used on the streets. Much damage is again being wrought.

TRIBES HILL, N. Y., Jan. 24.—As the result of an ice gorge, the Mohawk river at Fort Hunter overflowed its banks, and the residents of the place, living along its banks, have been driven from their homes. The water is still rising and there is much excitement. Should the ice come over the banks great damage must result. Acres of flats are under water at Mill Point, the water being up to the second story of some of the dwellings. There is also an ice gorge in Schoharie creek at Mill Point.

TROOPS LEAVING PINE RIDGE.

Exposure Has Brought on Much Sickness Among the Militia.

PINE RIDGE, S. D., Jan. 24.—Two troops of the Eighth cavalry have left here for Fort Mead. The Seventh cavalry and also Capt. Capron's battery started for Rushville and will finish the march in two days, when they will be joined by the sick and wounded. The cavalry's winter camp will be pitched on the Rushville road about six miles from the agency. A company of scouts to be organized from among the Indian police, whose term of enlistment has expired, is to be sent to Fort McKinney under command of an officer of the Sixth cavalry, and Gen. Miles says he will select the Indian delegation to Washington in a coupie of days. Capt. Baldwin, inspector of arms practice, division of the Missouri, and a member of Gen. Miles' staff, is very sick, as are also a number of his officers and men, with severe colds and rheumatism.

A CLEAR TRACK FOR GROVER.

Hill Retires from the Presidential Race by Accepting the Senatorship.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—Governor Hill's acceptance of the senatorship has not silenced talk of his presidential aspirations, but it is said on the best authority that he accepted his new office with the distinct understanding that he would not further antagonize the movement for Mr. Cleveland's nomination. The knowledge of this on the part of The Sun accounts for its gloom since Governor Hill was chosen senator. No one doubted that David B. Hill would have accepted a presidential nomination at any time if it had come his way. But the new arrangement means that there will be no Hill delegates to the national Democratic convention of 1892.

A CHANGE FOR THE WORST.

Death of California's Rich Senator May Be Expected Very Soon.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Dr. Ward of New York, a personal friend of Senator Hearst, and one of his attending physicians, said last night that Senator Hearst had taken a turn for the worse and was sinking fast. In addition to his stomach trouble uræmic poisoning, due to the failure of the kidneys, has become manifest. Up to Thursday he had been gaining strength rapidly, and his return to health had been hoped for. With this new complication his recovery is impossible, and his death may be expected within a few days.

Settled by Apologies.

DUBLIN, Jan. 24.—Dr. Charles K. D. Tanner, M. P., (anti-Parnellite) has abandoned his intention of bringing a libel action against Mr. Parnell for the latter's reference to him in speeches made during the recent campaign in North Kilkenny. Mr. Parnell apologized to Dr. Tanner for what he terms "heated words" he applied to the doctor at Kilkenny; while Dr. Tanner has apologized to his former leader for similar utterances, but with the understanding that he still maintains his political opposition to Mr. Parnell.

Satisfied with Coast Settlements.

BERLIN, Jan. 24.—The Post announces that the government has decided not to support Emin Pasha's plan for the establishment of a new German province on the shores of Victoria Nyanza, being convinced that the German protectorate in East Africa should be confined to coast territories.

WILD RUMORS RIFE.

Excitement Over the Death of King Leopold's Heir.

WHOLE COUNTRY IN MOURNING

Hints That He May Have Lost His Life as the Result of an Intrigue—Statements of the Court Physicians—Hemorrhage Caused Death.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 24.—Prince Baudouin, nephew of King Leopold, and heir to the throne of Belgium, is dead. The cause of his death is alleged to have been an attack of bronchitis.

The death of the prince has caused a tremendous sensation and creates consternation in all classes in Brussels. There are all sorts of rumors circulating, as the public was entirely unaware that the prince was dead.

These rumors grew in import as the day progressed. It was openly asserted that the death of the prince was a repetition of the sad circumstances surrounding the death of the Archduke Rudolph, the heir to the Austrian throne who met his death in such a mysterious manner on Jan. 30, 1889. It added that a beautiful German governess, who had been recently banished from the Belgium court by order of King Leopold, had been in some way connected with the death of Prince Baudouin. In any case the death of Prince Baudouin is surrounded with mystery and speculation.

The court physicians, in the death certificate, announce that Prince Baudouin's death was caused by hemorrage, following a severe attack of bronchitis. The physicians also assert that the prince caught a chill while watching at the bedside of his sister. But these statements are far from convincing the people that the real cause of the death of the prince has been given to the public and the startling rumors already referred to are popularly believed to be founded on a solid basis of fact of some description.

Telegrams and messages of condolence with the royal family of Belgium are reaching Brussels from all parts of Europe, among the dispatches received being words of sympathy from Queen Victoria and the Prince and Princess of Wales.

Prince Baudouin Leopold Phillippe Marie Charles Antoine Joseph Louis was the son of the Count of Flanders, brother of King Leopold, and was born in this city on June 3, 1869. The three children of Leopold are all daughters and the two next oldest children of Phillippe are girls. The fourth child, therefore, of Phillippe, Albert Leopold, who was born April 8, 1875, becomes now the heir to the throne.

The news of the prince's death was withheld from his sister the Princess Henrietta, a beautiful girl about 20 years of age, who is dangerously sick from inflammation of the lungs. The palace of the Count of Flanders, where the princess resides, is surrounded by a strong force of police, who are doing their utmost to prevent the unusual noise in the streets from arousing the suspicions of the suffering princess.

The death of Prince Baudouin has plunged the whole country, and especially the city of Brussels, into mourning. Funeral decorations in the shape of crape, black flags and other mourning emblems are being displayed everywhere through the city. During the course of the afternoon further details concerning the death of the young prince were furnished from official circles. According to these details Prince Baudouin had for some time past been suffering from influenza, but in spite of the remonstrances of his physicians he insisted upon passing his nights recently at the bedside of his sister, Princess Henriette. On Monday last the prince insisted upon going for a drive. He caught a fresh cold and on Wednesday was forced to take to his bed. Thursday his condition had become more serious, but at the same time did not seem to have been such as to cause any alarm.

During Thursday afternoon an unfavorable change was noticed in the prince, and as the evening drew near his condition caused his attendants grave apprehensions. Finally, toward night time the last sacraments of the Roman Catholic church were administered. Following this, the prince was attacked by high fever and was in danger of lapsing into delirium. King Leopold and Queen Maria were summoned to the prince's beside, and, finally, the ministers and chiefs of the royal household were sent for. They were in attendance during all the latter part of the night. At 10 o'clock the prince was subjected to the operation of cupping, but with no result. Shortly before midnight the attending physicians pronounced the prince to be dying. His respirations became weaker and weaker until a sudden flow of blood from the lungs suffocated him. The exact hour of the prince's death is announced to be 1:45 a. m. The Princess Henriette is said to be in a worse condition.

The latest and most probable version of the cause of the prince's death is that it was due to the complication of smallpox, bronchitis and haematuria. The populace are enraged at what they term the blundering of unsuspecting doctors.

It now transpires that Prince Baudouin was upon the point of being betrothed to his cousin, Princess Clementina, the third and youngest daughter of his uncle, King Leopold. The Princess Clementina was born at the Castle of Laeken on July 20, 1872. All the theatres and public institutions are closed and will remain closed until after the funeral, which will take place from the Royal palace at Laeken, in South Brabant. Parliament has also adjourned.

In the chamber of deputies Premier Beernaert, on behalf of the ministry, expressed the sentiments of the house in regard to the death of Prince Baudouin. He said that the members shared in the griet of King Leopold and his family over the sad affair. The president of the chamber and the leaders of the right and left concurred in the expressions of regret and sympathy, and the house then adjourned as a sign of mourning for the dead prince. The body of Prince Baudouin has been embalmed and now lies in state in the palace.

No Choice.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Jan. 24.—Eight ballots were taken by the joint assembly yesterday for United States senator, the twelfth and last resulting as have all previous ballots: Palmer, 101; Oglesby, 100; Streeter, 3; necessary to choice, 103.

Four Killed.

HAVANA, Jan. 24.—A serious collision of two freight trains occurred at Artemisal, near Cardenas. The cars were badly wrecked and four persons were killed and four others more or less seriously injured.

THE BROCKTON TRAGEDY.

Arrest of Medium George—Death of Mrs. Anderson and One of the Children.

BROCKTON, Mass., Jan. 24.—Edith Anderson, the second eldest daughter of the Anderson family, and her mother, have died from the effects of the morphine administered by the mother. The other two children are in a precarious condition. Mr. George, the Spiritualistic medium, who told Mrs. Anderson that her husband was unfaithful to her, which information caused the tragedy, was arrested. Officer Appleton is the complainant, and the warrant was issued after consultation between Judge Reed and Clerk Goddard. The complaint alleges that on Jan. 22 the defendant was an accessory before the fact to committing the crime of suicide. The prisoner waived the reading of the complaint and pleaded not guilty. George is well along in years and has practiced astrology for a long time. District Attorney Pratt delegated ex-District Attorney Kingman to represent the government, while Judge Day appeared for George. Judge Reed then ordered the case continued until Tuesday morning next. The defendant was placed under $2000 bonds, in default of which he will remain in the station until his trial takes place.

RELEASED, THEN ARRESTED.

The Bradford Shoe Dealers' Experience with the Canadian Authorities.

HAMILTON, Ont., Jan. 24.—Isaac Rich and David W. Robinson, the defaulting boot and shoe merchants of Bradford, Pa., who were arrested here on the charge of trying to defraud creditors in Boston, were released on the ground that as all the parties belong to the United States, the Canadian courts have nothing to do with the matter.

LATER—Rich and Robinson, the defaulting business of Bradford, Pa., men are again in jail, this time on a capais issued at the instance of D. S. Short & Co., wholesale boot and shoe dealers of Boston. Many other creditors have filed claims with the solicitors here and some of them have sent representatives to this city to back their claims. They say that Rich and Robinson must have from have from $80,000 to $100,000 in some place where they can lay their hands on it.

FORTY-EIGHT DEATHS.

Explosion in a Russian Coal Mine Caused by a Cigarette Smoker.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—Further details have been received here of the colliery explosion at Jusovka depot, near Charkov, Russia. The explosion caused a fire in three pits. The owners and managers of the mines tried to descend into the burning pits, but the fumes of gas compelled them to desist. Eventually a rescuing party entered the mines and after considerable labor and danger brought to the surface the dead bodies of twenty-eight miners. They also rescued ninety-one men who were in an unconscious condition. The latter were all badly burned and bruised and twenty of them subsequently succumbed to their injuries. It is said that the explosion was caused by a man lighting a cigarette.

SORELY IN NEED.

Funds for Evicted Tenants in Ireland are Wanted at Once.

BUFFALO, Jan. 24.—James Mooney, ex-president of the Land league, received the following cablegram, which was signed by Dillon, O'Brien, Harrington and Redmond:

Pending negotiations, the position of evicted tenants is becoming extremely critical. Write entreating American friends not to delay forwarding funds to save tenants from ruin.

In accordance with this urgent appeal Mr. Mooney earnestly requests committees having in trust funds contributed for the relief of the tenants to forward this money at once to Dr. Joseph E. Kenny and Alfred Webb, No. 43 Upper O'Connell street, Dublin, Ire.

Public Bequests.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 24.—The will of Catherine H. Lombard, widow of John Lombard, leaves $20,000 to the Springfield hospital, $5000 to the Home for Aged Women, and about $3000 to the Agawam Congregational church. The rest of the estate, after paying a few legacies to relatives, is estimated at $50,000, and is to be divided equally between Mount Holyoke college, the local Young Men's Christian association, Woman's Christian association, Home for Friendless Women and Children, the city library and Woman's Board of Missions.

Squabble Over Grain Freight Rates.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 24.—At least four of the lines at Kansas City have flatly refused to be governed by Midgeley's order that the advancing rate on grain, effective Jan. 13, should in the future be applied to all reconsignments prior to the date the new rate went into effect, and in defiance of it they are rebilling all the grain in the city at the rate on which it was shipped prior to Jan. 15. The Rock Island road is so far the only one that wants to live up to the order.

In Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—In the senate there was a debate on the cloture resolution of Mr. Aldrich. His announcement that he wanted the vote on it taken to-day led to severe strictures by Messrs. Gorman and Teller.

In the house Mr. Conger of Indiana pressed his resolution for a broadening of the investigation of Pension Commissioner Raum. The naval appropriation bill was debated in committe of the whole.

Heroism Rewarded.

HALIFAX, Jan. 24.—The United States government, on the recommendation of Consul General Frye, has awarded to the mate of the British steamer Deer Hill a gold watch and chain, and to her captain a marine binocular glass, to be presented by the president in recognition of their services in effecting the rescue of the American brigantine Angelic on Dec. 5 last while in a sinking condition.

Not Yet Dead.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—The Morning Post's Berlin correspondent says: The announcement Thursday of the death at Schwerin of the Grand Duchess of Mecklenberg-Schwerin was premature. The duchess is seriously ill, however.

Sons of Vermont Meet.

BOSTON, Jan. 24.—The Boston Vermont association celebrated at the Vendome last night the 100th anniversary of the admission of the state to the union. Hon. H. O. Houghton presided, and speeches were also made by Chief Justice Field, Hon. Dorman B. Eaton, Collector Beard and others.

The American Hog Downed.

BERLIN, Jan. 24.—In the reichstag a motion to repeal the prohibition of the importation of American pork was defeated by 133 to 103.

THE CLOTURE RULE.

Vote Upon It Will Be Taken Early Next Week.

REPUBLICANS ARE BOTHERED

Regarding the Question of Their Silver Men Sticking to the Democrats—Population of Massachusetts by Counties.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The Republicans now feel that they are masters of the situation in the senate. The uncertainty that has heretofore prevailed as to the attitude of certain Republicans having been removed, they propose now to proceed in regular order and force the election bill to a vote. That a vote will be taken on this measure is certain. The Republican managers have not yet definitely determined when the vote on the cloture shall be taken, as they propose to allow a reasonable latitude in the debate. There will not be another legislative day until this subject is disposed of.

It will be in the power of the vice president, sustained by the Republicans, to bring the cloture bill to a vote whenever the time is fixed. All the Republicans ask is that they may be allowed to vote on the proposition. The Democrats have claimed all along that there were Republican votes in opposition to the cloture and the election bill. They were greatly disappointed, however, that on all the test votes they secured only four. The Democrats claim the cloture is stronger than the election bill, and that it by no means follows that the adoption of the cloture means the passage of the election bill. There are three or four senators, those from Colorado and Nevada, whose attitude is remarkable for uncertainty. These men said they had not, nor do they intend to, make known their position in advance of the vote.

In the senate yesterday nearly every seat in the chamber was vacant. Mr. Cockrell was relied upon to conduct the business on the part of the Democrats. This is the way that the debate will drone along until such time as the Republicans shall come to the conclusion that it is time to vote. When that time will be is yet undetermined. It is expected that it will be on Tuesday. By that time the Republicans suppose that they will have a quorum of their own number present which they can rely upon. Probably on Monday a caucus will be held and a committee appointed to determine when the vote shall be taken, and to decide the order of procedure.

The problem which the Republicans have to meet is whether or not the Republican senators who have made the alliance with the Democrats will go with the latter so far as to decline to vote and thus to break a quorum. It is believed that Stewart and Wolcott will certainly decline to vote. The attitude of Teller of Colorado and Jones of Nevada is not known. They may find it difficult to separate themselves from their silver associates in the movement in which they have co-operated so long. At the same time, in view of their relations to the party, they will find it difficult to break a quorum by preventing a vote. Many of the Republican senators say that these Republicans who go thus far with the Democrats will very properly be classed as Democrats hereafter.

The Republicans admit that the gravest problem which they have to meet is whether or not they can command a quorum when the Democrats and their silver associates on the Republican side shall withhold their votes. The Republicans have a quorum without the silver men, who are allied with the Democrats. Whether they can rely upon that quorum when the test shall come remains to be seen.

BAY STATE CENSUS.

Her Present Population by Counties Compared With That of 1880.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The census bureau has issued a bulletin giving in detail the population of Massachusetts by counties, cities, towns and wards, according to the official count of the returns of the eleventh census as finally determined. The population as returned in 1880 is also given for the purpose of comparison. The population of the state for 1890 is 2,238,943, an increase of 455,853, or 25.57 per cent. since 1880, the population at that time being 1,783,085. The following summary by counties is presented, showing, in addition to the population for 1890, the number and per centage of increase during the decade. The largest per centages of increase are shown in the counties of Middlesex, Bristol and Hampden, the per centages being 35.66, 34.11 and 30.32 respectively. The counties of Barnstable and Nantucket show a decrease, while the increase in Dukes county has been very slight.

Barnstable, 29,172; decrease 2735, or 8.54 per cent.
Berkshire, 81,108; increase 12,076, or 17.48.
Bristol, 186,465; increase 47,425, or 34.11.
Dukes, 4369; increase 69, or 1.60.
Essex, 299,995; increase 55,460, or 22.68.
Franklin, 38,610; increase 2699, or 7.25.
Hampden, 135,713; increase 31,571, or 30.32.
Hampshire, 51,859; increase 4627, or 9.80.
Middlesex, 481,167; increase 113,337, or 35.66.
Nantucket, 3263; decrease 459, or 12.32.
Norfolk, 118,950; increase 22,443, or 23.26.
Plymouth, 92,700; increase 18,682, or 25.24.
Suffolk, 484,780; increase 96,853, or 24.97.
Worcester, 280,787; increase 53,890, or 23.75.

The state, 2,238,943; increase 455,858, or 25.57.

There are 47 cities and towns in the state which had a population in 1890 of 8000 and over. These cities and towns have an aggregate population of 1,564,931, as agaiust 1,161,990 in 1880. The increase during the decade for these 47 cities and towns is therefore 402,941, or 34.68 per cent., the percentage of increase for the entire state being 25.57 as previously stated. The population of the 25 cities of the commonwealth is 1,327,164, the population in 1880 being 989,024, and the increase during the decade 338,140, or 34.19 per cent.

The Week's Failures.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—Business failures reported to Bradstreet's number 357 in the United States this week, against 366 last week and 324 this week last year. The total number of failures in the United States, Jan 1 to date, is 1260 against 1342 last year.

The Hudson Navigable.

NYACK, N. Y., Jan. 24.—The severe storm almost entirely cleared the lower Hudson of ice, and navigation for a considerable distance can be carried on without difficulty. The snow has entirely disappeared.

NEW BAKERY

JUST OPENED,

—IN—

Adams Building, cor. Temple and Hancock Sts.

The public are informed that I have opened a Bakery in the Adams Building, where will be kept a full line of

Bread, Cake, Pastry.

TRY OUR ANGEL CAKE.

Plain and Fancy Crackers. All kinds of Confectionery.

HOT BREAD AND ROLLS EVERY AFTERNOON.

WEDDING CAKE A SPECIALTY.

W. A. HODGES,

PROPRIETOR.

Jan. 17. 2w

A Full Assortment

—OF—

Dried Fruits, Apricots, Peaches, Prunes,

Evaporated Apples, &c.

WE ALSO HAVE IN STOCK A VARIETY OF

PICKLES, PRESERVES AND KETCHUPS.

A LARGE STOCK OF

Fancy and Common Crackers at very Low Prices.

The only agents for Keene Creamery Butter. In 1-2 lb. Prints and 5 and 10 lb. Tubs. Fresh every Week.

Doble's Hot Rolls and Bread every Afternoon. Try them if you want the best.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our

Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel.

PRATT & CURTIS,

25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

BEST IN THE MARKET!

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, July 9. tf

IS BUSINESS DULL WITH YOU?

ADVERTISING IS AN ANTIDOTE FOR DULLNESS.

•TRY•IT•

AND SEE YOUR STORE FILL WITH CUSTOMERS.

RY

Hancock Sts.

ave opened a
e will be kept

astry.

KE.

Confectionery.

AFTERNOON.

ES,

2w

ment

es, Prunes,
, &c.

TY OF

KETCHUPS.

ry Low Prices.

e Creamery
5 and 10 lb.

d every After-
best.

ing, Quincy.

WN !

e all the induce-
he present will

per Barrel.

RTIS,
- QUINCY.

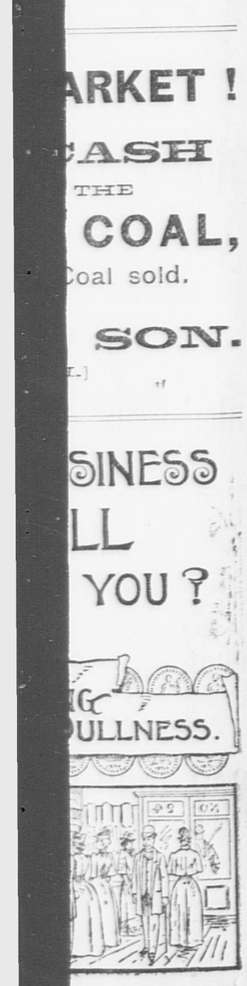
ARKET !

CASH
THE
COAL,
Coal sold.

SON.

SINESS
LL
YOU ?

ULLNESS.



O. S. C.

1759 ROBERT BURNS 1891

Grand Celebration

OF THE

132d ANNIVERSARY

OF THE BIRTH OF

Scotland's Favorite Poet,

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

Clan McGregor, No. 5,

QUINCY, MASS.,

IN THE

QUINCY OPERA HOUSE,

ON

FRIDAY EV'NG,

JAN. 30th, 1891.

PROGRAMME.

1. Pot Pourri, Scotch Airs
Dunbar's Orchestra.
2. Opening Address,
Chief James Copland.
3. Song, McGregor's Gathering
Mr. Lewis G. Griffiths.
4. Song, When the Heart is Young
Miss Fanny W. Hatch.
5. Impersonations, (Assorted)
Mr. Edward W. Emerson.
6. Song, Come under my Plaidie
Miss Mary F. White.
7. Song, Jessie, the Flower o' Dunblane
Mr. William Elrick.
8. Recitation, Prince Charlie at Versailles on the Anniversary of Culloden,
Miss Annie MacKenzie.
9. Piano Solo, (Selected)
Mr. William Wilson.
10. Address,
Hon. H. O. Fairbanks, Mayor of Quincy.
11. Song, (Selected)
Miss Fanny W. Hatch.
12. Legerdemassachusetts,
Mr. Edward W. Emerson.
13. Song, Robin Adair
Miss Mary F. White.
14. Song, My Nannie's Awa'
Mr. William Elrick.
15. Recitation, Mary, Queen of Scots
Miss Annie MacKenzie.
16. Song, The Lass of Patie's Mill
Mr. Lewis G. Griffiths.

Accompanist, Mr. William Wilson.

Royal Secretary Kerr, Grand Chief ... and others will be present. Programme subject to change.

Supper Furnished in Dining Hall,
A. E. NASH, Caterer.

Dancing at 10.30.

MUSIC, - DUNBAR'S ORCHESTRA.

J. B. DUNBAR, Prompter.

Admission to Celebration, 50 and 5 Cents. Children under 12 years, 5 Cents. Dancing 50 Cents extra for Gentlemen. Ladies free.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Entertainment at 7.45.

A responsible person will have charge of Clothing.

Gentlemen wishing to take part in the dancing are requested to leave the hall after the Concert.

Tickets for sale at the Stores of John O. Holden, C. B. Tilton, Williams' Jewelry Store, and the following Committee of Arrangements: Alex. Emslie, William Leslie, James Copland, Oscar W. Riddle, John Davidson, William Elrick and Maxwell McIntosh.

JAMES COPLAND, Chief.

W. B. DAVIDSON, Sec. of Com.

Dec. 23. 6t

BOYS

OF QUINCY.

ATTENTION !

WILLIAMS,

THE

JEWELER,

Will give a Fine Silver Waltham Watch to the boy bringing the greatest number of LEDGER COUPONS to his store before March 1st.

This Watch is

No Waterbury Humbug;

It is one of the Genuine

American Waltham Watch Co.'s

Make, and is Warranted to give perfect satisfaction. It is now on exhibition in his Show Window, and may be inspected by anyone.

Now Boys, get a gait on you, and hustle for it !

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 24.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1849—William F. Field left for California; among the first attracted by the gold fever.

World Wide.

1620—Death of Sir Henry Yelverton, judge, born 1566.
1639—The Connecticut colony in convention at Hartford adopted a liberal written constitution, the people not to take oath to the king.
1712—Birth of Frederick the Great; died 1786.
1732—Birth of Beaumarchais, dramatic writer; died 1799.
1762—Death of James Ralph, political and poetical writer.
1807—Schleswig and Holstein incorporated with Prussia by decree.
1869—A Chinese embassy, headed by Hon. Anson Burlingame, an American, received by the French emperor at Paris.
1870—Prince Arthur presented to President Grant.
1870—United States corvette Oneida sunk by collision with British P. and O. steamer Bombay.
1871—Jules Favre, on the part of the French, opened negotiations with Bismarck.
1875—Death of Rev. Charles Kingsley, English author and canon of Westminster, in London, England.
1884—Fire damp explosion at Crested Butte, Colo.; fifty-seven miners killed.
1888—Death of Frederick C. Brightly at Philadelphia; born 1812.

Tomorrow's Anniversaries—Jan. 25.

1826—Committee appointed by town to favor or oppose railway from quarries to Neponset river.
1793—Some 30 citizens warned by Quincy Selectmen to leave town.

World Wide.

1627—[illegible]
1674—[illegible] Thomas Tanner.
1759—Birth of Paul Whitehead, poet and satirist; died 1774.
1759—Birth of Robert Burns, poet; died 1796.

ROBERT BURNS.

1786—Birth of Benjamin Robert Haydon, celebrated painter; died 1846.
1811—Birth of Daniel Maclise, artist.
1858—Marriage of princess royal of England to Prince Frederick William of Prussia.
1871—Death of Thomas Garrett, prominent abolitionist, at Wilmington, Del., aged 82.
1871—Statue of Abraham Lincoln in the Capitol at Washington unveiled.
1882—At Newport, N. H., Hon. Edmund Burke died, aged 73 years.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Forecast for Maine and New Hampshire: Fair; colder; westerly winds.

For Vermont: Local snows; stationary temperature; westerly winds.

For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Fair; southwesterly winds; stationary temperature.

Cautionary signals from Portland to Eastport.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Latest Quotations of the New York and Boston Stock Markets—Jan. 23.

In the general trading in the New York stock market, buyers were few, and traders continued bearish in their proclivities. There was little foreign trading.

New York wires continued to work poorly, and trading in the Boston stock market continued dull as an effect thereof.

The New York Market.

Atchison	29¾	Nor. Pac. pref	71⅞
Central Pacific	30	Oregon Trans	
Chi & Northwest	106	Oregon Navi	77½
Del Lack & West	137⅝	Pacific Mail	34⅞
Del & Hudson	134	Reading	22⅝
Illinois Central	98	Texas Pacific	15⅝
Lake Shore	107	Union Pacific	45⅜
Missouri Pacific	65¾	Wabash St. L. & P.	19¾
N. J. Central	112½	do pref	19¼
N. Y. Central	100¾	Wheel & Lake Erie	7½
Northern Pacific	27¾	Western Union	79

The Boston Market.

Aspinwall Land	....	Fitchburg pref	....
Fremn's Bay Land	6⅝	Flint & Pere Mar	....
Newport Land	2¼	Maine Central	....
West End Land	92⅛	Mexican Central	23⅜
Atchison	29½	N Y & N E	38¼
Atlantic & Pacific	5¾	do pref	114
Boston & Lowell	180	Old Colony	168
Boston & Maine	203¾	Union Pacific	45
Boston & Prov	....	Wisconsin Central	....
Chicago, B & Q	89	American Bell Tel	204
Central Mass	10½	Mexican	75
do pref	39½	Erie Tel	49⅛
Eastern	....	New England Tel	52

The Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—FLOUR—Steadier; city mills $4 90 to 5 20; city mills patents $5 00 to 5 40; winter wheat, low grades, $3 45 to 3 90; do fair to fancy $3 90 to 4 90; do patents $4 40 to $5 25; Minnesota clear $4 10 to 4 85; do straights $4 25 to 5 00.

WHEAT—Higher; No 2 red $1 05¼ elevator; No 3 red 100¼ to 100½.

CORN—Quiet; No 2, 61 to 61¼c elevator; steamer mixed 60¾ to 61¾c.

OATS—Higher; No 3, 51c; No 1, 53; mixed western, 50 to 53c

SUGAR—Raw firm; refined quiet; granulated 6¼c cubes 6 7-16c.

Women as Church Delegates.

What would become of churches without women? They are the keystone of every creed in the civilized world; yet, when it comes to officeholding and representation in conferences, they are not deemed worthy of the slightest recognition!

At last there is light in one direction. Six hundred and ninety-nine Methodist churches in this country have decided by a majority of 62 per cent. that women ought to be admitted as delegates to the general conference, and it is thought that this popular vote will have great weight in shaping future legislation. It certainly ought.

Miss Frances E. Willard is not alone in believing that the union of man and woman in the administration of church and state would redound to the benefit of humanity. To leave women out of the church is especially ungrateful, and if the Methodists experience a change of heart they will not only do right, but double their power and efficiency.—Kate Field.

The Way to Attract.

Advertisements should be attractive. First captivate the eye. The eye is the sentinel of the will. Captivate the sentinel and you captivate the will. The feet follow the eyes. It is the untiring, unremitted, everlasting, never take-no-for-an-answer appeal to the eyes of the people that brings trade.—Exchange.

JUDGE HAMILTON'S CHARACTER

Assailed by Witnesses at Biddeford—They Claim He Was Drunk.

SACO, Me., Jan. 24.—The sensation predicted in the supreme court by counsel for the defense in the false imprisonment suit of Deputy Sheriff James W. Small of Saco vs. City Marshal Fred A. Tarbox of Biddeford, came in the introduction of evidence assailing the character of a Biddeford court official.

One of the allegations of the plaintiff's writ was that Small, after his arrest on the day of the Biddeford city election, was detained in the police station an unreasonable length of time. The charge was met by evidence on the part of the defense alleging, as a reason of the delay, that Judge Charles S. Hamilton of the Biddeford municipal court was intoxicated on the day in question, and could not be found in the court room when the marshal was in search of warrants against the imprisoned deputy sheriffs.

Several witnesses testified as to the judge's condition on election day. Judge Hamilton, who was called in rebuttal by the plaintiff, denied that he was intoxicated on the day in question. The case will probably go to the jury late this afternoon. The jury is said to be composed of nine Republicans and three Democrats.

GUILTY OF FORGERY.

New York's Bogus Divorce Lawyer Again Before the Bar of Justice.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—William H. Buttner, the bogus divorce lawyer, almost tottered to the bar of the general sessions yesterday. When he reached the bar he clung to it with both hands and bent his head. He sobbed as Assistant District Attorney Weeks told Recorder Smyth that District Attorney Nicoll had consented to allow Buttner to withdraw his plea of guilty of grand larceny in the second degree on the condition that he would plead guilty of forgery in the second degree.

Clerk Hall then took Buttner's plea and he could scarcely hear what Buttner said. Buttner's bravado was entirely gone. "You might as well sentence me now," he said between sobs to Recorder Smyth. But Recorder Smith remanded him until the latter part of next week, when both Buttner and W. Duryea Hughes, his former partner, will be sentenced.

The extreme penalty under Buttner's plea is imprisonment in state prison for ten years, and under Hughes' plea of guilty of grand larceny in the second degree five years.

FIREMEN KILLED AND INJURED.

Burning of Clothing Houses at Buffalo with Disastrous Results.

BUFFALO, Jan. 24.—About 9 o'clock last evening fire was discovered in the cutting room of L. Marcus & Son, wholesale clothing, in the building owned and occupied by Warner Bros. & Co. The flames rapidly spread into Zingsheim & Harris', wholesale clothing, next door, and Darling & Schole's clothing house adjoining. All of the above places were destroyed. The total loss is estimated at between $400,000 and $500,000.

Adam Fisher and Robert Snyder, firemen, were caught by falling walls and instantly killed. Fireman Murphy had his leg broken; Fireman Hart of engine 12 received a fractured skull and will die. Fire Commissioner Beyer was struck in the face by flying beams and seriously injured. Five or six other firemen are known to be seriously injured, and it is thought that two or three more are buried under the walls.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

A new national bank is to be started in Lynn.

A new ministry has been formed in Brazil.

Chinese were driven out of Milton, Ore., by a mob.

Hoagland beat Driscoll in a ten-mile walk in Worcester.

Lowell people are warned against drinking the canal water.

Chilian insurgents are said to be masters of the situation.

Fire in the Abilene, Kan., carriage works caused $40,000 loss.

A woman at San Antonio, Tex., shot an army sergeant and then herself.

A London matrimonial agent claims to have negotiated 40,000 marriages.

Smallpox is epidemic throughout the central and southern parts of Texas.

It is believed that British war ships already are cruising in Chilian waters.

The engineers and firemen stand by the strikers on the Chicago and Erie railroad.

The steamer Banan, recently ashore, has been towed to Hampton Road for repairs.

Charles E. Eaton of Woburn, Mass., who was crushed in an elevator, will probably recover.

Secretary Blaine has again been asked to protest against the prosecution of Jews in Russia.

A verdict of not guilty was rendered in the Provenzano-Matranga vendetta case in New Orleans.

"Old Hutch" denies that he has retired from business. He has given up trading on his own account only.

An independent political party is not likely to be developed just now from the Farmers' labor movement.

George Grimes, a brakeman on the New York and New England railroad, was run over and killed by the cars.

Rev. M. J. Savage of Boston has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Unitarian Church of the Messiah of Chicago.

It is announced that on May 1 the miners of the United States will inaugurate a determined conflict for an eight-hour law.

There are 783 manufacturing plants in Richmond, Va., giving employment to 21,618 persons, and employing $16,506,520 capital.

President Smyth of the Concord and Montreal railroad denies the rumor of a proposed consolidation with the Boston and Maine.

Charles Bradlaugh, who was reported to be sick a week ago, has suffered a relapse, and his friends are becoming anxious about his condition.

The French government has announced the members of the supreme labor council, among them being M. Roche, James Simon, Leon Say, MM. Challenemel-Lacour and Mesureur and Count Mun.

"Doc" Levi Wilson, famous down east for his eccentricity and lavish expenditure of money, figured not long ago as the victim in an Arizona murder mystery. Now he has turned up in Dubuque and is feeling very well.

A bill has been introduced into the Illinois legislature providing for the punishment of persons who impose upon newspapers by furnishing untrue or "faked" statements, which would be libellous if published.

MURDER SUSPECTED.

A New Hampshire Milkman Found Dead in His Barn.

HARD STRUGGLE TOOK PLACE,

According to the Appearance of the Dead Man's Wounds—The Body Discovered by His Wife—Two Arrests Made.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Jan. 24.—Eldridge Reed, a milk dealer, residing near Captain's Pond, in North Salem, N. H., was found dead in his barn. It was supposed at first that he had committed suicide or had died of heart failure. The body was found by Mrs. Reed at about 3:30 a. m., as it was his custom to go out to feed his cattle and milk his cows. In passing along she stumbled over something which proved to be the body of her husband.

At first she did not suppose it was her husband, and ran back to the house to call for him. Getting no response she hastily entered his room and found the bed empty. The truth then flashed upon her, and she ran to the house of the nearest neighbor, William Haseltine, and gave the alarm. Dr. Presby and the selectmen were sent for. Dr. Presby examined the body and found bruises on the back of the head and one on the forehead, and there was extravasated blood on the chest and neck.

The question of suicide was dismissed, as it was thought by Dr. Presby and the others present that it was next to impossible for the bruises and wounds to have been made by the man himself. The doctor gave it as his opinion that it was a murder. The deceased did not occupy the same room with his wife that night, and it cannot be definitely determined at what time the death occurred, but when examined, at 7 o'clock, there was but little animal heat in the body.

No cause has been assigned for the murder. The deceased had no enemies so far as known, and but little money. The deceased was 70 years old, and lived with his wife, the two being the only persons in the house, which is located in a lonely spot. Thursday night, when Mrs. Reed went to the barn to milk the cows, her husband complained of not feeling well, and said he would go and lie down. This was the last she saw of him alive. Two men have been arrested on suspicion.

Everything indicated that death had come only after a struggle, and while the theory of suicide was advanced by a few of the townspeople, to any who examined the body, it was evident that the violence came from other than his own hand. It was the unanimous decision of the town officials and neighbors that the tragedy was a murder.

Reed was of an irritable disposition, and is said, by the neighbors, to have had trouble with his wife, with whom he lived alone. To Dr. Presby Mrs. Reed stated that a week ago she and her husband had a making up, and he had since been very kind to her.

Reed was known to have money in his possession, and was also supposed to have that day collected money from his customers. Mrs. Reed is unable to tell whether any money is missing from the house or not. The coroner's jury will probably be impanelled to-day.

FRESH AIR CUT OFF.

Awful Predicament of Two Hundred Workmen in a Wyoming Coal Mine.

EVANSTON, Wyo., Jan. 24.—The fan house of the coal mine, three miles from here, was burned, destroying the means of supplying fresh air to the 200 men working beneath the surface. The men at once scrambled for the opening. With air shut off from above, the limited supply in the shafts and rooms was soon used up and all began to smother. Until well into the main entrance and only exit, they grew weaker at each step, gasping for breath. Dozens were prostrated, but it is thought all escaped.

Old Claims Didn't Pan Out Well.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—The stockholders of the Third National bank have decided to effect a practical reorganition by making a nominal reduction of the present capital stock to $750,000, but restoring it immediately to the old amount of $1,000,000 by the addition of $250,000 in new cash subscriptions. During the last few years the bank had accumulated a number of claims which were slow of collection. The directors recommended that they should be charged to profit and loss.

Anarchists Make Trouble.

PARIS, Jan. 24.—During the Anarchist meeting held on the Place de l'Opera groups of persons cried out "Vive Anarchie," "We want bread." The police thereupon made an attempt to disperse the crowd, but met with considerable opposition, and only succeeded in breaking up the meeting after 400 arrests had been made. Most of the persons arrested were afterwards released. Several miners who were found to be armed were kept in custody.

Trouble in Store for Them.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 24.—The Journal declares positively that John M. Egan, president and general manager of the Chicago, St. Paul and Kansas City road, and C. H. Holdridge, general agent, have been indicted by the United States grand jury for violating sections 2 and 3 of the interstate commerce law prohibiting discrimination in rates. No arrests have been made, as Egan and Holdridge are both in the east.

Creditors Are Mourning.

BANGOR, Me., Jan. 24.—Some time ago a man named Eliot of Hampden claimed to have been robbed of $1400, while riding in the cars at night from Boston to this city. He owes a large sum of money, and has been petitioned into insolvency. Eliot has disappeared, and the creditors are anxious.

Hansbrough Succeeds Pierce.

BISMARCK, N. D., Jan. 24.—Ex-Congressman Hansbrough was elected United States senator to succeed Pierce, on the seventeenth ballot. The Democratic vote went to Hansbrough. The war on Pierce was owing to the manner in which he distributed patronage.

Baldwin Signs with Columbus.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 24.—Mark Baldwin, the well known pitcher, dropped into town, and after a short interview with Manager Schmelz signed a Columbus contract for 1891, calling for a salary of $2900.

He Fought at Waterloo.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—Gen. Wicheote, a veteran soldier, who fought at the battle of Waterloo, is dying.

THE PROPHETS OF BAAL.

LESSON IV, FIRST QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, JAN. 25.

Text of the Lesson, I Kings xviii, 25-39. Commit Verses, 38, 39—Golden Text, I Kings xviii, 21—Commentary by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

[Compiled from Lesson Helper Quarterly by permission of H. S. Hoffman, publisher, Philadelphia.]

25. "And Elijah said unto the prophets of Baal, Choose you one bullock for yourselves, and dress it first, for ye are many, and call on the name of your God, but put no fire under."

At Cherith (cutting) and Zarephath (refining) Elijah had been cut off from all human resources, and refined in the school of poverty and close communion with God, and thus qualified for the contest now before him. He who had been so much alone with God had no fear of King Ahab nor of the hundreds of prophets of Baal.

26. "Oh, Baal, hear us. But there was no voice nor any that answered."

Baal signifies lord or master, and is found in Num. xxii, 41, as the god of the Moabites. Israel worshiped Baal-peor, and 24,000 were slain by a plague (Num. xxv, 3, 9). In the days of the Judges they again and again forsook the Lord and worshiped Baal (Judg. ii, 11, 13; iii, 7; vi, 31; viii, 33; x, 6, 10); but this King Ahab had led them more astray than they had ever been before (I Kings xvi, 30-33).

27. "And it came to pass that at noon Elijah mocked them and said, Cry aloud, for he is a God."

28. "And they cried aloud, and cut themselves, after their manner * * * till the blood gushed out upon them."

Fancy hundreds of men leaping up and down (verse 26, margin), and shouting and cutting their bodies till the blood streamed from them, and all to make the god whom they worshiped hear them. Central Africa could not produce anything worse.

29. "There was neither voice nor any to answer, nor any that regarded."

30. "And Elijah said unto all the people, Come near unto me. And all the people came near unto him."

In calmness he had waited, his soul doubtless communing with his God, but now the decisive moment had come; 450 men had failed—what could this one man do? He was one of those of whom it is written, "One shall chase a thousand, and two put ten thousand to flight."

"And he repaired the altar of the Lord that was broken down."

One of the first acts of Noah on leaving the ark was to build an altar unto the Lord, and so also did Abram when he entered the land of Canaan (Gen. viii, 20; xii, 8). From the days of Adam and Abel the altar and the sacrifice were typical of Him who was to come as the great sinbearer.

31. "And Elijah took twelve stones, according to the number of the tribes of the sons of Jacob."

See twelve stones in the same connection in Ex. xxiv, 4; xxviii, 21; Josh. iv, 3, 8, 9, 20. Although the twelve tribes were divided into ten and two, making two nations, yet they were only one nation before God, and He has ever before Him the time when they shall be reunited under one king (Ezek. xxxvii, 21, 22). All Israel had at this time become idolaters, and hence the necessity of a testimony to the twelve tribes concerning the true God.

32. "And with the stones he built an altar in the name of the Lord."

33. "And he put the wood in order, and cut the bullock in pieces, and laid him on the wood."

A bullock was used both as a sin offering and as a burnt offering (Lev. i and iv), and in these chapters full instructions are found as to the manner of offering. The sin offering was a type of Christ bearing our sins; the burnt offering was a type of Christ offering himself without spot to God.

34, 35. "The water ran round about the altar, and he filled the trench also with water."

Once, twice, thrice was the sacrifice, and the wood and the altar drenched with water. There was to be no deception here, no fire hidden somewhere about, which might be secretly used.

36. "Lord God of Abraham, Isaac and of Israel, let it be known this day that thou art God in Israel and that I am thy servant."

By this title God revealed Himself to Moses at the burning bush and said, "This is my name forever, and this is my memorial unto all generations" (Ex. iii, 6, 15, 16). Observe that the prophet's whole aim is that God may be magnified.

"And that I have done all these things at thy word."

Then the altar and sacrifice and wood and water and answer by fire were no mere thoughts of Elijah, but simple commands of God which he had only to obey, trusting God for all results.

37. "Hear me, O Lord, hear me; that this people may know that Thou art the Lord God, and that Thou hast turned their heart back again."

"If we know that He hear us, whatsoever we ask, we know that we have the petitions that we desired of Him" (I John v, 15). So that Elijah's one desire now was for God to hear him. "And this is the confidence that we have in Him, that, if we ask anything according to His will, He heareth us" (I John v, 14). Elijah having done just what God told him, must then have had the assurance in his heart that God heard him.

38. "Then the fire of the Lord fell."

Picture to yourself the multitude gazing on this lone man as he stands calmly before them beside his drenched and dripping altar and sacrifice and trench full of water, conscious of the presence and favor of the Lord God of Israel. He does not cry aloud nor leap up and down, but quietly looks up to heaven, and with his whole heart utters these few words (just thirty-four in the Hebrew) unto his God in the hearing of all the people.

"And consumed the burnt sacrifice, and the wood, and the stones, and the dust, and licked up the water that was in the trench."

Just as at the dedication of the tabernacle, and the temple, and the offerings of Gideon and David, supernatural fire consumed the sacrifice (Lev. ix, 24; II Chron. vii, 1; Judg. vi, 21; I Chron. xxi, 26), so it happened now. I have no doubt but the offering of Abel was accepted in the same way. But notice how this fire acts; it does not go from earth upward, but coming from heaven takes the nearest first, the sacrifice, then the wood and so on to the very water in the trench.

39. "And when all the people saw it they fell on their faces. And they said, The Lord He is the God; the Lord He is the God."

So well they might, for the God of Moses and Aaron, of Gideon and David and Solomon, God, who is a consuming fire (Deut. iv, 24; ix, 3), had again declared Himself by the unfailing but awful sign, telling them of the wrath that would fall on them unless they came to Him in true penitence and by way of true sacrifice, as He had appointed.

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately.
Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.
Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

PLANT FOOD

FOR SALE AT

FRANK F. CRANE'S.

Quincy, Jan. 10. tf

Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter at his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.
Boston, Nov. 5. tf

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND

ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING,

QUINCY AVENUE.

Nov. 13. 3 mos

POSTAL SERVICE.

Mails Arrive.		Mails Close.	
Boston,	6.20 A.M.	Boston,	7.15 A.M.
"	9.00 "	"	9.35 "
"	12.15 P.M.	"	12.25 P.M.
"	3.40 "	"	4.40 "
"	5.15 "	"	6.00 "
"	6.30 "	"	7.55 "
N. Y., South and West,	7.20 A.M.	N. Y., South and West,	7.15 A.M.
N. Y., South and West,	4.45 P.M.	N. Y., South and West,	7.55 P.M.
Cape Cod,	7.00 "	Cape Cod,	7.45 A.M
Quincy Point,	8.30 A.M.	" "	3.15 P.M
" "	4.15 P.M.	Quincy Point,	8.30 A.M
South Shore,	6.30 "	" "	5.00 P.M
		South Shore,	7.45 A.M

Deliveries.
At 7.30 A. M. (12.30 P. M. Business Delivery.) and 4 P. M.

Collections.
From Boxes at 5.45, 8.00 A. M. (Business Section 12.45) and 4.15 P.M.

W. W. ADAMS. Postmaster.

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

Old Colony.

On and after Oct. 13, 1890.

Trains Leave

QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.11, 6.55, 7.27, 7.33, 7.38, 7.52, 8.12, 8.34, 8.40, 9.18, 9.59, 10.38, 10.57 A. M.; 12.05, 1.02, 1.17, 1.42, 2.50, 4.00, 4.07, 4.48, 4.57, 5.33, 5.40, 6.14, 7.05, 7.10, 8.11, 9.06, 10.19, 10.24 P. M. SUNDAY—9.19, 9.31 A. M.; 1.46, 5.53, 6.15, 7.25, 8.14, 9.16, 11.01 P. M.

RETURN.—5.45, 6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 10.05, 11.02 A. M.; 12.00 M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.30, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4.42, 5.10, 5.33, 6.00, 6.07 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 8.15, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. SUNDAY—8.30, 9.00, 9.15, A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 5.45, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

WOLLASTON HEIGHTS FOR BOSTON.—6.14, 6.59, 7.37, 7.41, 8.15, 8.46, 9.21, 10.02, 11.00 A. M.; 12.08, 1.05, 1.45, 2.53, 4.11, 5.00, 5.43, 6.18, 7.14, 8.15, 9.09, 10.28 P. M. SUNDAY.—9.34 A. M.; 1.49, 6.19, 9.20, 11.04 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02 A. M.; 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 2.35, 3.12, 3.52, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.07, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. SUNDAY.—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR BOSTON.—6.19, 7.02, 7.16, 7.44, 8.05, 9.24, 10.04, 11.15 A. M.; 12.11, 1.22, 1.56, 2.56, 4.15, 5.48, 6.31, 7.12, 7.17, 8.18, 9.12 10.31 P. M. SUNDAY.—9.37 A. M.; 1.52, 6.22, 9.23, 11.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 6.45, 7.35, 8.00, 8.17, 9.40, 11.02 A. M.; 12.02, 12.30, 1.15, 1.55, 2.25, 3.12, 4.18, 4.22, 4.42, 5.33, 5.40, 6.15, 6.25, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. SUNDAY.—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00, 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

QUINCY ADAMS FOR BOSTON.—6.07, 6.51, 7.23, 7.35, 8.08, 9.15, 9.56, 10.54 A. M.; 12.02, 1.38, 2.46, 4.03, 5.37, 6.11, 7.07, 8.07, 9.03, 10.21 P. M. SUNDAY.—9.27 A. M.; 1.42, 6.11, 9.12, 10.57 P. M.

RETURN.—6.45, 7.35, 9.40, 11.02 A. M. 12.02, 1.15, 1.55, 3.12, 4.18, 4.42, 5.33, 6.00, 7.10, 7.55, 9.10, 10.00, 11.00, 11.15 P. M. SUNDAY.—8.30 A. M.; 12.45, 5.00 7.05, 10.00 P. M.

WEST QUINCY FOR BOSTON.—6.08, 7.05, 7.54, 9.11, 11.04 A. M.; 1.46, 3.45, 5.27, 6.20, 10.07 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25, 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

EAST MILTON FOR BOSTON—6.12, 7.09, 7.58, 9.15, 11.08 A. M.; 1.50, 3.55, 5.31, 6.24, 10.11 P. M.

RETURN.—6.35, 8.00, 9.40 A. M.; 12.30, 2.25, 4.22, 5.33, 6.25 7.55, 11.10 P. M.

ATLANTIC FOR EAST MILTON AND WEST QUINCY.—6.48, 8.17, 10.00 A. M.; 12.50, 2.40, 4.42, 5.50, 6.42, 8.14 P. M.

GEO. L. CONNOR,
Gen'l Pass'r Agt.

J. R. KENDRICK,
General Manager.

NEW DRESS

GINGHAMS

SPRING STYLES,

Striped and Plaided.

ALSO NEW DIAGONAL

PLAID PERCALES,

ALL

12 1-2c. per Yard,

AT

Miss C. S. Hubbard's,

158 Hancock St., Quincy.

BUSSELL'S

Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

MONEY TO LOAN

ON First Mortgages at the lowest rates of Interest.

GEO. H. BROWN & CO.,

Adams Building, Quincy.

Jan. 23—tf,p&l

WANTED.

WANTED,—A strong willing girl for general housework. Swede preferred. Apply at 41 Hancock street.

Jan. 24. tf

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

TO LET.

TO LET,—Furnished rooms, with or without board, at 44 CHESTNUT STREET. Quincy, Jan. 17.—9t

TO LET.—Very desirable property in South Quincy. House contains 11 rooms, city water and furnace; stable attached with accommodation for 6 horses. Five acres of land, cuts 7 tons hay. Plenty of fruit, etc. A sightly location, near Electric cars and railroad station. Will lease for term of years to right party.

Enquire of B. N. ADAMS, Real Estate, Quincy. Jan. 13—pl tf

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.

Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms.

Apply to HENRY H. FAXON.

Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—One good new Milch Cow and Calf. L. E. WEYMOUTH, Glover avenue, Atlantic, Mass. Jan. 17—9t

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms To Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree
Geo. H. Hunt,	East Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 24.

High water at 10.45 A. M. and 11.45 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.06; Sets at 4.48.
Full Moon Jan. 24, 7.25 P. M.

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

A lovely day.

But one more week in January.

Miss Agnes Connor of South Weymouth is visiting with her friend Miss Annie Cahill.

Mr. H. Gardner Pratt has staked out a cellar for a new double house on Bigelow street.

Mr. A. M. Craig reads an essay on "Production and Distribution" before the Clan McGregor Debating Club this evening.

Mrs. Samuel Ames had a partial stroke of paralysis Thursday. It is her right side which is affected.

Dr. F. S. Davis had a valuable wolf robe stolen from his carriage at West Quincy, Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Safford, have issued invitations for their crystal wedding, Saturday evening Jan. 31 at their residence on Water street, South Quincy.

The funeral of Mr. Cyrus Waterhouse was held from his late residence today at 2 o'clock, services being conducted by Rev. J. H. Yeoman.

Mr. William Birnie of Germantown, Pa., formerly of this city, accompanied by his friend Mr. Barnes, have been visiting Mr. Birnie's brother at South Quincy.

The Rev. P. C. Headley, a former pastor of the Quincy Centre Congregational church, will preach in the Presbyterian church, Sunday morning and evening.

The prices which the Granite Clothing Company have placed on their goods is causing a rush of trade to their store in Adams building. It does not take a large sum to get a good overcoat or suit of clothes, and the opportunity is being improved.

The interest still continues in the Methodist church, Wollaston, and special revival services will be held four evenings next week, beginning with Tuesday evening. Extra help is expected. Come. All seats free.

About thirty couple attended the fourth assembly of the Atlantic Social Club at Music hall, last evening. Music was furnished by Bryant's orchestra. The floor was in charge of Dr. W. G. Kendall, C. L. Coe and John Carver. The next assembly is announced for Friday evening, Feb. 6.

The Ladies' Social Union connected with the West Quincy Methodist church met Wednesday evening. Tea was served at 6 o'clock, and was followed by an entertainment which consisted of a duet by Mr. W. J. Higman and Mr. C. F. Badger; reading by Miss May Read; banjo selection by Miss Lizzie Smith, accompanied by Mr. Virgil Fuller on the guitar, and a performance by the automatic warblers.

Miss Mamie Souther, youngest daughter of Mr. E. B. Souther, celebrated last evening her fourteenth birthday anniversary at her home on Foster street, by a salmagundy party. About thirty of her young friends were present and enjoyed the evening in playing games. The fortunate winners of the prizes were: boys first, Vare King; boys second, Harry Russell; girls first, Marion Sherman; girls second, Lulie Farrington. Later in the evening refreshments were served and soon after ten the party broke up, wishing their young hostess many happy returns of the day.

Children's Party.

The party given to the children of the Unitarian Society by the Social Club was a very pleasant gathering.

The children began to arrive at 4 o'clock and from then until 9 they enjoyed themselves to the utmost. During the early hours of the party the children were given an entertainment in which little Miss Harvey took a prominent part in songs and declamations, which were well received. After the entertainment a supper of ice cream and cake was served in the lower hall. The supper over, games and dancing occupied the remainder of the evening.

The children were in charge of the Sunday school teachers and Rev. D. M. Wilson.

A Much Needed Improvement.

Friday afternoon Commissioner Ewell caused a wide plank walk to be constructed on the city's land from the corner of City hall to French's stable. This is a decided improvement and will be greatly appreciated by the walking public as this thoroughfare has always been very muddy. Mr. Ewell informs us that the present improvement is only a temporary one and that he has plans for a permanent improvement to be made by him in the spring.

—The safe in the Randolph post office was burglarized Thursday night.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

ANNUAL BALL.

Mt. Wollaston Lodge, No. 80, I. O. O. F. Has a Large Party.

From 8 to 3 o'clock Friday evening crowds of beautiful dressed women, and men well known in Odd Fellows circles filled to discomforture the floor of the Coliseum, and kept time to the inspiring strains of Monk's orchestra with flying feet, the occasion of this gathering being the annual concert and ball of Mt. Wollaston lodge, No. 80, I. O. O. F., which always brings forth many whose only appearance during the season is on these annual occasions.

From 8 to 9 o'clock there was a promenade concert by the orchestra.

Then came the grand march which was led by Mr. Warren W. Adams and Miss Lizzie Lincoln, who were followed by one hundred and sixty couples. The march over the order of twenty numbers was entered into with a spirit, the only intermission was to partake of a supper which was served by Caterer Hicks of Boston.

Among the city officials noticed in attendance were Mayor Henry O. Fairbanks, City Clerk, Christopher Spear, City Treasurer, Bryant N. Adams, President of the Council, James Thompson, ex-Representative John F. Merrill and several members of the present council.

The floor was in charge of Warren W. Adams assisted by C. F. Pettengill, Frank W. Folsom and a large corp of aids, while George L. Gill officiated as chairman of the reception committee and Frank W. Folsom as chairman of the committee on arrangements.

WEYMOUTH.

A special meeting of the share holders of the South Weymouth co-operative bank will be held this evening.

The town voted to adopt the Australian system of voting for town officers at the special town meeting Friday evening.

The selectmen were also recommended to grant the Weymouth & Hingham Street Railway Company a location and franchise, and the Hatherly Company a location from Rockland line to Columbian square in South Weymouth.

The Gazette voting contest which has engaged the attention of the people for some ten weeks has closed and the gold watch has been awarded to George A. Tirrell, an employee of Messrs. M. C. Dizer & Co. of East Weymouth. The total number of votes received by Tirrell being 12,129 or 4721 more than his nearest competitor.

Must Have That Watch.

Steadily increasing toward the top,
R. E. Foy must have that watch before we stop.
We mean what we say,
And this deed we will do,
For the clerks of Quincy are ever true
To a brother, a worker and an honest man, too!

Now clerks to the front, your votes pile in quick,
To the side of our president we'll surely stick.
And we'll ask all kind friends of the laboring class
To lend us a hand in winning this cause,
For "Rob" is a fine fellow as you've all heard say
And also president of the "Q. M. C. B. A," R. J. F., West Quincy.

A PATROL police is one of the necessities which this city must soon have. The new city of Pittsfield starts out with a city marshal, captain of watch, and 14 patrolmen. The city marshal and all other police officers or constables shall hold office during good behavior and until removed by the mayor with the concurrence of the board of aldermen, after hearing, for cause in their opinion sufficient.

MARRIED.

SAMUELSON—ENGSTROM—In Quincy, Jan. 22, by Rev. C. F. Johansson, Mr. Hilbert Samuelson to Miss Anna C. H. Engstrom, both of Quincy.

DIED.

KELLEY—In Quincy, Jan. 24, Mrs. Catherine Kelley, aged 71 years.

DREW—In Braintree, Jan. 21, Miss Fanny G., only daughter of Mr. Arthur and Mrs. Julia E. Drew, aged 20 years and 10 months.

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

BRAINTREE.

Elihu Alden, eighty-five years of age, is seriously sick. Eighty-five years are not passed through riding in a jaunting car.

Owing to the severe storm on Thursday night, the meeting formerly announced of the Pine State Club was postponed till Tuesday evening, Jan. 27, at 7.30 o'clock. All sons and daughters of Maine are cordially invited.

Woman's Relief Corps, No. 94, observed its installation of officers Monday evening Jan. 19, in G. A. R. hall. Mrs. S. Agnes Parker was installing officer. The corps is engaged in a noble work, and one in which every loyal person should be interested.

On Wednesday evening the fourth of a series of entertainments given the present winter under the auspices of Puritan lodge, I. O. O. F., and under the more immediate executive management of the Fourth Committee, came off with great eclat at the Town Hall. The admission was free, and of course there was a very large audience; the body of the hall being crowded and also the gallery.

We are informed that Rev. E. O. Dyer in addition to his ministerial duties is also giving some attention to those literary studies of which he is fond. On Monday evening, Jan. 19, he lectured before Chautauquans and teachers in Brockton, on "The land of Scott and Burns." In March he will lecture before the Essex Institute of Salem, on "The Modern Jews," while at present he is preparing a volume for publication entitled "The Legend of Hobomoc" and other poems.

Last night one of the Campbells that have been "coming", so long, arrived with a retinue of followers from Boston at the family residence of Mr. Thomas Lang on Middle street, buyer for the lace department of Beal, Higgins and Henderson, formerly Hogg, Brown & Taylor, of Boston, and made things hum without the aid of "bag pipes" to bring it about.

The occasion was the birthday celebration of Mr. Lang, who was not to blame for having been born, that day thirty-seven years ago. Besides, and in addition to the Campbell in question and his retinue, there were present, Roberts, Allen, Watson and Fox, who "came to pree," made it a veritable "McGregor gathering" including John Toner who gave *tone* to the whole affair. The "land o' cakes and brither Scotts" wasnever better represented.

Yesterday morning the daily papers announced that on the previous afternoon that a suit had been opened, in the Norfolk Superior Court at Dedham, before Judge Bishop, brought by one Ellen F. Roch of Boston, vs. William W. Dennett and others of Braintree.

The defendants are heirs of Mrs. Mehitable White, who was murdered in Braintree in 1888, and the action is that of a writ of entry and is brought to test the title of a farm of 33 acres, located in Randolph. A question of law arising later in the afternoon the case was taken from the jury and will be reported to the Supreme Court. The court ruled action was barred by the statute of limitations.

Friends of Mr. Galen V. Bowditch.

The committee will meet at the American House, Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 27, at 2 o'clock. Full attendance is requested, as business of importance will come before the meeting. Per order, F. C. Packard, chairman.

Sunday Services.

Congregational Church.

Rev. Edward Norton, pastor. Preaching at 10.30 A. M. by the pastor. Sabbath School at 11.45 A. M. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6 P. M. Usual evening service at 7 o'clock. Short sermon by the pastor. Social service Friday evening at 7.30. All are cordially invited.

Christ's Church

Morning service at 10.30. Evening service at 7.00.

M. E. Church, Wollaston.

Rev. Luther Freeman, pastor. Preaching by pastor at 10.45 A. M. All seats free. Sunday School at 12 M. Epworth League at 6 P. M. Praise service at 7 P. M., followed by sermon.

Special revival services will be held on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings of next week. The public cordially invited to all these services.

Methodist Church, West Quincy.

Rev. W. F. Lawford, pastor. Preaching at 10.30 A. M., subject, "The Grand Invitation." Sunday School at 11.45 A. M. Epworth League at 6 P. M. Bible reading at 7 P. M.; subject, "The Christian's Riches."

St. Paul's Methodist Church.

St. Paul's Methodist church, Fort street, English preaching at 3 P. M.; subject, "The Prodigal leaving home." Singing by a choir of sixteen male voices. Seats free.

Christadelphian Services.

At French's hall, at 7.00 P. M., there will be a lecture delivered by Mr. H. H. Rich of Boston. Subject, "Baptism, its imports and proper subjects." All are welcome, free.

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another instalment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list includes all whose surname begins with "Te" or "Th."

WARD ONE.

To Whom Taxed.	Value.	Tax.
Thomas, Mrs. Mary. House on Granite street,	$900	
Barn,	200	
Store,	600	
Land, one-half acre,	1,000	36 72
Thompson, Thomas. House on Carleton street,	700	
Land, 5,000 feet,	100	12 88
Thompson & Sons. Stock in trade,	5,000	
Derricks,	500	
Sheds, shops and office,	1,500	
Land, 3 1-4 acre,	1,200	111 52

WARD TWO.

Thayer, Bryantha R. Horse and carriage,	150	2 04
Thayer, Ida M. Cow,	50	68
Thayer, Thomas J. H. House and barn on Wendall street,	900	
Land, 6 4-10 acres,	500	21 04
Thomas, George, estate of. Factory on Washington street,	1,000	
Land, 18,560 feet,	700	23 12
Thomas, John G. Horse and wagon,	125	3 70
Thomas, Mrs. Lizzie J. House on Washington street,	1,650	
Land, 18,600 feet,	800	33 32
Thomas, Mrs. Louise. House on Washington street,	3,000	
Stable and building,	600	
Land, 4 acres,	2,000	76 16
Thomas, Theodore B. Stock in trade,	2,000	29 20
Thomas, Theodore B., guardian. House, Shipyard,	900	
Land, 7,140 feet,	200	14 96
Thompson, I. Rindge. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	2,000	29 20
Thompson, William. House on Main street,	2,200	
Land, 7,500 feet,	300	36 00

WARD THREE.

Thayer, Albert. House on Payne street,	900	
Land, 13,620 feet,	550	21 72
Thayer, James H. Horse,	100	
House on Lawyers lane,	600	
Land, 6,000 feet,	200	14 24
Thayer, Walter. House on Centre street,	900	
Land, one-fourth acre,	400	19 68
Thayer, W. J. S. House on Kidder street,	500	
Land, 2,894 feet,	200	
Land opposite, 20,180 feet,	800	20 40
Thomas & Miller. Stock in trade,	7,850	
Derricks,	350	
Sheds, office, etc.,	2,200	
Land, three-fourths acre,	2,000	168 64
Thompson, David A. House on Quincy street,	1,200	
Land, 7,200 feet,	400	23 76
Thompson, James. House on Franklin street,	3,200	
Stable,	275	
Land, 13,600 feet,	1,000	62 86

WARD FOUR.

Teasdale, Robert, heirs of. House on Furnace avenue,	600	
Land, one-fourth acre,	300	12 24
Teasdale, Robert J. Horse and carriage,	325	
Building,	300	
Cellar,	100	11 86
Teasdale, William H. House on Cross street,	1,400	
Land, 13,700 feet,	650	29 88
Thayer, George W. House on Crescent street,	600	
Land, 9,930 feet,	700	
House on Crescent street,	700	
Barn and building,	200	
Land, 14,950 feet,	900	44 16
Thayer, Nahum M. House on West street,	1,700	
Land, 13,916 feet,	350	29 88
Thomas, David. House on Bunker hill,	600	
Land, one-fourth acre,	100	11 52
Thompson, John. House on Copeland street,	1,200	
Land, 11,160 feet,	600	
House on Copeland street,	1,800	
Land, 7,550 feet,	400	56 40
Thompson, William. House on Granite street,	2,200	
Barn and shed,	400	
Land, 26,000 feet,	1,700	60 48
Thompons, James. Horse,	50	
House on Bunker hill,	300	
Barn,	100	
Land, 2 acres,	100	9 48

WARD FIVE.

Thomas, Charles S. House on Arlington street,	1,400	
Land, 5,000 feet,	350	25 80
Thomas, George E. Horse,	100	
House on Newton street,	2,200	
Stable and shop,	300	
Land, 10,000 feet,	600	
House on Arlington street,	2,300	
Land, 20,000 feet,	1,200	93 12
Thomas, John P. House on Belmont street,	1,400	
Land, 5,000 feet,	200	23 76
Thompson, John. House on Arlington street,	1,600	
Land, 10,000 feet,	600	31 92
Thompson, William J. House on Newport avenue,	2,500	
Land, 5,000 feet,	250	39 40

WARD SIX.

Ten Associates. House off Squantum street,	2,300	
Barn,	300	
Land, 7,080 feet,	250	
Land in Belleview park, 907,076 feet,	6,700	
" " 6 acres,	1,200	
Upland and swamp, 15 acres,	1,400	165 24
Thayer Heater Co. Machinery,	3,000	
Buildings off Squantum street,	1,600	62 56
Thayer, Alfred. Barn on Billings street,	350	6 76
Thayer, Almira. House on Atlantic street,	2,500	
Land, 10,560 feet,	650	42 84
Thayer, Elizabeth L., estate of. House on Billings street,	2,000	
Land, 10,890 feet,	650	36 04
Thomas, Isetta M. House on Billings street,	2,700	
Land, 9,198 feet,	550	44 20
Thomas, Jared T. House on Atlantic street,	1,800	
Stable,	150	
Land, 19,860 feet,	1,200	44 84
Thomas, Samuel. House on Hancock street,	1,000	
Stable,	200	
Land, three-forths acre,	1,000	
Land on Atlantic street, one acre,	2,400	62 56

A REMARKABLE DEATH SENTENCE.

Judge Benedict's Condemnation of a Murderer the Queerest on Record.

One of the most eccentric and at the same time one of the ablest judges that ever sat upon the far western bench was Kirby Benedict, who for thirteen years was a justice of the supreme court of New Mexico, having been first appointed in 1853 by President Pierce and reappointed by President Buchanan, and appointed chief justice of the court by President Lincoln. He was a man of great ability and learning, strong in his prejudices, violent in his passions and relentless in his convictions.

There are many anecdotes told of Judge Benedict. But the crowning act of his judicial career was the sentence of death passed by him upon a prisoner convicted of murder, which sentence was as follows:

"Jose Maria Martin, stand up. Jose Maria Martin you have been indicted, tried and convicted by a jury of your countrymen of the crime of murder, and the court is now about to pass upon you the dread sentence of the law. As a usual thing, Jose Maria Martin, it is a painful duty for the judge of a court of justice to pronounce upon a human being the sentence of death. There is something horrible about it, and the mind of the court naturally revolts from the performance of such a duty. Happily, however, your case is relieved of all such unpleasantness, and the court takes positive delight in sentencing you to death.

"You are a young man, Jose Maria Martin, apparently of good physical constitution and robust health. Ordinarily you might have looked forward to many years of life, and the court has no doubt you have, and have expected to die a green old age; but you are about to be cut off in the consequence of your own act. Jose Maria Martin, it is now the spring time; in a little while the grass will be springing up green in these beautiful valleys, and on these broad mesas and mountain sides; flowers will be blooming, birds singing above your lowly head.

"The sentence of the court is that you be taken from this place to the county jail; that you there be kept safely and securely confined in the custody of the sheriff until the day appointed for your execution. Be very careful, Mr. Sheriff, that he have no opportunity to escape, and that you have him at the appointed place at the appointed time; that you be so kept, Jose Maria Martin, until—Mr. Clerk, on what day of the month does Friday about two weeks from this time come?" "March 22, your honor." "Very well—until Friday, the 22d day of March, when you will be taken by the sheriff from your place of confinement to some safe and convenient spot within the county (that is in your discretion, Mr. Sheriff; you are only confined to the limits of the county), and that you there be hanged by the neck until you are dead, and—the court was about to add, Jose Maria Martin, 'may God have mercy on your soul,' but the court will not assume the responsibility of asking an all wise Providence to do that which a jury of your peers has refused to do. The Lord couldn't have mercy on your soul. However, if you have any religious belief, or are connected with any religious organization, it might be well enough for you to send for your priest or your minister and get from him—well, such consolation as you can; but the court advises you to place no reliance upon anything of that kind. Mr. Sheriff, remove the prisoner."—Santa Fe Letter.

English Traveling Amusements.

There is now traveling on the line a one armed cornet player, and a capital tune he plays, too. He has an iron hook fixed in the wooden arm, and he attaches the cornet to this, holding it in position to the lips. With the other hand he fingers the trio of keys. Another well known railway musician is the proprietor of a mechanical dancing nigger. It may be said to be one of the most popular entertainments now before the traveling public.

The owner of the figure stands up in the carriage—usually by the door—and in the space in front of him he places a wooden pedestal, on which the little wooden nigger of some two feet in stature faultlessly "steps" to everything, be it a Scotch reel or an Irish breakdown. The proprietor himself introduces the necessary music on a violin. He always has a "full house," for the people crowd into the carriage in which the diminutive darkey is to dance.—London Tit-Bits.

Water Does Not Move with the Wave.

There is no necessary connection between the advance of a wave and the forward movement of the water composing it, as may be seen by running the fingers along the keys of a piano. An inverted wave travels along, but the keys merely move up and down. Similarly, a wave may often be observed running along the ripe ears of golden grain while the stalks are firmly rooted in the soil. The onward progress of a sea wave is easily perceptible, and by watching some light substance floating on the surface the fact is revealed that the water is not moving with the same velocity.—Chambers' Journal.

Recovering Tin from Dye Waters.

A prize has been given in France by the Society for the Encouragement of National Industry for a process for recovering tin contained in the wash of water from silks which have been treated with bichloride of tin for the purpose of giving weight. By adding milk of lime to the water, and by properly agitating, the tin settles down in a few hours in the state of oxide, which can be readily collected and disposed of.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Since the Paris municipal council dismissed the Sisters of Charity from the city hospitals they have been replaced by nurses who cost 700 francs instead of 200 francs, and are generally "servants who cannot get places elsewhere." The spirit of sacrifice and devotion has all but gone.

DEATH SENTENCE.

Condemnation of a Queerest on Record.

t eccentric and at the the ablest judges that far western bench was who for thirteen years the supreme court of ing been first appoint- ident Pierce and reap- ent Buchanan, and ap- stice of the court by n. He was a man of learning, strong in his t in his passions and onvictions.

ny anecdotes told of But the crowning act reer was the sentence of im upon a prisoner con- which sentence was as

Martin, stand up. Jose ou have been indicted, ted by a jury of your e crime of murder, and about to pass upon you nce of the law. As a e Maria Martin, it is a the judge of a court unce upon a human be- e of death. There is ble about it, and the t naturally revolts from of such a duty. Hap- ur case is relieved of all ness, and the court takes in sentencing you to

oung man, Jose Maria ly of good physical con- oust health. Ordinarily looked forward to many the court has no doubt have expected to die a but you are about to be onsequence of your own a Martin, it is now the a little while the grass up green in these beau- d on these broad mesas sides; flowers will be singing above your lowly

e of the court is that you this place to the county ere be kept safely and se- in the custody of the sher- appointed for your execu- careful, Mr. Sheriff, that portunity to escape, and im at the appointed place ed time; that you be so aria Martin, until—Mr. day of the month does wo weeks from this time n 22, your honor." "Very la-, the 22d day of March, be taken by the sheriff e of confinement to some enient spot within the in your discretion, Mr. e only confined to the nty), and that you there the neck until you are court was about to add, artin, 'may God have soul,' but the court will responsibility of asking vidence to do that which peers has refused to do. n't have mercy on your , if you have any religi- are connected with any ization, it might be well u to send for your priest er and get from him— solation as you can; but ses you to place no reli- hing of that kind. Mr. the prisoner."—Santa Fe

aveling Amusements.

traveling on the line a net player, and a capital too. He has an iron hook wooden arm, and he at- et to this, holding it in e lips. With the other the trio of keys. Another lway musician is the pro- chanical dancing nigger. to be one of the most pop- nents now before the trav-

f the figure stands up in usually by the door—and front of him he places a tal, on which the little of some two feet in stat- "steps" to everything, be or an Irish breakdown. himself introduces the c on a violin. He always se," for the people crowd e in which the diminu- to dance.—London Tit-

ot Move with the Wave.

necessary connection be- vance of a wave and the ent of the water compos- be seen by running the he keys of a piano. An travels along, but the ove up and down. Simi- may often be observed the ripe ears of golden e stalks are firmly rooted he onward progress of a asily perceptible, and by light substance floating e the fact is revealed that ot moving with the same mbers' Journal.

Tin from Dye Waters.

been given in France by r the Encouragement of ustry for a process for re- contained in the wash of ks which have been treated e of tin for the purpose of By adding milk of lime and by properly agitating, down in a few hours in the which can be readily col- posed of.—New York Com- rtiser.

his municipal council dis- sters of Charity from the they have been replaced o cost 700 francs instead of d are generally "servants et places elsewhere." The fice and devotion has all

Improve the Opportunity

—AND—

GET A PAIR OF SHOES CHEAP.

We have 500 Pairs of Shoes, which we now offer at a bargain. These goods are not old or shopworn, but comprise a number of lines which we desire to close out in order that we may substitute new prices for them.

EVERY SHOE OFFERED IS A BARGAIN.

Among the lot there are:

38	pairs	Ladies' Straight Goat Button Waukenphast,	$2.00,	formerly	$2.50
36	"	" Kid Button Opera Toe,	2.00,	"	2.50
7	"	J. N. Smith's Ladies' bright Dongola Laced, pat. tip,	2.00,	"	2.50
22	"	Ladies' Pallah Kid Button,	1.65,	"	2.00
9	"	Misses' Dongola Spring Heel Button,	1.50,	"	2.00
12	"	" St. Goat Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.50,	"	2.00
19	"	Children's Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.10,	"	1.50
10	"	Men's Calf Bals,	3.00,	"	3.75
5	"	each Cong. and Bals., Men's Fine Calf Shoes,	3.00,	"	4.00
6	"	" " " " " Enamel Shoes,	2.00,	"	2.75

While we call your especial attention to these goods, we believe it is for your interest to examine the whole lot on our **BARGAIN TABLES**, for **EVERY SHOE is a BARGAIN.**

SAVILLE & JONES, Adams Building.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.

BARGAINS IN

Ladies', Men's and Children's Woolen Underwear,

LADIES', MEN'S AND CHILDREN'S WOOL HOSE,

Ladies' Fleece-lined Colored and Black Hose,

APRONS, WRAPPERS AND CORSETS.

We are selling the FIBROLINE CORSET for 59 Cents.

In fact D. E. Wadsworth & Co. have marked down their stock of Winter Goods to prices that will sell them, as they wish the room for new stock.

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Nov. 10. tf

THE GREAT

SACRIFICE

—OF—

Clothing and Furnishing Goods

Still Goes On.

Further Reductions in all Departments.

Men's Blue Wool Underwear, 35 cents,

Suits at much less than Cost.

Overcoats, 50c. on the dollar.

In fact everything in our Stock at a great discount.

QUINCY ONE PRICE CLOTHING CO.,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 22. QUINCY, MASS., MONDAY, JANUARY 26, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

LARGE SALES.

Newsboys Alone Average Over 1500 a Day.

Miss McGovern Further Increases Her Lead Today.

Mr. Bowditch Making it Warm for the Clerks' Candidate.

The contest is but twenty days old, yet the newsboys alone have sold about 30,000 LEDGERS, an average of about 1500 a day. Many more have been sold at this office and by agents, besides the regular subscribers.

Miss McGovern continues to lead in the popularity contest and the others hold the same relative positions, although Miss Leary is likely to lose second position in a day or two at the present rate.

The vote today: Miss McGovern 265, Mr. Bowditch 210, Mr. Foy 108 and several others a less number.

Sixteen votes were cast today for Munroe Hayden, but the Vote Counter does not consider him a wage earner and must bar him out.

By error in Saturday's summary ten votes for Henry L. Jones were credited to John H. Newcomb; the mistake has been verified.

Candidates noticing any errors in the figures will please notify the "Vote Counter" promptly, that the same may be corrected.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today:

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss McGovern,	Gas Light Co.'s,	5537
Miss Leary,	S. B. Little's,	4139
Robert E. Foy,	Pratt & Curtis,	3717
G. V. Bowditch,	Packard & Co.'s,	3155
Henry W. Tirrell,	John Page's,	2664
Miss McPhail,	Sheppard & Sons,	1017
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's,	586
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's,	443
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's,	395
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's,	314
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's,	150
Mary G. Drumm,	D. Bamford's,	142
Miss Agnes Kelley,	Clapp Bros.	119
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's,	119
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's,	97
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's,	70
Henry L. Jones,	E. E. Fellows',	61
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's,	47
Luther Rogers,	A. L. Litchfield,	42
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's,	28
John H. Newcomb,	S. G. Elliott's,	27
Tina Wilson,	Rogers Bros.'	26
George O. Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones',	24
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's,	21
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	18
John T. Bates,	W. H. Doble's,	15
Gridley Totman,	F. W. French's,	10
Henry Curtis,	J. M. Hayden's,	10
Miss Clark,	Coddington school,	10

Newsboys' Prizes.

The first summary includes the sales of boys starting from the LEDGER office:

Charles Walsh	**6999**
John Mitchell	**2332**
Myron Wilber	**1701**
Robert McAuliffe	**1546**
James Giles,	968
Fred Bavin,	899
Eddie Heffernan,	759
Fred Hardwick,	700
Willie Esson,	568
Henry Rhines,	523
John Dackers,	482
Chris McAuliffe,	459
Patrick Murphy,	275
Charles Baxter,	271
Gardner Willey,	261
John Murphy,	243
Arthur Pinel,	241
Albert Belliven,	77
Napoleon Guillemett,	77
Fred Evans,	57
John Morrison,	56
Eugene McAuliffe,	48
Daniel Doran,	40
Frank McGrath,	39
Duncan Livingstone,	37
Frank Walsh,	36
John Anderson,	35
William McDonnell,	33
Gilbert Bavin,	31
Jerry Conley,	30
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Warren Cameron,	15
Gustin Goolic,	15
George Dunn,	14
Parfast Guillemett,	13
James Norrie,	10
James Faircloth,	10

Miss Bartlett's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 24.

Alex. Smith,	202
William Giles,	40
John Jolly,	32

Miss Freeman's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 17.

Charles Carter,	544

H. Coram's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 17.

Dan Shea,	151
Robert Hayes,	122
Willie Williams,	98
Charlie McCue,	73
Eddie Kane,	68
Dan Reardon,	66
John Riley,	56
John Bean,	54
John Menahan,	49
Dan McDevitt,	47
Frank Reinhalter,	40
Joseph Kelley,	33
Arthur LaClare,	31
Harry Rodman,	16
Robert Foy,	15
—— Cochran,	11
John Dillion,	8
Bennie Driscoll,	6

COUNCILMAN SPEAR.

He Dies at His Residence on Granite Street This Morning.

The LEDGER today records the death of Mr. Samuel H. Spear, one of Quincy's most respected citizens. Two weeks ago today he was sworn in as a member of the City Council of 1891, and few, if any, thought him to be in poor health. He took to his bed, however, in a few days and he was found to be a sufferer from a cancer in the stomach. Unable to take any nourishment, his condition became serious and death ended his suffering about 7 o'clock this morning.

Mr. Spear was well known throughout the city, first as a sucessful business man, but later as postmaster of the city. He was appointed by President Cleveland in 1886, and made a model official. So popular was he with the people that the Republicans met with much opposition when they proposed a change. The contest of last year is still fresh in the minds of the people. Politics finally conquered and Mr. Spear stepped out.

The deceased was a native of Quincy, the date of his birth being Aug. 7, 1835. When a boy he went to sea with his father and visited many foreign ports, sailing twice around the world. He then learned the carpenters trade, but was attracted to California by the gold fever. Later he was in the furniture business with Mr. Albert Keating and then with his son-in-law, Mr. F. F. Crane. Since retiring from the postmastership he has been a dealer in paper hangings, paints, builders hardware, etc., in this city.

Mr. Spear leaves a widow, two daughters and one son.

LADIES' NIGHT.

The Clan McGregor Debating Club Varies Its Programme—Entertainment.

The Clan McGregor Literary Society met in Doble's hall on Saturday,—Mr. Copland presiding. The subject on the syllabus for this evening was "Production and Distribution," but as the essayist has gone West, and as the members have lately had a stiff uphill pull trying to help forward the progress of our country in physical and political improvement and believing that "All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy," they decided to treat their wives, children, sweethearts and friends to a musical, declamatory and terpsichorean entertainment. The following programme was given:

Song,	William Dickie.
Piano Duett,	Misses Lizzie and Fanny Mason
Song,	Archibald A. Grassick.
Song.	Mrs. A. C. Smith.
Sailor's Hornpipe,	James Rose.
Song,	James Marr.
Duett,	Messrs. Grassick and Dickie.
Reading,	Miss Lizzie Mason.
Song,	James Marr.
Clog Dance,	Wm. C. Davidson.
Song,	Mrs. A. C. Smith.
Humorosities,	R. C. Allen.
Accompanist,	Mrs. A. D. Smith.

Mr. Peter Kerr, whose name was on the programme for an address was unavoidably absent, but our esteemed honorary president, Rev. D. M. Wilson, ably filled his place. Mr. Wilson knows thoroughly the idiosyncrasies of the Scotch character and riveted the attention of his audience during his short address.

The artists acted their several parts well, and each was encored. The entertainment, which was thoroughly pleasing, terminated shortly before ten o'clock.

Ward Four the Largest.

The population of Quincy by wards is as follows:

Ward One,	3,269
Ward Two,	2,383
Ward Three,	3,741
Ward Four,	4,164
Ward Five,	1,805
Ward Six,	1,364
Total,	16,726

BRAINTREE.

Mrs. Elias Holbrook passed her 68 birthday Sunday, and the event was celebrated at her home by a gathering of her children, grandchildren and great grandchildren.

Mrs. Holbrook was the mother of ten children six of whom are now living, three sons and three daughters, and is grandmother of twenty-one children, nineteen of whom are living and were present, the eldest being 23 years and the youngest 4 months.

She was married to Elias Holbrook in 1841, he being but three months her senior. She is in apparent good health and hopes to live to celebrate their fiftieth wedding anniversary which occurs in December.

A collation was served and after singing ome familiar airs the friends left for home not forgetting to leave numerous substancial tokens of love and affection.

WOLKINS IN LYNN.

He Swindles Landlords and Others.

As Usual, He Had Big Schemes to Fleece People.

His Operations in This City—Then in the Steam Heating Business.

Luther C. Wolkins, of Quincy fame, has showed up in Lynn, and, according to today's Herald, has swindled everybody in the city of shoes with whom he has had dealings. These include landlords and furniture dealers; also many persons whom he interested in his schemes.

The Herald says: Toward the latter part of last November a man, representing himself to be the treasurer of the "Equitable Trust Syndicate of Essex and Norfolk Counties," secured a two years' lease of rooms 5 and 6 in the Tucker building, 339 Union street, opposite the central depot, Lynn, a contract being entered whereby the lessee agreed to pay a monthly rental upon the basis of an annual payment of $500. These he furnished richly, expense not being considered. He then advertised in the daily papers, and proceeded to raise $80,000 on the instalment plan for, as he represented, two large business blocks in Lynn and a hotel at Willoughby Park, West Gloucester. He made some improvements on the property enough to interest people with money, but now they want to know how to get it back, and the newspapers want pay for the advertisements.

Wolkins In Quincy.

The story of the transactions of Luther C. Wolkins at Lynn, which appears in this mornings Herald, calls to mind his exploits in this city.

Wolkins came to Quincy in March 1889, and took an office in the Adams block, and claimed to have a patent Hot Water Heater, and organized the Wolkins Hot Water Heating Company with a capital stock of $25,000, three-fourths of which sum he claimed was paid up.

He leased land on Bracketts wharf of Henry H. Faxon and the Spear heirs and put up a building at a cost of about $2000., which he intended to utilize for the manufacture of the Walkins Hot Water Company Heaters.

Advertisements were inserted in the papers to catch the innocent and a number of Quincy's people hold bonds of the concern which are not worth the paper they are printed upon.

He also contracted for the boiler and machines, which were placed in the buildings, the lumber and work upon which he never paid for. Attachments were placed upon everything there was to attach, and Wolkins was arrested by Officer Furnald on a warrant issued by the Griffiin Iron Company of New Jersey for obtaining money under false pretences; but as the case was compromised Wolkins was allowed to go at large.

ELECTION TOMORROW.

Shall Roger H. Wilde be Re-elected Councilman or John A. Duggan.

A special election will be held throughout the city tomorrow for one Councilman-at-large, and voters in Ward Six will have the additional duty of electing a ward Councilman.

The ticket for Wards One, Two, Three, Four and Five is the same, bearing only the following candidates:

For Councilman-at-Large.

Vote for One.

John A. Duggan, 37 Atlantic street.	Democratic
Roger H. Wilde, 23 Billings street.	Republican

The Ward Six ticket will have in addition to the above, the following:

For Councilman from Ward.

Vote for One.

Daniel C. Lyons, 12 Newbury street.	Democratic
Louis Rinn, Off Squantum street.	Republican

It is the duty of every voter to go to the polls, and certainly every man can spare the few moments it will require. Roger H. Wilde has served the city as Councilman two years, failing of a reelection this year by a tie vote. His worth is appreciated in his own ward, as each of the three times he has been a candidate he has led the Atlantic delegation by many votes. It is hinted, if elected, he will be made chairman of the Committee on Finance, the most important committee of the Council. John A. Duggan is without experience in city affairs, although he has held town offices. He was a candidate at the annual city election, receiving 97 less votes than Mr. Wilde.

DO YOU NEED A

TRUSS,

SUPPORTER,

Elastic - - Stocking,

Or anything in that line? If so call at

A. G. DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Where You Can

Save from 20 to 50 per Cent.

On Boston prices, and a PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED in every case. Private Room for trying on and consultation.

Prescriptions promptly and accurately prepared at all hours of the Day or Night by Competent Pharmacists.

OUR MOTTO.

"RELIABILITY."

DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

MARK-DOWN SALE

—OF—

Men's and Children's

OVERCOATS!

To Reduce Stock.

This is a genuine mark-down sale and we guarantee these prices to be as low or less than can be found where bargains are offered. Many of these lots are small and an early call would be to the advantage of those looking for bargains. We would suggest to those having the time to examine during the day.

Any person buying one or more of these Overcoats, not being satisfied that what we say is the truth, can return the same and money will be refunded.

ALL OF OUR

Men's Overcoats,

Former price $5. Now $3.50

Children's Overcoats,

Former price $4.50 and $5. Now $3.50

Men's Overcoats,

Former price $7 and $7.50. Now $5

Children's Dark-Mixed Overcoats,

Former price $3. Now $1.50

Men's $10 Coats, Now $8

Men's $12, $13.50 and $15 Coats, Now $10

Children's $3.50 and $4 Coats, Now $2.50

Children's $6.50 and $7 Coats, Now $5

Children's Gray Overcoats, a little shopworn, former price $2.50 and $3, Now $1

GRANITE CLOTHING CO.,

ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive a Gold Watch or Easy Chair.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period will be presented with a gold watch now on exhibition at T. L. Williams' jewelry store which cost over $50. A second prize is also offered to be given to the one standing second on the list, and will be a richly upholstered easy chair valued at $25.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

—BY—

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

No Medium Like the Newspaper.

The advertising man of a well known New York clothing house says: "We were the first to use the sails of vessels as an advertising medium. Then we got up the 'alphabet puzzle,' and gave away 500,000 puzzles while the craze lasted. Afterward we invented the Waterbury watch idea. We had to do something, because three of our principal competitors had failed, and their stocks were being sold for next to nothing by assignees; so we decided to give a Waterbury watch with every twelve dollars' worth of goods purchased. We advertised the watches 'wound and set.' To wind them fast enough we had to rig up a little machine worked like a sewing machine that would do the winding, and we kept several boys at work winding and setting them. Before we quit we had given away 40,000 of the watches.

"But nothing ever pays us like the ordinary newspaper advertising. The fact is there has come to be in this city a class of advertisement readers just as there is of news readers. They read the advertisements every day, and of course the man who wants to attract them has to get up an advertisement that will do it. The day of standing advertisements in the paper, 'Go to So-and-So's for clothing,' or 'Go to This-and-That's for shoes,' has passed, just as the day for painting signs on rocks and fences or on the sails of boats has passed. You must have something interesting and fresh in every advertisement, and it will be read.

The New Judaism.

"Children of the Book" is the poetic name Rabbi Pereira Mendez applies to the Jews. Rabbi Mendez is pastor of the Spanish and Portuguese Jewish congregation in New York city. He is a Jew of the modern time, and says distinctly that there is a new era before the Jews. They are stronger than they have ever been since the beginning of the Christian era, and their strength has come from the persecutions they have suffered. "Thanks to our enemies, we have learned our strength." The stealing of a Jewish boy and his forced conversion had founded a universal alliance among the Jews which extended from Syria to America. That alliance now unites Hebrews in Canada, India, England and Australia. The outrages on the Jews in Russia eight years ago gave still another impetus to close union among the Jews, and started international conferences of men of Hebrew blood and religion from all parts of the globe.

Outrage and persecution cause their objects to gain strength. It is the universal law. Rabbi Mendez, however, believes the organization is not yet complete. Judaism can no longer exist to itself, he says. It must come out and rub against the world and take the friction of current thought. Judaism must organize congregationally, nationally and religiously. There must be a thorough understanding among all the congregations of the land for benevolent work and mutual protection. Union for benevolent work should be on the following basis:

Let a central committee indicate how many and where are needed nurseries to take charge of infants while the mothers are working; kindergartens for children too young for public schools; study rooms where escape can be found from the noise and atmosphere of tenement life; reading rooms or clubs for boys, for girls, for men, where cleanliness and comfort shall teach their lesson and brighten lives that need it; here a gymnasium, there a cheap douche bath; in one place a technical school, or one for religion or sewing, where contact with true ladies and true gentlemen will soften and refine, give higher thoughts and cause the flowers of self help, mutual duty and moral perception to blossom forth. A hundred things can be suggested. Each of them to be successful must be on a small scale, because they must be many and easy of access. Let each congregation take charge of one or two or three or more of such enterprises, or of one house where three or four can be combined.

Further, the central, southern and western communities in this country would assist us in the east, where the poor arrive, and where so many settle down with poverty, misery and extreme competition to paralyze their efforts. Organization also for emergencies, such as this threatened expulsion of 2,000,000 of Jews—for the Russian edicts result in that—to divert the stream in proper proportion to the lands in these states or in Palestine, South Africa, South America, or in yet more distant Australia, where homes can be found and space given for the wretched exiles to work for their own support. Organization also to vindicate our claims to human justice, and by enlightening the public with facts make it impossible for a Russian to mock at resolutions condemning her unchristian policy, such as have been passed by England's noblest prelates and peers, such as have been offered in the congress of this great land.

CHOKED TO DEATH.

Details of the Murder of Milkman Reed at Salem, N. H.

MRS. REED BEHIND THE BARS.

She is Suspected of Being an Accomplice of the Two Probable Murderers—New Facts Brought Out at the Autopsy and Inquest—Woods Makes a Confession.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Jan. 26.—The murderers of Milkman Elbridge G. Reed in Salem, N. H., are now officially in the hands of the Granite state officers, the two prisoners, Murphy and Wood, having waived a demand for a requisition and voluntarily gone over the line with Sheriff Coffin of Rockingham county.

Developments have shown that there are good grounds for the statement made that the murder was the most brutal of any ever perpetrated in New Hampshire. It was evidently a premeditated and carefully planned means of getting the old man out of the way and installing Murphy as master of the farm.

After Murphy and Woods were arrested, an attempt was made to get them to say something about the case, but they kept silent until late in the night, when Sergt. Wormwood succeeded in drawing Woods into a confession, which is, in substance, as follows:

Murphy had told him that Mrs. Reed had oyed some one $40, and had asked him (Murphy) to come up and "get it out of the old man." Murphy invited Woods to go with him, and the invitation was accepted. No sooner, states Woods, were they in the house than Murphy struck Reed in the face. Mrs. Reed soon left the room, and Murphy continued his attack. Woods cried out: "Don't do that; you'll kill him," to which Murphy replied: "That is just what I want to do." He kept on until Reed was dead.

A few minutes after his Mrs. Reed returned, and, finding her husband dead, made no comment, save to offer the couple $5 if they would drag the corpse out into the barn. Sheriff Coffin arrived Saturday morning, and found Murphy and Wood and Barry, who is held only as a witness, ready to start. Coroner Rider and Deputy Sheriff Whidden arrived from Portsmouth by train soon after, and at 10:30 o'clock three sleighs containing the prisoners, witness, officers and others left the police station for the scene of the tragedy.

In the meantime, commencing at about 9 o'clock at the farmhouse, an examination was held over the remains of the murdered man, conducted by Dr. J. M. Presby, assisted by Dr. E. A. Wade of Salem Depot.

The external wounds were merely superficial, and the organs were found in good condition, and there was no fracture or internal wounds of the skull and brain. It was evident that Mr. Reed met his death from strangulation, the marks on the chest and throat bearing out this view, while there is every reason to believe that he was first beaten into insensibility. On the arrival of the party from Haverhill Murphy and Wood were confined in one room. Mrs. Reed, who was arrested, was shut up in a small, narrow entry,

The First Witness

called by Coroner Rider was Matthew Barry, the man who carried Woods and Murphy to the house, and his testimony occupied all the time until 12:30 o'clock, when the jury adjourned for dinner.

He outlined to the jury the story of the affair as he knew it. Then, going over it in detail, he brought out several points of importance. One of these was that the whole crowd was pretty drunk. They had been drinking all day, and had been up to the Pettee place, and drank there before they drove to Reed's place. Mrs. Reed was not in the room when the greater part of the striking was done. Barry's testimony implicates Woods more than the latter's confession does, for Barry stated to the jury that Woods held his hand over Reed's mouth during the greater part of the time, and also kicked him continually.

When witness left the house, he says he met Mrs. Reed about half-way from the house to the barn, coming toward the house. He jumped into his team and drove toward Haverhill, arriving here about 11 o'clock. On his way some one asked him for a ride, and he allowed the person to jump on, and to him told the story of the crime and asked where officers could be found. Arriving at Haverhill, he says that he told Sprague of the murder and afterward told Officers Worcester and Sprague. Friday morning Woods came to his house and got as far as his doorway, but Mrs. Barry would allow him to come no further. Woods, however, asked Barry if he had ever told anyone that an old man had been murdered. Barry replied in the negative and his wife shut the door in Woods' face. After this several messengers came to the house from Murphy and Woods, but they were not admitted.

Attorney General Barnard arrived just a moment after Barry closed his testimony, and at the reopening of the inquest took charge. Eight neighbors were examined first, and testified to finding the inanimate body of Mr. Reed lying on his face in a heap, as if thrown there with herculean force. Life was extinct, and the body, which was covered by a pair of trousers, a vest half on, and an overcoat, also half on, was covered with bruises.

Mrs. Reed was then called and told a story to the jury substantially as follows:

Mrs. Reed's Story.

At about 10 o'clock Thursday evening two men, whom she recognized as Daniel Murphy and Frank Woods of Haverhill, drove up to the house and asked to see Mr. Reed, who was at that time in bed. They claimed that he owed them money, and that they must have it. She showed them into Reed's room, where, in reply to their demand for money, they were informed that he had none, and therefore could not give it to them. Their reply was that they must either have his money or his life. Mrs. Reed said that at that point she rushed into the room, but was seized and pushed out, being told that if she did not keep quiet she also would be killed.

She rushed out into the road, where she saw a sleigh in which another man, whom she could not recognize, was sitting, and which was evidently the team in which Murphy and Woods had driven to the house. She did not dare to seek refuge at Mr. Hazeltine's, and, accordingly turned in the other direction, which leads into a barren and trackless waste. How she spent the intervening time until her discovery of her husband's body in the barn and her notification of Mr. Hazeltine, supposing her story to be true, is not known.

Before her testimony was finished, the officials had to leave to take a train at Atkinson for Exeter, and accordingly the inquest was adjourned to meet at Portsmouth next Tuesday. Mrs. Reed, Murphy, Wood and Barry were taken to Portsmouth.

The Prisoners' Bad Record.

The prisoners are tough looking characters. Murphy is a native of Ireland, 51 years of age, but has passed nearly all his life in Haverhill, leaving the city at intervals on one ground or another. He is best known by the title "Smasher Murphy." He is 5 feet 10 inches tall, a stockily built fellow, and claims to be a single man. His trade is that of shoemaker, but his mode of getting a living has always been questionable. His public record is bad, and back in 1868 he laid in jail nine months charged with complicity in the murder of Officer Burnham on Merrimac street. He has often been before the court, and was last arrested on Jan. 13 for drunkenness.

Frank Woods is not quite so well known to the police as Murphy, but his record is bad. He is a married man, 35 years old, of dark complexion, 5 feet 8 inches tall. He has been before the local police court several times for drunkenness, and once for assault. By occupation he is a dyer. He claims Sandwich, Mass., as his birthplace.

Matthew Barry, who drove the pair over to Salem, is regarded by the police as rather a harmless fellow, his only fault being his love for liquor. He is a shoe stitcher by trade.

Mrs. Reed is a tall, lank woman of anything but prepossessing appearance, of about 50 years of age.

The villagers at Salem say that Murphy, who has worked on the Reed farm, has already been suspected of intimacy with Mrs. Reed and confirm statements made that she probably was an accomplice. She is known to have been supplying Murphy with money for some time.

AN UNGRATEFUL SON.

John Kelly, While Drunk, Puts a Bullet Into His Aged Father's Breast.

BOSTON, Jan. 26.—An 32 Haskins street Saturday night, John Kelly, 23 years old, while slightly under the influence of liquor, shot and dangerously wounded his aged father. A woman was living sick in the house, and during the evening young Kelly raised such a disturbance that the sick woman was greatly disturbed. Later in the evening young Kelly went upstairs, where he was met by his father. The father remonstrated with his son for his intemperance and disorderly conduct. Young Kelly said never a word, but at once drew a revolver and fired at his father point blank. The ball took effect in the right breast, taking a downward course.

Dr. McGlynn, who was at once called, probed to the depth of four or five inches, but failed to find the ball. The doctor could not tell from the examination he was able to make, whether the wound would prove fatal or not, but thought best not to remove him. Officers went to the house and arrested young Kelly. The revolver was found with him, one chamber empty. Mr. Kelley, the elder, told that his son had shot him. The young man made no denial, and showed no remorse. He offered no resistance to arrest. The wounded man is about 70 years old.

VERMONT FARMERS SUFFER

From the Recent Decision Regarding the Bounty on Maple Sugar.

RUTLAND, Vt., Jan. 26.—The sentiments of Vermont farmers toward the McKinley tariff bill have undergone a change. They had made preparations to largely increase and improve the yield this year. The decision of the attorney general that no bounty can be paid this year on sugar produced before July 1 has rendered all their preparations useless for the present season, and a large number have gone to a considerable outlay, for which they can get no compensation for another year. Many small producers can ill afford the expense and the inconvenience, for which they will get no return this season.

The farmers are not the only sufferers. Farmers in the state which make a specialty of the manufacture of sap buckets, evaporators and other utensils used in maple sugar making, were overrun with orders from producers and had made extensive preparations for handling a largely increased trade. Now the orders are being cancelled and the manufacturers suffer. Before the announcement of the decision more than 500 applications for licenses had been received from sugar producers at the office of the collector of internal revenue.

MURDERED HIS MISTRESS.

A Rich Russian Receives a Sentence of Twenty Years' Penal Servitude.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—Peter Vladimiroff, aged 19, a rich Russian, has been convicted of the murder of his paramour, Mme. Carmine Freycinet, at Ville Davray in October last. Owing to extenuating circumstances attending the crime, Vladimiroff has been sentenced to twenty years' penal servitude, and with the additional penalty that he will not be allowed to reside in France for ten years after the expiration of his sentence, without special permission from the authorities. The murdered woman was a handsome widow, the mother of two children.

The Biddeford False Imprisonment Case.

SACO, Me., Jan. 26.—The jury in the false imprisonment suit of Deputy Sheriff James W. Small of Saco vs. City Marshal Fred A. Tarbox of Biddeford came in at midnight, Saturday, with a sealed verdict, after being out nine hours. It is understood that the verdict is in favor of the plaintiff, allowing him $300. The suit was for $5000.

Printers Protest.

BOSTON, Jan. 26.—The members of the Boston Typographical union with allied labor organizations held a mass meeting at Faneuil hall Saturday evening to protest against the action of The Boston Post in locking out its union printers. There were numerous short speeches and a series of resolutions in condemnation.

Conflicting Reports.

BUENOS AYRES, Jan. 26.—The latest intelligence from Chili says that a portion of the troops who had hitherto been faithful to President Balmaceda have joined the revolt. Chilian government newspapers received here continue to be filled with reports of defeats suffered by insurgents.

A Submarine Exhibition.

ROME, Jan. 26.—Volcanic disturbances in the sea between Genco and Spezzia have culminated in a submarine volcanic eruption.

Fifty-two Lives Sacrificed.

BERLIN, Jan. 26.—Fifty-two persons were killed by an explosion at the Hibernia colliery at Gelsen Kirahen.

TUG-OF-WAR COMING.

Tangle Expected in the Connecticut Legislature This Week.

DEMOCRATS ARE AGGRESSIVE

And Will Block all Legislative Business Until the State Office Dispute is Settled—Governor Bulkeley May Take a Hand in It.

HARTFORD, Jan. 26.—This week promises either a partial settlement of the conflict over Connecticut state offices, and the taking up of ordinary legislative business by the legislature, or the legislature's adjournment, either sine die or for a long period. An important factor will be the report of the special house committee which has been investigating the returns. It is assured that the committee will report that the Democratic gubernatorial candidate was not elected in the November election. It will probably report the election of Mr. Staub, the Democratic comptroller, and possibly may make similar reports as to Mr. Phelan, secretary of state, and Dr. Alsop, lieutenant governor.

The committee, from present indications, is inclined to leave Mr. Sanger, treasurer, out in the cold with Governor Morris, their cases to be matters for future consideration in the way of compromise or legal proceedings to further test their right to their offices. Resolutions declaring the election of all five of the Democratic officials were passed by the senate Jan. 7. They remain on the house table. That body will take up and pass them in concurrence only so far as their investigating committee may recommend. Then they will ask the senate to proceed with regular legislative business.

The Democrats will have none of this. They claim the election of all their candidates by the majorities reported by the state canvassers. They will give no attention to legislative work until the matter is definitely settled. They are not content that the work of the legislature should go for approval to the governor de facto, Governor Bulkeley, and the indications are that they will refuse peremptorily the Republican proposition to select legislative committees and proceed with the session work.

In Connecticut, all the important committees are joint, and, by declining to appoint, the Democratic senate is able to block the game. Should this occur, rumor has it that Governor Bulkeley, becoming convinced that the conditions are such that ordinary legislation is impossible, will exercise his constitutional powers, and, by proclamation, adjourn the general assembly. He may adjourn it to a date or sine die, and in the latter event may call it to convene in special session at any time.

It is no secret that Governor Bulkeley is thoroughly disgusted with the present contest. Both parties would object to adjournment. Numerous appointments are at stake. Many matters requiring legislation have accumulated during the past two years.

The Democrats desire to take, during the present legislative session, the initial steps toward changing the constitution so that state officers may be elected by a plurality instead of a majority vote.

Both houses reassemble to-morrow. There will be no recurrence of last Tuesday's trouble over the presiding officer's chair in the senate. Gen. Merwin, the Republican holdover lieutenant governor, does not care to claim it again. He asserted his right and is satisfied.

Dr. Alsop, the Democratic lieutenant governor, has a heart trouble, and his friends advise him to avoid excitement. The Democratic president pro tem. will preside.

BRUSSELS UNDER WATER.

Sudden Thaw Makes It Necessary to Call Boats Into Use.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 26.—A thaw has set in here and floods have resulted. The river Seune, which flows through this city, is much swollen. It has overflowed its banks for miles, and low lying suburbs of Brussels are flooded to a depth of five feet. Food is being conveyed to inhabitants of the flooded quarters of the city by boats. A portion of the village of Anckerghem was suddenly submerged and the people were forced to flee from their homes to escape drowning. Many cattle perished. Inundations are reported at Charleroi, Thuin, Marchinnes and Dinant, all attended with immense damage to property.

Ex-Minister Mizner's Prediction.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 26.—Lansing B. Mizner, ex-minister of Guatemala has arrived from Mazatlan. He stated that he had written out a full account of the facts concerning the death of Gen. Barrundia, but could not make it public until he had seen the authorities in Washington. Mr. Mizner is not over sanguine that the treaty between the five republics will last long. Both Guatemala and Salvador are now buying arms and ammunition in Europe and are in other ways preparing for war which he thinks will not be long delayed.

How the Scottish Strike Stands.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—The railway strikers at Greenock became riotous Saturday night, and about midnight conflicts occurred between the strikers and the police. Several officers were injured. There were disorders at Perth, where several arrests were made. The North British Railway company has lodged an arrestment of the funds of the Scotch Railway Servants' society, claiming £20,000 damage from the society for causing the present strike.

Faith in Conservatives.

VIENNA, Jan. 26.—The lower house of the reichstrath has been dissolved by an unexpected decree. Elections will be held immediately. Count Von Taaffe, the premier, desires a new Conservative majority in the houses, having abandoned dependence on Bohemian and Slav members, whom he considers unreliable.

Signals Were Obscured.

PEEKSKILL, N. Y., Jan. 26.—An express train on the New York Central dashed into a freight train near Rod Brook, wrecking an engine and six cars, but killing nobody. The passengers were badly shaken up. Snow obscured the signals and caused the smashup.

A Concession.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 26.—A special declaration to the government at Washington, formulated by the Congo state authorities, has been signed. It gives assurance that the American imports will meet with "most favored nation" treatment on entering the Congo state.

A Full Assortment

—OF—

Dried Fruits, Apricots, Peaches, Prunes,

Evaporated Apples, &c.

WE ALSO HAVE IN STOCK A VARIETY OF

PICKLES, PRESERVES AND KETCHUPS.

A LARGE STOCK OF

Fancy and Common Crackers at very Low Prices.

The only agents for Keene Creamery Butter. In 1-2 lb. Prints and 5 and 10 lb. Tubs. Fresh every Week.

Doble's Hot Rolls and Bread every Afternoon. Try them if you want the best.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

NEW BAKERY

JUST OPENED,

—IN—

Adams Building, cor. Temple and Hancock Sts.

The public are informed that I have opened a Bakery in the Adams Building, where will be kept a full line of

Bread, Cake, Pastry.

TRY OUR ANGEL CAKE.

Plain and Fancy Crackers. All kinds of Confectionery.

HOT BREAD AND ROLLS EVERY AFTERNOON.

WEDDING CAKE A SPECIALTY.

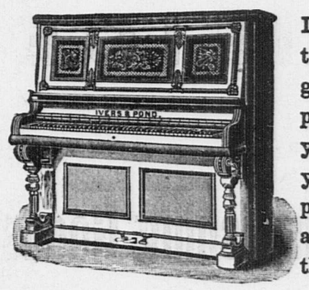
W. A. HODGES,

PROPRIETOR.

Jan. 17. 2w

DO YOU WANT A

NEW PIANO?



Don't say you cannot afford to get one till you have given us a trial. Ask by postal card and we will send you free, a Catalogue, tell you our prices, explain our plan of EASY PAYMENTS, and generally post you on the Piano question.

You may save $50. by writing us a postal card.

IVERS & POND PIANO CO.

183 Tremont St., Boston.

IS BUSINESS DULL WITH YOU?

ADVERTISING IS AN ANTIDOTE FOR DULLNESS.

•TRY• IT •

AND SEE YOUR STORE FILL WITH CUSTOMERS.

rtment

ches, Prunes,
es, &c.
RIETY OF
D KETCHUPS.
very Low Prices.
eene Creamery
d 5 and 10 lb.
ead every After-
the best.
ilding, Quincy.

KERY
ED,
nd Hancock Sts.
I have opened a
where will be kept
Pastry.
CAKE.
s of Confectionery.
RY AFTERNOON.
IALTY.
GES,
2w

NT A
ANO?
y you cannot afford
one till you have
s a trial. Ask by
ard and we will send
e, a Catalogue, tell
prices, explain our
EASY PAYMENTS,
erally post you on
no question.
s a postal card.
ANO CO.
Boston.

USINESS
ULL
YOU?
NG
DULLNESS.

BOYS
OF QUINCY.
ATTENTION!

WILLIAMS,
THE
JEWELER,

Will give a Fine Silver Waltham Watch to the boy bringing the greatest number of LEDGER COUPONS to his store before March 1st.

This Watch is

No Waterbury Humbug;

It is one of the Genuine

American
Waltham
Watch
Co.'s

Make, and is Warranted to give perfect satisfaction. It is now on exhibition in his Show Window, and may be inspected by anyone.

Now Boys, get a gait on you, and hustle for it!

WILLIAMS,
THE
West Quincy Jeweler,
112 Copeland St.,
West Quincy.

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 26.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1700—Braintree voted to buy all of the "waste land" held by Boston claimants.

World Wide.

DR. JENNER.

1630—Death of Henry Briggs, mathematician; born 1556.
1716—Birth of George Sackville, soldier and statesman; died 1785.
1764—Birth of Bernadotte, French general and king of Sweden; died 1844.
1795—Birth of Thomas Noon Talfourd, judge and writer; died 1795.
1823—Death of Dr. E. Jenner, inventor of vaccination; born 1740.
1837—Michigan admitted into the Union.
1850—Death of Adam Gottlob Ochenschlaeger, Danish poet.
1850—Death of Francis Jeffrey, Scotch judge; born 1773.
1855—Sardinia joined England and France in the Russo-Turkish war.
1863—Burnside superseded by Joseph Hooker in command of the Army of the Potomac.
1871—British bark Kate Smith wrecked on coast of New Jersey; 8 lives lost.
1871—Death of George Ticknor, American writer and publisher.
1873—Count de Chambord said to have been recognized as king by the Orleans princes.
1880—Suakin evacuated by British troops.

WOMAN'S WORLD.

REVOLUTION IN THE ORNAMENTS OF FASHIONABLE WOMEN.

The fashionable woman has renounced one of the pomps and vanities of the world in consigning her jewels to the seclusion of their caskets. But there never was a time when they entered so much into the construction of the pretty, useful trifles with which she equips herself.

First in rank are her hairpins, which display the most exquisite workmanship of the jeweler's art, and are studded with valuable jewels. For dressy occasions jeweled combs set with five or six precious stones of different kinds are worn. Buckles assume special importance just now, and French women have exhumed from their cases the long neglected cameos, and had them mounted for clasps to the various Tunic and Grecian drapery effects now popular, or for fastening loose robes at the waist. Large rings of gold, studded with diamonds, are used for the same purpose on full dress occasions.

All the miscellaneous articles used about the person pass through the hands of the jeweler. The portemonnaie and card case are embellished with gold or silver ornaments—not monograms, since these are out of fashion—but a crest or coronet, a little flower, fly or fancy scroll. Purses of chain gold are quite the latest choice. Some of the handsomest have small diamonds set here and there, others have a tiny watch on top, and still others are fringed with emerald or garnet drops. The most novel form of the gold chain purse is the old knitted silk purse, reproduced in finely wrought gold and girt by a couple of loops, diamond set.

The pocket mirror is another elegant trinket, of gold, with a single large diamond in its sliding cover; the vinaigrette is cylindrical in form, with a cabohon top in polished stone; a gold walnut shell for the pocket contains a powder puff in one side and a tiny vinaigrette, surrounded by a rack for pins, in the other. Rings are worn in more generous display than ever before, on the third and fourth fingers of each hand, crowding their brilliant stones to the very knuckles. Turquoises are quite the rage in Paris now on account of Bernhardt's display of them in "Cleopatra."—New York Sun.

Gowns for the Princesses of Wales.

The young princesses of Wales are getting new shooting dresses, walking gowns, coats and other things. They buy all their own clothes now. Until quite recently everything had to be submitted to the princess herself. The young ladies have a nice, quiet taste in dress, and in the matter of fashions they appear to follow their own bent, ignoring altogether many of the latest vagaries. They don't like the three-quarter length coats, and they are not going to wear them. Their new coats are to be cut only a trifle longer than those they wore last winter. Two of these are in tan colored cloth, tight fitting and double breasted. They are lightly trimmed with otter and have high fur collars. Two other coats made of the same cloth are cut in the reefer shape.

The shooting dresses are the prettiest I have seen this season. They are made of a thick fawn cloth striped with faint lines of light blue. The jaunty jackets are open fronted, and have revers of leather the same shade as the stripe in the stuff. These are worn over white kerseymere waistcoats, also striped with lines of blue. Princess Victoria has a fine figure, long and slight. Two plain walking dresses made of the Mar tartan will be worn by the princesses when they visit the Duchess of Fife. The jackets of these were neat and of quite a simple cut and fastened with two buttons. Several silk blouses in pretty colors had been made for wearing at different times with these. A silk front looks nicer under an open jacket than a stiff, mannish, white one.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Must Have Genius.

The simplest advertisements sometimes require the most care and thought in their construction. To write a column is a matter of time, but to edit it down into a sentence is something more.—Printer's Ink.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Secretary Blaine is Making Strenuous Efforts to Secure a Pan-American Representation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Secretary Blaine's expedition to South America in behalf of the World's fair is on the point of starting. The ten young officers, four from the army and six from the navy, who are going as commissioners, are attending a sort of primary class in the Smithsonian Institute here.

Mr. Blaine is intensely interested in securing a great Pan-American exhibition at the Chicago fair. His design is that it shall be in its nature two-fold, commercial and historical. It will illustrate the progress of civilization in the republics of South America, Central America and Mexico by showing the condition of these countries at the time of their discovery by Europeans and by tracing their development since that period. Pictures are to be given by means of lay figures, costumes, houses and industries representative of those people which are least civilized at present, because they will afford the best glimpse obtainable on the life of the continent centuries ago.

Also the amplest showing is to be given of the resources and industries of these regions now, and incidentally are to be displayed all things which our neighbors toward the south produce and have to sell.

The commissioners will carry letters from the department of state at Washington to the respective governments. It is hoped that many of the republics will be disposed to put up their own exhibition building. For each of them as are not so inclined all the room they want is to be provided at Chicago in a structure to be erected for the purpose at Uncle Sam's expense.

The delegation will communicate with museums, scientific societies and botanical gardens with a view to securing collections from them. Congress is expected to appropriate a considerable sum for buying collections, historical and ethnological. Efforts are to be made to secure the attendance at the exposition of native artisans. From the squeezes secured in papier mache of sculptures and inscriptions plaster productions are to be turned out at the Smithsonian Institute.

WANTED TO SEE THE SHOW.

Bad Boys Create Considerable Consternation in a Fall River Theatre.

FALL RIVER, Jan. 26.—A small panic was created in the Academy of Music Saturday night during the performance of "Jed Prouty." During the day five boys, aged from 14 to 17 years, secreted themselves between the floor of the upper gallery and the ceiling of the dress circle. After 8 o'clock they attempted to crawl out, and, while doing so, stumbled over a quantity of unused stage effects, including a mirror. The crashing of glass was followed by the jingling of bells and the snapping of the light sheathing. The audience became alarmed and made a rush for the door. Richard Golden, who was playing Jed Prouty, stopped the performance and, stepping to the front of the stage, urged the flying people to sit down. When things quieted somewhat, police officers made a search and found Thomas O'Neil, William Brennan and William Shay in an out-of-the-way place, trembling with fright at the rumpus they had caused. The boys were locked up and will be tried in the district court, charged with breaking and entering. O'Neil had a pocket full of false keys on his person. The other two boys escaped.

A MILL HAND'S FATE.

Falls Into a Vat of Boiling Water and is Literally Boiled Alive.

NORTH ATTLEBORO, Mass., Jan. 26.—Charles Brackett, 20 years of age, employed at R. Wolfenden's Sons' dye works, was placing reels of braid in a vat of boiling water, when he slipped upon the wet floor and was plunged headlong into the vat, which contained about two feet of boiling water. His screams for help were unheeded, and it was only by almost superhuman efforts that he finally extricated himself from his hot bath. The skin from his body, arms and legs was literally scalded off in many places. Death put an end to his sufferings about seven hours after.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

President Gage of the Chicago World's fair has resigned.

Ashley Blodgett, nearly 99 years old, died at Norwich, Vt.

Mayor Sargent of New Haven advocates municipal ownership.

Russian towns are snowed in and in danger of starvation.

A paper mill at Appleton, Wis., was burned. Loss $175,000.

There is a mild epidemic of diphtheretic cold at the White house.

A repeal of the German prohibition of American pork is probable.

A man lying across the track was killed by a train near Athol, Mass.

There are more charges of bribery in the South Dakota legislature.

The Dominion parliament is to be dissolved. The elections are to take place in March.

The charge of forgery in the celebrated ballot-box scandal in Ohio have been dismissed.

Indians of the Red Lake reservation, in Minnesota, are making threatening demonstrations.

A New York drummer was drugged, robbed and laid out for dead in the morgue at Chicago.

Chief Engineer Farrier and Driver Dinan were killed, and several other firemen injured in Jersey City.

Farmers' Alliance members of the Kansas legislature held a star chamber caucus on the senatorial question.

A. G. Mills declines the chairmanship of the base ball board, and recommends A. G. Spalding for the position.

It is said there are suspicions that the silver pool investigating committee is trying to shield senators and representatives.

The president has appointed David M. Benjamin of Wisconsin as commissioner to the World's fair, vice John L. Mitchell, resigned.

Mrs. President Harrison is suffering with a severe cold and was compelled to abandon the public reception set for Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Mary Darden of Hampton, Va., claims to be 105 years old, and her word is believed. Her mother died in 1861 at the reported age of 106 years.

Rev. Perkins Smith, a retired Free Baptist minister, who preached many years in York county, Me., died at Saco, aged 68. He leaves one son and two daughters.

Judge Benjamin R. Curtis of the Boston municipal court died suddenly yesterday afternoon of pneumonia. He contracted a severe cold some three days ago, which assumed later a serious form.

CUT OFF BY A STORM.

Boston and New York Compelled to Skirmish for News.

WIRES DOWN EVERYWHERE,

Making Communication with the Outside World Extremely Difficult—Hundreds of Poles Succumb to the Weight of "Sugar Snow."

BOSTON, Jan. 26.—When the Associated Press attempted to begin business last evening, Manager Fletcher discovered that Boston was practically isolated, so, after bending his energies to a fruitless attempt to secure a medium of communication with the outside world, he penned this doleful note and sent it to the newspaper offices:

TO EDITORS: The Western Union has no wires to New York to-night and can give us no connection with that city. The wires between Albany and New York are all down so that we cannot get the report of the New York State Press. That organization is as badly off as we are. Furthermore, an effort to get a report by way of Chicago and Buffalo has failed, as Buffalo has only one wire to New York and that is being worked duplex for delayed business only. The Postal Telegraph company is no better off, having no wires to New York. H. H. FLETCHER.

The damage done in Boston, though considerable, is of such a nature that it can be repaired with comparative ease, but it is uncertain, of course, how soon direct communication with the great metropolis will be restored. In the meanwhile Boston may have to do as was done at the time of the blizzard in March, 1888—use the commercial cable, which is fortunately both above and beneath the storms of earth and sea.

The long distance telephone, which has been in the habit of replacing the telegraph in such emergencies, is hors du combat this time owing to the prostration of miles of line out of town.

On the railroads neither local nor through travel was, to any great extent, delayed by the storm, though considerable trouble was experienced by the northern roads from the wires being down. The Boston and Maine, southern division, was obliged to use the Fitchburg wires to get out the snow plows. The Washington express, due in Boston at 8.20 a. m., was four hours' and forty minutes late at Northampton, and lost forty minutes additional on the run to Boston. The morning milk train from Lowell also had its engine disabled by fallen wires.

On the Fitchburg road, trouble was saved by getting out the plows all along the line at an early hour. Trains were mostly on time. The through train, due at 9:50 a. m., was, however, one and a half hours late, due to late connections from the west. Sixteen inches of snow were reported in the western part of the state.

The fall of four miscellaneous poles on First street caused a snarl that defied all skill in the art of untangling. The only remedy was shears. They were applied ruthlessly at different points, so that even the chance circuit in that direction ceased to exist for a time. The crash of these poles took place a little before noon, and the passing of trains on the New York and New England railroad at that point was suspended. Two of the poles were on one side of the track and two on the other. One pole fell on the building of the Downer oil works not now in use. As some of the wires on the pole were capable of much damage, being charged, there was fear for the structure for a while. The Western Union people managed to sort out a few ends of their wires and establish important lines before dark.

The destruction to wires was heaviest in the fire department, its system having been pretty nearly prostrated.

In Cambridge.

About noon yesterday four poles, freighted with 120 wires, added to which was the weight of the snow, fell down on Bridge street, near Lechmere square, East Cambridge, and blocked up travel in that locality during the afternoon. These poles formed a continuation of the line to which belonged the seven poles that fell down during the storm a week ago. No serious damage was done by the poles in falling.

In the case of the fire alarm several boxes were cut out, while the grounds were so numerous along the electric light lines that it was considered unsafe to turn on the current last night. Thus, but for a clear sky and a full moon, a large part of the city would have been left in total darkness. In addition to the cases where poles or wires actually fell or broke there were numerous instances brought to the attention of the authorities where there was imminent danger of trouble, and guys were applied in such cases.

Other poles to fall was one bearing twenty-five wires on Putnam avenue, one which bore seventy-five wires and two cables, one with twenty wires, one having from fifty to seventy-five wires, and two on Broadway. In several instances, besides bearing the wires belonging to the telephone company, the poles were also strung with the electric light and fire alarm wires, both of which systems were seriously interfered with.

Somerville Catches It.

In Somerville the result of the storm on the electric lines, was, if anything, even more disastrous than in Cambridge. Fifty-seven long distance telephone poles along the line of the Lowell railroad extending from Elm street to Somerville Centre fell across the tracks, impeding travel on the railroad, blocking up travel on cross streets and interfering seriously with the long distance telephone service. About 100 wires were strung on these poles. As soon as possible after the accident the poles were guyed up in place temporarily.

The Western Union Telegraph line on Mystic avenue was also wrecked, while both fire alarm and electric light systems were for some time rendered practically useless. A force of men was immediately put at work upon the fire alarm as soon as the accident to the wires occurred. On account of the danger from ground and cross wires a large part of the city was not lighted by electricity. The police signal system alone escaped interference from the storm.

HOW NEW YORK FARED.

Prostration of Telegraph, Telephone and Electric Light Poles Leaves the City in Darkness.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—The snow, sleet and wind storm early Sunday morning was the most disastrous to poles and wires this city has ever known. Telegraph and telephone communication in all directions is almost wholly suspended. There is no wire east beyond Williams Bridge. Over seventy poles are down between there and New Haven. There are no electric lights here or in Brooklyn. Fallen poles and wires blockaded travel in some parts of the city and did considerable other damage. A horse was killed by a falling pole on Eighty-second street, and another by a broken electric wire on Chambers street. The fire department and police have established a fire patrol. An army of men are repairing the damage.

The Western Union has only three wires, and these are western circuits by way of Albany to Chicago. Repairs will occupy several days, although 1000 men are at work, and the company will suffer a great loss. The storm is supposed to have extended inland but a little ways. The storm is severe in the adjacent towns of New Jersey and on Long Island. On Fifty-ninth street, a row of telegraph poles eighty feet high, extending from Eighth avenue to the East river, snapped like pipe stems under the weight of the sleet laden wires. One hundred and fifty single wires and two big cables, containing from forty to seventy-five wires each, were carried down, shaking the surrounding buildings. A big pole was partly wrecked at the elevated railroad station at Fifty-ninth street and Ninth avenue. The police are ordered to exercise especial vigilance against the depredations of criminals in the dark streets. The electric currents are turned off to prevent death by broken wires.

Wires are Down.

NEWPORT, R. I., Jan. 26.—A severe wind storm, with alternate rain and snow, prevailed here. The gale caused no damage here except to wires. Telegraphic connection with New York was shut off, but Boston is reached all right. The long distance telephone wires between here and Providence are also down.

CHARGES OF CRUELTY.

Method of Treating Rhode Island Paupers to Be Investigated—Exeter is Evidently Inclined to Be Saving.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 26.—For some time rumors have been rife in the city that cruelty was being practiced upon the inmates of Exeter's asylum. Exeter is a hill town in Washington county, somewhat removed from railroads, and difficult of access. A Journal reporter explored the ice-laden and forest fastnesses of the town, and learned that a pauper named Henry Money, an old man, had died some time since in an outhouse at a little distance from the asylum.

There was much indignation expressed by those who criticised the management of the poor farm at the confinement of Money in this building away from the asylum. Dr. Kenyon of Kingstown, who is the medical adviser of the institution, states that the man was confined in the outhouse by his orders and that all his directions concerning the patient were carried out, the reason for such a course of treatment being that Money was so violent and incapable of regarding the common decencies of life that it was necessary thus to deal with him. The outbuilding was warmed and padded, while the condition of the old man was made as comfortable as possible.

Another pauper, named Allen Rogers, died recently in a chamber of the asylum, the temperature of the room being very low, it is asserted. The doctor denies in this case also that there was any cruelty. Allen was buried without the services of a clergyman. The authorities say that the roads were icy; the interlocked, overhanging branches of the crust burdened trees made locomotion along the country roads impossible, and after keeping the corpse for several days, it was decided to inter it without waiting for a minister. The charge is made that the town of Exeter is penurious in its attitude toward the asylum. The paupers themselves say that they have nothing to complain of with regard to the keeper, who is doing the best he can with the present arrangements and the means placed at his disposal. The asylum ought to have a steam heater, the citizens say.

THE CHILIAN REVOLT.

Admiral Latorre Thinks the Trouble Will Soon Be Brought to an End.

PARIS, Jan. 26.—Admiral Latorr of the Chilian navy has been sent by President Balmaceda of Chili to Europe to supervise the building of warships for that country. In an interview he denied that the Chilian navy had been unfairly tested as compared with the army in the distribution of Peruvian war honors. There is no animosity, he said, between the army and navy.

The admiral didn't know why the navy should head the revolution in Chili, except that the chivalrous officers might make them the readiest to respond to an appeal for a revolution. The conflict between Balmaceda and the Chilian congress, said Admiral Latorre, might have arisen from a suspicion that the president was trying to influence the public mind and to intrigue in other ways in favor of the man who wishes to succeed him in the presidency. President Balmaceda is also accused of having broken his promise to effect certain municipal reforms, and an additional cause of irritation was his action in dissolving the special session of congress.

Public feeling in Chili appears to have been much excited by the conflict between the president and congress. Admiral Latorre believes that the revolution will be speedily settled. He is of the opinion that President Balmaceda, as soon as he sees that the current of feeling is really against him, will withdraw from the presidency. The admiral does not think that any naval officer will suffer for having taken part in the revolt, as all have acted in a body in response to the summons of congress.

PARNELL'S DISCOVERY.

He Declares That Nothing Was Ever Gained Through Negotiations with Gladstone.

WATERFORD, Jan. 27.—Mr. Parnell addressed in this city the largest meeting that has assembled to hear him during the present campaign. Upon his arrival he was received by a committee of citizens headed by the mayor, who extended to him a cordial welcome. In his speech Mr. Parnell said that Hartlepool had declared entirely for him in the recent election and that it depended upon Irishmen themselves what kind of home rule they obtained. He admitted that he was at fault in being too amiable with Mr. Gladstone at Hawarden, but he promised that he would not repeat that mistake. He had never known anything to be got out of negotiating with Mr. Gladstone and he was glad they had been broken off.

After the meeting Mr. Parnell was presented with addresses at the town hall by the board of poor law guardians, trade societies and other bodies. A body of McCarthyites held a counter demonstration at Mullan, and where Messrs. Chance and Sheepy, members of parliament, delivered addresses. There was considerable cheering for Mr. Parnell.

Experiments are being made on tuberculous cows with Koch's lymph.

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another instalment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list includes all whose surname begins with "Ti."

WARD ONE.

To Whom Taxed.	Value.	Tax.
Tilton, Charles B. Stock in trade,	$4,000	$56 40
Tirrell, Mrs. Adeline T. House on Irving place,	2,000	
Stable,	1,500	
Land, 12,160 feet,	1,800	53 72
Tirrell, C. Phillip. Personal mortgage,	550	
Horse and carriages,	300	
House on Goffe street,	3,000	
Land, 15,488 feet,	1,650	
House on Hancock street,	1,500	
Shop,	3,000	
Shop,	200	
Shop,	800	
Barn and buildings,	400	
Store,	600	
Land, 67,000 feet,	12,000	328 40
Tirrell, James E. Horse and carriage,	150	4 04
Tirrell & Sons. Stock in trade,	6,000	
Machinery,	1,000	95 20
Tisdale, Wilson. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	1,000	
Eight horses,	1,200	
Carriages,	1,000	
Two cows,	100	46 88

WARD TWO.

Tisdale, Wilson. Ten horses,	1,500	
Express wagons,	150	
Three watering carts,	900	
Stable and sheds,	1,000	
Land, 45,763 feet,	1,600	79 56

WARD THREE.

Tipping, Ellis. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	3,400	48 24
Tirrell, Quincy. Stock in trade,	500	
House on Franklin street,	2,700	
Stable and shop,	800	
Land, 22,940 feet,	1,400	75 44

WARD FOUR.

Tighe, Martin. Land on Copeland street, 4,000 feet,	300	4 08
Timberlake, J. T., & Co. Land on West street, 16,750 feet,	500	6 80

WARD FIVE.

Tift, Charles. Horse,	100	3 36

WARD SIX.

Titus, Lillie B. Six horses,	800	
Carriages,	300	
Two cows,	100	
House at Squantum,	2,300	
" "	1,200	
Barn,	1,000	
House at Squantum,	600	
Buildings,	300	
Land, 71 acres,	26,300	
Land on Moon island, 30 acres,	6,000	
Salt marsh, 10 acres,	600	537 20

BEST IN THE MARKET!
FOR $6.50 CASH
WE SELL A TON OF THE
WEBSTER NUT COAL,
It is the most Economical Coal sold.
C. PATCH & SON.
[FRANK S. PATCH.]
Quincy, July 9. tf

JOB PRINTING
At the Patriot Office.

PRICES WAY DOWN!
During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our
Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel.
PRATT & CURTIS,
25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

NEW DRESS

GINGHAMS

SPRING STYLES,

Striped and Plaided.

ALSO NEW DIAGONAL

PLAID PERCALES,

ALL

12 1-2c. per Yard,

AT

Miss C. S. Hubbard's,

158 Hancock St., Quincy.

BUSSELL'S

Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

MONEY TO LOAN

ON First Mortgages at the lowest rates of Interest.

GEO. H. BROWN & CO.,

Adams Building, Quincy.

Jan. 23—tf,p&l

WANTED.

WANTED,—A strong willing girl for general housework. Swede preferred. Apply at 41 Hancock street.
Jan. 24. tf

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

TO LET.

TO LET,—Furnished rooms, with or without board, at 44 CHESTNUT STREET. Quincy, Jan. 17.—9t

TO LET.—Very desirable property in South Quincy. House contains 11 rooms, city water and furnace; stable attached with accommodation for 6 horses. Five acres of land, cuts 7 tons hay. Plenty of fruit, etc. A sightly location, near Electric cars and railroad station. Will lease for term of years to right party.
Enquire of B. N. ADAMS, Real Estate, Quincy. Jan. 13—pl tf

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.
Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms.
Apply to HENRY H. FAXON.
Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—One good new Milch Cow and Calf. L. E. WEYMOUTH, Glover avenue, Atlantic, Mass. Jan. 17—9t

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms To Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree
Geo. H. Hunt,	East Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 26.

High water at 12.30 A. M. and 12.15 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.04; Sets at 4.51.
Moon rises 6.26 P. M.
Last quarter Feb. 1, 11.23 P. M.

BOSTON is jealous of Philadelphia, Chicago and other large cities, and that the city may compare favorably with these, the Herald proposes a grand scheme to gobble up all the surrounding municipalities, not only those now adjacent to it, but Lynn, Swampscott, Saugus, Woburn and others. Just for the privilege of saying to Chicago, "I am as big as you," it would have Quincy, Milton, Hyde Park, Brookline, Newton and twenty other cities and towns, give up their individually and become small factors in an unwieldy city.

Quincy people we venture to say, do not care to become denizens of Boston sufficient to make the sacrifice. The people lose enough control when they give up a town form of government for a city, but in a city even half the size of Boston they are almost powerless. New York has given us repeated examples of corruptions in municipal affairs.

We can conceive of but one or two arguments of any weight that would be a benefit to Quincy. It would be desirable to have the sewerage of this city enter the Boston system, and it would probably cost less than an indepenent system. The same is possibly true of a water supply. Yet these might be secured jointly with other towns now if thought feasible.

We think it might be advisable to annex some cities to Boston, say within the five mile radius, Brookline Cambridge, Somerville, Medford, Everett, Malden, Chelsea, Revere and Winthrop.

Quincy is satisfied to be left alone. It is now in a prosperous era. It stands high in the percentage of gain in population as will be seen by the following summary:

	Population in 1890.	Per cent. of Increase since 1880.
Everett,	11,068	166.1
Winthrop,	2,726	161.4
Revere,	5,668	150.5
Malden,	23,031	91.7
Melrose,	8,519	86.8
Somerville,	40,152	61.0
Waltham,	18,707	59.7
Quincy,	16,723	58.2
Brookline,	12,103	50.2
Medford,	11,079	46.3
Lynn,	55,727	45.6
Hyde Park,	10,193	43.8
Newton,	24,379	43.5
Saugus,	3,673	39.9
Arlington,	5,629	37.3
Milton,	4,278	33.4
Cambridge,	70,028	33.0
Watertown,	7,073	30.8
Belmont,	2,098	29.9
Chelsea,	27,909	28.1
Winchester,	4,861	27.9
Swampscott,	3,198	27.9
Stoneham,	6,155	25.9
Wakefield,	6,982	25.9
Boston,	448,477	23.6
Woburn,	13,499	23.5
Nahant,	880	8.9
Total,	844,815	*33.6

*Percentage of increase in the whole territory.

Quincy also conducts her affairs economically and has a lower tax rate than the average suburban places, lower than any of the cities in fact aside from Boston. Here is a summary arranged in the order of low taxes:

	Valuation 1890.	Tax Rate on $1000.
Nahant,	$4,598 611	$6.50
Milton,	14,411,350	8.00
Brookline,	46,437,100	9.00
Swampscott,	4,859,327	10.00
Belmont,	3,183,235	11.50
Revere,	4,968,835	12.00
Winthrop,	3,521,361	12.40
Boston,	822,041,800	13.30
Quincy,	13,677,410	13.60
Melrose,	6,724,704	13.70
Somerville,	32,557,500	14.00
Waltham,	15,210,714	14.00
Everett,	7,889,650	14.50
Watertown,	7,287,622	14.50
Newton,	36,159,025	14.60
Lynn,	40,721,028	15.00
Malden,	17,257,475	15.10
Arlington,	5,564,662	15.20
Hyde Park,	7,470,115	15.60
Cambridge,	67,471,925	15.60
Wakefield,	4,603,365	16.00
Woburn,	8,918,206	16.50
Stoneham,	3,406,871	17.20
Medford,	9,932,225	17.60
Chelsea,	20,798,339	17.60
Winchester,	4,667,055	17.70
Saugus,	2,492,868	18.00
	$1,216,832,488	*$14.02½

*Average tax rate.

The heavy storm of Sunday played havoc with the Quincy telephone exchange and this morning but few of the lines are working. During the forenoon a number of their lines fell upon the trolly wire near Dr. Gordon's on Hancock street but were promptly discovered by one of the electric light employes and the power shut off. The damage to the exchange consists of the burning out of some twenty-five instruments and cutting off communication of some forty-five subscribers.

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

Sleighing again.

City Council tonight.

Special election tomorrow.

Stormy Sundays are the rule.

A horse blanket has been lost.

The snow ploughs were around in good season Sunday.

Miss Cynthia Souther is visiting for a week in New York city.

Ward One will have to hold another special meeting in a few weeks.

Elmer Munroe is recovering from a slight attack of typhoid fever.

Clan McGregor, debating club, held an entertainment, Saturday evening.

It was a fine morning for amateur photographers to obtain winter scenes.

The Council of 1891 has lost one of its members by death very early in the year.

A gentleman and his wife desire board in a private family, where the rooms are heated.

Miss Josie Brine of Boston, who has been visiting with Mr. Henry McGrath, returned home this morning.

An elegant double runner is on exhibition at John Page's store, 104 Hancock street for the boy who brings the greatest number of LEDGER coupons to R. G. Curtis before March 1.

The appointments of heads of departments, Council Committee, the Willard schoolhouse affairs, and other business should make this evening's Council meeting interesting.

The committee on petitions from the Grand encampment, I. O. O. F., meet the Royal Purple and Scarlet members at Odd Fellows' hall this evening. A collation will be served after the meeting.

The young people of the Unitarian society are preparing for an opera to be given next month. Mrs. George W. Morton has charge of the same and it will doubtless be a most successful affair.

The Quincy Athletic Association is making rapid progress and will undoubtedly be a grand success. Young men wishing to become members of the association may do so by applying to William J. Sullivan, 21 Summer street.

Yachting Notes.

The annual meeting of the Quincy Yacht Club will be held Saturday, Feb. 7, 1891, at 7.45 P. M., in the Ward Room, City Hall.

The Hull Club is already out with its fixtures for 1891.

The Herald reports the Adams boys to have the 46-foot fever bad.

The annual report of the Quincy Yacht Club will show a balance on hand.

Mr. John W. Sanborn is having a steam launch built by the Bowdish Manufacturing Co., of Skaneateles, N. Y. She is to be thirty-five feet long by six feet wide and will have a wood top canopy. Her propelling power will be a Bowdish kerosene water-tube boiler, a double cylinder engine, and an independent feed and air pump. It is expected that she will steam at least ten miles an hour, and will be named the Fairy.

The Social World.

The past week taken from a social standpoint has been one of the gayest thus far this winter. The weather otherwise but Thursday has been all that one could desire and doubtless did much toward the success of the week.

There has been whist parties, a musical, church socials, birthday and childrens' party, several dances and a church wedding, a variety which could not help but fill all tastes.

The musical at the residence of Dr. and Mrs. G. B. Rice, by the Young People's Musical society of Wollaston, and the Harmony Whist club at Dr. and Mrs. W. G. Kendall's at Atlantic, made for the week a fine opening. Tuesday evening a number of Atlantic's 400, became students of the god of dancing, and Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Emery entertained a whist party. Wednesday evening opened early with a wedding of one of the city's business men at Christ church. The "Whatsoever circle of King's Daughters," celebrated their first anniversary by a social tea and entertainment at Miss Nellie Mitchell's; Granite lodge, Order Sons of St. George, celebrated their fifth anniversary by an entertainment, supper and dance at Faxon hall, and Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Penniman entertained a whist party, at their residence at South Quincy. Thursday was very stormy, and fortunately the social world were taking a much needed rest.

Friday the Unitarian social club entertained the children at Faxon hall, by an entertainment, lunch and dance. Miss Mamie, youngest daughter of Mr. E. B. Souther celebrated the anniversary of her fourteenth birthday, by a gathering of her young friends at her father's residence.

The Atlantic Social club held their fourth assembly at Music hall, and Mount Wollaston lodge, I. O. O. F., held their annual ball at the coliseum, which was the crowning event of the week.

Saturday, well there was nothing and the social world retired early, that they might be the better prepared to attend divine worship on Sunday.

TODAY'S COURT.

A. B. Linscott of Weymouth, for breaking glass in the house of William Jackson, was after hearing the evidence continued until Wednesday.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

City Hall Notes.

Superintendent of Streets Spencer tendered his resignation, to take effect last Saturday, and the same was accepted by Commissioner Ewell.

Miss Tilly Nightingale has accepted the position of clerk in the office of the Commissioner of Public Works, and entered upon her duties today.

The flag is at half mast on City Hall in respect to Councilman Samuel H. Spear, who died this morning.

Commissioner Ewell is receiving many kind words for that plank sidewalk leading to the Quincy depot. They hope he may be able to carry out the permanent improvements later.

George O. Langley has fitted up the polling places for tomorrow's election.

Commissioner Ewell informs the LEDGER representatives that he intends to be Superintendent of Streets himself, now that Mr. Spencer has resigned. He will employ only foremen of labor.

John N. Fox, formerly superintendent of the Quincy Home, has been engaged as foreman of street laborers, and is at work with gangs today opening the gutters.

As yet no Committee on Election Returns has been appointed.

The Last Raymond & Whitcomb Excursion to Washington.

Messrs. Raymond & Whitcomb announce their second and last excursion of the season to Washington. The party will leave Boston Friday, February 20, there being an option of boat or land route between Boston and New York.

Five days will be passed at the national capital, and there will be an excursion to Mount Vernon, together with a carriage ride about the city. The trip promises to be exceedingly attractive. The all-rail section of the party will pass a nignt in New York on the outward journey and another returning.

It should be remembered that the visit to Washington is to be made at a time when that city is most inviting. In addition to the Washington excursion there are to be two February tours to California, with the 3d and 12th as the dates of leaving Boston. Descriptive circulars may be obtained of Raymond & Whitcomb, 296 Washington street, opposite School street, Boston.

LOST.

LOST,—A Street Horse-blanket, either on Chestnut or South streets, in going to Quincy Neck. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at Nash's Restaurant, Quincy.
Jan. 26. 2t

WANTED.

WANTED,—By a gentleman and lady, board in a private family, where the house is heated by furnace or steam. Address "B. J. W.," LEDGER OFFICE.
Quincy, Jan. 26. 4t

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately.
Apply to
JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.
Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

PLANT FOOD

FOR SALE AT

FRANK F. CRANE'S.

Quincy, Jan. 10. tf

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND

ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING,

QUINCY AVENUE.

Nov. 13. 3 mos

WEYMOUTH.

The annual meeting of the Weymouth and East Braintree Business Association will be held at the Institute parlors this evening.

The Reform Club of East Weymouth give an entertainment this evening.

The Unitarians hold one of their entertainments and dances at Masonic hall Thursday evening.

The annual meeting of the Y. W. C. T. Union of North Weymouth will be held this evening with Miss Evelyn Blanchard.

Wompatuck encampment work the Royal Purple degree upon two candidates this evening.

Give Him a Lift.

QUINCY POINT, Jan. 25, 1891.

Enclosed please find ten votes for Galen V. Bowditch as the most popular wage earner. Let all those who ran with the "machine" give a lift to the veteran.

A FIREMAN.

DIED.

SPEAR—In Quincy, Jan. 26, Mr. Samuel H. Spear, aged 56 years, 5 months and 19 days.
Services at his residence 42 Granite street, Wednesday, at 2 o'clock. Burial private.

DANAHY—In Quincy, Jan. 26, Miss Ellen B. Danahy, aged 32 years, 4 months and 7 days.

HENDERSON—In North Weymouth, Jan. 23, Mr. Tamson Henderson, aged 87 years and 7 months.

BICKNELL—In North Weymouth, Jan. 23, Mrs. Jane L., widow of Harrison Bicknell, aged 76 years.

GUILD—In Dedham, Jan. 23, Mrs. Calvin, wife of Deacon Calvin Guild, aged 84 years, 7 months and 23 days.

RAYMOND'S VACATION EXCURIONS.

All Travelling Expenses Included.

The last party of the season will leave BOSTON FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 20, for a

GRAND EXCURSION

—TO—

WASHINGTON, D. C.

There will be a choice of Sound Line or All-Rail Route between Boston and New York. **Five Days will be passed in Washington,** with headquarters at **Willard's Hotel.** A Carriage Ride to the Public Buildings and other places of interest, and a Steamer Trip to Mount Vernon.

Excursions to California, Feb. 3 and 12; March 5 and 10; April 20 (Eleventh Annual Spring Trip); also on same date, Spring Trip to California, the Pacific Northwest and Alaska.

Mexico Excursions, March 10.

☞ Send for descriptive circulars, designating whether book of Washington, California or Mexico Tours is desired.

RAYMOND & WHITCOMB,
6 Washington St. (opp. School St.) BOSTON.
Jan. 24. 3t

Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.
Boston, Nov. 5. tf

MAKE HENS LAY.

Sheridan's Condition Powder.

Nothing on earth will make hens lay like it. Highly concentrated. One ounce is worth a pound of any other kind. Given in the food once daily. Cures all diseases; worth its weight in gold to keep them healthy. Testimonials Sent Free. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps. 2½-lb. cans, by mail, $1.30. Six cans, express prepaid, $5.00.
L. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston.

IN PATAGONIAN WILDS.

A TRAVELER SPENDS AN HOUR ON STRANGE SOUTHERN SOIL.

Alone in a Crowd of Half Crazy Men. Made to Drink to and Shout for France. Startling Experience in a Chilian Convict Settlement.

We arrived at Punta Arenas at about 3 o'clock in the morning. It was very dark, and overhead the stars in countless millions stood in relief against their inky background like brilliant gems in a vast setting of somber black. It was a night of solemn stillness, unbroken save by the occasional barkings of a dog on the beach, and the weird cries of the penguins and other wild sea fowl as the ship silently stole among them and disturbed their slumbers. The shore on either side was flanked by great towering walls of frowning granite, whose dim shadows, like giant sentinels standing against the sky, appeared to guard the entrance to another world beyond.

We were in the Straits of Magellan, and had come to anchor off Punta Arenas, a Chilian convict settlement, about fifty miles distant from the Atlantic coast. I had taken passage from New York about a month before on the Pacific Mail steamship City of Panama, en route for San Francisco.

I learned from the engineer that we were to remain at anchor for six hours, and then the wild desire seized me to go on shore. To set foot on Patagonian soil was, to my youthful mind, an object worthy of any sacrifice. The ship's officers were all forward, while from the davits, near the stern of the vessel, the "captain's gig" was swung ready to be launched. I was a powerful young fellow then, and, though it was a risky job to undertake alone, I resolved to try it.

PULLED FOR THE SHORE.

It was easy enough, however, to lower the boat into the water, and before many minutes had elapsed I was rowing rapidly away from the ship into the darkness.

"Here, you young scoundrel," I heard the captain shout, and then followed several pistol shots in rapid succession. The captain had missed the boat, and rightly surmising that I was the one in it, had shouted after me, but without effect. His voice reached me, but fortunately his bullets, evidently intended to frighten me, fell wide of their mark. After a half hour's hard pull the boat grounded on the beach and I jumped out. Hauling the boat well up on shore I proceeded in the direction of a light which I saw in the distance.

Arrived at the spot I saw that the light came from a small door or opening, something like the entrance to an Esquimaux hut. The building itself was a low, square structure of logs and rough boards, without windows, and having no other opening than the small entrance before mentioned.

From the loud voices and sounds of revelry coming from within, I concluded that a party of sailors were inside having a jollification. "Here's an adventure," I thought, and dropping on my hands and knees I began to crawl in. I saw a log fire burning in the center of the room, which was filled with smoke. Around the fire were a dozen villainous looking men.

That was all I cared to see, so I started to go out, but having been seen by one of the men a general rush was made for me, and I was seized and dragged to a place near the fire. The smoke was stifling, and my eyes smarted so that I could scarcely see. The men were talking, as near as I could make out, a mixture of French and Spanish. Their garb showed that they were convicts.

INSIDE THE HUT.

'Here's a go," I thought, as one of them roughly seized my arm and flourished a knife in my face, at the same time asking me in French (which I understood), "What do you want here?"

With the best French I could muster I told my story, and then added that the smoke was suffocating me, and that I desired to go out. After a consultation among the men I was handed a large black bottle and told to drink to the welfare of "La France." I took a swallow of the stuff, which burned like sulphuric acid. "La France, la France, vive la France!" they all shouted, and I yelled "Vive la France!" in response. I was bundled through the little passageway and landed outside more dead than alive.

The dawn has just begun to break, and when I reached the beach I saw that the boat was gone. I shouted to the ship, which lay about half a mile from the shore, and rushed frantically about, trying to attract their attention. "What if the ship should leave without me," I thought, and then to add to my dismay I could hear the men on board at work on the anchor.

I had about given up in despair when I saw a boat put off from the ship. "The captain has it in for you," said one of the sailors, as the boat drew near. When I reached the ship the captain amused himself for something like twenty minutes in generally abusing and swearing at me, but I was on board once more and didn't mind it. Besides I had been ashore in Patagonia.

I have never learned what the men I saw in the log cabin were doing there at that hour of the night. They may have been escaped convicts. For all I know being smoked out may be a popular form of amusement in that part of the world. —New York Herald.

Pensions for Judicial Services.

There are a number of notabilities who are enjoying a pension for judicial services in England. The Earl of Selborne and Lord Herschell receive each £5,000 a year as ex-lord chancellors, but sit with the lord chancellor and the lords of appeal in ordinary for judicial business. Lord Blackburn, many years a judge of the queen's bench division and for eleven years a lord of appeal, enjoys an allowance of £3,750. The pension usually granted to a puisne judge on retirement after not less than fifteen years' services is £3,500.—London Tit-Bits.

O. S. C.

1759 ROBERT BURNS 1891

Grand Celebration

OF THE

132d ANNIVERSARY

OF THE BIRTH OF

Scotland's Favorite Poet,

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

Clan McGregor, No. 5,

QUINCY, MASS.,

IN THE

QUINCY OPERA HOUSE,

ON

FRIDAY EV'NG,

JAN. 30th, 1891.

PROGRAMME.

1. Pot Pourri, Scotch Airs
Dunbar's Orchestra.
2. Opening Address,
Chief James Copland.
3. Song, McGregor's Gathering
Mr. Lewis G. Griffiths.
4. Song, When the Heart is Young
Miss Fanny W. Hatch.
5. Impersonations, (Assorted)
Mr. Edward W. Emerson.
6. Song, Come under my Plaidie
Miss Mary F. White.
7. Song, Jessie, the Flower o' Dunblane
Mr. William Elrick.
8. Recitation, Prince Charlie at Versailles on the Anniversary of Culloden,
Miss Annie MacKenzie.
9. Piano Solo, (Selected)
Mr. William Wilson.
10. Address,
Hon. H. O. Fairbanks, Mayor of Quincy.
11. Song, (Selected)
Miss Fanny W. Hatch.
12. Legerdemassachusetts,
Mr. Edward W. Emerson.
13. Song, Robin Adair
Miss Mary F. White.
14. Song, My Nannie's Awa'
Mr. William Elrick.
15. Recitation, Mary, Queen of Scots
Miss Annie MacKenzie.
16. Song, The Lass of Patie's Mill
Mr. Lewis G. Griffiths.

Accompanist, Mr. William Wilson.

☞ Royal Secretary Kerr, Grand Chief Allen and others will be present. Programme subject to change.

Supper Furnished in Dining Hall,
A. E. NASH, Caterer.

Dancing at 10.30.

MUSIC, - DUNBAR'S ORCHESTRA.

J. B. DUNBAR, Prompter.

Admission to Celebration, 50 and 35 Cents. Children under 12 years, 15 Cents. Dancing 50 Cents extra for Gentlemen. Ladies free.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Entertainment at 7.45.

A responsible person will have charge of Clothing.

Gentlemen wishing to take part in the dancing are requested to leave the hall after the Concert.

Tickets for sale at the Stores of John O. Holden, C. B. Tilton, Williams' Jewelry Store, and the following Committee of Arrangements: Alex. Emslie, William Norrie, James Copland, Oscar W. Riddle, A. B. Davidson, William Elrick and Maxwell McIntosh.

JAMES COPLAND, Chief.

ALEX. B. DAVIDSON, Sec. of Com.

Jan. 23. 6t

S. C.

BERT BURNS 1891

Celebration

OF THE

ANNIVERSARY

THE BIRTH OF

's Favorite Poet,

R THE AUSPICES OF

Gregor, No. 5,

NCY, MASS.,

IN THE

OPERA HOUSE,

ON

AY EV'NG,

30th, 1891.

GRAMME.

Scotch Airs
nbar's Orchestra.
ddress,
James Copland.
McGregor's Gathering
Lewis G. Griffiths.
When the Heart is Young
Fanny W. Hatch.
ions, (Assorted)
ward W. Emerson.
Come under my Plaidie
Mary F. White.
ssie, the Flower o' Dunblane
William Elrick.
Prince Charlie at Versailles
rsary of Culloden,
Annie MacKenzie.
(Selected)
William Wilson.
irbanks, Mayor of Quincy.
(Selected)
Fanny W. Hatch.
sachusetts,
ward W. Emerson.
Robin Adair
Mary F. White.
My Nannie's Awa'
William Elrick.
Mary, Queen of Scots
Annie MacKenzie.
The Lass of Patie's Mill
ewis G. Griffiths.
Mr. William Wilson.

retary Kerr, Grand Chief
rs will be present. Pro-
change.

shed in Dining Hall,
NASH, Caterer.

ng at 10.30.

NBAR'S ORCHESTRA.

NBAR, Prompter.

o Celebration, 50 and
ildren under 12 years,
ncing 50 Cents extra
Ladies free.

at 7 o'clock. Enter-
45.

le person will have
ning.

rishing to take part in
e requested to leave
the Concert.

at the Stores of John O.
ilton, Williams' Jewelry
following Committee of
Alex. Emslie, William
pland, Oscar W. Riddle,
William Elrick and Max-

S COPLAND, Chief.

SON, Sec. of Com.

6t

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 23. QUINCY, MASS., TUESDAY, JANUARY 27, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.

BARGAINS IN

Ladies', Men's and Children's Woolen Underwear,

LADIES', MEN'S AND CHILDREN'S WOOL HOSE,

Ladies' Fleece-lined Colored and Black Hose,

APRONS, WRAPPERS AND CORSETS.

We are selling the FIBROLINE CORSET for 59 Cents.

In fact D. E. Wadsworth & Co. have marked down their stock of Winter Goods to prices that will sell them, as they wish the room for new stock.

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Nov. 10. tf

THE GREAT

SACRIFICE

— OF —

Clothing and Furnishing Goods

Still Goes On.

Further Reductions in all Departments.

Men's Blue Wool Underwear, 35 cents,

Suits at much less than Cost.

Overcoats, 50c. on the dollar.

In fact everything in our Stock at a great discount.

QUINCY ONE PRICE CLOTHING CO.,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

Improve the Opportunity

— AND —

GET A PAIR OF SHOES CHEAP.

We have 500 Pairs of Shoes, which we now offer at a bargain. These goods are not old or shopworn, but comprise a number of lines which we desire to close out in order that we may substitute new prices for them.

EVERY SHOE OFFERED IS A BARGAIN.

Among the lot there are:

38 pairs	Ladies' Straight Goat Button Waukenphast,	$2.00,	formerly	$2.50
36 "	" Kid Button Opera Toe,	2.00,	"	2.50
7 "	J. N. Smith's Ladies' bright Dongola Laced, pat. tip,	2.00,	"	2.50
22 "	Ladies' Pallah Kid Button,	1.65,	"	2.00
9 "	Misses' Dongola Spring Heel Button,	1.50,	"	2.00
12 "	" St. Goat Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.50,	"	2.00
9 "	Children's Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.10,	"	1.50
"	Men's Calf Bals,	3.00,	"	3.75
"	each Cong. and Bals., Men's Fine Calf Shoes,	3.00,	"	4.00
"	" " " " Enamel Shoes,	2.00,	"	2.75

While we call your especial attention to these goods, we believe it is for your interest to examine the whole lot on our BARGAIN TABLES, for EVERY SHOE is a BARGAIN.

SAVILLE & JONES, Adams Building.

SHORT SESSION.

Only Imperative Business Transacted.

President Thompson Announces the Standing Committees.

Adjourned in Respect to Councilman Spear, Who Died That Day.

All the members of the City Council were present at the adjourned meeting Monday evening, but the death of one of the members cast a gloom in the chamber. Immediately after the roll call President Thompson announced the death of Councilman Samuel H. Spear which had occurred that morning.

Upon motion of Councilman Duffield, it was voted that only imperative business should be transacted, and that after the adoption of resolutions the Council adjourn out of respect.

Standing Committees.

President Thompson announced the following standing committees. It will be noticed that some are not full, but there are three vacancies in the Council:

Finance, Accounts, State Aid, Claims and Salaries,—Councilmen Morton, Hayward, Pratt and Fallon; (one vacancy.)

Contracts, Streets, Ways, Sidewalks, Bridges and Lights,—Councilmen Jones, Holden, Drake, Warner, Powers, Bryant and Pope.

Public Buildings and Grounds,—Councilmen Moxon, Bryant and Little.

Sewers and Drains,—Councilmen Newcomb, Bass, Duffield, Warner, Hammond and Sherman; (one vacancy.)

Fire Department and Police,—Councilmen Bass, Roberts, Little and Drake; (one vacancy.)

Ordinances, Licenses, Printing, Rules and Orders,—Councilmen Sherman, Pope and Hammond.

Health, Poor and Bonds,—Councilmen Powers and Pratt; (one vacancy.)

Legislative Matters, Elections, Returns,—Councilmen Duffield, Morton and Moxon.

Street Sprinkling.

A communication from Mayor Fairbanks notified the Council of a Legislative hearing for Thursday, Jan. 29, at 11 A. M., on order permitting cities to assess abutters for street sprinkling. Referred to Committee on Legislative matter.

Election Returns.

Upon motion of Councilman Bass the Committee on Election was instructed to meet at City hall Tuesday evening to receive returns of the special election.

City Book.

The order appropriating $700 for printing 1000 copies of the annual reports was passed to be ordained.

The Willard Schoolhouse.

The order ratifying the Mayor's action in taking possession of the unfinished Willard schoolhouse came up for adoption.

Upon request of Councilman Sherman, Mayor Fairbanks enlightened the Council on the subject. He did not wish to go into details and have it get into the newspapers, but he had had a conference with the bondsmen, and they were satisfied and had told him to go ahead with the building and they would stand behind him. The creditors had today served a legal notice on the city, claiming all the materials in and about the building, but this was a legal question. He proposed to commence work tomorrow, and hoped to have the building completed before Sept. 1.

Councilman Fallon queried who would have to stand the loss because of the imperfect drawings, the city or the architect, and proceeded to explain some.

Mayor Fairbanks said that Commissioner Ewell had placed the building in charge of Jonas Shackley.

The order was adopted.

The order appropriating $10,000 additional for the building (to be repaid by the bondsmen) was passed to be ordained.

In Memory of Councilman Spear.

Councilman Duffield offered the following resolutions which were ananimously adopted by a rising vote:

RESOLVED, That the members of the Council have heard with deep regret of the sudden death of their fellow Councilman, Samuel H. Spear.

RESOLVED, That in his death the city of Quincy has sustained the loss of a good citizen and an upright public servant.

RESOLVED, That his chair be draped in mourning for the period of thirty days.

RESOLVED, That a copy of these resolutions with the offered sympathy of the Council, be sent to his bereaved family, and that a copy of the same be spread upon the journal.

President Thompson appointed Councilman Bass, Morton and Holden a committee of the Council to attend the funeral on Wednesday.

At 8.15 the Council adjourned.

WILDE THE MAN.

John A. Duggan Concedes the Election of Mr. Wilde by a Large Majority.

The special election today for two Councilmen, one at large and one from Ward Six, is progressing quietly and evidently the vote will be small. It is thought that the Republicans are taking more interest than the Democrats and are putting in some work for the re-election of Mr. Wilde at large. Mr. Duggan says no effort is being made in his behalf and he does not anticipate being elected; he concedes the election of Mr. Wilde by a large majority.

The regular officers are on duty in Ward One, but they do not find enough to keep them busy. The LEDGER popularity voting contest, and the election officers spent some time in speculating on the number of votes which will be required to win the watch. About 300 votes will be cast in this ward.

Ward Two will will not cast many over 250 votes today. But little interest is manifested.

There was an attempt in Ward Three to freeze out the voters, at least the polling place was very uncomfortable early in the morning, the fire not having been started until morning. The votes are coming in slow.

Ward Four can always be depended upon to go to the polls election day, and the percentage to vote today will be as large as any ward in the city.

It looks as if Ward 5 would throw a very light vote. At 7.30 only 21 votes had been cast. The first man to vote was O. M. Whittier.

The polls at ward six opened at 7 o'clock and from then until 9 o'clock the election officers were kept busy, over 100 votes being cast in these two hours. The voting then grew quiet and for the next three hours but 38 votes were thrown. Efforts are being made to get out all of the voters. Both the Democratic and Republican tellers agree thus far that the Republicans are in the lead.

The following summary shows the total vote at the city election in December and the vote of Messrs. Wilde and Duggan then:

	Vote Cast At City Election.	Wilde's Vote.	Duggan's Vote.
Ward One,	405	283	155
Ward Two,	362	184	164
Ward Three,	386	214	208
Ward Four,	504	150	350
Ward Five,	237	207	49
Ward Six,	223	138	103
	2112	1126	1029

BURGLARIES.

Three Breaks in the City Last Night—But Little Booty.

Monday night burglars entered the grocery store of E. E. Hall & Co. on Washington street and got a quantity of postage stamps, cash, cigars and eleven bottles of Jamaica ginger. Entrance was made by breaking a glass in the door and slipping the night latch.

The next place to receive a visit was the Co-operative store on Franklin street. Entrance was made here by smashing a large pane of glass in the window near the door. Once inside they smashed the money drawer into kindling wood, but as it was empty no money was obtained. They also went through the desk and threw the books about the store. When they left they carried away two hams, six bottles of pickled tongues, a number of packages of cigarettes and a quantity of tobacco.

An attempt was also made to enter Willard's drug store, but they did not succeed. They tried the cellar window and then the window in the back of the store. They dug the putty from the sash, but being unable to slip the catch, they left.

These breaks and the one of last Friday evening at the City drug store, which was kept quiet for good reasons, have aroused the people of South Quincy, who have been clamoring for a night police, as this section is often made the rendezvous for a gang of toughs, who go to Neponset and fill up with fire water and come here to cool off.

POST OFFICE TO MOVE.

Prospects of a Government Building for Quincy in a Few Years.

Through the efforts of Congressman Morse in securing a large additional allowance for rent for the Quincy Post Office (after July 1st, next), the post office will be moved into Adams Block as soon as it can be fitted, probably about the first of March. As the appropriation for rent, fuel, lights etc., was exhausted for the year ending June 1st, 1891, Mr. Adams very generously accepted the small rent the government was now paying from March 1st until July 1st.

Congressman Morse has secured a public building for Taunton at this session, and a favorable report from the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds for Brockton, and it will be Quincy's turn next. The Government leases Mr. Adams' store for a post office for five years. Perhaps by that time Quincy will see a post office building owned by the government.

Some West Quincy Votes.

WEST QUINCY, Jan. 26, 1891.

To the Vote Counter:

Enclosed find fifteen votes for Galen V. Bowditch as the most popular wage earner. Come boys pick her up and land Galen at the top of the ladder. GRANITE No. 3.

DARK HORSES.

Big Gains for Morris and Caldwell.

Four Candidates Get Over 200 Votes Each Today.

Five Newsboys Have Already Sold Over 1000 Ledgers Each.

The surprises today in the popularity contest are the large votes polled by two dark horses: Mr. D. P. Morris' friends put him up several steps on the ladder by the addition of 253 votes, and Mr. William Caldwell gained 219.

Miss McGovern and Mr. Bowditch polled about the usual number, the former 205 and the latter 215.

Friends of Miss Leary, Mr. Tirrell and Mr. Foy are evidently accumulating votes which they intend shall swamp the other candidates in a few days.

Mr. John Walsh polled 32 today and others a less number.

Candidates noticing any errors in the figures will please notify the "Vote Counter" promptly, that the same may be corrected.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today:

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss McGovern,	**Gas Light Co.'s,**	**5742**
Miss Leary,	**S. B. Little's,**	**4139**
Robert E. Foy,	**Pratt & Curtis,**	**3717**
G. V. Bowditch,	**Packard & Co.'s,**	**3370**
Henry W. Tirrell,	**John Page's,**	**2664**
Miss McPhail,	**Sheppard & Sons.**	**1017**
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's,	586
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's,	475
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's,	395
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's,	369
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's,	350
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's,	314
Mary G. Drumm,	D. Bamford's,	142
Miss Agnes Kelley,	Clapp Bros.	119
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's,	119
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's,	70
Henry L. Jones,	E. E. Fellows',	61
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's,	47
Luther Rogers,	A. L. Litchfield,	42
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's,	28
John H. Newcomb,	S. G. Elliott's,	27
Tina Wilson,	Rogers Bros.'	26
George O. Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones',	24
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's,	21
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	18
John T. Bates,	W. H. Doble's,	15
Gridley Totman,	F. W. French's,	10
Henry Curtis,	J. M. Hayden's,	10
Miss Clark,	Coddington school,	10

Newsboys' Prizes.

Another boy gets his name in black type today having crossed the 1000 line in number of sales. Charles Walsh continues to sell large numbers each day, having over 7000 to his credit in 21 days. John Mitchell proposes to make it hot for him and is gaining almost every day. Myron Wilber and Robert McAuliffe are steadily gaining. There are now five boys who have sold over 1000, the latest addition being James Giles. Others will be there in a few days.

The West Quincy boys are rallying. They begun late, but are doing finely.

The first summary includes the sales of boys starting from the LEDGER office:

Charles Walsh	**7049**
John Mitchell	**2932**
Myron Wilber	**1756**
Robert McAuliffe	**1596**
James Giles,	**1028**
Fred Bavin	899
Fred Hardwick	850
Eddie Heffernan,	806
Willie Esson,	586
Henry Rhines	549
John Dackers,	502
Chris McAuliffe,	459
Patrick Murphy	288
Gardner Willey	287
Charles Baxter,	285
John Murphy,	243
Arthur Pinel,	261
Napoleon Guillemett	83
Albert Belliven	77
Fred Evans	57
John Morrison	56
Eugene McAuliffe	48
Daniel Doran	40
Frank McGrath	39
Duncan Livingstone	37
Frank Walsh,	36
James Faircloth,	35
John Anderson	35
William McDonnell	33
Gilbert Bavin,	31
Jerry Conley	30
Willie Ballou	20
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Warren Cameron	15
Gustin Goolic	15
George Dunn	14
Parfast Guillemett	13
James Norrie	10
Cameron Stewart	9

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

MARK-DOWN SALE

— OF —

Men's and Children's

OVERCOATS!

To Reduce Stock.

This is a genuine mark-down sale and we guarantee these prices to be as low or less than can be found where bargains are offered. Many of these lots are small and an early call would be to the advantage of those looking for bargains. We would suggest to those having the time to examine during the day.

Any person buying one or more of these Overcoats, not being satisfied that what we say is the truth, can return the same and money will be refunded.

ALL OF OUR

Men's Overcoats,

Former price $5. Now $3.50

Children's Overcoats,

Former price $4.50 and $5. Now $3.50

Men's Overcoats,

Former price $7 and $7.50. Now $5

Children's Dark-Mixed Overcoats,

Former price $3. Now $1.50

Men's $10 Coats, Now $8

Men's $12, $13.50 and $15 Coats, Now $10

Children's $3.50 and $4 Coats, Now $2.50

Children's $6.50 and $7 Coats, Now $5

Children's Gray Overcoats, a little shopworn, former price $2.50 and $3, Now $1

GRANITE CLOTHING CO.,

ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

DO YOU NEED A

TRUSS,

SUPPORTER,

Elastic - - Stocking,

Or anything in that line? If so call at

A. G. DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Where You Can

Save from 20 to 50 per Cent.

On Boston prices, and a PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED in every case. Private Room for trying on and consultation.

Prescriptions promptly and accurately prepared at all hours of the Day or Night by Competent Pharmacists.

OUR MOTTO.

"RELIABILITY."

DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive a Gold Watch or Easy Chair.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be contiuned during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period will be presented with a gold watch now on exhibition at T. L. Williams' jewelry store which cost over $50. A second prize is also offered to be given to the one standing second on the list, and will be a richly upholstered easy chair valued at $25.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

—BY—

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

Queen Victoria is very fat and not very good tempered. A correspondent writes that she is getting so feeble she walks upstairs backward and slowly with the help of an ebony cane. This is a likely story. Would the correspondent have us believe that there are no elevators—"lifts," as the Briton calls them—in the palace of the empress of the Indies? If the "widdy" would get out for a good run of several miles a day on foot, and run upstairs with all her might, face foremost and without any stick, about ten times a day, she would find it would improve her digestion and wind. She is ten years younger than Gladstone. If she wants to keep her intellect and health, she should stop coddling herself and stop drinking so much ale.

Imagine It!

Father Kneipp is a Catholic priest in Voerishofen, Bavaria. Fifty years ago he was at death's door. Today, when past seventy, he is fresh, rosy and in the prime of his working life. This is because he invented and used the "Kneipp cure," which is the very latest health fad. To utilize the Kneipp cure take off all your fine silk or wool underclothing—every stitch. Put on the coarsest linen, winter and summer, so coarse it will scratch your skin and cause a friction. This is good for your health. Take a cold bath every day, as cold as you can get the water. Don't be long about it; no more than five minutes. Don't dry yourself at all, but put on your clothing upon the wet skin. Then take a quarter hour's brisk exercise. The drops of water left upon the skin are fuel for the inner warmth, says Father Kneipp. Furthermore, keep up the practice of running and walking barefoot in wet grass or newly fallen snow. This is important. It hardens and invigorates the body. Think of one of our city dandies or belles following this up!

The barefoot exercise is continued at first only five minutes, but is gradually lengthened to an hour. Wear only the coarsest cotton stockings. Sleep upon hard beds, and eat three times a day of brown bread, fruit, vegetables and milk, with little meat or wine, and no tea or coffee at all. Father Kneipp especially recommends peas and sauerkraut as vegetables.

No Wonder They Hate It.

The parent who wants his children between the ages of 10 and 16 to properly appreciate and be fond of the works of English authors should carefully guard them against studying the so-called text books of English literature of the present day. For if there is any system devised by the ingenuity of the fiend himself to make the average slow, good natured, blundering boy or girl hate the writings of our standard English authors through all eternity it is those same textbooks.

The helpless victim of a "system" must first commit to memory an awful load of words about punctuation, style, grammar, analysis, etc. He hates it as Satan hates holy water, but there is no help for him. Added to his other miseries, he probably has a nervous, snappy teacher, in whom all human sympathy has been long ago dried up, and who knows nothing but sawdust stuffing and marks. The child fails utterly, or blunders through the diabolical machine and is ground out, and never thinks of English literature again without a shudder.

It is something unspeakable, this present sawdust stuffing our teachers call "English literature." Will these children ever steal up garret and spend a night over Irving or Scott or Hawthorne or Macaulay, as so many gifted children used to do, just because they are so interested they cannot help it? Not they! But they will hate these and other authors so they will never open one of their books, just from recollection of the purgatory they endured at school.

As to punctuation let us whisper a word: Learn to punctuate out of your own head as common sense and nature dictate, and your method will be infallible. Did Shakespeare ever learn punctuation in the schools, do you think?

WIRES FARE BADLY.

New York's Telegraph Service Badly Demoralized.

PHILADELPHIA IN A BAD FIX.

Hundreds of Miles of Wires Down in Every Direction — Furthe Details of Sunday's Blizzard Coming in from Besieged Cities.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—D. B. Mitchell, acting wire chief of the Western union, gives this detailed information as to the effect of the storm upon his company: "We are a perfect wreck. We have one wire to Albany, one to Buffalo, one to Chicago—that is all. Ordinarily we have about 200 wires to the west. About 1500 wires in all are down. People coming in on the trains tell us that the wires are lying flat in the meadows, poles and all. At Cos Cob, between Williams bridge and Stamford, our men report that the wires are in the river, but I can't tell how they got there. The wires are also down for two miles near Pleasantville. Near Albany we are in good shape. The trouble in that direction is south of Poughkeepsie. On our West Shore line the trouble is this side of Cornwall. We have recovered one wire to Bay Draw, on the New Jersey Central, and we are going to run a cable up the railway from that point west. Philadelphia was completely cut off from all points. Between that city, Scranton and New Brunswick, the wires are down by the mile. In this city, as our main lines are under ground, we are all right. We are making every effort to set things to rights. Gangs of men were brought here from Buffalo, Utica, Syracuse and Rochester, and were immediately sent into New Jersey. A gang from Albany is working this way."

Late last night Mr. A. E. Link, night manager of the Western Union office, said: "We have now fifteen wires west, a gain of twelve wires since Sunday night. These wires leave New York through Harlem to Albany, Buffalo and so on to Chicago. At Albany and Buffalo matter is sent east without difficulty, as there are plenty of wires from these cities eastward. We are also working over two direct wires to Boston and the east via New Haven. We have not a wire direct south yet, but we are reaching Philadelphia and the south generally by way of the west. If we have no failures in circuits already restored and now working, we expect soon to clear the business now on hand.

PHILADELPHIA'S REPORT.

No Wires Between the Quaker City and Gotham—Results Worse Than in '88.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 27.—The damage done to the wires in this city is beyond all precedent. Superintendent Gill of the Western Union says the lines are in a worse condition than at any time before in his twenty-five years' experience. He has information that communication between Harrisburg and Pittsburg is unbroken, and it is hoped to get a wire to Harrisburg soon, and in this way reach New York via Buffalo. Mr. Gill doesn't expect to get further south than Wilmington, Del., at present. Poles are down in all directions. Near Harper's Ferry 300 are down. In and about Philadelphia poles are strewn everywhere. The situation may be summed up as follows: The Reading railroad has one wire to Bound Brook; the Postal company has two good wires to Washington, and one uncertain wire to Atlantic City. The Long Distance Telepone company, which managed to maintain a wire to New York during the memorable blizzard of '88, is completely cut off in that direction, although a wire to Washington is working.

A telephone message to The Press from Tunkhannock, Pa., says: Snow fell here to the depth of six inches and there has been some damage in the way of breaking in roofs of small buildings, etc. All telegraph wires but one are down. The gorge in the Susquehanna is still intact. From the bridge, a distance of some miles, the river is one mass of piled up cakes of ice. The heavy freshets of the last few days have driven the ice with great force against the bridge and it has been moved from its foundation to a slight extent. Though the falling of the water has removed any immediate apprehension, it is feared that another freshet would result in the bridge giving away. If this should happen it is believed that the Lehigh Valley Railroad company's bridge at Coxton would almost certainly be swept away. To guard against this the railroad people are watching the situation closely, and if the Tunkhannock bridge should move much more they will set it on fire to save their own bridge, which is an iron structure. In 1875 the old Pittston bridge was burned to save the Wilkesbarre bridge.

Two Hundred Miles of Wire Down.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Jan. 27.—So far as damage to the telegraph and telephone service is concerned the storm of Saturday night and Sunday morning was more destructive in this vicinity than the great blizzard of 1888. The telegraphic communication is cut off entirely, and the Western Union office, for the first time in its history, is doing no business except by messengers. Telephone and telegraph poles and over 200 miles of wire are down. Some of the poles snapped off were eighty feet high, and on Grand street two of them fell on the roofs of dwellings, doing considerable damage. The telephone company places its loss at $30,000. Manager O'Ridge of the Western Union thinks it will be Wednesday before telegraphic communication will be opened east and west.

In and Around Wilkesbarre.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 27.—Special telephone messages from Wilkesbarre, Pa., give particulars of the effects of the storms in that vicinity. Electric light wires are broken and the city is in darkness at night. The ice gorge in the Susquehanna, which threatened to cause an overflow of that part of the city along its banks, has been partially broken and the water has gone down three feet. At Plymouth, however, the gorge is still unbroken and may cause trouble. The tracks of the Bloomsburg division, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad, are under water and travel stopped. It is believed that by to-night the water will have subsided so as to permit resumption of travel.

Signal Service Disabled.

NORFOLK, Va., Jan. 27.—Heavy easterly winds prevailed along the coast Saturday night and Sunday morning. The signal service wires are down, and it is impossible to get news of any wrecks.

MR. MIZNER'S EXPLANATION.

He Attempts to Justify His Position in the Barrundia Affair.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 27.—Lansing B. Mizner, ex-minister to Guatemala, has decided to make public his official defense in the Barrundia case, on the ground that Mr. Blaine's letter dismissing him was given to the press three weeks before it reached him, and two weeks before congress met.

His defense, in brief, is that the Barrundia affair was a mere incident in comparison with the settlement of the war between Venezuela and Guatemala, which he, as dean of the diplomatic corps, brought about on the day Barrundia was killed, and which required his whole attention. Aside from this, however, he claims that his course was strictly in accordance with international law, as Barrundia was guilty of non-political, as well as political crimes, and cites, in justification of his position, the action of Secretary Bayard in the Gomez case. He quotes President Harrison's message, to the effect that diplomacy should be frank and free from intrigue, and says it would have been intrigue to have abetted the captain of the steamer Acapulco in evading the international law by preventing Barrundia's arrest. He points out that, on July 4 last, the authorities of Salvador were allowed to arrest Senor Delgado, minister of foreign relations, on board the same vessel.

Mr. Mizner says his course was approved in writing by the entire diplomatic corps in Central America, except the Mexican minister, and concluded by submitting his case to his countrymen.

TOBACCO STANDS IN THE WAY.

Otherwise Spain is Willing to Talk Reciprocity with the United States.

MADRID, Jan. 27.—Spain has accepted a proposal of the United States government for the negotiation at Washington of a reciprocity treaty relative to American trade with Cuba. In political circles it is said that the only serious difficulty in the way of formulating and adopting, such a treaty appears to be the Americans inflexibility on the tobacco question.

The foreign minister has informed the cabinet council that the American government has forwarded a note embodying a basis for a treaty with Spain and the Spanish West Indies, including the exemption from duties of Spanish sugars, molasses, coffee and skins, provided Spain reciprocates by the exemption of imports from America.

Talk, Blows, and then Knives.

BORDEAUX, Jan. 27.—A serious scrimmage took place here in the neighborhood of the docks. A number of French sailors and several German tars began exchanging injurious epithets and finally came to blows. Eventually knives were drawn and two Germans were so injured that they were taken to the hospital. Several Germans and Frenchmen were slightly wounded. One Frenchman was arrested. It is expected that one of the Germans will die from the effects of the wounds received during the fight.

New York "Coppers" Dine.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—The tenth annual dinner given by the superintendent, inspectors and captains of police of this city was held at Delmonico's. Toasts were responded to as follows: "Our Country," Hon. Grover Cleveland;" "City of New York," Rev. H. J. Van Dyke, D. D.; "The Judiciary," Hon. George Hoadley; "Our Guests," Hon. Leon Abbett; and "Police Department," Hon. Chauncey M. Depew.

Snow Caused a Wreck.

BORDENTOWN, N. J., Jan. 27.—A heavy snowstorm set in here Saturday night. During the night an extra freight train on its way from Trenton to Camden, on the Amboy division of the Pennsylvania railroad, jumped the track and was wrecked. A wrecking train went to the scene. All telegraph connections between this city and New York and Philadelphia have been cut off.

No Break Yet.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Jan. 27.—Balloting for United States senator was resumed in joint assembly. The first ballot of the day and the twenty-third of the session showed: Palmer 101, Oglesby 100 and Streeter 3—no change from previous ballots. The balloting continued to the twenty-eighth without change.

Joachim Joseph Humbert.

BERLIN, Jan. 27.—The infant son of Kaiser William has been baptized Joachim Joseph Humbert, in honor of the prince's granduncle, Prince Joachim, and of King Humbert of Italy. Field Marshal Count Moltke, the King of Italy, and Queen Regent of Holland were sponsors, the two latter by proxy.

Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, Jan. 27.—In the senate yesterday an order was introduced relative to the appointment of women inspectors in factories. One of the house orders was for a method of capital punishment other than by hanging, and another for public auction sale of new railroad stock.

Railroad Wreck in Montana.

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 27.—A sleeper left standing on the main track at Butte, on the Northern Pacific railroad, was run into by a freight. The sleeper was demolished. H. W. Lord was killed, being horribly mangled. Seven were seriously injured.

An Expensive Undertaking.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—The committee appointed by the Italian government to investigate and report a plan to connect the city of Rome by a ship canal with the sea, have reported that the project would cost 80,000,000 lire.

Kansas Savings Bank Suspends.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 27.—The savings bank of Wichita failed to open its doors yesterday. Liabilities about $31,000; assets $75,000. The Wichita National bank has agreed to pay all deposits of $25 or less.

Portugal Needs Her Husbandmen.

LISBON, Jan. 27.—The press and land owners are becoming alarmed at the dearth of cultivators, and demand that the government shall put a stop to emigration, as husbandry are suffering.

New York Star Changes Hands.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—Frank A. Munsey, formerly of Maine, has bought The New York Star. He will change the name to The Daily Continent and make other sweeping alterations.

At Pine Ridge.

PINE RIDGE, S. D., Jan. 27.—Gen. Miles and staff have left for Chicago, leaving Col. Shafter in command. The work of disarming the Indians is to be continued.

Senator Moody of South Dakota is thought to have no chance of a re-election.

WANTS TO RETURN.

Gloucester Liquor Smuggler Now a Penitent in Canada.

HE IS ASKING FOR A PARDON.

A Letter to Treasury Officials Begging Permission to Return to the United States—Has Been Having Hard Luck During His Exile.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Jan. 27.—The seizure of a large quantity of liquor last summer by the customs officials, supposed to have been smuggled in here, is still fresh in the minds of many.

At the time of the seizure it was alleged that James L. Anderson, a master mariner, who had arrived but a short time before from St. Pierre, Miq., in the schooner J. J. Clark, where he had been carrying bait to the French, was the guilty party.

The treasury agents suspected Anderson and they placed a steamer in the harbor with an officer on board to watch for his coming. On the morning that Special Agent Young came here to carry out his plan, he found the J. J. Clark had arrived during the night and was at William H. Jordan's wharf.

Nothing was found, although it was thought liquor had been landed from the vessel during the night. Anderson, on entering his vessel at the custom house, swore that no cargo had come on board and none landed, which was corroborated by the invoice he exhibited.

Anderson was watched, and he was soon found offering liquor for sale. It was not long before the special agent discovered the hiding place, and, while waiting to kill two birds with the one stone—seize the liquor and apprehend those who might be found connected with its illegal landing—Collector Presson was informed of its being there by W. H. Jordan, when he sent the officers to make the seizure.

At the time of the seizure Anderson had fitted the Clark out and sailed on a mackerel trip, and was at Boothbay when he heard of the liquor being seized. He immediately sailed for Winter Harbor, where he was met by an agent of the vessel. Leaving her there she was put in charge of one of the crew and brought home, where she was seized and subsequently bonded.

Anderson went to New Brunswick, then to Port Hawkesbury, C. B., and then to Vancouver, B. C. He informed his fishermen friends here that he was about to establish a firm for carrying on the fresh halibut fishing.

The seized liquor was sold at auction Dec. 9, and a warrant will be issued, it is said, in the course of a few days, for the sale of the vessel. Capt. Anderson's friends here, at the outset of this case, were inclined to believe him innocent of the charge against him, but, by his sudden departure from Uncle Sam's domain, he has led them to believe otherwise.

It has now been learned that the Pacific halibut fishery enterprise has proved a failure. Now, wishing to return to his home in this city, he has become a seeker of pardon and written a letter to the treasury officials, asking their permission to let him return to the United States.

Chandler's Open Fight.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 27. — Senator Chandler published in The Monitor last evening, over his own signature, a long article in opposition to the proposed increase of capital stock of the Boston and Maine and the Concord and Montreal railroads. The bill for increasing the stock of these roads will be called up in the house to-day and ordered to a third reading.

Murderer Christie's Record.

MUSKOGEE, I. T., Jan. 27.—Deputy United States Marshal Reeves was killed near Tahlequah by Ned Christie, who resisted arrest for the murder, a few years ago, of Deputy Marshal Maples. Within the past few months officers have burnt him out twice in a fruitless effort to capture him, Deputy Isbell, on one occasion, being crippled for life.

Senator Stanford's Narrow Escape.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—Senator Leland Stanford of California came near being killed in Fifty-ninth street, the cab in which he was riding being turned bottom side up by collision with a horse car. He was cut in the head and seriously bruised about the arms and shoulders, but will return to Washington to-day.

Long Struggle May Soon End.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 27.—There is a good prospect of a speedy termination of the long standing grievance of the locked out freestone cutters. They will probably hold a conference with the bosses this week, and decide that the immediate resumption of work is the best possible thing to do.

Helmesville's Close Call.

BRISTOL, Pa., Jan. 27.—The postoffice, Schott's restaurant and the Johnson building at Holmesville were burned. The fire department had to be sent from this city, and it was only by the most strenuous efforts that the village was saved from total destruction.

Regulators Who Need to Be Regulated.

WHEELING, W. Va., Jan. 27.—Thirty "regulators," known as "Red Men," tied John Barber and James Ballard to trees and beat them unmercifully. One of the "regulators" has been arrested.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Latest Quotations of the New York and Boston Stock Markets—Jan. 26.

The storm caused interruption to telegraphic communication between New York and Boston, and nothing of financial interest save the quotations came over from Wall street. All that developed was weakness, unexplained save inferentially by the prevailing dullness and the fact that loss of telegraphic facilities of itself makes for depression.

Trading in the Boston market was quiet. Mexican Central reflected some foreign selling, it was thought, and bears also sold, claiming that the retiring of the priority 5s has been discounted.

The New York Market.

Atchison	29¼	Nor. Pac. pref.	69⅞
Central Pacific	30	Oregon Imp.	23⅝
Chi & Northwest	105¼	Oregon Navi	77
Del Lack & West	135¼	Pacific Mail	33
Del & Hudson	131⅛	Reading	32⅝
Illinois Central	98	Texas Pacific	14⅝
Lake Shore	106⅞	Union Pacific	43⅝
Missouri Pacific	63⅛	Wabash St. L. & P.	9⅝
N. J. Central	111⅛	do pref.	18⅝
N. Y. Central	106⅜	Wheel & Lake Erie	69
Northern Pacific	25⅝	Western Union	78¼

The Boston Market.

Aspinwall Land	2	Fitchburg pref.	85
Fremn's Bay Land	6⅛	Flint & Pere Mar.	....
Newport Land	2½	Maine Central	....
West End Land	22	Mexican Central	23
Atchison	29¼	N Y & N E	37⅛
Atlantic & Pacific	....	do pref.	....
Boston & Lowell	179	Old Colony	184
Boston & Maine	203⅝	Union Pacific	42¼
Boston & Prov.	....	Wisconsin Central	21
Chicago, B & Q	87⅞	American Bell Tel.	203⅝
Central Mass.	19½	Mexican	75
do pref.	39½	Erie Tel.	49
Eastern	....	New England Tel.	53

NEW BAKERY

JUST OPENED,

—IN—

Adams Building, cor. Temple and Hancock Sts.

The public are informed that I have opened a Bakery in the Adams Building, where will be kept a full line of

Bread, Cake, Pastry.

TRY OUR ANGEL CAKE.

Plain and Fancy Crackers. All kinds of Confectionery.

HOT BREAD AND ROLLS EVERY AFTERNOON.

WEDDING CAKE A SPECIALTY.

W. A. HODGES,

PROPRIETOR.

Jan. 17. 2w

A Full Assortment

—OF—

Dried Fruits, Apricots, Peaches, Prunes,

Evaporated Apples, &c.

WE ALSO HAVE IN STOCK A VARIETY OF

PICKLES, PRESERVES AND KETCHUPS.

A LARGE STOCK OF

Fancy and Common Crackers at very Low Prices.

The only agents for Keene Creamery Butter. In 1-2 lb. Prints and 5 and 10 lb. Tubs. Fresh every Week.

Doble's Hot Rolls and Bread every Afternoon. Try them if you want the best.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

FLANDERS' TONIC

Tones up the Stomach. Makes the Brain Active

Purify your Blood with Flanders' Tonic. That Tired Feeling will be Unknown to those who use it.

A Boon to Overworked Men and Women!

If your Children are ailing, "no appetite," languid and without Strength, Flanders' Tonic will build them up.

TRY IT! TAKE NO OTHER!

WONDERFUL IN ITS MAKE-UP!

A Combination of Malt Calisaya and Hypophosphites. Tonic and Stimulant.

☞Guaranteed by all Druggists.

$1.00. Six Bottles for $5.00.

FLANDERS' MANDRAKE PILLS beats them all. Price 25 Cents.

Physicians endorse it. Ask your druggist for it; if he cannot supply you, send direct to us. We prepay express charges upon receipt of price. Made only by

Flanders' Tonic Co., Woburn, Mass., U. S. A.

IS BUSINESS DULL WITH YOU?

ADVERTISING IS AN ANTIDOTE FOR DULLNESS.

•TRY•IT•

AND SEE YOUR STORE FILL WITH CUSTOMERS.

KERY

ED,

nd Hancock Sts.

I have opened a
where will be kept

Pastry.

CAKE.

ds of Confectionery.

ERY AFTERNOON.

CIALTY.

GES,

R. 2w

ortment

aches, Prunes,

bles, &c.

ARIETY OF

ND KETCHUPS.

OF

t very Low Prices.

Keene Creamery
nd 5 and 10 lb.

read every After-
the best.

uilding, Quincy.

TONIC

s the Brain Active

hat Tired Feeling will be
use it.

n and Women !

" languid and without
uild them up.

NO OTHER !

k Callsaya and Hypophosphites.
and Stimulant.

l by all Druggists. $1

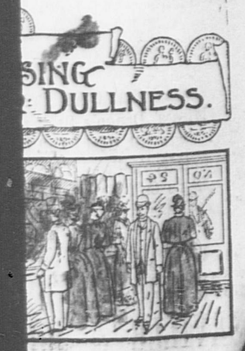
Six Bottles for $5.00.

ANDRAKE PILLS beats
5 Cents.

Ask your druggist for it; if he
direct to us. We prepay express
rice. Made only by

Mass., U. S. A.

BUSINESS
DULL
IT YOU?



BOYS

OF QUINCY.

ATTENTION !

WILLIAMS,

THE

JEWELER,

Will give a Fine Silver Waltham Watch to the boy bringing the greatest number of LEDGER COUPONS to his store before March 1st.

This Watch is

No Waterbury Humbug;

It is one of the Genuine

American Waltham Watch Co.'s

Make, and is Warranted to give perfect satisfaction. It is now on exhibition in his Show Window, and may be inspected by anyone.

Now Boys, get a gait on you, and hustle for it !

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 27.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1641—John Wheelwright's land exchanged at Mount Wollaston.

World Wide.

1534—Verrazani first touched the American continent near the mouth of Cape Fear river, N. C.
1606—Trial of the conspirators in the Guy Fawkes gunpowder plot; sentenced to be hanged, drawn and quartered.
1621—Birth of Dr. Thomas Willis, anatomical and philosophical writer; died 1675.
1699—Death of Sir William Temple, statesman and writer; born 1628.
1733—Death of Thomas Woolston, theological writer; born 1669.
1816—Death of Samuel Hood, admiral; born 1724.
1823—Death of Dr. C. Hutton, mathematician; born 1737.
1832—Death of Rev. Dr. Andrew Bell, originator of the Madras system of juvenile education.
1851—Steamer John Adams sunk in Ohio river; 123 lives lost.
1851—Death of John James Audubon, naturalist; born 1782.
1859—Prince Frederick William, son of the princess royal of England, born.
1876—Death of Frederic Lemaitre, actor, aged 77.
1883—Steamer Agnes Jack wrecked near Swansea, Wales; 12 lost.

Read's Board and Lodging.

Many years ago, before Mr. Opie P. Read had earned fame as the editor of The Arkansaw Traveler and as the author of several successful novels, he and another impecunious printer were engaged in the publication of a weakly weekly at a little town in Arkansas. They managed to live through the summer by sleeping in their office and by swapping yearly subscriptions and elaborate puffs for farm produce and patent medicines. But when winter came and they could not afford the extravagance of an all night fire, the question of lodgings became a seriously important one. For a time it looked as if the paper would have to be discontinued, while the editors tramped to a more congenial clime. But at last the genius of Read came to the rescue.

There was a freight train going down the road, passing through that town at 9.07 p. m., and there was a passenger train going up the road, passing at 8:15 a. m. In those days, long before Senator Cullom conceived the idea of the interstate commerce law, with its clause cutting off free transportation, editors could get railroad passes to their hearts' content. So Mr. Read and his partner, equipped with annual passes, good between all stations, slept in the warm caboose of the freight train until they met the passenger train, and then came back home. This they did every night during the entire winter, "and," says Mr. Read significantly, "the trainmen often had more in their dinner pails than they could eat."—Analostan Magazine.

Lamb and the Burglar.

Lamb was awakened early one Christmas morning by a noise in his kitchen, and on going down to that apartment found a burglar doing his spoons up in a bundle.

"Why d-do you s-s-st-teal?" he asked.

"Because I am starving," returned the housebreaker sullenly.

"Are y-you re-re-ally ver-very h-h-hungry-hung-gug-gery-hungry?" asked Lamb.

"Very," replied the burglar, turning away.

"Pup-pup-poor fuf-fuf-fellow!" said the essayist, "h-here's a l-l-leg of L-L-Lamb for y-you!"

And so saying, with a dexterous movement of his right leg he ejected the marauder into the street, and locking the door securely went back to bed. The burglar confessed afterward that he didn't see the joke for six weeks.—Harper's Magazine.

A Warm Finale.

Good old Uncle Henry and 4-year-old Tom, his nephew, were in conference. Asked how he put in his time the small boy began with breakfast, hurried over play time to dinner, then through more play to supper, and then paused in doubt.

"Well, Tom, what comes after supper?" asked his uncle.

The boys big eyes looked fixedly into space, but his lips never moved.

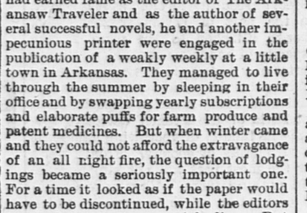
"Surely something comes after supper?" the elder repeated.

"Y-e-e-s," said Tom with a reluctant effort.

"Well, what is it?"

"I get whipped mostly."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

A Matter of Common Decency.



"There, my good man, there's a plateful of victuals, but I should think a great, big, strong fellow like you would be ashamed to beg!"

"So I am ashamed, but what am I to do? I must either beg or work!"—Life.

Caught.

"Dr. Smith, who has just left our city, told me that I was really seriously ill."

New Doctor—Oh, my dear sir, you must not place any reliance on anything that that man says. I assure you he is not to be trusted.

"But it was he who recommended you to me."—Fliegende Blatter.

Getting it Straight.

Cultured Barber (turning from suffering patron in chair)—Say, boy, where's that other razor?

Boy—I seen a razor——

Cultured Barber—Don't say "I seen." Say I saw——

Patron—With a razor—Street & Smith's Good News.

A Matter of No Wonder.

"Miss Chantilly has a great habit of dropping her voice during conversation," said one member of the choir to another.

"Yes; but any one who has heard her voice can't wonder that she feels like dropping it."—Washington Post.

THE DEADLOCK UNBROKEN.

No Signs of a Compromise Between Members of Connecticut's Legislature.

HARTFORD, Jan. 27.—Several of the Democratic leaders, including two of the Democratic state officials, held a long secret conference at the capitol yesterday. The report was generally credited that the Republicans had proposed to break the deadlock by seating all the Democratic officials below governor, providing the Democrats would assent to the seating of the gubernatorial candidate.

The gentlemen who attended the conference, when questioned after the adjournment as to the nature of the proceedings, were very reticent. They insisted, however, that no proposition for a deal, as reported, would for a moment be considered by the Democratic party.

Governor Bulkeley denied the report that he contemplated adjourning the general assembly sine die unless the deadlock was broken and regular business entered upon during the present week.

DYNAMITE SCARE EXPLODED.

No Truth in the Story That London Has Become Seriously Alarmed.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—Henry Matthews, the home secretary, was asked if there was any foundation for the sensational report sent to the United States by a cable agency stating that there was a dynamite scare among the authorities here owing to information received from their agents in America. The cable report also stated that the detectives swarmed in Queenstown, Liverpool, Southampton and other ports, that the police guards had been increased around the public buildings and that the authorities were considering the advisability of a closer examination of the baggage of passengers arriving in England from the continent and from the United States. Mr. Matthews authorized the denial that the government had heard anything about the matters referred to.

AFTER COMMISSIONER MORGAN.

Fr. Crafts Has a Charge to Make and Doesn't Intend to Withdraw It.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—In a letter to Gen. O'Beirne of the barge office, Fr. Francis M. J. Crafts, the missionary who was shot in the lung at the battle of Wounded Knee says:

"Morgan (commissioner of Indian affairs) writes me to prove his 'blunders and cruelties' or withdraw the charge. I disdain to give these articles personal notice. Morgan probably intends to make things unpleasant for me as a missionary. He will find his hands full."

Fr. Crafts suggests a searching investigation of Indian bureau and agency records and methods, to be conducted by persons free from bureau influence and also by representatives of the press.

New Election Necessary.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 27.—The legislative committee appointed by Governor Davis to recount the vote for congressmen has finished its labors. In the district in which the ballots were cast, the Second, 804 defective ballot sheets were found, 55 with a mark at the left, 27 with a single mark instead of a cross, 339 with two or more marks, 383 blank. Page, (Dem.), has 8329; Arnold, (Rep.), 8256; Tripp, (Pro.), 852; defective, 804. By the recount Page loses 12 votes, Arnold 59 and Tripp 203. As it does not give Page a majority, a new election will be ordered.

Jay Gould Brought to Terms.

OMAHA, Jan. 27.—Jay Gould has granted the petition of the Board of Trade of Salt Lake City that the Union Pacific system accept the terms of the Transcontinental association of 1890. The new tariff will be, in effect, 40 per cent. less than now and will apply on freight and passenger rates from the Missouri to points in Utah. It is said that Gould's concession was promoted by the knowledge that a concerted boycott would be instituted against his interests in the event of his refusal.

Senator Cameron's Explanation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—In the silver pool investigation, Senator Cameron testified that he bought silver on margin in the early part of June, before the silver bill had been passed by the senate, and disposed of it before the bill became a law. He had no knowledge of any other senator, representative or official of the government having any interest in the purchase of silver.

From the Larynx to the Nose.

VIENNA, Jan. 27.—Professor Schnitzler exhibited a patient suffering from tuberculosis of the larynx who had been treated with Koch's lymph with singular result. The patient's condition had improved under the treatment, but shortly after improvement was noted tubercular swellings had developed on his nose which reached an unprecedented size.

Looking for Dynamiters.

GLASGOW, Jan. 27.—The police and scores of private detectives are busily at work hunting for the rascals who attempted to blow up the gas works here about ten days ago. The detectives are still stimulated in their efforts by a reward of $5000, which has been offered for the detection of the offenders.

Violated the Election Law.

NEW BEDFORD, Jan. 27.—William J. Baldwin, who was arrested for having an official ballot in his possession outside of the voting enclosure, and was fined $300, withdrew his appeal from his sentence and the judgment was affirmed. Unless the fine is paid Baldwin will have to serve three months.

Pleads Not Guilty.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., Jan. 27.—Jonathan B. Davis, accused of the murder of Eva M. Holden of Amherst last September, was arraigned and pleaded not guilty. T. G. Spaulding of this city and F. A. Paige of Amherst were assigned as counsel, but no date was fixed for trial.

Plaintiff Gets $20 Damages.

BIDDEFORD, Me., Jan. 27.— he contents of the sealed verdict rendered by the jury in the false imprisonment suit of Deputy Sheriff Small vs. City Marshal Tarbox was read in court and awards $20 damages to the plaintiff. Most of the costs of the trial will fall to the plaintiff.

West Virginia's Threat.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 27.—The legislature, after an acrimonious discussion, passed, by a vote of 40 to 20, a resolution that in case of the passage of the federal election bill the state will make no World's fair appropriation.

Germany Reaching Out.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—A dispatch from Rangoon says: It is reported here and in Penang that Germany is seeking from Siam the cession of a port and territory on the Malay peninsula, including Junkseylon.

Awful Work of an Avalanche.

ROME, Jan. 27.—An avalanche at Floresta destroyed eleven houses and killed nineteen persons.

BY ONE MAJORITY.

The Senate Votes to Lay Aside The Election Bill.

SURPRISE TO ITS CHAMPIONS.

Democrats Helped Out by Six Republicans—Declaration of Last Tuesday's Senate Journal Stricken Out Without Debate—House Passes the Naval Appropriation Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The motion to lay aside the election bill came yesterday, as it did three weeks ago, from a Republican senator, and it was made in the same way. The motion came three weeks ago from Mr. Stewart of Nevada, who has sat in the senate while other election bills have been tried and failed. It came yesterday from Wolcott.

Senator Morgan of Alabama was making a speech in opposition to the cloture rule, when about 1:20 Senator Walcott asked him if he would yield the floor for a motion to take up the apportionment bill. Senator Morgan replied that he would do so, and that, while he was at a very interesting point of his speech, he trusted he would never have the opportunity to resume it.

Senator Wolcott then moved that the senate proceed to the consideration of house bill 12,500, with senate amendment. Senator Dolph of Oregon was quickly on his feet to move that this motion be laid upon the table.

The roll call began amidst intense excitement on both sides. Senators on both sides closely watched the list, knowing that a single vote was likely to turn the scales. When the name of Senator Cameron was called and he followed the Democrats in voting no, the Republican managers realized that the ground was giving way under their feet, but they still closely watched the roll, in the hope that Senator Stanford or Senator Washburn might be with them. They knew that the two senators from Colorado and the two from Nevada were past hopes, and that Senator Ingalls was paired against the election bill and against cloture in every form. Senator Stanford did not answer to his name, but Senator Washburn voted with the Democrats.

With several members on either side unrecorded it was difficult to tell how the case stood. Vice President Morton was hurriedly sent for, to be ready

To Give a Casting Vote

for Senator Dolph's motion if the vote was a tie.

Senator Aldrich was the leader on the Republican side, and bravely stood his ground, trying to save his party from defeat. He hurried about the chamber, arranging pairs so that not a single Republican vote should be lost.

Senator Stewart asked to have the vote of Senator Stanford counted with the opponents of the cloture rule by a pair with a fellow Republican so that Senator Daniell, with whom Stanford was paired, could vote with the Democrats.

Senator Aldrich objected to this with much earnestness. He stated that Senator Stanford had repeatedly assured him that he was in favor of the cloture rule, and in view of his absence he thought it would be unfair to pair him against his party.

Senator Daniell accepted the view of Senator Aldrich, transferred his pair to Senator Squire of Washington and refrained from voting.

The result of the vote was 34 to lay on the table the motion of Senator Wolcott, and 35 against it. The galleries broke into applause.

The roll call began on the motion of Senator Wolcott to take up the appropriation bill, and resulted in the same way as the one just taken. The Democrats and six Republicans voted in the affirmative, and carried their point by one majority.

The apportionment bill was laid before the senate, and the monotonous reading began amid a hum of voices all over the chamber and in the galleries.

Senator Blair's Joke.

Senator Blair rose when the last vote was announced and, with seeming warmth of feeling, exclaimed that when a man is down that is the time for him to get up again, and this was the time to take up and pass the educational bill. A shout of laughter greeted this sally from both sides, and Senator Cockrell was several times obliged to ask for order in the chamber.

The Republicans seemed to have lost heart, and they made no opposition to a motion to lay aside the apportionment bill until to-day and proceed with miscellaneous business. Senator Gorman won the greatest personal triumph of the fight by carrying out to the letter his prediction of the other day that the journal of the senate would be amended to correct the declaration of last Tuesday—that the motion to take up the cloture rule was declared carried in the affirmative. The Republican senators had so lost heart that they did not even debate the proposed correction, but allowed it to be made by unanimous consent.

A Complete Surprise.

Senator Aldrich and the other Republican senators were completely surprised by the action of the senate in laying aside the cloture resolution for the apportionment bill. At least one Republican senator in the city was told that he might safely leave the capital to attend to other business. Senator Stanford is, however, the only Republican senator recorded as absent and unpaired. His vote would have defeated Senator Wolcott's motion to take up the apportionment bill. The result would have been the same had he arranged a pair with a Democratic senator. The future course of events, according to Mr. Aldrich, will depend largely upon Senator Stanford.

In the House.

After a long struggle the house journal of Saturday was approved—yeas, 141; nays 107. The house then went into committee on the naval appropriation bill. When the committee rose the bill was passed and the house adjourned.

Electrocution for Smiler.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—Wife murderer Harris A. Smiler was sentenced to be electrocuted in August, 1890. His counsel secured a stay, and the case came up again yestered, when Smiler was resentenced to die the week beginning March 4.

Ohio Miners Want Eight Hours.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 27.—The Ohio miners, in convention here, adopted unanimously a resolution favoring enforcing the eight-hour system after May 1 next.

SOLDIERS RUN AMUCK.

They Attack and Wound Civilians and are Put Under Arrest.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—The Port of Weymouth was the scene of a disgraceful outbreak last night upon the part of a number of soldiers belonging to the artillery quarters there. During the course of the evening, it appears, a number of artillerymen became involved in a fight with civilians. The disturbance attracted a crowd of citizens and also brought reinforcements to the soldiers. Finally the fight between the civilians and the artillerymen became general and the soldiers, to the number of about seventy or eighty, drew their swords and bayonets and charged through the crowd and down the street, slashing and prodding anybody in their way.

The civilians, panic stricken, fled in all directions, leaving a number of their wounded upon the ground. When the news of the affair reached the officers in charge of the artillerymen they ordered the buglers to call the men back to their barracks. Though the riotous artillerymen heard the command they refused to obey, and for hours spread terror throughout the portions of Weymouth frequented by the military. Eventually the soldiers sobered down and straggled back to their quarters, where they were promptly arrested. All the rioters are to be tried by court marshal and may have to answer to the civil authorities.

A FATHER'S AFFECTION.

Poor Old Mr. Kelly Pleads for the Erring Son Who Shot Him.

BOSTON, Jan. 27.—Young Kelly, who shot his father in Roxbury Sunday, has been held in $500 for trial in the superior court. He asserted that the shooting was accidental, and that there had been no angry words between him and his father. The father, a feeble man of 70, was in court. He was suffering from the wound which he had received, but pretended that it was a trifling affair. He sustained his son in his declaration that there was no malice in the act, though acknowledging that he had been reprimanding the young man for his loose conduct. He wanted to go bail for him, but as he was a witness that was not permitted.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Mr. Bradlaugh is rapidly improving.

Dispatches from the continent show that the floods are general.

The Hamburg distillery at Pekin, Ills., was burned. Loss $105,000.

A shark was taken at Santa Cruz, Cal., whose liver yielded six barrels of oil.

A large deposit of mineral paint has been discovered in Pinal county, Ari.

Senator Hearst is better, the symptoms of blood poisoning having disappeared.

Three women publicly whipped a lawyer at Detroit for alleged shyster work.

Chilian rebels bombarded Coronel, a number of persons being killed and injured.

A collector of idols who died in San Francisco had a collection of 500 little deities.

A farmer in Jefferson, Ia., has a strong flowing gas well where he expected to get water.

No Heligolander under 16 years of age is allowed to go to a public house, dancing saloon or theatre.

There are more contradictory reports about the outcome of the Boulogne conferences of Irish leaders.

Ice gorges along the Mohawk and tributary streams have inundated a number of villages in central New York.

The Alliance members of the Kansas house proposes to increase their strength by unseating two Republicans.

The explorer Catat gives the most favorable reports as to the prospectus of French enterprise in Madagascar.

A prolonged and desperate struggle over the wage question seems imminent in the Pennsylvania coal regions.

Leading physicians at Albany deny the sensational story to the effect that an epidemic of typhoid fever is prevalent here.

Miss Agnes Schuessler, a dressmaker, has recovered $10,000 damages from a New York grocery man for a breach of promise.

Walt Whitman writes to a New York acquaintance: "Am having an extra bad spell these days. May blow over—may not."

An attachment has been issued by a Montreal house against William Stevenson, foundryman of Petrolia, Out. His liabilities exceed $60,000.

The Democratic majority in the Indiana legislature is taking measures to withhold the World's fair appropriation if the Lodge federal election bill passes.

There is a report in London to the effect that Lord Wolseley has been temporarily taken from his command of the Irish forces and is to be sent to Canada.

A railway carriage took fire between Meizyn and Kruta, Russia, and was completely destroyed. One person was killed and four others were terribly burned.

Advices from Zanzibar state that the Portuguese on that river are rigorously boycotting the British, and do not permit the natives to sell even the necessaries of life to English vessels.

A ton of contraband opium is stored in the custom house at Port Townsend, Wash. It was seized from smugglers who operated between that place and Victoria, B. C. The market value is $35,000.

The Belgian court has gone into mourning for Prince Baudouin for three months. It is stated that the real cause of the prince's death was internal variola, a new form of disease observed in Brussels lately.

The number of national banks in the south is 590, with an aggregate capital of $90,763,705, an increase during the last year of 104 banks and $10,935,000 in capital. Only two southern national banks failed during the year 1890.

Miss K. T. Mumford of Detroit, at one time George Bancroft's amanuensis, says that the historian, though deluged with letters and telegrams of congratulation on every birthday, scrupulously replied to every solitary one by letter.

The Swiss workmens' congress has passed a resolution affirming the necessity of making ten hours work the limit of a regular working day. The congress also resolved that Swiss workmen should observe May 11 as a "Labor day" holiday.

A Columbian memorial, designed by J. Allen Whyte of Chicago for the exposition, would have a star-shaped building surmounted by a dome 400 feet high, and that in turn surmounted by a tower whose top should be 492 feet from the base.

Archbishop Croke accompanies his subscription to a fund for the family of the Protestant rector with a scathing letter in which he reproaches Mr. Parnell for doubting Catholic treatment of Protestants after himself receiving a testimonial of £40,000 from them.

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another instalment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list concludes all whose surname begins with "T."

WARD ONE.

To Whom Taxed.	Value.	Tax.
Totman, Mrs. Mactell. House on Elm street,	$1,000	
Land, 11,646 feet,	950	$26 52
Trainor, William. Stock in trade,	200	
Land, 1 acre,	200	8 16
Tuckerman, George W. Stock in trade,	100	
Shop on Washington street,	300	5 44
Tuckerman, Mrs. Sarah H. House at Houghs Neck,	800	
Stable,	100	
Land, one-fourth acre,	700	21 76
Tupper, Harriet A. Horse and carriage,	250	
House on Spear street,	1,800	
Stable,	300	
Land, 16,467 feet,	2,150	61 20
Turner, Edward. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	4,000	
Billiard table,	150	
House on Canal street,	4,500	
Stable,	2,500	
Land, 59,855 feet,	4,200	210 76
Turner, Peter B. Money,	350	
Yacht and vessels,	400	
House on Faxon place,	2,500	
House on Faxon place,	1,500	
Shop,	100	
Land, 30,940 feet,	4,600	147 52
Tyler, Mrs. Ellen. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	2,000	27 20
Tyler, William R. Money, stocks, bonds and income,	3,000	42 80

WARD TWO.

Torricilli, Alfred H. House on Silver street,	2,800	
Stable,	100	
Land, 22,780 feet,	875	53 34
Totman, Lucy O. Horse and carriage,	100	
House on Chubbuck street,	1,100	
Barn,	50	
Land, 68,199 feet,	1,000	30 60
Tower, Mrs. Margaret M. House on Howard street,	1,000	
Stable,	200	
Land, 71,000 feet,	800	27 20

WARD THREE.

Townsend, Robert E. Forty-five cows,	1,350	
Seven horses,	1,000	
Carriages,	300	38 04
Trepanier, Joseph. House on Water street,	700	
Land, 11,420 feet,	550	19 00
Tucker, Mrs. Addie. Horse,	50	68
Tucker, Philip. Horse,	100	
House on Jackson street,	900	
Land, one-fourth acre,	700	25 12
Tucker, John. House on Liberty street,	1,100	
Land, 8,830 feet,	550	24 44
Turner, William. House on Clark avenue,	1,200	
Land, 6,500 feet,	300	22 40
Turner & Moore. Stock in trade,	1,000	
Derrick,	100	
Sheds,	200	17 68

WARD FOUR.

Tobie, Mrs. Ellen. House on Station street,	1,200	
Land, 5,400 feet,	150	18 36
Totman, Gridley, heirs of. Woodland, 3 acres,	150	2 04
Townsend, Rueben O. House on Common street,	1,200	
Land, one-fourth acre,	400	23 76
Townsend & Clements. Stock in trade,	3,500	
Machinery,	1,400	
Derricks,	800	
Sheds and quarry,	100	
Land, 15 acres,	7,000	
Sheds on Willard street,	150	
Land, 13,383 feet,	800	
House off Quarry street,	300	
Land, one-fourth acre,	100	
Drug store,	200	195 16
Trainor, John. House on Rail street,	1,400	
Land, 11,680 feet,	500	
House off Rail street,	1,100	
" "	700	
Stable,	100	
Land, 8 acres,	3,200	97 20
Trask, Edward V. Horse,	100	
House on West street,	1,000	
Land, 1 51-100 acres,	900	
House on Willard street,	2,200	
Land, 5 acres,	2,500	
Woodland, one-half acre,	25	
Woodland, 5 1-2 acres,	175	95 84
Trask, Mrs. Theodore. House on West street,	400	
Stable,	100	
Land, 39,680 feet,	1,200	23 12
Traverse, Thomas. House on Common street,	1,100	
Land, one-fourth acre,	400	22 40
Travis, Michael. House on Bates avenue,	1,650	
Land, one-fourth acre,	400	29 88
Tutten, John. House on Town hill,	1,200	
Building,	50	
Land, 12,951 feet,	500	25 80
Tutten & Kane. Stock in trade,	400	
Derrick,	75	6 46

WARD FIVE.

Totman, George B. House on Highland avenue,	2,200	
Land, 6,847 feet,	400	37 36
Trafton, Mark. House on Beale street,	2,200	
Land, 13,958 feet,	850	41 48
Tribou, Juliette. House on Weston street,	1,600	
Land, 6,000 feet,	300	25 84
Tucker, Charles W. Stock in trade,	1,000	
Fixtures,	500	22 40
Tucker, Sarah J. Land in section 5, 8,437 feet,	350	4 76
Tuckerman, W. I. Money and income,	500	
House on Grand View avenue,	2,700	
Stable,	600	
Land, 11,340 feet,	1,000	67 28
Tupper, Adelaide. Land in section 3, 9,413 feet,	450	6 12

WARD SIX.

NEW DRESS

GINGHAMS

SPRING STYLES,

Striped and Plaided.

ALSO NEW DIAGONAL

PLAID PERCALES,

ALL

12 1-2c. per Yard,

AT

Miss C. S. Hubbard's,

158 Hancock St., Quincy.

BUSSELL'S

Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

MONEY TO LOAN

ON First Mortgages at the lowest rates of Interest.

GEO. H. BROWN & CO.,

Adams Building, Quincy.

Jan. 23—tf,p&l

WANTED.

WANTED,—A strong willing girl for general housework. Swede preferred. Apply at 41 Hancock street.
Jan. 24. tf

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

TO LET.

TO LET,—Furnished rooms, with or without board, at 44 CHESTNUT STREET. Quincy, Jan. 17.—9t

TO LET.—Very desirable property in South Quincy. House contains 11 rooms, city water and furnace; stable attached with accommodation for 6 horses. Five acres of land, cuts 7 tons hay. Plenty of fruit, etc. A sightly location, near Electric cars and railroad station. Will lease for term of years to right party.
Enquire of B. N. ADAMS, Real Estate, Quincy. Jan. 13—pl tf

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.
Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms.
Apply to HENRY H. FAXON.
Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—One good new Milch Cow and Calf. L. E. WEYMOUTH, Glover avenue, Atlantic, Mass. Jan. 17—9t

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms To Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree
Geo. H. Hunt,	East Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 27.

High water at 1.00 A. M. and 12.45 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.03; Sets at 4.52.
Moon rises 7.27 P. M.
Last quarter Feb. 1, 11.42 P. M.

Is the Committee of the Council on Legislative matter to favor or oppose the order pending in the Legislature, allowing cities to levy assessments on abutters for street sprinkling? The hearing will be given on Thursday, and it would seem as if the Council should have instructed its committee to whom it referred the matter.

THE Committees of the Council have been appointed, but as there are three vacancies in the Council there are vacancies in many of the committees. There is one vacancy on the Finance Committee, which will probably be filled by Mr. Wilde, if elected; Councilman Morton is now the only old member on that important committee. The Street Committee is full, and has two old members, of whom Councilman Jones is chairman. The Committee on Public Buildings is composed entirely of new members, with a contractor and builder as chairman. The Sewer Committee has more old members than any other, five of the six, and there may be another when the vacancy is filled. Councilman Bass is the only ex-Councilman on the Fire Department Committee, and he is chairman. The Health Committee has but two members, both new Councilmen. The Legislative Committee has two new Councilmen and one of last year's Council as chairman. The old members are well favored in the chairmanships. Many of the members of the committees evidently know very little now of such matters as will come to them.

For the Ledger.

Prohibition a Success.

That shrewd philosopher, Josh Billings, once remarked that it was "a good deal better not to know so much than to know so many things that ain't so."

This remark comes to my mind as I look back over the past ten years. In 1881, when the town instructed the Selectmen to appoint the undersigned to enforce the laws relating to the sale of intoxicating liquors, many officials and their convivial friends declared that prohibition was a failure and could not be maintained. They also argued that even an attempt to enforce the law would drive business men out of town and send shoppers elsewhere to buy their goods. Let us see what the facts are.

Nobody will deny that there can be no fairer or more accurate index of the prosperity of a town than the condition of its savings bank. The subjoined table tells its own significant story of the progress of this community in a material way:

MONEY ON DEPOSIT IN QUINCY SAVINGS BANK.

April 1, 1881,	$1,034,392
" " 1882,	1,053,225
" " 1883,	1,046,856
" " 1884,	1,108,631
" " 1885,	1,124,676
" " 1886,	1,187,289
" " 1887,	1,251,097
" " 1888,	1,337,779
" " 1889,	1,413,481
" " 1890,	1,528,505
Oct. 1, 1890,	1,606,564

Added to the above is the fact that there have been two co-operative banks organized. The oldest of these is that at Wollaston, which was started on April 16, 1889. Its treasurer writes me that on Jan. 1, 1891, the institution had 257 members or depositors, and that the amount put in, aside from the profits, was $25,915.

The Quincy Co-operative Bank began business on May 7, 1889. At the beginning of this year (1891) it had 269 members, and its deposits aggregated $19,230.

But this is not all. During the last ten years the population has increased from 10,570 to 16,711, a gain of fifty-eight per cent. The number of houses erected in 1881 was twenty-four; in 1889, 163, and in ten years 1,013. The valuation in 1880 was $7,528,096; in 1890, $13,677,410, a gain eighty-two per cent. In the year ending April 30, 1882, there were forty-two licenses granted under a town government; today, under city control, no license is granted, even to druggists. The District Court record shows that in one year, in Randolph, under license, with a population of 3,807, there were 143 drunks reported by the police, while in Quincy, then more than three times as large, the number of similar offenders for the same period of time was fifty-five.

Surely no further evidence will be asked for by anybody with which to confound the "false prophets" who once resided in Quincy. The old cry "Prohibition cannot be enforced," has ceased. Kitchen grogshops are nuisances of the past, and pocket peddlers of the "ardent" have been compelled to seek more congenial climes.

No one will deny that during the past ten years Quincy has been rapidly and steadily growing in wealth, in population and in everything which makes a town or a city a more desirable place of residence.

And a large part of this very desirable state of things, let it be understood, is due to prohibition—enforced.

HENRY H. FAXON.
Quincy, Jan. 26, 1891.

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

Mr. and Mrs. B. J. Weeks are registered at the Robertson house.

A dancing party for married people only is on the tapis at South Quincy.

Mr. John Leslie has returned to this city from his visit to Aberdeen, Scotland.

The rooster on the spire of the Wollaston Unitarian church is to be taken down.

West Quincy people are much pleased with the relocation of the electric lights.

The Harmony Whist Club met with Stephen O. Moxon, of Atlantic, Monday evening.

Miss Lillian V. Nash of Rockland, Me., is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. B. Smith on Granite street.

Dr. J. M. Sheahan received a professional call to Lawrence, Monday, from one of the parties injured in the Quincy accident.

Is there a dark horse at West Quincy? F. E. Kimball has sold over 900 LEDGERS within the last ten days.

A social will be held at Doble's hall, on Thursday evening, under the management of Mr. John Westland. William Wilson will furnish music.

The newly elected officers of Amethyst lodge, of the Order of Solid Rock were installed Monday evening by Supreme Judge, Charles L. Abbott.

A petition is being circulated at the polls in Ward Five today for the extension of free postal delivery to Wollaston. It is being signed generally.

It is hoped that the new street railway superintendent will give the people better service and try and run the cars somewhere near the advertised hour.

The new superintendent of the Quincy and Boston Street Railway, Mr. Benjamin J. Week of Newport, assumed the management of the road Monday.

West Quincy people are discussing the feasibility of a national bank, also of annexing East Milton and being set off as a separate town. Well, well!

The storm of Sunday has caused work to be suspended in the quarries at West Quincy, and several of the granite cutting yards are unable to continue work on account of not having stock.

Much complaint is heard at South Quincy of the gang of young toughs who hold down the sidewalks Sundays, and insult people who are passing by, using profane language and throwing snow balls.

This morning one of the electrics mounted the platform at the Quincy depot. The motorman putting on the power when he intended to shut it off. No one was in the car and therefore no one was hurt.

Messrs. French, Porter and Leavitt of the committee on petitions of the Grand encampment I. O. O. F., met some sixty-five of the Royal Purple and Scarlet members who are interested in forming an encampment in this city, Monday evening. The committee heard the petitioners and left for Boston on an early train. What their decision will be, is not known, but from their conversation it will probably be favorable. After the committee had departed a collation was served.

The bricklayers and plasterers of the East Norfolk district met in this city Monday evening to take the necessary steps to form a branch of bricklayers and plasterers union. The delegates present passed the following vote, which will be forwarded to all the master masons in the district:

"On and after March 2, 1891, we agree not to work with hod-carrier plasterers and wages shall be $3.50 per day of nine hours."

City Hall Notes.

The special election is proceeding quietly.

The Board of Registrars are not in session, but are handy if needed.

The ballots used today are about half the usual length, the law providing that they shall be not more than thirteen inches and one-half nor less than six inches in length.

The new clerk in the Commissioner's office is a stenographer and typewriter.

Now that the walk is near City Hall, there is a necessity for snow guards on the roof to protect pedestrians.

It is a little singular that the late Councilman Spear, and the late Councilman Barker who died in office in 1889, should both have had the same desk in the Council chamber, No. 19.

People are still in suspense over the appointment of the heads of departments, which cannot be made public now until the next meeting, Feb. 2.

The proper food for her infant is a subject of the highest importance to a mother who cannot nurse her child. Mellin's Food is a perfect substitute for mother's milk, and is highly recommended by the most prominent physicians of both Europe and America.

NOTICE.

THERE will be a meeting of the Old Hook Club at the house of Member No. 1, on Tuesday Evening, Jan. 27, 1891.
Per order, CHAS. H. FARRELL, Sec.
Jan. 27. 1t

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

DARK HORSES.

[Continued from First Page.]

Miss Bartlett's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 24.

Alex. Smith,	202
William Giles	40
John Jolly,	32

Miss Freeman's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 24.

Charles Carter,	850

H. Coram's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 24.

Willie Williams,	269
Dan Shea,	205
Robert Hayes,	204
Dan Reardon,	171
Charlie McCue,	105
Eddie Kane,	99
John Riley,	91
Dan McDevitt,	55
John Bean,	54
John Menahan,	53
Frank Reinhalter,	44
Joseph Kelley,	33
Arthur LaClare,	31
C. Marchmont,	17
Harry Rodman,	16
Robert Foy,	15
—— Cochran,	11
John Bolanger,	9
John Dillion,	8
A. Marchmont,	8
Bennie Driscoll,	6
James McCue,	4
W. Moir,	2

LOST.

LOST,—A Street Horse-blanket, either on Chestnut or South streets, in going to Quincy Neck. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at Nash's Restaurant, Quincy.
Jan. 26. 2t

WANTED.

WANTED,—By a gentleman and lady, board in a private family, where the house is heated by furnace or steam. Address "B. J. W.," LEDGER OFFICE.
Quincy, Jan. 26. 4t

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately.
Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.
Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

PLANT FOOD

FOR SALE AT

FRANK F. CRANE'S.

Quincy, Jan. 10. tf

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING, QUINCY AVENUE.

Nov. 13. 3 mos

WEYMOUTH.

The East Weymouth Reform Club gave an interesting entertainment Monday evening, the following being the programme: Organ solo, Fannie Sutton; reading, Lydia Stetson; song, Minnie Pfefferkorn; reading, Charles Gumb; song, Edith Inkley; reading, Jennie Blanchard; duett, Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Raymond; dialogue, Henry Mace, Fred Loring, Ruth Gumb, Alice Thompson, Ella Pratt; duett, Ella and Florence Pratt; reading, Carrie Prouty; duett, Ella and Fannie Sutton. This was followed by a drama entitled "Little More Cider," parts being taken by Ada White, Gracie Pratt, Bertie Boodnie, Charles Cram, Willie Deere, Fred Loring, Herbert Prouty and J. K. Bean.

Wompatuck encampment will hold a series of social dances at Odd Fellows' hall, the first of which will take place Wednesday evening, Feb. 4.

The Weymouth and East Braintree Business Club held its annual meeting Monday evening and elected the following officers:

President,—Thomas A. Watson.
Vice Presidents,—Francis Ambler, John W. Hart.
Secretary,—A. W. Blanchard.
Treasurer,—W. H. Clapp and a board of twenty directors.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE CHEAP,—A Double-runner Pung in good repair. Inquire of Dr. Bill at Drug store, corner of Willard street and Bates avenue, West Quincy.
Jan. 27. 1t

RAYMOND'S VACATION EXCURIONS.

All Travelling Expenses Included.

The last party of the season will leave BOSTON FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 20, for a

GRAND EXCURSION

—TO—

WASHINGTON, D. C.

There will be a choice of Sound Line or All-Rail Route between Boston and New York. Five Days will be passed in Washington, with headquarters at Willard's Hotel. A Carriage Ride to the Public Buildings and other places of interest, and a Steamer Trip to Mount Vernon.

Excursions to California, Feb. 3 and 12; March 5 and 10; April 20 (Eleventh Annual Spring Trip); also on same date, Spring Trip to California, the Pacific Northwest and Alaska.

Mexico Excursions, March 10.

Send for descriptive circulars, designating whether book of Washington, California or Mexico Tours is desired.

RAYMOND & WHITCOMB,
296 Washington St. (opp. School St.) BOSTON.
Jan. 24. 3t

Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.
Boston, Nov. 5. tf

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our

Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel.

PRATT & CURTIS,

25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

BEST IN THE MARKET!

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, July 9. tf

ESPIONAGE IN FRANCE.

HOW ONE IS MADE AWARE OF THE REIGN OF THE SPY SYSTEM.

Spies Found in Every Walk of Life in Every Portion of the Big City of Paris. How They Watch and Report the Motions and Words of a Stranger.

The third republic is no freer than were any previous French regimes from this deep taint of what the French call mouchardise. Never before at any period of France's history has the reign of spydom been so widespread and absolute in Paris as now. There has been latterly much discussion in the world's press of the extraordinary degree to which official espionage obtains in Russia, and very interesting details have been forthcoming on the subject. I am now in a position to affirm that in Paris—I do not say throughout the whole of France—the meshes of the detective net are woven even more closely round the entire population than has ever been the case in St. Petersburg. Evidence of this fact might easily be found in the secret history of the Boulangist conspiracy. From first to last every detail of this movement was known to the police, more than three-fourths of the Boulangists themselves being informers.

The instant you arrive at a Paris station you are in the midst of spies. You are driven to a hotel in a cab. In half an hour the cabman will furnish the police with any particulars he may have been able to gather concerning your position, destination, business, etc.

CHARACTER OF THE SPIES.

Arrived at your hotel you become the object of scrutiny, as close as it is secret, on the part of divers persons, who, though attached to the place in the capacity of manager or cashier, or even porter or "boots," are in reality enrolled soldiers of the great detective army. And here I may mention a special characteristic of the French detective system—its faculty of recruiting adherents in all classes of society. French spies for the most part are not simple spies and nothing more. They have a trade or occupation of their own, to which they seem wholly and solely devoted, while yet assiduously pursuing sub rosa their spying.

The unsuspecting stranger in Paris has dinner at his hotel served by a waiter, who, as a matter of course, is in the pay of the police and will subsequently report to them what conversation he overhears during the meal. He then sallies forth for an evening's amusement of the true Parisian sort.

First he repairs to one of the brilliant boulevard playhouses. A few stalls away from him sits a gentlemanly looking man with steady, observant eyes, who glances now and again at our friend in such a way as to make the latter think, "I wonder where I have seen that man before?" He never has seen him before, but it doesn't enter his head for a moment to suspect the man of being what he really is—a police spy.

SPIES EVERYWHERE.

The play over, there is just time for half an hour's stroll under the horse chestnuts in the Jardin de Paris. Here nine-tenths of the attendants are either spies or scamps, or may, indeed, be both at once, for French police authorities are not very squeamish in choosing their instruments, and seem to have a sort of preference for scoundrels over others. Their theory runs that the greater villain a man is the better spy he will make: moreover, the most efficacious means of keeping a man under spy surveillance is to have him become a spy himself, for spies spy upon each other quite as much as on the rest of mankind.

But our foreigner finishes up the evening by turning into the Cafe Americaine for supper, where he has for next door neighbor a young woman, with whom he enters into conversation. She has a sweet smile, which displays two rows of glittering teeth, and puts many questions to him concerning France and the French. Naturally enough, our visitor imagines this is all done out of that bright, easy Gallic politeness he admires so much, for how is he to know that every word he has said in reply will come to the ear of the police not later than the following afternoon?

If our friend be fond of sport he will soon be finding his way to the race courses near the capital, and into the baccarat clubs, with which Paris abounds, and here he will be hourly in contact with police spies in greater number than there are racers on the course or cards in the pack. And so the game goes on in every sphere of Paris life and society.—Philadelphia Times.

Frederic Harrison's Advice.

Frederic Harrison says in The Forum: "In matters literary, I have but one advice to give. Keep out of literature, at least till you feel ready to burst. Never write a line except out of a sense of duty, nor with any other object save that of getting it off your mind. About literature I have nothing to say. I have always felt myself more or less of an amateur. Nor do I remember to have wasted an hour in thinking about style or about conditions of literary success."

Origin of a Stylish Cravat.

At the battle of Steinkirk, which took place on the morning of Aug. 3, 1692, the French nobles were surprised in their sleep, and hastily rushing out of their tents, they arranged their lace cravats in the most careless manner. The French were victorious, and to commemorate their victory it became the fashion after this to wear the neckcloth in a negligé manner. Hence the origin of the Steinkirk cravat, as it was afterward called. —Clothier and Furnisher.

Microbes and Digestion.

A Russian physician has found that microbes are always present in great numbers in the fasting stomach of a healthy person. During the earlier part of digestion they are always quite numerous. The gastric juice, however, tends to destroy the microbes, though no effect on digestion appears to be exerted by them.—Arkansaw Traveler.

O. S. C.

1759 ROBERT BURNS 1891

Grand Celebration

OF THE

132d ANNIVERSARY

OF THE BIRTH OF

Scotland's Favorite Poet,

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

Clan McGregor, No. 5,

QUINCY, MASS.,

IN THE

QUINCY OPERA HOUSE,

ON

FRIDAY EV'NG,

JAN. 30th, 1891.

PROGRAMME.

1. Pot Pourri, Scotch Airs
Dunbar's Orchestra.
2. Opening Address,
Chief James Copland.
3. Song, McGregor's Gathering
Mr. Lewis G. Griffiths.
4. Song, When the Heart is Young
Miss Fanny W. Hatch.
5. Impersonations, (Assorted)
Mr. Edward W. Emerson.
6. Song, Come under my Plaidie
Miss Mary F. White.
7. Song, Jessie, the Flower o' Dunblane
Mr. William Elrick.
8. Recitation, Prince Charlie at Versailles on the Anniversary of Culloden,
Miss Annie MacKenzie.
9. Piano Solo, (Selected)
Mr. William Wilson.
10. Address,
Hon. H. O. Fairbanks, Mayor of Quincy.
11. Song, (Selected)
Miss Fanny W. Hatch.
12. Legerdemassachusetts,
Mr. Edward W. Emerson.
13. Song, Robin Adair
Miss Mary F. White.
14. Song, My Nannie's Awa'
Mr. William Elrick.
15. Recitation, Mary, Queen of Scots
Miss Annie MacKenzie.
16. Song, The Lass of Patie's Mill
Mr. Lewis G. Griffiths.

Accompanist, Mr. William Wilson.

Royal Secretary Kerr, Grand Chief Allen and others will be present. Programme subject to change.

Supper Furnished in Dining Hall,
A. E. NASH, Caterer.

Dancing at 10.30.

MUSIC, - DUNBAR'S ORCHESTRA.

J. B. DUNBAR, Prompter.

Admission to Celebration, 50 and 35 Cents. Children under 12 years, 15 Cents. Dancing 50 Cents extra for Gentlemen. Ladies free.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Entertainment at 7.45.

A responsible person will have charge of Clothing.

Gentlemen wishing to take part in the dancing are requested to leave the hall after the Concert.

Tickets for sale at the Stores of John O. Holden, C. B. Tilton, Williams' Jewelry Store, and the following Committee of Arrangements: Alex. Emslie, William Norrie, James Copland, Oscar W. Riddle, A. B. Davidson, William Elrick and Maxwell McIntosh.

JAMES COPLAND, Chief.

ALEX. B. DAVIDSON, Sec. of Com.

Jan. 23. 6t

S. C.

ERT BURNS 1891

Celebration
OF THE
ANNIVERSARY
THE BIRTH OF
s Favorite Poet,
R THE AUSPICES OF
Gregor, No. 5,
INCY, MASS.,
IN THE
OPERA HOUSE,
ON
AY EV'NG,
30th, 1891.

GRAMME.
Scotch Airs
unbar's Orchestra.
Address,
ef James Copland.
McGregor's Gathering
Lewis G. Griffiths.
When the Heart is Young
ss Fanny W. Hatch.
ations, (Assorted)
Edward W. Emerson.
Come under my Plaidie
iss Mary F. White.
Jessie, the Flower o' Dunblane
Mr. William Elrick.
on, Prince Charlie at Versailles
niversary of Culloden,
iss Annie MacKenzie.
olo, (Selected)
Mr. William Wilson.
. Fairbanks, Mayor of Quincy.
(Selected)
iss Fanny W. Hatch.
assachusetts,
. Edward W. Emerson.
Robin Adair
Miss Mary F. White.
My Nannie's Awa'
Mr. William Elrick.
ion, Mary, Queen of Scots
iss Annie MacKenzie.
The Lass of Patie's Mill
Mr. Lewis G. Griffiths.
t, Mr. William Wilson.

Secretary Kerr, Grand Chief
others will be present. Pro-
ject to change.

urnished in Dining Hall.
E. NASH, Caterer.

ncing at 10.30.
DUNBAR'S ORCHESTRA.
B. DUNBAR, Prompter.

ion to Celebration, 50 and
Children under 12 years,
Dancing 50 Cents extra
men. Ladies free.

pen at 7 o'clock. Enter-
at 7.45.

onsible person will have
Clothing.

men wishing to take part in
ng are requested to leave
after the Concert.

or sale at the Stores of John O.
. B. Tilton, Williams' Jewelry
the following Committee of
ents: Alex. Emslie, William
mes Copland, Oscar W. Riddle,
dson, William Elrick and Max-
tosh.

AMES COPLAND, Chief.
DAVIDSON, Sec. of Com.
6t

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 24. QUINCY, MASS., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

Oranges and Lemons,
15 CENTS PER DOZEN.
SAUSAGE MEAT IN 2-LB. BAGS,
25c. a Bag.
FLOUR, $6.00 and $6.75 Per Bbl.
COFFEE, all Grades from 16c. to 42c. a lb.
Kennedy's Crackers,
4 lbs. for 25 cts. or 5 1-2 cts. per lb. per barrel.
ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

NEW BAKERY
JUST OPENED,
IN
Adams Building, cor. Temple and Hancock Sts.
The public are informed that I have opened a Bakery in the Adams Building, where will be kept a full line of
Bread, Cake, Pastry.
TRY OUR ANGEL CAKE.
Plain and Fancy Crackers. All kinds of Confectionery.
HOT BREAD AND ROLLS EVERY AFTERNOON.
WEDDING CAKE A SPECIALTY.
W. A. HODGES,
PROPRIETOR.
Jan. 17. 2w

THE GREAT
SACRIFICE
OF
Clothing and Furnishing Goods
Still Goes On.
Further Reductions in all Departments.
Men's Blue Wool Underwear, 35 cents,
Suits at much less than Cost.
Overcoats, 50c. on the dollar.
In fact everything in our Stock at a great discount.
QUINCY ONE PRICE CLOTHING CO.,
DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

THE SAILORS' HOME.

Thorough Inspection by Ledger Representative.

The Building Scrupulously Clean—The Furnishings and Hospital.

The Cemetery a Beautiful Spot—A Letter on Money Matters.

On Nov. 9, 1864, a fair, or, to speak more definitely, a series of fairs were opened in Boston for the purpose of raising money to found a home for disabled seamen of the United States navy, similar to the Sailors' Snug Harbor, which was founded in 1831 by Capt. Richard R. Randall on Staten Island, N. Y., for the merchant marine.

Its objects were thus briefly set forth in the official programme: "According to the rules of our service, those who are suffering or invalided from wounds or incurable disease, can only remain a limited time in the hospitals, the exception being a service of twenty years. It follows that very many of this valuable class of citizens, who have braved every peril in defence of our flag, are, and will be, cast upon the world, helpless and without the means of support; for to those whose constitutions are broken by disease and exposure no pensions are allowed; and to those who are disabled by wounds, an entirely insufficient one for their support is granted. The establishment of a home for disabled seamen is imperatively called for by every obligation of justice and every instinct of humanity, in order to relieve the large amount of almost unrecognized destitution and misery even now pressing upon the friends of the sailor."

The officers of the managing committee were: Chairmen, Hon. Alexander H. Rice, Mrs. John A. Bates; vice chairman, Thomas Russell; treasurer, John A. Bates, paymaster U. S. N.; secretary, Mrs. S. T. Hooper.

The opening address was delivered by Edward Everett.

The fair proper was held in the Boston Theatre, and the visitors could attend almost any other exhibition in the city and still be within the circle of the great naval charity. The receipts were enormous, and were as follows:

Cash receipts from individuals, ships-of-war, etc	$83,893 04
Sale of admission tickets	34,302 00
Sales at tables, stations, etc	164,175 86
	$282,370 90
Expenses, etc	35,314 43
Total net receipts	$247,056 47

This was the nucleus of a fund from which, in due time, a National Sailors' Home was built. This is the institution which a certain Boston daily is now attempting to slander.

The Ledger's Inspection.

On Sunday morning a LEDGER representative visited the Home and inspected it from garret to cellar. The writer has inspected a large number of public institutions including state prisons, houses of correction, hospitals, forts, etc., and has some idea as to how high a standard such an institution as the Sailors' Home should be kept.

All of the sleeping rooms were thoroughly inspected and they were found, with the contents, to be scrupulously clean. Each room, excepting those on the upper floor, contained two iron bedsteads with good mattresses and bed clothing, such as is found in any hotel. The floors were neatly painted and covered with rugs, and the walls and ceilings were kalsomined a very light blue. The floors were so clean that a white kid glove could be drawn across them without being soiled. The hall way, the chapel, in fact every room in the building had this same remarkably clean and ship shape appearance, such as is seldom found outside of a man-of-war.

The hospital is situated in the south end of the Home and is a large sunny room, well lighted and ventilated, and admirably suited for its purpose.

The Cemetery

about which so much talk was made is located on a knoll, washed by the waters of Quincy bay and beautified by a large grove of trees. Very few small country towns can boast of such a well kept and picturesque burial ground.

Steward Betts showed the writer through the kitchen. The food is as good, if not better, than that served at suburban hotels.

Money Matters.

Since writing the above, a letter has been received from Mr. Henry Sprague a former member of the Home. Mr. Sprague's letter is as follows:

TYSON, VT., Jan. 24, 1891.

James S. Whiting, Esq.,
Wollaston, Mass.,

MY DEAR SIR: While at the Sailors' Home at Quincy I had granted to me by an act of Congress, an additional pension of $20 per month, and a check was sent to me from the pension department for back pay to the amount of $51 directed to Quincy, Mass. Dr. Faxon, contrary to law, took the letter containing the check from the post office, opened it and then notified me of its receipt.

When I came to see about it, he (Dr. Faxon) said if I would endorse the check he would draw the money for me. He got the money from the bank and when I came for it he counted out one half of it and notified me he should keep the remainder. To this I objected, and stated to him that it was all my own, and that I should have the whole or none. After some hesitation he paid me the whole face of the check. I left the institution the next morning and came to my old home in Vermont.

The taking of letters from the office and opening them I believe is generally practiced by Dr. Faxon on all letters directed to inmates of the home.

If required I am ready to go before any authority having competent jurisdiction and make oath to the above facts.

Very respectfully yours,
HENRY SPRAGUE.

Dr. Faxon was shown the letter and said in reply:

For years the rule of the Home, made by the Trustees, has been that all pension money over $8 per month shall be surrendered to the institution and on quarter days I have had the checks cashed and given to the pensioner the balance coming to him. Sprague, on the first payment after his pension had been increased beyond $4 refused to abide by the rule. As the agreement was not a written one, I gave him the whole amount feeling, of course, that the old man was a swindler to that extent, taking advantage of a technicality.

The statement that letters to inmates are opened as described is absolutely untrue.

FAVOR NEW SUPPLY.

Voters of Ward Two Express Their Opinion on the Proposed Water Supply.

The following petition was circulated in the Ward Two polling place Tuesday, and the voters it will be seen, were not backward in endorsing the City Council in its efforts to get a new water supply.

Of the 239 voters only three declined to sign the petition, among the signers are:

QUINCY, Mass., Jan. 27, 1891.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives:—

We, the undersigned, legal voters of Ward Two, City of Quincy, respectfully petition that authority be granted the City of Quincy to build and maintain water works, as per plans adopted by the Quincy City Council.

John R. Graham, (ex-Councilman.)
Horace O. Souther, (ex-Councilman.)
John Shaw, (ex-Councilman.)
H. M. Federhen, (ex-president of Council.)
T. H. Newcomb, (Councilman.)
J. E. Drake, (Councilman.)
S. B. Duffield, (Councilman.)
George I. Aldrich, (supt. of schools.)
Dr. Garey, (milk inspector.)

J. L. Whiton.	M. Monihan.
J. L. Whiton, Jr.	J. F. Costello.
John Federhen.	John Federhen, 3d.
Henry D. Federhen.	H. M. Federhen, Jr.
Rev. Geo. Benedict.	George Monk.
Jos. G. Brackett.	I. M. Holt.
Albert Keating.	Arthur W. Newcomb.
Richard Raycroft.	John T. Larkin.
John Dean.	J. Henry Dean.
Fred W. Smith.	Gideon Denton.
George Crane.	Michael Moynihan.
Jono. Baxter.	Geo. H. Higgins.
Marcus E. Wight.	Thos. W. Lincoln.
Jos. W. Hayden.	J. M. Cleverly.
A. Bingham.	Benj. Johnson.
C. F. Colby.	John S. Gay.
Geo. M. Sweeney.	Gordon McKenzie.
Chas. H. Johnson.	Daniel Larkin.
William Harkins.	Michael T. Sullivan.
W. A. Gavin.	C. H. Very.
Dennis Ford.	John J. Connor.
Cornelius Kelleher.	M. J. Burns.
John A. Avery.	C. W. Newcomb.
Samuel Oxford.	A. B. Lelois.
Ambrose Shepherd.	Alonzo Howard.
C. C. Mueller.	Wm. Hodgkinson.
J. G. Moore.	E. W. Hall.
D. Howard Bills.	R. H. Harlow.
E. A. W. Harlow.	Peter B. Connor.
George Connor.	Jeremiah Carey.
W. F. Hall.	J. T. Callahan.
Timothy Sullivan.	Patrick Donlin.

WEYMOUTH.

The Masonic fraternity of Weymouth are to have a grand gathering at Fogg's opera house, South Weymouth, Friday evening. The entertainment will be furnished by Mrs. S. C. Ford, soprano, of Cleveland, O.; Miss Carrie E. Hale, dramatic and humorous reader; Joseph L. White, tenor; Howard M. Dow, pianist. A dance will follow the entertainment. Masonic lodges from East Weymouth, Weymouth, Quincy, and Abington are invited to attend.

The officers of Pilgrim Lodge, 485, K. of H., were installed Tuesday evening, by D. D. G. D., C. K. Sullivan. Speech making and a collation followed the ceremony.

TODAY'S COURT.

Drunks were plentiful this morning; doubtless caused by the excitement over the special election, as the parties were all Quincyites.

George H. Hobart for drunk, was fined $9.

James Coburn, of Quincy, for drunk was fined $8.

James Barton, of Quincy, for drunk was fined $9.

Tuesday afternoon Mr. Walter B. Wilson while driving along Hancock street, Dorchester, was run into by a sleigh containing four women and drawn by a pair of high spirited horses. Mr. Wilson was thrown violently to the ground. His horse then ran towards Neponset, smashing the sleigh and injuring the animal. The women (for they cannot be called ladies) drove rapidly away after the accident, leaving Mr. Wilson helpless on the ground. He was brought to Quincy by one of Crane's teams and although he is able to be about today he is quite lame. It was a narrow escape from a serious accident.

Remember the dance at Faxon hall, this evening, under the auspices of the Paul Revere Woman's Relief Corps, No. 103, of this city.

TWO REPUBLICANS.

Roger H. Wilde Has 341 Majority.

Louis Rinn Victorious Over Daniel C. Lyons in Ward Six.

The Vote Larger Than Expected, and the Majorities a Surprise.

The result of the special election in this city yesterday was a great surprise, especially the majority given for Roger H. Wilde, the Republican nominee, who failed of a re-election at the annual election because of a tie vote. The total vote was 1697, of which Mr. Wilde received 1011 and Mr. Duggan but 670.

The polls closed at 4 P. M. and the first returns came from Ward One about half an hour later. There had been cast 298 votes and 212 were for Mr. Wilde, a plurality of 129 over Mr. Duggan. Ward Two followed in a few minutes with 49 plurality and Ward Five increased it 122. Ward Three gave Wilde 184 and Duggan but 126, a plurality of 58.

The four wards had given Mr. Wilde a plurality of 358, and the question with the politicians assembled at City Hall was, how much would Ward Four reduce it. The returns soon came: Wilde, 175; Duggan, 260, a plurality of 85 for Duggan, making Mr. Wilde's plurality 273 with his own ward to hear from. It was expected Mr. Wilde would carry Ward Six, but it was not expected that Mr. Duggan, who is also from that ward would be so completely snowed under. The vote was: Wilde, 143; Duggan, 78; about 2 to 1. Mr. Wilde's plurality in the city is 341.

The following summary shows the vote for each candidate, the total vote by wards and the number on the voting lists:

	Wilde's Vote.	Duggan's Vote.	Blanks.	Qualified Voters.	Vote Cast.
Ward One,	212	83	3	580	298
Ward Two,	145	96	1	479	239
Ward Three.	184	126	3	516	313
Ward Four,	175	260	3	642	438
Ward Five,	152	30	1	336	183
Ward Six,	143	78	5	272	226
	1011	670	16	2835	1697

In Ward Six.

Ward Six also balloted for a Ward Councilman, to fill the vacancy caused by the tie vote. The gentlemen who were tied were again the candidates, Louis Rinn, R., and Daniel C. Lyons, D. At the city election each had received 111 votes. The result yesterday was:

Total vote	226
Blank and defective,	2
Daniel C. Lyons had	106
Louis Rinn had	118
Rinn's plurality,	12

Election Straws.

Lucky for Mr. Green that he did not run.

Guess Roger was a popular candidate after all. It was a very flattering vote.

Even Ward Four went back on Mr. Duggan, for he received 350 votes in December against 260 Tuesday, while Mr. Wilde increased his vote from 150 to 175.

Ward Six cast a larger vote than Ward Five, and only 13 less than Ward Two.

Now who will run in Ward One to fill the vacancy?

A Good Night's Work.

Shortly after midnight Officer Furnald was aroused from his slumbers by a loud knock at his door, upon opening which he found four men, John Lynch and Daniel Griffin of Quincy and two men from Randolph. Messrs. Lynch and Griffin said they had been accused of stealing a watch from one of the Randolph parties, and they wanted Mr. Furnald to search them, to convince the accuser that they did not have the watch. They were told to wait a few moments while Mr. Furnald dressed himself, but instead of so doing the Randolph men started to skip. One of them succeeded in getting into his sleigh and drove off. The other man was locked up. An effort was then made to find the missing man, who was soon captured. It seems when he left in the sleigh he drove down Canal street, and in turning into Brackett street the sleigh was overturned and the occupant thrown out. The horse then started for the village with the sleigh, where he was found by Mr. Furnald and put up. Shortly afterwards, while looking from his window, Mr. Furnald saw the missing man come up and stop in front of his house, where he was promptly identified and arrested. The watch which his companion had lost was found on his person. The parties appeared in court this morning, when the case was continued for hearing until Monday.

At the annual meeting of the Granite Railway Company, held in Boston, the following officers were elected: President, William B. Sewell; vice-president, John N. Leighton; directors, John F. Osgood, Wm. B. Williams, J. Albert Simpson, Geo. F. Green, Frederick S. Davis; clerk and treasurer, J. Albert Simpson. Henry E. Sheldon was re-elected agent.

CANNED GOODS.

Owing to the light pack of these Goods for 1890, prices must rule higher. Our stock was bought early and the quality is first-class.

	Per Can.	Per Dozen.
TOMATOES, Good quality,	9c.	$1.05
Extra,	10c.	1.05
Extra Northern,	12c.	1.35
PEAS, Good Marrow fat,	10c.	1.10
Extra Marrow fat,	12c.	1.35
Early June,	15c.	1.65
CORN, Good Northern,	10c.	1.10
Extra Maine,	12c.	1.35
Honey Drop, fresh packed,	15c.	1.70
SQUASH, Best,	15c.	1.65
PUMPKINS,	10c.	1.10
BLUEBERRIES,	15c.	1.70
SALMON STEAK, Clover Brand,	20c.	2.30
ALASKA SALMON,	11c.	1.25

Tillman Packing Co.'s California Fruits are the finest goods ever packed, and include Lemon Cling and Crawford Peaches, Apricots, Damson and Green Gage Plums, White and Red Cherries, Quinces, Nectarines.

BOSTON BRANCH GROCERY,
Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

DO YOU NEED A
TRUSS,
SUPPORTER,
Elastic - - Stocking,
Or anything in that line? If so call at
A. G. DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,
Where You Can
Save from 20 to 50 per Cent.
On Boston prices, and a PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED in every case. Private Room for trying on and consultation.
Prescriptions promptly and accurately prepared at all hours of the Day or Night by Competent Pharmacists.
OUR MOTTO.
"RELIABILITY."
DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,
Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive a Gold Watch or Easy Chair.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period will be presented with a gold watch now on exhibition at T. L. Williams' jewelry store which cost over $50. A second prize is also offered to be given to the one standing second on the list, and will be a richly upholstered easy chair valued at $25.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

—BY—

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents: one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

"THERMIDOR" RAISES A RIOT.

A Paris Mob Objects to the Production of Sardou's New Play.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—The performance of Sardou's new play "Thermidor" Monday night led to a riot among extreme partisans of the revolution, who expressed their disapprobation of certain parts of the play and were ejected from the theatre. The government has suppressed the play for fear that it might cause further disturbances. The theatre was nevertheless packed by a mob last night, and the rising of the curtain was the signal for violent rival cries of "Vive Thermidor," "A bas Thermidor," etc. The tumult increased in violence until the younger Coquelin stepped before the curtain and said he was compelled to announce that the performance would proceed no further and that the ticket money would be returned at the door. The audience departed greatly excited, but no serious disorder ensued. The Theatre Francais losses f.500,000 in advance bookings, in addition to the cost of mounting the play.

In connection with the "Thermidor" trouble M. Reinach has secured permission to question the government in the chamber of deputies whether it intends to assure order without detriment to liberty in dramatic art. On hearing of the reception accorded "Thermidor," a party of Reactionists overturned the statue of Danton, leader in the French revolution, which stood in his birthplace, Arcis-sur-Aube. They did not deface the statue, but affixed to the pedestal a placard bearing the inscription "Room to let."

HE STARTED IN EARLY.

A Boston Bookkeeper Admits He Has Embezzled More Than $4000.

BOSTON, Jan. 28.—Within about a week, the managers of the Smith & Anthony Stove company, 52 Union street, became suspicious that they were being systematically swindled out of large sums of money. They mistrusted their bookkeeper, Clarence E. Smith, 41 years old, who had been in their employ since Oct. 1, 1890. His books were examined and it was discovered that within the first eighteen days he was in their employ he embezzled $1000. Further examination showed that since that time he had also embezzled $3458 additional. The case was reported to a detective agency, and last night Smith was arrested at 21 Bowdoin street, where he and his wife have been living since he entered the employ of Smith & Anthony.

Smith covered his dishonesty by altering his books. He came from Rhode Island, but once lived in New York city. He admits his guilt, although he fails to assign any reason for the crime. He says, however, that he has saved most of the money and will restore it.

In court the case was continued until Feb. 6, Smith being held in $7000.

SENATOR INGALLS DEFEATED.

W. A. Peffer, Editor of The Kansas Farmer, Receives the Nomination.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 28.—The caucus of Farmers' Alliance members of the legislature nominated W. A. Peffer, editor of The Kansas Farmer, on the seventeenth ballot. The house and senate took separate ballots on senator. Peffer received the full Alliance vote in the house, which is enough to elect him.

Judge Peffer is a tall, slender, thin-faced man, and has a long, dark beard that flows nearly to his waist. He is author of a book entitled "The Way Out," advocating the lending of money by the government to the people. His affiliation with the Alliance is a matter of quite recent date. Judge Peffer is connected with The Kansas Farmer. It was a Republican paper but a year ago, and is now almost wholly owned by Republicans.

HOW ABOUT HIS WILL?

Philadelphia Times Makes the Statement That Robert Ray Hamilton is Alive.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 28.—The Times today publishes a story in substantiation of the report in regard to Robert Ray Hamilton being alive and residing in the antipodes under an assumed name. The Times says:

Robert Ray Hamilton is alive and is now living in Sydney, N. S. W., where he has begun life over again under an assumed name.

This statement was made yesterday to a Times reporter by an intimate friend of Mr. Hamilton, and the truth of it was vouched for by several letters which he had received from the the latter since his alleged death.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Forecast for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont: Threatening weather and snow; northerly winds; stationary temperature, except in southern portion of Maine slightly warmer.

For Massachusetts: Light snows; stationary temperature; northerly winds, becoming variable.

For Rhode Island and Connecticut: Light snows; slightly cooler; winds shifting to easterly.

FALL RIVER'S NEW CITY HALL.

A Resemblance Between the Former Structure and Quincy's City Hall.

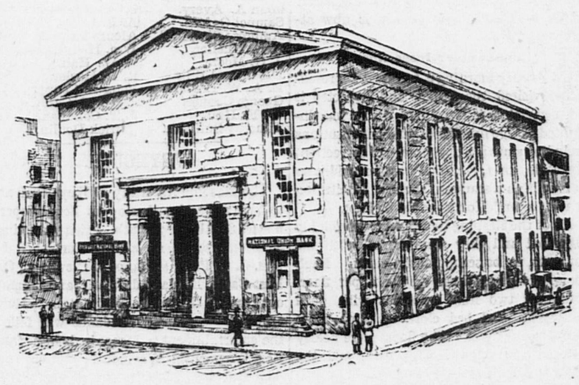
The resemblance between the City Hall in this city and the original City Hall in Fall River is so striking, that we could not forbear showing the people of Quincy how their City Hall might be improved architectually. We do not imagine that such a costly change will be made for many years, but perhaps the time is coming if Quincy is not annexed to Boston.

The large engraving is the new City Hall of Fall River or rather No. 2 remodelled. It was rededicated a few weeks ago, and the LEDGER is indebted to the Fall River Globe for the accompanying engravings which it used at that time. The Globe says the original hall cost about $64,000. For 27 years this building served the purposes of town and city. But with the wonderful increase of wealth and population that followed the close of the war came a demand for roomier and more palatial quarters for the public library and municipal officers. The interior of the building was remodelled a mansard roof was added, a tower with clock and bell, all were put above the old stone walls that stand today. The cost of these improvements was about $200,000.

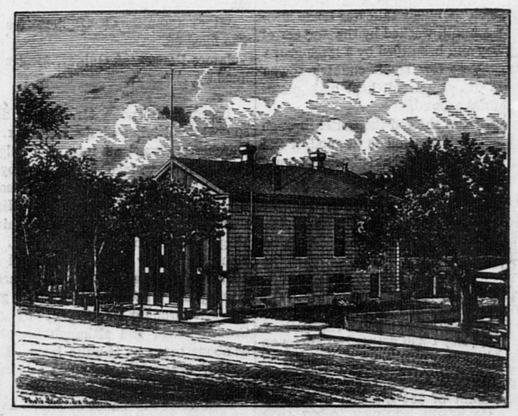
But in the upper part of the remodelled building there were lumber rooms and storerooms, and rooms occupied as workshops by the superintendent of public buildings. Therein were stored paint skins, old cloth dyed black with combustible dyes, and therein, too, entered a number of deadly or lively electric wires, and all have at one time or another been held responsible for the great calamity that befell the city on the day called March 19, 1886.

The hall has just been rebuilt, more beautiful than ever, and is one of the handsomest municipal buildings in the State. We wish space would admit of an extended account of the well arranged interior.

It is evident that Quincy must ere long remodel its City Hall, at least the interior. At present there are sketches for such an improvement as will make the first floor more available for public offices.



THE ORIGINAL HALL, FALL RIVER.



THE CITY HALL, QUINCY.

MARK-DOWN SALE

—OF—

Men's and Children's

OVERCOATS!

To Reduce Stock.

This is a genuine mark-down sale and we guarantee these prices to be as low or less than can be found where bargains are offered. Many of these lots are small and an early call would be to the advantage of those looking for bargains. We would suggest to those having the time to examine during the day.

Any person buying one or more of these Overcoats, not being satisfied that what we say is the truth, can return the same and money will be refunded.

ALL OF OUR

Men's Overcoats,

Former price $5. Now $3.50

Children's Overcoats,

Former price $4.50 and $5. Now $3.50

Men's Overcoats,

Former price $7 and $7.50. Now $5

Children's Dark-Mixed Overcoats,

Former price $3. Now $1.50

Men's $10 Coats, Now $8

Men's $12, $13.50 and $15 Coats, Now $10

Children's $3.50 and $4 Coats, Now $2.50

Children's $6.50 and $7 Coats, Now $5

Children's Gray Overcoats, a little shopworn, former price $2.50 and $3, Now $1

GRANITE CLOTHING CO.,

ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

Improve the Opportunity

—AND—

GET A PAIR OF SHOES CHEAP.

We have 500 Pairs of Shoes, which we now offer at a bargain. These goods are not old or shopworn, but comprise a number of lines which we desire to close out in order that we may substitute new prices for them.

EVERY SHOE OFFERED IS A BARGAIN.

Among the lot there are:

38	pairs	Ladies' Straight Goat Button Waukenphast,	$2.00,	formerly $2.50
36	"	" Kid Button Opera Toe,	2.00,	" 2.50
7	"	J. N. Smith's Ladies' bright Dongola Laced, pat. tip,	2.00,	" 2.50
22	"	Ladies' Pallah Kid Button,	1.65,	" 2.00
9	"	Misses' Dongola Spring Heel Button,	1.50,	" 2.00
12	"	" St. Goat Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.50,	" 2.00
19	"	Children's Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.10,	" 1.50
10	"	Men's Calf Bals,	3.00,	" 3.75
5	"	each Cong. and Bals., Men's Fine Calf Shoes,	3.00,	" 4.00
6	"	" " " " " Enamel Shoes,	2.00,	" 2.75

While we call your especial attention to these goods, we believe it is for your interest to examine the whole lot on our **BARGAIN TABLES**, for **EVERY SHOE is a BARGAIN.**

SAVILLE & JONES, Adams Building.

DO YOU WANT A

NEW PIANO?

Don't say you cannot afford to get one till you have given us a trial. Ask by postal card and we will send you free, a Catalogue, tell you our prices, explain our plan of EASY PAYMENTS, and generally post you on the Piano question.

You may save $50. by writing us a postal card.

IVERS & POND PIANO CO.

183 Tremont St., Boston.

N SALE

ildren's

ATS!

tock.

rantee these prices to be as
ffered. Many of these lots
ge of those looking for bar-
to examine during the day.
oats, not being satisfied that
money will be refunded.

coats,
Now $3.50
ercoats,
5. Now $3.50
coats,
50. Now $5
Overcoats,
Now $1.50
Now $8
Coats, Now $10
ts, Now $2.50
ts, Now $5
ttle shopworn,
d $3, Now $1

HING CO.,
QUINCY.

portunity
HOES CHEAP.
ow offer at a bargain. These
a number of lines which we
itute new prices for them.
S A BARGAIN.

enphast, $2.00, formerly $2.50
2.00, " 2.50
a Laced, pat. tip,
2.00, " 2.50
1.65, " 2.00
n, 1.50, " 2.00
Heel, 1.50, " 2.00
1.10, " 1.50
3.00, " 3.75
lf Shoes, 3.00, " 4.00
Shoes, 2.00, " 2.75
goods, we believe it is for your
AIN TABLES, for EVERY

dams Building.

ANT A
ANO?
say you cannot afford
et one till you have
us a trial. Ask by
l card and we will send
free, a Catalogue, tell
our prices, explain our
of EASY PAYMENTS,
generally post you on
Piano question.
g us a postal card.
PIANO CO.
t., Boston.

BOYS

OF QUINCY.

ATTENTION!

WILLIAMS,

THE

JEWELER,

Will give a Fine Silver Waltham Watch to the boy bringing the greatest number of LEDGER COUPONS to his store before March 1st.

This Watch is

No Waterbury Humbug;

It is one of the Genuine

American Waltham Watch Co.'s

Make, and is Warranted to give perfect satisfaction. It is now on exhibition in his Show Window, and may be inspected by anyone.

Now Boys, get a gait on you, and hustle for it!

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 28.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1841—Rev. William Allen installed as pastor of Evangelical Congregational Church.

World Wide.

SIR FRANCIS DRAKE.

814—Death of Charlemagne; born 742.
1381—Birth of Richard Beauchamp, earl of Warwick, general in France; died at Rouen in 1439.
1547—Death of Henry VIII; born 1491.
1596—Death of Sir Francis Drake, admiral; born 1545.
1612—Death of Sir Thomas Bodley, founder of Bodleian library, Oxford; born 1544.
1725—Death of Peter the Great, emperor of Russia; born 1672.
1737—Death of Hester Johnson, friend of Swift; born 1684.
1779—Birth of William Tudor, American author; died 1830.
1782—Death of J. B. Danville, geographer; born 1697.
1803—Death of Mlle. Clairon, French actress; born 1723.
1807—Birth of Capt. McClure, arctic explorer.
1839—Death of Sir William Beechey, painter; born 1753.
1859—Death of William H. Prescott, historian; born 1796.
1871—Capitulation of Paris; armistices signed by Favre and Bismarck.
1876—Death of Hon. Henry H. Starkweather, in Washington, D. C., aged 56.
1876—Death of Francis Deak, in Hungary, aged 73.
1888—Death of Rear Admiral Clark H. Wells, at Washington; born 1823.
1889—Gen. Boulanger elected to the chamber of deputies, by 80,000 majority, in consequence of which the Floquet ministry threatened to resign.
1889—Grand Opera house, Duluth, Minn., burned.

There has been much gloomy weather and some fog in many parts of the country this winter, but if any of us are disposed to grumble about it, let us remember that during December and the early part of January London had not a ray of sunlight for thirty-six days.

David B. Hill has served seven years as governor of New York, and he declares positively that he will never serve another. But whether he wants to be United States senator or to get the nomination for the presidency is one of the things no fellow can yet find out.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Latest Quotations of the New York and Boston Stock Markets—Jan. 27.

In New York stock market Sugar company, not trust, was the attractive feature. The new common stock was in brisk demand, and traders in both markets appear to have made up their minds that there is as good a speculative deld in the new common as there is in the old trust certificates.

In the Boston stock market, thanks to Wall street influence, there was a short rally in two or three stocks. It lasted but a few moments, and included Atchison, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy and Union Pacific.

The New York Market.

Atchison	29¾	Nor. Pac. pref.	71¼
Central Pacific	30	Oregon Imp.	25½
Chi & Northwest	106½	Oregon Navi.	77
Del Lack & West.	136½	Pacific Mail	39¾
Del & Hudson	133	Reading	21⅜
Illinois Central	97⅝	Texas Pacific	14⅝
Lake Shore	107⅝	Union Pacific	44
Missouri Pacific	64⅛	Wabash St. L. & P.	10⅝
N. J. Central	110	do pref	19¾
N. Y. Central	101	Wheel & Lake Erie	70
Northern Pacific	28¼	Western Union	77⅝

The Boston Market.

Aspinwall Land	9	Fitchburg pref.	85
Fremn's Bay Land	6¼	Flint & Pere Mar.	
Newport Land	2½	Maine Central	
West End Land	21⅛	Mexican Central	23½
Atchison	29½	N Y & N E	37⅛
Atlantic & Pacific		do pref	113
Boston & Lowell		Old Colony	168
Boston & Maine	204	Union Pacific	44
Boston & Prov		Wisconsin Central	
Chicago, B & Q	88⅝	American Bell Tel.	187
Central Mass.	19½	Mexican	75
do pref	39½	Erie Tel.	
Eastern		New England Tel.	52

The Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27. — FLOUR — Steadier; city mills $4 90 to 5 20; city mills patents $5 00 to 5 40; winter wheat, low grades, $3 45 to 3 90; do fair to fancy $3 90 to 4 90; do patents $4 40 to 5 25; Minnesota clear $4 10 to 4 85; do straights $4 35 to 5 00.

WHEAT—Unsettled; No 2 red $1 07⅛ to 107⅛ elevator; No 3 red 101½.

CORN — Quiet: No 2, 61⅝ to 62c elevator; steamer mixed 61½ to 62⅝c.

OATS — Dull: No 3, 51¼c; No 2, 51⅞; mixed western, 50 to 54c.

SUGAR — Raw firm; refined quiet; granulated 6¼c cubes 6 7-16c.

PORK — Dull; mess $11 50 to 12 00; extra prime $9 50 to 10 00.

What It Is Coming To.

Daughter—Good night, mamma.

Mother—Why, my dear, are you going to retire? Have you fed your bacilli?

Daughter—Yes, mamma.

Mother—Oh, very well, then. Good night.—Boston Transcript.

Striking Characteristics.

"Of course we are proud of our city," said the Chicago man.

"Our chief pride is in our citizens," said the man from Boston, and the discussion was dropped.—Indianapolis Journal.

His Real Position.

"Are you the waiter?" asked an impatient, hungry looking guest as an evidently broken spirited man passed him.

"Oh, no; I'm only the proprietor."—Philadelphia Times.

A Soft Heart.

"My husband is very fond of animals," said Mrs. Furber. "Last night in his sleep he turned over and said, 'Take out something for the kitty.'"—Boston Commercial Bulletin.

Epidemic.

"Please give me a penny, sir. Me father's sick."

"What's he sick of, little boy?"

"Work, sir," replied the truthful beggar.—Epoch.

Probably Had One on Call.

"We are so busy," said a clerk in an express office, "that we cannot guarantee anything."

"Can you express a desire?" said a girl in the crowd.—Philadelphia Record.

With a Susceptible Artist.

Mr. Winthrop—Tell me, Jack, does it take long to paint the portrait of a lady?

Jack—Well, if she's pretty it takes a long, long time.—Bostonian.

NEW HAMPSHIRE VETS.

Report of the Board of Managers of the Soldiers' Home.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 28.—The first report to the legislature of the board of managers of the State Soldiers' home at Tilton has been presented. It recites in detail the work of the board in erecting, dedicating and opening the establishment. It made especial mention of the voluntary efforts of the Woman's Relief Corps organizations throughout the state, whose members almost wholly furnished the home at an expense of between $5000 and $6000. The expense of construction was $32,800 and the board asks that the excess of expenditure above the appropriation of the state, being the sum of $2800, be transferred from the unexpended appropriation account to the item of cost of construction. The expense of maintenance up to Jan. 1 of the present year was $2300. The board asks an appropriation of $5000 for various purposes, including the fitting up of a hospital, removal of the barn, planting trees and shubbery, concreting walks, and for insurance and repairs. The managers further ask an appropriation of $10,000 to be used in addition to what is received from the general government for maintaining the home from Aug. 16, 1891, to the meeting of the next legislature. There are now thirty-six inmates. The report was prepared by Hon. Daniel Hall of Dover, secretary

STRAIGHTENING THINGS OUT.

Program for Conducting Business as Mapped Out by the Senators.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The Republican senatorial caucus committee on order of business met and agreed to recommend to their colleagues that after the apportionment bill is acted upon the eight-hour bills and the copyright bill be taken up in order. This arrangement is subject to possible disturbance by the appropriations committee, which has already given notice, through Chairman Allison, of an intention to call up an appropriation bill this week. The caucus committee also disposed of other pending measures of public interest in this order: After the copyright bill is to follow the Indian depredations bill, the Paddock pure food bill and the Nicaragua canal bill, reported by the committee on foreign relations.

As the senate will hereafter meet at 11 o'clock instead of noon, as at present, and the morning business will be limited to one hour, it is the expectation of the committee that rapid progress will be made in the consideration of the measures selected by them. Meanwhile, individual senators are to be allowed to call up measures not included in the above list in the morning hour, and it is believed that some advancement of business will result from the use of this privilege.

EGYPTIANS VICTORIOUS.

Rebels at Last Driven from Handoub—Brighter Prospect for Interior Trade.

SUAKIN, Jan. 28.—A force of Egyptian infantry and cavalry captured Handoub from the rebels. The governor of Suakin, who commanded the Egyptians, then returned here with most of his troops, leaving behind, however, one battalion to to serve as a garrison of occupation. The Egyptians did not kill any of the rebels they captured, but they will be subjected to severe treatment. If Egypt succeeds in holding Handoub and also takes Tokar, the interior trade will be revived.

A band of dervishes and their followers on a raid captured some cattle near Suakin, but a force of Egyptian cavalry went in pursuit of them, and recaptured the cattle after some skirmishing. They also captured and brought back forty of the rebels. Only two Egyptians were killed. The rebels' loss in killed is unknown.

'TIS NOT A POOL,

But a Trade Which Will Probably Force Up the Price of Barbed Wire.

WORCESTER, Jan. 28.—In relation to the Chicago dispatch stating that Washburn & Moen had finally agreed to sell their patents and enter the barbed wire pool, Charles F. Washburn, vice president of the Washburn & Moen company, authorizes The Worcester Spy to make the following statement: "The largest barbed wire makers in the country have for some time been trying to arrange to purchase our patents, and it looks as though they would succeed. There is no pool about it that we know of. We should think the result would be an advance in prices." Mr. Washburn declined to make any statement as to the amount which the company was to receive from the sale of its patents.

Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, Jan. 28.—In the senate important changes in the rules were recommended, intended to carry out the experiment which the house is trying in the introduction of new business.

In the house the new matters included the reduction by one-half of the Boston liquor licenses, and a proposition to refer to the appropriate state commissions, before presentation to the legislature, corporation petitions, with a view to report on the subject matter and recommendation as to legislation.

The Company Gets the Best End.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 28.—The long and hotly contested strike of the employes of the P. Cox Shoe company, which has been on since Nov. 29, 1890, has come to an end. By the terms of the settlement the company is to retain all the non-union employes at present in its service, but agrees to give the preference to the ex-strikers in filling all vacancies that may occur.

Alive and Well.

MOUNT KISCO, N. Y., Jan. 28.—The mother of Guy Butler, the special correspondent of the Duluth (Minn.) Tribune, who disappeared from the Pine Ridge Agency during the recent Indian troubles and was supposed to have been killed by hostiles, lives here and has just received a dispatch saying that her son is all right. He has returned to The Tribune.

Fire Aboard a Steamer.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Fire in the hold of the steamer Ravenshaw, at the Mediterranean stores, Brooklyn, did $30,000 damage. The vessel was loaded with 28,000 baskets of fruit, 6000 barrels of sulphur and 1200 bags of sumac, about one-third of which had been taken out. The vessel was slightly damaged.

They Couldn't Win.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—The Milwaukee and St. Paul station agents' strike is ended. At a meeting of the strikers' executive committee, the situation was thoroughly discussed and a conclusion reached to declare the strike off.

Illinois Objects, Too.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Jan. 28.—The house passed a resolution instructing the senators at Washington to vote against the force bill, by a strict party vote of 77 yeas to 73 nays.

WHO WILL BE NEXT?

Speculations as to Who Will Succeed Pope Leo XIII.

ITALY SEEMS TO BE WORRIED,

Fearing That a Pope Favorable to France May Be Elected—Foreign Cardinals Will Soon Have a Majority in the Sacred College.

Copyright by the New York Associated Press.

ROME, Jan. 28.—The Vatican has been advised that the Italian government was occupying itself diplomatically with the approaching conclave, in order to prevent the election of a pope unfavorable to official Italy and favorable to France. Signor Crispi, the prime minister, will endeavor to demonstrate to the triple alliance that in view of the hostile spirit which exists at present in high quarters, it is to the interest of the allied cabinets to prepare the forthcoming conclave. This explains the opposition offered by several German and Italian journals to the cardinals who are described as the favorites of France or of the party called the Intransigeants. Signor Crispi, it must be remembered, was president of the council in 1878 at the time of the election of Leo XIII. This time he hopes to exercise greater influence on the external conditions of the ballot.

At the Vatican they appear to be very sceptical and serene in this respect, first, because the pope enjoys perfect health, and secondly, because the sacred college is not, as formerly, exposed to the interference of courts or cabinets. A highly placed personage who will certainly play a preponderating part in the future conclave, said in this connection:

"The times have passed when the cardinals accepted the veto of the monarchies. The church is henceforth refractory to those encroachments. She turns more and more toward the democratic ideal, toward the law of liberty for all. The United States exerts a profound influence in this respect on the transformations of Catholicism in Europe. No doubt the allied governments may try to terrorize the cardinals, but it will be in vain. It is not possible at present to foresee who will be the next pope, but the following are the dominant impressions in competent circles:

"In ordinary conditions, i. e., if the pope died to-morrow, without the present conditions being transformed, it is infinitely probable that the conclave of 1878 would repeat itself—that is to say, that the foreign cardinals, allied to the most moderate of the Roman and Italian cardinals, would choose a conciliatory pope, modern and moderate. This pope will probably be taken from among the cardinals of the province, the cardinals of the curia being too divided to come to an agreement on a Roman name. Under extraordinary conditions, if the conclave were held abroad, and it should meet in the midst of a European complication, it is to be presumed that the cardinals would choose a neutral foreign pope, neither German, French, Austrian nor Italian. They would take a Belgian cardinal or an American, an Englishman or a Spaniard; in a word, a cardinal born in a country that does not inspire international jealousy. For example, Manning, Gibbons or Goossens de Malinci. The hypothesis of a foreign pope, it must be admitted, presents itself more and more. That which was formerly a reason for choosing an Italian pope is now a reason for taking a stranger above all, if Italian unity is to be consolidated and if papacy is not to regain possession of Rome.

"It is also necessary to bear in mind this capital fact—that foreign cardinals will soon form a majority in the sacred college. With the development of Christianity in the colonies, the church will have need of cardinals not only in the United States, in Australia and in Canada, but in the east, in China, India, and in Africa. This expansion of Christianity will modify essentially the conditions of the conclave and of the papacy. Further, the world becoming Romanized, it is necessary that the papacy should become universal, i. e., that it should become more and more extra-Italian and extra-national. In a word, that she should transform herself into an international institution."

Wreck on the New York Central.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Jan. 28.—There was a smashup on the New York Central and Hudson River railroad at Peekskill. A work train started to cross the main tracks at the crossing just north of Peekskill when a fast train under full headway crashed into it. The two engines went together with terrific force and were wrecked, and both main tracks were strewn with broken and derailed cars. It is said that no one was injured. Trains from both north and south were detained at the wreck. In all it is estimated that 4000 people were detained. The cause of the accident is not known.

Nothing Left of the Mill.

STERLING, Ills., Jan. 28.—The Rock Falls paper mill was blown up by an explosion of "bleach" last evening. The mill was demolished. John Myers and Alonzo Bell have been taken from the ruins dead. Three or four other workmen are supposed to be in the ruins. The accident happened just when the day and night forces were changing places.

Farmer Sarle's Case.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 28.—In the United States citcuit court a rescript was filed in the case of the United States vs. Oliver P. Sarle, a Warwick farmer, who refused to answer the census enumerator's questions. Sarle demurred that the indictment charged no offense punishable under the law. Demurrer overruled and defendant ordered to plead.

Moody Draws Out.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—A special to The Herald from Pierre, S. D., says: Senator Moody has released the Republican caucus from further allegiance to him in view of the utter hopelessness of his case. On the last joint ballot Moody received only 39 votes, Harden getting 24, Croz 17, Tripp 24, and the remainder scattered among ten candidates.

It is Mr. Vilas.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 28.—Both houses of the legislature elected William L. Vilas to succeed John S. Spooner as United States senator by a strict party vote. The Republican members voted for Senator Spooner.

Served Him Right.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 28.—Robert Wood of Pawtucket was sentenced in the United States court to one month's imprisonment in Providence county jail and to pay $500 and costs for making a false pension affidavitt.

ENGLAND'S FREE THINKER.

A Graceful Act Toward Mr. Bradlaugh, in View of His Serious Sickness.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—Sir William Guyer Hunter, member for Hackney, moved in the house of commons that the resolution of the house of June, 1890, forbidding Charles Bradlaugh to take the oath or to affirm, be expunged from the records as subsersive of the rights of electors.

The solicitor general, Sir Howard Clarke, Q. C., opposed the motion as not in accordance with the traditions of the house. Mr. Gladstone supported the motion, claiming that it was an excess of jurisdiction in an assembly like the house, holding almost unmeasurable power without appeal. Excess of jurisdiction, said Mr. Gladstone, was the greatest fault such an assembly could commit, leaving on record an error that might be turned to evil account in evil times. To see that the house did not trespass over the limits of its functions was one of the highest and most sacred duties. [Cheers]. Mr. Gladstone, continuing, suggested that the motion would be acceptable to everybody by omitting the words "subsersive of the rights of electors."

Hon. Sir Stafford Northcote, member for Exeter, advocated the acceptance of the suggestions made by Mr. Gladstone.

Hon. William Henry Smith, first lord of the treasury, expressed the general sorrow which was felt at the illness of Mr. Bradlaugh, and the motion, as amended, was passed. The result was greeted with hearty cheers.

It was reported last night that Mr. Bradlaugh was in an exhausted condition and that he was suffering from insomnia.

TRAINS CRASH TOGETHER.

One Was a Special from Pine Ridge—Two Soldiers Killed and Many Injured.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 28.—A passenger train collided with a special bearing the troops from Pine Ridge on the Union Pacific railroad at Florence, a small station near Irwin, Kan. The special was carrying about 400 soldiers, part of the Seventh cavalry and battery K, light artillery, bound for Fort Riley. The train consisted of seven passenger and twenty-four freight cars, loaded with horses and several pieces of artillery and ammunition, hauled by two large engines. The three engines and several cars are a complete wreck. Many of the soldiers were seriously injured, at least two fatally. The dead so far as can be ascertained are: Sergt. Schortbat, battery E artillery; Private Mail, troop G, Seventh cavalry.

None of the passengers on the other train were injured. The conductor of the military train is held responsible for the accident, as he was running on the express train's time. He has disappeared. A large number of cavalry horses were killed.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Chief Justice Peters of Bangor, Me., is seriously ill.

Two French physicians announce a new cure for tuberculosis.

The lasters' strike at East Manchester, N. H., has been settled.

There is no progress in Connecticut's fight over state officers.

A Chicago dispatch reports the formation of a barbed wire trust.

The Wamsutta mill spinners won in their strike against overtime.

The Boston Ice company has cut 125,000 tons of ice at Wakefield, Mass.

Emin Pasha wants a boat for trading purposes on the Victoria Nyanza.

A Biddeford judge refused witness fees to policemen on uncontested cases.

There has been no compromise reached between the factions of the Irish party.

Jarvis McEnlee, the landscape painter, died at Rondout, N. Y., of Bright's disease.

The Rhode Island legislature has ordered a new election in the Second district on Feb. 21.

An ice gorge, several miles in length, threatens to do great damage at Tunkhannock, Pa.

Arrangements have been completed for giving Boston letters an earlier delivery in New York.

No wrecks have been discovered along the Jersey shore, but the storm battered the coast line badly.

The rapid falling of the water has prevented a threatened disastrous flood along the Susquehanna river.

The French have suppressed the rebel lion in Senegal. All the chiefs have either submitted to the French or fled to the desert.

Sir Charles Tennant has received offers of £15,050 and £20,000 consecutively, for Sir Joshua Reynolds's "The Fortune Teller."

Elijah Halford, private secretary of the president, has started for Georgia, where his wife is at present, suffering from a severe sickness.

The eighteenth annual reunion and banquet of the Massachusetts Press association will be held at the Vendome, Boston, Tuesday, Feb. 10.

Rev. Zephern Druon, Catholic priest, of St. Albans, an active and successful worker in that state for thirty-eight years, died yesterday.

Dr. Windhorst, the leader of the Clerical party in the German reichstag, who celebrated his 90th birthday on Saturday, is seriously sick.

United States Minister Reid has returned to Paris after his journey in the east and up the Nile, which he ascended as far as the first cataract.

Secretary Windom has sent a gold medal to Daniel J. Reagan of Boston in recognition of his bravery in saving a life in Boston harbor July 4, 1890.

The committee of the French chamber of deputies having the matter in charge has rejected the treaty of peace with Dahomey, declaring its terms inadequate.

The creditors of the Delamaters have concluded to accept the proposition made by the bankrupt bankers to pay 50 per cent. to their creditors in two years' time.

Capt. Keene of the schooner Henrietta puts a very different complexion on the story told by members of his crew that he had refused assistance to a distressed schooner.

Mr. Parnell has intimated to Justin McCarthy his acceptance of an agreement that neither section of the Irish party shall hold Sunday meetings in Ireland for the present.

The engagement is announced of Professor Arthur T. Hadley, the well-known political economist at Yale University, and Miss Helen Morris, daughter of Governor Luzon B. Morris.

Maurice Healy, speaking at a McCarthyite meeting at Cork, condemned the prolongation of the Boulogne conference, declaring that Justin McCarthy's followers would not accept the covert leadership of Parnell.

RECIPROCITY TALK.

Sir Charles Tupper Will Interview Mr. Blaine.

HE WILL SUBMIT PROPOSALS

Looking Toward Closer Trade Relations Between the United States and Canada—Parliament Will Undoubtedly Soon Be Dissolved.

OTTAWA, Jan. 28—The announcement that Sir Charles Tupper, Canada's high commissioner in London, had been cabled for to come at once to Canada, gives further confirmation to the report in ministerial circles at Ottawa that the dissolution of parliament is a settled fact.

Sir Charles, to whom Sir John Macdonald has always intrusted the negotiations between Canada and the United States on matters of trade or international disputes, will leave Liverpool for New York to-day. A day or two after his arrival he will have a conference with Sir John Macdonald; then he will immediately proceed to Washington to lay such proposals as he brings from Lord Salisbury for reopening negotiations in the direction of commercial reciprocity before Secretary Blaine.

It will be remembered that in the Dominion parliament in 1887, in explaining the failure to negotiate a treaty of reciprocity at Washington, Sir Charles stated that he had been sent on a confidential mission to Washington in 1884, and had a long and interesting conversation with Secretary Frelinghuysen on the subject of reciprocity. The failure to return the administration of which the late secretary was a member was, he said, a great misfortune for Canada.

He felt certain that, had Mr. Frelinghuysen been spared and the Republican government given another lease of power, a measure of reciprocity would have been carried out that time. Sir Charles has again been entrusted to negotiate with a Republican government, and it will be a matter of much concern to learn what proposal he has to submit to Secretary Blaine.

It is quite evident that the people of Canada, the majority of whom want the closest trade relations with the United States, will not accept the mere assertion from Sir John Macdonald that he has been approached by the United States government on the question of reciprocity. This is too indefinite and won't go down with the voters, who want to know exactly what Sir John is prepared to do, and the probability of his succeeding at Washington, before they will allow the question of commercial reciprocity with the United States to be an issue in the approaching campaign, at least as far as the government is concerned. On this question the Liberal party has defined itself, and the people know what to expect.

Considered Conclusive.

TORONTO, Jan. 28.—A special cable dispatch from London to The Globe says: Sir Charles Tupper sails for Canada today. This makes a dissolution of the Canadian parliament tolerably certain.

MISSING VESSELS.

There are Three Which Will Probably Never Be Heard From.

HALIFAX, Jan. 28.—The bark Crown Jewel, which left Sydney, C. B., Nov. 2, loaded with coal for New York, has not been heard from since, and it is supposed she has been lost, with all on board. She was commanded by Capt. E. Graffam; was 716 tons register, 141 feet long, 33 feet beam and 22 feet deep, and was owned at St. Johns, N. F.

The Norwegian bark Iris, which left Bathurst, N. B., for Bowling, Sept. 30, has been given up for lost. The underwriters paid for her cargo.

The bark King Oscar II, which left here for Liverpool Dec. 1, lumber laden, has not yet been reported. Great fears are entertained for her safety.

GLADSTONE NON-COMMITAL.

Revival of the Story That He Will Resign the Party Leadership.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The Chester Courant claims that it has authority to state that Mr. Gladstone is about to resign the leadership of his party. While dining with Sir William Vernon Harcourt last evening, in company with several other Liberal colleagues, Mr. Gladstone was shown the statement of The Courant, but he declined to confirm or deny it. The Press association states that as his daily attendance in parliament is unnecessary, Mr. Gladstone has accepted the Earl of Aberdeen's invitation to reside at Dollis Hill until Easter.

Concerning New Hampshire's Schools.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 28.—A bill has been introduced into the legislature and is now before the committee on education which seeks practically to repeal the town system of public schools. This movement had been taken in face of the fact that the commission for the revision of the statutes have retained the town system, believing it to be in every way superior to the old district system. It is generally predicted that the bill will find very few supporters in either house.

A Pacific Cable Project.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Senator Mitchell introduced a bill to incorporate the Pacific Cable company, with a capital of $5,000,000, to operate a cable between San Francisco, Hawaii, Samoa and Japan. A majority of the board of directors must be citizens of the United States. The secretary of the treasury is authorized to pay to the company an annual subsidy of $200,000 a year for fifteen years.

Mr. Potter Will Leave His Flock.

HARTFORD, Jan. 28.—The council of the Congregational church called to act on the resignation of the Rev. Lester L. Potter of the Park church in this city met and announced a resolution approving the dissolution of pastoral relation, to take effect Jan. 31.

In Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28—In the senate, Thursday's journal was approved. No action was taken on the apportionment bill.

In the house, the military academy bill was under consideration in committee of the whole.

They Won't Give In.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Jan. 28.—The joint assembly convened again and took six ballots for United States senator without change, making the aggregate since the beginning 371.

Mr. Lunt Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The nomination of William F. Lunt of Maine, to be a member of the board of general appraisers of merchandise, was confirmed.

O. S. C.

1759 ROBERT BURNS 1891

Grand Celebration

OF THE

132d ANNIVERSARY

OF THE BIRTH OF

Scotland's Favorite Poet,

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

Clan McGregor, No. 5,

QUINCY, MASS.,

IN THE

QUINCY OPERA HOUSE,

ON

FRIDAY EV'NG,

JAN. 30th, 1891.

PROGRAMME.

1. Pot Pourri, Scotch Airs
Dunbar's Orchestra.
2. Opening Address,
Chief James Copland.
3. Song, McGregor's Gathering
Mr. Lewis G. Griffiths.
4. Song, When the Heart is Young
Miss Fanny W. Hatch.
5. Impersonations, (Assorted)
Mr. Edward W. Emerson.
6. Song, Come under my Plaidie
Miss Mary F. White.
7. Song, Jessie, the Flower o' Dunblane
Mr. William Elrick.
8. Recitation, Prince Charlie at Versailles on the Anniversary of Culloden,
Miss Annie MacKenzie.
9. Piano Solo, (Selected)
Mr. William Wilson.
10. Address,
Hon. H. O. Fairbanks, Mayor of Quincy.
11. Song, (Selected)
Miss Fanny W. Hatch.
12. Legerdemassachusetts,
Mr. Edward W. Emerson.
13. Song, Robin Adair
Miss Mary F. White.
14. Song, My Nannie's Awa'
Mr. William Elrick.
15. Recitation, Mary, Queen of Scots
Miss Annie MacKenzie.
16. Song, The Lass of Patie's Mill
Mr. Lewis G. Griffiths.

Accompanist, Mr. William Wilson.

☞Royal Secretary Kerr, Grand Chief Allen and others will be present. Programme subject to change.

Supper Furnished in Dining Hall,
A. E. NASH, Caterer.

Dancing at 10.30.

MUSIC, - DUNBAR'S ORCHESTRA.

J. B. DUNBAR, Prompter.

Admission to Celebration, 50 and 35 Cents. Children under 12 years, 15 Cents. Dancing 50 Cents extra for Gentlemen. Ladies free.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Entertainment at 7.45.

A responsible person will have charge of Clothing.

Gentlemen wishing to take part in the dancing are requested to leave the hall after the Concert.

Tickets for sale at the Stores of John O. Holden, C. B. Tilton, Williams' Jewelry Store, and the following Committee of Arrangements: Alex. Emslie, William Norrie, James Copland, Oscar W. Riddle, A. B. Davidson, William Elrick and Maxwell McIntosh.

JAMES COPLAND, Chief.

ALEX. B. DAVIDSON, Sec. of Com.

Jan. 23. 6t

NEW DRESS

GINGHAMS

SPRING STYLES,

Striped and Plaided.

ALSO NEW DIAGONAL

PLAID PERCALES,

ALL

12 1-2c. per Yard,

AT

Miss C. S. Hubbard's,

158 Hancock St., Quincy.

BUSSELL'S

Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov, 25. tf

MONEY TO LOAN

ON First Mortgages at the lowest rates of Interest.

GEO. H. BROWN & CO.,

Adams Building, Quincy.

Jan. 23—tf,p&l

WANTED.

WANTED,—By a gentleman and lady, board in a private family, where the house is heated by furnace or steam. Address "B. J. W.," LEDGER OFFICE.

Quincy, Jan. 26. 4t

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

TO LET.

TO LET,—Furnished rooms, with or without board, at 44 CHESTNUT STREET. Quincy, Jan. 17.—9t

TO LET.—Very desirable property in South Quincy. House contains 11 rooms, city water and furnace; stable attached with accommodation for 6 horses. Five acres of land, cuts 7 tons hay. Plenty of fruit, etc. A sightly location, near Electric cars and railroad station. Will lease for term of years to right party.

Enquire of B. N. ADAMS, Real Estate, Quincy. Jan. 13—pl tf

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.

Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms.

Apply to HENRY H. FAXON.

Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—One good new Milch Cow and Calf. L. E. WEYMOUTH, Glover avenue, Atlantic, Mass. Jan. 17—9t

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms To Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree
Geo. H. Hunt,	East Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 28.

High water at 1.30 A. M. and 1.30 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.02; Sets at 4.53.
Moon rises 8.27 P. M.
Last quarter Feb. 1, 11.42 P. M.

CONGRESSMAN Morse will please accept our thanks for a copy of the Congressional Directory, a handy book to have in the library.

DON'T believe there will be any need of a recount of the votes in yesterday's election. There was no uncertainty about the voice of the people.

THE Herald scheme to enlarge Boston does not meet with much favor in Waltham which was one of the cities included. The Tribune says:

"The Boston Sunday Herald devoted almost an entire page to the elaboration of a scheme by which twenty-six cities and towns adjoining Boston should be annexed; giving a grand total population of something over 800,000. The scheme looks well on paper, and the level headed newspaper man who built it is entitled to credit. As a matter of fact, however, it won't go. Take the experience for instance of Charlestown. Does any one want to enter a dreadier, more neglected place, than that historic adjunct of Boston? When Charlestown was a city, separate and apart, there was some attempt at cleanliness and improvement. Since being merged into the great municipality of Boston, however, it has gradually lost whatever individuality it had, and has become simply a bedroom, and a crowded one at that. Many of its old time inhabitants have been driven out to Somerville, Medford, Everett, Malden, Arlington and this city. Perish the thought that Waltham shall ever be other than she is, a municipal individuality, quite the brightest, cleanest and best balanced city of its size to be found in the New England states. Annex Waltham to Boston? Better tie it to the tail of a Charles river pickerel and find a new location for it up beyond the malaria flats near Cambridge.

The Waltham Free Press says:

"The Boston Herald of Sunday had an elaborate scheme for uniting the cities and towns, within a radius of ten miles from the Hub, with Boston, making a city with nearly a million inhabitants. We do not believe in any consolidation of municipalities, but the scheme is an interesting one to study."

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

City Hall was closed this afternoon from 12 to 3 out of respect to Councilman Spear.

An engraving of the remodelled City Hall is printed on the second page of today's paper.

The Woman's Relief Corps, of Quincy, will hold their first social dance at Faxon hall, this evening.

H. Bass of Gloucester and B. H. Munn of Springfield are registered this week at the Robertson House.

The Adams Academy boys enjoyed a sleigh ride last evening in Tisdale's large sleigh, returning about midnight.

The many friends of Miss Laura Hinckley will be sorry to learn that she is dangerously ill at her home in Boston.

M. W. Frolund has commenced another double house on Hillside street, making three he now has underway in that locality.

Mr. W. M. Marden, Quincy correspondent of the Boston Herald, is in New Hampshire for a few days in the interest of that paper.

The Y. M. C. A. movement is gaining a strong hold in this city, and the committee report very successful Sunday afternoon meetings.

John Cashman has purchased two barges and the school children west of Cross street and at the rail, are carried by him to and from school every day.

Haven't our young men anything better to do than to stand on the sidewalks snowballing passing sleighs? It is dangerous say nothing of it being unmanly.

The four horse team of Maverick Oil Co., ran away this noon, starting from G. F. Wilson & Co.'s, and bringing up against a post a few roads off. Little damage was done.

Installation of officers of Manet Assembly, Royal Society of Good Fellows, at Room 22, Adams building, tonight, at 8 o'clock. The District Supreme Deputy will be present.

It will be seen by a notice in another column that the masons in the easterly portion of Norfolk County have decided to demand $3.50 per day of nine hours, on and after March 2d.

Another Quincy sensation has got into the Boston papers. The LEDGER heard the rumors some days ago but thought an investigation unnecessary, but will make one now in justice to the parties under suspicion.

Mr. M. P. Hannon of New York paid a brief visit to his friends in Quincy, on Tuesday. Mr. Hannon was well known in this city when connected with "Once a Week." He is now however connected with the Knights of Honor Reporter as business agent.

MISS LEARY.

Polls over 500 and is in the Race.

Large Gains by Messrs. Foy and Bowditch and Miss McGovern.

The Contest Had 50 Days to Run and This is the 25th.

Miss Leary is with us again today, after an absence of a few days, and her vote today was over twice that for any other candidate. Now look out for another struggle for the lead.

Today's vote: Miss Leary, 501; Mr. Foy, 202; Mr. Bowditch, 200; Miss McGovern, 105; Mr. Purdy, 47; and several others a less number.

Candidates noticing any errors in the figures will please notify the "Vote Counter" promptly, that the same may be corrected.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today:

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss McGovern,	**Gas Light Co.'s,**	**5847**
Miss Leary,	**S. B. Little's,**	**4640**
Robert E. Foy,	**Pratt & Curtis,**	**3919**
G. V. Bowditch,	**Packard & Co.'s,**	**3570**
Henry W. Tirrell,	**John Page's,**	**2664**
Miss McPhail,	**Sheppard & Sons,**	**1017**
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's,	586
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's,	475
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's,	395
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's,	369
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's,	350
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's,	361
Mary G. Drumm,	D. Bamford's,	142
Miss Agnes Kelley,	Clapp Bros,	119
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's,	119
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's,	72
Henry L. Jones,	E. E. Fellows',	61
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's,	47
Luther Rogers,	A. L. Litchfield,	42
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's,	28
John H. Newcomb,	S. G. Elliott's,	27
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	27
Tina Wilson,	Rogers Bros.'	26
George O. Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones',	24
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's,	21
John T. Bates,	W. H. Doble's,	15
Joseph Faircloth,	John Hall's,	12
Gridley Totman,	F. W. French's,	10
Henry Curtis,	J. M. Hayden's,	10
Miss Clark,	Coddington school,	10
Rose Rooney,	Gourd's,	10

Newsboys' Prizes.

The first summary includes the sales of Jan. 26 of boys starting from the LEDGER office:

Charles Walsh	**7149**
John Mitchell	**2992**
Myron Wilber	**1821**
Robert McAuliffe	**1671**
James Giles,	**1088**
Fred Bavin,	899
Fred Hardwick,	900
Eddie Heffernan,	852
Willie Esson,	611
Henry Rhines,	569
John Dackers,	522
Chris McAuliffe,	479
Gardner Willey,	302
Patrick Murphy,	297
Charles Baxter,	297
Arthur Pinel,	275
John Murphy,	243
Napoleon Guillemett,	87
Albert Belliven,	77
Fred Evans,	57
John Morrison,	56
Eugene McAuliffe,	48
James Faircloth,	45
Daniel Doran,	40
Willie Ballou,	40
Frank McGrath,	39
Duncan Livingstone,	37
Frank Walsh,	36
John Anderson,	35
William McDonnell,	33
Gilbert Bavin,	31
Jerry Conley,	30
Cameron Stewart,	16
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Warren Cameron,	15
Gustin Goolic,	15
George Dunn,	14
Parfast Guillemett,	13
James Norrie,	10

Miss Bartlett's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 24.

Alex. Smith,	202
William Giles,	40
John Jolly,	32

Miss Freeman's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 24.

Charles Carter,	850

H. Coram's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 24.

Willie Williams,	269
Dan Shea,	205
Robert Hayes,	204
Dan Reardon,	171
Charlie McCue,	105
Eddie Kane,	99
John Riley,	91
Dan McDevitt,	55
John Bean,	54
John Menahan,	53
Frank Reinhalter,	44
Joseph Kelley,	33
Arthur LaClare,	31
C. Marchmont,	17
Harry Rodman,	16
Robert Foy,	15
—— Cochran,	11
John Bolanger,	9
John Dillion,	8
A. Marchmont,	8
Bennie Driscoll,	6
James McCue,	4
W. Moir,	2

Friends of Mr. Bowditch.

The general committee met at the appointed hour and organized. A sub-committee was selected to arrange all the details in the Quincy contest. It was voted to extend a special invitation to ladies and friends of the committee to co-operate in the movement. Please forward coupons or correspondence to E. Packard & Co., Cottage avenue, or by mail in sealed envelope, promptly and without any further delay. This order to all the wards in the city.

F. C. PACKARD, Chairman.

Mrs. Sarah J. Williamson of Wollaston is confined to her house with rheumatism and neuralgia.

Work on the Willard school building was commenced today, and it will be as busy as a beehive in a few days.

The funeral of Councilman Samuel H. Spear takes place this afternoon. Messrs. Morton, Bass and Holden are a committee of the City Council to attend.

Miss Mary F. White, West Quincy's popular soprano, sang at a concert with Lon F. Brine, the well known tenor, at Somerville last Sunday. She is also engaged to sing at a concert in Mechanics building, Boston, and for the Clan McGregor, Burns' night.

There will be preaching in the Methodist church, Wollaston, tonight, also on Thursday and Friday nights. The meetings are exceedingly interesting and full of helpfulness. A short praise service is held preceding the sermon. Come and see an old-fashioned Methodist revival service.

Last evening twelve couple from Milton and Ashmont enjoyed a moonlight sleigh-ride in the boat sleigh drawn by four horses, owned by Abel Goss, arriving at Faxon hall, Quincy, at 9.30, and meeting Quincy friends, they enjoyed dancing until 11.30, after which a collation was served. As the wee small hours were dawning took their departure, filling the midnight air with their merry voices and trumpets.

DIED.

GILL—In Quincy, Jan. 27, Mr. Joseph Gill, aged 42 years, 11 months and 27 days.

RICH—In Cohasset, Jan. 27, Mr. Zaccheus Rich, aged 76 years and 1 month.

GOTT—In East Braintree, Jan. 27, Mr. Andrew Gott, aged 65 years.

DERRICKS WANTED.—One large and one small Derrick complete, for Cash. Address, stating terms, prices, etc., H. E. CARLTON, 132 Boston street, Lynn, Mass. Jan. 28. 6t

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately.

Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.

Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

PLANT FOOD

FOR SALE AT

FRANK F. CRANE'S.

Quincy, Jan. 10. tf

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING, QUINCY AVENUE.

Nov. 13. 3 mos

Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.

Boston, Nov. 5. tf

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Unlike any other,

is as much for *Internal* as *External* use.

Many people do not know this.

The Most Wonderful Family Remedy Ever Known.

Positively cures Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Hoarseness, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Catarrh, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Sciatica, Lame Back and Soreness in Body or Limbs. Full particulars sent free Price, 35 cts.; 6 bottles, $2. Express prepaid.

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

RELIEF CORPS' INSTALLATION.

Dancing and Singing Followed—Souvenir Programmes Presented.

Paul Revere Woman's Relief Corps 103, held its regular meeting in G. A. R. hall last evening. The principal business of the evening was the installing of the officers for the ensuing year, by Mrs. Elizabeth Lang, Junior Vice Department President, assisted by Mrs. Brigham President of Hyde Park corps in the following order:

President,—Isabelle Souther.
S. V. President,—Elizabeth W. Pratt.
J. V. President,—Sarah J. Williamson.
Treasurer,—Angie D. Loud.
Chaplin,—Isabelle R. Holmes.
Secretary,—Laura E. Holt.
Conductor,—Fannie M. Newcomb.
Guard,—Emma A. Marnock.
Asst. Conductor,—Lizzie A. Monk.
" Guard,—Emma Safford.

Delegate to Department,—Lizzie A. Monk.

Alternate,—Sarah J. Williamson.

Corresponding Secretary,—M. Lizzie Furnald.

Owing to the absence of the Treasurer, Senior and Junior Vice, they will be installed at the next regular meeting, by President Isabelle Souther.

After the services were preformed speech making was in order, which was listened to with great interest by fifty of its members. After which a collation was served, followed by dancing to the music of Gardner's Orchestra of Quincy, and listening to singing by the no-name quartette of West Quincy. After the close each member was presented by M. Lizzie Furnald in behalf of Mrs. W. H. Godfrey, of Wollaston, with an official souvenir programme of the 24th National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic.

As the good-nights were said all expressed themselves as having enjoyed one of the most lively and pleasantest evening ever spent at the G. A. R. hall.

GERMAN LESSONS

Wanted to take of someone thoroughly conversant with the language. "P. W. A," Box 608, Quincy. Jan. 28—2t

NOTICE.

THE Plasterers and Bricklayers of East Norfolk County would hereby notify the Master Mechanics, that at a meeting held JANUARY 26, 1891, it was decided not to work with Tenders on the staging; and have fixed the rate of wages at $3.50 per day for nine hours, on and after **March 2d, 1891.**

Per order of Committee.

Quincy, Jan. 28—3t 31—1w

$50 REWARD.

WHEREAS, many of the Incandescent Electric Light Globes have been broken, the undersigned will pay a reward of Fifty Dollars for evidence that will lead to the conviction of the guilty parties.

QUINCY ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY.

C. A. VORHEES, Supt.

Jan. 28. 6t

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.

BARGAINS IN

Ladies', Men's and Children's Woolen Underwear,

LADIES', MEN'S AND CHILDREN'S WOOL HOSE,

Ladies' Fleece-lined Colored and Black Hose,

APRONS, WRAPPERS AND CORSETS.

We are selling the FIBROLINE CORSET for 59 Cents.

In fact D. E. Wadsworth & Co. have marked down their stock of Winter Goods to prices that will sell them, as they wish the room for new stock.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our

Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel.

PRATT & CURTIS,

25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

BEST IN THE MARKET!

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, July 9. tf

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Nov. 10. tf

A MINING HORROR

A Hundred and Ten Miners Killed Outright.

A LARGE NUMBER OF OTHERS WILL DIE.

The Disaster Caused by an Explosion of Fire Damp—Eighty Bodies Recovered So Far—At Least Sixty Families Left Destitute and Without a Protector—A Singular Fatality Seems to Follow the Superintendent of the Fatal Shaft—Steps Taken Toward Providing for the Widows and Orphans.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 28.—A special from Scottdale, Pa., says:

By an explosion of fire damp in the mammoth shaft of the H. C. Frick Coke company 110 miners were hurled into eternity and a number seriously injured. The explosion occurred shortly after 9 o'clock and, it is supposed, was the result of the ignition of a miner's oil lamp. The after damp which followed the explosion suffocated nearly every workman. A few men realizing the awful situation fell to the ground, thereby preventing the gas from striking them.

There is not a soul left to tell the story of the dreadful calamity. The persons not killed are in such a critical condition that their deaths are momentarily expected. Up to this writing sixty bodies have been recovered, all without a sign of life.

The fire which broke out after the explosion was soon extinguished by the immense fans which were put in operation. The gas has about all been driven from the pit, and the work of rescuing the entombed miners has been commenced. General manager Lynch of the H. C. Frick Coke company is on the scene helping to devise means for rescuing the perished workmen.

The mammoth plant embraces 509 ovens, one of the largest plants in the coke region, but it is hard of access. It is situated near the United works, where an explosion recently destroyed the entire shaft. The affair has cast a gloom over the entire coke region, and hundreds of miners are flocking to the scene of the disaster offering assistance.

Language is too weak to describe the scenes at the mines. Horror is piled on horror. The news spread throughout the entire coke region with great rapidity and everybody was awe-stricken.

The coffins have already been ordered for eighty persons from Mount Pleasant undertakers, and it is understood that the Frick company will bear the expense of the same.

The only man who escaped from the fatal flame was Mine Boss Eaton.

Ex-Mine Inspector Keighley, the superintendent of the fatal shaft, is nearly distracted. It is a singular fact that misfortune seems to have followed him. His experience in the Hill Farm disaster resulted in his tendering his resignation as mine inspector.

Master Workman Peter Wise, ex-Master Workman Kerfoot, James McBride, Mike Disman and John R. Byrne, Secretary Parker and James Keegan, all prominent labor leaders, have left for Mammoth to render any assistance in their power, financially or otherwise, to the stricken or bereaved families. It has been estimated that there are sixty wives and families left wholly dependent on the charity of the world for sustenance by this disaster. In fact, they are almost penniless, as the plant has not been running full for some time and work has been exceedingly scarce since the dullness in the demand for coke began.

Every means possible will be resorted to to supply the widowed mothers and their children with the necessaries of life. The Frick company will be liberal in this direction, and it is understood that a subscription paper will shortly be circulated to obtain money to support the unfortunate families.

Master Workman Peter Wise has addressed a letter to the miners and cokers of the region asking for aid.

Will Close Their Bars.

PORTLAND, Me., Jan. 28.—Considerable interest has been felt over the action of the hotel keepers in reference to the refusal of transient guests, in retaliation for the recent vigorous enforcement of the liquor law. The coming of one or two thousand delegates to the Christian Endeavor convention next week made the matter one of much importance. The committee of entertainment have received ample assurance of hospitality in private houses for all who might come. This will not now be needed, as the hotel men have decided to close their bars, in accordance with the law, and keep their houses open.

France Has the Right of Way.

ATHENS, Jan. 28.—Dr. Waldstein has withdrawn the American claims to the right to carry on excavations at Delphi until the French claims are settled. It is probable that the government will grant the concession to France, but it is hoped that the sultan will recognize the American Archæological association to proceed with excavations on the Island of Mitylene.

A New England Wreck.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 28.—A New York and New England train from Boston for Providence ran into three long cars, loaded with manure. It is said there were no lights to indicate the presence of the loaded flats on the track. The passenger train was badly wrecked and everybody got a shaking up. Two and a half hours went by before relief came.

Nebraska Approves It.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 28.—Resolutions were adopted in both branches of the legislature, approving the action of the United States senate in refusing to consider the force bill. All the Independents with three exceptions voted with the Democrats.

As Predicted.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—A cable message was received in this city stating that the Brazilian syndicate continues to buy rubber largely in Para and prices have advanced 90 cents a pound for upper river fine rubber.

NING HORROR

red and Ten Miners illed Outright.

RGE NUMBER OF ERS WILL DIE.

ter Caused by an Explosion of mp—Eighty Bodies Recovered —At Least Sixty Families Left e and Without a Protector—A Fatality Seems to Follow the tendent of the Fatal Shaft— ken Toward Providing for the and Orphans.

RG, Jan. 28.—A special from Pa., says:

explosion of fire damp in the shaft of the H. C. Frick Coke 110 miners were hurled into nd a number seriously injured. sion occurred shortly after 9 d, it is supposed, was the result ition of a miner's oil lamp. The p which followed the explosion nearly every workman. A few zing the awful situation fell to d, thereby preventing the gas king them.

not a soul left to tell the story alful calamity. The persons not in such a critical condition that hs are momentarily expected. s writing sixty bodies have been , all without a sign of life.

e which broke out after the ex- was soon extinguished by the im- ns which were put in operation. has about all been driven from and the work of rescuing the en- miners has been commenced. manager Lynch of the H. C. ke company is on the scene help- vise means for rescuing the per- rkmen.

ammoth plant embraces 509 ovens, the largest plants in the coke ut it is hard of access. It is situ- the United works, where an ex- recently destroyed the entire The affair has cast a gloom over e coke region, and hundreds of re flocking to the scene of the dis- ring assistance.

age is too weak to describe the the mines. Horror is piled on The news spread throughout the ke region with great rapidity vbody was awe-stricken.

ffins have already been ordered y persons from Mount Pleasant ers, and it is understood that company will bear the expense ne.

ly man who escaped from the fa- was Mine Boss Eaton.

he inspector Keighley, the superin- of the fatal shaft, is nearly dis- It is a singular fact that mis- seems to have followed him. His ce in the Hill Farm disaster re- his tendering his resignation as pector.

Workman Peter Wise, ex-Mas- kman Kerfoot, James McBride, man and John R. Byrne, Secre- ker and James Keegan, all promi- or leaders, have left for Mammoth any assistance in their power, ly or otherwise, to the stricken or families. It has been estimated e are sixty wives and families ly dependent on the charity of d for sustenance by this disaster. hey are almost penniless, as the s not been running full for some d work has been exceedingly ce the dullness in the demand began.

means possible will be resorted to y the widowed mothers and their with the necessaries of life. The mpany will be liberal in this , and it is understood that a sub- paper will shortly be circulated money to support the unfor- milies.

Workman Peter Wise has ad- a letter to the miners and cokers gion asking for aid.

Will Close Their Bars.

ND, Me., Jan. 28.—Considerable has been felt over the action of l keepers in reference to the re- transient guests, in retaliation recent vigorous enforcement of the w. The coming of one or two l delegates to the Christian En- convention next week made the one of much importance. The ee of entertainment have received ssurance of hospitality in private or all who might come. This will be needed, as the hotel men have to close their bars, in accordance law, and keep their houses open.

ance Has the Right of Way.

S, Jan. 28.—Dr. Waldstein has wn the American claims to the carry on excavations at Delphi e French claims are settled. It is e that the government will grant ession to France, but it is hoped sultan will recognize the Ameri- hae ological association to proceed cavations on the Island of Mity-

A New England Wreck.

DENCE, Jan. 28.—A New York and gland train from Boston for Prov- an into three long cars, loaded with . It is said there were no lights ate the pre-ence of the loaded flats rack. The passenger train was ecked and everybody got a shak- Two and a half hours went by elief came.

Nebraska Approves It.

LN, Neb., Jan. 28.—Resolutions opted in both branches of the legis- approving the action of the United enate in refusing to consider the ill. All the Independents with ceptions voted with the Demo-

As Predicted.

YORK, Jan. 28.—A cable message ceived in this city stating that the an syndicate continues to buy rub- rely in Para and prices have ad- 90 cents a pound for upper river ber.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 25. QUINCY, MASS., THURSDAY, JANUARY 29, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

NEW BAKERY

JUST OPENED,

— IN —

Adams Building, cor. Temple and Hancock Sts.

The public are informed that I have opened a Bakery in the Adams Building, where will be kept a full line of

Bread, Cake, Pastry.

TRY OUR ANGEL CAKE.

Plain and Fancy Crackers. All kinds of Confectionery.

HOT BREAD AND ROLLS EVERY AFTERNOON.

WEDDING CAKE A SPECIALTY.

W. A. HODGES,

PROPRIETOR.

Jan. 17. 2w

THE GREAT SACRIFICE

— OF —

Clothing and Furnishing Goods

Still Goes On.

Further Reductions in all Departments.

Men's Blue Wool Underwear, 35 cents,

Suits at much less than Cost.

Overcoats, 50c. on the dollar.

In fact everything in our Stock at a great discount.

QUINCY ONE PRICE CLOTHING CO.,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

Oranges and Lemons,

15 CENTS PER DOZEN.

SAUSAGE MEAT IN 2-LB. BAGS,

25c. a Bag.

FLOUR, $6.00 and $6.75 Per Bbl.

COFFEE, all Grades from 16c. to 42c. a lb.

Kennedy's Crackers,

4 lbs. for 25 cts. or 5 1-2 cts. per lb. per barrel.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

THOSE DIAMONDS.

An Investigation by the Ledger.

The Stories Circulated Are Untrue and Malicious.

The Missing Diamond Was Last Seen at the Quincy Hospital.—Where Is It?

For some weeks past grave rumors have been afloat about Mr. N. B. Furnald, which if true would place that official in a very serious position. The LEDGER man was one of the first to hear the rumor, but thought nothing about it, as rumors of a similar nature have always been circulated about some of our officers, as the time for reappointment draws near. While in the past years they have been mere minor matters, this is different and the rumor instead of dying out appears to be on the increase, and in justice to Mr. Furnald who has always been a terror to evil doers, an investigation is due that the citizens may know the truth of the matter, and after a thorough investigation we have no hesitancy in pronouncing the story untrue.

From the first idle rumor the story as told today is substantially as follows: At the time of the recent railroad accident in this city, some of the personal property belonging to one of the passengers on the wrecked train was missing, and that said property consisted of diamonds which were highly prized, not because of their intrinsic value but of the associations connected with them. As all efforts to find the property have proved fruitless, so the story goes

A Detective Was Employed

who visited Quincy and worked himself into the good graces of Mr. Furnald's family, where he was constant visitor during his stay. He invited Mr. Furnald's daughter to accompany him to places of amusement and upon one occasion Miss Furnald wore the very article for which he was looking. The detective then had Mr. Furnald arrested, who furnished bail. The amount of bail which was first placed at $200, having been increased until today some parties set it at $50,000.

To say where this story first saw the light of day, would be hard to tell, but it is believed to have been

A Political Move.

One of the officers who frequents the Police station quite often was seen by the LEDGER man Wednesday and in conversation, he said he had not heard the rumor only a few days ago, and he had taken the trouble to inquire of the clerk of the district court if a warrant had been issued and found none had and therefore Mr. Furnald could not have been arrested for as the crime was alleged to have been committed was in Quincy the warrant must necessarily be issued here. He had never heard any officer accuse Mr. Furnald of stealing anything, and did not believe he had ever stolen a cent's worth, but he had heard him criticised at the way in which he handled the articles taken from the victims, for instead of keeping them separate so that they could be identified he had thrown them in a composed mass into a large basket. He had heard that some one had lost a diamond, but did not believe Mr. Furnald had taken it.

Mr. Furnald was seen and in conversation said no New York detective had visited Quincy to his knowledge. Of all the property he had in his possession at the time of the accident there was not a diamond. Everything he had had been identified and Dr. J. H. Gilbert, the medical examiner, held the receipts for everything and he held duplicate receipts for the same from Dr. Gilbert. There was

A Diamond Ring

Which belonged to Mrs. Fenley which was missing, and although he and Dr. Galvin of the Old Colony had made careful search it had not yet been found.

The day of the accident Mrs. Fenley was taken to the Hospital, where the ring was cut from her finger and placed upon the shelf, and that was the last seen of it. He did not go to the Hospital that day and as that was the time it disappeared its disappearance cannot be laid to him. There was in the room at that time the doctors and Lawyer Coffey of Weymouth.

Being asked about putting the articles into a large basket, he said this was not so, as every article which he had in his possession could be

Easily Identified.

Mr. Furnald does not care so much about the story himself as he does for his family, who have been dragged into it, and they are the ones who would suffer the most.

Several other Quincy officers were seen none of whom placed any credit to the story, and the fact that Mr. Furnald has and does now handle some of the Old Colony's business, should be evidence enough that they do not place any credit in it.

Miss Furnald unfortunately it seems has two diamond rings, but she has owned these five or six years, and the jewelers from whom they were bought have identified them as the ones they sold.

AN EXPLOSION

Which Sets Fire to the Works of the Citizens' Gas Company.

Shortly before eleven o'clock this morning residents within a quarter of a mile of the gas works on Brackett street felt the shock of an explosion which shook their houses. It occurred in the meter room at the works, blowing the door out and sending it a dozen feet and completely smashing two windows. It also set fire to the floor.

An attempt was made to pull in Box 25, but it would not work, and the fire department was summoned by telephone and responed in a very few minutes. Their services were not needed, however, as the fire was trifling and a sill cock stream had extinguished it.

Supt. Keniley said the damage was trifling.

Surprise Party at Atlantic.

A surprise party was tendered Miss Mamie Noble at her residence last evening at Glover's lane, Atlantic. Quincy, Weymouth, Milton and Boston were well represented. During the evening singing and games were the amusement. Some of the gentlemen tried their hands with the cards showing some tricks which would do credit to some of those sleight of hand performers who grace the stage of some of those museums on Washington street in Boston. A double clog was also introduced by two Quincy men, which was well received by the gathering. After this the young ladies of the house moved that the assemblage proceed to the dinning room where an elegant spread was served. Our Charley from Quincy, said prayer, after which his brethren fell in; that is did justice to the spread. When the assemblage gathered in the sitting-room after the repast, Miss Josie F. Blenknistein in a short and neat speech presented Miss Noble with a handsome diamond ring. Miss Noble was so taken by surprise that it took her several seconds before she responded, then thanked the assemblage as well as she could. After this, Miss Noble sang and played. The Quick Step quartette from South Quincy gave a few selections. William Ditson also sang a solo. At two o'clock the assemblage departed for their respective homes.

Among those present were:

Josie Forbes.	George Morrissey.
Chas. Bigness.	Belle Hayes.
John Valentine.	Clara Russell.
Nellie Carroll.	Maud Philips.
Etta Noble.	Susie Shepard.
Edward Shea.	May Edwards.
A. Walsh.	Maggie Mitchell.
A. Walker.	Ella Bass.
Rex Henderson.	Bella LaFrela.
Lousia Torrey.	Joseph White.
Fanny Torrey.	John Blenkinstein.
Richard O'Brien.	Thos. Faircloth.
Thos. Doyle.	Chas. Salisbury.
William Sullivan.	John Sullivan.
Jesse Prince.	Andrew Turner.
Edward McIntosh.	George LaFrainee.
John Rogers.	Jennie Thompson.
Leonard Fergusan.	Albert Duron.
Prmio Capiferri.	A. Mitchell.

Pretty Party.

The A. F. F. received friends on Wednesday at the home of Miss Fannie Hitchcock, Miss Lillian Taylor assisting in receiving. After enjoying progressive Tiddledy Winks, in which Mr. Charles Sampson won the first prize, and Mr. John Osborne the booby; Miss Hitchcock poured chocolate.

Before departing, the young men very sweetly expressed their thanks for the pleasant evening passed, by rendering some fine singing. Will Osborne, Will Isaacs, Henry French, Fred Jones and John Osborne rendered a few fine selections, all having excellent voices.

The honored gusets of the evening were Mr. Lewis Coy Kendall of Philadelphia, and Mr. Geo. Safford of Newton. Among others present were:

Lulu Brackett,	Chas. Tanner,
Annie Nelson,	John Osborne,
Edith Waldron,	Will Tanner,
Pearl Elliott,	Fred Jones,
Edith Gray,	Henry French,
Clara Graham,	Chas. Sampson,
Bessie Burns,	Robert Graham,
Ollie Sargent,	Will Osborne,
Nina Elliott,	Zeke Sampson,
Lulie Tupper,	Will Isaacs.
Lill Taylor,	

Expects to Get Rich.

Mr. Harris Farnum is home from Montana on a short visit. He intends going to Maine and then will return to West Quincy for a short time and will start for the West in about two months. He reports that Montana is the place to live in and that any man with pluck can soon become rich there. His farm is well stocked and everything commands a good price. On his farm he has eight cows and says that he is able to sell all the butter he can make at forty cents per pound. Eggs are thirty cents per dozen. He has just bought twenty-one horses which he intends to use for breeding purposes. Mr. Farnum is now stopping with Mr. E. J. T. Dexter of Randolph.—*Enterprise.*

Good Fellows.

The following officers of Manet Assembly R. S. G. F. were installed Wednesday evening by the District Supreme Deputy:

Ruler,—George E. Todd.
Instructor,—A. L. Merritt.
Counsellor,—James Dickens.
Past Ruler,—A. H. Gilson.
Secretary,—George H. Brown.
Financial Secretary,—James H. Webb.
Treasurer,—J. H. Dinegan.
Prelate,—A. L. Litchfield.
Director,—E. J. Cummings.
Guard,—F. W. Munroe.
Sentry,—J. H. Wales.

A NEW CANDIDATE.

W. H. Bennett Starts In With 200.

Miss McGovern Has Now a Total of Over 6000.

Mr. Bowditch's Committee Now Have Their Eye on Third Place.

A new candidate with 200 votes enters the contest today, Mr. William H. Bennett of the White Machine Co. His vote places him thirteen on the list. Two hundred more tomorrow would place him number nine, which shows that an active canvass might after all secure one of the prizes for the new candidate and be a good advertisement for the company.

Miss McGovern and Mr. Bowditch each gained 200 today, making the former's total over six thousand, while the latter is within 150 of third place.

Miss Rose Rooney is dropped from the list today by request.

Candidates noticing any errors in the figures will please notify the "Vote Counter" promptly, that the same may be corrected.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today:

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss McGovern,	Gas Light Co.'s,	6047
Miss Leary,	S. B. Little's,	4640
Robert E. Foy,	Pratt & Curtis,	3919
G. V. Bowditch,	Packard & Co.'s,	3777
Henry W. Tirrell,	John Page's,	2664
Miss McPhail,	Sheppard & Sons..	1017
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's.....	586
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's....	475
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's....	395
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's....	369
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's.....	361
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's.....	350
Wm. H. Bennett,	White Machine Co...	200
Mary G. Drumm,	D. Bamford's.....	142
Miss Agnes Kelley,	Clapp Bros.....	119
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's....	119
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's.....	72
Henry L. Jones,	E. E. Fellows'.....	61
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's.....	47
Luther Rogers,	A. L. Litchfield.....	42
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's.....	28
John H. Newcomb,	S. G. Elliott's.....	27
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	27
Tina Wilson,	Rogers Bros.'.....	26
George O. Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones',	24
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's....	21
John T. Bates,	W. H. Doble's.....	15
Joseph Faircloth,	John Hall's.....	12
Gridley Totman,	F. W. French's.....	10
Henry Curtis,	J. M. Hayden's.....	10
Miss Clark,	Coddington school.....	10

Newsboys' Prizes.

The first summary includes the sales of Jan. 27 of boys starting from the LEDGER office:

Charles Walsh	**7199**
John Mitchell	**3042**
Myron Wilber	**1964**
Robert McAuliffe	**1746**
James Giles,	**1158**
Fred Hardwick	**1000**
Eddie Heffernan,	902
Fred Bavin	899
Willie Esson,	633
Henry Rhines	599
John Dackers,	526
Chris McAuliffe,	504
Gardner Willey	318
Charles Baxter,	309
Patrick Murphy	297
Arthur Pinel,	290
John Murphy,	243
Napoleon Guillemett	97
Albert Belliven	77
John Morrison	66
Willie Ballou	65
James Faircloth	60
Fred Evans	57
Eugene McAuliffe	48
Daniel Doran	40
Frank McGrath	39
Duncan Livingstone	37
Frank Walsh,	36
John Anderson	35
William McDonnell	33
Gilbert Bavin,	31
Jerry Conley	30
Cameron Stewart	29
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Warren Cameron	15
Gustin Goolic	15
George Dunn	14
Parfast Guillemett	13
James Norrie	10
Andrew Peterson	10
Willie Webb	5

Miss Bartlett's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 24.

Alex. Smith	202
William Giles	40
John Jolly	32

Miss Freeman's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 24.

Charles Carter,	850

[*Continued on Fourth Page.*]

CANNED GOODS.

Owing to the light pack of these Goods for 1890, prices must rule higher. Our stock was bought early and the quality is first-class.

	Per Can.	Per Dozen.
TOMATOES, Good quality,	9c.	$1.05
Extra,	10c.	1.05
Extra Northern,	12c.	1.35
PEAS, Good Marrow fat,	10c.	1.10
Extra Marrow fat,	12c.	1.35
Early June,	15c.	1.65
CORN, Good Northern,	10c.	1.10
Extra Maine,	12c.	1.35
Honey Drop, fresh packed,	15c.	1.70
SQUASH, Best,	15c.	1.65
PUMPKINS,	10c.	1.10
BLUEBERRIES,	15c.	1.70
SALMON STEAK, Clover Brand,	20c.	2.30
ALASKA SALMON,	11c.	1.25

Tillman Packing Co.'s California Fruits are the finest goods ever packed, and include Lemon Cling and Crawford Peaches, Apricots, Damson and Green Gage Plums, White and Red Cherries, Quinces, Nectarines.

BOSTON BRANCH GROCERY,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

DO YOU NEED A TRUSS, SUPPORTER, Elastic - - Stocking,

Or anything in that line? If so call at

A. G. DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Where You Can

Save from 20 to 50 per Cent.

On Boston prices, and a PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED in every case. Private Room for trying on and consultation.

Prescriptions promptly and accurately prepared at all hours of the Day or Night by Competent Pharmacists.

OUR MOTTO.

"RELIABILITY."

DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive a Gold Watch or Easy Chair.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period will be presented with a gold watch now on exhibition at T. L. Williams' jewelry store which cost over $50. A second prize is also offered to be given to the one standing second on the list, and will be a richly upholstered easy chair valued at $25.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

— BY —

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES,

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

THE NORTH SALEM TRAGEDY.

A Former Employe of Reed Tells Conflicting Stories—Murphy and Wood are Held for Murder.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Jan. 29.—The examination regarding the murder of Elbridge G. Reed, the milkman, at North Salem, on Thursday night last, was resumed at the court house before Coroner Taylor. The first witness called was Smith, who formerly worked for Reed on the farm and who claimed that Reed owed him $40. Smith was arrested by a Haverhill officer and brought to this city by Capt. Ryan.

He told conflicting stories regarding his working at Reed's farm and also as to his acquaintance with Murphy and Wood, and the entire morning's session was consumed in listening to his story. It is the opinion of officers conducting the case that Smith knows more about the matter than he is willing to divulge, and in all probability he will be detained, as was Frank Magee, who, after testifying, was held in $200 bonds for his appearance at the April term of court as a witness, and in default of bail was committed to jail.

Capt. Ryan of the Haverhill police was the next witness. He testified to the affair being reported to him by Officer Caswell, who met Barry on Washington square after he returned from North Salem. Capt. Ryan has also in his possession the confession made by Wood after being arrested by the Haverhill officers. This confession, which has been fully published, was introduced as testimony.

The jury rendered a verdict that Elbridge G. Reed came to his death at North Salem at the hands of Daniel Murphy and Frank Wood and that they be held as principals, while Mrs. Reed was an accessory after the act was committed.

The prisoners, who are now confined in jail here, will be given a hearing in the police court next Saturday morning.

HERE'S A SENSATION!

A Statement That Hon. H. E. Taubeneck Was a Convict in Ohio.

COLUMBUS, O, Jan. 29.—Lastweek, Warden Dyer of the Ohio penitentiary received a letter from Illinois, accompanied by a photograph of Hon. H. E. Taubeneck, Alliance member of the Illinois legislature. The photograph was recognized by officers and prisoners as that of W. H. Rodgers, who was received at the penitentiary from Wayne county in 1885, for forgery. He was paroled Aug. 7, 1886, on the strength of what has developed to be forged letters from the judge who sentenced him, and from Fred Woods of Indianpolis, who claimed he committed the crime for which Rogers was convicted, and from P. E. Laughlin of Youngstown, O., who was to give him employment. He left the state as soon as he was released and has not been heard of since.

The description of Taubeneck and Rogers tallies exactly as to build and complexion, and even to the fact that they each write with their left hand.

FEASTING ON HUMAN FLESH.

Famished Wolves Thinning the Population in a Portion of Manitoba.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 29.—Rev. J. Settee, missionary among the Indian tribes around Lakes Winnipeg and Manitoba, states that camps of Indians hunting on the east side of Lake Winnipeg, not very far from Blood Vein river, near Dog Head, were visited by a pack of wolves, about 100 in number. They attacked the camps and killed many Indians and devoured them. One Indian cudgelled and killed twenty wolves, another Indian climbed up a tree with his gun and shot down twenty. One mounted a stave, which was not very high, and the wolves reached him and ate him. There is a great panic among the Indians in that quarter. They say that there are no deer, consequently the wolves are mad with hunger.

ALARM CLOCK SAVED THEM.

Seven Persons Have a Narrow Escape from Death by Suffocation.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—An alarm clock set for 5 o'clock yesterday morning saved seven persons from death. Policeman Lober and his wife and three children lived on the first floor of a two-story house, and Charles Schroter and his wife on the floor above. George Sander, a contractor who was fitting up a store in the basement, left two charcoal stoves in full blast over night to dry the plastering. The fumes and gas rose through an imperfect door to the rooms above, so completely overcoming the sleepers that, when the clock went off and partly aroused Miss Lober, she got up with difficulty. The other members of the family and the Schroters were partly unconscious, and it took some time, with a doctor's assistance, to bring them to.

Boston and Maine's Capital Stock.

AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 29.—The railroad committee gave a hearing, Hon. William L. Putnam of Portland, attorney for the Boston and Maine railroad, appearing in favor of an act allowing the road to increase the capital stock. The committee decided to report "ought to pass" on the bill, and such report will be made by Mr. Ayer of Oakland.

GRIEF AT MAMMOTH.

All of the Victims Believed to Have Been Found.

PREPARATIONS FOR BURIAL.

Eighty Bodies to Be Buried in a Trench Two Feet Long—Cause of the Explosion May Never Be Known.

YOUNGWOOD, Pa., Jan. 29.—The bodies of 107 victims of the explosion in Mammoth mine No. 1 have been recovered, and seventy-nine have been identified and buried. The work of the rescuers was continued until noon yesterday. Then Superintendent Keighley came out of the mine and said: "We can find no more bodies. I think we have them all, with perhaps the exception of one or two."

General Manager Lynch thereupon began preparations for the largest funeral which ever occurred in this section. The victims belong to the Catholic church, and Fr. Lambing of Scottdale and Fr. Symigel, the Hungarian priest, arranged the details of the funeral. Fr. Lambing telephoned to Scottdale and ordered graves prepared for 80 bodies. This necessitated digging a trench 6 feet deep, 7 1-2 feet wide and 250 feet long.

It has been learned that hundreds of safety gauze lamps were provided for the miners by the company, but they were never used, as they were regarded as unnecessary. In their stead the men wore the familiar little open flame lamps on their hats.

Fire Boss Sneath had worked in mines in Great Britain and this country for thirty years. When the miners went to work on Tuesday morning they found the indication of the fire boss' visit and his indorsement of his belief in the safety of the mine.

On Monday there were thirteen miners at work in the part of the mine affected by the explosion. It is not known exactly how many were there on Tuesday.

The last examination of the Mammoth mine by the state inspector was made on Jan. 16. It shows that at the inlet, which is the slope a mile or two away from the shaft, there was 55,080 cubic feet of air entering. The general condition of the mine was marked fair. The report was signed by William J. Jenkins, inspector of the second bituminous district.

Superintendent Lynch said the Mammoth mine was long thought to be the safest mine of the twenty-nine operated by the Frick company. All the lights were open, and the gas was an unexpected thing.

An official of the Frick company said: "It may never be known how or why the explosion occurred. The accumulation of fire damp was probably the cause. There is a theory that a pocket of natural gas was reached, and the operation of the ventilating pans now prevents any accumulation of it. The disaster has some remarkable features. It was as deadly, as sweeping and as complete as the sinking of a ship, without small boats, in mid-ocean."

There were some sad scenes during the day. When the bodies had all been prepared for burial, Coroner J. B. Wakefield of Jeannette impanelled a jury. The bodies were viewed, and after a brief consultation with the jury, the coroner adjourned the inquest until 10 o'clock on Feb. 5.

IN THE INTEREST OF ART.

Proposed Establishment of Institutions for the Benefit of Needy Students.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—The Tribune says: John Armstrong Chanler is diligently at work furthering his plan for establishing funds to educate needy art students. His idea is to establish institutions of art all over the country, each of which shall raise money to pay the expenses of poor persons studying art abroad. He has already collected over $25,000 for the Institution of Art of New York and hopes that that sum will be considerably increased by subscriptions. Mr. Chanler will start for Boston to-morrow and will seek to arouse the wealthy patrons of art there to the good points of his plan and to induce them to organize an institution of art. After his campaign in Boston Mr. Chanler will go to Chicago and other places in the west. In fact, his present intention is to visit every state and territory in the union to explain the details of his scheme.

PFEFFER 101, INGALLS 58.

The Senator-Elect from Kansas Said to Be an Advocate of Low Tariff.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 29.—The joint convention of the legislature to elect a United States senator to succeed John J. Ingalls was held here. Lieutenant Governor Felt took the chair. The roll of both bodies was called and resulted as follows: William Pfeffer 101, John J. Ingalls 58, Blair 3, Morrill 1, Kelly 1. The chair then declared William Pfeffer senator-elect to succeed John J. Ingalls. The result was received with applause from the Alliance members.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—President Livingston of the Georgia Alliance, who is also a member of the next house, says Pfeffer will have to stand by the Ocala platform. Livingston claims that Pfeffer is an advocate of low tariff.

Frederick Hale's Case.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Jan. 29.—Frederick A. Hale of Hinsdale, who killed his brother Henry in a family quarrel last May, was arraigned for trial in the superior court, charged with manslaughter. He pleaded guilty of assault and battery and the plea was accepted by the district attorney. This is the celebrated Hinsdale fratricide case, in which the murder was followed by suicide of the father. Hale was tried at the July term last year, but the jury disagreed. Hale will be sentenced later.

McAuliffe Will Meet All Comers.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—Billy Madden recently issued a challenge backing Joe McAuliffe to fight Jem Corbett or any one else for $5000 a side. Madden was on hand at The Police Gazette yesterday ready to post the money, but no Corbett representative appeared. Madden said he would back McAuliffe against any man in the world, not barring Sullivan, although he admits that John L. is out of the fighting business.

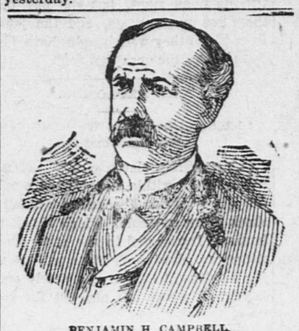
Smuggled Tobacco Seized.

HAVANA, Jan. 29.—The police were recently informed that large quantities of tobacco were being smuggled into this city from Key West and a watch was set upon the steamer Arkansas. This resulted in the seizure of ninety-one baskets, most of which contained tobacco, the whole weighing about one ton. These baskets are used for exporting fruits to Key West and are supposed to come back empty.

SUICIDE OR MURDER?

Body of Chicago's Missing Millionaire Found Floating in the River.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—The body of Benjamin H. Campbell, the millionaire and president of the Chicago Safe and Lock company, who mysteriously disappeared from his home Nov. 29, was found in the Chicago river, near the Rush street bridge, yesterday.



BENJAMIN H. CAMPBELL.

Mr. Campbell was sorely troubled over his business affairs at the time of his disappearance, but his friends do not believe that he committed suicide.

A MILLIONAIRE PUGILIST.

John Mackay Soundly Thrashes a Man Who, He Claims, Circulated False Stories About His Wife.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 29.—John W. Mackay makes the following statement in regard to an encounter yesterday in the Nevada bank with C. W. Bonynge, a capitalist, formerly a member of the San Francisco Stock Exchange and in late years a resident of London:

"Long ago I suspected that Bonynge was the instigator of certain attacks on Mrs. Mackay which appeared in certain papers in New York and London. Having procured that proof that this was true I determined to punish him the first time I met him. Yesterday, when entering the president's room in the Nevada bank by the back door, of which I, as director, have a key, I saw Bonynge sitting at a desk with Mr. Hellman. As I entered Bonynge turned and saw me. He had a malignant look on his face and made a threatening movement. I struck out with my right and hit him in the left eye. Then I hit him again and called upon him to put up his fists and fight like a man. Instead of doing so, he fell and clasped me about the knees like a coward. Blood, which was flowing freely from his nose, poured all over my pantaloons and upon the floor. My clerks then rushed in and removed him. The sound thrashing he received he well deserved for circulating those stories about Mrs. Mackay. I'm not so handy with my fists as I used to be twenty-five years ago, but I have a little fight left in me yet, and I will allow no man to malign me or mine."

Mr. Mackay was around as usual, none the worse for the affray, while Bonynge was confined to his room, nursing his black and swollen eyes and several contusions elsewhere on his face.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The report of Mr. Gladstone's retirement was unfounded.

Mr. Parnell assumes all the privileges of a leader in his discourses.

Free coinage of silver was denounced at a public meeting in Providence.

Lawrence wants the Merrimack river protected from pollution by legislation.

The Vanderbilts are said to be negotiating for iron mines in northern Michigan.

The French squadron cruising in the waters of New Zealand has been ordered to Chili.

The schooner D. K. Baker sailed from Charleston, S. C., for New York with her crew in irons.

Each section of the Irish parliamentary party will move an amendment to the Irish land bill.

The opposition to the rapid transit bill was defeated in the first tussle in the New York state senate.

The escape of a young girl from an Ohio jail by scaling a twenty-five-foot wall puzzles the officials.

A man died at one of the Boston hospitals just before three of his relatives called to inquire about him.

Miss Horwitz of Baltimore was married in Ascot, Eng., to Claude Ponsonby, of one of the old English families.

Senator Felipe Pozy, the renowned Cuban philosopher and naturalist, is dead. He was born in Havana in 1802.

Mrs. Charles W. Taylor of Portsmouth, N. H., has been granted a divorce from her husband, who was shot by Heine last fall.

The striking spinners of the Wamsutta mills, New Bedford, have secured the adoption of their terms and will return to work.

The deadlock in the Lowell common council has been broken and George Bowers (Dem.) elected city clerk in concurrence.

The Yantic has been ordered to blow up the wrecks of the steamer Vizcaya and the schooner Cornelius Hargraves off Barnegat.

Miss Minnie Ellinwood, an attendant at the Worcester lunatic hospital, committed suicide by taking a dose of laudanum. No cause is assigned.

Omaha having enjoined the delivery of $150,000 of the Union depot bonds, the Union Pacific proposes to postpone the erection of the depot.

Delegates of the French Protestan churches of New England organized at Worcester as "The French Protestant Union of New England."

The Harvard astronomical expedition in charge of Professor W. H. Pickering, has arrived safely in Arequipa, Peru, and will begin work at once.

Mme. Irma Marie, a popular operatic singer of Paris for a quarter of a century, is dead. In 1868 she created the role of Cesarine in Lecocq's first success, "Le Fleur de The." She retired in 1878.

Grand Duke George, commander of the Russian ironclad escorting the czarewitch on his present tour, fell from the maintop to the deck and injured his spine. Unless he recovers speedily he will return home.

Governor Tuttle of New Hampshire will about the middle of February give a brilliant reception at the Eagle hotel, Concord, to his associate state officers, the members of the legislature and to the public generally.

Another claimant for a large share in the $6,000,000 left by Mr. Fayerweather, the New York leather merchant, has appeared in the person of Mary W. Achter, a niece. She was to receive $20,000, but wants more, and objects to the probate of the will.

OLD OCEAN'S RAGE.

Crew of the Montreal Will Probably Never Forget It.

STORM OF SIXTY-SEVEN DAYS,

During Which the Vessel Was Buffeted Half Way Across the Atlantic—Nothing but Shreds of Canvas, and the Men Half Starved--Other Disasters.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—The steamship Philadelphia, of the Red line, arrived from Laguayra and brought the news that the bark Montreal, which left Windsor, N. S., for St. Simon Island, Ga., on Nov. 18 last, and which was given up at Lloyds as lost, is still afloat and making her way to port.

Last Saturday the steamship sighted a bark with signals of distress flying and with canvas spread with rents running through it from yard to yard. Capt. Chambers bore down on the distressed vessel and learned from her commander, Capt. Dexter, that he was short of provisions, had very little water, and that the vessel, for the sixty-seven days she was at sea in making the short journey from the Nova Scotia port to the Georgia port, encountered every class of storm, hurricane and cyclone.

The bark was still sound in hull, but everything loose on deck was swept away and there was nothing but shreds of canvas to sail her. Five times she was blown across New York harbor. The week before Christmas the captain was 430 miles east of Sandy Hook and he made an effort to get to it, but storms and the gulf stream drove him away. On Christmas day there was a barrel of pork and a few barrels of flour and three tierces of water in stock and all hands had to be put on short rations.

On the third day of the new year Capt. Dexter sent some of his hands aloft to furl the torn topsails, as he feared another hurricane. One of the sailors fell from the maintopsail yard to the deck and was instantly killed.

The vessel was battered around in the hurricane that struck them and was driven half way across the Atlantic. Since then she had been beating up to her port, but sighted no vessel or steamship in the meantime until she met the Philadelphia.

Capt. Chambers of the Philadelphia sent a good store of beef, pork, bread and water to the famished crew, and also a supply of canvas. He offered assistance in towing the vessel to port, but Capt. Dexter said that with his supplies he believed he would be able to make a successful ending to his unprecedently long voyage.

LONG TIME OVERDUE.

Fears That the Edmund Has Met With Disaster—Wreck of the Burpee.

HALIFAX, Jan. 29.—A special from Digby says that little hope is entertained for the safety of the brigantine Edmund, Capt. Crowell, from St. John, N. B., Nov. 27, for Barbados, lumber laden. She has not been heard from since sailing, and is believed to have met with disaster. She registered 160 tons. The crew were all foreigners.

The schooner Isaac Burpee, Capt. Haley, from New York Jan. 15 for St. John, N. B., is a total loss with her cargo of coal, on the rocks a mile above Petit Passane in the Bay of Fundy. She was driven ashore on Sunday night in a gale. The crew were saved with their effects. The Burpee was 170 tons. She was insured for $25,000.

The new three-masted schooner Albertine of Windsor sailed from Little Glace Bay about Dec. 25 for New York with coal and has been given up as lost.

Sunk off Delaware Capes.

LEWES, Del., Jan. 29.—The British steamer Macedonia, from Philadelphia for Hampton Roads, come in collision with a three-masted schooner ten miles off Delaware Capes, sinking her. Her captain's son was drowned and the captain was badly injured. The Macedonia passed up for Philadelphia with the survivors on board. The Macedonia has a hole stove in her bow.

CLASSED AS OUTLAWS.

Gen. Miles Hasn't a Very Exalted Opinion of Indians Who are with Him.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—When asked as to the final disposition to be made of the Indians now at Fort Sheridan, Gen. Miles said: "That is a matter to be determined in the future. Now that Sitting Bull and other chiefs are killed and I have most of the others here, the Indians are left, you might say, without a leader, and there is no danger of further outbreak on the reservations. These men whom I brought to Chicago are a crowd of outlaws. Three hundred of the Indians were sent to Fort Sully. The others are all now under control of military authority and back on their reservations where they belong or on their way there."

A CARELESS FLAGMAN

Almost Causes the Killing of a Carload of Passengers.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Jan. 29.—A horse car carrying fourteen passengers, besides the conductor and driver, had a very narrow escape from being run down at the Newark avenue crossing of the Pennsylvania railroad. The driver had barely time to put on the brake and turn the team aside when a train rushed past. One of the horses was dashed against the iron pillar of the new elevated railroad, but the car escaped damage. The passengers made a simultaneous and frantic dash for the door, and several were severely bruised in the crush. The flagman was wholly to blame for the blunder.

Twelve Cents a Pound is Correct.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—The United States board of general appraisers rendered a decision upon a test case as to the proper classification of goat hair under the tariff act of Oct. 1, 1890. The decision sustains the collector at St. Albans, Vt., who levied a duty of 12 cents a pound, under paragraph 377 of schedule K of the new act.

Australia Speaks Up.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—The colonies of Australia have asked the home government to accord them the privilege possessed by Canada of negotiating commercial treaties with foreign countries under the sanction of the foreign office.

Lymph and Blood Poisoning.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—A young English lady, suffering from consumption, who was treated by the Koch method for two weeks, has since died at Cannes of blood poisoning.

Improve the Opportunity

— AND —

GET A PAIR OF SHOES CHEAP.

We have 500 Pairs of Shoes, which we now offer at a bargain. These goods are not old or shopworn, but comprise a number of lines which we desire to close out in order that we may substitute new prices for them.

EVERY SHOE OFFERED IS A BARGAIN.

Among the lot there are:

38	pairs	Ladies' Straight Goat Button Waukenphast,	$2.00,	formerly $2.50
36	"	" Kid Button Opera Toe,	2.00,	" 2.50
7	"	J. N. Smith's Ladies' bright Dongola Laced, pat. tip,	2.00,	" 2.50
22	"	Ladies' Pallah Kid Button,	1.65,	" 2.00
9	"	Misses' Dongola Spring Heel Button,	1.50,	" 2.00
12	"	" St. Goat Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.50,	" 2.00
19	"	Children's Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.10,	" 1.50
10	"	Men's Calf Bals,	3.00,	" 3.75
5	"	each Cong. and Bals., Men's Fine Calf Shoes,	3.00,	" 4.00
6	"	" " " " " Enamel Shoes,	2.00,	" 2.75

While we call your especial attention to these goods, we believe it is for your interest to examine the whole lot on our **BARGAIN TABLES**, for **EVERY SHOE is a BARGAIN.**

SAVILLE & JONES, Adams Building.

MARK-DOWN SALE

— OF —

Men's and Children's

OVERCOATS!

To Reduce Stock.

This is a genuine mark-down sale and we guarantee these prices to be as low or less than can be found where bargains are offered. Many of these lots are small and an early call would be to the advantage of those looking for bargains. We would suggest to those having the time to examine during the day.

Any person buying one or more of these Overcoats, not being satisfied that what we say is the truth, can return the same and money will be refunded.

ALL OF OUR

Men's Overcoats,

Former price $5. Now $3.50

Children's Overcoats,

Former price $4.50 and $5. Now $3.50

Men's Overcoats,

Former price $7 and $7.50. Now $5

Children's Dark-Mixed Overcoats,

Former price $3. Now $1.50

Men's $10 Coats, Now $8

Men's $12, $13.50 and $15 Coats, Now $10

Children's $3.50 and $4 Coats, Now $2.50

Children's $6.50 and $7 Coats, Now $5

Children's Gray Overcoats, a little shopworn, former price $2.50 and $3, Now $1

GRANITE CLOTHING CO.,

ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our

Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel.

PRATT & CURTIS,

25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co.

BARGAINS IN

Ladies', Men's and Children's Woolen Underwear

LADIES', MEN'S AND CHILDREN'S WOOL HOSE,

Ladies' Fleece-lined Colored and Black Hose

APRONS, WRAPPERS AND CORSETS.

We are selling the FIBROLINE CORSET for 59 Cents.

In fact D. E. Wadsworth & Co. have marked down their stock of Winter Goods prices that will sell them, as they wish the room for new stock.

$50 REWARD.

WHEREAS, many of the Incandescent Electric Light Globes have been broken, the undersigned will pay a reward of Fifty Dollars for evidence that will lead to the conviction of the guilty parties.

QUINCY ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY.

C. A. VORHEES, Supt.

Jan. 28. 6t

BEST IN THE MARKET!

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, July 9. tf

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another instalment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list includes all whose surname begins with "U" or "Ve."

WARD ONE.

To Whom Taxed.		Value.	Tax.
U.			
Underwood, Joseph, heirs of.	House on Hancock street,	$3,000	
	Stable,	400	
	Land, 45,720 feet,	8,300	159 12
Union Christian Association.	Land at Houghs Neck, 3,000 feet,	100	1 36
V.			
Veader, Joseph.	Yacht,	150	
	House on Sea street,	200	
	Land, 3,895 feet,	150	8 80
Veazie, George, estate of.	House on Mechanic street,	1,400	
	Shop and barn,	300	
	Land, 18,148 feet,	1,150	38 76
Veazie, Francis.	House on Granite street,	1,100	
	House on Granite street,	2,200	
	Land, 22,000 feet,	2,200	
	House on Granite street,	500	
	Land, 30,650 feet,	2,150	112 84
Veazie, George, heirs of.	House on Granite street,	1,400	
	Barn and buildings,	200	
	Land, 4 1-4 acres,	4,000	76 16
Veazie, John H.	Stock in trade,	1,000	15 16
Veazie, John T., estate of.	Horse and carriage,	150	
	House on Newcomb street,	1,600	
	Stable,	300	
	Land, 15,900 feet,	950	40 80

WARD TWO.

U.			
Universalist Society.	House on Elm place,	2,200	
	Land, one-sixteenth acre,	200	32 64
V.			
* * * * * * *			

WARD THREE.

U.			
* * * * * * *			
V.			
Veal, Thomas.	House on Mt. Vernon street,	800	
	Land, 6,000 feet,	250	16 28
Veazie, Sarah A.	House on Franklin street,	2,250	
	Stable and sheds,	650	
	Land, 16,443 feet,	800	50 32

WARD FOUR.

U.			
* * * * * * *			
V.			
* * * * * * *			

WARD FIVE.

U.			
Udell, Margaret.	House on Greenleaf place,	100	
	Land, 10,000 feet,	400	6 80
Upham & Backus.	Stock in trade,	3,000	
	Two horses,	300	
	Wagons,	100	46 24
V.			
Veazie, John H.	House on Central avenue,	3,000	
	Land, 13,453 feet,	800	51 68

WARD SIX.

U.			
* * * * * * *			
V.			
* * * * * * *			

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 29.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

World Wide.

THOMAS PAINE

275—Death of Aurelian, Roman emperor; born 213.
1663—Death of Robert Sanderson, bishop of Lincoln; born 1587.
1689—Birth of Emanuel Swedenborg; died 1772.
1737—Birth of Thomas Paine, American political and deistical writer; died 1809.
1749—Birth of William Sharp, engraver; died 1824.
1756—Birth of "Light Horse Harry Lee," American soldier and statesman; died 1816.
1761—Birth of Albert Gallatin, American statesman; died 1849.
1814—Death of John Theophilus Fichte, metaphysician; born 1762.
1817—William Ferrel, scientist; born in Bedford (now Fulton) county, Pa.
1820—Death of George III; born 1738.
1829—Death of Timothy Pickering, American Revolutionary statesman; born 1746.
1853—Marriage of Eugenie, a Spanish countess, to Napoleon III at Notre Dame.
1861—Death of Mrs. Catherine Gore, novelist; born 1799.
1861—Kansas admitted into the Union.
1869—Death of Eliphalit Nott, American educator; born 1773.

Rather Heavy Sentences.

PATERSON, N. J., Jan. 29.—The Clifton race track managers, George Engeman, John Engeman, William Engeman, A. H Battersby and Charles Sass, were each sentenced by Judge Dixon to serve a term of one year in the state prison at hard labor and to pay a fine of $500 each for maintaining a disorderly house at Clifton.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Forecast for New England: Increasing cloudiness, with rain or snow; southeasterly winds; stationary temperature.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Latest Quotations of the New York and Boston Stock Markets—Jan. 29.

The New York stock market was active, comparatively speaking, and prices continued strong.

The Santa Fe copper mine is looking promising again. A few Boston men advanced the bid for a round lot. The stock has had a considerable rise of late on the improved prospects.

The New York Market.

Atchison	29⅞	Nor. Pac. pref	71⅞
Central Pacific	30	Oregon Imp	34⅞
Chi & Northwest	106¼	Oregon Navi	70
Del Lack & West	137	Pacific Mail	33½
Del & Hudson	135	Reading	32⅝
Illinois Central	100	Texas Pacific	15
Lake Shore	107⅜	Union Pacific	44⅞
Missouri Pacific	63⅜	Wabash St. L. & P.	10⅛
N. J. Central	111⅝	do pref	19⅜
N. Y. Central	101⅝	Wheel & Lake Erie	6⅝
Northern Pacific	28⅝	Western Union	79

The Boston Market.

Aspinwall Land	....	Fitchburg pref	....
Fremn's Bay Land	6½	Flint & Pere Mar	8⅜
Newport Land	2½	Maine Central	....
West End Land	2¾	Mexican Central	23
Atchison	29⅛	N Y & N E	37⅝
Atlantic & Pacific	....	do pref	112
Boston & Lowell	....	Old Colony	107¾
Boston & Maine	3½	Union Pacific	43¾
Boston & [illegible]	....	Wisconsin Central	21⅛
Chica[illegible]	48¾	American Bell Tel.	189
Centra[illegible]	12⅜	Mexican	75

A Place for Talent.

In nearly all regulated lines of industry at present the advertising man is one of the most important adjuncts of a business. And on the the other hand the advertising department of a first class newspaper is not what it used to be, but is instead fast becoming an interesting feature of all enterprising journals. Formerly the prevailing idea among the uninitiated was that the talented, the best, most versatile and most ingenious writers and artists were all employed in the news department. How nearly correct this idea may have been need not be stated, but that such is not the case now may be seen by a perusal of the "ads" of any flourishing paper. The competitions between the merchants and between the papers' agents have become so great that the great wholesale and retail houses of the large cities employ talented men at big salaries to attend to their advertising alone, and the men who want the best positions in the counting rooms of newspapers must combine fine business qualifications with the talent that wins success in the editorial chair.—Yenowine's News.

Advertising Necessary to Success.

The merchant or manufacturer who does not advertise his goods cannot succeed. Of late newspaper advertising has become a distinct trade in itself, and all over the country leading concerns pay fabulous prices for men who are skillful in writing catchy advertisements. In many large cities there are men earning from $3,000 to $10,000 a year to write advertisements. This fact in itself shows advertising pays.

If people interested in this subject will investigate it for themselves they will find that the leading advertisers in The Plain Dealer are the merchants who have the best stores, the best assortments of goods and who sell at the most reasonable prices. Such merchants do a much larger business than merchants who do not advertise; consequently they turn their goods over more quickly and can afford to give better prices. Close buyers appreciate this. What is the moral? He who advertises the most judiciously succeeds the best, and the buyers who seek the best bargains patronize such merchants.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Never Be Commonplace.

"Bring your feet with you and have them fitted to a pair of our common sense shoes," is the way a Pittsburg dealer advertises. It is a good phrase and one which attracts attention. The man who succeeds in advertising in such a way that people read his advertisement is the one who draws trade to his store as sure as a magnet draws a needle to itself. Study up quaint, pithy or witty phrases to head your advertisements, and be not too modest in the space they occupy.—Brockton Shoe.

NABBED BY BYRNES' MEN.

Arrest of Two Crooks, with Records of Heavy Robberies Which Will Probably Never Be Beaten.

NEW YORK, Jan. 29.—Two dangerous crooks have been arrested by Inspector Byrnes' men, with costly kits of burglars' tools in their possession. They were clever Billy Maher, alias George Houghton, and David Cummings, alias Cronin. Cummings was discharged at the Old Bailey, London, Oct. 30, 1890, on a ticket of leave. He has been under surveillance ever since he landed here, five weeks ago. He has a big record as a Mississippi river thief of twenty years ago, and had served time in various states. Cronin is 42 years old, and has been a thief and safe cracker all his life. In 1868 he blossomed out in New Orleans, where, with Billy Forrester and Dago Frank, he sacked a jewelry store and got away with $100,000. Before the authorities of the Crescent City had recovered their breath he cracked a bank in the French district, and stole $65,000. Jesse Allen was his pal then. In St. Louis he robbed Pawnbroker Spears of $65,000 by cracking a safe in the window under cover of a dummy. After the Chicago fire he turned hotel thief, and robbed Jennie Jinks, keeper of a notorious house in the Windy City, of diamonds worth $7000. Next he burrowed down through the ceiling of the First National bank in Jersey City with his band, and was cracking the vault when a woman gave the alarm. The whole band except Cronin were caught at work. Cronin escaped in time to crack a bank in Macon, Ga., where he got $50,000, and the First National bank in Quincy, Ills. That haul netted him $80,000 in cash and $550,000 in railroad securities. It was the first safe cracked by the air pump system of drawing the powder in through the cracks by suction. He was arrested at last in California, and, after serving time, fled to Europe, whence he has now returned.

Maher has done ten years in Trenton for robbing the Jamesburg, N. J., bank. He escaped after serving a year, in 1872, and was recaptured in 1878. Since his release he has been robbing around generally.

A MYSTERIOUS CASE.

An Unknown Young Man Found in a Stupor—He is Silent About Himself.

SALEM, Mass., Jan. 29.—Last Monday afternoon a young man about 38 years old, well dressed, called at a boarding house on Central street and hired a room, giving his name as Charles Smith of Jonesboro, Me., although he said he had not been there for years, and was a traveling man. He went to the room, and no one has seen him leave it for meals or other purposes since that time. Yesterday his boarding mistress, failing to get any response to repeated calls at his door, notified the police, who found the man on the bed in a sort of stupor, unable to walk and only able to speak in whispers. He was taken to the hospital for treatment, but refused to give any account of himself beyond saying he was on the way to Florida and that a friend had taken his watch to Maine to get money. Since he has been in Salem no one has called to see him and the case is a mysterious one. He had the appearance of one not accustomed to hard work.

THE THREAD MILLS STRIKE.

Mr. Walmsley Says the Trouble is Over—Hints at a Suit for Damages.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 29.—Supt. Walmsley of the Clark thread mills states that he has withdrawn entirely from the work of securing additional spinners and that the matter now is entirely in the hands of William Clark, Jr. Mr. Walmsley positively refused to discuss the question of the affidavit made by Mamie Barker, a notorious woman, in which he is accused of infamous conduct with several of the young women employed at the mills, whom he is charged with bringing to the woman's place.

"I will not waste my time," he said, "to give the matter a moment's attention, unless it may be to bring a suit for damages. My relations with the Clarks are still of a satisfactory character, and I hardly think I will leave the concern for some time to come. The strike is practically ended and we have made arrangements by which we will soon have all three mills in complete operation."

BRIBERY IN WASHINGTON.

A Democrat Offers to Prove That Mr. Squire's Election Was Purchased.

TACOMA, Wash., Jan. 29.—A sensation has been caused by Representative Frame, Democratic member from Shohomish county, openly stating that he was offered $1000, $3000 and then $5000 to vote for Senator Squire by a man who was vouched for by Squire's private secretary as being all right in any offer he made. Frame will testify before the investigating committee. Representative Hutchinson is quoted as having stated that he was offered a bribe to vote for Squire, but it is reported that he will refuse to testify, preferring to go to jail for contempt. Senator Long charges that he knows of two senators, each of whom received a $2000 check for his vote; that one became frightened and tore up the check and that another senator recovered the pieces and holds them as damaging evidence.

Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, Jan. 29.—In the senate a message was received from the governor calling the attention of the legislature to the coming World's fair, and suggesting appropriate action by the state. Orders were introduced to make the statutes conform to the constitutional amendment just adopted in regard to disfranchisement for change of residence. Opposition to the appropriation bills was withdrawn.

House orders related to the publication of applications for pardon, the regulation of the practice of medicine, to returns by all foreign corporations, and the lowering of the liquor license limit to one for each 500 of population in any city or town. A bill was reported to punish unlawful wearing of Sons of Veteran or Woman's Relief Corps insignia.

Must Get Proof Some Other Way.

BOSTON, Jan. 29.—It has been the custom for police officers, in citizens' dress, to visit unlicensed places and buy liquor, in order to obtain evidence of illegal sales. Several members of the force who were not in the habit of using liquor have thus acquired a taste for it, and the board of police has ordered that in future other means shall be used to get evidence. It is said that small bottles with tunnels will be used by the officers.

Not Dead, but Drunk.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 29.—David Leonard's charcoal team was discovered at dawn by the Blackstone's brink at Central Falls, while human foot prints in the snow led toward the sewer. It was supposed that Leonard was drowned. Leonard has since turned up in Central Falls very drunk. He was sent home to his family at Centreville.

LAID ON THE SHELF.

Cloture and Election Bill Probably Buried.

CENSURE OF THE PRESIDENT

Brought Upon Some Republicans—Boston Business Men Argue Against the Free Coinage Bill—Other Washington Items of Interest.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Senator Stanford's status having been settled, the friends of the cloture rule and the election bill have abandoned any further efforts to call up these measures. One of the results of the action of the free coinage advocates in securing the defeat of the proposed legislation will be to prevent any legislation on the silver question. The western Republican members, who were disposed to vote for free coinage, have announced themselves as now unalterably opposed to the measure. Representative Bland and other Democratic advocates, however, will try to bring it up on all occasions.

Some members of the Pennsylvania delegation called on the president to urge the appointment of a certain candidate for the vacant United States district judgeship. After some preliminary regards, the conversation turned upon Senator Cameron and his vote against the cloture. The delegation told the president they were much surprised at his course, as he had promised to stand by his party and vote for the election bill. The president replied that he was not astonished at his action, as he had, from the first inception of the administration, criticised its policy and opposed it whenever he had an opportunity. The legislature that elected him should pass resolutions of censure and demand his resignation to show their condemnation of his treachery. "It was evident from his remark," said a member of the delegation, "that neither Senator Cameron, nor any of the Republicans who had given in to the alliance with the Democrats need expect any consideration or executive favors."

FREE COINAGE.

Boston Business Men Talk with the President on the Subject.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Immediately after the coinage committee was called to order yesterday the question of when a vote on the bill should be had in committee was raised. A delegation appointed by the Boston mass meeting was present desiring to be heard.

Mr. Bland of Missouri asked unanimous consent that a vote be taken on the bill next Wednesday. The Boston delegation could be heard, and he would be willing to come here every day for a week, if necessary, but there should then be a vote.

Mr. Walker favored hearings. Mr. Bland wanted a vote Wednesday, and Mr. Bartine thought there should be some agreement to bring the measure before the house.

A long discussion ended in the adoption, by unanimous consent, of a motion made by Mr. Bland that the committee proceed with the hearing and meet again to-day. H. L. Higginson, banker, of Boston, then addressed the committee in opposition to free coinage.

A committee of business men called on the president and discussed informally the silver situation and opposed free coinage. The president, it is understood, was non-committal as to his intention of favoring or opposing any silver legislation during this congress, and told the delegates it would be eminently improper for him, at this time, to give any expression regarding his views on silver or his future action.

Senator Ingalls' Defeat.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The defeat of Senator Ingalls is variously commented on here. The Democrats were in hopes that he would be returned on account of his attitude in the cloture and election bill matters. His Republican colleagues tried to persuade him not to take a pronounced position on either the silver or the election bill, as it would do him no good, but his friends in Kansas thought that, if he showed that he was not in antagonism with the cardinal principles of the Alliance, he might secure enough votes from men who had heretofore been Republicans to elect him. His bid was not accepted and his friends here think that it would have been better for his future had he pursued a course in line with the great majority of his party.

Our Representatives Abroad.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—An amendment to the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill raising the mission to Mexico to the first class and appropriating $87,500 to meet the demands of the legation, was proposed in the senate by Mr. Frye. Secretary Blaine has recommended strongly that the amendment be adopted.

The amendment to the bill proposed by Senator Sherman provides that the annual salary of the minister to Greece shall be raised to $7500 and that he shall be minister plenipotentiary and envoy extraordinary to Roumania and Servia.

Senate Confirmations.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The senate confirmed the following nominations: Col. D. W. Flagler, chief of ordinance, U. S. A.

Postmasters—Massachusetts, Mrs. J. B. Walker, East Northfield; C. A. Perley, Baldwinsville; J. G. Orr, Pittsfield. New Hampshire, Mrs. E. R. Sortwell, Whitefield; John Mason, Plymouth; C. A. Greene, Littleton. Vermont, C. F. Wheeler, Burlington.

A Revelation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The silver pool investigation yesterday made some startling developments concerning Don Cameron. It is stated that by a combination with the Democrats the silver speculation of Don Cameron was kept in the background until after his re-election by the Pennsylvania legislature.

In the Supreme Court's Hands.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The argument for the British government in the Behring sea case was concluded in the United States supreme court and the matter is now in the hands of the court for decision.

A Belfast Shindy.

DUBLIN, Jan. 29.—A meeting of Mr. Sexton's supporters was held in Belfast. The proceedings were characterized by extreme disorder. Parnellite opponents of the Sexton crowd were forcibly driven from the platform, some of them falling down over a dozen steps. The speakers were continually interrupted with hisses and shouts of dissent. A vote of confidence in Mr. Sexton was adopted by a large majority.

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately.
Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.
Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

PLANT FOOD

FOR SALE AT

FRANK F. CRANE'S.

Quincy, Jan. 10. tf

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING, QUINCY AVENUE.

Nov. 13. 3 mos

Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.
Boston, Nov. 5. tf

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

FINZER'S OLD HONESTY

IF YOU TRY TO USE THE SAME TOBACCO FOR BOTH CHEWING AND SMOKING YOU'LL HAVE EITHER A POOR CHEW OR A POOR SMOKE.

IF YOU CHEW,

TRY FINZER'S OLD HONESTY

WHICH IS NOT ONLY THE —BEST— BUT CONTAINS 20 PER CENT. MORE TOBACCO THAN ANY OTHER BRAND OF SIMILAR QUALITY, and is THEREFORE the CHEAPEST IN THE MARKET. EVERY PLUG IS STAMPED "FINZER'S OLD HONESTY" AND HAS A RED TIN TAG.

GET THE GENUINE.

DON'T TAKE ANY OTHER.

Quincy Co-operative Society.

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

CROWN CREAMERY BUTTER,

The Best in the Market.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Nov. 10. tf

FLANDERS' TONIC

Tones up the Stomach. Makes the Brain Active

Purify your Blood with Flanders' Tonic. That Tired Feeling will be Unknown to those who use it.

A Boon to Overworked Men and Women!

If your Children are ailing, "no appetite," languid and without Strength, Flanders' Tonic will build them up.

TRY IT! TAKE NO OTHER!

WONDERFUL IN ITS MAKE-UP!

A Combination of Malt Calisaya and Hypophosphites. Tonic and Stimulant.

Guaranteed by all Druggists.

$1.00. Six Bottles for $5.00.

FLANDERS' MANDRAKE PILLS beats them all. Price 25 Cents.

Physicians endorse it. Ask your druggist for it; if he cannot supply you, send direct to us. We prepay express charges upon receipt of price. Made only by

Flanders' Tonic Co., Woburn, Mass., U. S. A.

IS BUSINESS DULL WITH YOU?

ADVERTISING IS AN ANTIDOTE FOR DULLNESS.

•TRY•IT•

AND SEE YOUR STORE FILL WITH CUSTOMERS.

NEW DRESS

GINGHAMS

SPRING STYLES,

Striped and Plaided.

ALSO NEW DIAGONAL

PLAID PERCALES,

ALL

12 1-2c. per Yard,

AT

Miss C. S. Hubbard's,

158 Hancock St., Quincy.

BUSSELL'S

Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

MONEY TO LOAN

ON First Mortgages at the lowest rates of Interest.

GEO. H. BROWN & CO.,

Adams Building, Quincy.

Jan. 23—tf,p&l

WANTED.

WANTED,—A situation as coachman or care of horses at private place. A good all-round man. References if required. Address "W.," Ledger office. 29—1t

WANTED,—By a gentleman and lady, board in a private family, where the house is heated by furnace or steam. Address "B. J. W.," LEDGER OFFICE. Quincy, Jan. 26. 4t

DERRICKS WANTED.—One large and one small Derrick complete, for Cash. Address, stating tonnage, prices, etc., H. E. CARLTON, 132 Boston street, Lynn. Mass. Jan. 28. 6t

TO LET.

TO LET.—Very desirable property in South Quincy. House contains 11 rooms, city water and furnace; stable attached with accommodation for 6 horses. Five acres of land, cuts 7 tons hay. Plenty of fruit, etc. A sightly location, near Electric cars and railroad station. Will lease for term of years to right party. Enquire of B. N. ADAMS, Real Estate, Quincy. Jan. 13—pl tf

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.

Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms.

Apply to HENRY H. FAXON.

Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms To Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree
Geo. H. Hunt,	East Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 29.

High water at 2.10 A. M. and 2.00 P. M.

Sun rises at 7.02; Sets at 4.55.

Moon rises 9.28 P. M.

Last quarter Feb. 1, 11.42 P. M.

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

Bad travelling.

A masquerade is a thing of the near future at Atlantic.

The Atlantic petition for free postal delivery has 250 signers.

Work on the cellar for James White, Jr., new house on Miller street has been commenced.

Postmaster Adams visited Winchester today to inspect a post office recently fitted up there.

Mrs. F. P. Loud has gone to New York for two weeks, to visit her daughter Mrs. William Brandon.

Students from Harvard college will lead the gospel service of the Y. M. C. A. on Sunday afternoon.

Work has been commenced breaking ground for the cellar of a new house for C. L. Coe, on Appleton street.

Have you "improved the opportunity?" Many have and are delighted with their bargains at Saville & Jones'.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Jones entertained a whist party at their residence on Foster street, Wednesday evening.

The Unitarian Ladies' Aid Society of Wollaston will meet with Mrs. Walter Arnold, Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 4, at 2.30 o'clock.

An employe of Badger Bros. cut an artery in his arm by a flying piece of steel, Monday. The piece was cut out at the City Hospital.

Peter Fallon's horse ran from the West Quincy depot Tuesday, overturning the sleigh and smashing it. The horse was also somewhat cut.

A snow slide Wednesday night resulted in getting a number of citizens on Quincy avenue out of bed, who thought an earthquake had taken place.

The next meeting of the Young People's Musical Society will be on Monday, Feb. 2, at the house of Mr. F. H. Bishop on "Third hill," near Beale street.

Horace O. Souther has placed a mechanic's lien for $2205 on the new Willard schoolhouse, and there are others by different parties for smaller amounts.

The Democratic committee of Ward Four has organized as follows: Chairman, W. F. Powers; Secretary, W. D. Burns; City Committee, William T. Shea, John H. Rooney, James F. Burke.

Tomorrow is a red letter day with Quincy Scotchmen who will observe Burns' anniversary with grand style. There will be a musical programme, interspersed with addresses by Mayor Fairbanks, Chief Copland and others. Dancing will follow.

The total number of mail bags received and forwarded by the Quincy post office on Monday was 38. Postmaster Adams has secured new mails between Quincy, Plymouth and Old Colony stations via Abington; close at 8.15 A. M.; arrive 5 P. M.

Representatives of the Smead Heating Company are in the city today and are getting ready to start their furnaces in the new Willard. New slates ordered by Commissioner Ewell have arrived. Mr. Cabot of the firm of Sturgis & Cabot was also here today.

Ward Four of this city is larger than either Avon, Bellingham, Cohasset, Dover, Foxboro, Holbrook, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Randolph, Sharon, Walpole, Wellesley or Wrentham, —seventeen of the twenty-seven towns in Norfolk county.

Miss Minnie M. Jameson, who has been for several years a popular, and successful teacher in the Coddington school in this city, and also for the past three years the supervisor of music in the schools of Milton, has been elected supervisor of music in the public schools of Woburn, by the unanimous vote of the School Committee of that city; salary $800.

A party of about forty young friends of Miss Jessie A. Wood, 4 Trafford street, called on her Tuesday evening, and surprised her with a pair of handsome gold bracelets and gold ring. A pleasant evening was enjoyed with parlor games and other amusements until a reasonable hour when they returned home wishing her many happy returns of the day.

Quincy will soon have a post office of which it may be reasonably proud. The new quarters in the Adams building are roomy, and are to be handsomely fitted up with modern post office fixtures. Most, if not all, the call boxes will be discontinued, and lock boxes only employed. The prospect is that the free delivery system will be extended to the whole city.

Royal Baking Powder Leads All.

"The Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure, for I have so found it in many tests, made both for them and the U. S. Government. The Royal Baking Powder is undoubtedly the purest and most reliable Baking Powder offered to the public.

"HENRY A. MOTT, PH. D."
Late Chemist for U. S. Government.

"All chemical tests to which I have submitted it have proved the Royal Baking Powder perfectly healthful and free from every deleterious substance. It is purest in quality and highest in strength of any Baking Powder of which I have knowledge.

"WM. McMURTRIE, E. M., PH. D."
Late Chemist-in-chief U. S. Dep't of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

"The strength of the Royal is shown to be 23 per cent. greater than any other.

"As a result of my investigations I find the Royal Baking Powder far superior to the others. It is pure, contains none but wholesome ingredients, and is of greatest strength.

"F. X. VALADE,
"Public Analyst, Ontario, Dominion of Canada."

The latest investigations by the United States and Canadian Governments show the Royal Baking Powder superior to all others in leavening strength.

Statements by other manufacturers to the contrary have been declared by the official authorities falsifications of the official reports.

WEYMOUTH.

The following Irishmen of East Weymouth have formed a John Boyle O'Riley club, for social and literary purposes:

John Carroll, William Tobin, M. W. Lynch, John A. Connell, Robert McIntosh, Michael Shedhy, Peter F. Hughes, John V. Powers, Daniel Reidy, John L. McKeever, Michael McGrath, James Knox, John Fennell, Edward F. Cullen, Michael Reidy and Edward Fennell.

The first action taken after the organization was to decide to have an article inserted in the warrant for the coming town meeting, to see if the town will establish an evening school, during the fall and winter months in the East part of the town, also to request that a branch of the Public Library be established in the same village.

John Kelly has been re-elected one of the vice presidents of the Marble Dealers Association of New England.

Henry Ellsworth, engineer at the Weymouth Light and Power Co.'s plant, has accepted a position as engineer at Houghton & Dutton's, Boston.

Mrs. Elisha Pratt, of North Weymouth, aged 80 years who fell some few days ago and fractured her hip, is very low, and not expected to live.

Nelson W. Gardner of Weymouth has been appointed collector of internal revenue for this district and will enter upon his duties Monday.

That mysterious entertainment gotten up by the men of the Congregational church, will occur in the chapel this evening. Supper at six.

BORN.

CLARE—In Quincy, Jan. 2, a son to Mr. and Mrs. James P. Clare.

DUFFY—In Quincy, Jan. 25, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Duffy, of Franklin street.

BROGGENIS—In Quincy, Jan. 25, a son to Mr. and Mrs. John B. Broggenis of Quincy street.

DIED.

BUCKLEY—In West Quincy, Jan. 28, Sadie, youngest daughter of Mr. Patrick, and Mrs. Catherine Buckley, aged 3 years, 5 months, and 19 days.

LOST.

LOST,—Three books between French's stable and No. Weymouth, by way of Quincy Neck and Quincy Point. Will the finder return to J. T. FRENCH, and get pay for trouble. Jan. 29—1t

WANTED.—Boys to sell the DAILY LEDGER every afternoon. Apply at this office after 3 P. M.

GERMAN LESSONS

Wanted to take of someone thoroughly conversant with the language. "P. W. A," Box 608, Quincy. Jan. 28—2t

NOTICE.

THE Plasterers and Bricklayers of East Norfolk County would hereby notify the Master Mechanics, that at a meeting held JANUARY 26, 1891, it was decided not to work with Tenders on the staging; and have fixed the rate of wages at $3.50 per day for nine hours, on and after **March 2d, 1891.**

Per order of Committee.

Quincy, Jan. 28—3t 31—1w

A NEW CANDIDATE.

[Continued from First Page.]

H. Coram's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 24.

Willie Williams,	269
Dan Shea,	205
Robert Hayes,	204
Dan Reardon,	171
Charlie McCue,	105
Eddie Kane,	99
John Riley,	91
Dan McDevitt,	55
John Bean,	54
John Menahan,	53
Frank Reinhalter,	44
Joseph Kelley,	33
Arthur LaClare,	31
C. Marchmont,	17
Harry Rodman,	16
Robert Foy,	15
—— Cochran,	11
John Bolanger,	9
John Dillion,	8
A. Marchmont,	8
Bennie Driscoll,	6
James McCue,	4
W. Moir,	2

A Promising New Candidate.

To the Vote Counter:

Enclosed please find 200 votes for William H. Bennett, employed by the White Sewing Machine Co. of this city. We enter him as a "dark horse." Now, watch him trot. Hoping that his friends will notice his entrance to the contest, we trust that they will club together and boom him to the front, so that he can tell anybody the time of day, when asked. Votes may be left at No. 76 Hancock street.

Yours respectfully,

RAZZLE DAZZLE.

The Ledger Watch.

Friends of Robert Foy, one of the leading candidates for the LEDGER prize watch, were allowed to *look* at the watch the other day, but that is all West Quincy people intend they shall do. Here is an Enterprise item:

"Mr. Robert Foy's brothers were in West Quincy on Saturday visiting some of their friends. They also took a look at that watch in Williams' window.

Will Get There Just the Same.

Our veteran is bringing up the rear,
The poor dark horse is lame,
But when the votes are counted
He will get there just the same.

In his friends he trusted—
I hope they won't be shy,
But round the black horse rally,—
They will be happy by-and-bye.

He will be the choice of Quincy;
Our citizens will see
That Bowditch helped to make her
What she might never be.

Many times he saved her from the flames;
He watched her in her sleep—
We will vote for Galen Bowditch,
And let the maidens weep.

A FRIEND.

H. T. Whitman,

CIVIL ENGINEER

AND

SURVEYOR,

ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

Hours, 8 to 10 A. M.

Boston Office, - - 85 Devonshire St.

Hours, 12 to 2 P. M.

N. B. Plans of nearly all the Real Estate in the City of Quincy can be found at my offices.

May 28. d3:&w—tf

OLD PAPERS

10 cts. a Hundred,

At the LEDGER OFFICE.

BRAINTREE.

Dennis Mahoney who committed an unprovoked assault on Charles Thayer on the platform of the Braintree depot more than a week ago, and put under two hundred dollar bond in the District Court, Quincy, by Judge Humphrey the following Monday morning, owing to the fact that Mr. Thayer, a man over seventy years of age, could not appear as a witness against him owing to the severe nature of his injuries. When the case was called this morning Mahoney did not put in an appearance was defaulted, leaving his brother who went bondsman for him, to pay the piper.

The special town meeting that had been twice adjourned owing to the stormy nature of the weather, took place last night and was well attended, Hon. F. A. Hobart, moderator. The most important matter before the meeting was a proposition set forth in a report presented by a joint committee of citizens and members of the School Board, urging the building of additions to the Pond and Union schoolhouses made necessary from the increase of the number of scholars, involving an expenditure of perhaps $16,000 or $20,000. After a good deal of useless talk, the whole matter was referred to the annual March meeting which is coming along pretty fast.

The other matters, the adoption of the Australian ballot, and the taking of the present lawsuits in which the town is entangled out of the hands of the lawyers, were all indefinitely postponed. The meeting lasted two hours and a half.

Eight bush hammers valued at $7 each and two hand hammers valued at $2 each, owned by Charles A. Hunt and Thomas Johnson, were stolen from Red quarry, Braintree, Wednesday evening.

The Relief Corps' Dance.

The first social dance of the season under the auspices of the Paul Revere Woman's Relief Corps, No. 163, was held last evening at Faxon hall, over one hundred being present. The floor was in charge of M. Lizzie Furnald ably assisted by Mrs. Alice Litchfield and Mrs. Emma Marnock.

The grand march was led by Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Souther and Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Batson. Among those present were:

Mr. and Mrs. Elwood Litchfield.
Mr. and Mrs. John H. Benson.
Mr. and Mrs. John Dennen.
Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Loud.
Mr. and Mrs. C. Hammock.
Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Willey.
Mr. and Mrs. G. Monk.
Mr. and Mrs. G. Osborne.
Mr. and Mrs. G. Crane.
Mr. and Mrs. John Maxin.
Mr. and Mrs. Peter Gomez.
Mr. and Mrs. C. Mueller.
Mrs. N. B. Furnald.
Mrs. Jos. Newomb.
Mrs. W. A. Field.
Mrs. Effie Rhines.
Mrs. Merrill.

Miss Carrie Glover,	Otis Edgerton,
Miss Grace Batson,	Frank Merrill,
Miss Chapman,	Master Rideout,
Elmer Munroe,	Master Bigelow,
F. E. Drake,	George Prouty,
H. I. Drake,	Frank Stoddard,
Allie Hall,	G. Chubbuck,
Frank Souther,	James Barnes,
J. H. Swingle,	Thomas Crane,
W. A. Richards,	Herbert Holmes,
Miss Hattie Peverly,	Miss Grace Gullickson
Miss Jennie Richardson,	Miss Margie Souther,
	Miss Cora Dyer,
Miss Abbie Feltis,	Miss Sumner,
Miss Emma Veazie,	Miss Hunt,
Miss Annie Wilson,	Miss Tena Cleaves,
Miss Minnie Wilson,	Miss M. Jennie Davis
Misses Osborne,	Miss Lizzie White,
Miss Lulu Field,	Charles Brackett,
Miss Hammond,	George Wales,
Miss Restarick,	Arthur Peverly,
Miss Mabel Oxford,	John Hall,
Miss Gomes,	Charles Wales,
Miss Rideout,	George Peverly,
Miss Bigelow,	William Orne,
Miss Jennie Ellis,	Allie White.

The next dance under the same management will take place at Faxon hall Wednesday evening, Feb. 11.

A Modern House.

Mr. William Cashman, brother of Mr. John Cashman, has his new house on Cross street completed and ready for occupancy. It is the most modern house in West Quincy and contains all the new improvements. It is lighted by electricity and heated by steam, also has set tubs and bath rooms. The house is very handsomely finished throughout. Mr. Cashman was married at Scituate, Wednesday morning, and will occupy his house after a short wedding tour. Among those present at the wedding from this place were Mr. James White, Jr., and Mr. Robert Teasdale.—*Enterprise.*

Councilman Spear's Funeral.

The funeral services of Mr. Samuel H. Spear occurred Wednesday afternoon from his late residence on Granite street. It was very largely attended by relatives, neighbors city officials and friends. Rev. H. E. Cotton of Christ's church officiated. There were many floral tributes, including one from the Quincy Post office. The burial was private, the interment being in the family lot at Mount Wollaston cemetery.

☞ Massachusetts comes out first in density of population according to the census of the past year. Hitherto Rhode Island has led, but Superintendent Porter finds that our commonwealth has a population of 286 to a square mile, and Rhode Island only has 264, while New Jersey is third state and Connecticut the fourth.

TODAY'S COURT.

John Anderson, of Randolph, drunk, $8.

J. T. Humphrey, of Randolph, drunk, $9.

O. S. C.

1759 ROBERT BURNS 1891

Grand Celebration

OF THE

132d ANNIVERSARY

OF THE BIRTH OF

Scotland's Favorite Poet,

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

Clan McGregor, No. 5,

QUINCY, MASS.,

IN THE

QUINCY OPERA HOUSE,

ON

FRIDAY EV'NG,

JAN. 30th, 1891.

PROGRAMME.

1. Pot Pourri, Scotch Airs
Dunbar's Orchestra.
2. Opening Address,
Chief James Copland.
3. Song, McGregor's Gathering
Mr. Lewis G. Griffiths.
4. Song, When the Heart is Young
Miss Fanny W. Hatch.
5. Impersonations, (Assorted)
Mr. Edward W. Emerson.
6. Song, Come under my Plaidie
Miss Mary F. White.
7. Song, Jessie, the Flower o' Dunblane
Mr. William Elrick.
8. Recitation, Prince Charlie at Versailles on the Anniversary of Culloden,
Miss Annie MacKenzie.
9. Piano Solo, (Selected)
Mr. William Wilson.
10. Address,
Hon. H. O. Fairbanks, Mayor of Quincy.
11. Song, (Selected)
Miss Fanny W. Hatch.
12. Legerdemassachusetts,
Mr. Edward W. Emerson.
13. Song, Robin Adair
Miss Mary F. White.
14. Song, My Nannie's Awa'
Mr. William Elrick.
15. Recitation, Mary, Queen of Scots
Miss Annie MacKenzie.
16. Song, The Lass of Patie's Mill
Mr. Lewis G. Griffiths.

Accompanist, Mr. William Wilson.

☞ Royal Secretary Kerr, Grand Chief Allen and others will be present. Programme subject to change.

Supper Furnished in Dining Hall,

A. E. NASH, Caterer.

Dancing at 10.30.

MUSIC, - DUNBAR'S ORCHESTRA.

J. B. DUNBAR, Prompter.

Admission to Celebration, 50 and 35 Cents. Children under 12 years, 15 Cents. Dancing 50 Cents extra for Gentlemen. Ladies free.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Entertainment at 7.45.

A responsible person will have charge of Clothing.

Gentlemen wishing to take part in the dancing are requested to leave the hall after the Concert.

Tickets for sale at the Stores of John O. Holden, C. B. Tilton, Williams' Jewelry Store, and the following Committee of Arrangements: Alex. Emslie, William Norrie, James Copland, Oscar W. Riddle, A. B. Davidson, William Elrick and Maxwell McIntosh.

JAMES COPLAND, Chief.

ALEX. B. DAVIDSON, Sec. of Com.

Jan. 23. 6t

BOYS

OF QUINCY.

ATTENTION!

WILLIAMS,

THE

JEWELER,

Will give a Fine Silver Waltham Watch to the boy bringing the greatest number of LEDGER COUPONS to his store before March 1st.

This Watch is

No Waterbury Humbug;

It is one of the Genuine

American Waltham Watch Co.'s

Make, and is Warranted to give perfect satisfaction. It is now on exhibition in his Show Window, and may be inspected by anyone.

Now Boys, get a gait on you, and hustle for it!

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.

BOYS

F QUINCY.

TTENTION!

ILLIAMS,

THE

JEWELER,

give a Fine Silver Waltham
to the boy bringing the great-
mber of LEDGER COUPONS to
re before March 1st.

This Watch is

Waterbury Humbug;

It is one of the Genuine

merican

Waltham

Watch

Co.'s

e, and is Warranted to give per-
satisfaction. It is now on ex-
ion in his Show Window, and
be inspected by anyone.
w Boys, get a gait on you, and
le for it!

WILLIAMS,

THE

est Quincy Jeweler,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 26 QUINCY, MASS., FRIDAY, JANUARY 30, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

THE GREAT

SACRIFICE

— OF —

Clothing and Furnishing Goods

Still Goes On.

Further Reductions in all Departments.

Men's Blue Wool Underwear, 35 cents,

Suits at much less than Cost.

Overcoats, 50c. on the dollar.

In fact everything in our Stock at a great discount.

—o—

QUINCY ONE PRICE CLOTHING CO.,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

DO YOU NEED A

TRUSS,

SUPPORTER,

Elastic - - Stocking,

Or anything in that line? If so call at

A. G. DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Where You Can

Save from 20 to 50 per Cent.

On Boston prices, and a PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED in every case. Private Room for trying on and consultation.

Prescriptions promptly and accurately prepared at all hours of the Day or Night by Competent Pharmacists.

—‡—

OUR MOTTO.

"RELIABILITY."

—o—

URGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

ROBERT E. FOY.

Nearly Hops Into the Second Place.

Mr. William Caldwell Soon to Join the Leaders.

Steady Gain for Miss McGovern and Mr. Bowditch.

The vote today was the largest for a week, the total being 1284, of this number 604 were for Robert E. Foy, 219 for Mr. Bowditch, 213 for Miss McGovern, 175 for Mr. Caldwell, 66 for Miss Kelly and others a less number.

The relative standing of the leaders is unchanged, but Mr. Foy's lack but a little over 100 of second place.

Candidates noticing any errors in the figures will please notify the "Vote Counter" promptly, that the same may be corrected.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today:

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss McGovern,	Gas Light Co.'s,	6260
Miss Leary,	S. B. Little's,	4640
Robert E. Foy,	Pratt & Curtis,	4523
G. V. Bowditch,	Packard & Co.'s,	3996
Henry W. Tirrell,	John Page's,	2664
Miss McPhail,	Sheppard & Sons..	1017
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's.....	586
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's....	544
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's....	475
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's....	395
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's.....	361
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's.....	350
Wm. H. Bennett,	White Machine Co...	200
Miss Agnes Kelley,	Clapp Bros.....	185
Mary G. Drumm,	D. Bamford's.....	142
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's.....	119
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's.....	72
Henry L. Jones,	E. E. Fellows'.....	61
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's.....	47
Luther Rogers,	A. L. Litchfield.....	42
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's.....	28
John H. Newcomb,	S. G. Elliott's.....	27
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	27
Tina Wilson,	Rogers Bros.'.....	26
George O. Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones',	24
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's.....	21
Gridley Totman,	F. W. French's.....	17
John T. Bates,	W. H. Doble's.....	15
Joseph Faircloth,	John Hall's.....	12
Henry Curtis,	J. M. Hayden's.....	10
Miss Clark,	Coddington school.....	10

NEW PRIZES FOR NEWSBOYS.

$20 to Boys Selling 25,000, and $10 for those Selling 15,000.

The sales by the newsboys have exceeded the expectations of the publishers, and the LEDGER proposes to reward its smart boys. Therefore, in addition to

First Prize of	$10 00
Second Prize of	$5 00

we will give—

$20.00 to all boys selling	25,000
$10.00 " " " "	15,000

This is in addition to the following already offered:

$5 00 to all boys selling	5,000
$2.50 " " " "	2,500
$1.00 " " " "	1,000

In addition to the above, friends of the candidates have offered the following prizes for coupons, which every boy should strive for:

Silver Watch by T. L. Williams.
Double Runner at John Page's.
Skates at Kemp & Tisdale's.
Suit of Clothes at S. B. Little's.
Sled at J. F. Merrill's.
Skates at James McConnell's.
Watch and Chain at C. B. Tilton's.

The first summary includes the sales of Jan. 28 of boys starting from the LEDGER office:

Charles Walsh	**7349**
John Mitchell	**3222**
Myron Wilber	**1994**
Robert McAuliffe	**1819**
James Giles,	**1218**
Fred Hardwick	**1050**
Eddie Heffernan,	947
Fred Bavin	899
Willie Esson,	657
Henry Rhines	569
John Dackers,	556
Chris McAuliffe,	533
Gardner Willey	334
Charles Baxter,	326
Arthur Pinel,	304
Patrick Murphy	297
John Murphy,	243
Napoleon Guillemett	108
Willie Ballou	90
Albert Belliven	77
John Morrison	76
James Faircloth	60
Fred Evans	57
Eugene McAuliffe	48
Daniel Doran	40
Frank McGrath	39
Duncan Livingstone	37
Frank Walsh,	36
John Anderson	35
William McDonnell	33
Gilbert Bavin,	31
Jerry Conley	30
Cameron Stewart	32
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Warren Cameron	15
Gustin Goolic	15
George Dunn	14
Parfast Guillemett	13
James Norrie	10
Andrew Peterson	10
Willie Webb	10

Miss Bartlett's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 24.

Alex. Smith	202
William Giles	40
John Jolly	32

Miss Freeman's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 24.

Charles Carter,	850

H. Coram's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 24.

Willie Williams,	269
Dan Shea,	205
Robert Hayes,	204
Dan Reardon,	171
Charlie McCue,	105
Eddie Kane,	99
John Riley,	91
Dan McDevitt,	55
John Bean,	54
John Menahan,	53
Frank Reinhalter,	44
Joseph Kelley,	33
Arthur LaClare,	31
C. Marchmont,	17
Harry Rodman,	16
Robert Foy,	15
—— Cochran,	11
John Bolanger,	9
John Dillion,	8
A. Marchmont,	8
Bennie Driscoll,	6
James McCue,	4
W. Moir,	2

MEN'S ENTERTAINMENT.

Gentlemen of Congregational Church Provide an Evening's Enjoyment.

A committee of gentlemen of the Congregational church took their turn Thursday evening at raising a little money for the chapel builders fund, and succeeded admirably, not only netting a good sum, but providing a pleasant entertainment.

Supper was served at six o'clock, which was prepared and presided over by Mr. J. F. Merrill, Dr. A. H. Gilson and Mr. W. H. Mitchell who were arrayed in white coats, aprons and caps. The first mentioned browned the wheats in a scientific manner, and the doctor gave a candy pull which found ready customers.

Mr. H. J. Gurney was the committee on entertainment, and furnished good talent, Prof. Charles Kidder of Boston, read some pleasing selections, which have seldom been equalled in this city. It was the first appearance of the Arion Male Quartette of this city which has a grand future before it: W. S. Osborne, first tenor; W. T. Isaac, second tenor; Fred E. Jones, first base, and Henry W. French second bass.

Annual Church Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Wollaston Congregational Society was held in the vestry Wednesday evening, January 28. J. G. Witham, Moderator.

The following officers were chosen for the year:

Clerk,—J. W. Lovett.
Treasurer,—A. A. Lincoln.
Collector,—H. P. Hutchins.
Assessors,—E. L. Robbins, J. G. Witham, N. G. Nickerson, D. B. Lincoln, E. Hewitson.

The treasurer's report showed:

Total receipts,	$3,234 26
Total disbursement,	2,870 95
On hand,	$363 31

Amount received from the weekly offering, $1,726.00.

This society has had in consideration the building of a parsonage for sometime past, and at the meeting a committee of three, consisting of Messrs. Sayward, Witham and Hewitson, were appointed to have the matter in charge and report to the society in eight weeks from date.

TODAY'S COURT.

Andrew Gallaher, of Weymouth, drunk, fined $8.

William O'Brien of Randolph, for the larceny of goods to the value of $7, from Patrick Daley of Holbrook, was found guilty and fined $20; in default of which he was committed.

It seems that on the day of the larceny, Jan. 16, Daley and O'Brien were in Boston together, and after drinking a number of times they boarded the train for home; when Quincy was reached, O'Brien claimed he was muddled and thinking he had reached home he left the train and took the bundle with him by accident, and in the morning he had returned it to its owner. His Honor ruled that because a man was drunk it was no excuse for him, a nd rendered judgment as above.

Dennis D. Mahoney of Braintree, who was defaulted in court Thursday, was brought in this morning by Officer Kelley, when the hearing was continued to Feb. 28, as Mr. Thayer, the assaulted party, is still confined to his bed.

The Democratic City Committee organized Thursday evening as follows:

Chairman,—Josiah Quincy.
Vice-Chairman,—James F. Burke.
Secretary,—William H. Sampson, Jr.
Treasurer,—James F. Burke.
Executive Committee,—The above officers and the chairman of each ward committee.

For the Daily Ledger.

Our City.

Some person writing to the Boston Globe a short time ago, upon our Water Supply System, thinks Quincy has been conservative to its own loss in not acting sooner on the premises, and must now pay for the dilatory manner pursued. But an ordinary observer will not fail to see that the city has gained something by the reasonable wait it has taken, and had also an opportunity to see the folly of constructing a cheap system, as the present one now in operation will abundantly show. What does anyone wish the city to do? To buy the present plant would be the height of folly. It never could begin to supply the city, and to put it in proper condition to give us good water and enough would cost more than to construct a new system, provided we have proper persons to contract for the same. And here comes the most serious difficulty.

When the town corporation was dissolved by its own acts and upon its own petition, according to the statement of its own auditor there were no outstanding debts but what there was a sufficient offset in town property available to pay; and the town was completely free from debt.

About two years have passed, and how do we stand? I don't think there is a person in the city can tell. Now there is a call for about four hundred thousand dollars for water; another large sum for school houses, and still another for roads. A half million of dollars are wanted this year and as things go, the Council are liable at any time to pass a vote calling for this vast amount of money.

Does anybody think the city is out of debt today? and yet but two years have passed since it began, and what have we to show for any improvements adequate to the expenditures. Since the city charter was granted it has been one continual outlay and the persons in power seem to think it a sin to be idle or even dilatory in the matter of devising some way or some object upon which to spend money.

Quincy is full of greedy contractors coming from all parts of the world for a job, and there are parties who are eager to listen to their supplications. What are voters, taxpayers and land owners thinking about? Why do they see this thing going on without lifting their voices against it.

The time will soon be here when necessity will call a halt, and then men will be put in office who have had a little experience in making contracts.

Thousands of dollars are handled and paid out on city contracts, city streets and ways, by men who know nothing about matters of this nature; persons who in their own business have found it impossible to keep square with the world; and all this in the eyes of sharp judicious taxpayers, and why they remain silent is more than one can understand; it is more, it is a conundrum only explained on the ground that it is a new thing in Quincy, and they have not profited by what has taken place in other new cities?

Look at the one contract of the schoolhouse in the west district. Already has a sufficient sum been paid to somebody to build and complete a sufficient building, and now the city has undertaken its completion. Whether there is a bond back of this I don't hear, and if so, insolvency probably disposes of that; so the city has the job to finish. How much more will be the cost no one can tell, but the city will have the bill to pay. And this is what the dear public call progress.

The public, yes, they may speak truly, but Quincy today is not moving on the same plane as she glided thirty years ago. Then there was a certain prestege she enjoyed among the towns of Old Norfolk she now holds no more. A goodly number of her residents, far greater comparatively than her sister towns, were men of letters, or distinguished for their native talents in divers ways; men of large intellectual powers, and men of natural genius. These men, one after another have nearly all passed away. Their influence and memory are dead, and the drift of thought and action and the motive of individual effort is in an entirely different channel; so that it is a question of doubt if Quincy excels in anything beyond or above the ordinary level of her neighbor in municipalities, she may be as enterprising as of yore in common business affairs, but her grandeur and former lustre has departed, and the scholar and gentleman of the old school as he looks about him, will hardly find a fellow mourner to shed with him the pitiful tear to their departed glory.

JAMES E. TIRRELL.

Object to Graduation Exercises.

A large majority of the graduating class of the Woburn High School have sent the following petition to the School Committee.

We the undersigned, members of the graduating class of '91, of the Woburn High School, respectfully request the school committee to grant that the usual public exercises of the graduation be omitted next June, for the following reasons:—

First—The expense necessary for the occasion is too great for some of the class.

Second—The amount of time spent in preparing for the graduation might be more profitably spent.

Third—The essays read at graduation are not fair representations of the work done in school.

Fourth—On account of the size of the class all are not entitled to take part.

A petition in favor of the usual exercises had but few signers.

MARK-DOWN SALE

— OF —

Men's and Children's

OVERCOATS!

To Reduce Stock.

This is a genuine mark-down sale and we guarantee these prices to be as low or less than can be found where bargains are offered. Many of these lots are small and an early call would be to the advantage of those looking for bargains. We would suggest to those having the time to examine during the day.

Any person buying one or more of these Overcoats, not being satisfied that what we say is the truth, can return the same and money will be refunded.

—o—

ALL OF OUR

Men's Overcoats,

Former price $5. Now $3.50

—‡—

Children's Overcoats,

Former price $4.50 and $5. Now $3.50

—§—

Men's Overcoats,

Former price $7 and $7.50. Now $5

—o—

Children's Dark-Mixed Overcoats,

Former price $3. Now $1.50

—o—

Men's $10 Coats, Now $8
Men's $12, $13.50 and $15 Coats, Now $10
Children's $3.50 and $4 Coats, Now $2.50
Children's $6.50 and $7 Coats, Now $5
Children's Gray Overcoats, a little shopworn, former price $2.50 and $3, Now $1

—‡—

GRANITE CLOTHING CO.,

ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

CANNED GOODS.

—o—

Owing to the light pack of these Goods for 1890, prices must rule higher. Our stock was bought early and the quality is first-class.

	Per Can.	Per Dozen.
TOMATOES, Good quality,	9c.	$1.05
Extra,	10c.	1.05
Extra Northern,	12c.	1.35
PEAS, Good Marrow fat,	10c.	1.10
Extra Marrow fat,	12c.	1.35
Early June,	15c.	1.65
CORN, Good Northern,	10c.	1.10
Extra Maine,	12c.	1.35
Honey Drop, fresh packed,	15c.	1.70
SQUASH, Best,	15c.	1.65
PUMPKINS,	10c.	1.10
BLUEBERRIES,	15c.	1.70
SALMON STEAK, Clover Brand,	20c.	2.30
ALASKA SALMON,	11c.	1.25

—‡—

Tillman Packing Co.'s California Fruits are the finest goods ever packed, and include Lemon Cling and Crawford Peaches, Apricots, Damson and Green Gage Plums, White and Red Cherries, Quinces, Nectarines.

BOSTON BRANCH GROCERY,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive a Gold Watch or Easy Chair.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period will be presented with a gold watch now on exhibition at T. L. Williams' jewelry store which cost over $50. A second prize is also offered to be given to the one standing second on the list, and will be a richly upholstered easy chair valued at $25.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

—BY—

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

GULF DISASTERS.

Three Shipwrecks, Resulting in the Loss of Sixteen Lives.

MOBILE, Ala., Jan. 30.—Capt. Osborne, of the schooner Georgiana, reports three shipwrecks in the lower gulf of Mexico during the last days of December. The first was the foundering of a bark at Cayman Brac on Dec. 25, name unknown. Six of the crew were drowned and others drifted ashore in the ship's house.

The second disaster was the going ashore of the American schooner Maggie E. Gray of Baltimore on the northwest of Little Cayman island. Capt. Osborne offered to try to pull her off and also to save a portion of her cargo, but he was warned off by G. Henry Williams, agent of the phosphate company where the vessel lay. The schooner went to pieces and proved a total loss.

The third case was the capsizing at sea, fifty miles east of Bonacca, on Dec. 31, of the schooner Contest of Ruartan. The vessel had set sail the day before for Jamaica with thirteen persons, including the wife of the captain, Kirk Connell. Only three persons escaped, making their way to the mainland in a skiff with an oar and a shirt for a sail.

ENDED AT LAST.

Scottish Railway Strikers Finally Conclude to Give up the Fight.

GLASGOW, Jan. 29.—The great railroad strike has at last collapsed and the leaders of the strikers are treating with the officials of the different companies with the view of securing for the men their former places. At Edinburgh and most of the small towns affected by the railway labor disturbances the strikers will resume work it once on the companies' terms. In Glasgow also, the strikers will resume work, except those who were employes of the Caledonian company.

Valuable Horseflesh.

NEW YORK, San. 30.—The sale of Palo Alto trotting stock has closed, the total receipts for the three days' being $122,930, or an average of $1007 a horse.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Servian cabinet has resigned.

Gen. N. P. Banks is 75 years old to-day.

The commutation of Eyraud's sentence is recommended.

There was another smashup on the Danbury and Norwalk.

A $200,000 fire in Chicago was caused by an explosion of ammonia gas.

There is much interest in Paris over the goat's blood cure for tuberculosis.

It is reported that Abdurrahman Khan, the Ameer of Afghanstan, is dead.

During election riots at Gallegoes, Spain, three persons were shot and killed.

The lower house of the Rhode Island legislature passed a weekly payments bill.

An army surgeon, stationed in San Francisco, killed his wife and then himself.

T. S. Parks, a bank president at Auburn, Ills., was struck by an engine and killed.

An explosion in a celluloid dry house in Arlington, N. J., caused the burning of the building.

The number of men killed by the recent explosion in a Pennsylvania mine has been increased to 131.

It is announced that Senator Ingalls will go to Europe for a rest after the adjournment of congress.

Senator Pierce of North Dakota was once a newspaper man and was connected with The Chicago News.

The Winona Paper company of Holyoke, Mass., is financially embarrassed. Liabilities about $600,000.

It is supposed that the missionary schooner Phœbe Chapman has been lost in the Pacific with all hands.

Chilian insurgents continue to gain ground. They have occupied the city of Coquimbo without opposition.

The suppression of "Thermidor," Sardou's new play, was the subject of an animated debate in the French chamber of deputies.

A dispatch from London says there is no change in the condition of Leonard Jerome. He is very weak, and his friends are anxious about him.

Director Holden of the Lick observatory in California is expecting a visit soon from Lord Rosse, owner of one of the great reflecting telescopes.

A dispatch from Berlin announces that Gen. Von Waldersee, chief the general staff, has been appointed to succeed Gen. Von Lesczinski in command of the Ninth army corps.

The Farmers' Alliance convention calls for a national presidential convention on Feb. 22, 1892, and declares for the abolition of national banks, the unlimited coinage of silver and more fiat currency.

Gen. Booth expects to get his "Darkest England" scheme launched by July. He will then take a long trip, visiting South Africa, India, Ceylon, Australia and New Zealand, and will be absent nearly a year He starts for the continent next week.

HAND OF DEATH

Beckons Secretary Windom to the Other World.

WAS APPARENTLY ENJOYING GOOD HEALTH

And Had Just Concluded a Speech at the Dinner of the New York Board of Trade—Scene of Gladness Suddenly Changed to One of Grief—How the News Was Broken to His Bereaved Wife and Daughters—President Harrison and Members of His Cabinet Unite in Praising the Endearing Qualities of Their Friend—The Statesman's Career.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—Death sat unseen at the banquet of the Board of Trade and Transportation at Delmonico's last night, but, before the evening passed, claimed its victim—William Windom, secretary of the United States treasury. When Mr. Windom's death was announced the gathering was at once adjourned.

The dinner began at 6 o'clock and was over soon after 9 o'clock, when Secretary Windom was introduced as the first speaker. He entertained his audience of 300, including many prominent men, with an elaborate oration outlining the financial policy of the government, and sat down amid loud applause. Judge Arnoux then arose, and was in the midst of a speech introducing Secretary Bayard, when some one cried out "Look at Secretary Windom."

The speech was broken short, and every eye was turned on the gentleman. He had collapsed in his chair and was falling to the floor. His face was ghastly and a cry of horror arose among those about him. There was an immediate rush toward Mr. Windom's chair, but several doctors who were guests at the dinner surrounded the prostrate man and drove the others back. They were Drs. S. A. Robinson, Durant, Whitney, Fisher and Bishop. Dr. Robinson bent down and, making close examination, discovered that Mr. Windom's heart was still beating. By his order the dying secretary was carried into a room adjoining the banqueting hall, and there placed on a table.

Messengers were hastily dispatched for electric batteries and as many as four were applied to his body, which was rapidly growing cold. It was at exactly 10.05 p. m. when this occurred and for six minutes the elecric shocks were applied incessantly, but without success. At 10.11 p. m. Judge Arnoux came out of the room and announced to the diners that Secretary Windom, whom they had had the pleasure of hearing only a few minutes before, had breathed his last.

"He is dead" was the fearful announcement that was sent through the gayly decked banquet hall. The words went to the heart of every man who heard them. Could they believe it? The brilliant orator of a few minutes before, aglow with enthusiasm, predicting his future policy in the treasury, was only a mass of clay. His voice was forever silenced, and his last words were for his country.

A silence fell upon the men who were only a few minutes before clamoring for news of Mr. Windom. Judge Arnoux, in retiring, had announced that Mr. Windom had only fainted and it was not thought that his illness was as serious as it proved to be. The secretary had succumbed to an attack of the heart. He had been for a long time a sufferer from heart disease and only last Monday was visited by a shock which, however, passed away without causing him much inconvenience.

When it was officially announced that the secretary was dead, Secretary Tracy at once went to the nearest telegraph office and sent a message to President Harrison informing him of the sad event and requesting him to communicate with Mrs. Windom and have her start on the 11:10 train for New York.

The body was removed to the apartments in the Fifth Avenue hotel which the secretary had lately occupied. It was watched over during the night by Collector Erhardt, Private Secretary Hendley, Attorney General Miller, Secretary Tracy, F. H. Thurber, E. D. Harper and Dr. Robinson.

A special train took the body to Washington this morning, a delegation from the Board of Trade and Transportation accompanying it.

THE NEWS IN WASHINGTON.

President Harrison and the Public Generally Greatly Shocked.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The announcement of the sudden death of Secretary Windom in New York gave almost as great a shock to his official friends and associates as did the shooting of President Garfield to the members of his official household. All who heard the news were profoundly shocked. When the sad intelligence was communicated to President Harrison at the White House he was greatly distressed and almost completely overcome. He immediately ordered his carriage and went at once to the house of the postmaster general, but a few blocks away, where a cabinet dinner had been in progress and from which he had returned but a few minutes before. A reception had followed the dinner, so the guests had not all dispersed.

Mrs. Windom and her two daughters and Mrs. Colgate of New York, who is visiting them, were among those present at the reception. The president had a hurried conversation with Secretaries Blaine and Proctor and the postmaster general and told them of the grief that had befallen them. They then privately informed Mrs. Colgate of Mr. Windom's death, and she, without exciting the suspicions of Mrs. Windom and her daughters, succeeded in getting them to their carriage and home.

The president, Secretary Proctor and Postmaster General Wanamaker entered a carriage and followed. When Mrs. Windom and her daughters reached the house Mrs. Colgate gently broke the dreadful news to the bereaved widow and her daughters. Mrs. Windom was completely overcome and had to be assisted to her chamber. The shock was a terrible one. The president, and the members of his cabinet who were present, extended their sympathies to the stricken family and offered their services to them.

The news of the death spread with wonderful rapidity, and although the hour was late, quite a large number of friends went to the residence of Mrs. Windom to express their sympathy with her and her daughters.

Probably no member of the president's official family was more highly esteemed than Secretary Windom and the expressions of sorrow from the president and those of his cabinet who are in Washington indicate how highly they prized his friendship and the value of his counsels. As the bulletin announcing somewhat in detail the secretary's death was read to the president while still at the postmaster general's house, he covered his eyes with his hands without uttering a word, so greatly was he moved. He subsequently said that he regarded it as a great calamity, which afflicted him sorely.

Secretary Blaine, in speaking of Mr. Windom, said he was a very valuable member of the cabinet and had worked with intense zeal since he had entered upon the duties of the office in connection with finances. His death was a great loss to the administration. He was exceedingly popular with the members of the cabinet, Mr. Blaine said, and he did not think that one of them had ever had an unfriendly word with him since the cabinet was formed.

Secretary Proctor said that words could not express the feeling that all experienced in the secretary's death. Their personal relations had been most friendly. "Mr. Windom," he said, "was a man of such a pleasant and amiable disposition that he endeared himself to all of us."

Secretary Noble, who also called at the house during the evening, said that the secretary's death was sudden to all. He was the most delightful and lovable man whom he had ever met.

Postmaster-General Wanamaker said: "It is the first break in the cabinet and a great loss to the country. With his great ability there was every quality and grace to make an ideal man. Everyone loved him. He had a bright mind, large experience and a gentle heart. He was the oldest man in the cabinet and had the youngest heart."

Secretary Rusk was at the Wisconsin Republicans' reunion and did not hear of Mr. Windom's death until late in the evening, when he at once repaired to Mrs. Windom's house and tendered his services and sympathy to the family.

MR. WINDOM'S CAREER.

Member of Congress Many Years and Twice Secretary of the Treasury.

William Windom was born in Belmont county, O., May 10, 1827. He received an academic education, studied law at Mt. Vernon, O., and was admitted to the bar in 1850. In 1852 he became prosecuting attorney for Knox county, but in 1855 he removed to Minnesota, and soon after he was chosen to congress from that state as a Republican, serving from 1859 till 1869. In that body he served two terms as chairman of the committee on Indian affairs and also was at the head of special committee to visit the western tribes in 1865 and of that on the conduct of the commissioner of Indian affairs in 1867. In 1870 he was appointed to the United States senate to fill the unexpired term of Daniel S. Norton, deceased, and he was subsequently chosen for the term that ended in 1877. He was re-elected for the one that closed in 1883 and resigned in 1881 to enter the cabinet of President Garfield as secretary of the treasury, but retired on the accession of President Arthur in the same year and was elected by the Minnesota legislature to serve the remainder of his term in the senate. In that body Mr. Windom acted as chairman of the committees on appropriations, foreign affairs and transportation. He was appointed secretary of the treasury by president Harrison and has since served in that capacity.

WILLIAM WINDOM.

He left Washington in the morning, apparently in perfect health, to attend the banquet of the Board of Trade and Transportation at New York last evening. The news of Secretary Windom's death was first communicated to the president by the Associated Press, and he was so shocked and overcome by the sudden announcement that he was unable to say anything with respect to he loss he has suffered.

Providence is Hopeful.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 30.—The delegation headed by Governor Davis, representing business associations, which went to Washington to represent the public sentiment of Providence relative to a new postoffice, has returned. The delegation anticipates immediate favorable action by the house upon the bill, which has already passed the senate, if it is not crowded one side by pressure of business.

Stubborn Legislators.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Jan. 30.—Fifty-five more ballots for United States senator were taken in joint assembly yesterday, without change. On motion to adjourn, Gehn, a Democrat, stampeded his party by voting with the Republicans It is understood he took this course to force the speaker to make him chairman of a committee.

His Room Better Than His Company.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 30.—Newark Lodge B. P. O. Elks, have decided to investigate charges against John L. Sullivan, and, if they are found true, to expel him. It is said that many local members who were indignant at Sullivan's admission into the organization, will insist on his expulsion.

Got There at Last.

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 30.—The long dead-lock of the legislature is over. Both houses met together at noon. The Democrats have the organization and the Republicans have a majority of one. There is much rejoicing that needed legislation is now assured.

A Hundred Lives Lost.

CAIRO, Jan. 30.—Advices from Massowah, on the Red sea, state that a terrific storm, followed by floods, has caused enormous damage throughout the island of Massowah. Over 100 persons lost their lives during the storm or as a resultof the floods.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Forecast for Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont: Snow or rain; winds shifting to westerly; warmer in southern, stationary temperaure in northern portions.

For Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut: Showers, clearing during the day; warmer; southwesterly winds; gales on the coast.

Cautionary signals are displayed from Norfolk section to Eastport.

BRUSSELS MOURNS.

Demonstrations of Grief at Prince Baudouin's Funeral.

ALL CLASSES SHOW SORROW.

Impressive Services in the Cathedral—People Crushed Into Insensibility—Imposing Military Pageant.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 30.—Brussels was truly a city of mourning yesterday, the day of Prince Baudouin's funeral, black bunting, draped flags and crape being seen on all sides. The humblest houses vied with the richest mansions in exhibiting outward signs of sorrow at the death of the popular Prince Baudouin. From an early hour crowds of people poured into the city from the outlying towns and villages, all wearing some sign of mourning. The citizens of Brussels were astir and in the street shortly after daylight, and every window along the line of march which was to be followed by the funeral procession was rented. A large placard announced that the funeral mass would be celebrated in the Cathedral of Sainte Gudule, consequently at 8 o'clock in the morning Sainte Gudule was overflowing with the immense congregation which had assembled, the early comers reaching the Cathedral as early as 7 o'clock.

The assemblage was allowed to remain in the Cathedral until 9:30 a. m., when the troops marched into the building from several different doors and cleared it sufficiently to leave a space for the funeral service and for the distinguished personages invited to be present at the funeral ceremony. These distinguished people occupied the body of the Cathedral, the general public being admitted to the triforium. The interior add exterior decorations of the Cathedral were very imposing. The catafalque to receive the coffin was erected in the center of the grand transept and in front of the chancel. It was covered with a massive canopy superbly ornamented with silver, and was suspended above the catafalque.

After the arrival at the palace of a procession of parish priests, the cortege began its solemn march to the cathedral. Mounted gendarmes, the corps of guides and the civic guard headed the procession. Following these bodies of troops came the band of the grenadiers of the guard, with muffled drums, playing the Dead March in Saul. Next came a number of infantry regiments with reversed arms, each headed by its full band, with muffled drums, and playing a dead march. After the passage of these—Prince Baudouin's regiments—came the clergy and the members of the royal households, preceding the coffin, which was borne on the shoulders of ten picked non-commissioned officers, representing all branches of the service forming the garrison of this city.

Behind the coffin came the presidents of the two chambers, M. de Lantsheere and Count de Merode-Westerloo. After the presidents came the council of ministers. The ministers acted as pall-bearers, and immediately preceded King Leopold, who was so overcome with emotion that he walked with a halting step and with his head bowed with sorrow. The Count of Flanders, the father of the dead prince, weeping bitterly, walked behind King Leopold, having his son, Prince Albert, on his right, and Prince Henry of Prussia on his left. The funeral car, covered with beautiful wreaths of flowers, was drawn by six black horses. The prince's body was conveyed in this car to the royal crypt in the chapel of the Castle of Lieken, a mile outside the city, where the interment is to take place. Behind the funeral car came a number of state carriages, all drawn by six horses, and caprisoned in black, containing the representatives of royalties and members of the diplomatic corps.

An enormous crowd gathered in front of the sacred edifice, and a number of people were crushed into insensibility by the half frantic swaying here and there of the packed masses of humanity. The funeral service was fully choral, and included the Gregorian Chant and Tilman's Pie Jesu. At the conclusion of the service, which was most impressive, when the coffin was raised from the sarcophagus, Lux Eterna rolled solemnly from the Cathedral organ.

Crispi Doesn't Believe It.

ROME, Jan. 30.—In the chamber of deputies Signor Boughi, in accordance with his announcement on Tuesday, asked Premier Crispi whether he was aware of the charges made by a committee of the United States congress against Italian consuls in connection with the immigration of Italians to the United States, and whether he would institute an inquiry into the matter. Premier Crispi, in reply, declared that the charges were utterly without foundation.

Linseed Oil Goes Up.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—The manufacturers of linseed oil, who have been in conference in this city for the past three days, have decided to advance the price of both raw and boiled oil 1 cent a gallon, or 50 cents a barrel. Every mill in the United States, representing a consumption of 13,000,000 bushels of linseed a year, was represented at the meeting.

Parnell is Hustling.

DUBLIN, Jan. 30.—Henry Campbell, M. P., Mr. Parnell's private secretary, is visiting Irish centers in an endeavor to obtain the pledge of National league officials to co-operate in Mr. Parnell's campaign in Ireland. It is understood that Mr. Parnell intends to push this campaign more vigorously than ever.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Latest Quotations of the New York and Boston Stock Markets—Jan. 29.

Stock-market trading was dull, exceedingly dull. Both Wall and State streets were quiet, interest in the trading was slight, and fluctuations were marked in a comparatively small number of specialties.

The New York Market.

Atchison	29⅛	Nor. Pac. pref.	73⅝
Central Pacific	30	Oregon Imp.	24⅝
Chi & Northwest	105¾	Oregon Navi.	70
Del Lack & West	137¼	Pacific Mail.	33½
Del & Hudson	134¼	Reading	32
Illinois Central	9 ⅛	Texas Pacific	14⅛
Lake Shore	107¾	Union Pacific	44⅝
Missouri Pacific	66	Wabash St. L. & P.	10¼
N. J. Central	110½	do pref	19⅝
N. Y. Central	101½	Wheel & Lake Erie	19⅝
Northern Pacific	29	Western Union	79¼

The Boston Market.

Aspinwall Land	....	Fitchburg pref.	....
Fremn's Bay Land	....	Flint & Pere Mar.	85⅛
Newport Land	....	Maine Central	....
West End Land	91¾	Mexican Central	....
Atchison	29⅝	N Y & N E	37⅝
Atlantic & Pacific	5	do pref	112
Boston & Lowell	150¼	Old Colony	167⅝
Boston & Maine	214	Union Pacific	44¼
Boston & Prov.	....	Wisconsin Central	....
Chicago, B & Q	99⅝	American Bell Tel.	185
Central Mass.	10½	Mexican	80
do pref	30½	Erie Tel.	50

NEW BAKERY

JUST OPENED,

—IN—

Adams Building, cor. Temple and Hancock Sts.

The public are informed that I have opened a Bakery in the Adams Building, where will be kept a full line of

Bread, Cake, Pastry.

TRY OUR ANGEL CAKE.

Plain and Fancy Crackers. All kinds of Confectionery.

HOT BREAD AND ROLLS EVERY AFTERNOON.

WEDDING CAKE A SPECIALTY.

W. A. HODGES,

PROPRIETOR.

Jan. 17. 2w

Oranges and Lemons,

15 CENTS PER DOZEN.

SAUSAGE MEAT IN 2-LB. BAGS,

25c. a Bag.

FLOUR, $6.00 and $6.75 Per Bbl.

COFFEE, all Grades from 16c. to 42c. a lb.

Kennedy's Crackers,

4 lbs. for 25 cts. or 5 1-2 cts. per lb. per barrel.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

Improve the Opportunity

—AND—

GET A PAIR OF SHOES CHEAP.

We have 500 Pairs of Shoes, which we now offer at a bargain. These goods are not old or shopworn, but comprise a number of lines which we desire to close out in order that we may substitute new styles for them.

EVERY SHOE OFFERED IS A BARGAIN.

Among the lot there are:

38	pairs	Ladies' Straight Goat Button Waukenphast,	$2.00,	formerly $2.5
36	"	" Kid Button Opera Toe,	2.00,	" 2.5
7	"	J. N. Smith's Ladies' bright Dongola Laced, pat. tip,	2.00,	" 2.5
22	"	Ladies' Pallah Kid Button,	1.65,	" 2.0
9	"	Misses' Dongola Spring Heel Button,	1.50,	" 2.0
12	"	" St. Goat Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.50,	" 2.0
19	"	Children's Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.10,	" 1.5
10	"	Men's Calf Bals,	3.00,	" 3.5
5	"	each Cong. and Bals., Men's Fine Calf Shoes,	3.00,	" 4.0
6	"	" " " " Enamel Shoes,	2.00,	" 2.5

While we call your especial attention to these goods, we believe it is for your interest to examine the whole lot on our BARGAIN TABLES, for EVERY SHOE is a BARGAIN.

SAVILLE & JONES, Adams Building.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our

Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel

PRATT & CURTIS,

25 SCHOOL STREET, - - - QUINCY

BEST IN THE MARKET

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, July 9.

KERY
NED,
e and Hancock Sts,
hat I have opened a
g, where will be kept
e, Pastry.
EL CAKE.
kinds of Confectionery.
EVERY AFTERNOON.
SPECIALTY.
DGES,
TOR. 2w
Lemons,
R DOZEN.
N 2-LB. BAGS,
Bag.
$6.75 Per Bbl.
m 16c. to 42c. a lb.
Crackers,
cts. per lb. per barrel.
s Building, Quincy.
Opportunity
SHOES CHEAP.
we now offer at a bargain. These
prise a number of lines which we
substitute new styles for them.
D IS A BARGAIN.
Waukenphast, $2.00, formerly $2.50
e, 2.00, " 2.50
ongola Laced, pat. tip,
2.00, " 2.50
1.65, " 2.00
Button, 1.50, " 2.00
pring Heel, 1.50, " 2.00
Heel, 1.10, " 1.50
3.00, " 3.75
ine Calf Shoes, 3.00, " 4.00
Enamel Shoes, 2.00, " 2.75
to these goods, we believe it is for you
BARGAIN TABLES, for EVERY
S, Adams Building.
AY DOWN!
ths we make all the induce
e, and for the present w
r $6.75 per Barrel
CURTIS,
- - - QUINCY
HE MARKET
50 CASH
TON OF THE
NUT COAL
onomical Coal sold.
H & SC
S. PATCH.]

$50 REWARD.

WHEREAS, many of the Incandescent Electric Light Globes have been broken, the undersigned will pay a reward of Fifty Dollars for evidence that will lead to the conviction of the guilty parties.

QUINCY ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY.

G. A. VORHEES, Supt.

Jan. 28. 6t

IS BUSINESS DULL WITH YOU?

ADVERTISING IS AN ANTIDOTE FOR DULLNESS.

•TRY• IT •

AND SEE YOUR STORE FILL WITH CUSTOMERS.

QUINCY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

Below is given another instalment of the list of taxable property of the city, a certain part of a letter for each Ward being published in each issue, so that the total of a person having property in each of the Wards may be computed by interested parties. The poll tax is included in the amount of the tax. Tax rate per thousand, $13.60. Today's list concludes all whose surname begins with "V."

WARD ONE.

To Whom Taxed.	Value.	Tax.
Vogel, John. House and stable at Houghs Neck,	$900	
Land, one-fourth acre,	600	
House,	650	
Land, 5,000 feet,	250	$32 64

WARD TWO.

Vining, Alexander, estate of. House on Washington street,	2,500	
Stable and carriage-house,	1,300	
Carriage-house,	200	
Land, 15,370 feet,	900	
Land, 5 1-4 acres,	4,000	
Salt marsh, 4 acres,	300	
House on Washington street,	1,800	
Land, 7,480 feet,	450	
House on Washington street,	1,000	
Land, 4,386 feet,	225	172 38
Voorhees, George A. Horse and carriage,	300	6 08

WARD THREE.

Vinal, William J. House on Summer street,	1,500	
Sheds,	50	
Land, 6,687 feet,	600	31 24
Vogel, Adam S. House on Penn street	1,700	
House on Penn street,	1,700	
Land, 14,400 feet,	800	57 12
Vogel, Joseph H. Stock in trade,	4,000	
Derrick,	400	
Sheds and office,	1,200	
Land on Penn street, 7000 feet,	400	81 60

WARD FOUR.

Vogel, Adam S. Personal mortgage,	475	
Horse and carriages,	700	
House on Willard street,	1,700	
House on Willard street,	1,400	
Stable,	450	
Land, 15,380 feet,	900	78 50
Vogel, John. Stock in trade,	2,500	
Horse and carriages,	400	
Cow,	50	
Derrick,	250	
House on Willard street,	3,000	
Stable,	500	
Land, 3 1-2 acres,	4,000	
House on Willard street,	1,400	
House on Douglass street,	1,600	
Land, 19,180 feet,	600	
House on Cross street,	1,300	
Land, 5,959 feet,	450	
Office and sheds,	800	
Land on Willard street, 22,161 feet,	900	
Land on Willard street, one-eighth acre,	100	244 76
Vogel, Joseph H. House on Willard street,	1,600	
Land, 31,285 feet,	1,500	42 16

WARD FIVE.

Vinton, George. Four horses,	400	
Carriage,	50	
Twenty-one cows,	650	16 96
Vogel, Joseph H. Horse and carriages,	450	
House on Adams street,	6,500	
Half barn,	400	
Land, 2 44-100 acres,	3,000	142 76

WARD SIX.

Vinton, George. Land on Billings street, 9,480 feet,	175	
Land on Billings street, 9,206 feet,	175	4 76

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 30.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1886—John H. Dee appointed postmaster at South Quincy.

World Wide.

1606—Execution of conspirators in the Guy Fawkes gunpowder plot.
1644—Death of William Chillingworth, the theologian; born 1602.
1805—Death of Dr. John Robinson, Scottish mathematician and philosopher; born 1739
1816—Birth of Nathaniel P. Banks, American general and statesman.
1838—Died in Fort Moultrie, S. C., Osceola, Seminole chief; born in Georgia in 1804.
1859—Prince Napoleon married to Princess Clotilde of Savoy.
1871—French loss in the Franco-Prussian war up to this date, 350,000 men and 800 guns.
1877—Electoral tribunal (to settle the election for president) chosen in congress.
1879—Jules Grevy elected president of the French republic; born Aug. 15, 1813.
1883—Snowslide at Crested Butte, Colo.; 7 men killed and 18 injured.
1888—Death of Professor Asa Gray, botanist, at Cambridge, Mass.; born 1811.
1889—Archduke Rudolph, the Austrian crown prince, found dead, aged 30.

SNOW IS EXPENSIVE.

The Late Storm Caused a Loss of More Than $100,000 in Boston.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—Undoubtedly the heaviest losers by the storm are the telegraph companies, which have been compelled to keep large numbers of linemen at work repairing the damages. The New England Telephone and Telegraph company estimate the cost of repairs at $25,000, and it would have been much more had the plant not been in excellent condition. During the last few days $24,00 worth of cable has been laid around breaks, but this is kept on hand for precisely such emergencies. The loss to the Western Union telegraph company will amount to more than $15,000, in all probability, and to Postal Telegraph company at least $10,000.

The business of the New England Telephone and Telegraph company is being transmitted in the usual manner, but more time will be required to put the line in perfect condition. The long distance telephone is doing its business without delay, and the wires are all in repair. The Western Union had eight wires direct to New York last night, but by working from duplex and quadruplex machines their facilities were equal to twenty wires. The Postal telegraph has now the equivalent to ten circuits to New York and has caught up with the business, which had been somewhat behind time.

After a storm like that of Sunday the city has to pay $1600 a day for clearing away the snow, but the $11,000 which this last storm cost is really but a small part of the loss to the city. A representative of a large dry goods house estimated that their trade is $25,000 less than it otherwise would have been, and at another establishment it was said that the storms of last week cost between $2000 and $3000 a day. The cost to the West End street railway was $50,00), and similar proportion of losses is reported throughout the city.

Thank You, Sir.

Mr. Balfour, in his "Leaves from My Chinese Scrap Book," says that a most amusing chapter in the history of official etiquette in China might be written under the heading of "The Emperor is Thanked." He says he is reminded by this Chinese formality of a pedagogue who always insisted on his pupils' thanks on every occasion. If he asked a boy what time it was, the proper form for his reply was, "Half-past 2, sir, thank you."

The constitutional maxim, "The king can do no harm," might, in Chinese official language, be translated, "The emperor can do nothing that is not benevolent."

An amusing incident occurred not long ago in connection with a Manchu officer of high rank, Wulahsich-ungah, the president of the board of ceremonies. This gentleman returned thanks for the honor of having been invited to a sacrificial feast by the emperor, and the next day a terrible snubbing was administered to him.

It appears that the emperor had not invited him at all, and was much astonished.

"His name," says the decree, "does not appear in the list of guests approved by us, and in thus thanking us he has been guilty of a great piece of carelessness.

The committee of the board of punishments allotted a penalty to poor Wulahsich-ungah, who should, according to etiquette, have been grateful for that also, though his thanks are not recorded.

Variations of the Compass.

Why the magnetic needle points northward has never been satisfactorily determined, but what perplexes and puzzles scientists most is its persistent variations. By observations in Paris it was found that in 1681 the magnetic needle varied 2 degs. and 30 mins. to the west; in 1865, less than 200 years later, 18 degs. and 30 mins. to the west. In London, between 1580 and 1692, the needle varied from 10 degs. 15 mins. east to 6 degs. west. In Dakota the average variation is 13 degs. and 30 mins. east; in Minnesota 11 degs. east, while in Montana it it is 20 degs. east. It does not point due north except in a few localities, and at no place does it continue to point with a given angular distance from the north for any stated length of time.

In many places it changes secularly, annually, diurnally and hourly, and is, besides, further subject to fluctuations reducible to no method of tabulation.

In the vicinity of iron in any shape, or of magnetic sands, it is deflected toward the material attracting it. The needle has been known to vary 5 degs. in a distance of one mile, and 1 deg. and 30 mins. in two hours when left stationary in a certain locality.—St. Louis Republic.

STRICT PARTY VOTE.

The Senate Passes the Apportionment Bill.

A LABOR MEASURE DISPLACED

By the Army Appropriation Bill—Boston Business Men Before the House Coinage Committee—Rumors Concerning Reciprocity Denied by Mr. Blaine—Mr. Roosevelt's Defense of the Civil Service System.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—In the senate the consideration of the apportionment bill was taken up as the unfinished business, and Mr. Edmunds addressed the senate, calling attention to the fact that the bill took no cognizance whatever of the provisions of the fourteenth amendment to the constitution—that, in case the right of suffrage be denied or abridged in any state, the representation of that state shall be diminished accordingly.

The senate then began to vote on the amendments proposed by the minority, the first being to increase the representation of Arkansas from six to seven. The amendment was rejected—yeas 32, nays 33.

The next amendment was to increase the representation of Minnesota from seven to eight. Rejected—yeas 31, nays 32.

The next amendment was to increase the representation of Missouri from 15 to 16. Rejected—yeas 30, nays 38.

The next amendment was to increase the representation of New York from 34 to 35. Rejected—yeas 29, nays 38.

Mr. Davis then withdrew the amendment, fixing the total number of representatives at 360.

Mr Berry offered an amendment fixing the total number at 359, and giving an additional member to Arkansas, Minnesota and New York. He desired to have it voted on as one amendment. A division of it, however, was insisted on by Mr. Hale. Mr. Hale then moved to lay the amendment on the table; and that motion was agreed to—yeas 38, nays 29.

Mr. Vest stated he could not vote for the bill because a large fraction of population in the state of Missouri, Minnesota, Arkansas and New York was left entirely without representation.

Mr. Gorman also opposed the bill because, in his belief, a renumeration should have been made in the city of New York—where there was a deficit of some 200,000 in the census returns as taken—and because he believed that that state and the states of Kansas, Minnesota and Missouri should have an additional representative. He thought that in fairness to all the appointment should have been left to be made in the next session.

Mr. Morgan spoke of the necessity of a specific declaration in the bill that the number of presidential electors in 1892 shall correspond with the number of representatives fixed in the bill. The country had had enough of trials and troubles and difficulties in connection with presidential elections to admonish congress to exercise the most extreme care in the matter.

The bill was then passed exactly as it came from the house—yeas, 37; nays, 24 (a strict party vote).

The senate then, on motion of Mr. Blair, took up the house bill providing for the adjustment of accounts of laborers, workmen and mechanics arising under the eight-hour law. It having been thus made the "unfinished business," Mr. Blair consented to have it laid aside temporarily so that the army appropriation bill should be taken up and proceeded with.

Mr. Gorman, however, objected to that arrangement being made, and then Mr. Allison, who had made the request, withdrew it and moved (as a privileged motion) that the army bill be taken up. The motion was agreed to, thus displacing the eight-hour bill from its advantageous position as "unfinished business." The consideration of the army appropriation bill was then proceeded with.

CIVIL SERVICE SYSTEM

Defended from Statements Made by Superintendent of Census Porter.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Commissioner Roosevelt and Superintendent Porter of the census bureau were in attendance at the meeting of the house committee on reform in the civil service. Mr. Porter had made some statements at a previous meeting which Mr. Roosevelt had construed into an attack upon the civil service commission's methods, and he was armed with a type-written statement in reply. Mr. Porter sat by to prepare himself for the rebuttal.

Mr. Roosevelt opened with an energetic defense of the merit system of appointment as opposed to the non-competitive system of examinations practiced by Mr. Porter. He quoted from the report of the committee a statement to the effect that these non-competitive examinations, while preventing the appointment of the most incompetent persons, did not secure the appointment of the most competent. Mr. Porter's plan, he said, was nearly, but not quite, as bad as the old spoils system. He was not arguing to show that the census office should be placed under the civil service rules (although that was his private opinion), but simply to demonstrate that Mr. Porter's plans had not been applied to all of the departments. It was necessary to do this, for, owing to Mr. Porter's prominence, his plan would be used a prop by the advocates of the old spoils system.

Mr. Porter interrupted to state that he had no such intention; that the census office was a temporary affair and his system was intended only to meet its needs.

Mr. Roosevelt, continuing, declared that Mr. Porter's system of promotion (based in a large measure upon political influence) furnished one of the strongest arguments in favor of the commission's merit system of promotion. He denied that the civil service rules encouraged the growth of barnacles in the government service, and entered into a long argument to meet Mr. Porter's assertion that the commission's system of appointment did not result in securing effective servants. He pointed to the fact that two-thirds of Mr. Porter's men, after passing his examination, had failed to pass the commission's examination or had passed at much lower ratings.

Mr. Porter admitted that he had intended to refer only to the persons who had passed the copyists' examination (who were found to be deficient in arithmetic) and not to persons selected on the clerk's roll, who were always found to be competent.

Mr. Roosevelt accepted Mr. Porter's explanation He said that he had never made an attack on any department. "But," said he, "if any department, from that of the postmaster general's to Mr. Porter's, makes an attack upon the commission, I am always ready."

RECIPROCITY WITH CANADA.

Mr. Blaine Contradicts a Rumor and Expresses His Views on the Subject.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Representative Baker of New York addressed the following letter to Secretary Blaine:

It is reported in the newspapers of Canada and along the northern border of my state, where my constituents are deeply interested in the subject, that negotiations are going on between this country and Great Britain with a view to partial reciprocity with Canada, including natural products only and not manufactures; and it is stated that Sir Charles Tupper is on his way here as a commissioner to negotiate for such modification to our tariff. I would be very glad if you would enable me to answer my constituents.

Secretary Blaine made the following reply:

I authorize you to contradict the rumors you refer to. There are no negotiations whatever on foot for a reciprocity treaty with Canada; and you may be assured that no scheme for reciprocity with the Dominion, confined to natural products, will be entertained by this government. We know nothing of Sir Charles Tupper's coming to Washington.

FREE COINAGE.

Massachusetts Argues Against It—A Disinterested Party Speaks for It.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The committee on coinage held another meeting. The delegation from Massachusetts opposed to free coinage received a hearing, after which Mr. Gibson, a Wall street broker and also a member of the Statistical society of London, was heard for about twenty minutes. Representative Walker of Massachusetts introduced Mr. Gibson. He said he had never dealt in silver, and therefore his views on the question were not influenced by his interests. He had studied the matter of free coinage as an economic position, and in a trip abroad last summer had taken particular pains to inquire of mint officials in London, Berlin and Paris concerning the quantity of bullion and coin on hand. The information he had received thoroughly convinced him that no evil results would result from a policy of free coinage.

THE GREAT BLIZZARD.

Western Union Company Still at Work Patching Up Broken Wires.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—The Western Union company had only two wires working between New York and Philadelphia yesterday, but four have been gained, making six in all. W. C. Humstone, superintendent of the eastern division, reasserted that the storm has played greatest havoc with the wires between New York and Philadelphia, and that wires to the south and west of the latter city came next in amount of damage done. Mr. Humstone said that the company had large forces of men at work, and hoped soon to be able to report a far better state of affairs. Messages are still taken "subject to delay," and the delay is sometimes very great. Washington messages come in slowly.

The first communication with New York by wire from Newark since the storm of Saturday night was had yesterday, when both the Western Union and the Postal companies succeeded in opening one wire. Chief Benner of the fire department reported that communication by fire telegraph had been established between fire headquarters and fifty companies, and that the work of completing other connections was being rapidly pushed.

SHUT IN A FURNACE.

Horrible Fate of Eight Men in a Michigan Iron Mine.

IRION MOUNTAIN, Mich., Jan. 30.—The Chapin mine, the largest and most productive mine in Michigan, caught fire at the sixth level last evening. The fire has extended and all the shafts are closed down. Eight men are underground without any possible show of escape.

Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—In the senate a petition was received for a committee to negotiate for the purchase of the sword of George Washington, for which $20,000 was refused thirty years ago. The New York and Boston Island petition was admitted under a suspension of the rules.

Among the house petitions was one for the establishment of a minimum wage for all trades, and, in the orders, one for the establishment of a commissioner of highways and bridges.

An Ugly Mute.

FALL RIVER, Jan. 30.—A deaf mute named Patrick O'Brien arrived in this city from New York, and became crazy drunk. He caused a great disturbance at the works of the American Printing company, and Officers Elsbree and Devine were detailed to arrest him. When they laid hands on him he began a vicious fight and bit both officers savagely. He was arraigned in court, and under promise of leaving the city at once the case was nolle prossed.

Capital Stock Reduced One-Half.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 30.—At the meeting of the directors of the Second National bank, it was decided to reduce the capital stock from $1,000,000 to $500,000. When the Elm City bank became the Second National bank in 1861, its capital was increased from $500,000 to $1,000,000. Now the stock is to be reduced to its former figure by paying back to the stockholders $50 per share.

Says the Lymph is Good.

BERLIN, Jan. 30.—Professor Guttmann, lecturing before a number of physicians of this city, said that he had treated 164 patients according to the Koch system of inoculation, of which number fifty-one were in the first stages of the disease and showed marked signs of improvement. Of the remainder sixty-four were improving.

No Change in Price.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—The anthracite sales agents met and agreed to an output for February of 2,000,000 tons, against about 2,000,000 last year and about 3,000,000 tons this month. Present prices are to remain unchanged. Another meeting will be held Feb. 12.

Offer to Yale's Coach.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 30.—A. A. Stagg, the famous athlete, who is attending the School for Christian Workers in this city, has accepted an offer from President Harper to become director of the physical department of the University of Chicago.

The Chilian Revolution.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—Messrs. Flint & Co. of this city has received a cablegram dated Valparaiso, Jan. 28, stating that the revolutionary squadron had been defeated at all the parts attacked.

BRAINTREE NUPTIALS IN 1890.

The Ministers Most Employed---Ages of Contracting Parties.

The following is a list of marriages in Braintree for the year 1890, which has been kindly furnished by Mr. Samuel A. Bates, town clerk:

1890.	NAME.	AGE.	RESIDENCE.
Jan. 7,	Andrew Edward McGuire,	30	Weymouth.
	Kate Louise Bentley,	23	Braintree.
" 14,	Jeremiah Francis Gallivan,	27	"
	Hannorah Agnes Lee,	23	"
" 14,	Charles Everett Geddes,	22	"
	Nellie Weston Witherell,	21	"
" 20,	Stanislaus Andreas Hoppe,	20	Boston.
	Amelia Elizabeth Lance,	22	Braintree.
Feb. 6,	Edward James Carroll,	28	"
	Hannah Cohen,	24	Weymouth.
" 17,	Henry Jewell Tripp,	26	Braintree.
	Lila Benham,	19	"
" 18,	Albert Merritt,	31	"
	Katie Elizabeth (Connolly) Smith,	23	Weymouth.
Mar. 15,	Roscoe Woodbury Keay,	21	Braintree.
	Mabel Agnes David,	19	"
" 27,	Francis Joseph Mansfield,	23	"
	Etta May Beyett,	18	Randolph.
April 2,	Adin Custance,	23	Braintree.
	Lilla May Dinsmore,	20	Weymouth.
" 2,	Charles Gustavus Grundstrom,	23	Braintree.
	Cora Mabel Rowell,	18	"
" 16,	Arthur Canute Thompson,	25	"
	Lizzie C. Karcher,	22	Boston.
" 18,	Russell Elliott Brown,	20	Braintree.
	Hattie Hall,	19	Nova Scotia.
" 21,	James Frazier,	31	Braintree.
	Maggie Breen,	23	Weymouth.
" 26,	Thomas Downey,	24	Braintree.
	Carrie E. Miller,	18	Weymouth.
June 2,	Jeremiah Frazier,	27	Braintree.
	Sophie Frazer,	19	"
" 3,	George Clinton Goodwin,	26	Lexington.
	Emma Dexter Follansbee,	21	Braintree.
" 4,	Ernest Joseph Lane,	26	"
	Margaret Louisa Connor,	25	Boston.
" 9,	Frederic Morrill,	23	Stoughton.
	Sarah Ida Brown,	22	Braintree.
" 11,	John Thomas Cavanagh,	22	"
	Eva Estelle Hodgkinson,	20	Quincy.
" 18,	William George Full,	25	Braintree.
	Nellie Matilda Ware,	23	"
" 25,	Albert Edward Kingsbury,	24	Holbrook.
	Mira Isabel Morrison,	22	Braintree.
July 5,	Edward Haynes,	21	Quincy.
	Annie Savage,	17	"
" 16,	John F. Beyett,	22	Randolph.
	Maria E. Stetson,	18	"
Aug. 2,	Benjamin Kirton,	30	Braintree.
	Maria Victoria Summers,	25	"
" 17,	William Morrill,	24	"
	Jane White,	23	"
" 25,	William David Levangie,	20	"
	Lucy Jane (Levangie) Frazer,	27	"
Sept. 7,	Daniel William Sullivan,	25	"
	Catherine Dillon,	27	"
" 9,	Horace Almon Jones,	28	"
	Marinda Small Howes,	22	Dennis.
" 18,	Patrick Henry Walsh,	25	Braintree.
	Josie M. Murphy,	24	Millbury.
" 22,	George St. Lawrence,	22	Braintree.
	Eliza Govern,	24	"
Oct. 22,	Samuel Crosby Bridgham,	38	"
	Mabel Norma Ford,	29	"
" 22,	William Oliver Chapman,	32	Salem.
	Jessie Stanton Dyer,	24	Braintree.
" 24,	Joseph J. Damon,	76	Abington.
	Mary A. (Grace) McIsaac,	40	Maine.
" 26,	Francis Anderson,	21	Braintree.
	Margaret Alice Pitts,	21	"
" 28,	Arnold Bucklin Matthewson,	34	Conn.
	Elizabeth Bird Sampson,	26	Braintree.
Nov. 10,	John D. Griffin,	26	"
	Mary Ellen McCarthy,	23	"
" 24,	Levi Pilline,	26	"
	Mary (Garrano) Mercy,	30	"
" 25,	Peter Delory,	29	"
	Nora Ellen McMahon,	27	"
" 25	Peter Coughlan,	27	Weymouth.
	Margaret McMahon,	25	Braintree.
" 26,	William Philip Keefe,	22	Weymouth.
	Hannorah Kiley,	21	Braintree.
Dec. 23,	Herbert Otis,	21	Avon.
	Lousa Evelyn Beals,	17	"
" 24,	John Edward Long,	23	"
	Fannie Turner Rae,	21	Weymouth.
" 25,	Benjamin Franklin Willson,	30	Braintree.
	Minnie Curtis Fisher,	22	"
" 27,	Charles Whitney Mixter,	23	Plymouth.
	Harriet Cammett French,	24	Braintree.

Whole number of marriages, 45.

Birthplace of males: Braintree, 4; other places in Massachusetts, 16; Canada, 11; Maine and Ireland, 2 each; England, 2; Germany, New York, Vermont, Connecticut, New Hampshire and unknown 1 each. Females: Braintree, 7; other places in Massachusetts, 23; Canada, 8; Ireland, 3; Germany, Rhode Island, England, and unknown, 1 each.

Place of residence: Males,—Braintree, 31; other places in Massachusetts, 13; Connecticut, 1. Females:—Braintree, 28; other places in Massachusetts, 15; Maine and Nova Scotia, 1 each.

Marriages solemnized in Braintree, 15; Weymouth, 15; Quincy, 7; Boston, 4; Millbury, Dennis, Holbrook and Randolph, 1 each.

Rev. J. J. Murphy married 10; Rev. F. A. Friguguletti, 6; Rev. A. A. Ellsworth, 7; Rev. W. B. Heath, 4; Rev. E. O. Dyer. 2; Rev. William Full, 1; while 13 were married by other clergyman and 2 by Justice of the Peace of other places.

Married for the first time, 40 males and 42 females; for the second, 4 males and 3 females; for the third, one male.

Average age of males 26.5.

Average age of females 22.7.

WE TAKE.

Old Pianos in Exchange.

Mail us a postal, and a competent man will be sent to value your instrument, and tell you how far it will go toward a new one. The balance can be in monthly payments, running thro' two or even three years. Don't say you can't afford a New Piano till you have given us a trial. Write us TO-DAY.

IVERS & POND PIANO CO.

183 Tremont St., Boston.

NEW DRESS

GINGHAMS

SPRING STYLES,

Striped and Plaided.

ALSO NEW DIAGONAL

PLAID PERCALES,

ALL

12 1-2c. per Yard,

AT

Miss C. S. Hubbard's,

158 Hancock St., Quincy.

BUSSELL'S

Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

MONEY TO LOAN

ON First Mortgages at the lowest rates of Interest.

GEO. H. BROWN & CO.,

Adams Building, Quincy.

Jan. 23—tf,p&l

WANTED.

AN Experienced girl for general housework. Swede preferred. Apply at 585 Hancock street, Quincy.
Jan. 30. 1t

WANTED,—A situation as coachman or care of horses at private place. A good all-round man. References if required. Address "W.," Ledger office. 29—1t

WANTED,—By a gentleman and lady, board in a private family, where the house is heated by furnace or steam. Address "B. J. W.," LEDGER OFFICE.
Quincy, Jan. 26. 4t

DERRICKS WANTED.—One large and one small Derrick complete, for Cash. Address, stating tonnage, prices, etc., H. E. CARLTON, 132 Boston street, Lynn. Mass. Jan. 28. 6t

TO LET.

TO LET.—Very desirable property in South Quincy. House contains 11 rooms, city water and furnace; stable attached with accommodation for 6 horses. Five acres of land, cuts 7 tons hay. Plenty of fruit, etc. A sightly location, near Electric cars and railroad station. Will lease for term of years to right party.
Enquire of B. N. ADAMS, Real Estate, Quincy. Jan. 13—pl tf

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.
Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms.
Apply to HENRY H. FAXON.
Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms To Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree
Geo. H. Hunt,	East Weymouth

Today's Almanac.---January 30.

High water at 2.30 A. M. and 2.45 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.01; Sets at 4.56.
Moon rises 10.28 P. M.
Last quarter Feb. 1, 11.42 P. M.

THE NEW city of Pittsfield starts out with a deadlock over the election of a board of health and assistant assessors, the preferences of the aldermen and council differing. The city of Quincy is free from such contests.

THE Brockton Enterprise is right; the telegraph companies ought to learn by experience that the only safe place for their wires is underground. The last storm has cost the companies thousands of dollars, to say nothing of the interruption to business and to the daily news service.

THE MOVEMENT for the proposed new water supply advances stage by stage, meeting very few obstacles, but the struggle is yet to come. The State Board of Health will give a hearing next Tuesday in Boston and it behooves every friend of the cause to be present. The City Council will probably take some action on the same at the regular meeting next Monday evening. The present Council has not yet expressed itself on this important question, this will be an opportunity, whether it will instruct its Committee on Sewers and Drains to appear and press the matter at the hearing. It is thought by some that the Council committee is not as favorable to the new supply as its predecessors. Three of the old committee remain: Chairman Newcomb and Councilmen Bass and Warner. The new members are Councilmen Duffield, Sherman and Hammond, and either Councilman Rinn or Wilde. One of the new members is outspoken against a new system, while another, although signing the Ward Two petition, has looked upon the movement unfavorably. It is evident the committee will not be as unanimous as in the past, but if the Council instructs it to appear at the hearing in favor, we trust no member will there take the opposite side. There were some doubts whether the petition for a new supply was properly before the Legislature, but it will be remembered it was placed on file a year ago and referred to the present Legislature and Representative Burke has unearthed it.

EDITORIAL OPINIONS.

Perpendicular drinking is not to be commended or even defended, upon any grounds of sociability or morals; it is almost exclusively an American custom, but we believe careful observers even among the most earnest friends of temperance are generally convinced that the construction of the "open bar" question, which for the past year has compelled the introduction of tables and chairs into all places licensed to sell intoxicating beverages to be drank on the premises, has not resulted, as was anticipated, in a curtailment of the amount of liquors sold, but upon the whole the reverse has been the result. Where formerly, one drink would be taken at a bar, standing, the seats around the table are apt to invite two or more, and that the result has actually been a greater amount of drinking. The cause of temperance will be advanced by changing the law in this matter.—*Lawrence American.*

What a cry was raised a few years ago, and recently revived, against lotteries; but probably it never occurred to the government that is so severe on these same lotteries and games of chance that one is encouraged and fostered under legal protection. The drawing of jurors for the courts is an instance of a legalized lottery. The names of the citizens are put in a box, and before the drawing takes place it is shaken like any ordinary dice box, and then the name is drawn. If this is not a lottery it bears a close resemblance to one.—*Brockton Enterprise.*

WEYMOUTH.

The Unitarian society of East Weymouth held another of their sociables at Masonic hall, Thursday evening. During the first part of the evening there was an interesting entertainment, consisting of selections by the National Brass Quartette, composed of Fred L. Lane and Thomas Ware, cornets, and Samuel B. Blossom and Parker A. Bates, trombones; readings by Mr. C. H. Burdett; duet by Mrs. B. S. Lovell and Mrs. J. Frank Drew; song by Master Stevie Pratt, and a solo by Miss Jennie Thayer with violin obligato by C. F. Tirrell. At the close of the entertainment there was a social dance.

Oliver Houghton has been granted an original pension.

Crescent lodge worked the second degree upon one candidate Thursday evening.

HINGHAM.

Tuesday evening a pretty wedding occurred at the residence of Mr. William H. Jernegan on Water street, Hingham, the contracting parties being Miss Charlotte W. Jernegan and Mr. Frank S. Mead of Boston, the Rev. Edward A. Horton of Boston officiating. The bride is well-known in Quincy. Mr. and Mrs. Mead will reside at 43 Dale street, Boston.

Jotham G. Burrell, for many years sexton of the New North church, was buried Thursday.

DIED.

LEMAN—In Wollaston, Jan. 29, Mr. Augustus F. Leman, aged 49 years.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

The Young Ladies' Whist Club meet with Miss May McPhail this evening.

The Q. M. C. B. association are arranging for a dance to be held early in February.

The time of the departure of the new mail for Plymouth is 7.45 A. M., instead of 8.15.

The electric arc lamps at South Quincy are being suspended across the street, which is a great improvement.

Miss Gertie Hall and Miss Alice Coe are improving slowly and soon hope to be out among their friends again.

Several amendments to the rules and regulations of the Quincy Yacht Club will be acted upon at the annual meeting.

Remember the Burns' anniversary of Clan McGregor tonight at the Coliseum. A fine entertainment and a grand ball is the programme.

A teacher in one of our public schools on asking a small boy what the 17th of March was, answered abruptly, the Fourth of July, ma'am.

The bon-bon party postponed from last week was held Thursday evening at Doble's hall, a large party attending who enjoyed a thorough good time.

Granite Commandery No. 36, P. F. Y. B. O. had eight initiations and three applications for membership at their meeting on Wednesday evening.

Miss Lillias L. Nash of Rockland, Me., who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. A. B. Smith on Granite street, was unexpectedly called home by sickness of relatives.

New electric lights have been placed at the corner of North and Washington streets and opposite the residence of Mr. F. H. Smith, and are greatly appreciated by the Point people.

Commissioner Ewell has recently repaired the sidewalks on South street, south of the Baptist church. This was a dangerous place and might have been the cause of serious accidents.

Miss Annie Cahill who has been assisting Miss Kelley at the school in Temperance hall, has been promoted to permanent teacher at the Wollaston schoo' in place of Miss Scott who is sick.

Mr. Hiram W. Philips has been awarded the contract for the removal of the wreck and cargo of the schooner S. L. Bickmore, sunk in Hyannis harbor. He has already commenced upon the work.

The regular monthly meeting of the Home Missionary Society of Quincy Point, will be held on Friday, Feb. 6, at three o'clock. A large attendance is desired as a new line of work is to be taken up.

There will be a meeting of the British Americans in Doble's hall on Monday, at 8 o'clock P. M., for the election of officers and other important business. A full attendance is requested.

The events at Atlantic announced for next week are: Dancing school Tuesday evening, Old Folks' concert Thursday evening, assembly of Social Club Friday evening and Uncle Tom's Cabin Saturday afternoon and evening.

Miss M. M. Jameson of this city, who has been elected instructor of music in Woburn, will teach there but three days per week. She will also continue her work in Milton for the present, but will resign her position in Quincy.

The dancing school at Atlantic is a decided success. The class is a fine one and the teacher is already very popular with his pupils.

As we go to press David Newcomb of Quincy Neck is reported to have been seriously injured by an explosion on Shaw street. See PATRIOT for particulars.

J. Clark and Miss Clark of Brockton, L. M. Lawton of New Bedford, John T. Jeher of Pennsylvania, F. H. Bartlett and W. F. Batoon of Boston are registered at the Robertson House.

Mr. A. L. Leman, who has for several years lived at the Wollaston hotel, was stricken with hemorrhage of the lungs, Thursday afternoon, and expired in a few minutes. He was engaged in the railroad signal service in Boston. He was 49 years of age and leaves a widow.

The first sidewalk to receive attention in Atlantic is that from the depot to Gurney's store. A granite curb the entire length and a paved gutter would do it up fine. Three times the present winter the walk has been six inches under water and some people have used pretty big words.

Relatives and friends from Boston and vicinity gathered for a grand tiddledywinks party at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Luther H. Parrott, Pond street, Thursday evening. About 11 o'clock refreshments were served and at a late hour the party broke up, all declaring it was an enjoyable occasion.

Mr. and Mrs. John Richards entertained a number of their friends at their new home on Water street, last evening. The evening was spent in singing and games of whist and checkers, after which a collation was served. After supper the guests were invited to inspect the numerous wedding presents which were very pretty and useful; then as the hour of ten was drawing near the guests thought it was about time to disperse, wishing Mr. and Mrs. Richards much happiness in their future life.

WATER HEARING.

FRIENDS OF THE PROPOSED

New Water Supply

FOR THE

CITY OF QUINCY,

are earnestly requested to attend the Public Hearing to be given by the

State Board of Health,

— AT —

13 Beacon Street, Boston,

Tuesday Next, Feb. 3,

AT 12 O'CLOCK.

Quincy, Jan. 30—3t. 31—1w

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

Quincy Co-operative Society,

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

Our New Era Flour.

Crown and Arlington Butter is giving the most perfect satisfaction. The people are so anxious to get our goods that they smash in the Windows and get them in the Night. Come early so as to avoid the Rush.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Jan. 30. tf

Our Annual Mark-Down Sale

PRIOR TO STOCK TAKING.

At this Sale you will find many GOODS, especially ODD LOTS, at a very low figure.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co,

ADAMS BUILDING, - - QUINCY.

Gen. Vallejo's Position in California.

One has to go back to the days of the famous Spanish "marches," or frontier towns built and defended in Spain's heroic age by her proudest knights, to find a fit parallel in history to the position held by Gen. Vallejo during the closing years of the Mexican rule in California. He had absolute sway for a hundred miles or more, and he "kept the border." His men rode on horseback to Monterey and to Capt. Sutter's fort on the Sacramento, bringing him news and carrying his letters. Spanish families colonized the fertile valleys under his protection, and Indians came and built in the shadows of the Sonoma mission.

He owned, as he believed by unassailable title, the largest and finest ranch in the province, and he dispensed a hospitality so generous and universal that it was admired and extolled even among the old Spanish families. J. Quinn Thornton, who visited the coast in 1848, and published his experiences, says: "Governor General Vallejo owns 1,000 horses that are broken to the saddle and bridle, and 9,000 that are not broken. Broken horses readily bring $100 apiece, but the unbroken ones can be purchased for a trivial sum."

More and more in the closing years of the epoch and the days of the conquest Gen. Vallejo became the representative man of his people, and so he has received, among many of the old families, the reproachful name of a traitor to California and to his nation. The quiet intensity of this bitterness, even today, is a startling thing. I have seen men of pure blood, famous in provincial history, leave the room at the name of Vallejo.—Charles Howard Shun in Century.

Columbus' Body.

Christopher Columbus died in obscurity and poverty at Valadolid, Spain, May 20, 1506. By special favor of the monks of St. Francis his body was, for a time, deposited in the vault of their church in that city, but some years later, in pursuance of his own expressed wish, the remains were translated to Hispaniola and placed in a crypt under the cathedral of San Domingo. In 1529 the body of Diego, the son of Columbus, was also buried in the crypt, and some years afterward that of Luis, the discoverer's grandson, was laid with the other two. In 1795 the Spanish part of San Domingo was ceded to the French, but before the cession permission was given for the removal of Columbus' body to Havana.

A metallic case, supposed to contain the body of the discoverer, was removed and placed in the Cathedral of Havana, and the matter rested until 1877, when a metallic casket was found in the San Domingo vault, which beyond all doubt was that of Christopher Columbus. It was inscribed both within and without with his name and titles, and proved beyond question that, through haste or carelessness, the persons who effected the removal in 1795 had carried away the body of Diego, the son of Columbus, and that the remains of the great admiral now rest beneath the Cathedral of San Domingo.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A Northern Hoodoo.

Slug No. 4 was a pretty good printer and a jolly fellow outside when the last form had gone down. But he was a southern man, and he couldn't, to save his life, get rid of the dialect of the darky.

"I doan't know how it is," he used to say, "but yo' fellahs seem ter see sumpin' bery sahprisin' about the way I talk."

The boys in the same alley used to have a good deal of fun with No. 4 and his dialect, and one day they teased him so that, dropping a stickful of agate type, he turned upon the one nearest to him, and raising both hands exclaimed:

"I cuss yo'! I cuss yo'! I cuss yo' till de hoodoo gits yo'!"

That was all very funny for the boys, but the strange part came three weeks later, when the one who had been "cussed" was discharged for cause. He "subbed" around for a couple of days after that, but couldn't find work again. It looked as if the hoodoo had caught him.

Slug No. 4 was treated very respectfully after that. Somehow the boys didn't like that hoodoo business. It was too uncanny for them.—New York Evening Sun.

Honesty.

Eugene Smith, secretary of the New York Prison association, tells a remarkable story of the answer a thief gave to the question, "Is honesty the best policy?" It was in the Elmira reformatory, where a class was undergoing instruction. A young man asked permission to answer the question. "I believe honesty is the best policy," said he, "because of a case where I knew it to work that way. See? There was two young fellows in New York and they was crooked, see? and they didn't succeed. They went to Philadelphia, and they turned over a new leaf and agreed to be square and honest. They opened a clothing store, see? and they prospered. They got everybody's confidence, and then borrowed $100,000 to enlarge their business, and then they failed and got away with every cent of the money, which they never could have done if they hadn't been honest. See?"—San Francisco Argonaut.

Remarkable Memories.

There was a Corsican boy who could rehearse 40,000 words, whether sense or nonsense, as they were dictated, and then repeat them in the reversed order without making a single mistake. A physician, about sixty years ago, could repeat the whole of "Paradise Lost" without making a single mistake, although he had not read it for twenty years. Euler, the great mathematician, when he became blind, could repeat the whole of Virgil's "Æneid," and could remember the first line and last line of every page of the particular edition which he had been accustomed to read before he became blind.—Spare Moments.

Signs of Death.

Bellows—What makes you fear your son out in Colorado is dead?

Fellows (with a sign)—He hasn't written for money for nearly a month.—Epoch.

PLANT FOOD

FOR SALE AT

FRANK F. CRANE'S.

Quincy, Jan. 10. tf

H. T. Whitman,

CIVIL ENGINEER

— AND —

SURVEYOR,

ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

Hours, 8 to 10 A. M.

Boston Office, - - 85 Devonshire St.

Hours, 12 to 2 P. M.

N. B. Plans of nearly all the Real Estate in the City of Quincy can be found at my offices.

May 28. d3t.&w—tf

NOTICE.

THE Plasterers and Bricklayers of East Norfolk County would hereby notify the Master Mechanics, that at a meeting held JANUARY 26, 1891, it was decided not to work with Tenders on the staging; and have fixed the rate of wages at $3.50 per day for nine hours, on and after March 2d, 1891.

Per order of Committee.

Quincy, Jan. 28—3t 31—1w

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately.

Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.

Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND

ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING,

QUINCY AVENUE.

Nov. 13. 3 mos

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON

—IN—

The South Seas.

THE STORY OF THREE CRUISES.

A series of papers illustrated with photographs taken on the spot.

BEGINS IN

The Sunday Herald

FEB. 1st.

Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.

Boston, Nov. 5. tf

MAKE HENS LAY.

Sheridan's Condition Powder.

Nothing on earth will make hens lay like it. Highly concentrated. One ounce is worth a pound of any other kind. Given in the food once daily. Cures all diseases; worth its weight in gold to keep them healthy. Testimonials Sent Free. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25 cents in stamps. 2½-lb. cans, by mail, $1.20. Six cans, express prepaid, $5.00.

L. S. JOHNSON & CO., 24 Custom House St., Boston.

BOYS

OF QUINCY.

ATTENTION!

WILLIAMS,

THE

JEWELER,

Will give a Fine Silver Waltham Watch to the boy bringing the greatest number of LEDGER COUPONS to his store before March 1st.

This Watch is

No Waterbury Humbug;

It is one of the Genuine

American Waltham Watch Co.'s

Make, and is Warranted to give perfect satisfaction. It is now on exhibition in his Show Window, and may be inspected by anyone.

Now Boys, get a gait on you, and hustle for it!

WILLIAMS,

THE

West Quincy Jeweler,

112 Copeland St.,

West Quincy.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

VOL. 2. NO. 27. QUINCY, MASS., SATURDAY, JANUARY 31, 1891. PRICE 2 CENTS.

Our Annual Mark-Down Sale

PRIOR TO STOCK TAKING.

At this Sale you will find many GOODS, especially ODD LOTS, at a very low figure.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co,

ADAMS BUILDING, - - QUINCY.

$50 REWARD.

WHEREAS, many of the Incandescent Electric Light Globes have been broken, the undersigned will pay a reward of Fifty Dollars for evidence that will lead to the conviction of the guilty parties.

QUINCY ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY.

C. A. VORHEES, Supt.

Jan. 28. 6t

DO YOU NEED A TRUSS, SUPPORTER, Elastic - - Stocking,

Or anything in that line? If so call at

A. G. DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Where You Can

Save from 20 to 50 per Cent.

On Boston prices, and a PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED in every case. Private Room for trying on and consultation.

Prescriptions promptly and accurately prepared at all hours of the Day or Night by Competent Pharmacists.

OUR MOTTO.

"RELIABILITY."

DURGIN'S DRUG STORE,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

THE GREAT SACRIFICE

— OF —

Clothing and Furnishing Goods

Still Goes On.

Further Reductions in all Departments.

Men's Blue Wool Underwear, 35 cents,
Suits at much less than Cost.
Overcoats, 50c. on the dollar.
In fact everything in our Stock at a great discount.

QUINCY ONE PRICE CLOTHING CO.,

DURGIN & MERRILL'S BLOCK, QUINCY.

FOUR WEEKS MORE.

The Contest Drawing to a Close.

Mr. Bowditch Makes the Largest Gain Today.

Miss McGovern Only Four Less, However—Others with 100.

About 1000 votes were polled today, as follows: Mr. Bowditch, 238; Miss McGovern, 234; Miss Leary, 100; Mr. Foy, 100; Mr. Purdy, 43; Mr. Jones, 41; Mr. Caldwell, 36, and Mr. Goss, 21.

Miss McGovern at present seems to have a walkover, but it will take a great many more votes than she has to get either the gold watch or easy chair.

There is a close contest for second position between Miss Leary, Mr. Foy and Mr. Bowditch, only 506 votes separating them.

Candidates noticing any errors in the figures will please notify the "Vote Counter" promptly, that the same may be corrected.

Remember the polls close at 8 A. M. Below is the summary at that hour today:

Name	Employed at	Vote
Miss McGovern,	**Gas Light Co.'s,**	**6494**
Miss Leary,	**S. B. Little's,**	**4740**
Robert E. Foy,	**Pratt & Curtis,**	**4623**
G. V. Bowditch,	**Packard & Co.'s,**	**4234**
Henry W. Tirrell,	**John Page's,**	**2664**
Miss McPhail,	**Sheppard & Sons,**	**1017**
Fred Goss,	John W. Nash's,	607
William Caldwell,	Edward Russell's,	580
John W. Walsh,	J. W. Lombard's,	475
Chas. W. Purdy,	G. T. Laing's,	404
George F. Field,	Weeks & Potter's,	395
David Morris,	Frank Brewer's,	350
Wm. H. Bennett,	White Machine Co.	200
Miss Agnes Kelley,	Clapp Bros.	185
Mary G. Drumm,	D. Bamford's,	142
George E. Sanborn,	J. F. Merrill's,	119
Henry L. Jones,	E. E. Fellows',	104
William Westland,	C. B. Tilton's,	72
Frank Hatch,	Thomas Gurney's,	47
Luther Rogers,	A. L. Litchfield,	43
John Bradley,	John H. Dinegan's,	28
John H. Newcomb,	S. G. Elliott's,	28
D. W. Osborne,	Timberlake & Small's	27
Tina Wilson,	Rogers Bros.'	26
George O. Shirley,	McGilvray & Jones',	24
Timothy Ford,	Thomas & Miller's,	21
John T. Bates,	W. H. Doble's,	15
Gridley Totman,	F. W. French's,	12
Joseph Faircloth,	John Hall's,	12
Henry Curtis,	J. M. Hayden's,	11
Miss Clark,	Coddington school,	10

NEW PRIZES FOR NEWSBOYS.

$20 to Boys Selling 25,000, and $10 for those Selling 15,000.

The sales by the newsboys have exceeded the expectations of the publishers, and the LEDGER proposes to reward its smart boys. Therefore, in addition to

First Prize of	**$10 00**
Second Prize of	**$5 00**

we will give—

$20.00 to all boys selling	**25,000**
$10.00 " " " "	**15,000**

This is in addition to the following already offered:

$5.00 to all boys selling	**5,000**
$2.50 " " " "	**2,500**
$1.00 " " " "	**1,000**

In addition to the above, friends of the candidates have offered the following prizes for coupons, which every boy should strive for:

Silver Watch by T. L. Williams.
Double Runner at John Page's.
Skates at Kemp & Tisdale's.
Suit of Clothes at S. B. Little's.
Sled at J. F. Merrill's.
Skates at James McConnell's.
Watch and Chain at C. B. Tilton's.

The first summary includes the sales of Jan. 29 of boys starting from the LEDGER office:

Charles Walsh	**7504**
John Mitchell	**3407**
Myron Wilber	**2064**
Robert McAuliffe	**1850**
James Giles,	**1278**
Fred Hardwick	**1100**
Eddie Heffernan,	992
Fred Bavin	899
Willie Esson,	687
John Dackers,	617
Henry Rhines	569
Chris McAuliffe,	560
Gardner Willey	354
Charles Baxter,	340
Arthur Pinel,	319
Patrick Murphy	297
John Murphy,	243
Napoleon Guillemett	114
Willie Ballou	110
John Morrison	86
Albert Belliven	77
James Faircloth,	60
Fred Evans	57
Eugene McAuliffe	48
Daniel Doran	40
Frank McGrath	39
Duncan Livingstone	37
Frank Walsh,	36
John Anderson	35
William McDonnell	33
Cameron Stewart	32
Gilbert Bavin,	31
Jerry Conley	30
John Ross,	15
Eddie McDonald,	15
Warren Cameron	15
Gustin Goolic	15
Willie Webb	15
George Dunn	14
Parfast Guillemett	13
James Norrie	10
Andrew Peterson	10
George Savoie	10

Miss Bartlett's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 24.

Alex. Smith,	202
William Giles	40
John Jolly	32

Miss Freeman's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 24.

Charles Carter,	850

H. Coram's Newsboys.

Includes sales for week closing Jan. 24.

Willie Williams,	269
Dan Shea,	205
Robert Hayes,	204
Dan Reardon,	171
Charlie McCue,	105
Eddie Kane,	99
John Riley,	91
Dan McDevitt,	55
John Bean,	54
John Menahan,	53
Frank Reinhalter,	44
Joseph Kelley,	33
Arthur LaClare,	31
C. Marchmont,	17
Harry Rodman,	16
Robert Foy,	15
—— Cochran,	11
John Bolanger,	9
John Dillion,	8
A. Marchmont,	8
Bennie Driscoll,	6
James McCue,	4
W. Moir,	2

Quincy's Popular Gas Light.

To the Vote Counter:

Sir:—"I am no poet, but I have reason
To think this the poetical season;
And I'll now send in these little notes
In reference to the 'LEDGER Votes.'"

A. R.

Oh! ye dark and gloomy nights,
What would we do if it weren't for the gaslights?
But the principal one is doing her best,
And now leads in the "Popularity Contest."

Whence come those groans so wild and shrill
That cut like blades of steel the air,
Causing a certain "Candidate's" blood to thrill
With the sharp cadence of despair?

Whence come they? From the West
Where the hustlers can now take a rest,
For four long weeks they've made a sprint
And got *her* name in large, black print.

She has been leader for five days
But the Gas Light now sends forth its brilliant rays,
And Quincy Centre makes a boost
While Miss McGovern takes the roost.

We are determined that watch she will wear,
And then won't the West Quincy folks tear their hair?

Hard is the fate of one good friend
Who travels Quincy from beginning to end,
Two thousand votes for her before he'll stop
To eat a crumb or drink a drop.

For Miss McGovern's a sweet, pretty one
(Imagine her with that watch on)
So each one make up your minds tonight
To put your votes in for Quincy's Gas Light.

(Signed) ANNIE ROONEY, Rooneyville.

City Appropriations.

The finance committee of Haverhill, a city about twice the population of Quincy, report the following appropriations necessary for 1891:

Sidewalks, $5,000; street lights, $21,000; sewers, $10,000; bridges, $3,500; highways, $30,000; schools, $72,000; poor department, $13,000; fire department, $30,000; salaries, $15,000; public property, $9,000; park commission, $1,000; public library, $3,000; City hall, $2,200; health department, $4,300; printing, $2,500; fire alarm, $1,500; police department, $26,000; contingent fund, $10,000; sinking fund, $27,200; city debt, $27,500; interest, estimated, $23,000; making a total of $325,700.

QUINCY POST OFFICE.

Letters advertised Jan. 31:

Delgrande Agelo.	Thomas A. Jones.
C. F. Barry.	Sophia C. Johnson.
David M. Benson.	Geo. L. Keeley.
Bella Bowles.	John Lynn.
George Badger.	Emma Larson.
Jeffrey Browe.	Karl Lindgreen.
T. J. Burns.	J. W. Marsh.
Mary Coburn.	J. F. McGovern.
Mary E. Card.	E. E. Miller.
R. Cook.	Nellie Norman.
Nellie Collins.	B. M. O'Niel.
Nellie Coburn.	Mary Olson.
Valentine Chisam.	Frank Papile.
Wm. C. Cutler.	Joseph Perry.
Wm. Cross.	William S. Pierce.
Wm. Coffin.	Michael Roach.
Wm. Connolly.	Granite Co. Ripley.
Ellen A. Egan.	M. J. Sexton.
Alexander Fiset.	J. Searvey.
Mary Henderson.	H. Smith.
August Hakkiner.	Jennie Thayer.
Elenor Henback.	Emma Vinton.
Harriet E. Johanson.	Geo. J. Whipple.
Anna Johnson.	Miss M. S. Wright.

How is it that women don't speak so much in February, as they do, the other months of the year.

ROBERT BURNS'

Anniversary Observed by Clan McGregor.

Mayor Fairbanks Makes an Interesting, Short Address.

Pleasing Programme of Scotch Melodies and Song—Then Dancing.

Bonnie Scotch lassies and gallant Scotch laddies assembled in large numbers at the Quincy Opera House, Friday evening to celebrate the 132d anniversary of Scotland's famous bard, Robert Burns, in music and speech, Scotch melodies being chosen for everything from beginning to end, in the entertainment and on the dance card.

Shortly before 8 o'clock the festivities commenced by a selection by the orchestra which was followed by addresses by Chief James Copland and Royal Secretary Peter Kerr.

A song, "McGregor's Gathering" by Mr. Lewis G. Griffiths, and a solo by Miss Fanny W. Hatch, entitled "Annie Laurie" with "Coming through the Rye" for an encore, was followed by character impersonations by Mr. Edward W. Emerson.

Miss Mary F. White, West Quincy's rising young soloist sang, "Come under my Plaidie" and in response to an encore sang a pleasing Scotch ballot. Mr. William Elrick followed with "Jessie, the Flower o' Dunblane" and Miss Annie Mackenzie delighted the audience with a recitation entitled "Prince Charlie at Versailles on the anniversary of Culloden" which deserved an encore and received one. Mr. William Wilson tickled the ivories in a pleasing solo.

The next number on the programme was an address by his Honor Mayor Henry O. Fairbanks, who was introduced by Chief Copland in a pleasing manner.

The mayor's remarks were brief but interesting, and called forth loud applause. "I know full well that today your thoughts have gone back to the mother country so near and dear to you all. You have made your homes here, and you contribute to our prosperity. You have in the past, and will in the future, should occasion require, defend its principles. We honor and respect you, and the words of he whose anniversary you celebrate are beloved by all; his songs are found in every home and are on every lip. He was reared in poverty and beset by the trials and temptations of the age, yet he rose and gave us words that can never die. The city of Quincy is proud of having in its midst an organization like yours and the principles it teaches. May you ever live and be true to your Burns."

Part two of the programme consisted of a song, "Maid of Dundee," by Miss Hatch; "Robin Adair," by Miss White; "My Nannie's Awa'," by Mr. Elrick; "The Lass of Patie's Mill," by Mr. Griffiths; recitation by Miss Mackenzie, entitled "Mary, Queen of Scots," and a character sketch by Mr. Emerson.

Immediately after the close of the concert the floor of the hall was cleared for dancing which commenced at 11 o'clock and continued until morning. The grand march was led by Floor Director, Alexander Emslie and Mrs. Mary R. Simpson, who wore a handsome black India satin with a corsage boquet of roses, and Assistant Floor Director, Robert R. Smith and Mrs. Smith, who wore a rich black silk. They were followed by some eighty or more couple.

The order of dances consisted of twenty-seven numbers, and was tastefully gotten up, bearing upon its title page a cut of the thistle.

The floor director and assistant were assisted by the following aids: Oscar W. Riddle, William Elrick and William Norrie. The following gentlemen were the committee of arrangements: Alexander Emslie, William Norrie, Oscar W. Riddle, James Copland, A. B. Davidson, Maxwell McIntosh and William Elrick. The chief and tanist composed the reception committee, while Officer Nichol took charge of the door.

Among the guests present were Mayor Henry O. Fairbanks, Rev. D. M. Wilson, Royal Secretary Peter Kerr, Grand Chief Robert Allen, Chief Macdonald of Clan Furgerson of South Boston, Chief McLaren of Clan Cameron of East Boston, and Chief Grant of Clan McIntosh of Cambridge.

The supper was served by Caterer Nash, who gave good satisfaction.

DIED.

ALDEN—In Braintree, Jan. 24, Mr. Elihu Alden, aged 84 years, 6 months 6 days.
PALMER—In Braintree, Jan. 28, Mr. George F. Palmer of Auburndale, aged 44 years, 4 months and 28 days.
PHINNEY—In Braintree, Jan. 21, Alton, twin son of the late Mr. Nelson A., and Mrs. Eliza A. Phinney, aged 1 month, and 28 days.
KING—In Braintree, Jan. 28, Mrs. Mary E. King, aged 23 years.
FOUNTAIN—In Braintree, Jan. 24, Lewis F., son of Mr. Louis and Mrs. Edith Fountain of Quincy, aged 2 days.
WILDER—In Hingham, Jan. 30, Mrs. Mary E., wife of Mr. Edward F. Wilder, aged 44 years and 4 months.
MURRAY—In Milton, Jan. 30, Mrs. Mary Murray, of Pleasant street, aged 67 years.

CANNED GOODS.

Owing to the light pack of these Goods for 1890, prices must rule higher. Our stock was bought early and the quality is first-class.

	Per Can.	Per Dozen.
TOMATOES, Good quality,	9c.	$1.05
Extra,	10c.	1.05
Extra Northern,	12c.	1.35
PEAS, Good Marrow fat,	10c.	1.10
Extra Marrow fat,	12c.	1.35
Early June,	15c.	1.65
CORN, Good Northern,	10c.	1.10
Extra Maine,	12c.	1.35
Honey Drop, fresh packed,	15c.	1.70
SQUASH, Best,	15c.	1.65
PUMPKINS,	10c.	1.10
BLUEBERRIES,	15c.	1.70
SALMON STEAK, Clover Brand,	20c.	2.30
ALASKA SALMON,	11c.	1.25

Tillman Packing Co.'s California Fruits are the finest goods ever packed, and include Lemon Cling and Crawford Peaches, Apricots, Damson and Green Gage Plums, White and Red Cherries, Quinces, Nectarines.

BOSTON BRANCH GROCERY,

Durgin & Merrill's Block, Quincy.

MARK-DOWN SALE

— OF —

Men's and Children's

OVERCOATS!

To Reduce Stock.

This is a genuine mark-down sale and we guarantee these prices to be as low or less than can be found where bargains are offered. Many of these lots are small and an early call would be to the advantage of those looking for bargains. We would suggest to those having the time to examine during the day.

Any person buying one or more of these Overcoats, not being satisfied that what we say is the truth, can return the same and money will be refunded.

ALL OF OUR

Men's Overcoats,

Former price $5. Now $3.50

Children's Overcoats,

Former price $4.50 and $5. Now $3.50

Men's Overcoats,

Former price $7 and $7.50. Now $5

Children's Dark-Mixed Overcoats,

Former price $3. Now $1.50

Men's $10 Coats, Now $8
Men's $12, $13.50 and $15 Coats, Now $10
Children's $3.50 and $4 Coats, Now $2.50
Children's $6.50 and $7 Coats, Now $5
Children's Gray Overcoats, a little shopworn, former price $2.50 and $3, Now $1

GRANITE CLOTHING CO.,

ADAMS BUILDING, - QUINCY.

THIS IS ONE VOTE

IN THE

Quincy Daily Ledger

Popularity Contest

FOR

Name.....

Employed at.....

☞This Coupon will appear in every paper during January and February.

☞The Newsboy selling the most DAILY LEDGERS in these months will receive $10 in Gold.

☞LEDGERS containing the Coupon for sale at office of publication for $1.50 per 100.

WHO IS

The Most Popular Wage Earner?

The Daily Ledger Is Very Anxious to Learn.

He or She Will Receive a Gold Watch or Easy Chair.

$10 in Gold to be Given to Newsboy Making Largest Sales.

A popularity contest was inaugurated by the DAILY LEDGER Jan. 1 and will be continued during the months of January and February. It is open to all wage earners in Quincy, Weymouth, Braintree and Milton, whether clerks, salesmen, bookkeepers, shoemakers, granite cutters, polishers, quarrymen, teamsters or in any other business.

The most popular person as shown by the vote at the end of the period will be presented with a gold watch now on exhibition at T. L. Williams' jewelry store which cost over $50. A second prize is also offered to be given to the one standing second on the list, and will be a richly upholstered easy chair valued at $25.

Votes must be by the use of the coupons which will be printed on the second page each day during January and February only.

No LEDGERS with the coupon printed therein will be sold after the last day of February, but a few days will be allowed in March in which to forward the coupons.

The contest is not restricted to gentlemen, but is open to ladies as well.

The standing of the contestants will be announced each day.

Newsboys' Prize.

The contest will undoubtedly increase the sales of the newsboys, but as an extra inducement, the newsboy making the largest sales will receive as a prize $10 in gold, and the boy second on the list $5 in gold. All boys, including the prize winners, who sell 5000 copies, an average of 100 per day, will receive $5 as a prize; other boys selling 2500, an average of 50 per day, will receive $2.50 as a prize, and others selling 1000, an average of 20 a day, will receive $1 as a prize.

CAUTION. Boys will not be allowed to club together, and any knowledge of such combinations coming to the attention of the publishers will debar the boys from all the prizes.

Boys will be supplied at the office of publication or by any of the following agents at the same price, 1½ cents per copy.

Henry Coram,	West Quincy.
F. E. Kimball,	West Quincy.
Miss A. A. Bartlett,	Brewer's Corner.
Miss E. M. Freeman,	Quincy Point.
C. F. Wilde,	Wollaston.
Thomas Gurney,	Atlantic.
Kemp & Tisdale,	East Milton.
Henry B. Vinton,	Braintree.
George H. Hunt,	East Weymouth.

The standing of the newsboys will be announced daily.

Agents or boys desiring extra copies should place their orders before 9 A. M. on the day of publication. Agents are requested to forward to the office each Monday all unsold papers.

News agents will be supplied with papers at 1 1-3 cents per copies. No other person can obtain papers for less than $1.50 per hundred.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,)

— BY —

GREEN & PRESCOTT,

115 HANCOCK STREET.

FRANK F. PRESCOTT, City Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

By Carriers or Mail.

One month,	$ .50
Three months,	1.50
Six months,	3.00
One year,	5.00

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Single copies 2 cents, delivered daily by carriers; to be paid for weekly.

ADVERTISING RATES.

One inch, one insertion, 50 cents; one week, $1.00; one month, $3.50.

Short advertisements, such as Lost, Found, Wanted, For Sale, To Let, etc., not exceeding four lines in length, 25 cents first insertion; 10 cents each additional insertion.

Births, deaths and marriages free.

TELEPHONE, 54-3 QUINCY.

SCHOOL MATTERS.

Annual Report of Committee—Want Authority to Build School Houses.

We have been permitted to review the forthcoming annual report of the School Committee of 1890. After a page of introductory it comes to the vital question of school accommodations in West Quincy.

Concerning the Willard schoolhouse the report will say:—"The erection of the new schoolhouse in West Quincy goes on slowly. To further complicate matters, Foresters' hall which had been used as a temporary school room, was recently destroyed by fire, rendering it necessary to discover and in one sense create new quarters. After some difficulty a portion of Farnum's block, formerly used as a shoe store, was secured and the school which had been driven out by fire was installed therein.

The sagacity of our superintendent has triumphed over many obstacles, but the shameful fact remains that the children of this district are woful sufferers by reason of the delay encountered in the completion of the new building. A singular and what seems to us an unwise provision of the city charter has placed under the control of the Commissioner of Public Works, the erection of all school edifices, a task which under the town form of government usually entered into the regular duties of the School board. Consequently at the meeting held on March 30, 1889, the School committee sent to the City Council a communication embodying its views upon the character of the new building, it

Reached the Legal Limit

of its functions, and since that date it has been reduced to a state of passive observation, having neither warrant or power to hasten the completion of the new structure.

In common with all citizens who have at heart the welfare of our children we greatly deplore the existing state of things in West Quincy, but we wish the people of this city to thoroughly understand that no shadow of responsibility for it can fall upon the school board.

In view of recent experience we respectfully suggest to our citizens the consideration of the question whether it would not be desirable to make at some future day such a change in the charter as would put matters of this sort under the supervision of the School Committee, as being that branch of the city government most closely interested in school affairs, and therefore most competent to accomplish the object desired.

The report also calls attention to the pressing necessity for

More School Accommodations

in Ward Three, the Adams and John Hancock buildings, both being overcrowded. No recommendations however are made.

The radical change in the High school also receives a paragraph, which notes an improvement.

The committee state that no definite conclusion has been reached relative to consolidating the High school, Adams Academy and Woodward Seminary.

The introduction of elementary science or nature study will, it thought, be a lasting benefit to the scholars, quickening their perceptive powers and greatly enlarging in them, the domain of thought.

Hearing on Water Supply.

There will be a public hearing with reference to a proposed water supply for the city of Quincy, at the office of the State Board of Health, 13 Beacon street, Boston, on Tuesday next, at 12 o'clock. The sources of the proposed supply are in the region of Blue Hill river, and the outlet of Great pond in Braintree, which Chief Engineer Stearns of the State Board, examined last Friday. Let all our citizens interested in the supply of good water for the city, be present at the hearing on Tuesday next.

CONVENTION. The Midwinter convention at Beacon Hill church, at Beacon Hill place, Boston, will be held from Feb. 3, to Feb. 9. Charles Cullis, M. D., invites the "Children of God" to unite. He says, "Let us come praying for the Baptism of the Holy Ghost, to unite our hearts in the way of Holiness." The "Songs of Victory" will be used during the convention.

A CITY IN MOURNING.

All Washington Pays Homage to the Dead Statesman.

OFFICIALS OF HIGH RANK

Escort the Body from the Train to Mrs. Windom's Residence, Where Sad Scenes are Witnessed—Social Season Will Probably Be Brought to an End at Once.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The president and the members of his cabinet assembled at the Baltimore and Ohio railroad station yesterday afternoon at 4:15 o'clock for the purpose of receiving the remains of Secretary Windom, whom they last saw alive on Tuesday at the regular cabinet meeting. The remains were brought in a special car and arrived at Washington at 4:30 o'clock. The train was received by a most distinguished assemblage, including nearly all the leading public officials in Washington. All the bureaus, divisions and branches of the treasury department were represented by their principal officials and many of the clerks and subordinate employes. These all assembled at the treasury department at 4 o'clock and proceeded to the railroad station in a body.

The presidential party consisted of the president, Vice President Morton, Secretary and Mrs. Blaine, Secretary Proctor, Postmaster General Wanamaker, Secretary Noble, Secretary Rusk, Gen. Schofield and Solicitor General Taft. The entire party, headed by the president and Mrs. Blaine, proceeded to the end of the platform and stood with heads uncovered while the casket containing the remains was removed from the car and placed on a stand prepared for it. It was then taken in charge by eight members of company B of the Treasury National Guard in uniform, and borne slowly to the hearse through a passageway of which the railroad train formed one side and a long line of people the other. Attorney General Miller, Secretary Tracy, Solicitor Hepburn and the committee of the New York Board of Trade, who accompanied the remains from New York, were among the first passengers to alight from the train. They immediately joined the group surrounding the president.

When all was in readiness a procession was formed and moved out of the station in the following order: The body bearers with the casket on their shoulders, the president and Mrs. Blaine, the vice president and the secretary of state, the secretary of war and the postmaster general, Rev. Dr. Hamlin, pastor of the Church of the Covenant, and Secretary Rusk, the attorney general and the secretary of the navy, the secretary of the interior and Gen. Schofield, Senator Paddock and Representative Dunnell, Assistant Secretary Soley and Solicitor General Taft, Assistant Secretary Spaulding and Treasurer Huston, First Comptroller Matthews, Second Comptroller Gilkerson, Second Auditor, Patterson, Fourth Auditor Lynch, Commissioner Holiday, Register Rosecrans, Senator Washburn and Assistant Secretary Willets, and a long line of treasury officials, numbering several hundred.

Carriages were provided for all, and the cortege, headed by two mounted policemen, moved slowly by way of Pennsylvania avenue, Vermont avenue and Massachusetts avenue to the secretary's late residence, No. 1422 Massachusetts avenue, where the stricken family were sadly awaiting its arrival. The militiamen again took up their precious burden and carried it into the house through a crowd of people who reverently bowed their heads as it passed. The president and all of his official family followed the remains into the house and waited in the back parlor while the undertaker and his assistants placed the body in the front parlor and opened the top half of the lid so as to expose to view the secretary's familiar features. Mrs. Blaine remained with the president and was the only lady present when the latter and all the members of his cabinet and the others who had accompanied the remains from the station were ushered into the chamber of death and looked upon the cold, unmoved face of their distinguished associate.

The Scene Was a Sad One

and brought tears to the eyes of several of the distinguished party. Nothing was said, however, and the party passed out of the house as quickly as they had entered it. When the room was cleared the bereaved widow and her daughters visited it in private and remained there in sorrow for about five minutes. They were nearly distracted with grief, but bore themselves with unlooked for composure. While Mrs. Windom was kneeling over the casket, sobbing convulsively, the British minister appeared at the front door and left a message of condolence for the family.

The transfer of the remains from the station to the house was made quietly and with as little effort at display as possible. The great esteem felt for the deceased, however, was shown by the size and character of the crowd that turned out to honor his memory.

Congress adjourned out of respect to Mr. Windom's memory.

Social Season Ended.

The death of Secretary Windom will, it is thought, virtually close the social season so far as the presidential, vice presidential and cabinet families are concerned. There were still three events of interest at the White House—that of Tuesday, Feb. 3, the reception to the army, navy and marine corps; Mrs. Harrison's afternoon reception, Saturday, Feb. 7, and the public reception, Tuesday evening, Feb. 10. The vice president and Mrs. Morton had cards out for two Saturday night receptions, to-night and Feb. 7. The postmaster general and Mrs. Wanamaker were to have given two Monday night receptions, Feb. 2 and 9, and Secretary and Mrs. Noble were to have dined the president and Mrs. Harrison on the evening of the 6th. It is certain that all these events dated for the coming week, as well as today, will be recalled, and the customary period of official mourning, which, in the case of the tragic events of last season, lasted a fortnight, will carry its present observance into the Lenten period.

The arrangements for the funeral, so far as they have been arranged, are that it will take place about noon Monday. The lot in which the remains are to be interred in Rock Creek cemetery has been selected. It is in the neighborhood of that in which the body of the late Mrs. Scott Lord, the president's sister-in-law, was buried. A large number of persons called at the house during the day and left notes of condolence with the bereaved family. Many telegrams conveying words of sympathy and sorrow have been received by Mrs. Windom.

Tokens of Respect.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—The Clearing House association met and passed resolutions on the death of Secretary Windom. President Tappan presided, and a committee consisting of George S. Coe, John Jay Knox and J. Edward Sommers presented the resolutions, which were unanimously adopted.

A special meeting of the Ohio society was held and resolutions deploring the death of Secretary Windom were passed.

HALIFAX, Jan. 31.—The flag over the American consulate here is flying at half-mast out of respect for the memory of the late Secretary Windom.

At His Old Home.

WINONA, Minn., Jan. 31.—The news of the death of Secretary Windom, who for many years made Winona his home, was received with universal sorrow. Flags on all the public buildings are at half-mast and the board of trade met and adopted suitable resolutions.

IN DARKEST ENGLAND.

Gen. Booth Launches Out in His Work of Redemption.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Gen. Booth has launched his scheme for the redemption of Darkest England and signed a trust deed dedicating to the uses of the work the money subscribed and to be subscribed therefor. The first batch of officers to have charge of the work was appointed. Gen. Booth retains large powers under the deed of trust. Either he or his successor will be supreme director of the scheme and of the moneys. Any changes made must be assented to by two-thirds of the consulting committee. Of this committee Gen. Booth will nominate six members and the archbishop of Canterbury, the president of the Wesleyan society, the chairman of the Congregational union, the chairman of the Baptist union, the attorney general and the chairman of the county council will each nominate two members, one of whom may be the nominator.

George Fleming, who had donated £1000 for the furtherance of Gen. Booth's scheme set forth in his book "In Darkest England," was suddenly taken sick while addressing the meeting in St. James' hall and died almost immediately.

MUST BE MONEY IN IT.

"Underground Railway" for Smuggling Chinamen Into the United States.

WEST SUPERIOR, Wis., Jan. 31.—An agent of the United States treasury department has been in the city for several days for the purpose of investigating the reported smuggling into the United States from Port Arthur, Ont., of a large number of Chinamen. Since the beginning of winter a number of enterprising individuals have gone into the business quite extensively. The Celestials are brought from Canadian ports from whence they make their way to Port Arthur. There they are provided with transportation into the United States in sleighs and wagons. Arrests will probably be made within a day or two.

Peace Reigns Once More.

ZANZIBAR, Jan. 31.—The provisions of peace have been proclaimed at the gates of Lamu. Pardon will be granted to all except twelve ringleaders in the murder of the Germans and subsequent outrages. The Witu authorities are to restore all recoverable stolen property. The family and relatives of the late sultan place themselves and the disposal of the sultanate completely in the hands of England. All fighting is to cease and the deserted villages are to be reoccupied forthwith. The proclamation is said to give universal satisfaction.

Settling Up.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Judge Ingraham has granted an order directing Receiver Higgins of the North River bank to declare and pay to the depositors and creditors who have filed verified proofs of claims, a dividend of 30 per cent. of the indebtedness. The receiver's petition states that the liabilities are $2,024,503 and nominal assets $2,132,993. He says there will probably be a loss of $350,000, or $986,270 of bills discounted and receivable. He deducts from the nominal assets $594,584, leaving a deficiency of $486,184.

Kilrain and Godfrey Matched.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—Jake Kilrain and George Godfrey met at the California club and signed articles to fight to a finish on March 14 for a trophy.

New York Will Have Rapid Transit.

ALBANY, Jan. 31.—The Stewart bill, to give New York city rapid transit, has passed both houses of the legislature. It permits the conveyance of passengers by any means of traction but animals; gives the present elevated railway the power, by a concurrent vote of the rapid transit commission, to lay an additional track on any of its roads, and also to provide terminal facilities.

Cheeky France.

ROME, Jan. 31.—Telegrams from Tripoli state that several small detachments of French soldiers have occupied the Turkish villages of Nozen, Nelout, Haur and Houameh on the ground that they lie within the frontier of Tunis. Hitherto these villages have been acknowledged to be within the vilayet of Tripoli.

Belgian Officials at Outs.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 31.—A duel is probable between the war minister and Gen. Brocheteaux. In a printed interview the latter condemned the minister's scheme for fortifying Namur. The minister has already sent his seconds to Gen. Brocheteaux.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Latest Quotations of the New York and Boston Stock Markets—Jan. 30.

The New York stock market had another day of dullness, but this is expected for a while, at least until congress shall get through and leave the country the guarantee of immunity from extreme legislation.

The Boston stock market showed a few features, among which may be mentioned general steadiness, somewhat improved demand for copper shares and increased interest, coupled with firmness in Westinghouse electric.

The New York Market.

Atchison	29	Nor. Pac. pref	72⅝
Central Pacific	30	Oregon Imp	34½
Chi & Northwest	105	Oregon Navi	72
Del Lack & West	137¼	Pacific Mail	34⅜
Del & Hudson	134¼	Reading	32⅝
Illinois Central	99¾	Texas Pacific	15
Lake Shore	109⅝	Union Pacific	45⅛
Missouri Pacific	66	Wabash St. L. & P.	10⅛
N. J. Central	109	do pref	19⅝
N. Y. Central	102	Wheel & Lake Erie	72
Northern Pacific	25¾	Western Union	79⅝

The Boston Market.

Aspinwall Land	8¼	Fitchburg pref	84
Fremn's Bay Land	5⅝	Flint & Pere Mar	....
Newport Land	2⅝	Maine Central	143
West End Land	21⅝	Mexican Central	23½
Atchison	29⅜	N Y & N E	37⅝
Atlantic & Pacific	....	do pref	....
Boston & Lowell	....	Old Colony	178
Boston & Maine	200¾	Union Pacific	45
Boston & Prov	....	Wisconsin Central	23¾
Chicago, B & Q	85¾	American Bell Tel.	186
Central	20	Mexican	80
do	40	Erie Tel	....

THE VACANT CHAIR.

Maj. McKinley Mentioned as Mr. Windom's Successor.

THE ELECTION BILL BURIED.

Republicans Not Likely to Call It Up Again—Majority Report Will Declare Against Free Coinage—An Explanation from Mr. Hoar.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—It is said that President Harrison will find it difficult filling Secretary Windom's place with a man of equal capacity and who has equally the confidence of the country. Maj. McKinley of Ohio was generally mentioned yesterday and it is not unlikely that he will be offered the place and will accept it. He has much of Secretary Windom's kindly courtesy and manner and is of a conservative temper which would prevent his urging any rash policy upon congress. Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island would also make an ideal secretary of the treasury, but it is not believed that the president will affront western sentiment by appointing a man from the extreme east.

He is not likely to select a secretary who favors free silver coinage, but political expediency would suggest that he select someone not too offensive to the silver men. Senator Aldrich is a bimetallist, but that fact is obscured in the minds of the free coinage champions by the skill with which he had blocked their game and by the fact that he represents a community decidedly antagonistic to free coinage.

Some of those who talked of Maj. McKinley said that he would not accept a cabinet place, but would prefer to run for governor of Ohio this fall, and, if elected, to try for the presidency in 1892. This program is an attractive one, and, until Secretary Windom's death, has been considered a probable one by the admirers of Maj. McKinley. The choice between living ten months without a salary on the chance of obtaining an elective office in a doubtful state and accepting one of the highest offices in the nation at once would seem to be in favor of the latter alternative.

The matter of salary will probably not be without its weight to Maj. McKinley, for he is far from being a rich man, and has devoted his time in recent years to politics. The presidency is a doubtful goal, at best, and might come as quickly to a cabinet officer who had won the confidence of the business men of the country as to a politician who had made a successful race for governor in his state. Hardly a Republican would object to the selection of Maj. McKinley for secretary of the treasury, and hardly any Democrat would object, except on party grounds.

Maj. McKinley is, as Secretary Windom was, a strong personal friend of Secretary Blaine; their relations may have been somewhat strained by Mr. Blaine's denunciation of the McKinley bill, but there can be little doubt that their friendship is still strong.

DEMOCRATS ARE UNEASY,

But Republican Leaders Regard the Election Bill as Buried.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The Democrats are not entirely satisfied that the election bill has been abandoned. Senator Gorman and one or two other managers have endeavored to ascertain from the Republican committee on the order of business for the senate what measures have been mapped out for consideration and whether the closure rule and election bill have been eliminated, thus showing that they have some apprehensions that the bill might be sprung upon the senate after the other matters have been disposed of. One of the reasons why they are disturbed is that some of the Republicans talk about making another effort, at an opportune time, to again bring those measures before the senate.

But Senators Hoar, Edmunds and Sherman have informed them that they are satisfied that a proposition to bring up these measures could not command a majority. If the Republican managers could obtain the pledges of forty five senators that they would stand by the bill and all the preliminary movements leading up to a vote, they would no doubt make another attempt; but as they have been unable to secure any such number the bill is regarded as buried.

AGAINST FREE COINAGE

Is the Prediction of the Majority Report on the Silver Question.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The house coinage committee, having finished the hearings, and getting some additional information from Director of the Mint Leech concerning the production of silver bullion in this and other countries, will proceed to formulate a report in accord with the views of the majority. The hearings already had have been of no practical use, and will not influence the course of a single member, when the time comes for action on the bill. The attitude of the individual members of the committee is well understood, and the majority is decidedly opposed to free coinage. The minority will accept nothing short of free coinage.

VIOLATED A PLEDGE.

What Senator Hoar Says of Republicans Who Voted Against Cloture.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Senator Hoar has published a statement to the effect that every Republican senator who voted to lay aside the gag rule, with the exception of Senator Wolcott, did so in strict violation of a written pledge given last session to stand by any motion looking to the advancement and passage of the force bill. Wolcott was the only senator who declined to sign the pledge.

Boomers Must Keep Out.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The secretary of the interior has issued an order directing that all persons engaged in quarrying stone on the Cherokee strip be removed therefrom as intruders. He has further directed that all persons not having proper authority be prevented from entering the strip on any pretext whatever. This action was taken in view of the published reports that boomers were preparing to move into the strip.

The Week's Failures.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Business failures reported to Bradstreet's number 271 in the United States this week, against 357 last week, and 286 this week last year. The total number of failures, Jan. 1 to date, is 1531, against 1628 last year. Canada had 59 failures this week, against 56 last week and 50 this week last week.

Oranges and Lemons,

15 CENTS PER DOZEN.

— tot —

SAUSAGE MEAT IN 2-LB. BAGS,

25c. a Bag.

— §§ —

FLOUR, $6.00 and $6.75 Per Bbl.

COFFEE, all Grades from 16c. to 42c. a lb.

Kennedy's Crackers,

4 lbs. for 25 cts. or 5 1-2 cts. per lb. per barrel.

ROGERS BROS., Adams Building, Quincy.

Improve the Opportunity

— AND —

GET A PAIR OF SHOES CHEAP.

We have 500 Pairs of Shoes, which we now offer at a bargain. These goods are not old or shopworn, but comprise a number of lines which we desire to close out in order that we may substitute new styles for them.

EVERY SHOE OFFERED IS A BARGAIN.

Among the lot there are:

38	pairs	Ladies' Straight Goat Button Waukenphast,	$2.00, formerly	$2.50
36	"	" Kid Button Opera Toe,	2.00, "	2.50
7	"	J. N. Smith's Ladies' bright Dongola Laced, pat. tip,	2.00, "	2.50
22	"	Ladies' Pallah Kid Button,	1.65, "	2.00
9	"	Misses' Dongola Spring Heel Button,	1.50, "	2.00
12	"	" St. Goat Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.50, "	2.00
19	"	Children's Front Lace Spring Heel,	1.10, "	1.50
10	"	Men's Calf Bals,	3.00, "	3.75
5	"	each Cong. and Bals, Men's Fine Calf Shoes,	3.00, "	4.00
6	"	" " " " " Enamel Shoes,	2.00, "	2.75

While we call your especial attention to these goods, we believe it is for your interest to examine the whole lot on our **BARGAIN TABLES**, for **EVERY SHOE is a BARGAIN.**

SAVILLE & JONES, Adams Building.

PRICES WAY DOWN!

During the Winter months we make all the inducements we can for new trade, and for the present will sell our

Perfection Flour for $6.75 per Barrel.

PRATT & CURTIS,

25 SCHOOL STREET. - - - QUINCY.

BEST IN THE MARKET!

FOR $6.50 CASH

WE SELL A TON OF THE

WEBSTER NUT COAL,

It is the most Economical Coal sold.

C. PATCH & SON.

[FRANK S. PATCH.]

Quincy, July 9. tf

FLANDERS' TONIC

Tones up the Stomach. Makes the Brain Active

Purify your Blood with Flanders' Tonic. That Tired Feeling will be Unknown to those who use it.

A Boon to Overworked Men and Women!

If your Children are ailing, "no appetite," languid and without Strength, Flanders' Tonic will build them up.

TRY IT! TAKE NO OTHER!

WONDERFUL IN ITS MAKE-UP!

A Combination of Malt Calisaya and Hypophosphites Tonic and Stimulant.

☞Guaranteed by all Druggists.

$1.00. Six Bottles for $5.00.

FLANDERS' MANDRAKE PILLS beat them all. Price 25 Cents.

Physicians endorse it. Ask your druggist for it; if he cannot supply you, send direct to us. We prepay express charges upon receipt of price. Made only by

Flanders' Tonic Co., Woburn, Mass., U. S. A.

S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston.

emons,
DOZEN.
2-LB. BAGS,
ag.
75 Per Bbl.
6c. to 42c. a lb.
ackers,
per lb. per barrel.
uilding, Quincy.
portunity
OES CHEAP.
w offer at a bargain. These
a number of lines which we
tute new styles for them.
A BARGAIN.
nphast, $2.00, formerly $2.50
2.00, " 2.50
Laced, pat. tip,
2.00, " 2.50
1.65, " 2.00
1.50, " 2.00
Heel, 1.50, " 2.00
1.10, " 1.50
3.00, " 3.75
f Shoes, 3.00, " 4.00
Shoes, 2.00, " 2.75
goods, we believe it is for your
AIN TABLES, for EVERY
lams Building.
DOWN !
e make all the induce-
for the present will
6.75 per Barrel.
CURTIS,
- - QUINCY.
MARKET !
CASH
OF THE
T COAL,
ical Coal sold.
& SON.
ATCH.]
TONIC
kes the Brain Active
That Tired Feeling will be
o use it.
Men and Women !
ite," languid and without
l build them up.
NO OTHER !
Malt Calisaya and Hypophosphites.
onic and Stimulant.
nteed by all Druggists.
Six Bottles for $5.00.
MANDRAKE PILLS beats
e 25 Cents.
it. Ask your druggist for it; if h
end direct to us. We prepay expre
of price. Made only by
n. Mass., U.

BOYS
OF QUINCY.
ATTENTION !
WILLIAMS,
THE
JEWELER,
Will give a Fine Silver Waltham Watch to the boy bringing the greatest number of LEDGER COUPONS to his store before March 1st.
This Watch is
No Waterbury Humbug;
It is one of the Genuine
American Waltham Watch Co.'s
Make, and is Warranted to give perfect satisfaction. It is now on exhibition in his Show Window, and may be inspected by anyone.
Now Boys, get a gait on you, and hustle for it !
WILLIAMS,
THE
West Quincy Jeweler,
112 Copeland St.,
West Quincy.

Today's Anniversaries.

Important and Minor Events of Local and World Wide Interest

WHICH HAPPENED ON JAN. 31.

In Quincy and Vicinity—On the Battle Fields—Births and Deaths of the Presidents—Incorporation of Massachusetts' Cities and Norfolk County Towns—Foreign Matters.

1728-9—Committee chosen to confer and agree upon some method of dividing Braintree; report not accepted.

World Wide.

1574—Birth of Ben Jonson, poet; died 1637.
1606—Guy Fawkes executed at Westminster as the active agent of the gunpowder plot to destroy parliament and the king.
1732—Birth of Gouverneur Morris, American patriot and statesman; died 1816.
1757—France possessed twenty times as much American territory as England, and five times as much as England and Spain together.
1788—Death of Charles Edward Stuart, Young Pretender; born 1720.
1797—Birth of Francis Schubert, German musical composer; died 1828.
1830—Birth of James G. Blaine, secretary of state.

Tomorrow's Anniversaries.—Feb. 1

1825—First post-office established in Braintree this month.
1856—Rev. Luther Rice settled over Universalist society.
1889—St. Mary's hall dedicated.

World Wide.

February (from Februus, an Italian divinity), the second month of the year, in which were celebrated Februa, feasts on behalf of the manes of deceased persons. This month, with January, was added to the year by Numa about 713 B. C.

1733—Death of Frederick Augustus II of Poland.
1793—War declared between England and Holland.
1843—John Isaac Thornycraft, of torpedo boat fame, born in Rome.
1851—Gold digging began in Australia.
1861—Secession of Texas.
1864—President Lincoln ordered a draft of 500,000 men for three years.
1868—The inland cotton tax repealed.
1871—Dijon, France, occupied by the Germans during the Franco-Prussian war.
1883—Panic in a wool factory in Bombay; 23 persons killed and 28 injured.
1884—Gasoline explosion in a store in Alliance, O.; 8 persons killed.
1889—Prince Bismarck ordered abolition of martial law in Samoa.
1889—Fourteen persons killed in a railroad accident near Groenedall, Belgium.
1889—The United States senate rejected the British extradition treaty.
1889—The house of representatives passed the Oklahoma bill making it a new territory of the United States.

Amendments to Liquor Laws.

There will be a public hearing at the State House on Monday, Feb. 9, at 10.30 A. M., relative to amending section 9 of chapter 100 of the Public Statutes, so as to allow the delivery of liquor by an innholder or common victualler from a counter or other structure adapted to the purpose; also, on the recommendation of Gov. Russell upon the same subject.

On Monday, Feb. 16, at 10.30 A. M., at the State House, there will also be a hearing relative to increasing the number of places licensed for the sale of intoxicating liquors.

The temperance citizens of Quincy should be up and doing, and not allow favorable reports on these amendments, unless they believe them to be for the best interest of the State. Certainly there seems to be enough places now, in every city where licenses are granted, without increasing the number, both for the dealers and drinkers. The Milford Journal, in speaking on this subject, says:

"The question of liquor license is bound to play a prominent part in the present State Legislature. It was for this the great campaign fund was raised last year by the Boston liquor dealers' association. The intention was to capture not only the governorship, but both branches of the Legislature. The first succeeded, the Senate is a tie, while in the House there is an undoubted majority for any so-called "relief" the liquor dealers may ask for, and any such legislation would be altogether likely to encounter none but favoring gales in the Senate.

"We look to see the 'closed bar' feature wiped out, and with it the section allowing adjoining owners of property to object to a license issuing, and the ratio of population necessary for a license materially cut down, if not entirely done away with, as a means of getting rid of the present high license system and accompanying fees. In a word, we expect to find the Legislature enacting into law any requests the managers of the liquor interest may ask for."

Quincy Dentist in New York.

There is to be tendered a banquet in New York today, to seventeen dentists, who have been in the practice of their profession for nearly fifty years. They represent nearly all sections of the United States, and they are those who stand today at the head.

The opportunity of seeing, and meeting so many of those identified with the early history of dentistry in America, is without precedent, and will be of great interest. A. H. Gilson of Quincy has received an invitation to be present and to be one to represent the present generation of the profession from Boston. He left last night and will return on Monday.

☞ The Boston Primary Union of Sunday School Teachers will hold an Institute at Berkeley Temple, Boston, commencing Monday, Feb. 2, at 2.30 o'clock. Interesting and helpful addresses on the best methods of teaching and training the younger scholars will be delivered by practical, progressive teachers. Supper will be served at 6 o'clock, under the auspices of the Congregational Superintendents' Union, followed by addresses at 7 P. M., by Dr. Gumbart of Roxbury, and lesson teaching by Miss Harlow of Lowell. The public are cordially invited to attend both services.

TRADE WITH CANADA.

Campaign Fictions Effectually Punctured by Mr. Blaine—Premier Macdonald Must Meet the Issue Squarely.

TORONTO, Jan. 31.—The Globe published the correspondence on the reciprocity question between Secretary Blaine and Congressman Baker. and, in an article on the subject, says:

Reports set afloat from Ottawa to the effect that the United States government had made a trade proposal and that the alleged proposal was only confined to reciprocity in natural products, have received an effectual quietus. Our Washington correspondent, speaking on good authority, states this morning that a short time ago Sir Julian Pauncefote, acting as was believed at the instance of Sir John Macdonald, began to throw out feelers to the state department at Washington for a reciprocity treaty of some sort. In a purely informal manner Mr. Blaine stated that the United States government was prepared to treat with Great Britain for a treaty with Canada on the basis of unrestricted trade, but that it was not ready to discuss any proposition which fell short of that. This is the whole history of the trade proposal said to have been made by the United States government, and which the Canadian ministerial journals announced had been referred to England.

Mr. Blaine's letter to Mr. Baker, emphasizes the fact that nothing whatever, formal or informal, is now in progress between the two governments relating to any trade arrangements with the United States, and none will be entertained by the authorities at Washington unless it goes beyond natural products. Our Washington correspondent has Mr. McKinley's authority for denying in toto Sir John Macdonald's allegation that hints or suggestions had been given or sent to the committee on ways and means at Washington relative to duties affecting Canadian products, but was an ordinary campaign roor-back by comparison with the elaborate fiction punctured by Mr. Blaine.

The people of Canada now know exactly where they stand on this matter. Sir John Macdonald has been simply humbugging them, and but for Mr. Blaine's denial, he would probably have gone on humbugging them with fables about partial reciprocity until after the election. The plain speaking of Mr. Blaine compels him to face a square issue, which is whether we shall have absolute free trade with our neighbors, or whether we shall perpetuate the wretched policy of restriction that injures both us and them.

A Fool and His Money Part Company.

MONTREAL, Jan. 31.—A robbery took place in a house of ill-fame here recently, the victim being a young man whose name the police are unwilling to divulge. Two women robbed him of deeds to real estate valued at $40,000 and $400 in cash, and decamped for Chicago, where they have been arrested.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The town hall of Orono, Me., was destroyed by fire.

A woman was gored to death by a bull at a cattle show in Paris.

Mr. Balfour is to be heard from again on the distress in Ireland.

Wellesley valuations have increased $3,778,000 in the last ten years.

James Boyce Jr. & Co., dry goods, Butte, Mont., have assigned.

Another outbreak of strikes in English shipping circles is threatened.

The strikers on all Scotch railways, except the Caledonian, have resumed work.

Patrick Blute, the Portsmouth wife murderer, died in prison at Concord, N. H.

Secretary Windom's sudden death caused a sensation in London generally.

Charles Chaplin, the French painter and engraver, is dead. He was born June 8, 1825.

New York men speak in the highest terms of praise of Mr. Windom's last address.

Grand Duke George, who met with a serious accident in India, has been ordered home.

The Stanley cotton mill at Oldham, Eng., has been destroyed by fire. Loss £45,000.

Three persons perished by a fire in Cygnet, O., in which the money loss exceeded $100,000.

New York bogus divorce lawyers were sentenced to five and seven years' imprisonment.

A Paris paper has prepared for an armed defense against a threatened attack of students.

Because of scarlet fever, all the state institutions at Cranston, R. I., are under quarantine.

A new steamship company is being formed at Athens, Greece, with a capital of $5,000,000.

There is no verification of the rumors in regard to an Indian massacre in the Texas Pan-Handle.

Boston financiers think the money market will not be affected by Secretary Windom's death.

A Texas jury sentenced to imprisonment a minister who committed forgery while insane.

A man who was arrested in Boston for obtaining goods by a false pretense took a dose of laudanum.

Benjamin Hilton's fancy stock stable at North Anson, Me., was burned with several ponies and horses.

The famous explorer, Lieut. Schwatka, was seriously, if not fatally injured at Mason City, Ia., by a fall.

The interstate commission has decided that Boston has been charged too high a rate for peaches from Dalaware.

The three-story wooden shoddy mill at South Lancaster, Mass., was burned with its contents. Loss, $25,000; insurance small.

Manager Barnie of the Baltimore Base Ball club has signed Pitcher Healy and First Baseman Worden of last year's Toledo club.

Several modifications of the methods of contesting for the Mott Haven cup by the Intercollegiate Athletic association have been proposed.

Professor John Tyndall, whose illness was announced some days ago, is suffering from inflammation of the veins. His condition is now becoming serious.

M. Dumont, the proprietor of the St. Ouen Colza oil depot, Paris, has been sentenced to five years' imprisonment for his connection with the recent crisis in the oil trade.

The new armory in Worcester was dedicated by a grand military ball held under the auspices of the four local militia companies. The great drill shed was elaborately decorated with national colors.

The second anniversary of the death of Crown Prince Rudolph was appropriately observed in Vienna. The emperor and empress prayed beside the tomb of their son, and Archduchess Stephanie, the widow, placed a wreath upon the coffin.

PLAN OF CAMPAIGN.

Arbitration of Disputes Hotly Debated in the Commons.

IRISH MEMBERS GET EXCITED

Over the Mysterious Movements of Mr. Sexton—Angry Students Storm a Newspaper Office in Paris and Create Trouble.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Mr. Shaw-Lefevre (Liberal) moved in the house of commons that the government use its influence in favor of the settlement by arbitration of the remaining disputes between the tenants and landlords in Ireland, arising from the plan of campaign. He said that there were now only twenty estates upon which differences exist. Three thousand tenants had been evicted from these estates and now lived in huts, supported by contributions from Irishmen in all parts of the world, in the hope that the time was coming when they would be reinstated in their homes. Farms had become derelict and in many cases the land had become a waste, covered with nettles breast high. No new tenants, said the speaker, would ever be found for these farms, and the best course to bring about a settlement was by arbitration.

T. W. Russell (Irish Unionist) said he would not oppose the principle of arbitration, but he must resist arbitration as a sort of curative lymph likely to effect a complete cure of the plan of campaign. The folly of the plan of campaign was the greatest the Parnellites had ever committed, and he could understand their anxiety to get rid of the costly business through the intervention of anybody, even through the government whom they were accustomed to revile. The plan of campaign was not brought into operation to benefit the tenantry. Its basis and aim was a social revolution and the destruction of landlordism. It was invented and used as a political machine.

Mr. Balfour attacked the plan of campaign at great length, and expressed his indignation at the language which Mr. Shaw-Lefevre had used in reference to the Irish landlords. He granted that the Marquis of Clanricarde had faults, but these he contended were not sufficient to justify the plan of campaign. The tenants had a remedy in the land courts for excessive rents, but had not availed themselves of it. If he were an Irish landlord he would beg his bread rather than submit to the plan of campaign.

At this point Dr Charles Tanner (Nationalist) jumped to his feet, and pointing at Mr. Balfour exclaimed: "You are a canting snob," but immediately afterward withdrew the expression.

The speaker warned Dr. Tanner against a repetition of the offense. Mr. Balfour, in concluding his speech, said that if the government was insane enough to propose such an absurd bolstering of the tottering plan of campaign the house would not be insane enough to adopt it.

Sir George Trevelyan (Liberal), member for the Bridgeton division of Glasgow, followed Mr. Balfour. He said Mr. Balfour had attacked Mr. Shaw-Lefevre with great severity, but his remarks would not persuade the people of Ireland that Mr. Shaw-Lefevre was not a true and disinterested friend of Ireland according to his lights (laughter), which were his bright lights. The question ought to have received more serious and courteous treatment at the hands of Mr. Balfour. He declared that without raising the question as to the rectitude of the plan of campaign, it was sought to find means to settle the disputes in question and it was most important for the peace of the country that they should be settled. If Irish landlords believed the plan of campaign was not defeated, they were unwise to reject a proposal promising to clear away the subject of the quarrel, and if they thought the plan was already defeated, it would be injudicious and ill advised to reject Mr. Shaw-Lefevre's resolution.

Upon a division, the motion of Mr. Shaw-Lefevre was rejected by a vote of 203 to 152.

MR. SEXTON'S ACTIONS

Excite Irish Members and Give Rise to Many Conflicting Reports.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—There was much excitement among the Irish members in the lobbies in the house of commons last night on rumors that the party dissensions had reached an acute stage. Mr. Sexton had a conference with Mr. Morley and Mr. Parnell and went to the house of commons early with the intention of speaking on Mr. Shaw-Lefevre's motion, but to the surprise of everyone he departed at 7:30 p. m., ostensibly to catch the Irish mail en route to Ennis. His departure gave rise to many conflicting reports. One rumor was to the effect that he had decided to retire from the struggle, while another was to the effect that no he regarded the prospects of a settlement as ended and that he had decided to fight to the bitter end.

McCarthyites Not Yet Satisfied.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The Standard says that it is understood that the McCarthyites are urging Mr. Gladstone to give more specific assurances regarding home rule than have yet been obtained.

"By Thursday."

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Mr. Sexton intimated in a private conversation last evening that a satisfactory settlement would be achieved at Boulogne on Monday or at the latest by Thursday.

RIOTOUS STUDENTS.

In Large Numbers They Storm the Office of L'Egalite in Paris.

PARIS, Jan. 31.—L'Egalite yesterday, in an answer to the action of the 200 students who Thursday stormed the offices of that paper, demanding the name of the writer of an article accusing them of opportunism, issued a summons to the Revolutionists asking them to assist the newspaper's force against the students. The latter threatened to return 2000 strong.

The police seized yesterday's issue of l'Egalite. A number of Revolutionists responded to the paper's call for assistance and during the day the offices were guarded by twenty of these men armed with revolvers and cudgels, but owing to the action taken by the municipal authorities their services were not required. The students made an attempt to carry out their threat of again storming the offices and gathered to the number of 600 in the Latin quarter. The authorities, however, had taken precautions to guard against a repetition of the attack and a strong detachment of police was sent to the scene of the trouble. When the students attempted to march to the building occupied by l'Egalite, they found the way blocked by the officers, who refused to allow them to cross the bridges. Very great excitement prevailed in the district in which the paper is situated. Large crowds gathered outside the building and from 4 until 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon the police were continually engaged in dispersing groups of men who were vociferously discussing the contemplated attack. Many of the students have been placed under arrest.

HOW THEY DO IT OUT WEST.

Interesting Developments in the Washington Bribery Investigation.

PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 31.—Chairman Walker of the special bribery committee made a report in the house. The report contains the testimony of Representatives Christensen, Dahler, Walker, Kelly of Moody, Stevens of Marshall and Hall. Walker testified that Benjamin Harvey offered him anything he wanted if he would vote with the Republicans on organization. Christensen testified that Clark Roarpaugh offered him $500 to vote in favor of the Brown county contestant. Dahler testifidd that H. R. Brown of the Yankton agency offered him anything he wanted in the shape of money or a position if he would vote for Moody. Stevens testified that Clark Roarpaugh offered him a $1500 position if he would act with the Republicans. Hall of Sully, a Republican, testified that James Irwin, a Republican, at the beginning of the session offered him $1000 if he would stay out of the Republican caucus. Kelly of Moody testified that a man named Welch had approached him on the streets and said he would pay him or get him $1000 if he would vote for Moody and also for retaining the Lawrence county contestees.

CAMERON'S COURSE DENOUNCED.

He is Warned to Stick to His Party or Resign the Senatorship.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 31.—A resolution was offered in the house condemning Senator Cameron's course on the silver question and the election bill, and calling upon him to adhere closer to his party and party principles, or else resign from the United States senate. Immediately after the reading of the resolution a motion was made and seconded to lay it upon the table. The speaker, however, decided that as the resolution had not been read a second time, it was not yet before the house. On the question of reading the resolution a second time the nays were so decidedly in the majority, that Representative Thompson, who had offered it, allowed it to drop.

AN OCEAN HORROR

Between Two and Three Hundred Chinese Burned to Death or Drowned.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—The steamship City of Rio de Janeiro has arrived, bringing further particulars of the burning of the steamer Shanghai, Dec. 25. She had on board 400 Chinese passengers and one European and carried a cargo of cotton. The cotton caught fire and the Chinese plunged overboard and were drowned or burned to death, to the number of 200 or 300.

Piracy has increased at Hoishow. Twenty-six pirates have been decapitated since Dec. 20.

Poor Heathens Must Wait.

CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—S. A. Kean, the insolvent banker, was examined as to the fund raised by Bishop Taylor of the Methodist church for missionary work in Africa, of which Mr. Kean was treasurer. Mr. Kean testified that it was the understanding with Bishop Taylor that he (Kean) was to have the use of the money in his banking business in payment of his services as treasurer. So the African brethren will not have the benefit of this fund pending a settlement of the bank's account.

Death of Charles Bradlaugh.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Mr. Charles Bradlaugh, member of parliament for Northampton, who has been critically ill for some time past, is dead.

Mr. Bradlaugh's end was quiet and peaceful. He was insensible when he died, and seemed to suffer no pain. The immediate cause of his death was uræmia. The funeral will take place on Tuesday. There will be no funeral procession, no show of mourning and no religious service.

Was a New England Man.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 31.—Col. George S. Mann, veteran of the Mexican war and a member of the New York legislature for several terms, beginning in 1847, died at his residence in this city. He organized the Home Mutual Insurance society and was its first president. The deceased was a native of New Hampshire and 93 years of age. He came to California in 1852. He leaves a widow, the daughter of ex-Governor Mattix of Vermont.

Was Bound to Die.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 31.—William G. Ballou fired two bullets into his brain yesterday morning and died last night. Young Ballou took poison some time during Wednesday night, but two doctors labored over him and saved his life. He fired the bullets into his forehead, one on each side, while his mother was absent from his bedside for a moment. The family can assign no reason for the deed.

Emmons or His Double?

BIDDEFORD, Me., Jan. 31.—A stranger answering the description of Newell Emmons, the East Boston murderer, was seen in Saco. He called at a store and asked for old copies of a Boston paper. He was dressed as Emmons was the night of the murder, and apparently hadn't shaved for several weeks. When officers were notified, the stranger couldn't be found.

Senator Vorhees' Loss.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Senator Vorhees received a dispatch informing him of the death of his venerable mother at the old homestead in Indiana. The senator is confined to his room by rheumatism. He will be unable to go west.

Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, Jan. 31.—The business of the two branches was almost entirely of a routine character. The woodchuck order, which made so much amusement at last year's session, was again introduced.

Hale Gets Three Years.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Jan. 31.—Frederick A. Hale, the Hinsdale fratricide, who pleaded guilty to assault and battery, was sentenced to three years in state prison.

Senator Jones of Nevada Re-elected.

CARSON CITY, Nev., Jan. 31.—In the egislature Senator Jones was elected United States senator for a fourth term, receiving 54 votes out of 60.

Millionaire Mayor Dead.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Jan. 31.—Job Male, mayor of this city, died last night. He was 83 years old and left a fortune variously estimated at from $5,000,000 to $7,000,000.

ELIJAH GOES TO HOREB.

LESSON V, FIRST QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, FEB. 1.

Text of the Lesson, I Kings xix, 1-18. Commit Verses, 9, 10—Golden Text, Gen. xxvi, 24—Commentary by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

[Compiled from Lesson Helper Quarterly by permission of H. S. Hoffman, publisher, Philadelphia.]

1. "And Ahab told Jezebel all that Elijah had done."

The whole story of the vain efforts of the prophets of Baal, the calmness of Elijah, the fire from Heaven, and the shouts of the people that "The Lord He is the God," the slaughter of the prophets and the great storm of wind and rain, were all rehearsed to this wicked woman, who had doubtless waited eagerly to know the result. Fail not to observe Elijah's importunate and expectant prayer as he waited before God and again sent his servant to see if the answer had come (xviii, 42-44).

2. "Then Jezebel sent a messenger unto Elijah."

Whether she was in the least affected by the record of the manifest power of the true God in sending fire and rain we are not told, but the death of her 450 prophets did mightily move her, and she promises Elijah that by to-morrow he shall be as one of them.

3. "And when he saw that he arose, and went for his life, and came to Beersheba."

4. "It is enough. Now, O Lord, take away my life, for I am not better than my fathers."

Having left his servant at Beersheba he himself went a day's journey into the wilderness, and sat down under a juniper tree and made this request of God. The juniper was the broom tree common in the deserts, and the roots of which, though bitter, were used as food by the poorest of the people (Job xxx, 4). It is suggestive of the poverty and bitterness of his soul just at this time. But consider his request and the glorious translation that awaited him, and see how foolish he was not to have confidence in God and wait patiently for Him.

5. "An angel touched him and said unto him, Arise and eat."

6. "Behold a cake baken on the coals, and a cruse of water at his head."

Can God furnish a table in the wilderness (Ps. lxxviii, 19)? Yes, He who fed millions for forty years can surely take care of one poor disconsolate. But was ever mortal man ministered unto as this man?

7. "And the angel of the Lord came again the second time."

After having eaten he laid him down again. God knew his need, and rested him with sufficient sleep. He also knew his need in the way of food, and would have him eat again.

8. "He went in the strength of that meat forty days and forty nights unto Horeb, the mount of God."

Obedient to the angels' touch he again arose, and again did eat and drink, and went forty days and nights in the strength of that food. We are reminded of one who, 500 years before, on the same Horeb, on two different occasions went forty days and nights without eating and drinking (Deut. ix, 9, 18). And also of our Lord Jesus Christ, who fasted forty days and forty nights (Matt. iv, 2).

9. "What doest thou here, Elijah?"

In due time he arrived at Horeb and lodged in a cave, and there the word of the Lord came unto him with this question.

10. "And he said, I have been very jealous for the Lord God of Hosts."

That was all right, and what follows was too sadly true, but "I only am left, and they seek my life," lets us into the man's heart.

11. "Go forth and stand upon the mount before the Lord."

Go forth from the coldness and darkness of doubt and despair, and from considering the preciousness of your own life, your zeal for God and the necessity of your continuance, and be persuaded that God lives, and that He, and He only, is the necessity, and that it matters not whether you live or die.

"And behold the Lord passed by."

His power is seen in His messengers, wind, earthquake and fire, rending the mountains and breaking in pieces the rocks before the Lord, but He was not in wind, earthquake or fire. Such was not His way at this time.

12. "After the fire a still small voice."

Judgment is His strange work (Isa. xxviii, 21). Ordinarily He speaks and it is done (Ps. xxxiii, 6, 9). Jesus did not come as a mighty fire or tempest, but as a helpless babe. John said He was the voice of one crying in the wilderness. Paul was not a mighty man physically, but in bodily presence weak, and in speech contemptible (II Cor. x, 10). What was David, and how much noise did he make when compared with Goliath? What was Israel before her enemies? God is everything, we are nothing. "No flesh shall glory in His presence" (I Cor. i, 29).

13. "What doest thou here, Elijah?"

Again the searching question comes as in the case of Peter (John xxi, 15-17). It would seem from this verse that Elijah had not gone forth as commanded (verse 11) until he heard this voice; but now he stands at the entrance to the cave with his face wrapped in his mantle, and once more has to reply to this question.

14. "I only am left, and they seek my life to take it away."

Just the same answer as before (v. 10). He is God's only witness and his life is very precious. We are told in Rev. xii, 11, of those who loved not their lives unto the death. Jesus told the twelve as He sent them forth not to fear the death of the body (Matt. x, 28). Paul's aim was to glorify God either by life or death.

15. "And the Lord said unto him, Go, return on thy way to the wilderness of Damascus."

The Lord graciously has yet something for His servant to do. He did not tell him to flee into the wilderness from Jezebel, but He does now tell him to return.

16. "Elisha, the son of Shaphat, of Abel-Meholah, shalt thou anoint to be prophet in thy room."

He is to anoint a king of Syria and a king of Israel, and another man to be a prophet in his stead. While sought out and forgiven he has evidently disqualified himself for future service, as he is told to appoint another in his stead.

17. "Him that escapeth from the sword of Jehu shall Elisha slay."

The enemies of the Lord must be slain; it will never do to make any league with them, nor even tolerate them, as Israel so often did. And even though the offending ones be our own flesh, the sentence is the same (Ex. xxxii, 26-29; Judg. ii, 2; Mark ix, 43-48).

18. "Yet I have left me seven thousand in Israel."

And Elijah thought he was the only one. How blind we are! How self important! How seemingly jealous for the Lord God of Hosts, when really it is our own life or honor or reputation which we are so anxious to save.

HE WORRIED ABOUT IT.

"The sun's heat will give out in ten million years more,"
And he worried about it;
"It will sure give out then, if it doesn't before,"
And he worried about it;
It would surely give out, so the scientists said
In all scientifical books that he read,
And the whole mighty universe then would be dead—
And he worried about it.

"And some day the earth will fall into the sun,"
And he worried about it;
"Just as sure and as straight as if shot from a gun,"
And he worried about it;
"When strong gravitation unbuckles her straps,
Just picture," he said, "what a fearful collapse!
It will come in a few million ages, perhaps"—
And he worried about it.

"The earth will become much too small for the race,"
And he worried about it.
"When we'll pay thirty dollars an inch for pure space,"
And he worried about it;
"The earth will be crowded so much, without doubt,
That there'll be no room for one's tongue to stick out,
And no room for one's thoughts to wander about,"
And he worried about it.

"The Gulf Stream will curve and New England grow torrider"
(And he worried about it)
Than was ever the climate of southernmost Florida,"
And he worried about it.
"The ice crop will be knocked into small smithereens,
And crocodiles block up our mowing machines,
And we'll lose our fine crops of potatoes and beans,"
And he worried about it.

"And in less than ten thousand years, there's no doubt"
(And he worried about it),
"Our supply of lumber and coal will give out,"
And he worried about it.
"Just then the Ice Age will return cold and raw,
Frozen men will stand stiff with arms outstretched in awe,
As if vainly beseeching a general thaw,"
And he worried about it.

His wife took in washing (a dollar a day),
He didn't worry about it;
His daughter sewed shirts, the rude grocer to pay,
He didn't worry about it;
While his wife beat her tireless rub-a-dub-dub
On the washboard drum in her old wooden tub,
He sat by the stove and he just let her rub,
He didn't worry about it.
—S. W. Foss in Yankee Blade.

A Tragedy.

Chapter One.—She was young and pretty as a midsummer dream. He was tall, haughty and rich. She had married him for his tremendous wealth, but at the same time greatly admired his calm, superior way and cynical spirit. They had reached Washington on their wedding journey.

Chapter Two.—The snow came down and Algernon and Henrietta gazed thoughtfully out of the window. "Let us take a sleigh ride," said Algernon, and the fatal deed was done.

Chapter Three.—Ten years had passed and Algernon came wearily into the humble home which barely sheltered his growing family. Henrietta met him at the door with a sad smile. "Ah, Algernon," she said, "cheer up. Five years more of hard work and you will have paid all your debt to the liveryman. Free ——, free ——, ha! ha!" and the suffering woman fell back insensible.—Washington Star.

Extra Pay.

"Phat do you be gittin' for de job, Chimmy?"
"Wan dollar an' th' noomonia."—Harper's Weekly.

Knew What He Wanted.

"Here's a man at the telephone who wants a one armed horse and sleigh," said the new clerk in the livery stable to his employer. "I'm sure that is what he said, but I don't know what he means."

"Oh, that's all right," explained the liveryman. "You see, he wants a horse he can drive with one hand. Send him old Dobbin, up there in the corner."—Philadelphia Record.

Interviewing Him.

At the police court.
"Your name?"
"Hippolyte Langlume."
"Where were you born?"
"In Paris."
"Have you ever been convicted?"
The prisoner smiles politely: "You are interviewing me, then?"—Figaro.

Always the Same.

Robinson—I like an even tempered woman.
Brown—So do I.
Robinson—There's my wife, for instance.
Brown—And mine. The most even tempered woman in the world. She is always mad.—Exchange.

Enough for Two.

When it was found that thirteen were seated at a table where Abbe Liszt was a guest the general embarrassment was checked by Liszt remarking:

"Do not be alarmed at such a trifle. I can eat for two persons."—London Tid-Bits.

Her Taste Had Changed.

Jake Jimpson—What species of bird do you like best?

Cora Bellows—When I was a child I liked the canary best, but (blushing) since I grew up I—I rather prefer the popin-jay.—New York Herald.

His Suggestion.

"Do you think this hat suits my hair, Edward?"

"It's all right, I suppose. Still, if it doesn't suit, what's the matter with getting another—lot of hair?—Fliegende Blatter.

Forewarned.

Winter always tells me more
Than the summer. Now I know
When my rival's there before,
By his footprints in the snow.
—Judge.

NEW DRESS

GINGHAMS

SPRING STYLES,

Striped and Plaided.

ALSO NEW DIAGONAL

PLAID PERCALES,

ALL

12 1-2c. per Yard,

AT

Miss C. S. Hubbard's,

158 Hancock St., Quincy.

BUSSELL'S

Photographic Studio

Family Groups and Children's Pictures for the Holidays a Specialty.

The Best Work at the Lowest Prices.

We accept Club Tickets and Checks of any firm in Boston.

A. Frank Bussell,

ADAMS BUILDING, HANCOCK ST.,

QUINCY.

Nov. 25. tf

Deu Indianska Doctoren Svenska.

Consultation Free in Boston.

THE Indian Doctor who gave Indian Camp Shows in Quincy last July, will give consultation the rest of the winter as his city office, 24 West Dedham street, Boston. He also treats by letter.

Boston, Nov. 5. tf

WANTED.

AN Experienced girl for general housework. Swede preferred. Apply at 385 Hancock street, Quincy.

Jan. 30. 1t

TO LET.

Half house at Wollaston, nine rooms; three minutes' walk from station; $17 per month.

Half house corner of Hancock street and Faxon avenue, eight rooms.

Apply to HENRY H. FAXON.

Quincy, Dec. 29. tf

TO LET.—In French's building, Chestnut St., opposite the Congregational church, desirable rooms up one flight. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor or Barber. Apply at Bussell's Studio, Adams building. 11-tf

TO LET.—Very desirable property in South Quincy. House contains 11 rooms, city water and furnace; stable attached with accommodation for 6 horses. Five acres of land, cuts 7 tons hay. Plenty of fruit, etc. A sightly location, near Electric cars and railroad station. Will lease for term of years to right party.

Enquire of B. N. ADAMS, Real Estate, Quincy. Jan. 13—pl tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Desirable estates and choice building lots in all parts of the city on easy terms; also houses and business rooms To Let. GEORGE H. BROWN & CO., Real Estate, Mortgage and Insurance Agents, Adams Building, Quincy. N. 19-tf

MORE BOYS WANTED

to sell the

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

See Prizes Offered.

QUINCY DAILY LEDGER.

FOR SALE BY NEWSBOYS,

and at the following places.

Old Colony Depot,	Boston
Ledger Office,	115 Hancock Street, Quincy
Souther's Store,	Adams Building, Quincy
McGovern Bros.' Store,	Plumer's Block, Quincy
Post Office,	West Quincy
Post Office,	Atlantic
Coram's Store,	Copeland Street, West Quincy
Miss Bartlett's Store,	Jones' Corner
Post Office,	Quincy Point
Depot,	Wollaston Heights
Henry R. Vinton,	Braintree
Geo. H. Hunt,	East Weymouth

Today's Almanac.—January 31.

High water at 3.15 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.
Sun rises at 7.00; Sets at 4.57.
Moon rises 11.30 P. M.
Last quarter Feb. 1, 11.42 P. M.

TO THE Advertiser the LEDGER would say that it does not now believe everything is O. K. at the Sailor's Home, and it did not say it was, but perhaps it is not as terrible as represented in the Traveller.

THE MALDEN City Press publishes a summary of the number of police officers in each city of the Commonwealth as follows:

City.	Population.	No. Officers.
Worcester,	85,000	104
Lowell,	77,000	81
Fall River,	75,000	98
Cambridge,	70,000	82
Lynn,	55,000	40
Lawrence,	45,000	42
Springfield,	44,000	42
New Bedford,	41,000	59
Somerville,	40,000	32
Holyoke,	36,000	29
Salem,	30,000	37
Chelsea,	28,000	25
Brockton,	27,000	24
Haverhill,	27,000	29
Newton,	25,000	32
Taunton,	25,000	23
Malden,	24,000	14
Fitchburg,	23,000	20
Gloucester,	23,000	22
Waltham,	19,000	12
QUINCY,	17,000	—
Northampton,	15,000	9
Newburyport,	14,000	13
Woburn,	13,000	8

We notice Quincy is omitted, but this is probably because it really has no police force, certainly no patrol police. Perhaps Quincy can take home to herself some of the comments of the Press, which said:

"Malden has reason to feel proud of the efficiency of her police department, but she can hardly feel proud of the fact that she uses this department more niggardly than any other city in the Commonwealth. The needs of the police department are many, three of which are, a new police station, a police signal system, and more officers. Malden's police department is the smallest in ratio to her population of any city in the State."

WEYMOUTH.

The masons of Weymouth, Quincy, Abington, Rockland and Hingham, with their ladies held a social gathering at Fogg's Opera house, South Weymouth, Friday evening. The entertainment consisted of selections by Mrs. S. C. Ford of Cleveland, O.; Miss Carrie E. Hale, dramatic and humorous reader; Mr. Joseph L. White of the Mendelssohn quartette; Mr. George W. Want, tenor, and Mr. Howard M. Dow, pianist. A social dance followed the entertainment. The invited guests included Grand High Priest, J. A. Blake; grand commander, James Swords; district deputy grand master, Stetson Foster; district deputy grand master Solomon Bolster; W. H. Odell, John S. Fogg, Josiah Reed, James Tirrell, Rev. William H. Bolster, Major John W. Hart, President B. F. Poole of the Weymouth Agricultural society, Col. Benjamin S. Lovell, James H. Bailey, grand standard bearer Z. L. Bicknell.

The Young Men's Social Club held a social dance at Masonic hall. The young people of the Universalist church at Lincoln hall, and W. O. Collyer Hose Co., one at Engine hall at North Weymouth, Friday evening.

Miss Margie Heffernan has accepted a position in the schools of Central Falls, R. I.

The old furniture shop near the North Weymouth cemetery, which has been an eye sore for a number of years is being torn down.

John P. Arnold has gone to Fitchburg where he will open a drug store.

Rumor has it that the New York syndicate who have purchased the Hodgman farm at North Weymouth are to erect a large brewery there.

Edwin Clapp one of East Weymouth's shoe manufacturers, with his wife and daughter Edith, are on a short visit to Washington.

BRAINTREE.

Mr. Gilman D. Whittaker left this morning to visit relatives and early acquaintances living somewhere in New Hampshire.

Straus, Kinsley & Co., manufacturers of shoddy, have sold their machinery to a firm in Providence, R. I., and closed their business in Braintree.

Benj. F. Smith, the enterprising manufacturer of druggist's cotton of a superior quality, has taken into partnership Mr. F. B. Allen, of the firm of F. B. Allen & Co., fan manufacturers, East Braintree, and the new firm's name is to be "The Monatiquot Bleachery Co., South Braintree."

The Water Commissioners have been notified of a hearing before the State Board of Health relative to the taking of water by the city of Quincy from Blue Hill river, near the outlet at Great pond. The hearing takes place next Tuesday in the official rooms of the Board on Beacon street, Boston.

—Avon adopted the Australian ballot act last evening, to go into effect at the coming annual meeting.

THE DAY BOOK.

Interesting Brief Locals Gathered by Ledger Reporters.

Fair and cooler, but a delightful day.

Mr. William Faxon of Canal street is seriously ill.

Henry Talbot of this city was granted a pension yesterday.

Thayer academy pupils have an assembly at Braintree this afternoon.

The copy for the annual city report is nearly ready for the printers.

The City Council will hold a regular meeting next Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Safford celebrate their crystal wedding this evening.

D. E. Wadsworth & Co. advertise a mark down sale prior to stock-taking.

Mr. Wm. Watts of Clive street is in poor health and under the doctor's care.

The Clan McGregor Literary Club will hold its weekly meeting this evening.

Mrs. Charles R. Safford is out again after a severe illness of several months.

Yesterday, the last Friday in the month, was a mild day to govern the weather of next month.

Mrs. Lydia H. Coe, of Portland, is lying seriously ill at the residence of her son, Mr. Chas. L. Coe.

The U. S. T. Y. B. O. will give another free entertainment in Robertson hall next Wednesday evening.

The Boston Branch grocery is the place to secure canned goods. The prices they quote are as low as Boston.

The Social Club of First church are to give a fine dramatic entertainment in the chapel next Friday evening.

Miss Nettie H. Holt of Charlestown, trance and test medium, will speak at Faxon hall on Sunday evening at 7 o'clock.

The DAILY LEDGER is steadily working its way into the graces of the people of Quincy and vicinity, as its increasing circulation attests.

How will the new committee on streets treat the Walker street extension? It should be adjusted in some way before any more obstructions are put in its path.

Mr. Gardner who has lived on Atlantic street so many years will soon move his family to the farm lately vacated by Mr. Belcher. It is a most beautiful spot in summer.

Edward Whitehouse, one of the first drivers and motormen of the street railway, who, for some reason, was discharged by Supt. Duggan, has resumed his old position on the line.

The Guild of The Great Teacher will meet in the ladies' parlor, of the Unitarian chapel, Sunday at 6.30 P. M. Subject, "The Jewish Year." All the young people are invited to be present.

Mr. Percy Hall received the first gentleman's prize from the Harmony whist club and Miss Clara Height, of Neponset carried home the trophy for the ladies. Prizes are awarded the last Monday of each month.

The act passed by the Legislature of 1890, making nine hours a day's work for all laborers, workmen and mechanics employed by or on behalf of the Commonwealth or any city or town therein, went into effect Jan. 1.

All who use Billings street in the evening speak in the highest praise of the new method of lighting. The street looks fine from one end to the other and Ward Six citizens are now looking for them on some of the other streets.

The Ladies' Aid Society will give an entertainment in the vestry of the Corner church next Thursday evening. Part of the entertainment will be War of the Roses, which was so successfully given in Quincy a few weeks ago.

Ground has been broken for a large house on Appleton street near the corner of Squantum. We learn it is to contain two suites of rooms with all modern improvements and the outside will be very tasty in design. The contract calls for its completion about May 1st.

An electric car ran into Townsend's milk team Friday morning on Washington street, near the corner of Pond. Mr. Townsend was in the act of turning into a yard when without any warning, the car struck his horse, knocking him down, breaking the harness and smashing the car windows, there was some excitement among the passengers, but no one was injured. If the motorman had sounded his gong the accident would have been averted.

Friday shortly before 11 o'clock while David Newcomb was at work at his home on Shaw street, Quincy Neck, he accidentally dropped a lighted fuse into a can containing a small quantity of powder which exploded, filling his face full of the powder. Dr. Gilbert was called who dressed the wound, and nothing serious will result. It was very fortunate for Mr. Newcomb that the quantity of the explosive was small.

There will be preaching in the M. E. church, Wollaston, on Sunday at 10.45 A. M. and 7 P. M. after the praise service. Rev. Mr. Freeman has preached every evening this week at the special services, with the exception of Thursday evening, when Rev. J. P. Pillsbury of Boston gave a fine sermon. This church is a free church, strangers are welcome, and every one without a church home is most cordially invited to attend.

Eben Stocker takes possession of the Atlantic newspaper route Sunday.

Mrs. I. Thom will build a dwelling-house on the Adams estate South Quincy.

The Thirteen Club held a liver supper last evening, the result of a bet on the city election.

A. M. Harding and family of Boston, have moved into the new house on Billings street, Atlantic.

One of South Quincy's barbers, who has fears of burglars, has purchased a large mastiff for protection.

Mr. Patrick Dolan who purchased the old engine house at Atlantic, intends to have it remodelled into a dwelling.

Friday noon the feed wire became detached from the trolly wire at the corner of Elm and School street, and as a result, all cars were tied up for an hour or more.

The students from Harvard College will take charge of the meeting at Grand Army hall tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock. Subject: "The Young Men's Christian Association. A work by young men for young men." All men are invited to attend.

A pupil of the Adams school, B grammar, when asked to remove his rubber boot said, he did not have any on, whereupon he was sent into the next room, and when he came back he said that the master put them on for him.

Miss Sadie F. Golden of the Advertiser office has been quite sick with diphtheria the past week, but is now, we are pleased to learn, on the road to recovery, and will soon, we hope, be able to resume her place among her many friends, who have greatly missed her pleasant face and cheerful manners.

A Few Appointments.

Mayor Fairbanks has appointed George O. Langley, Joseph W. Hayden and Francis A. Spear as officers to serve civil processes and Henry H. Faxon and Joseph T. French as constables to serve without pay.

—Brockton has 27 school-houses, with 4200 pupils and 94 teachers, and free evening High, grammar and drawing schools during the winter terms. The city spends over $60,000 a year for this department. There is also a Catholic parochial school.

Last night the Braintree Light Infantry, Co. K., 5th Regiment, M. V. M., Capt. W. E. Morrison, held its annual prize drill and ball at the Town hall. There was a large and influential gathering of spectators present by invitation. The judges were Capt. Williamson, Lieut. Packard and Lieut. Windsor of Co. 1, 1st Regiment, of Brockton. Sergt. F. E. Fredette won the first prize, a gold badge, and Sergt. Evart W. Adams the second prize, a silver badge. Dancing followed the drill.

Sunday Services.

First Church.

Rev. D. M. Wilson, pastor. Preaching at 10.30 A. M. by the pastor, subject, "The relation of Judaism to Christianity." Communion. Sunday School at 11.45. Guild of the Great Teacher at 6.30. The public cordially welcomed.

M. E. Church, Wollaston.

Rev. Luther Freeman, pastor. Preaching at 10.45 A. M. and 7 P. M. following praise service. Sunday School at 12 M. Epworth League at 6 P. M. All seats free. Everyone invited.

Congregational Church.

Rev. Edward Norton, pastor. Preaching at 10.30 A. M. by the pastor. Sabbath School at 11.45 A. M. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6 P. M. Usual evening service at 7 o'clock. This service will be in observance of the Tenth Anniversary of the Y. P. S. C. E. Friday evening service at 7.30. All are invited.

Christadelphian Services.

At French's hall, at 7.00 P. M., there will be a lecture delivered by Mr. H. Hartley of Boston. Subject, "The Purport of the Gospel that was taught by Christ." All are welcome, free.

Spiritualist Meeting.

Miss Nettie M. Holt of Charlestown, trance and test medium, will speak at Faxon Hall on Sunday evening at 7 o'clock unless stormy.

Grand Entertainment

Under the Auspices of

U. S. T. Y. B. O.

IN

Robertson Hall, Wednesday Evening, Feb. 4,

AT 7.30 O'CLOCK.

Piano Solos, Singing, Recitations, Readings, Humorists, Comic Sketches, &c.

Artists: William Wilson, Warmington Quartette, Lewis G. Griffiths. Phelan & Turner will give their most laughable Irish Sketch.

Miss M. Litchfield will also give some of her renowned Recitations.

Imperial officers will explain the objects of the order.

ADMISSION FREE.

Jan. 31. 4t

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of

FITZGERALD & McDONNELL,

the business of said co-partnership being that of quarrying stone in Quincy, is this day by mutual consent dissolved. All bills due to the firm should be paid to the undersigned, Timothy W. Fitzgerald, and all claims against the firm should be presented to him for settlement.

TIMOTHY W. FITZGERALD,
PATRICK McDONNELL, Jr.

Quincy, Dec. 27, 1890. 31—3t

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

MILTON

East Milton Division, No. 16, S. of T., are to hold an entertainment at Washington hall next Tuesday evening. Invitations to be present have been accepted by St. Mark's Division of Harrison square, Evertrue of South Boston and Mattapanic of Mattapan, and a grand good time is expected.

The Sons of Temperance of East Milton have adopted a set of resolutions on the death of John Esau, a member of the order and an excellent citizen.

Mrs. Kenny, who has been quite sick, is convalescent.

Last Sunday Mr. C. M. Buck took the train at Wollaston for Boston and in passing from one car to another his hat blew off, which left him in rather a sad predicament. Mr. C. Hodgkins of Atlantic, who was on the train, observing Mr. Buck's gray hairs took compassion on him and taking off his hat placed it on Mr. Buck's head, saying he would come after it when he wanted it. Although offers to buy the hat were made Mr. Hodgkins refused them and went bareheaded himself to Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Osgood entertained a party of fifty, Wednesday evening, at their residence on Granite avenue. The next party will be held with Mr. and Mrs W. H. Root on Adams street, Feb. 11.

A sleigh party of twenty ladies and gentlemen went to Weymouth, Tuesday evening, where they met a party from that town who escorted them to Lincoln hall, where a social dance was enjoyed.

Electric lodge, One Year Benefit Order, held a social dance at Washington hall last Wednesday evening, about thirty couples being present. The floor was in charge of Thomas Robinson assisted by D. F. Henley and John Reynolds.

An entertainment will be given in the Congregational church next Tuesday evening to consist of readings by Miss Shattuck and Miss MacConnell, with musical selections by Misses Hunt and Cook, Messrs. Wales and Lincoln and Master Albert Brackett.

C. M. Buck has leased the old Josiah Babcock stable on Granite avenue and is fixing the same for a junk depot. He is also to alter part of it into a tenement, where he will live.

WATER HEARING.

FRIENDS OF THE PROPOSED

New Water Supply

FOR THE

CITY OF QUINCY,

are earnestly requested to attend the Public Hearing to be given by the

State Board of Health,

AT

13 Beacon Street, Boston,

Tuesday Next, Feb. 3,

AT 12 O'CLOCK.

Quincy, Jan. 30—3t 31—1w

H. T. Whitman,

CIVIL ENGINEER

AND

SURVEYOR,

ADAMS BUILDING, QUINCY.

Hours, 8 to 10 A. M.

Boston Office, - - 85 Devonshire St.

Hours, 12 to 2 P. M.

N. B. Plans of nearly all the Real Estate in the City of Quincy can be found at my offices.

May 28. d3:&w—tf

CHARLIE WONG,

LAUNDRY.

No. 1 Cottage Ave., Quincy.

Having had a long experience in the laundry business, I can guarantee to do the best work in the City.

Give me a trial.

Jan. 24. Sat—6m

FOR SALE.

5 NICE SHOW CASES. 1 BILLIARD TABLE, nearly new. Can be bought very low if purchased immediately.

Apply to JOSEPH W. LOMBARD.

Quincy, Dec. 5. tf

C. M. & E. C. WINNEBERGER,

CARRIAGE, SIGN AND

ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS.

SHOP, - - SCAMMELL'S BUILDING,

QUINCY AVENUE.

Nov. 13. 3 mos

PLANT FOOD

FOR SALE AT

FRANK F. CRANE'S.

Quincy, Jan. 10. tf

NEW BAKERY

JUST OPENED,

IN

Adams Building, cor. Temple and Hancock Sts.

The public are informed that I have opened a Bakery in the Adams Building, where will be kept a full line of

Bread, Cake, Pastry.

TRY OUR ANGEL CAKE.

Plain and Fancy Crackers. All kinds of Confectionery.

HOT BREAD AND ROLLS EVERY AFTERNOON.

WEDDING CAKE A SPECIALTY.

W. A. HODGES,

PROPRIETOR.

Jan. 17. 2w

Quincy Co-operative Society,

W. F. COLBY, Manager.

Groceries, Provisions, Fish and Oysters

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

Our New Era Flour.

Crown and Arlington Butter is giving the most perfect satisfaction. The people are so anxious to get our goods that they smash in the Windows and get them in the Night. Come early so as to avoid the Rush.

FRANKLIN STREET, - - - - QUINCY.

Jan. 30. tf

BEFORE THE ELOPEMENT.

Too early yet!
The sun has hardly set,
My love!
In peace all earth reposes
And drinks the balmy dew.
But still eve's glowing roses
Are ling'ring on the blue.
Too early yet, my love!

Have faith in me!
When night-sets in we flee,
My love!
The birds have ceased their twitter,
The breezes rest, and soon
The hosts of stars will glitter
Around the pale faced moon.
Till then good-by, my love!

I hail thee,
Lovely and beautiful night!
Veil thee,
Moon of the silvery light!
Come, ye angels, attending on high!
Close in slumber each vigilant eye.
Fade or hide you till morning draws nigh,
All ye glittering stars of the sky.

I hail thee,
Lovely and beautiful night!
Veil thee,
Moon of the silvery light!
Come, fear not, my own gentle bride,
Beautiful sweetheart, thy love be thy guide!
Come thou, my angel, my joy and my pride!
Come, love!

—John Volk in New York Sun.

Thackeray's Dross and Gold.

Thackeray composed and wrote his novels on long note paper in the most feminine handwriting. The manuscript he frequently took down to his publisher in the crown of his hat, stopping en route at the Garrick club to take lunch. His habit of composition was methodical. When writing "Philip on His Way Through the World" he told, with serio-comic earnestness, of the necessity he was under of spinning out more chapters because it was necessary to put another story on his house at Kensington Gardens, and Philip must do the job.

On that occasion he said, "Do you know that both Dickens and myself are imposing on the public, for we have worked out our own views very much, and dig out more dross than ore." Thackeray was too sensitive to make a good lecturer or take pleasure in appearing personally before the public, as Dickens did. He used to say: "Hang this lecturing; it is the most unsatisfactory thing to me you can imagine. If my audience does not applaud me I feel mortified because I have failed to interest them. If they applaud me, I feel like a successful mountebank; it is equally uncomfortable both ways."—Sheffield Telegraph.

Fruits in Japan.

"My wife and I have been in Yokohama seventeen years," said Thomas L. Boag, "and we are going back to England to live. Japan is a good enough place to live in"——

"If you can't get away," put in Mrs. Boag.

"The climate is pleasant, but it's only a place to make money in. Old married people such as we are can get along, but it's lonely for a young man. It isn't like home."

"There's not a fruit there fit to eat except grapes," said Mrs. Boag, "and they're woolly."

"Yes, the grapes have a few hairs on them, and they taste queer," admitted Mr. Boag. "They have tried apples and pears up in the northern part of the island of Yeddo, and they are fine. But the nearest thing to an apple in Yokohama is 'nashi,' which has meat like a coarse pear and a flavor like nothing else I know of."—Chicago Tribune.

The Truth About the Unicorn.

In "Curious Creatures in Zoology," by John Ashton, the unicorn familiar to most people from the bottom of plates, where it is represented as conducting a perpetual clothes line fight with the lion, gets a good deal of notoriety, and travelers have sworn up hill and down dale that they have seen it, and that it looked something like a horse with a long twisted horn coming out of the middle of his forehead. The horn was a sure antidote to poison, and Queen Elizabeth had one that was valued at what would now be about $150,000. Of course it was the horn of a narwal, and they got the story mixed with the rhinoceros, which, according to the old circus story, is an expensive animal, costing piles and piles of money.—Chicago Tribune.

Parasites of the Tiger.

In speaking of the minute parasites which are found in the hairy part of a tiger's foot, a scientist says: "They constitute one of the most wonderful curiosities I know of in the animal world. The parasites are so small as to be almost invisible to the naked eye, and yet each is a perfect counterpart of the tiger—head, ears, jaw, legs, claws, body, tail, all are there. You may think this is a big story, but look the subject up and see if it is not so."—New York Tribune.

Prepared Chalk for the Teeth.

In the care of the teeth as well as other things, the simplest thing is the best. Buy a little prepared chalk, such as women use on their faces, and a large soft brush. Dampen the brush, dip it in the chalk and use twice a day, rinsing afterward. If this is followed out for a week I will guarantee it will whiten the worst teeth and harden the gums.—Interview in Chicago Tribune.

Even Pliny.

Pliny the great could see things in front of his nose as well as afar off. "I notice that the women rub the washing in cold water," he wrote one day. "Let them heat the water, and the alkali in the soap will be freed and take far better effect." And only after that did women know how to wash.—Detroit Free Press.

Among historic rings is one said to be Shakespeare's signet. Upon the seal, entwined with a true lover's knot, are the initials W. S. It was lost before his death and found many years after by a laborer's wife near Stratford church yard. This is the only authentic piece of his personal property known to be in existence.

The use of face powder originated in the fancy of a French mountebank, who dredged his head with flour in order to emphasize his idiocy.